

Sri Lanka – Tropical Flora

Naturetrek Tour Report

17 – 30 March 2018



Drosera burmanni



Exacum trinervium



Rhododendron arboreum



Gmelina asiatica

Report and images compiled by Himesh Jayaratne & Mukesh Hirdaramani



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Together with six Naturetrek clients

Highlights

We explored a vast area of the island's lagoons, forests, mountains and arboretums and identified many varieties of ferns, fruiting trees and flowering plants, including a few endemics. The journey through the dry zone to the wet zone via the intermediate zone displayed the changing stature of species such as *Calophyllum*. Although there were many changes to the island's weather patterns, we were lucky to see the Daffodil Orchid *Ipsea speciosa* in bloom in the Thangamale sanctuary. The beautiful herbaceous flowers of *Sonerila zeylanica* and *Scutellaria violacea* were also seen within this same sanctuary. A *Bombax ceiba* tree with bright red flowers decorated the bland surroundings of a waterfall near Belihul oya and was a welcome sight on our way to Sinharaja. After exploring the island for 12 days we were able to intensively identify 325 plant species along with 146 birds, 14 mammals and nine reptiles & amphibian species. The main tour was followed by a short whale watch extension.

Day 1

Saturday 17th March

The tour started with an overnight flight from the UK to Sri Lanka.

Day 2

Sunday 18th March

Katunayake

A few members of the group met at the Airport and proceeded to the Gateway Airport Garden Hotel to meet the rest of the members who had arrived early.

After exchanging pleasantries, we set off to visit the Muthurajawela sanctuary, which is a lagoon with mangrove vegetation. On our two-hour journey by boat, amongst many plants and trees we observed different mangrove species including *Bruguiera*, *Ceriops* and *Rhizophora* species, while a cluster of *Acanthus ilicifolius* plants with blooming purple flowers was a beautiful sight in the evening sunlight. Indian Cormorants, Little Cormorants and Whiskered Terns were also sighted during our journey, as were Water Monitor and Toque Macaque. We returned to the hotel at 5.30pm and did the checklist before having our dinner and calling it a night.

Day 3

Monday 19th March

Sigiriya

After having the breakfast, we left the hotel at 8am, heading towards Sigiriya. On the way, we observed some roadside trees which were in bloom. *Tabebuia rosea* was the most striking species, with its rosy flowers covering the whole tree since the leaves fall before the blooming. We identified two common ornamental plants of Sri Lanka of the *Plumeria* species, one with white flowers, *P. obtusa*, and another with red flowers, *P. rubra*. We observed many religious sites including Hindu temples, Buddhist temples and many Buddha statues during our drive. We had a short break for tea at Kurunegala, where we observed Giant Squirrel and the endemic Sri Lanka Grey Hornbill. We also saw some fruit trees in the restaurant garden, including *Mangifera indica* and *Spondias dulcis*.

We arrived at Hotel Sigiriya at 12.30pm, and had lunch before checking in. We started our evening session at 3.30pm to see the plant species found within and surrounding the hotel garden. This included the man-made Sigiriya tank habitat. Here we observed some prominent dry-zone tree species, as well as some herbaceous plants growing along the roadside and tank. The session was good even for birds, and we ended the day with a fantastic sighting of the Indian Pitta. At 7pm, we did the checklist and went on for dinner.

Day 4

Tuesday 20th March

Sigiriya

We started the day with a pre-breakfast birding session around the hotel garden. Sightings included Bar-winged Flycatcher-shrike, Plain Prinia, Pheasant-tailed Jacana, Yellow-billed Babbler, Oriental Magpie-Robin and Oriental White-eye. We had breakfast at 7.30am and visited the garden area of well known "Lion Rock". Various fig species found in the garden demonstrated the prominence of the genus in dry-zone secondary forests in Sri Lanka. Huge *Manilkara hexandra* trees stood in these gardens, announcing their age in sheer size. The shape of the *Drypetes sepiaria* and apple-like fruits of *Diospyros malabarica* were some species that caught our sight as our exploration continued.

As the sun climbed up, we finished the garden tour and visited the Sigiriya museum, which demonstrated the layout of the Lion Rock. It also included some ruins and historical photographs. We returned to the hotel for lunch at 1pm.

Late in the evening we visited the Sam Popham arboretum. It was a waste land some half a century back, but Mr. Popham developed it in to a man-made forest. In this forest, there is a rocky outcrop which has a different species composition than the previously seen dry-zone forests. Some of the species we saw here included *Euphorbia antiquorum*, *Sansevieria zeylanica*, *Gmelina asiatica* and *Gyrocarpus americanus*. We also saw a splendid *Capparis brevispina* shrub with blooming flowers.

Upon return to the hotel we went for dinner and thereafter did the checklist before calling it a night.

Day 5

Wednesday 21st March

Riverstone / Kandy

We left the hotel at 8am after breakfast and proceeded towards Knuckles Mountain range. During the drive, we experienced the forest gradually change from the dry-zone to the wet-zone forest, through the intermediate forest and cloud forest. The structure and the species composition changed within a 30-kilometre distance. At the lower reaches of the mountain range, where the dry-zone forest was, *Trema orientalis* were a distinct pioneer tree sighted. *Filicium decipiens* and *Dimocarpus longan* were the dominant trees in intermediate-zone forests. At the fringe of the intermediate-zone forest, we reached an open grassland called "Pitawala Pathana". It was a pleasant sight to see many *Osbeckia octandra* shrubs which were full of bright rosy flowers. Our purpose of stopping at this exact locality was fulfilled when we saw the carnivorous herb species, including *Drosera burmanni*, *D. indica*, *Utricularia bifida*, *U. graminifolia*, *U. hirta* and root-parasitic herb *Centranthera indica*. We stopped on the way again for *Exacum trinervium*, a nice herbaceous plant with deep purple flowers. Our next stop was "Riverstone" where the road crosses the ridge of the mountain range. During our brief visit, we saw many mountainous species

including a tree endemic to this particular mountain range, *Ilex knucklesensis*. Also, we were lucky to see the Leaf-nosed Lizard, which is a lizard endemic to the Knuckles Mountains.

From this ridge, we went down towards the wet zone and had a late lunch at a spice garden in Matale. Just after lunch, we had a quick tour and introduction of the spice and herb plants found here. We reached hotel Thilanka in Kandy at 6pm. We met at 7pm to do the checklist and then sat down to dinner.

Day 6

Thursday 22nd March

Knuckles Mountain Range

We left the hotel at 9am with a picnic lunch to go to Corbet's Gap. Since the by-road from Hunnasgiriya was washed away due to heavy rains, we diverted our plans and visited the Udu Dumbara area. We visited a *Pinus caribaea* plantation, which was grown by the Forestry Department after cutting the natural forest. We were able to observe the low diversity and low stratification of the vegetation within this plantation. Cuts made on barks of *Pinus* trees for tapping the resin were also observed. Clients were amazed by the huge canopy trees, *Mangifera zeylanica* which is a mango species endemic to Sri Lanka. Wild Nutmeg *Myristica ceylanica* was also a distinct species. Roadside embankments were full of small herbs, including *Gymnostachyum ceylanicum*, *Cyanthillium cinereum*, *Vernonia hookeriana*, *Sida rhombifolia* and *Sonerila glaberrima*, which had rosy, yellow, white and purple flowers. We were fortunate to see the rare *Memecylon rotundatum* shrubs, although they had only flower buds. During our walk, we saw some stunning males of the Sri Lanka Birdwing, the national butterfly of Sri Lanka. We had our picnic lunch and proceeded to the hotel. On the way we stopped to observe a few paddy cultivations. We arrived at the hotel at 4pm and met for the checklist at 7pm.

