

Time-scale and intraspecific variability of *Lychnophora ericoides* Mart. leave's volatile constituents.



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Background

Biodiversity

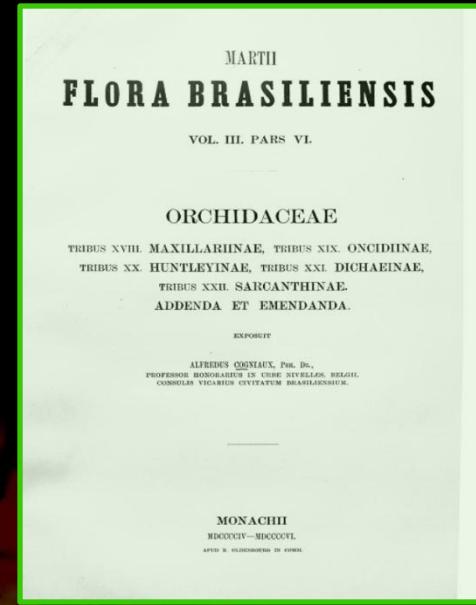
Bioprospection

Chemodiversity ⁽¹⁾

23.000 species: 1840 – 1906 ⁽²⁾

➢ von Martius, Eichler, Urban.

JBRJ (2010) ⁽³⁾: 40.982 entries for species.



2010 lista de espécies
flora do brasil

1- GERSHENZON; DUDAREVA. Nature Chemical Biology. 2007.

2- <<http://florabrasiliensis.cria.org.br/opus/>>

3- <<http://floradobrasil.jbrj.gov.br/2010/>>.

L. ericoides



Asteraceae

Vernonieae

Lychnophorinae

Lychnophora ericoides

10- SEMIR et al. 2011.

5- SEMIR. PhD dissertation. UNICAMP, 1991.

6- MANSANARES. PhD dissertation. UNICAMP, 2004.

L. ericoides

Small trees/shrubs – candelabra pattern⁽⁵⁾

Rupestrian fields⁽⁵⁾

Essential oil: - Acaricidal⁽⁷⁾

- Antihypernociceptive^(X)

Ethnopharmacology

↳ **Seasonality on antiinflammatory⁽⁸⁾**

Polymorfism⁽⁶⁾

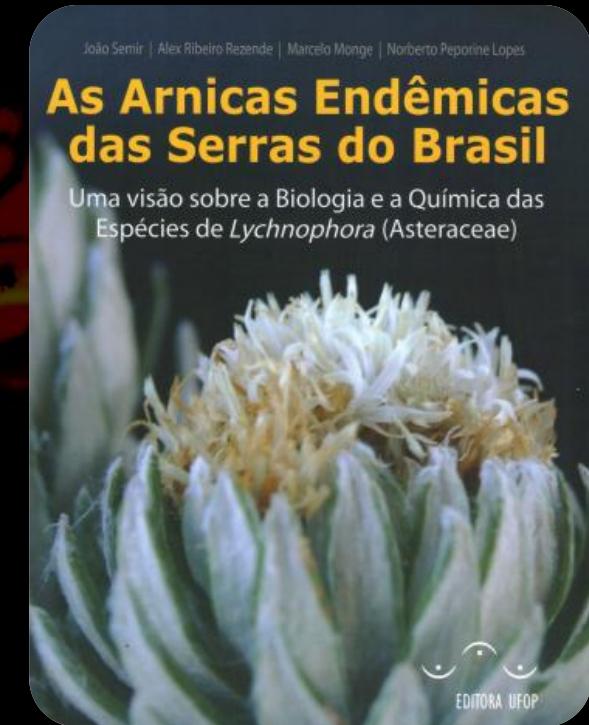
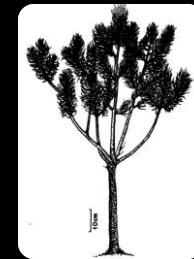
10- SEMIR et al. 2011.

6- MANSANARES. PhD dissertation. UNICAMP, 2004.

7-BALDIN et al. Boletín de Sanidad Vegetal. Plagas. 2010.

8-LOPES. FAPESP – Pesquisa. 2000.

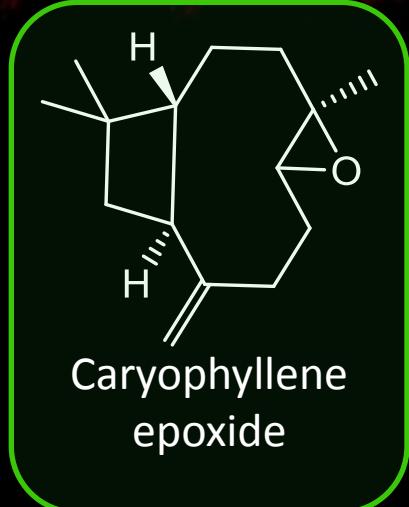
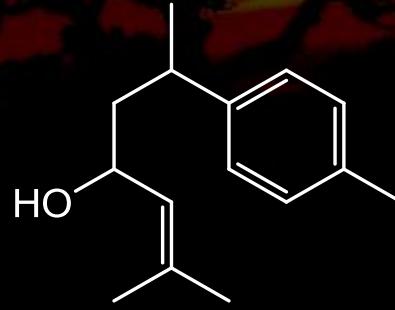
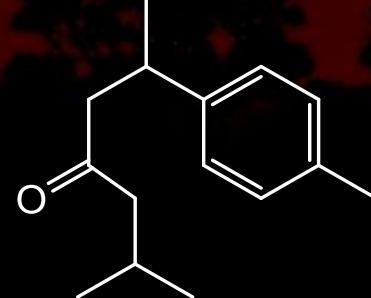
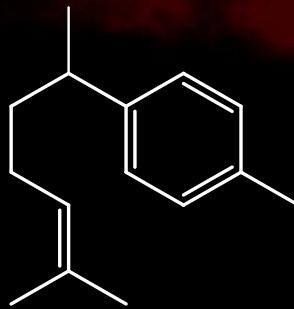
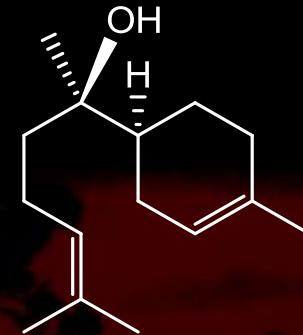
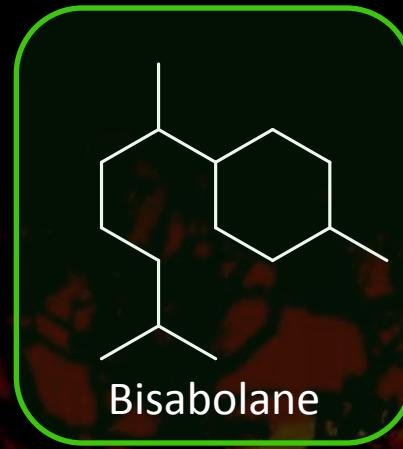
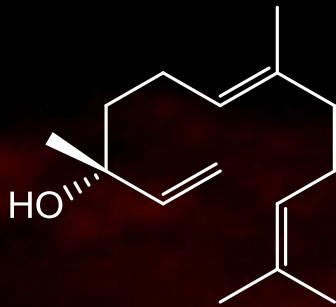
X- PAVARINI et al. UNPUBLISHED



