

***Psathyrella olympiana* A. H. Sm. 1941** in Contr. Univ. Mich. Herb. 5: 36

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MycoBank: 290052

Basionym: *Psathyrella olympiana* A. H. Sm. 1941 l. c.

Original diagnosis:

"Pileus 1-4 cm. latus, obtuse conicus vel convexus, demum subplanus vel umbonatus, glaber, striatulatus, rufoferruginus, hygrophanus, demum sordide subochraceus; lamellae adnatae, confertae, latae, pallide brunneae demum lividae; stipes 3-5 cm. longus, 2-5 mm. crassus, aequalis, fragilis, albidus, deorsum fibrillosus; sporae 7-9 (10) x 4-5 ; cheilocystidia et pleurocystidia 38-65 x 9-14 μ . Specimen typicum legit prope Jackson Guard Station, Olympic National Park, Washington, June 6, 1939, A. H. Smith, n. 14118, in Herb. Univ. Michigan conservatum."

Type: USA, Olympic National Park, Jackson Guard Station, 6 June 1939, Smith 14118 (MICH 11991)

Synonyms

Drosophila olympiana (A. H. Sm.) Kühn. & Romagn. 1953 in Fl. anal. Champ. sup.: 369 (not val. publ basionym not mentioned)

Psathyrella olympiana f. *amstelodamensis* (Kits van Wav.) Kits van Wav. 1985 in Persoonia, Suppl. 2: 169

Psathyrella olympiana f. *caespitosa* Kits van Wav. 1985 in Persoonia Suppl. 2: 170

Psathyrella cloverae A. H. Sm. 1972 in Mem. N. Y. bot. Gdn. 24: 248

Psathyrella ferrugipes A. H. Sm. 1972 in Mem. N. Y. bot. Gdn. 24: 129

Psathyrella solitaria A. H. Sm. 1972 in Mem. N. Y. bot. Gdn. 24: 256 & 257



[https://commons.wikimedia.org/wiki/File:Psathyrella_olympiana_\(21620427462\).jpg](https://commons.wikimedia.org/wiki/File:Psathyrella_olympiana_(21620427462).jpg)

Photo in situ **Andrey Gaverdovsky**, CC BY 2.0 <<https://creativecommons.org/licenses/by/2.0/>>, via Wikimedia Commons - 20/09/2015



Photo in situ Guillaume Eyssartier –



Photo in situ de Pascal Derboven, le 30-082019 ; Tontelange (B.)
Sur tronc pourrissant de feuilus.
Micro examinée par D. Deschuyteneer.



Photo in situ : Giuliano Ferisin.
Sur un chemin dans une forêt de pins et feuillus le 04-11-2018.
Micro examinée par D. Deschuyteneer.

Macrocharacters:

Cap 10-45(70) mm broad, at first paraboloid with slightly incurved margin becoming flat convex, at times slightly umbonate, young dark reddish brown, older pale brown with light brown to ochraceous center, not striated except in mature stage translucently striate, when young covered with a thin layer of volatile radially arranged white fibrils or squamules from an outer veil or glabrous with at the margin a denser fibrils net and also sometimes triangular fragments of the partial veil that have remained appendiculated. Hygrophanous fading to sordid “pinkish buff” or dull dingy tan, the surface somewhat rugulose or strongly radially rugulose in old specimens when faded.

Gills relatively close, broad (about 3 mm), slightly ventricose, adnate, young grey brown, later dark grey brown, edge fimbriate white.

Stipe 20-60 x 2-7 mm, cylindric, hollow, white to pale brownish, fibrillose in the lower part, pruinose at top. **Flesh** of cap moderately thick (1-3mm), brown when moist, pallid when faded.

Odor and taste not distinctive but according to Örstadius gills when rubbed, smell like tomato or *Pelargonium* leaves.

Habitat: growing solitary, gregarious or caespitose on decaying trunks or stumps in deciduous forests, rarely with *Picea*. According to Legon and Henrici (2005) also growing on buried wood.

Microcharacters:

Spores 7,7-11,7 x 4-6 (-6,5) μm , Sp. av. 8,3-9,3 x 4,5-5 μm , $Q_{\text{av}}=1,60-1,9$, often irregular in outline, oblong, ellipsoid to ovoid in face view, often slightly phaseoliform in profile, germ pore central, small but distinct. In water and ammonia orange brown, in KOH dirty grey brown, not opaque.