Day 7

Friday 23rd March

Peradeniya Botanical Gardens

After breakfast we drove to Peradeniya and entered the Royal Botanical Gardens. Our first tree sighted here was the Nutmeg tree and we were able to see a few young fruits also on the trees. We also saw *Theobroma cacao* and *Elettaria cardamomum*. After discovering a few more plants and trees we visited the orchid house, which was full of hybridized breath-taking orchids and few collections of wild species. The group split in two after the Orchid house visit, with two staying back in the gardens with Himesh whilst the rest proceeded to the hotel, birding en route with Mukesh and Tharanga.

Himesh and the rest were able to see the flowers of *Alphonsea hortensis* trees. These trees in the garden are the only existing trees in the whole world, since this species has been wiped out from the natural forests. *Cycas zeylanica* is another such plant, where the only known wild population in Sri Lanka was destroyed during the Tsunami in 2004. We were fortunate to see many flowers of *Amberstia nobilis*, which is considered the most beautiful flowering plant in the world. We paid much attention to the arboretum during our visit, rather than the ornamental plants. The rest of the group visited the Temple of The Tooth and viewed a cultural dance performance before the whole group met again at the hotel for dinner and the checklist at 8pm.

Day 8

Saturday 24th March

Sinharaja Rainforest

After breakfast, we checked out of the hotel and drove towards Nuwara Eliya, the city situated at the highest elevation of Sri Lanka. On the way, we visited a tea factory where we were taken through the process of picking, processing and packing of tea. After enjoying many different varieties of tea, we continued our journey to the hotel Heaven Seven and checked in at 12.30pm, in time for lunch. After lunch, we visited the Victoria Park, which is situated at the heart of the city. Most plants and trees here are temperate region trees, which were planted here during British era. Apart from these exotics, we saw some native species including *Magnolia nilagirica* and *Actinodaphne ambigua*. We were able to compare the differences of endemic tree fern species *Cyathea crinita* and *Cyathea walkerae*. Some migratory bird species, including Grey Wagtail, Brown-breasted Flycatcher, Kashmir Flycatcher and Indian Blue Robin, were also seen. After returning to the hotel, at 7pm we met for the checklist followed by the next day's briefing and dinner.

Day 9

Sunday 25th March

Horton Plains

We had an early breakfast and left the hotel to visit Horton Plains. Horton Plains National Park is a mountainous plateau, where the elevation ranges from 2,100 to 2,300 metres above sea level and contains both grassland habitats and forest habitats. At the entrance we saw some endemic bird species, including Sri Lanka White-eye, Sri Lanka Dull-blue Flycatcher and Sri Lanka Yellow-eared Bulbul. We observed the fire-resistant tree *Rhododendron arboretum* which spreads along the grassland habitat, while the unique *Kuruna densifolia* is spread along the valleys in the grassland. Drooping yellow flowers of the spiny shrub *Berberis nighiana* were a pleasant sight at the fringes of grassland. We were so fortunate to see the leaf-flush designs of the forest canopy which is seen during this month. This annual phenomenon paints the canopy in various shades of red for few weeks. *Calophyllum walkeri*, *Syzygium rotundifolium* and *Neolitsea fuscata* are these prominent trees. *Symplocos elegans* trees added white colour to the canopy, not by the leaf flush but masses of flowers. Bear Monkey, the highland subspecies of the Purple-faced Leaf Langur was seen eating the flush as well as flowers. In the undergrowth, we met up with various herbaceous flowers including *Viola pilosa* and *Impatiens leptopoda*. Under-shrubs are dominated by *Hedyotis* species, which bore white-flowered inflorescences, and the endemic dwarf bamboo species *Kuruna debilis*. White flowers of *Coelogyne odoratissima* was a lucky encounter, as most are not flowering during the period of our visit.

Two members of the group decided to stay back and explore the whole plains with Himesh whilst the rest wanted to return to the hotel. Himesh and his group enjoyed the scenery of the "world's end" view point amongst much other scenery, before returning to the hotel at 5pm. The rest of the group who went back with Mukesh and Tharanga visited the Hakgala Botanical Gardens in the evening and enjoyed the perfectly laid out garden and the various ferns and plants within its compounds. We all met back in the hotel at 7pm for the checklist and thereafter sat for our dinner.

Day 10

Monday 26th March

Thangamale Sanctuary / Sinharaja

After breakfast, we checked out of the hotel and set off for our long journey to Sinharaja. En route we visited the Thangamale Sanctuary. The first 300 metres of the foot path is a *Eucalyptus* plantation, which was been cleared for road construction by the authorities, so we had to manoeuvre ourselves through a tricky path to get to the forest. This forest has taller trees than Horton Plains. The canopies of this forest were red due to *Gordonia elliptica* flushes. We saw the herbaceous flowers of *Sonerila zeylanica* and *Scutellaria violacea* within the forest. It is noteworthy to mention that we were so lucky to see flowers of the Daffodil Orchid *Ipsea speciosa*, which is a highly seasonal flower. We were fortunate to see the third *Drosera* species in Sri Lanka in this visit. This forest was noisy with the calls of Sri Lanka Yellow-fronted Barbet and Hill Mynah. After spending about 1.5 hours in this forest, we drove further in to the lowlands. On the way we stopped for a view of a waterfall and were lucky to come across a *Bombax ceiba* tree with bright red flowers. We reached Belihul Oya rest house in time for lunch and continued our journey towards Sinharaja.

After reaching the Blue Magpie Lodge we had a cup of tea and thereafter met for the checklist at 7pm which followed by dinner and the briefing for the next day.

Day 11

Tuesday 27th March

Sinharaja

After early breakfast we set out to Sinharaja rainforest for a full excursion with our picnic lunch. At the ticket counter we enjoyed the company of Sri Lanka Grey Hornbill and Layard's Palm Squirrel (also known as Flame-striped Squirrel) which visited the bird feeders. The stunning *Margaritaria cyanosperma* and *Calophyllum bracteatum* were also in the vicinity of the ticket counter. On our jeep drive to the rainforest entrance we saw many *Alstonia macrophylla* trees. Inside the rainforest we witnessed the 40-metre-long trees belonging to *Dipterocarpaceae* family, the dominant one of the Sri Lankan rainforests. It includes *Dipterocarpus hispidus*, *D. zeylanicus*, *Shorea congestiflora*, *S. megistophylla*, *S. ovalifolia*, *S. stipularis*, *S. trapezifolia* and *S. zeylanica*. We saw very large cane vines, *Calamus ovoidens* half way during the trail. These vines reach the canopy by grabbing trees by their hooks at the leaf tips. The sub-canopy tree *Schumacheria castanifolia*, was quite common along the path we walked. The whole genus of this species is endemic to Sri Lanka. We walked up to the research station and had our lunch and relaxed for a while.

