# Import Health Standard Commodity Sub-class: Fresh Fruit/Vegetables Table grapes, (Vitis vinifera) from the United States of America – State of California

#### **ISSUED**

Issued pursuant to Sections 24A (formerly s 22) and 166A of the Biosecurity Act 1993

Date Issued: 7 March 2023

#### Contents

SCOPE	5
REFERENCES	5
DEFINITIONS ABBREVIATIONS AND ACRONYMS	5
OUTLINE OF REQUIREMENTS	9
NEW ZEALAND LEGISLATIVE REQUIREMENTS AND INTERNATIONAL OBLIGATIO	NS
	9
MPORT HEALTH STANDARD: FRESH FRUIT/VEGETABLES – TABLE GRAPES (Vitis	
vinifera) FROM THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA – STATE OF CALIFORNIA	. 10
1 Official contact point (New Zealand national plant protection organisation)	. 10
2 General conditions for the importation of all plants and plant products	. 10
3 Explanation of pest categories	. 11
4 Application of measures	. 11
5 General conditions for fresh fruit/vegetables for consumption	. 12
6 Specific conditions for table grapes (commodity sub-class: fresh fruit/vegetables) from the	;
United States of America – State of California.	. 12
6.1 PRE-SHIPMENT REQUIREMENTS	. 12
6.2 TRANSIT REQUIREMENTS	
6.3 INSPECTION ON ARRIVAL IN NEW ZEALAND	
6.4 BIOSECURITY/QUARANTINE DIRECTIVE	. 16
6.5 TESTING FOR REGULATED PESTS	. 16
6.6 ACTIONS UNDERTAKEN ON THE INTERCEPTION/DETECTION OF	
PESTS/CONTAMINANTS	. 16
6.7 BIOSECURITY CLEARANCE	. 17
6.8 AUDIT OF OFFSHORE MEASURES	. 17
6.9 FEEDBACK ON NON-COMPLIANCE	. 17
Appendix 1 Pest List Commodity Sub-class: Fresh Fruit/Vegetables Vitis vinifera from the Unit	ted
States of America – State of California	. 18

#### **COMMENCEMENT**

This import health standard comes into force 7 March 2023.

#### REVOCATION

This import health standard revokes and replaces all prior versions of and amendments to the Import Health Standard Commodity Sub-class: Fresh Fruit/Vegetables Table grapes, (Vitis vinifera) from the United States of America – State of California.

The document history for this import health standard is set out on page 4.

#### **ISSUING AUTHORITY**

The Import Health Standard is issued pursuant to sections 24A and 166A of the Biosecurity Act 1993.

Dated at Wellington this 7th day of March 2023.

Lisa Winthrop Manager Plant Health (acting under delegated authority of the Director-General)

#### Review and amendment

New Zealand import health standards are subject to periodic review and amendment.

New Zealand import health standards are updated and republished as necessary with the most recent version published on the Ministry for Primary Industries (MPI) website.

#### Distribution

Import health standards are made available for public access on the MPI website: https://www.mpi.govt.nz/legal/compliance-requirements/ihs-import-health-standards/

#### **Document History**

This document history lists amendments since 2023.

Version Date	Section Changed	Change Description
07 March 2023	All	Administrative updates

#### INTRODUCTION

#### SCOPE

This import health standard replaces the import health standard dated 10 June 2005 and describes the requirements to be met to enable biosecurity clearance to be given for fresh table grapes (*Vitis vinifera*) imported into New Zealand from the United States of America – State of California.

This import health standard must be read in conjunction with the following document, which further describes the operational procedures for the effective management of regulated spiders of concern to human health and the environment:

• Procedures for the effective quarantine management of regulated spiders associated with the importation of fresh table grapes (*Vitis vinifera*) from California to New Zealand, 18 August 2005.

#### REFERENCES

Biosecurity Act 1993

Requirements for the establishment of pest free areas 1996. ISPM Publication No. 4, FAO, Rome.

Requirements for the establishment of pest free places of production and pest free production sites 1999. ISPM Publication No. 10, FAO, Rome.

Glossary of phytosanitary terms 2002. ISPM Publication No. 5, FAO, Rome.

Risk analysis for quarantine pests including analysis of environmental risks 2003. ISPM Publication No. 11 (Rev. 1), FAO, Rome.

New Revised Text of the International Plant Protection Convention, November 1997. FAO, Rome.

MAF Plants Biosecurity Pest Risk Assessment Standard (26 September 2001).

MPI Import Health Standard 152.02: *Importation and Clearance of Fresh Fruit and Vegetables into New Zealand*.

Procedures for the effective quarantine management of regulated spiders associated with the importation of fresh table grapes (Vitis vinifera) from California to New Zealand.

#### **DEFINITIONS ABBREVIATIONS AND ACRONYMS**

Note: This Import Health Standard addresses the risks posed to animal, human and plant health as well as risks to the environment. As the majority of risks are associated with plant health the definitions etc. used are (or are modelled on) those included within the International Plant Protection Convention Glossary of Terms. Where definitions etc. have been modified every effort has been made to ensure these are linked to the appropriate international standard or agreement (e.g. WTO-SPS Agreement).