L. ericoides

Lychnophorinae⁽⁹⁾

Terpenoids, STLs and flavonoids (polar fractions)



Analytical Methodology

- SPME: soft pre-concentration of volatiles
- GC-MS: chemicals separation and identification
- prepTLC: isolation of unknown/novel chemicals
- Clevenger: hydrodestilation → essential oil
- ESI-MS/MS: “*soft ionization*”
- NMR: further structural information



Aims

1. To identify the major compounds in a softly concentrated volatile fraction of *Lychnophora ericoides* leaves.



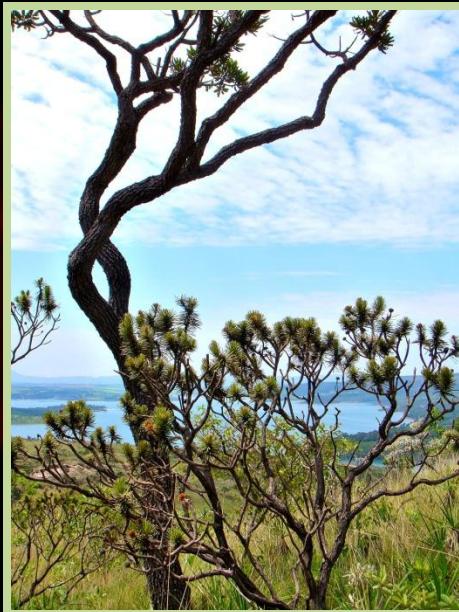
2. To understand the dynamics behind its terpenes level along the time and within geographically distinct individuals.



Experimental

Harvest

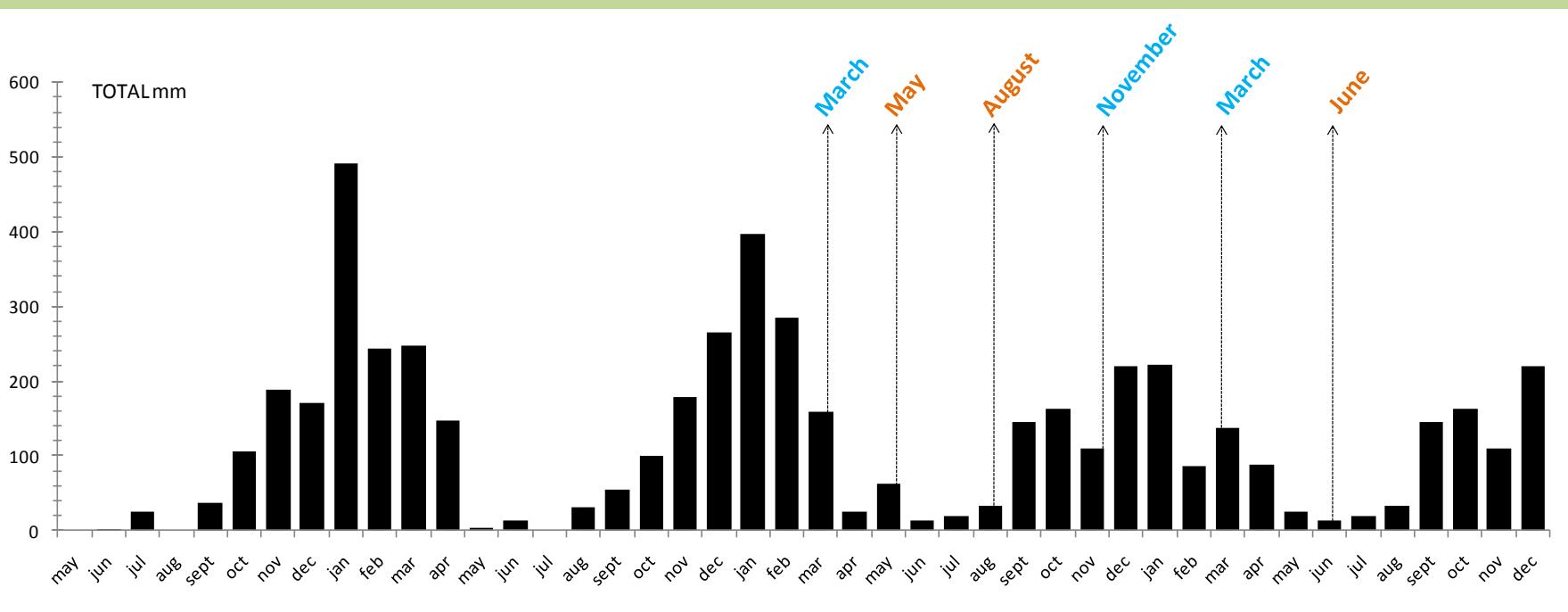
Allowance nº 010143/2011-4
Allowance nº 010145/2011-7



S 20° 38' 31.6", W 046° 15' 31.8";
1010 m high ("pedreira").

S 20° 37' 54.0", W 046° 19' 39.1";
900 m high ("paraíso").