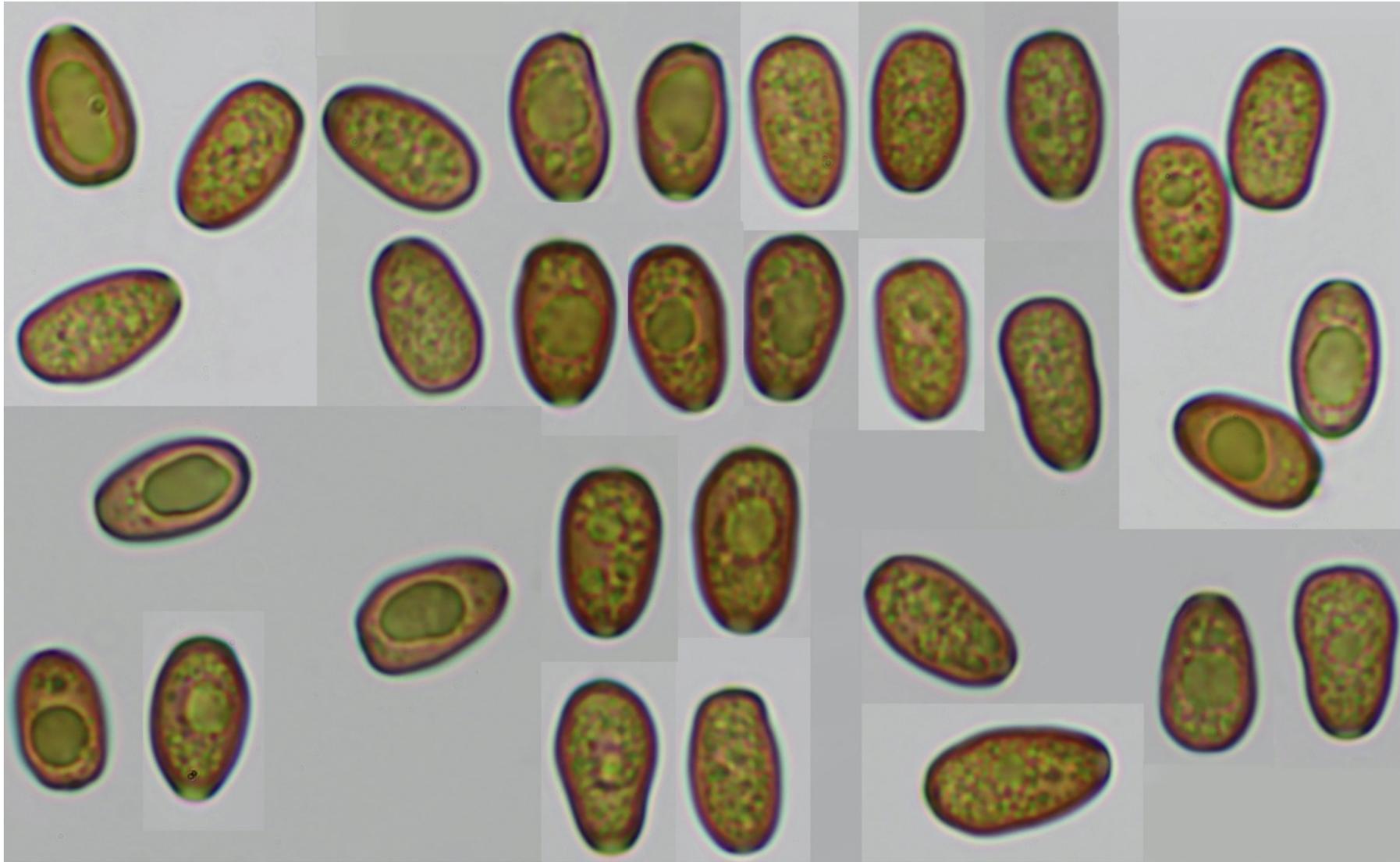
Basidia 12-30 x 8-11 μm , 4-spored, narrowly clavate.

Cheilocystidia 27-45(60) x 8-20 μm , very numerous and densely packed, mainly broadly versiform, usually not very clearly with thickened wall and crystals, often only with non-crystalline deposits. Undermixed with a few clavate and sphaeropedunculate paracystidia, 12,5-35 x 7,5-20 μm .

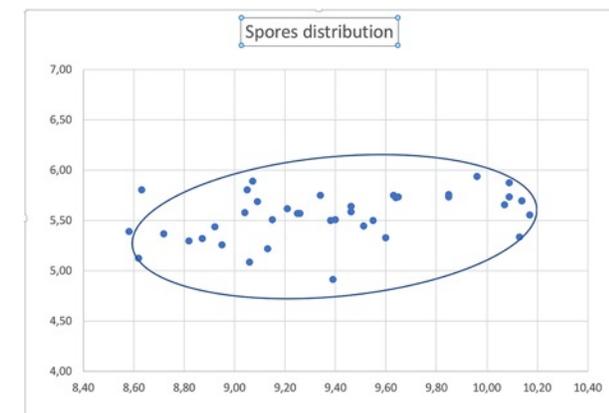
Pleurocystidia (27-) 35,5-75 x 10-22 μm , fairly numerous, versiform to broadly versiform, sub-utriform, pedicellate with obtuse apex, often with slightly to distinctly yellowish thick-wall (0,6-2,5 μm) along entire length, distinctly pale pinkish brown in NH_4OH , apex of most cells encrusted with a cap of crystals and/or crystalline granular material both dissolving in KOH 5% but not in NH_4OH .

Clamp connections present.