Biosecurity clearance

A clearance under section 26 of the New Zealand Biosecurity Act 1993 for the entry of goods into

New Zealand.

Biosecurity New Zealand

Biosecurity New Zealand is the division of the Ministry for Primary Industries (MPI) that has the lead role in preventing the importation of unwanted pests and diseases, and for controlling, managing or eradicating

them should they arrive.

An official document, which attests to the Certificate

phytosanitary status of any consignment affected by

phytosanitary regulations [FAO, 1990].

Commodity A type of plant, plant product, or other article being

moved for trade or other purpose [FAO, 1990; ICPM

Amendments, April 2001].

Consignment A quantity of plants, plant products and/or other

articles being moved from one country to another

and covered, when required, by a single

phytosanitary certificate (a consignment may be composed of one or more commodities or lots) [FAO, 1990; ICPM Amendments, April 2001].

Establishment Perpetuation, for the foreseeable future, of a pest

within an area after entry [FAO, 1990; revised FAO,

1995; IPPC, 1997; formerly established]

High impact pest High impact pests are regulated pests that if

introduced into New Zealand would have a major

effect on the production (including access to

overseas markets) of plants and plant products and/or

the environment.

Import health standard A document issued under section 24A (formerly s

> 22) of the Biosecurity Act 1993 that specifies "... the requirements to be met for the effective management of risks associated with the importation of risk goods before those goods can be imported, moved from a biosecurity control area or a transitional facility, or

given a biosecurity clearance".

Infestation of a consignment Presence in a commodity of a living pest of the plant

> or plant product concerned. Infestation includes infection [CEPM, 1997; revised CEPM 1999].

Inspection Official visual examination of plants, plant products

or other regulated articles to determine if pests are

present and/or to confirm compliance with

phytosanitary regulations [FAO, 1990; revised FAO,

1995; formerly Inspect].

**International Plant Protection** 

Convention

**ISPM** 

International Plant Protection Convention, as deposited with FAO in Rome in 1951 and as

subsequently amended [FAO, 1990].

**IPPC** Abbreviation for the International Plant Protection

Convention.

International Standard for

Phytosanitary Measures

An international standard adopted by the Conference of FAO, the Interim Commission on Phytosanitary Measures or the Commission on Phytosanitary Measures established under the IPPC [CEPM, 1996;

revised CEPM, 1999].

Introduction The entry of a pest resulting in its establishment

[FAO, 1990; revised FAO, 1995; IPPC, 1997]

Abbreviation for International Standard on

Phytosanitary Measures.

The number of units of a single commodity Lot

> identifiable by its homogeneity of composition, origin, etc., forming part of a consignment. [FAO,

1990].

**MPI** Ministry for Primary Industries.

> Acronym for the Ministry for Primary Industries, which is the New Zealand national plant protection

organisation.

National plant protection

organisation

Official service established by government to

discharge the functions specified by the IPPC. [FAO,

1990; formerly plant protection organisation

(national)]

NPPO Abbreviation for national plant protection

organisation.

Official Established, authorised or performed by a national

plant protection organisation [FAO, 1990].

Pest Any species, strain or biotype of plant, animal or

pathogenic agent injurious to plants or plant products

[FAO, 1990; revised FAO, 1995; IPPC, 1997]

Note: For the purpose of this standard "pest"

includes an organism sometimes associated with the pathway, which poses a risk to human or animal or

plant life or health (SPS Article 2).

Pest free area An area in which a specific pest does not occur as

demonstrated by scientific evidence and in which, where appropriate, this condition is being officially

maintained [FAO, 1995].

Pest free production site A defined portion of a place of production in which a

specific pest does not occur as demonstrated by scientific evidence and in which, where appropriate, this condition is being officially maintained for a defined period and that is managed as a separate unit in the same way as a pest free place of production

[ISPM Pub. No. 10, 1999]

Phytosanitary certificate A certificate patterned after the model certificates of

the IPPC [FAO 1990].

Phytosanitary certification Use of phytosanitary procedures leading to the issue

of a phytosanitary certificate [FAO, 1990].

Phytosanitary measure Any legislation, regulation or official procedure

having the purpose to prevent the introduction and/or spread of pests, or to limit the economic impact of regulated non-quarantine pests [FAO, 1995; revised

IPPC, 1997; ISC, 2001]

Quarantine pest A pest of potential economic importance to the area

endangered thereby and not yet present there, or present but not widely distributed and (is) being officially controlled [FAO, 1990; revised FAO,

1995; IPPC 1997].

Regulated pest A quarantine pest or a regulated non-quarantine pest

[IPPC, 1997]

A pest of potential economic importance to

New Zealand and not yet present there, or present but either not widely distributed and being officially controlled, or a regulated non-quarantine pest, or having the potential to vector another regulated pest

into New Zealand.

Treatment Officially authorised procedure for the killing or

removal of pests or rendering pests infertile or for devitalisation [FAO, 1990, revised FAO, 1995; ISPM No. 15, 2002; ISPM No. 18, 2003].

Viable Capable of maintaining life, or able to live in a

particular environment and able to procreate.