We encountered Walking Catfish, Comb Tail and Striped Rasbora fish in a nearby stream and also observed many dragonflies here. After returning to the hotel we did our checklist at 7pm and thereafter had our dinner followed by the briefing for the next day.

Day 12

Wednesday 28th March

Katunayake

Today the group split in two with a few deciding to do a leisurely walk around the Sinharaja village whilst a few visited the Ketalapatala village situated in the Sinharaja buffer zone for some birding. The birders encountered the Sri Lanka Spurfowl, Ashy-headed Laughingthrush, Sri Lanka Spot-winged Thrush and many other birds seen before. The whole group returned to the hotel at 11.30am and sat down for lunch at 12 o'clock. After the lunch,

the two clients set off to Weligama for their Whale-watching excursion, whilst the rest proceeded to Katunayake for their last night stay at the Airport Garden Hotel.

The whale-watching group reached the Fisherman's Bay hotel in Weligama at 5pm and did the checklist followed with dinner and the briefing for the next day.

Main Day 13 / Extension Day 1

Thursday 29th March

Katunayake / Mirissa

After breakfast, the main group checked out of the hotel and headed to the airport for their flights home, after experiencing the amazing tropical flora of Sri Lanka. Two of the group stayed on in the country, to take the 'Blue Whale' extension trip.

The whale-watching group departed the hotel at 6.15am with their packed breakfast and reached the Mirissa pier at 6.30am to board the boat. Our encounters for the day included fantastic sightings of Blue Whales and a few Spinner Dolphins. We were also able to see Gull-billed Tern, Greater Crested Tern and a pair of Pomarine Skua while at sea.

After returning to the hotel we had our lunch and relaxed until 3pm before setting out to Galle to visit the Dutch Fort. En route we visited a turtle hatchery where we were introduced to Loggerhead, Green, Hawksbill and Olive Ridley Turtles who had been rescued from various calamities.

We reached the Galle Fort at 5pm and enjoyed walking through the old city roads admiring the colonial architecture and the modern facelift it has received. We strolled along the ramparts and enjoyed the sunset from a lonely bench whilst the shadows of the evening fell upon the fort city.

We returned to the hotel at 7.30pm and had our dinner which followed by the checklist and the next day's briefing.

Main Day 14 / Extension Day 2

Friday 30th March

Mirissa

Once again with our packed breakfast we were on a boat sailing in the Indian Ocean in search of the Blue Whales and once again we were delighted with great sightings of the Blue Whales and also the Spinner Dolphins.

The weather was pleasant and sunny, and we had smooth seas throughout our journey back and forth. After lunch we visited the Kirala Kele sanctuary where we made acquaintance with Little Grebe, Eurasian Spoonbill, Yellow and Black Bittern, Crested Hawk-Eagle, Grey-headed Swamphen (a split from Purple), Black-winged Stilt, Black-tailed Godwit, Marsh Sandpiper, Common and Pied Kingfisher, White-browed Bulbul, White-rumped Munia and many more.

We returned to the hotel at 7.30pm and did the checklist which followed with dinner and a good night's nap.

Extension Day 3

Saturday 31st March

Katunayake

We had a pre-breakfast bird walk around the Weligama village and encountered Black-rumped Flameback, Green Imperial Pigeon and Scaly-breasted Munia. We returned to the hotel for breakfast and relaxed until 12 noon. After enjoying a nice lunch, we said goodbye to Weligama and started our journey towards Katunayake for our last night stay.

We reached the Airport Garden Hotel at 5.30pm and did the checklist before heading for dinner.

Extension Day 4

Sunday 1st April

Departure

After breakfast the two clients checked out of the hotel and headed to the airport for their flight back to the UK, where their Naturetrek adventure came to an end.

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Species Lists (Bold text denotes endemic or near endemic; some previous names shown in brackets)

Plants:

	Family	Species	English name
1	Acanthaceae	<i>Acanthus ilicifolius</i>	Sea Holly / Holly leaved Acanthus
2	Acanthaceae	<i>Asystasia chelonoides</i>	
3	Acanthaceae	<i>Dipteracanthus prostratus</i>	
4	Acanthaceae	<i>Gymnostachyum ceylanicum</i>	
5	Acanthaceae	<i>Justicia betonica</i>	Squirrel Tail
6	Acanthaceae	<i>Justicia procumbens</i>	Common Small Justicia
7	Acanthaceae	<i>Strobilanthes lupulina</i>	
8	Adoxaceae	<i>Sambucus javanica</i>	Himalayan Elder
9	Amaryllidaceae	<i>Agapanthus africanus</i>	African Lily, Lily Of The Nile
10	Anacardiaceae	<i>Camptosperma zeylanica</i>	
11	Anacardiaceae	<i>Mangifera indica</i>	Mango
12	Anacardiaceae	<i>Mangifera zeylanica</i>	
13	Anacardiaceae	<i>Semecarpus gardneri</i>	
14	Anacardiaceae	<i>Semecarpus subpeltata</i>	
15	Anacardiaceae	<i>Spondias dulcis</i>	Indian Hog Plum
16	Annonaceae	<i>Alphonsea hortensis</i>	
17	Annonaceae	<i>Miliusa indica</i>	
18	Annonaceae	<i>Polyalthia korinti</i>	
19	Annonaceae	<i>Polyalthia longifolia</i>	Mast Tree
20	Apocynaceae	<i>Alstonia macrophylla</i>	Wig Banyan
21	Apocynaceae	<i>Alstonia scholaris</i>	Devil Tree
22	Apocynaceae	<i>Calotropis gigantea</i>	Giant Milkweed
23	Apocynaceae	<i>Carissa spinarum</i>	
24	Apocynaceae	<i>Cerbera odollam</i>	Suicide Tree, Dog Bane / Odallum Tree
25	Apocynaceae	<i>Plumeria obtusa</i>	Temple Tree
26	Apocynaceae	<i>Plumeria rubra</i>	Frangipani, Temple Tree, Pogado Tree
27	Apocynaceae	<i>Tabernaemontana divaricata</i>	Grape Jasmine
28	Aponogetonaceae	<i>Aponogeton jacobsenii</i>	
29	Aponogetonaceae	<i>Aponogeton natans</i>	
30	Aquifoliaceae	<i>Ilex knucklesensis</i>	
31	Aquifoliaceae	<i>Ilex zeylanica</i>	
32	Araceae	<i>Alocasia macrorrhizos</i>	Giant Taro
33	Araceae	<i>Arisaema leschenaultii</i>	
34	Araceae	<i>Lasia spinosa</i>	
35	Arecaceae	<i>Areca catechu</i>	Areca-Nut / Betel Nut
36	Arecaceae	<i>Borassus flabellifer</i>	Palmyra
37	Arecaceae	<i>Calamus ovoideus</i>	
38	Arecaceae	<i>Calamus rotang</i>	Rattan Care Palm
39	Arecaceae	<i>Calamus zeylanicus</i>	
40	Arecaceae	<i>Caryota urens</i>	Fish-Tail Palm, Kitul Palm, Sago Palm
41	Arecaceae	<i>Cocos nucifera</i>	Coconut, King Coconut
42	Aristolochiaceae	<i>Aristolochia indica</i>	Indian Birthwort / Serpent Root Plant
43	Aristolochiaceae	<i>Thottea siliquosa</i>	
44	Asparagaceae	<i>Asparagus racemosus</i>	Wild Asparagus
45	Asparagaceae	<i>Sansevieria zeylanica</i>	Snake Plant, Bow-String Hemp
46	Balsaminaceae	<i>Impatiens leptopoda</i>	
47	Balsaminaceae	<i>Impatiens repens</i>	Yellow Balsam, Ceylon Jewelweed
48	Berberidaceae	<i>Berberis wightiana</i>	Barberry