Spores from a collection of Andreas Melzer



Basidia : 4-spored

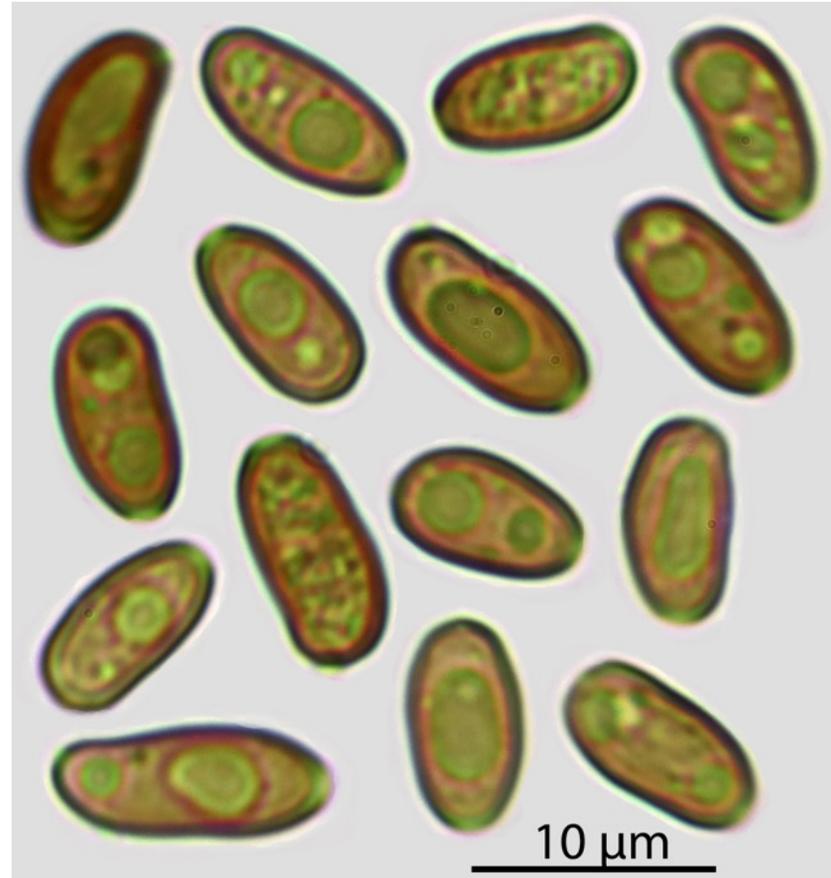


Spores G. Ferisin collection



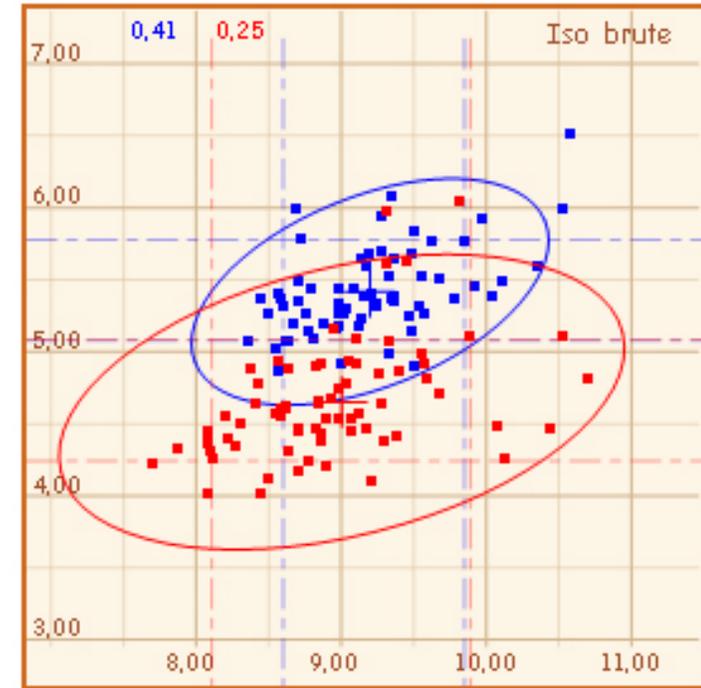
Piximètre : N = 70
 (8,4) 8,6 - 9,8 (10,6) × (4,9) 5,1 - 5,9 (6,5) μm
 Me = 9,2 × 5,4 μm
 Q = (1,4) 1,6 - 1,8 (1,9) ; Qe = 1,7

Spores P. Derboven collection

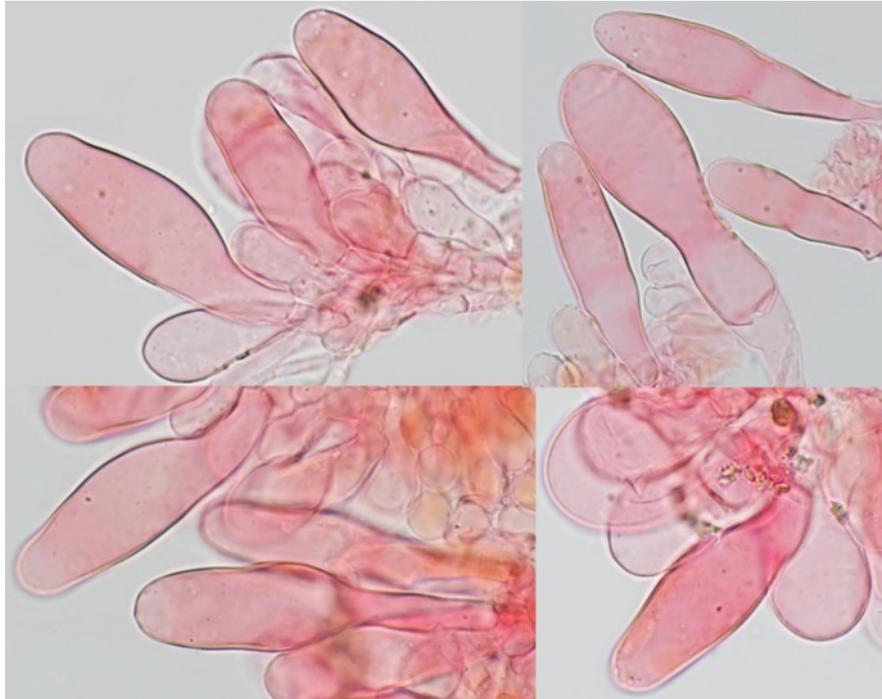
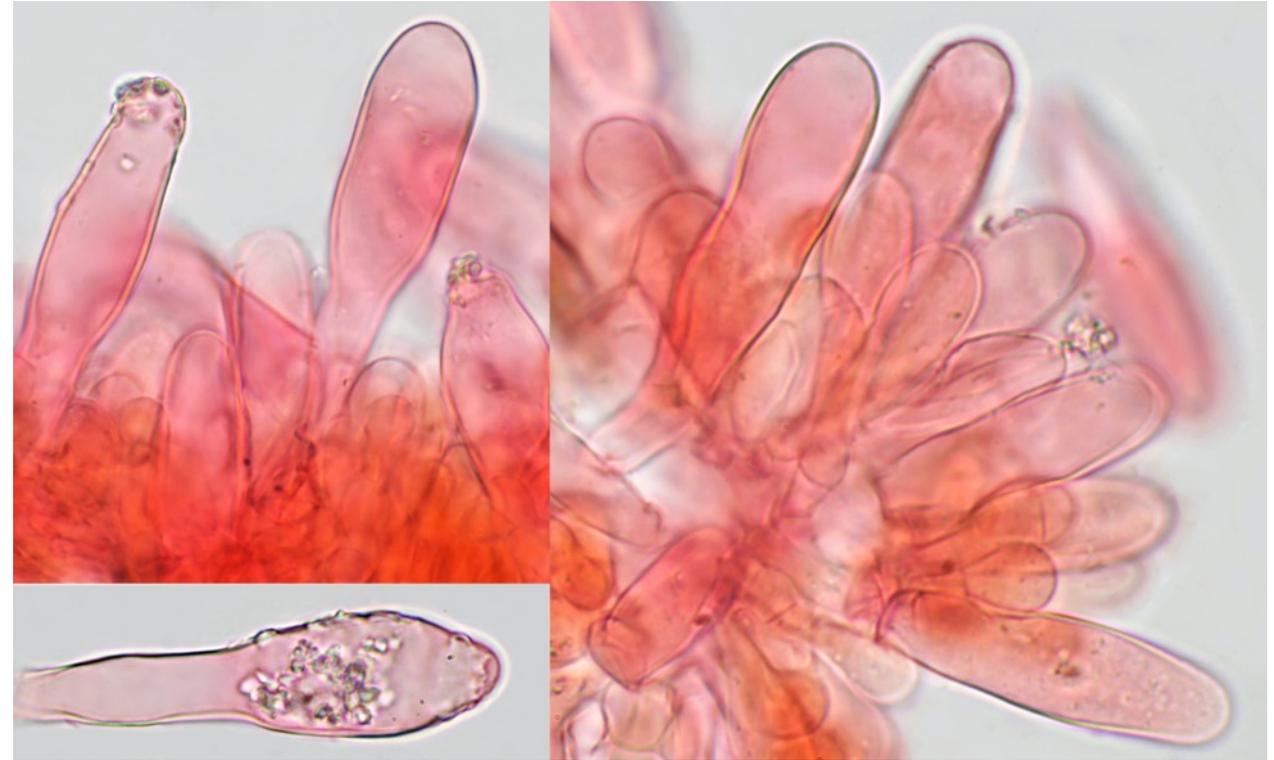
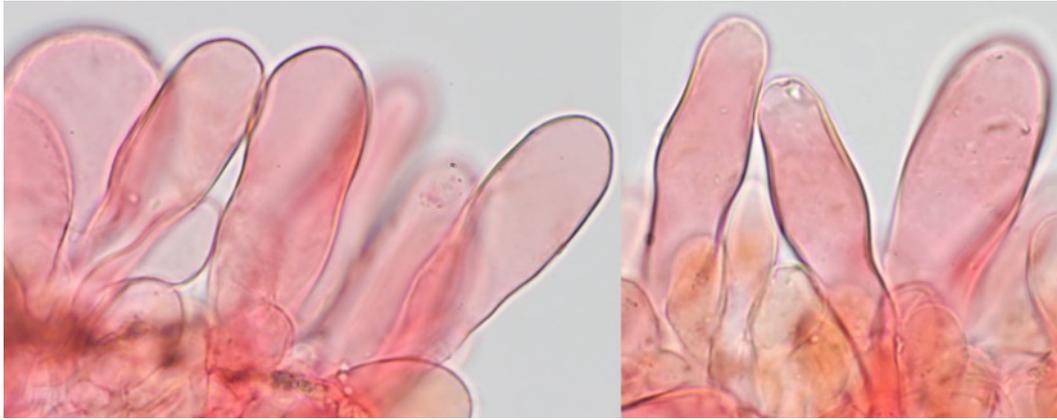