#### **OUTLINE OF REQUIREMENTS**

This import health standard outlines the requirements that must be met prior to shipment, intransit and on arrival in New Zealand for fresh table grapes imported from the United States of America – State of California.

This standard is replicated at the following Internet address:

https://www.mpi.govt.nz/dmsdocument/1815-Table-Grapes-Vitis-vinifera-from-the-USA-California-Fresh-FruitVegetables-Import-Health-Standard

## NEW ZEALAND LEGISLATIVE REQUIREMENTS AND INTERNATIONAL OBLIGATIONS

All New Zealand import health standards are based upon risk analyses, which may assess either a commodity or a pest/pathway combination. New Zealand's legislative requirements and international obligations are taken into account when conducting risk analyses and applying the findings in the development of import health standards. The principal document for all New Zealand import health standards relating to plants and plant products is the Biosecurity Act 1993, whilst the international obligations derive principally from the guidelines on risk analysis developed under the auspices of the Interim Commission on Phytosanitary Measures operating within the framework of the International Plant Protection Convention, and the World Trade Organization Agreement on the Application of Sanitary and Phytosanitary Measures.

# IMPORT HEALTH STANDARD: FRESH FRUIT/VEGETABLES – TABLE GRAPES (*Vitis vinifera*) FROM THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA – STATE OF CALIFORNIA

# 1 Official contact point (New Zealand national plant protection organisation)

The official contact point in New Zealand for overseas NPPOs is MPI Biosecurity New Zealand. All communication pertaining to this import health standard should be addressed to:

Animal and Plant Health Biosecurity New Zealand Ministry for Primary Industries PO Box 2526 Wellington NEW ZEALAND

Fax: 64-4-894 0662

E-mail: PlantImports@mpi.govt.nz https://www.mpi.govt.nz/biosecurity/

# 2 General conditions for the importation of all plants and plant products

Plants and plant products are not permitted entry into New Zealand unless an import health standard has been issued in accordance with Section 24 (formerly s 22) of the Biosecurity Act 1993. Should plants or plant products, for which no import health standard exists, be intercepted by MPI Biosecurity New Zealand, the importer will be offered the option of reshipment or destruction of the consignment (at their expense).

The NPPO of the exporting country is requested to inform MPI Biosecurity New Zealand of any change of address.

The NPPO of the exporting country is required to inform MPI Biosecurity New Zealand of any newly recorded pests which may infest/infect any commodity approved for export to New Zealand.

Pursuant to the Hazardous Substances and New Organisms Act 1996, proposals for the deliberate introduction of new organisms (including genetically modified organisms) as defined by the Act should be referred to:

Environmental Protection Authority Private Bag 63002 Wellington 6140 NEW ZEALAND

Or neworganisms@epa.govt.nz

#### Note:

In order to meet the Environmental Protection Authority's requirements, the scientific name (i.e. genus and species) of the commodity must be included in the phytosanitary certificate.

#### 3 Explanation of pest categories

MPI Biosecurity New Zealand categorises pests associated with plants and plant products into regulated and non-regulated pests. Measures to prevent the establishment of regulated pests in New Zealand are developed in accordance with the appropriate FAO ISPMs and other relevant international standards.

Regulated pests are those pests for which actions would be undertaken if they were intercepted/detected. As well as quarantine pests, these include new organisms as defined by the Hazardous Substances and New Organisms Act 1996, pests that may pose a risk to human or animal health or to the environment, vectors of associated quarantine pests, and virulent strains (not present in New Zealand) of non-regulated pests and contaminants. Non-regulated pests are those pests for which actions would not be undertaken if they were intercepted/detected.

Pests (including weeds) associated with each commodity will appear on a separate pest list, which will be attached to each import health standard as an Appendix.

#### 4 Application of measures

A number of different measures may be applied to pests based on the outcome of pest risk analyses. Required measures may include:

- Surveillance for pest freedom
- Testing prior to export for regulated pests which cannot be readily detected by inspection (e.g. viruses on propagating material)
- Specific pre-shipment pest control activities to be undertaken by the supply

- country's contracting party
- The application of a pre-shipment treatment
- Inspection of the export consignment
- Issuance of a phytosanitary certificate which attests to the phytosanitary status of a consignment
- Treatment on arrival in New Zealand

#### 5 General conditions for fresh fruit/vegetables for consumption

Only clean, inert/synthetic material may be used for the protection, packaging and shipping of fresh fruit/vegetables.

A completed phytosanitary certificate issued by the exporting country's NPPO must accompany all consignments of fresh fruit and vegetables exported to New Zealand.

MPI Biosecurity New Zealand will inspect all consignments of fresh fruit and vegetables to verify that New Zealand's phytosanitary requirements have been met.

Where it has been determined through pest risk assessment that high impact pests are associated with a particular commodity more specific phytosanitary measures must be met. In most circumstances these phytosanitary measures will need to be met prior to arrival of the commodity in New Zealand.