Harvest

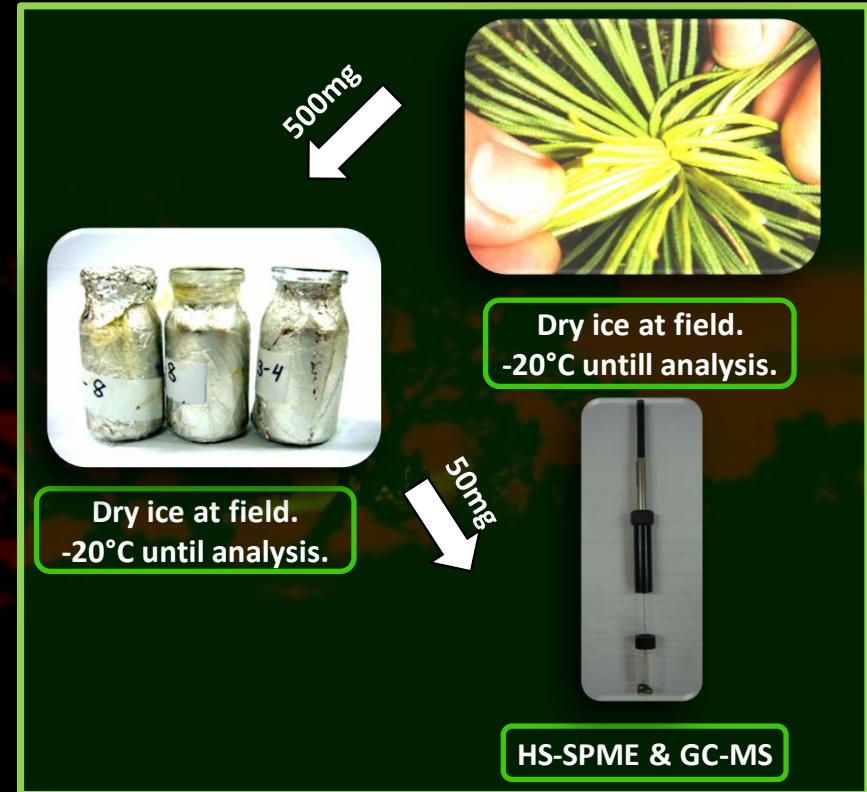


Total precipitation (mm /m²) per month

Intraplant investigation

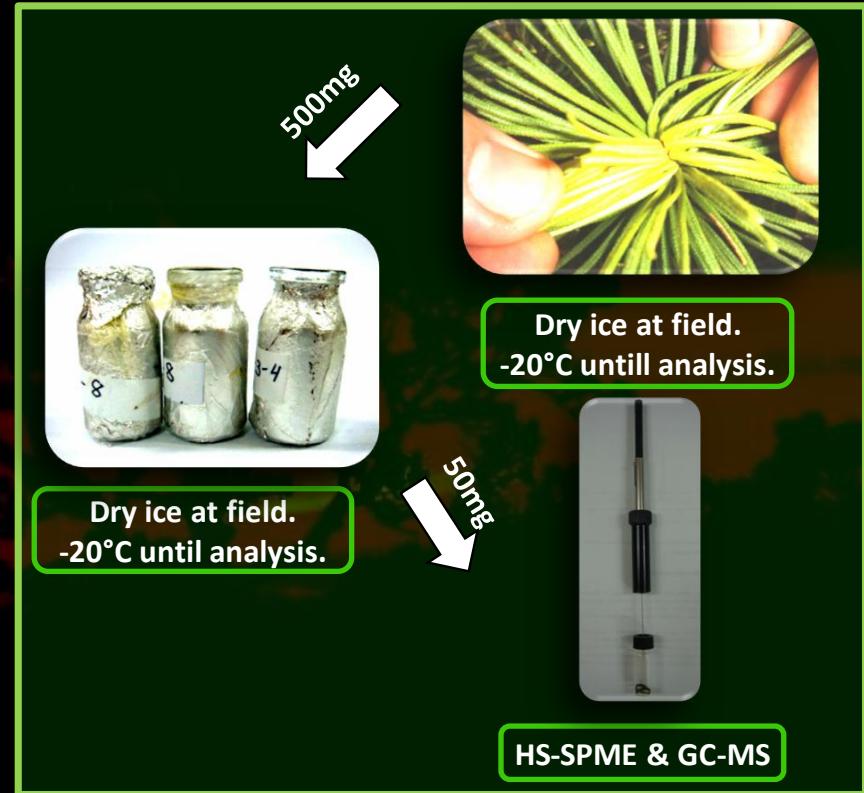


11h30min



Circadian investigation

Harvest	Day time
1	15h30min
2	19h30min
3	23h30min
4	03h30min
5	07h30min
6	11h30min



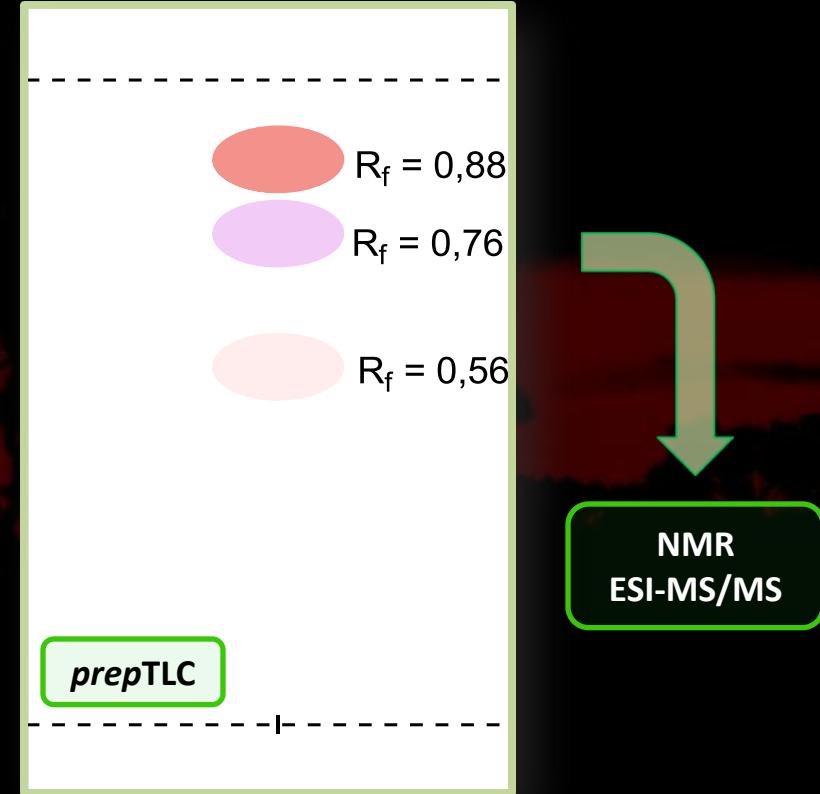
Chemical profiling



GC-MS (Column DB5-MS)