Piximètre : N = 74
 (7,7) 8,1 - 9,9 (11,7) × (4) 4,2 - 5,1 (6) μm
 Me = 9 × 4,7 μm ;
 Q = (1,6) 1,8 - 2,1 (2,5) ; Qe = 1,9

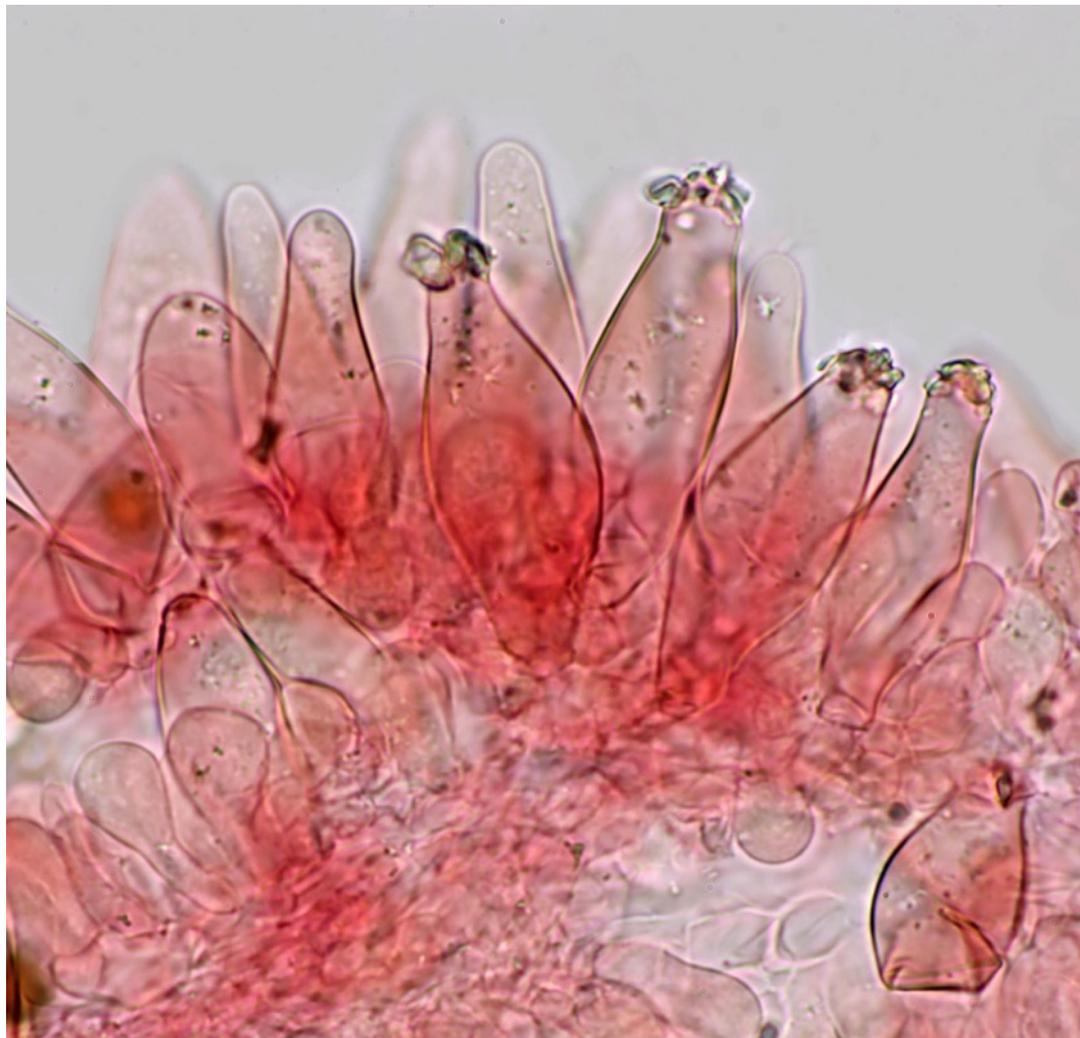
Spores distribution diagram
 Blue = Ferisin collection
 Red = Derboven collection