	Family	Species	English name
49	Bignoniaceae	<i>Jacaranda mimosifolia</i>	Fern Tree, Jacaranda
50	Bignoniaceae	<i>Spathodea campanulata</i>	African Tulip Tree
51	Bignoniaceae	<i>Tabebuia rosea</i>	Pink Tabebuia
52	Burseraceae	<i>Canarium zeylanicum</i>	Ceylon Elemi
53	Buxaceae	<i>Sarcococca brevifolia</i>	
54	Calophyllaceae	<i>Calophyllum acidus</i>	
55	Calophyllaceae	<i>Calophyllum bracteatum</i>	
56	Calophyllaceae	<i>Calophyllum inophyllum</i>	Alexandrian Laurel
57	Calophyllaceae	<i>Calophyllum walkeri</i>	
58	Calophyllaceae	<i>Mesua ferrea</i>	Iron Wood
59	Calophyllaceae	<i>Mesua thwaitesii</i>	
60	Campanulaceae	<i>Lobelia nicotianifolia</i>	Wild Tobacco
61	Campanulaceae	<i>Wahlenbergia marginata</i>	Hare-bell
62	Cannabaceae	<i>Trema orientalis</i>	Charcoal Tree
63	Capparaceae	<i>Capparis brevispina</i>	
64	Caricaceae	<i>Carica papaya</i>	Papaw, Papaya, Pawpaw
65	Casuarinaceae	<i>Casuarina equisetifolia</i>	Beef Wood, Bull Wood, Whip Tree, Whistling Pine
66	Celastraceae	<i>Cassine balae</i>	
67	Centroplacaceae	<i>Bhesa nitidissima</i>	
68	Clusiaceae	<i>Garcinia quaesita</i>	
69	Clusiaceae	<i>Garcinia spicata</i>	
70	Colchicaceae	<i>Disporum cantoniense</i>	
71	Combretaceae	<i>Terminalia arjuna</i>	Arjun
72	Combretaceae	<i>Terminalia bellirica</i>	Myrabalans, Beleric Myrobalan
73	Combretaceae	<i>Terminalia catappa</i>	Country Almond, Indian Almond
74	Commelinaceae	<i>Murdannia esculenta</i>	
75	Compositae	<i>Cyanthillium cinereum</i>	Little Iron Weed, Ash Fleabane, Ash-colored Fleabane
76	Compositae	<i>Emilia exserta</i>	Prickly-leaved / Elephant's foot
77	Compositae	<i>Psiadia ceylanica</i>	
78	Compositae	<i>Tithonia diversifolia</i>	Wild Sunflower, Mexican Sunflower, Tree Marigold
79	Compositae	<i>Vernonia hookeriana</i>	
80	Compositae	<i>Vernonia wightiana</i>	
81	Convolvulaceae	<i>Ipomoea indica</i>	Blue Dawn Glory
82	Cucurbitaceae	<i>Momordica charantia</i>	Bitter Gourd, Wild Cucumber, Carilla Fruit / Balsam Pear
83	Cucurbitaceae	<i>Trichosanthes tricuspidata</i>	
84	Dilleniaceae	<i>Acrotrema uniflorum</i>	
85	Dilleniaceae	<i>Dillenia suffruticosa</i>	Simpoh, Shubby Dillenia
86	Dilleniaceae	<i>Dillenia triquetra</i>	
87	Dilleniaceae	<i>Schumacheria castanifolia</i>	
88	Dioscoreaceae	<i>Dioscorea bulbifera</i>	Aerial Yam, Potato Yam
89	Dipterocarpaceae	<i>Dipterocarpus hispidus</i>	
90	Dipterocarpaceae	<i>Dipterocarpus zeylanicus</i>	
91	Dipterocarpaceae	<i>Shorea congestiflora</i>	
92	Dipterocarpaceae	<i>Shorea megistophylla</i>	
93	Dipterocarpaceae	<i>Shorea ovalifolia</i>	
94	Dipterocarpaceae	<i>Shorea stipularis</i>	
95	Dipterocarpaceae	<i>Shorea trapezifolia</i>	
96	Dipterocarpaceae	<i>Shorea zeylanica</i>	
97	Dipterocarpaceae	<i>Vateria copallifera</i>	
98	Droseraceae	<i>Drosera burmanni</i>	Sundew, Tropical sundew
99	Droseraceae	<i>Drosera indica</i>	Indian Sundew
100	Droseraceae	<i>Drosera peltata</i>	Shield-leaved Sundew
101	Ebenaceae	<i>Diospyros ebenoides</i>	