6 Specific conditions for table grapes (commodity sub-class: fresh fruit/vegetables) from the United States of America – State of California

#### 6.1 PRE-SHIPMENT REQUIREMENTS

#### 6.1.1 Inspection of the consignment

MPI Biosecurity New Zealand requires that the United States of America NPPO sample and visually inspect the consignment according to official procedures for all the regulated pests specified by MPI Biosecurity New Zealand and ensure that it conforms with New Zealand's current import requirements. A phytosanitary certificate should not be issued if live regulated pest(s) are detected, unless the consignment is treated in order to eliminate these. If pests are found which are not listed in the import health standard, the United States of America NPPO must establish their regulatory status. This information is available in MPI's "Official New Zealand Pest Register" <a href="https://pierpestregister.mpi.govt.nz/">https://pierpestregister.mpi.govt.nz/</a>.

If a pest is not listed in this register, the United States of America NPPO must contact MPI

Biosecurity New Zealand (see Section 1) to establish the regulatory status of the pest.

#### 6.1.2 Testing of the consignment

Testing of the consignment prior to export to New Zealand for regulated pests which are not visually detectable (viz. fungi and bacteria) is not generally required for fresh table grapes from the United States of America - State of California.

#### 6.1.3 Phytosanitary measures for high impact pests

The strength of phytosanitary measures will generally be greater for high impact pests than for other regulated pests, reflecting the greater risks associated with these pests. In most circumstances phytosanitary measures for high impact pests will need to be met prior to arrival of the commodity in New Zealand, and phytosanitary certification will need to attest to this accordingly.

MPI Biosecurity New Zealand and the United States of America NPPO have agreed to the use of a pest free area as a phytosanitary measure for the high impact fruit fly species associated with table grapes.

MPI Biosecurity New Zealand requires the United States of America NPPO to undertake appropriate pest control activities for the other (non-fruit fly) high impact pests prior to the commodity arriving in New Zealand.

NOTE: "appropriate pest control activities" is a broad term that includes a range of phytosanitary measures. Examples of these measures are pest free areas, physical exclusion (such as bagging of fruit), chemical treatments etc.

#### **6.1.4 Documentation**

#### Bilateral quarantine arrangement/workplan: Required

Table grapes may only be imported into New Zealand from the United States of America (State of California) under the terms of the workplan.

Phytosanitary certificate: Required.

**Import permit/Authorisation to import:** Exempt under Gazette Notice: No. AG12, 13 July 1995.

#### 6.1.5 Phytosanitary certification

A completed phytosanitary certificate issued by the United States of America NPPO must accompany all table grape consignments exported to New Zealand.

Before a phytosanitary certificate is issued, the United States of America NPPO must be satisfied that the following activities required by MPI Biosecurity New Zealand have been undertaken.

The table grapes have:

(i) been visually inspected in accordance with appropriate official procedures and found to be free from any regulated pests

**AND** 

(ii) undergone appropriate pest control activities that are effective against:

Homalodisca coagulata
Xylella fastidiosa
Maconellicoccus hirsutus
The regulated spiders listed in Appendix 1 to this standard

Note: pest control activities are to comply with relevant health and safety requirements and food standards.

AND

(iii) undergone an agreed treatment that is effective against the associated fruit fly species of economic significance.

AND

(iii) undergone a pre-shipment treatment that is effective against *Drosophila suzukii*.

OR

(iv) if treatment is to be undertaken in-transit this must be recorded on the phytosanitary certificate as "in-transit cold treatment".

[The printouts of all temperature sensors or direct electronic downloads are to be made available to MPI at the port of arrival in New Zealand for final clearance of the container.]

#### 6.1.6 Additional declarations to the phytosanitary certificate

If satisfied that the pre-shipment activities have been undertaken, the United States of America NPPO must confirm this by providing the following additional declarations to the

phytosanitary certificate:

(i) This is to certify that the table grapes described herein have been inspected according to appropriate official procedures and are considered to be free from the quarantine pests specified by MPI and to conform with the current phytosanitary requirements of MPI, including those for regulated non-quarantine pests.;

NOTE: This additional declaration is not required if the phytosanitary certificate issued by the United States of America NPPO is in accordance with the model phytosanitary certificate annexed to the revised (1997) text of the FAO IPPC.

**AND** 

(ii) The table grapes in this consignment have been treated in accordance with Appendix 1(b) of the Workplan between MPI and USDA APHIS.

**AND** 

(iii) treated in accordance with the measures specified by MPI for the access of host material of *Drosophila suzukii* from the United States of America.

NOTE: Cold disinfestation completed pre-export must have treatment details such as date, temperature, and duration of the cold disinfestation included in the "Disinfestation and/or Disinfection Treatment" area of the phytosanitary certificate.

For cold disinfestation completed in-transit; printouts of all temperature sensors or direct electronic downloads are to be made available to MPI at the port of arrival in New Zealand for final clearance of the container.

#### **6.2 TRANSIT REQUIREMENTS**

The table grapes must be packed and shipped in a manner to prevent possible post-inspection/treatment infestation and/or contamination by regulated pests. Where a consignment is split or has its packaging changed while in another country (or countries) *en route* to New Zealand, a "Re-export Certificate" is required. Where a consignment is held under bond as a result of the need to change conveyances and is kept in the original shipping container, a "Re-export Certificate" is not required.