Mass spectra libraries (>95%) ^(a)

Relative Retention indexes (>99%) ^(b)

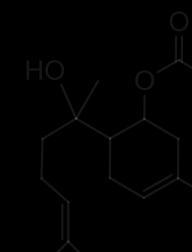
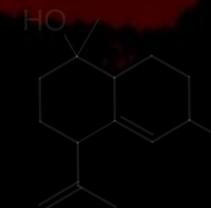
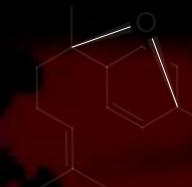
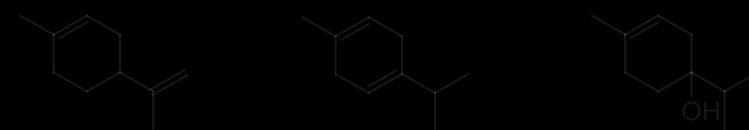
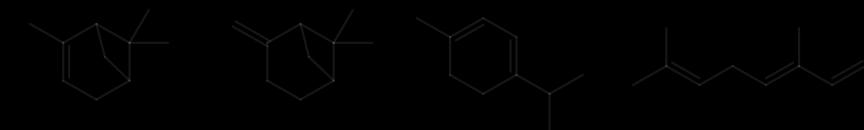
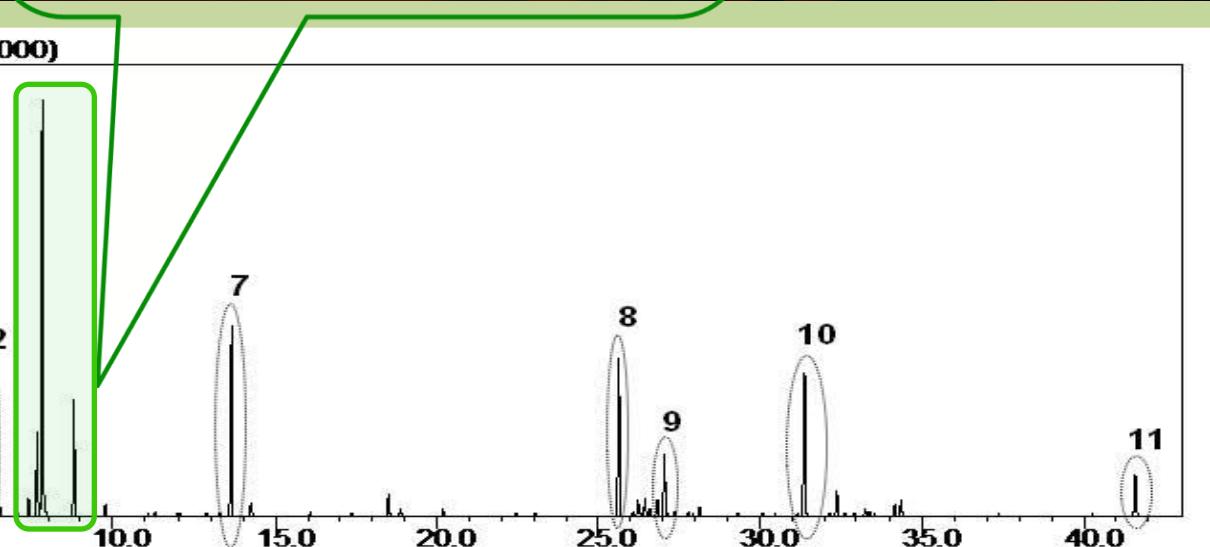
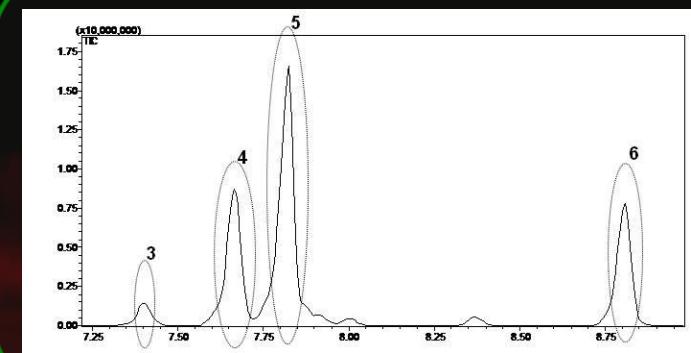


- a. Willey 7, NIST 62 e FFNSC Ver.1.3.
- b. ADAMS, R. P. **Identification Oil Components by Gas Chromatography/Mass Spectroscopy**, 1995.