	Family	Species	English name
102	Ebenaceae	<i>Diospyros ebenum</i>	Ebony
103	Ebenaceae	<i>Diospyros malabarica</i>	Gaub Persimmon / Riber Ebony
104	Ebenaceae	<i>Diospyros ovalifolia</i>	
105	Ebenaceae	<i>Diospyros quaesita</i>	Calamander
106	Elaeocarpaceae	<i>Elaeocarpus glandulifer</i>	
107	Elaeocarpaceae	<i>Elaeocarpus montanus</i>	
108	Elaeocarpaceae	<i>Elaeocarpus serratus</i>	Wild Olive, Ceylon Olive
109	Elaeocarpaceae	<i>Elaeocarpus subvillosus</i>	
110	Ericaceae	<i>Gaultheria leschenaultii</i>	Indian Winter Green
111	Ericaceae	<i>Rhododendron arboreum</i>	
112	Ericaceae	<i>Vaccinium leschenaultii</i>	
113	Euphorbiaceae	<i>Croton laccifer</i>	
114	Euphorbiaceae	<i>Dimorphocalyx glabellus</i>	
115	Euphorbiaceae	<i>Euphorbia antiquorum</i>	Spurge Cactus, Fleshy Spurge
116	Euphorbiaceae	<i>Excoecaria agallocha</i>	Blind Your Eye Tree, Blinding Tree
117	Euphorbiaceae	<i>Hevea brasiliensis</i>	
118	Euphorbiaceae	<i>Macaranga indica</i>	
119	Euphorbiaceae	<i>Macaranga peltata</i>	Roxburgh's Lotus Croton
120	Euphorbiaceae	<i>Mallotus tetracoccus</i>	
121	Gentianaceae	<i>Exacum trinervium</i>	
122	Gentianaceae	<i>Exacum walkeri</i>	
123	Hernandiaceae	<i>Gyrocarpus americanus</i>	
124	Hypericaceae	<i>Hypericum mysurense</i>	St. John's-wort
125	Iridaceae	<i>Aristea ecklonii</i>	Blue Star
126	Lamiaceae	<i>Clerodendrum infortunatum</i>	
127	Lamiaceae	<i>Gmelina asiatica</i>	Asiatic Beech Berry / Small Cashmere Tree
128	Lamiaceae	<i>Leucas zeylanica</i>	Thumba
129	Lamiaceae	<i>Plectranthus inflatus</i>	
130	Lamiaceae	<i>Plectranthus kanneliyensis</i>	
131	Lamiaceae	<i>Scutellaria violacea</i>	
132	Lamiaceae	<i>Vitex altissima</i>	
133	Lauraceae	<i>Actinodaphne ambigua</i>	
134	Lauraceae	<i>Actinodaphne molochina</i>	
135	Lauraceae	<i>Cassytha filiformis</i>	Love Vine
136	Lauraceae	<i>Cinnamomum camphora</i>	Camphor
137	Lauraceae	<i>Cinnamomum citriodorum</i>	
138	Lauraceae	<i>Cinnamomum ovalifolium</i>	
139	Lauraceae	<i>Cinnamomum verum</i>	Cinnamon Tree / Sweet Bark
140	Lauraceae	<i>Litsea glaberrima</i>	
141	Lauraceae	<i>Litsea longifolia</i>	
142	Lauraceae	<i>Litsea ovalifolia</i>	
143	Lauraceae	<i>Neolitsea fuscata</i>	
144	Lauraceae	<i>Persea americana</i>	Alligator Pear, Avacado
145	Lecythidaceae	<i>Couropita guianensis</i>	Cannon Ball Tree
146	Fabaceae	<i>Acacia decurrens</i>	Black Wattle
147	Fabaceae	<i>Albizia lebbek</i>	Parrot Tree / Siris Tree
148	Fabaceae	<i>Albizia saman</i>	Rain Tree
149	Fabaceae	<i>Amherstia nobilis</i>	Queen of Flowering Trees, Pride of Burma
150	Fabaceae	<i>Bauhinia purpurea</i>	Butterfly Tree, Orchid Tree
151	Fabaceae	<i>Bauhinia racemosa</i>	
152	Fabaceae	<i>Cajanus trinervius</i>	
153	Fabaceae	<i>Cassia fistula</i>	Indian Laburnum, Shower of Gold, Purging Fistula
154	Fabaceae	<i>Chamaecrista kleinii</i>	

	Family	Species	English name
155	Fabaceae	<i>Entada rheedii</i>	Mackay Bean
156	Fabaceae	<i>Falcataria moluccana</i>	White Albizia
157	Fabaceae	<i>Humboldtia laurifolia</i>	
158	Fabaceae	<i>Mimosa pudica</i>	Sensitive Plant, Touch-me-not
159	Fabaceae	<i>Pericopsis mooniana</i>	Nadun Wood
160	Fabaceae	<i>Saraca asoca</i>	Ashoka
161	Fabaceae	<i>Senna auriculata</i>	Matara Tea, Tanner's Cassia
162	Fabaceae	<i>Tamarindus indica</i>	Indian Date, Tamarind
163	Fabaceae	<i>Tephrosia purpurea</i>	Fish Poison, Wild Indigo, Purple Tephrosia
164	Lentibulariaceae	<i>Utricularia bifida</i>	
165	Lentibulariaceae	<i>Utricularia graminifolia</i>	
166	Lentibulariaceae	<i>Utricularia hirta</i>	
167	Lentibulariaceae	<i>Utricularia moniliformis</i>	
168	Linderniaceae	<i>Bonnaya ciliata</i>	Fringed False Pimpernel
169	Linderniaceae	<i>Torenia cyanea</i>	
170	Loranthaceae	<i>Dendrophthoe falcata</i>	
171	Loranthaceae	<i>Dendrophthoe neelgherrensis</i>	
172	Loranthaceae	<i>Taxillus incanus</i>	
173	Lythraceae	<i>Lagerstroemia speciosa</i>	Pride of India, Queen's Flower
174	Lythraceae	<i>Sonneratia caseolaris</i>	Mangrove Apple
175	Magnoliaceae	<i>Magnolia champaca</i>	Champak
176	Magnoliaceae	<i>Magnolia nilagirica</i>	
177	Malvaceae	<i>Berrya cordifolia</i>	Trincomalee Wood
178	Malvaceae	<i>Bombax ceiba</i>	Cotton Tree / Red Silk Cotton Tree
179	Malvaceae	<i>Ceiba pentandra</i>	Kapok Tree, Silk Cotton Tree, White Silk Cotton Tree
180	Malvaceae	<i>Durio zibethinus</i>	Durian
181	Malvaceae	<i>Helicteres isora</i>	Screw Tree, Screw Fruit Bush
182	Malvaceae	<i>Hibiscus platanifolius</i>	
183	Malvaceae	<i>Hibiscus rostellatus</i>	
184	Malvaceae	<i>Hibiscus tilliaceus</i>	
185	Malvaceae	<i>Sida rhombifolia</i>	
186	Malvaceae	<i>Theobroma cacao</i>	Cocoa, Cocoa, Chocolate Tree
187	Malvaceae	<i>Urena sinuata</i>	Bur Mallow
188	Melastomataceae	<i>Clidemia hirta</i>	Soap Bush, Koser's Curse
189	Melastomataceae	<i>Melastoma malabathricum</i>	Malabar Black Mouth, Indian Rhododendron
190	Melastomataceae	<i>Memecylon rotundatum</i>	
191	Melastomataceae	<i>Osbeckia lanata</i>	
192	Melastomataceae	<i>Osbeckia octandra</i>	
193	Melastomataceae	<i>Osbeckia parvifolia</i>	
194	Melastomataceae	<i>Osbeckia rubicunda</i>	
195	Melastomataceae	<i>Osbeckia walkeri</i>	
196	Melastomataceae	<i>Sonerila glaberrima</i>	
197	Melastomataceae	<i>Sonerila zeylanica</i>	
198	Meliaceae	<i>Munronia pinnata</i>	
199	Meliaceae	<i>Swietenia macrophylla</i>	Honduras Mahogany, Long Leaved Mahogany
200	Meliaceae	<i>Swietenia mahogani</i>	Cuban Mahogany, Mahogany
201	Meliaceae	<i>Toona sinensis</i>	Red Toon
202	Menispermaceae	<i>Coscinium fenestratum</i>	Tree Turmeric / Flase Calumba
203	Menyanthaceae	<i>Nymphoides indica</i>	
204	Monimiaceae	<i>Hortonia angustifolia</i>	
205	Moraceae	<i>Artocarpus altilis</i>	Bread Fruit Tree / Bread Nut
206	Moraceae	<i>Artocarpus heterophyllus</i>	Jak, Yak, Jak Fruit
207	Moraceae	<i>Artocarpus nobilis</i>	Wild Bread Fruit