#### 6.3 INSPECTION ON ARRIVAL IN NEW ZEALAND

MPI Biosecurity New Zealand will check the accompanying documentation on arrival to confirm that it is correct and reconciles with the actual consignment.

MPI Biosecurity New Zealand requires, with 95% confidence, that not more than 0.5% of the units in a consignment are infested with visually detectable, regulated pests. To achieve this, MPI Biosecurity New Zealand will sample and inspect 600 units with an acceptance level of zero infested units (or equivalent), from the (homogeneous) lot.

MPI Biosecurity New Zealand also requires specific measures and sample inspection for regulated spiders, as documented in the "Procedures for the effective quarantine management of regulated spiders associated with the importation of fresh table grapes (*Vitis vinifera*) from California to New Zealand".

Note: there is a nil tolerance for fresh leaf material.

#### 6.4 BIOSECURITY/QUARANTINE DIRECTIVE

The consignment may be directed to a MPI Biosecurity New Zealand approved facility for further treatment if required.

#### 6.5 TESTING FOR REGULATED PESTS

MPI Biosecurity New Zealand may, on the specific request of the chief technical officer, test the consignment for regulated pests.

### 6.6 ACTIONS UNDERTAKEN ON THE INTERCEPTION/DETECTION OF PESTS/CONTAMINANTS

If regulated pests, extraneous plant material or trash are intercepted/detected with the commodity, or associated packaging, the following actions will be undertaken as appropriate (depending on the pest identified):

- Re-sorting (specific conditions apply) of the consignment
- Reshipment of the consignment
- Destruction of the consignment
- Treatment for those pests where an efficacious treatment is available
- The suspension of trade on the detection of high impact pests for which specific prearrival phytosanitary measures are required. Suspension of trade will continue until the cause of the non-compliance has been identified and corrective actions have

been implemented to the satisfaction of MPI Biosecurity New Zealand
Others as documented in *Procedures for the Effective Quarantine Management of Regulated Spiders Associated with the Importation of Fresh Table Grapes (Vitis vinifera) from California to New Zealand.* 

If an organism is intercepted/detected that is not on the pest list (appended to this document), the consignment will be held (or equivalent) until an assessment is undertaken to determine the organism's regulatory status and appropriate measures developed if required.

#### 6.7 BIOSECURITY CLEARANCE

If regulated pests are not detected or are successfully treated following interception/detection, biosecurity clearance will be given.

#### 6.8 AUDIT OF OFFSHORE MEASURES

MPI reserves the right to audit all processes that are undertaken offshore, including phytosanitary measures for high impact pests.

#### 6.9 FEEDBACK ON NON-COMPLIANCE

The United States of America NPPO will be informed by MPI Biosecurity New Zealand's chief technical officer of the interception (and treatment) of any regulated pests, "unlisted" pests, or non-compliance with measures specified in this import health standard.

#### Appendix 1 Pest List Commodity Sub-class: Fresh Fruit/Vegetables Vitis vinifera from the United States of America – State of California

Scientific name	Organism type	Common name	Quarantine status	Measures to prevent	Actions on interception
Vidella factidiaca DICI	Deet	Diamala dia	De audet1 #	introduction	4
Xylella fastidiosa [VO]	Bacterium	Pierce's disease	Regulated #	2	1
Alternaria vitis	Fungus	leaf disease	Regulated	2	1
Ascochyta ampelina	Fungus	leaf spot	Regulated	2	1
Ascochyta chlorospora	Fungus	-	Regulated	2	1
Briosia ampelophaga	Fungus	leaf blotch	Regulated	2	1
Coniella diplodiella	Fungus	white rot	Regulated	2	1
Grovesinia pyramidalis (anamorph Cristulariella moricola)	Fungus	target spot	Regulated	2	1
Mycosphaerella angulata (anamorph Cercospora brachypus)	Fungus	angular leaf spot	Regulated	2	1
Penicillium sp.	Fungus	rot	Regulated	2	1
Phoma vitis	Fungus	-	Regulated	2	1
Pseudopezicula tetraspora	Fungus	angular leaf scorch	Regulated	2	1
Pyrenochaeta vitis	Fungus	leaf spot	Regulated	2	1
Septoria ampelina	Fungus	septoria leaf spot	Regulated	2	1
Altica ampelophaga	Insect	flea beetle	Regulated	1	2
Altica chalybaea	Insect	grape flea beetle	Regulated	1	2
Altica gravida	Insect	metallic flea beetle	Regulated	1	2
Altica torquata	Insect	grapevine flea beetle	Regulated	1	2
Ampeloglypter ater	Insect	grape cane girdler	Regulated	1	2
Ampeloglypter sesostris	Insect	grape cane gallmaker	Regulated	1	2
Amyelois transitella	Insect	navel orangeworm	Regulated	1	2
Anasa tristis	Insect	squash bug	Regulated	1	2
Argyrotaenia citrana	Insect	orange tortrix	Regulated	1	2
Brevipalpus lewisi	Insect	bunch mite	Regulated	1	2
Caliothrips fasciatus	Insect	bean thrip	Regulated	1	2
Carneocephala fulgida [vect.]	Insect	red-headed sharpshooter	Regulated	1	2
Cerasphorus albofasciatus	Insect	grape trunk borer	Regulated	1	2
Colaspis brunnea	Insect	grape colaspis	Regulated	1	2
Colomerus vitis [leaf curling strain]	Insect	grape erineum mite	Regulated	1	2
Contarinia spp.	Insect	grape flower midges	Regulated	1	2
Craponius inaequalis	Insect	grape curculio	Regulated	1	2
Desmia funeralis	Insect	grape leaf-folder	Regulated	1	2
Drosophila suzukii	Insect	spotted wing Drosophila	Regulated	4	3
Draeculacephala minerva [vect.]	Insect	green sharpshooter	Regulated	1	2
Drepanothrips reuteri	Insect	grape thrips	Regulated	1	2
Eotetranychus carpini	Insect	tetranychid mite	Regulated	1	2
Eotetranychus willamettei	Insect	hazel mite	Regulated	1	2
Erythraspides vitis	Insect	grape sawfly	Regulated	1	2
Erythroneura comes	Insect	eastern grape leafhopper	Regulated	1	2