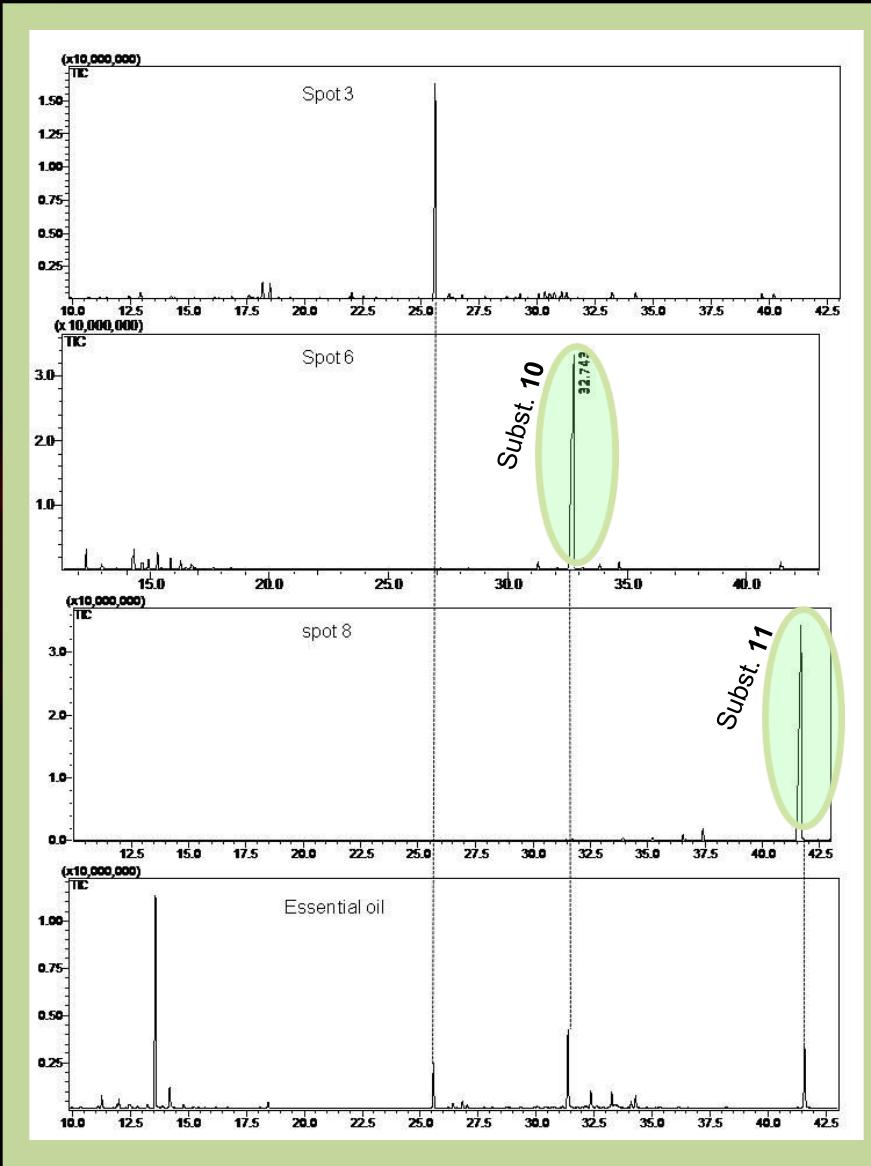


Results and Discussion

Chemical profile



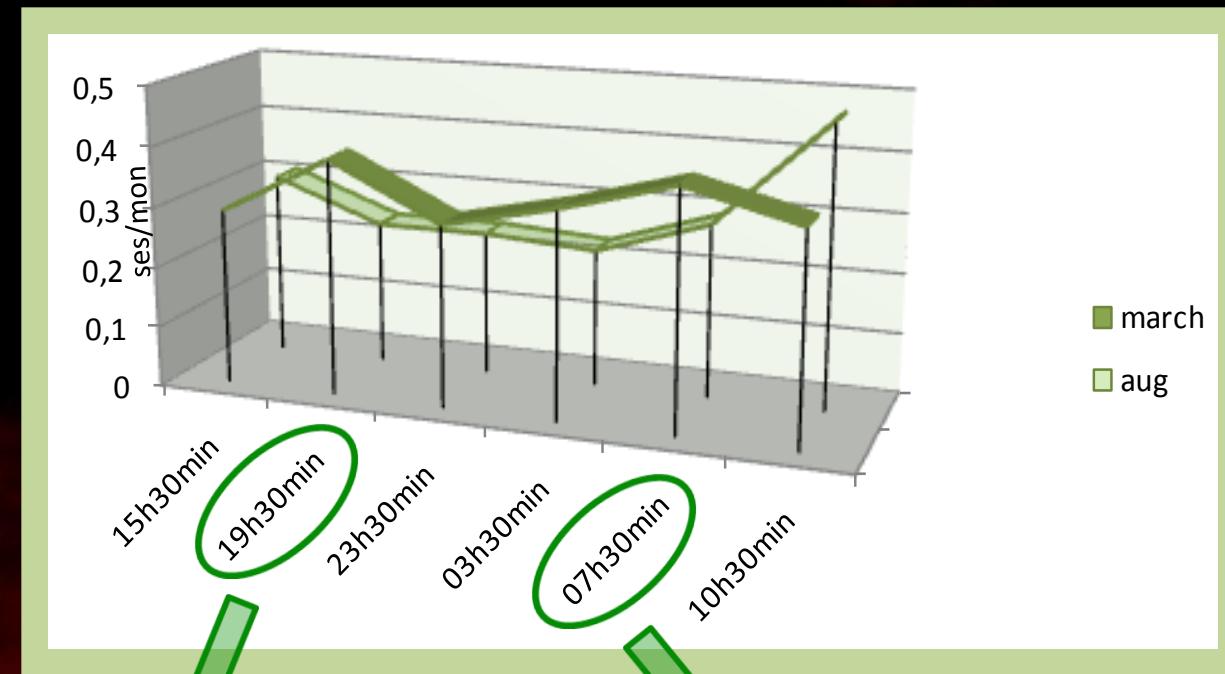
Sesquiterpenes isolation



Comparing chromatograms of isolated compounds.