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208	Moraceae	<i>Ficus benghalensis</i>	Banyan
209	Moraceae	<i>Ficus callosa</i>	
210	Moraceae	<i>Ficus diversiformis</i>	
211	Moraceae	<i>Ficus microcarpa</i>	
212	Moraceae	<i>Ficus racemosa</i>	Cluster Fig, Gula Fig / Cluster Fig / Atti
213	Moraceae	<i>Ficus religiosa</i>	Peepul, Sacred Bo
214	Muntingiaceae	<i>Muntingia calabura</i>	Jamaican Cherry, Jam-Tree
215	Musaceae	<i>Musa x paradisiaca</i>	Banana, Plantain
216	Myristicaceae	<i>Horsfieldia iryaghedhi</i>	
217	Myristicaceae	<i>Myristica ceylanica</i>	
218	Myristicaceae	<i>Myristica fragrans</i>	Mace, Nutmeg
219	Myrtaceae	<i>Eucalyptus grandis</i>	
220	Myrtaceae	<i>Eugenia mooniana</i>	
221	Myrtaceae	<i>Rhodomyrtus tomentosa</i>	Wild Guava, Hill Goose Berry
222	Myrtaceae	<i>Syzygium aromaticum</i>	Clove
223	Myrtaceae	<i>Syzygium caryophyllatum</i>	
224	Myrtaceae	<i>Syzygium cordifolium</i>	
225	Myrtaceae	<i>Syzygium cumini</i>	Java Plum, Jambol, Black Plum
226	Myrtaceae	<i>Syzygium nervosum</i>	
227	Myrtaceae	<i>Syzygium rotundifolium</i>	
228	Myrtaceae	<i>Syzygium samarangense</i>	Wax Apple, Wax Jambu
229	Myrtaceae	<i>Syzygium spathulatum</i>	
230	Nelumbonaceae	<i>Nelumbo nucifera</i>	Lotus, Sacred Bean, Indian Lotus,
231	Nepenthaceae	<i>Nepenthes distillatoria</i>	Pitcher-Plant
232	Nymphaeaceae	<i>Nymphaea nouchali</i>	Water Lily
233	Nymphaeaceae	<i>Nymphaea pubescens</i>	Egyptian Lotus, Water Lily
234	Ochnaceae	<i>Gomphia serrata</i>	
235	Ochnaceae	<i>Ochna lanceolata</i>	
236	Orchidaceae	<i>Arundina graminifolia</i>	Grass Orchid
237	Orchidaceae	<i>Coelogyne odoratissima</i>	
238	Orchidaceae	<i>Ipsea speciosa</i>	Daffodil Orchid
239	Orchidaceae	<i>Vanilla planifolia</i>	Vanilla
240	Orobanchaceae	<i>Centranthera indica</i>	
241	Orobanchaceae	<i>Striga asiatica</i>	Witchweed
242	Pandanaceae	<i>Freycinetia pycnophylla</i>	
243	Pandanaceae	<i>Freycinetia walkeri</i>	
244	Penaeaceae	<i>Axinandra zeylanica</i>	
245	Phyllanthaceae	<i>Aporosa cardiosperma</i>	
246	Phyllanthaceae	<i>Bridelia moonii</i>	
247	Phyllanthaceae	<i>Bridelia retusa</i>	
248	Phyllanthaceae	<i>Cleistanthus ferrugineus</i>	
249	Phyllanthaceae	<i>Margaritaria cyanosperma</i>	
250	Phyllanthaceae	<i>Phyllanthus emblica</i>	Indian Gooseberry
251	Piperaceae	<i>Piper betle</i>	Betel Pepper
252	Piperaceae	<i>Piper nigrum</i>	Black Pepper / Common Pepper
253	Poaceae	<i>Chrysopogon nodulibarbis</i>	
254	Poaceae	<i>Cymbopogon nardus</i>	New Citronella Grass
255	Poaceae	<i>Dendrocalamus giganteus</i>	Giant Bamboo
256	Poaceae	<i>Garnotia exaristata</i>	
257	Poaceae	<i>Kuruna debilis</i>	
258	Poaceae	<i>Kuruna densifolia</i>	
259	Poaceae	<i>Oryza sativa</i>	Paddy, Rice
260	Poaceae	<i>Panicum maximum</i>	Guinea Grass

	Family	Species	English name
261	Proteaceae	<i>Grevillea robusta</i>	Silky Oak, Silver Oak
262	Putranjivaceae	<i>Drypetes gardneri</i>	
263	Putranjivaceae	<i>Drypetes sepiaria</i>	
264	Rhizophoraceae	<i>Bruguiera sexangula</i>	Orient Mangrove
265	Rhizophoraceae	<i>Carallia brachiata</i>	
266	Rhizophoraceae	<i>Ceriops tagal</i>	
267	Rhizophoraceae	<i>Rhizophora mucronata</i>	Asiatic Mangrove
268	Rosaceae	<i>Prunus cerasoides</i>	Indian Cherry
269	Rosaceae	<i>Prunus walkeri</i>	
270	Rosaceae	<i>Rubus indicus</i>	
271	Rosaceae	<i>Rubus niveus</i>	Wooly-Berried Bramble
272	Rubiaceae	<i>Adina cordifolia</i>	Turmeric Wood
273	Rubiaceae	<i>Coffea arabica</i>	Arabian Coffee, Coffee
274	Rubiaceae	<i>Hedyotis ceylanica</i>	
275	Rubiaceae	<i>Hedyotis fruticosa</i>	
276	Rubiaceae	<i>Hedyotis lessertiana</i>	
277	Rubiaceae	<i>Hedyotis trimenii</i>	
278	Rubiaceae	<i>Knoxia platycarpa</i>	
279	Rubiaceae	<i>Mussaenda frondosa</i>	White Mussaenda
280	Rubiaceae	<i>Tarenna asiatica</i>	
281	Rubiaceae	<i>Uncaria elliptica</i>	
282	Rutaceae	<i>Acronychia pedunculata</i>	
283	Rutaceae	<i>Chloroxylon swietania</i>	Satinwood
284	Rutaceae	<i>Limonia acidissima</i>	Elephant-Apple, Wood-Apple
285	Rutaceae	<i>Murraya paniculata</i>	Orange Jessamine
286	Sabiaceae	<i>Meliosma pinnata</i>	
287	Sabiaceae	<i>Meliosma simplicifolia</i>	
288	Salicaceae	<i>Scolopia pusilla</i>	
289	Salvadoraceae	<i>Azima tetraacantha</i>	Needle Bush, Bee Sting Bush
290	Sapindaceae	<i>Allophylus zeylanicus</i>	Ballon Vine / Leave Heart Pea
291	Sapindaceae	<i>Dimocarpus longan</i>	Dragon Eye
292	Sapindaceae	<i>Filicium decipiens</i>	
293	Sapindaceae	<i>Nephelium lappaceum</i>	Rambutan
294	Sapindaceae	<i>Pometia pinnata</i>	
295	Sapindaceae	<i>Schleichera oleosa</i>	Ceylon Oak / Lac Tree
296	Sapotaceae	<i>Madhuca longifolia</i>	Mousey Mi / Butter Tree / South Indian Mahua
297	Sapotaceae	<i>Manilkara hexandra</i>	Obtuse Leaved Mimusops
298	Sapotaceae	<i>Mimusops elengi</i>	Bullet-Wood Tree
299	Solanaceae	<i>Brugmansia x candida</i>	Trumpet Flower, Angel's Trumpet
300	Solanaceae	<i>Capsicum annum</i>	Red Pepper / Chilies / Red Chilies
301	Solanaceae	<i>Cestrum nocturnum</i>	Lady of the night, Queen of the night
302	Staphyleaceae	<i>Turpinia malabarica</i>	
303	Symplocaceae	<i>Symplocos cochinchinensis</i>	
304	Symplocaceae	<i>Symplocos elegans</i>	
305	Theaceae	<i>Camellia sinensis</i>	
306	Theaceae	<i>Gordonia elliptica</i>	
307	Thymelaeaceae	<i>Gnidia glauca</i>	Fish Poison Bush
308	Ulmaceae	<i>Holoptelea integrifolia</i>	Indian Elm
309	Verbenaceae	<i>Lantana camara</i>	Common Lantana, Prickly Lantana, Wild Sage
310	Verbenaceae	<i>Stachytarpheta urticifolia</i>	
311	Violaceae	<i>Viola pilosa</i>	Violet
312	Zingiberaceae	<i>Amomum fulviceps</i>	
313	Zingiberaceae	<i>Curcuma longa</i>	Turmeric