Scientific name	Organism type	Common name	Quarantine status	Measures to prevent introduction	Actions on interception
Erythroneura elegantula	Insect	western grape leafhopper	Regulated	1	2
Erythroneura variabilis	Insect	variegated grape leafhopper	Regulated	1	2
Erythroneura vinealis	Insect	leafhopper	Regulated	1	2
Erythroneura ziczac	Insect		Regulated	1	2
Estigmene acrea	Insect	saltmarsh caterpillar	Regulated	1	2
Eumorpha achemon	Insect	achemon sphinx	Regulated	1	2
Eumorpha satellitia	Insect	Pandora sphinx moth	Regulated	1	2
Eumorpha vitis	Insect	grapevine sphinx moth	Regulated	1	2
Euschistus conspersus	Insect	stink bug	Regulated	1	2
Evoxysoma vitis	Insect	grape seed chalcid	Regulated	1	2
Fidia viticida	Insect	grape root worm	Regulated	1	2
Frankliniella minuta	Insect	minute flower thrips	Regulated	1	2
Frankliniella occidentalis [pesticide resistant strain]	Insect	western flower thrips	Regulated	1	2
Graphocephala atropunctata [vect.]	Insect	blue-green sharpshooter	Regulated	1	2
Harrisina americana	Insect	grapeleaf skeletonizer	Regulated	1	2
Harrisina brillians	Insect	western grapeleaf skeletonizer	Regulated	1	2
Homalodisca coagulata [vect.]	Insect	glassy-winged sharpshooter	Regulated #	2a	3
Lasioptera vitis	Insect		Regulated	1	2
Lygris diversilineata	Insect	grapevine looper	Regulated	1	2
Maconellicoccus hirsutus	Insect	pink hibiscus mealybug	Regulated #	2b	2
Otiorhynchus cribricollis	Insect	cribrate weevil	Regulated	1	2
Paralobesia viteana	Insect	grape berry moth	Regulated	1	2
Paramyelois transitella	Insect	navel orangeworm	Regulated	1	2
Parthenolecanium persicae	Insect	European peach scale	Regulated	1	2
Planococcus ficus	Insect	fig mealybug	Regulated	1	2
Platynota stultana	Insect	omnivorous leafroller	Regulated	1	2
Pseudococcus maritimus	Insect	grape mealybug	Regulated	1	2
Scirtothrips citri	Insect	citrus thrips	Regulated	1	2
Tetranychus pacificus	Insect	Pacific spider mite	Regulated	1	2
Trialeurodes vittata	Insect	grape whitefly	Regulated	1	2
Vitacea polistiformis	Insect	grape root borer	Regulated	1	2
Viteus vitifoliae [strain]	Insect	grape phylloxera	Regulated	1	2
Baccharis halimifolia [contaminant]	Weed	baccharis	Regulated	1	2
Chondrilla juncea [contaminant]	Weed	skeleton weed	Regulated	1	2