- Subst. 10= 23,3mg
- Subst. 11= 27,2mg

Circadian shifts along the year



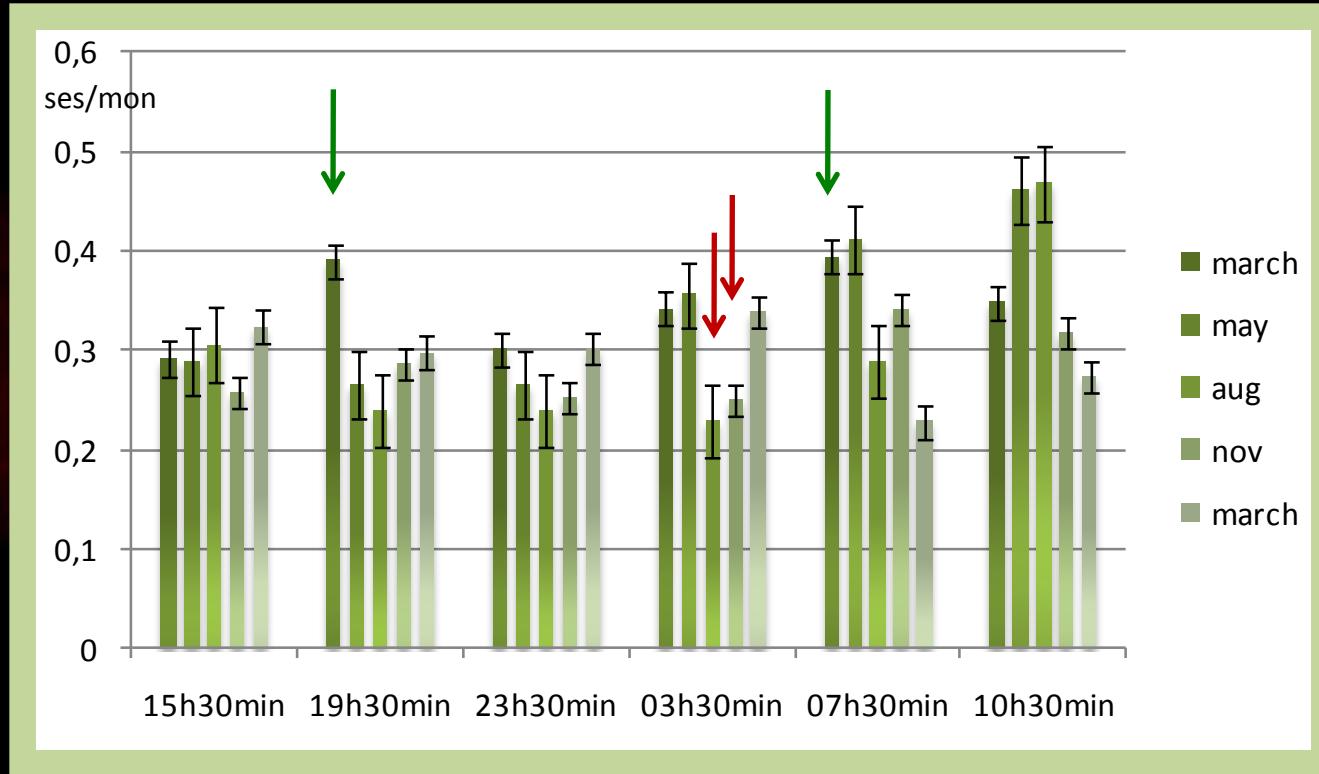
Sunset



Sunrise

Sampled leaves
during March

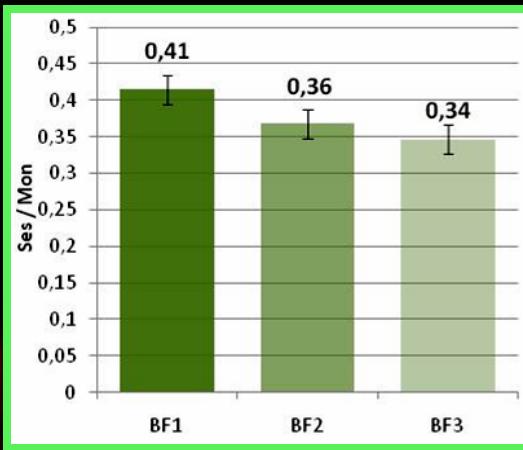
Circadian shifts along the year



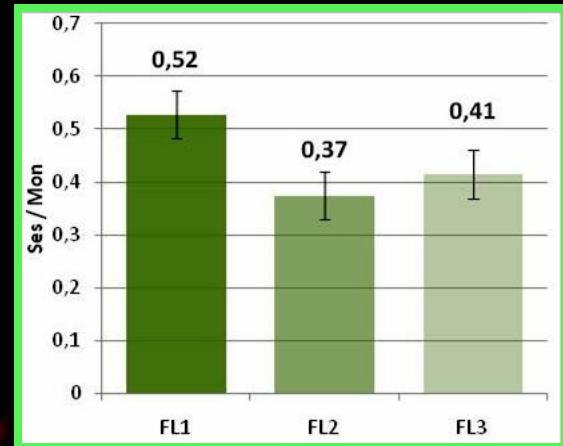