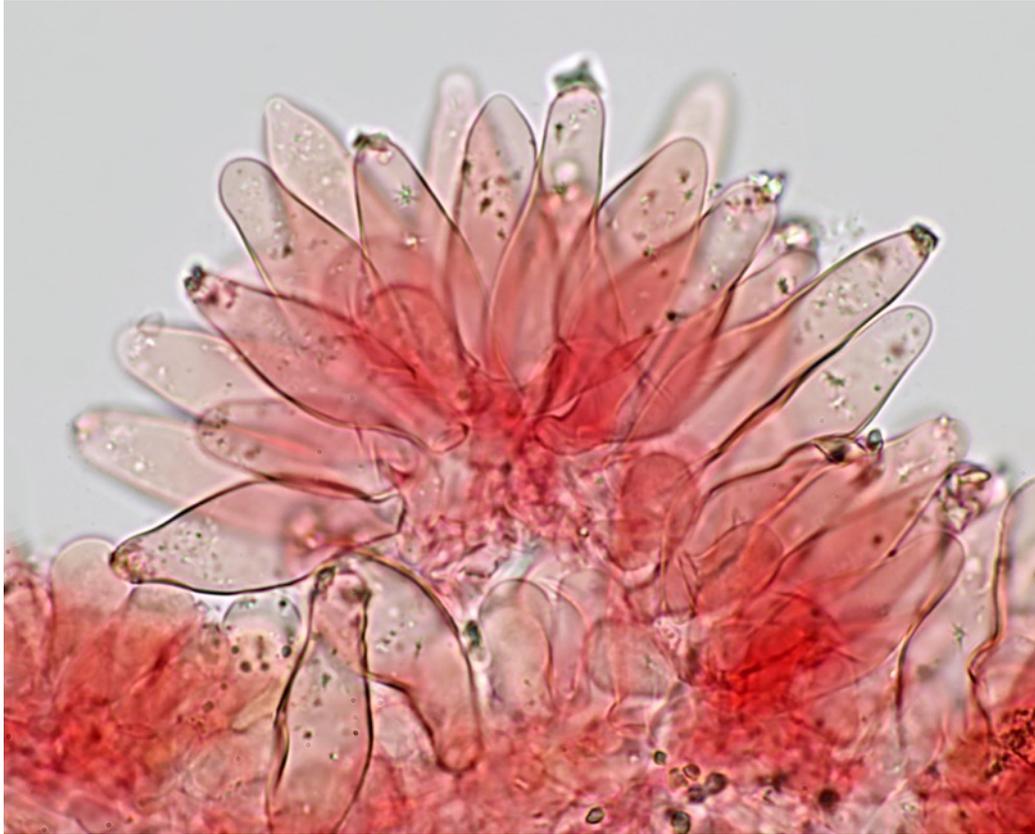
Cheilocystidia Melzer collection



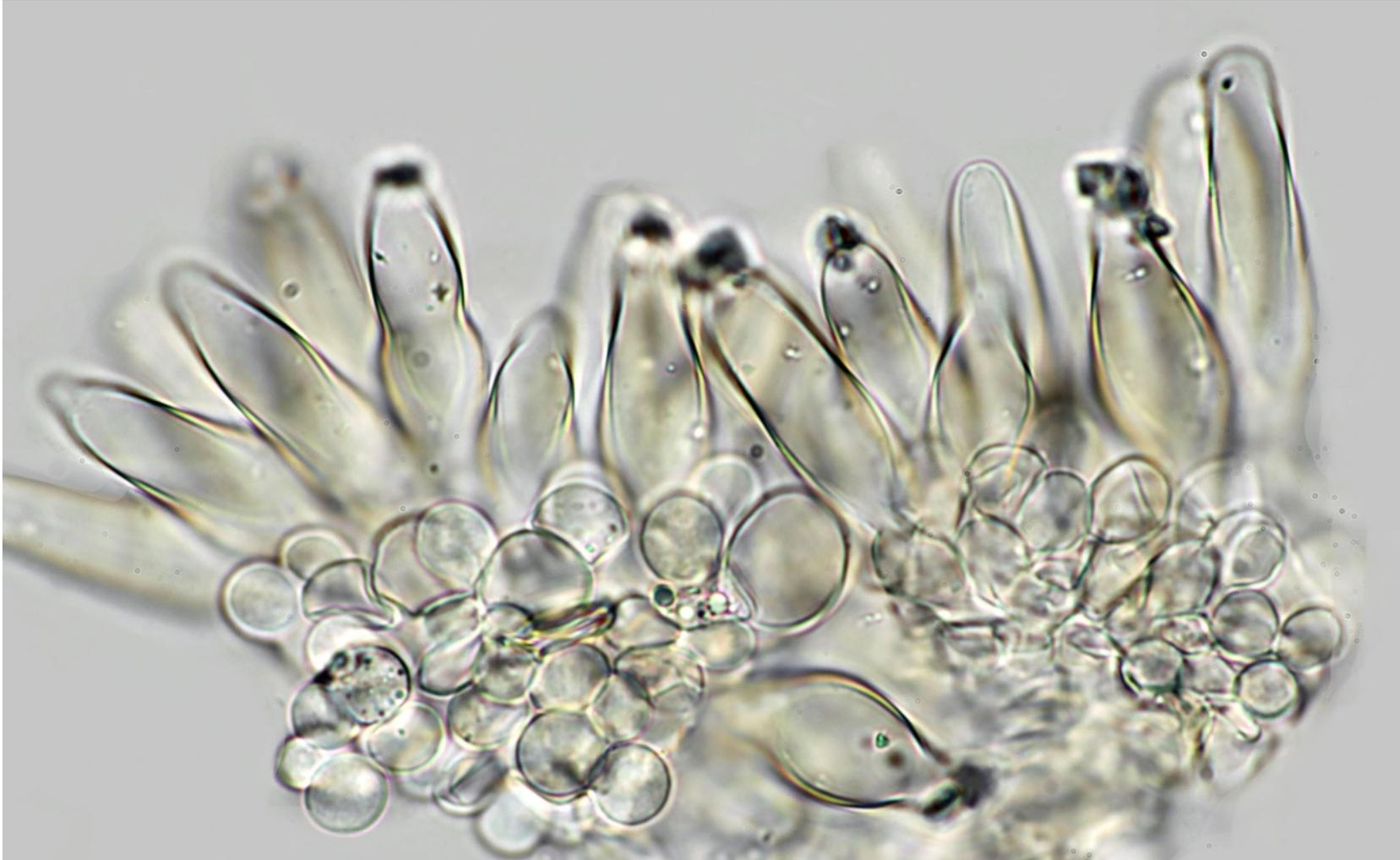
Cheilocystidia Ferisin collection