Scientific name	Organism	Common name	Quarantine	Mossuros to	Actions on
Scientific fiditie	Organism type	Common name	status	Measures to prevent introduction	interception
Gnaphalium spp. (except G. americanum, G. audax, G. calviceps, G. coarctatum, G. delicatum, G. ensifer, G. gymnocephalum, G. involucratum, G. laterale, G. limosum, G. mackayi, G. nitidulum, G. paludosum, G. pensylvanicum, G. polylepis, G. purpureum, G. ruahinicum, G. simplicicaule, G. sphaericum, G. subfalcatum, G. traversii) [contaminant]		cudweed	Regulated	1	2
Lactuca spp. (except L. sativa, L. serriola, L. virosa) [contaminant]	Weed	lettuce	Regulated	1	2
Sonchus spp. (except S. arvensis, S. asper, S. oleraceus, S. kirkii) [contaminant]	Weed	sowthistle	Regulated	1	2
Xanthium spp. (except X. spinosum) [contaminant]	Weed	bur	Regulated	1	2
Tribulus spp. [contaminant]	Weed	caltrop	Regulated	1	2
Tribulus terrestris [contaminant]	Weed	caltrop	Regulated	1	2
Cenchrus spp. (except C. ciliaris) [contaminant]	Weed	grass	Regulated	1	2
Digitaria spp. (except D. aequiglumis, D. ciliaris, D. ischaemum, D. sanguinalis, D. setigera, D. violascens) [contaminant]	Weed	grass	Regulated	1	2
Echinochloa spp. (except E. crus-galli, E. crus-pavonis, E. esculenta, E. telmatophila) [contaminant]	Weed	grasses	Regulated	1	2
Eragrostis curvula [contaminant]	Weed	African love grass	Regulated	1	2
Panicum spp. (except P. capillare, P. dichotomiflorum, P. huachucae, P. maximum var. trichoglume, P. miliaceum, P. schinzii, P. sphaerocarpon) [contaminant]	Weed	-	Regulated	1	2
Pennisetum alopecuroides [contaminant]	Weed	Chinese pennisetum	Regulated	1	2
Pennisetum polystachion [contaminant]	Weed	mission grass	Regulated	1	2
Phragmites spp. [contaminant]	Weed	grass	Regulated	1	2
Poa spp. (except 52 specified species in NZ) [contaminant]	Weed	-	Regulated	1	2
Sorghum halepense [contaminant]	Weed	Johnson grass	Regulated	1	2
Sorghum x almum [contaminant]	Weed	Columbus grass	Regulated	1	2
Lycium spp. (except L. barbarum, L. ferocissimum) [contaminant]	Weed	boxthorn	Regulated	1	2
Solanum elaeagnifolium [contaminant]	Weed	silverleaf nightshade	Regulated	1	2
Cheiracanthium inclusum	Spider	yellow sac spider	Regulated	2a	2
Circurina spp.	Spider		Regulated	2a	2
Clubonia spp.	Spider		Regulated	2a	2
Euryopis spp.	Spider		Regulated	2a	2
Gea heptagon	Spider	orbweb spider	Regulated	2a	2
Latrodectus geometricus	Spider	brown widow spider	Regulated	2a	2

Scientific name	Organism type	Common name	Quarantine status	Measures to prevent	Actions on interception
	-71-			introduction	
Latrodectus hesperus	Spider	western black widow spider	Regulated	2a	2
Latrodectus mactans	Spider	black widow spider	Regulated	2a	2
Lycosa spp.	Spider		Regulated	2a	2
Oradrassus assimilis	Spider		Regulated	2a	2
Phidippus johnsoni	Spider	Johnson jumper	Regulated	2a	2
Alternaria alternata	Fungus	black stalk rot	Non regulated		NA
Aspergillus aculeatus	Fungus	aspergillus rot	Non regulated		NA
Aspergillus niger	Fungus	aspergillus rot	Non regulated		NA
Botryosphaeria dothidea (anamorph Fusicoccum aesculi)	Fungus	canker	Non regulated		NA
Botryotinia fuckeliana (anamorph Botrytis cinerea)	Fungus	grey mould	Non regulated		NA
Glomerella cingulata (anamorph Colletotrichum gloeosporioides)	Fungus	anthracnose	Non regulated		NA
Greeneria uvicola	Fungus	bitter rot	Non regulated		NA
Mycosphaerella personata (anamorph Pseudocercospora vitis)	Fungus	isariopsis blight	Non regulated		NA
Mycosphaerella tassiana (anamorph Cladosporium herbarum)	Fungus	black leaf spot	Non regulated		NA
Pleospora tarda (anamorph Stemphylium botryosum)	Fungus	black mould	Non regulated		NA
Rhizopus arrhizus	Fungus	wet rot	Non regulated		NA
Rhizopus stolonifer	Fungus	rhizopus soft rot	Non regulated		NA
Uncinula necator (anamorph Oidium tuckeri)	Fungus	powdery mildew	Non regulated		NA
Brevipalpus californicus	Mite	bunch mite	Non regulated		NA
Calepitrimerus vitis	Mite	grapeleaf rust mite	Non regulated		NA
Colomerus vitis [bud strain]	Mite	grape erineum mite	Non regulated		NA
Colomerus vitis [erineum strain]	Mite	grape erineum mite	Non regulated		NA
Pseudococcus calceolariae	Insect	citrophilus mealybug	Non regulated		NA
Pseudococcus longispinus	Insect	longtailed mealybug	Non regulated		NA
Pseudococcus viburni	Insect	obscure mealybug	Non regulated		NA
Tetranychus urticae	Mite	twospotted spider mite	Non regulated		NA
Cenchrus ciliaris [contaminant]	Weed	buffel grass	Non regulated		NA
Digitaria aequiglumis [contaminant]	Weed		Non regulated		NA
Digitaria ciliaris [contaminant]	Weed	summer grass	Non regulated		NA
Digitaria ischaemum [contaminant]	Weed	summer grass	Non regulated		NA
Digitaria sanguinalis [contaminant]	Weed	crab grass	Non regulated		NA
Digitaria setigera [contaminant]	Weed		Non regulated		NA
Digitaria violascens [contaminant]	Weed		Non regulated		NA
Echinochloa crus-galli [contaminant]	Weed	barn grass	Non regulated		NA
Echinochloa crus-pavonis [contaminant]	Weed	gulf barnyard grass	Non regulated		NA
Echinochloa esculenta [contaminant]	Weed	Japanese millet	Non regulated		NA
Echinochloa telmatophila [contaminant]	Weed		Non regulated		NA