\sum areas of 4 major sesquiterpenes

\sum areas of 7 major monoterpenes

Intraplant shifts



Sampled leaves
during March

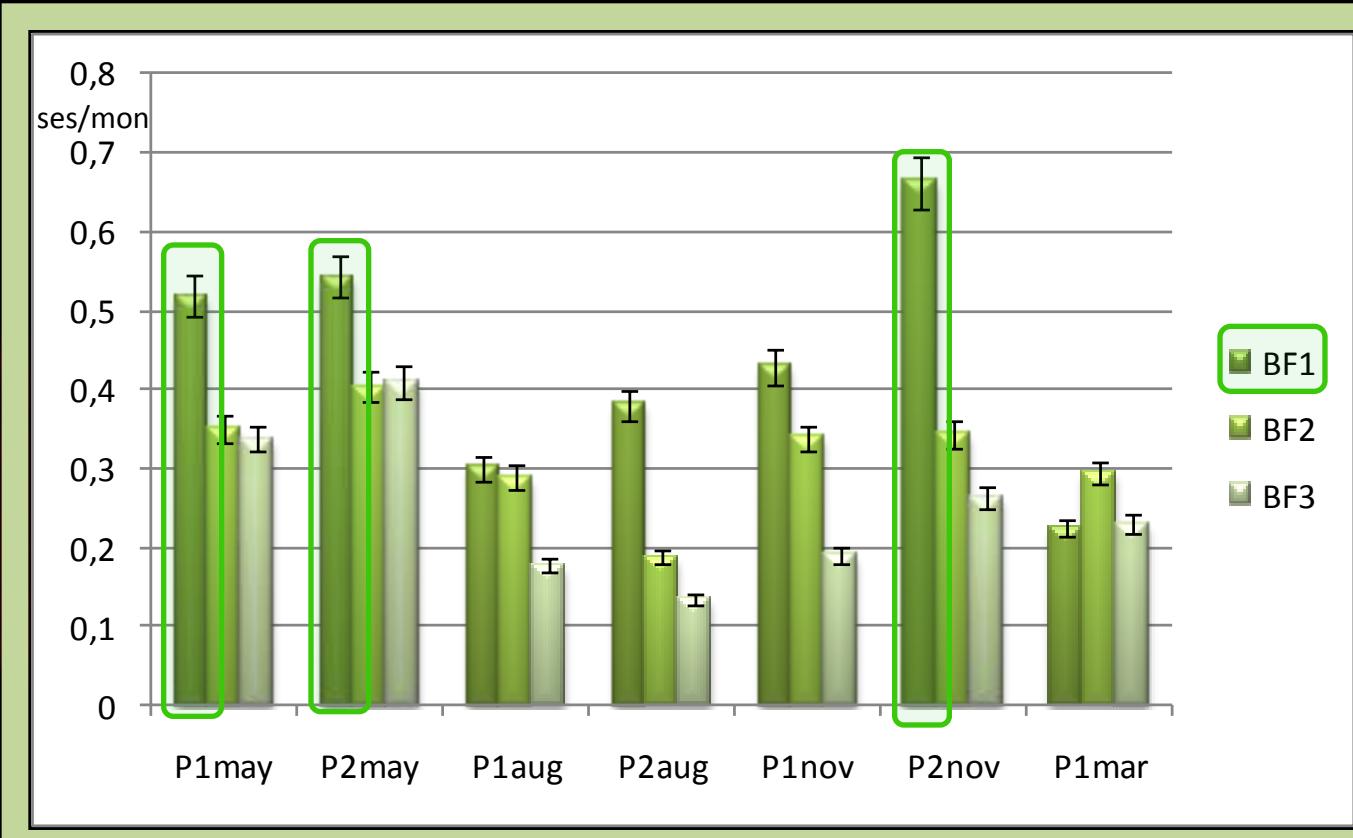


Flowerless
branches



Capitulum
branches

Intraplant shifts

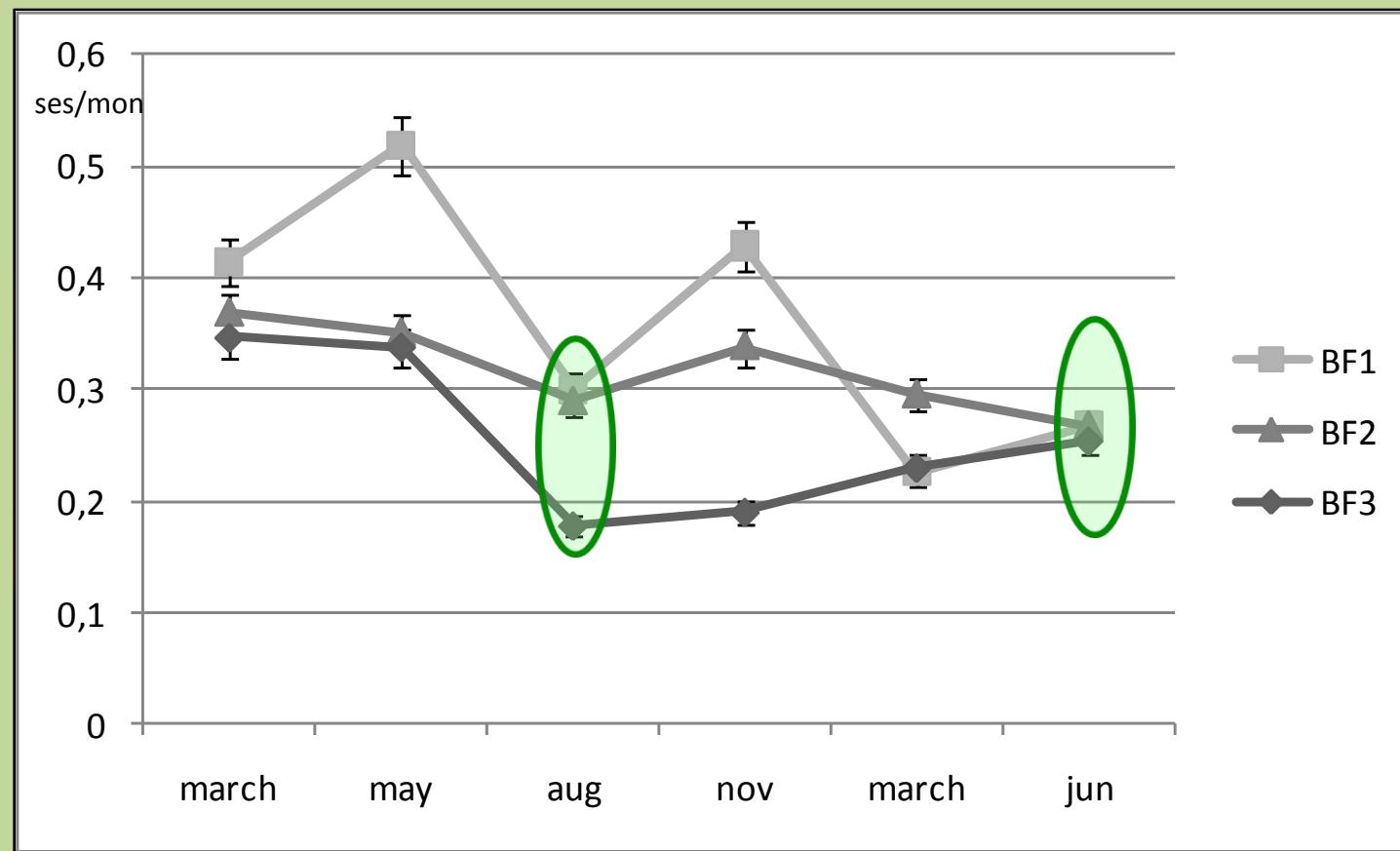


P1= “paraíso”