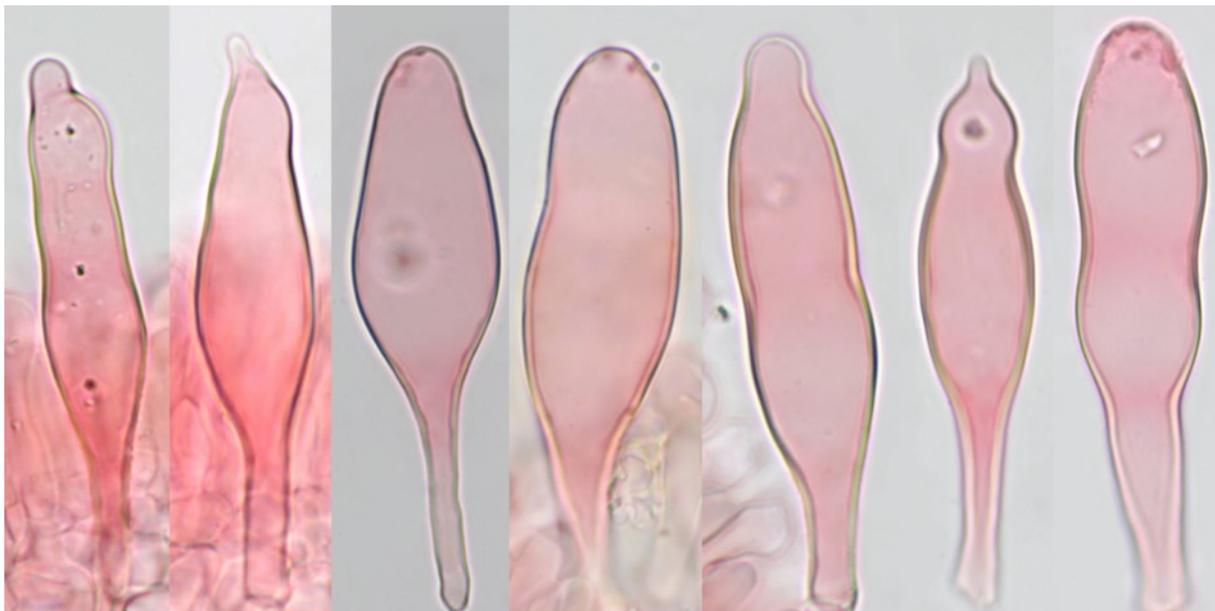
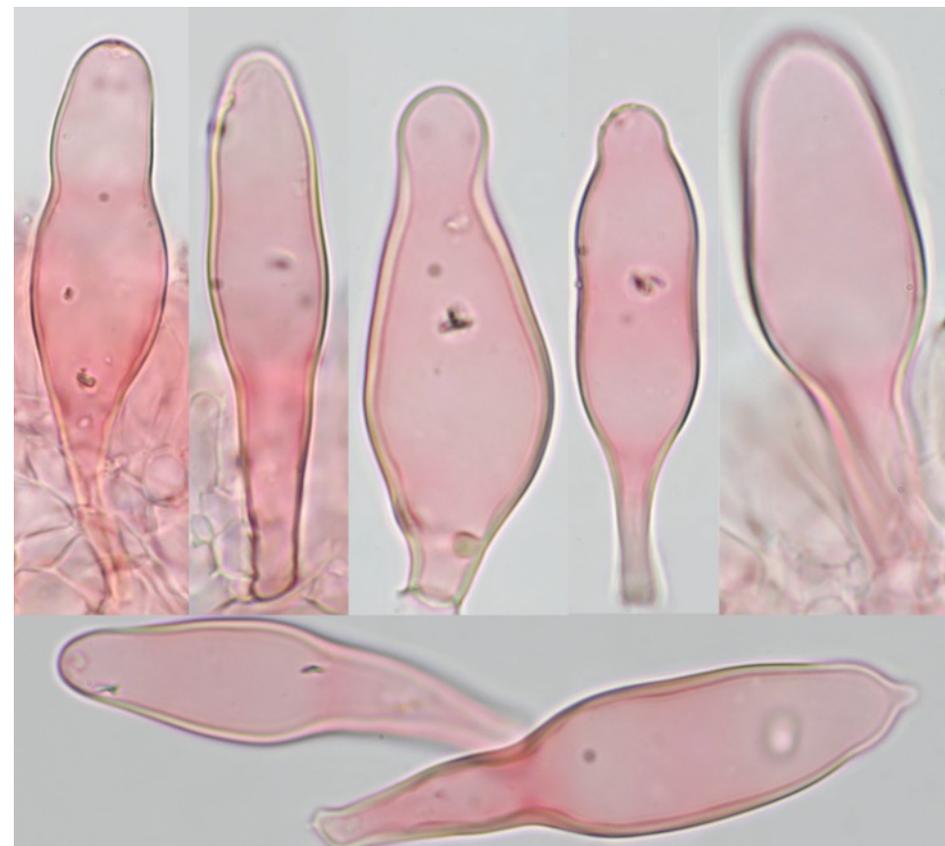
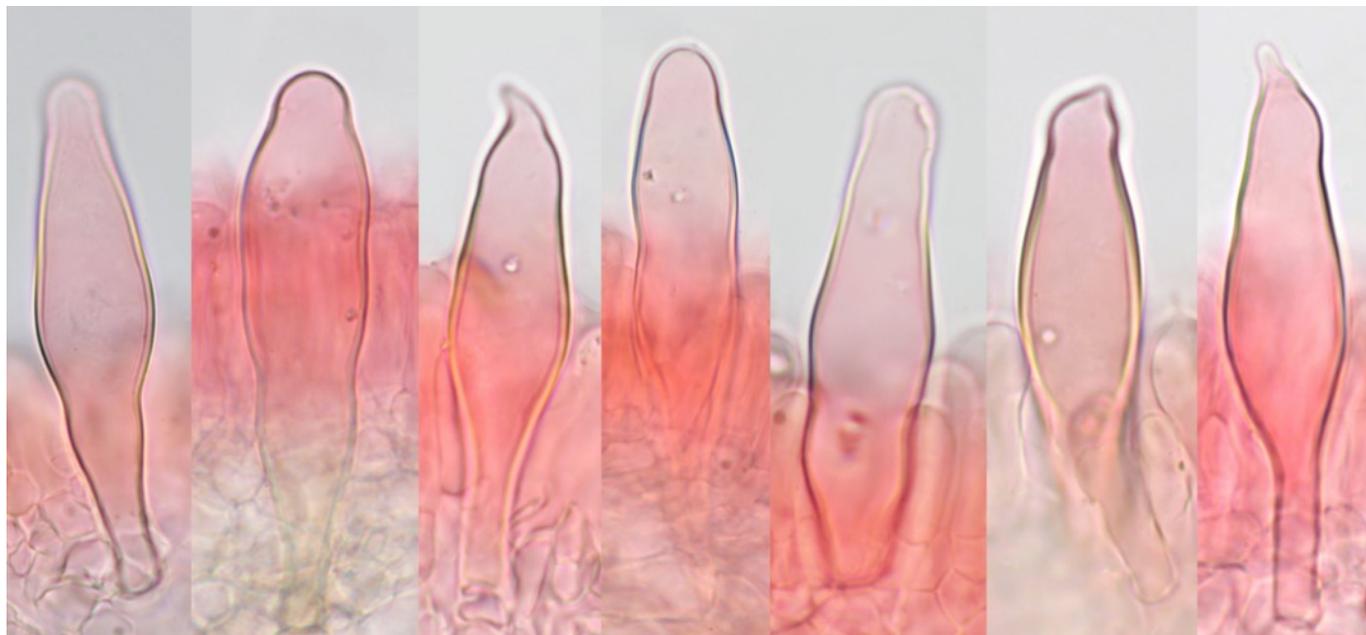
Cheilocystidia Ferisin collection