	Family	Species	English name
314	Zingiberaceae	<i>Elettaria cardamomum</i>	Cardamom
315	Zingiberaceae	<i>Zingiber officinale</i>	Ginger
316	Zingiberaceae	<i>Zingiber wightianum</i>	
317	Cycadaceae	<i>Cycas nathorstii</i>	
318	Cycadaceae	<i>Cycas zeylanica</i>	
319	Pinaceae	<i>Pinus caribaea</i>	
320	Cyatheaceae	<i>Cyathea crinita</i>	
321	Cyatheaceae	<i>Cyathea walkerae</i>	
322	Gleicheniaceae	<i>Dicranopteris linearis</i>	
323	Pteridaceae	<i>Acrostichum aureum</i>	
324	Pteridaceae	<i>Adiantum concinnum</i>	
325	Salviniaceae	<i>Salvinia molesta</i>	

Birds:

	Common name	Scientific name
1	Lesser Whistling Duck	<i>Dendrocygna javanica</i>
2	Sri Lanka Junglefowl - E	<i>Gallus lafayettii</i>
3	Indian Peafowl	<i>Pavo cristatus</i>
4	Little Grebe	<i>Tachybaptus ruficollis</i>
5	Painted Stork	<i>Mycteria leucocephala</i>
6	Asian Openbill	<i>Anastomus oscitans</i>
7	Woolly-necked Stork	<i>Ciconia episcopus</i>
8	Black-headed Ibis	<i>Threskiornis melanocephalus</i>
9	Eurasian Spoonbill	<i>Platalea leucorodia</i>
10	Yellow Bittern	<i>Ixobrychus sinensis</i>
11	Black Bittern	<i>Dupetor flavicollis</i>
12	Striated Heron	<i>Butorides striata</i>
13	Indian Pond Heron	<i>Ardeola grayii</i>
14	Eastern Cattle Egret	<i>Bubulcus coromandus</i>
15	Grey Heron	<i>Ardea cinerea</i>
16	Purple Heron	<i>Ardea purpurea</i>
17	Great Egret	<i>Ardea alba</i>
18	Intermediate Egret	<i>Ardea intermedia</i>
19	Little Egret	<i>Egretta garzetta</i>
20	Spot-billed Pelican	<i>Pelecanus philippensis</i>
21	Little Cormorant	<i>Microcarbo niger</i>
22	Indian Cormorant	<i>Phalacrocorax fuscicollis</i>
23	Oriental Darter	<i>Anhinga melanogaster</i>
24	Crested Serpent Eagle	<i>Spilornis cheela</i>
25	Changeable Hawk-Eagle	<i>Nisaetus cirrhatus</i>
26	Black Eagle	<i>Ictinaetus malaiensis</i>
27	Shikra	<i>Accipiter badius</i>
28	Besra	<i>Accipiter virgatus</i>
29	Brahminy Kite	<i>Haliastur indus</i>
30	White-bellied Sea Eagle	<i>Haliaeetus leucogaster</i>
31	Slaty-legged Crake	<i>Rallina eurizonoides</i>
32	White-breasted Waterhen	<i>Amauornis phoenicurus</i>
33	Grey-headed Swampphen	<i>Porphyrio poliocephalus</i>
34	Black-winged Stilt	<i>Himantopus himantopus</i>
35	Red-wattled Lapwing	<i>Vanellus indicus</i>
36	Pheasant-tailed Jacana	<i>Hydrophasianus chirurgus</i>

Common name	Scientific name
37 Black-tailed Godwit	<i>Limosa limosa</i>
38 Common Sandpiper	<i>Actitis hypoleucos</i>
39 Marsh Sandpiper	<i>Tringa stagnatilis</i>
40 Wood Sandpiper	<i>Tringa glareola</i>
41 Gull-billed Tern	<i>Gelochelidon nilotica</i>
42 Greater Crested Tern	<i>Thalasseus bergii</i>
43 Little Tern	<i>Sternula albifrons</i>
44 Common Tern	<i>Sterna hirundo</i>
45 Whiskered Tern	<i>Chlidonias hybrida</i>
46 Pomarine Skua	<i>Stercorarius pomarinus</i>
47 Rock Dove	<i>Columba livia</i>
48 Sri Lanka Wood Pigeon - E	<i>Columba torringtoniae</i>
49 Spotted Dove	<i>Spilopelia chinensis</i>
50 Common Emerald Dove	<i>Chalcophaps indica</i>
51 Sri Lanka Green Pigeon - E	<i>Treron pompadora</i>
52 Green Imperial Pigeon	<i>Ducula aenea</i>
53 Green-billed Coucal - E	<i>Centropus chlororhynchos</i>
54 Greater Coucal	<i>Centropus sinensis</i>
55 Red-faced Malkoha - E	<i>Phaenicophaeus pyrrhocephalus</i>
56 Jacobin Cuckoo	<i>Clamator jacobinus</i>
57 Asian Koel	<i>Eudynamys scolopaceus</i>
58 Common Hawk-Cuckoo	<i>Hierococcyx varius</i>
59 Chestnut-backed Owlet - E	<i>Glaucidium castanotum</i>
60 Sri Lanka Frogmouth	<i>Batrachostomus moniliger</i>
61 Crested Treeswift	<i>Hemiprocne coronata</i>
62 Asian Palm Swift	<i>Cypsiurus balasiensis</i>
63 Alpine Swift	<i>Tachymartia melba</i>
64 Little Swift	<i>Apus affinis</i>
65 Stork-billed Kingfisher	<i>Pelargopsis capensis</i>
66 White-throated Kingfisher	<i>Halcyon smyrnensis</i>
67 Common Kingfisher	<i>Alcedo atthis</i>
68 Pied Kingfisher	<i>Ceryle rudis</i>
69 Green Bee-eater	<i>Merops orientalis</i>
70 Blue-tailed Bee-eater	<i>Merops philippinus</i>
71 Chestnut-headed Bee-eater	<i>Merops leschenaulti</i>
72 Sri Lanka Grey Hornbill - E	<i>Ocyeros gingalensis</i>
73 Brown-headed Barbet	<i>Psilopogon zeylanicus</i>
74 Yellow-fronted Barbet - E	<i>Psilopogon flavifrons</i>
75 Crimson-fronted Barbet - E	<i>Psilopogon rubricapillus</i>
76 Coppersmith Barbet	<i>Psilopogon haemacephalus</i>
77 Black-rumped Flameback	<i>Dinopium benghalense</i>
78 Crimson-backed Flameback - E	<i>Chrysocolaptes stricklandi</i>
79 Layard's Parakeet - E	<i>Psittacula calthrapae</i>
80 Sri Lanka Hanging Parrot - E	<i>Loriculus beryllinus</i>
81 Bar-winged Flycatcher-shrike	<i>Hemipus picatus</i>
82 Sri Lanka Woodshrike - E	<i>Tephrodornis affinis</i>
83 Ashy Woodswallow	<i>Artamus fuscus</i>
84 Common Iora	<i>Aegithina tiphia</i>
85 Marshall's Iora	<i>Aegithina nigrolutea</i>
86 Large Cuckooshrike	<i>Coracina macei</i>
87 Black-headed Cuckooshrike	<i>Coracina melanoptera</i>
88 Small Minivet	<i>Pericrocotus cinnamomeus</i>
89 Orange Minivet	<i>Pericrocotus flammeus</i>