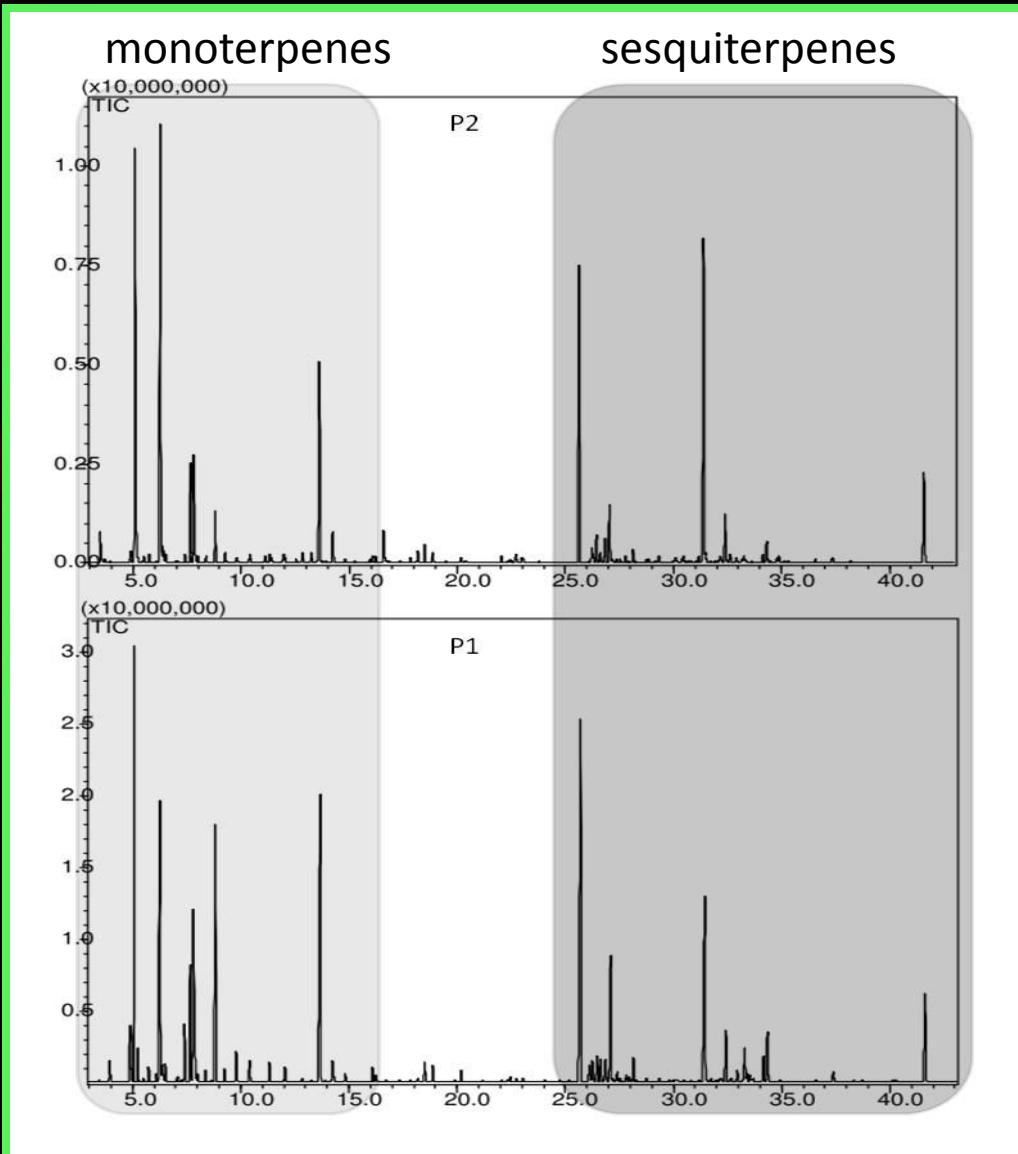
P2= “pedreira”

Intraplant shifts



P1= “paraíso”

Intraspecific uniformity



Comparing chromatograms of BF1 leaves from sites pedreira (P2) and paraíso (P1). Period: May.



Main Remarks

- **New sesquiterpenes are reported**
- **A variety of bisabolane-like and one cadinane-like structure was observed in accordance with previous literature**
- **Soft pre-concentration displayed a majority of monoterpenes and could also detect one major sesquiterpene, which was not present in essential oils**
- **Data showed that previous investigations using essential oil were not in accordance with wild habitat behaviour**
- **During the wet summer at the day time, in younger leaves, the individuals displayed higher relative levels of sesquiterpenes**
- **Geographically different individuals are chemically quite similar**

- 1-Gershenson, J.; Dudareva, N. *Nature Chemical Biology*. V.3, P.408-414, 2007.
- 2- <http://florabrasiliensis.cria.org.br/opus>
- 3-Hardie, J., Pickett, J.A., Pow, E.M. & Smiley, D.W.M. (Eds Hardie, J. & Minks, A.K.) 227–250 (CAB International, Wallingford, UK, 1999).
- 4- Stipanovic, R.D., Lopez, J.D., Jr., Dowd, M.K., Puckhaber, L.S. & Duke, S.E. *J. Chem. Ecol.* 32, 959–968 (2006).
- 5- Semir, J.. *Tese De Doutorado, Instituto De Biologia, Unicamp, Campinas, P.515*, 1991.
- 6- Mansanares, M. E. *Tese De Doutorado Instituto De Biologia, UNICAMP, Campinas, SP, P. 148*, 2004.
- 7-nakagima, J.N. 2000. 0 F. *Tese (Doutorado Em Biologia Vegetal) - Universidade Estadual De Campinas*.
- 8-Coile, N. C.; Jones, S. B.. *Brittonia*, V.33, N.4, P.528-542, 1981.
- 9-Curado, M.A.; Oliveira, C.B.A.; Jesus, J.B.; Santos, S.C.; Seraphin, J.C. Ferri, P.H. *Phytochemistry*. 67, P. 2363-2369, 2006.
- 10- Semir, J. ; Rezende, A. R. ; Borges, M. ; Lopes, N. P. *As Arnica Endêmicas das Serras do Brasil*. Ouro Preto/MG: Editora UFOP, 2011. v. 1. 211 p.



Sr. Luís Junio Leonel
Mendes



south american
Compositae
meeting 5-7th December 2011
São Paulo, Brazil



FAPESP USP SBCN

Time-scale and intraspecific variability of *Lychnophora ericoides* Mart. leave's volatile constituents.