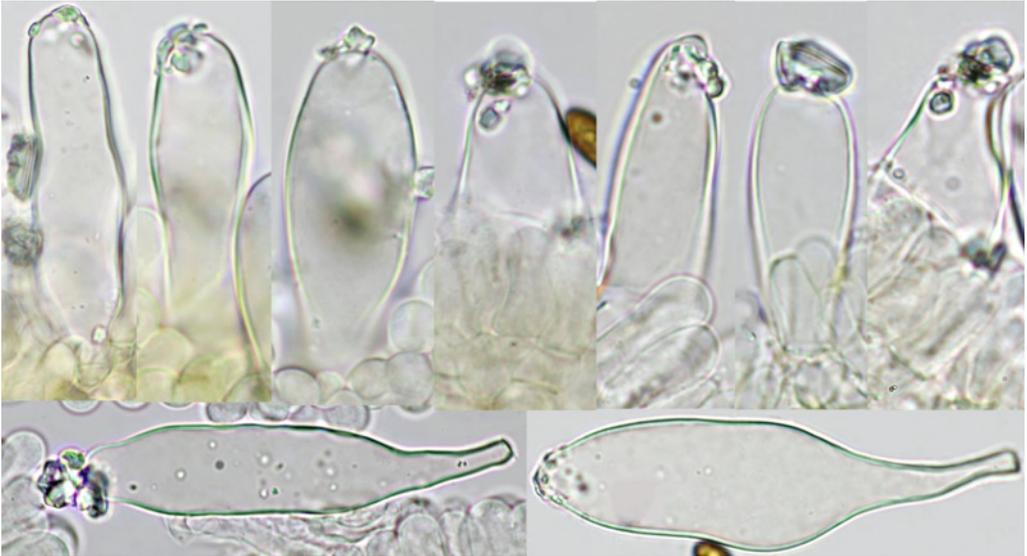
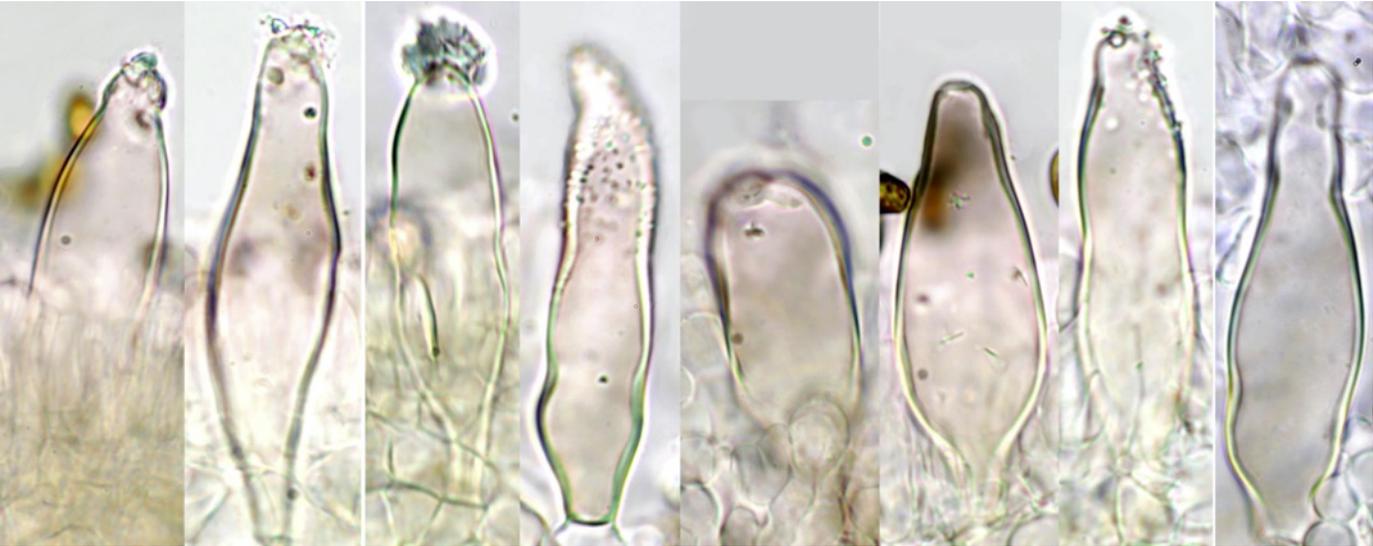
Cheilocystidia and paracystidia thick walled and slightly colored light brown in NH40H 10 %. The pinkish hue was missing Ferisin collection