Common name	Scientific name	
90	Brown Shrike	<i>Lanius cristatus</i>
91	Black-hooded Oriole	<i>Oriolus xanthornus</i>
92	Black Drongo	<i>Dicrurus macrocercus</i>
93	Ashy Drongo	<i>Dicrurus leucophaeus</i>
94	White-bellied Drongo	<i>Dicrurus caerulescens</i>
95	Greater Racket-tailed Drongo	<i>Dicrurus paradiseus</i>
96	Sri Lanka Drongo - E	<i>Dicrurus lophorinus</i>
97	White-browed Fantail	<i>Rhipidura aureola</i>
98	Black-naped Monarch	<i>Hypothymis azurea</i>
99	Indian Paradise Flycatcher	<i>Terpsiphone paradisi</i>
100	Sri Lanka Blue Magpie - E	<i>Urocissa ornata</i>
101	House Crow	<i>Corvus splendens</i>
102	Indian Jungle Crow	<i>Corvus culminatus</i>
103	Grey-headed Canary-flycatcher	<i>Culicicapa ceylonensis</i>
104	Cinereous Tit	<i>Parus cinereus</i>
105	Black-capped Bulbul - E	<i>Pycnonotus melanicterus</i>
106	Red-vented Bulbul	<i>Pycnonotus cafer</i>
107	Yellow-eared Bulbul - E	<i>Pycnonotus penicillatus</i>
108	White-browed Bulbul	<i>Pycnonotus luteolus</i>
109	Yellow-browed Bulbul	<i>Acritillas indica</i>
110	Square-tailed Bulbul - N	<i>Hypsipetes ganeesa</i>
111	Barn Swallow	<i>Hirundo rustica</i>
112	Red-rumped Swallow	<i>Cecropis daurica</i>
113	Sri Lanka Swallow - E	<i>Cecropis hyperythra</i>
114	Sri Lanka Bush Warbler - E	<i>Elaphornis palliseri</i>
115	Zitting Cisticola	<i>Cisticola juncidis</i>
116	Common Tailorbird	<i>Orthotomus sutorius</i>
117	Sri Lanka Scimitar Babbler - E	<i>Pomatorhinus melanurus</i>
118	Dark-fronted Babbler	<i>Rhopocichla atriceps</i>
119	Brown-capped Babbler - E	<i>Pellorneum fuscocapillus</i>
120	Orange-billed Babbler - E	<i>Turdoides rufescens</i>
121	Yellow-billed Babbler	<i>Turdoides affinis</i>
122	Ashy-headed Laughingthrush - E	<i>Garrulax cinereifrons</i>
123	Sri Lanka White-eye - E	<i>Zosterops ceylonensis</i>
124	Velvet-fronted Nuthatch	<i>Sitta frontalis</i>
125	Sri Lanka Hill Myna - E	<i>Gracula ptilogenys</i>
126	Southern Hill Myna	<i>Gracula indica</i>
127	Common Myna	<i>Acridotheres tristis</i>
128	Spot-winged Thrush - E	<i>Geokichla spiloptera</i>
129	Indian Robin	<i>Copsychus fulvicatus</i>
130	Oriental Magpie-Robin	<i>Copsychus saularis</i>
131	Brown-breasted Flycatcher	<i>Muscicapa muttui</i>
132	Dull-blue Flycatcher - E	<i>Eumyias sordidus</i>
133	Indian Blue Robin	<i>Larvivora brunnea</i>
134	Kashmir Flycatcher	<i>Ficedula subrubra</i>
135	Pied Bush Chat	<i>Saxicola caprata</i>
136	Pale-billed Flowerpecker	<i>Dicaeum erythrorhynchos</i>
137	Purple-rumped Sunbird	<i>Leptocoma zeylonica</i>
138	Purple Sunbird	<i>Cinnyris asiaticus</i>
139	Loten's Sunbird	<i>Cinnyris lotenius</i>
140	House Sparrow	<i>Passer domesticus</i>
141	White-rumped Munia	<i>Lonchura striata</i>
142	Scaly-breasted Munia	<i>Lonchura punctulata</i>

	Common name	Scientific name
143	Tricolored Munia	<i>Lonchura malacca</i>
144	Forest Wagtail	<i>Dendronanthus indicus</i>
145	Grey Wagtail	<i>Motacilla cinerea</i>
146	Paddyfield Pipit	<i>Anthus rufulus</i>

Mammals:

	Common name	Scientific name
1	Toque Macaque - E	<i>Macaca sinica</i>
2	Purple-faced Langur - E	<i>Trachypithecus vetulus</i>
3	Layard's Palm Squirrel - E	<i>Funambulus layardi</i>
4	Common Palm Squirrel	<i>Funambulus palmarum</i>
5	Dusky-striped Squirrel	<i>Funambulus sublineatus</i>
6	Indian Grey Mongoose	<i>Herpestes edwardsii</i>
7	Indian Brown Mongoose	<i>Herpestes fuscus</i>
8	Ruddy Mongoose	<i>Herpestes smithii</i>
9	Spinner Dolphin	<i>Stenella longirostris</i>
10	Blue Whale	<i>Balaenoptera musculus</i>
11	Northern Red Muntjac	<i>Muntiacus vaginalis</i>
12	Sambar	<i>Rusa unicolor</i>
13	Domestic Water Buffalo - I	<i>Bubalus bubalis</i>
14	Indian Flying Fox	<i>Pteropus giganteus</i>

Reptiles & Amphibians:

	Common name	Scientific name
1	Olive Ridley Turtle	<i>Lepidochelys olivacea</i>
2	Eastern Garden Lizard	<i>Calotes versicolor</i>
3	Common House Gecko	<i>Hemidactylus frenatus</i>
4	Water Monitor	<i>Varanus salvator</i>
5	Leaf-nosed Lizard	<i>Ceratophora tennentii</i>
6	Crestless Lizard	<i>Calotes pethiyagodai</i>
7	Black-shelled Terrapin	<i>Geoclemys hamiltonii</i>
8	Black-cheeked Lizard	<i>Calotes nigrilabris</i>
9	Common Rat Snake	<i>Ptyas mucosa</i>