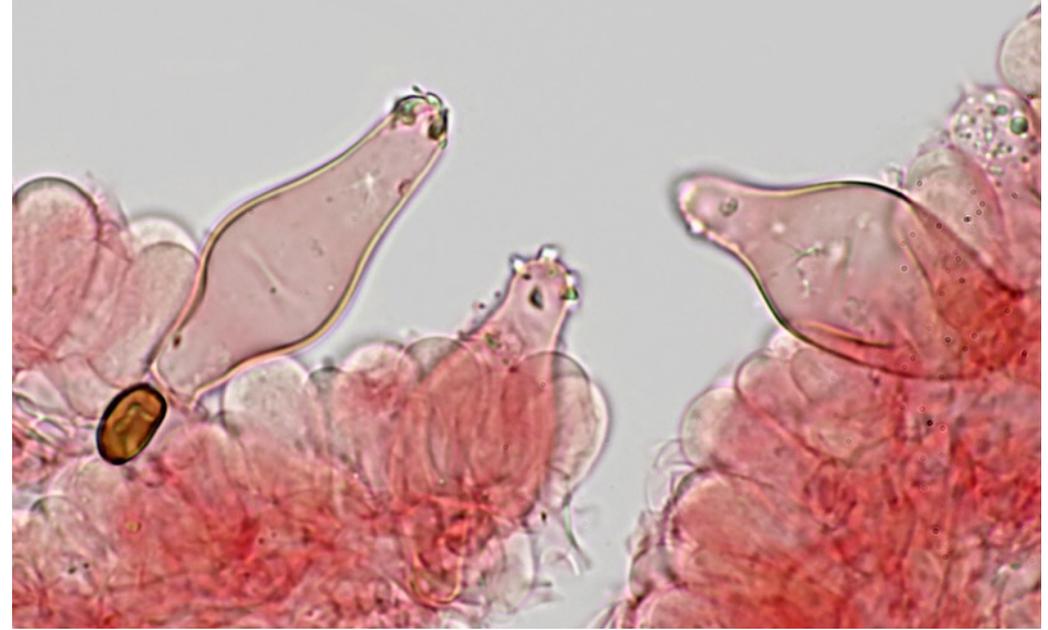
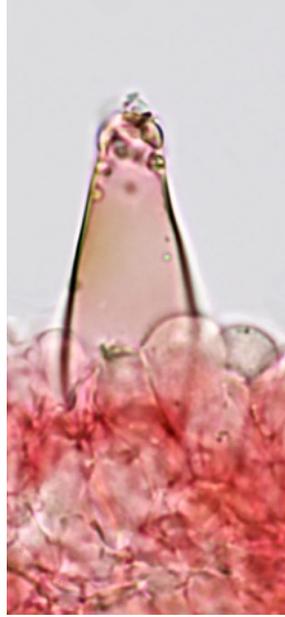
Pleurocystidia Melzer collection



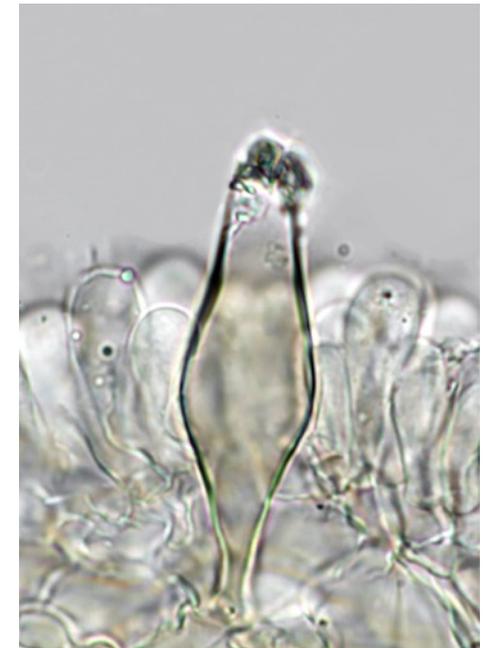
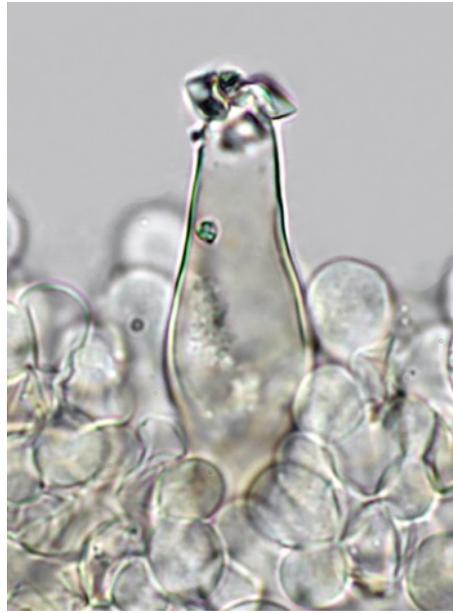
Pleurocystidia thick walled and slightly light brown colored in NH₄OH 10 %, some with a pinkish hue. Melzer collection



Pleurocystidia Ferislin collection



Pleurocystidia thick walled and slightly light brown colored in NH₄OH 10 %. The pinkish hue was missing. Ferisin collection.



Acknowledgements to Derboven P., Eyssartier G., Ferisin G., Gaverdovsky A. & Melzer A., for the leg of their photos and/or exsiccata.

Literature

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