Gnaphalium americanum [contaminant]	Weed	cudweed	Non regulated	•	NA
Gnaphalium audax [contaminant]	Weed	creeping cudweed	Non regulated		NA
Gnaphalium calviceps [contaminant]	Weed	silky cudweed	Non regulated		NA
Gnaphalium coarctatum [contaminant]	Weed	purple cudweed	Non regulated		NA
Gnaphalium delicatum [contaminant]	Weed	creeping cudweed	Non regulated		NA
Gnaphalium ensifer [contaminant]	Weed	creeping cudweed	Non regulated		NA
Gnaphalium gymnocephalum [contaminant]	Weed	creeping cudweed	Non regulated		NA
Gnaphalium involucratum [contaminant]	Weed	creeping cudweed	Non regulated		NA
Gnaphalium laterale [contaminant]	Weed	cudweed	Non regulated		NA
Gnaphalium limosum [contaminant]	Weed	creeping cudweed	Non regulated		NA
Gnaphalium mackayi [contaminant]	Weed	cudweed	Non regulated		NA
Gnaphalium nitidulum [contaminant]	Weed	cudweed	Non regulated		NA
Gnaphalium paludosum [contaminant]	Weed	cudweed	Non regulated		NA
Gnaphalium pensylvanicum [contaminant]	Weed	cudweed	Non regulated		NA
Gnaphalium polylepis [contaminant]	Weed	cudweed	Non regulated		NA
Gnaphalium purpureum [contaminant]	Weed	cudweed	Non regulated		NA
Gnaphalium ruahinicum [contaminant]	Weed	creeping cudweed	Non regulated		NA
Gnaphalium simplicicaule [contaminant]	Weed	cudweed	Non regulated		NA
Gnaphalium sphaericum [contaminant]	Weed	Japanese cudweed	Non regulated		NA
Gnaphalium subfalcatum [contaminant]	Weed	silky cudweed	Non regulated		NA
Gnaphalium traversii [contaminant]	Weed	cudweed	Non regulated		NA
Lactuca saligna [contaminant]	Weed	wild lettuce	Non regulated		NA
Lactuca sativa [contaminant]	Weed	lettuce	Non regulated		NA
Lactuca serriola [contaminant]	Weed	prickly lettuce	Non regulated		NA
Lactuca virosa [contaminant]	Weed	acrid lettuce	Non regulated		NA
Lycium barbarum [contaminant]	Weed	boxthorn	Non regulated		NA
Lycium ferocissimum [contaminant]	Weed	boxthorn	Non regulated		NA
Panicum capillare [contaminant]	Weed	witchgrass	Non regulated		NA
Panicum dichotomiflorum [contaminant]	Weed	smooth witchgrass	Non regulated		NA
Panicum huachucae [contaminant]	Weed	-	Non regulated		NA
Panicum maximum var. trichoglume	Weed	green panic	Non regulated		NA
[contaminant]			ŭ		
Panicum miliaceum [contaminant]	Weed	broomcorn millet	Non regulated		NA
Panicum schinzii [contaminant]	Weed	swamp panicum	Non regulated		NA
Panicum sphaerocarpon [contaminant]	Weed	-	Non regulated		NA
Pennisetum macrourum [contaminant]	Weed	African feather grass	Non regulated		NA
Poa acicularifolia subsp. acicularifolia	Weed		Non regulated		NA
[contaminant]					
Poa acicularifolia subsp. ophitalis	Weed		Non regulated		NA
[contaminant]					
Poa anceps subsp. anceps [contaminant]	Weed		Non regulated		NA
Poa anceps subsp. polyphylla [contaminant]			Non regulated		NA
Poa annua [contaminant]	Weed	annual poa	Non regulated		NA
Poa antipoda [contaminant]	Weed		Non regulated		NA
Poa astonii [contaminant]	Weed		Non regulated		NA

Poa aucklandica subsp. aucklandica	Weed		Non regulated		NA
[contaminant]	Wood		Non regulated	•	14/ (
Poa aucklandica subsp. campbellensis	Weed		Non regulated	•	NA
[contaminant]					
Poa aucklandica subsp. rakiura	Weed		Non regulated		NA
[contaminant]  Poa breviglumis [contaminant]	Weed		Non regulated		NA
Poa buchananii [contaminant]	Weed		Non regulated	•	NA
Poa bulbosa [contaminant]	Weed	bulbous poa	Non regulated	•	NA
Poa celsa [contaminant]	Weed	-	Non regulated	•	NA
Poa chathamica [contaminant]	Weed	_	Non regulated	•	NA
Poa cita [contaminant]	Weed	silver tussock	Non regulated	•	NA
Poa cockayneana [contaminant]	Weed	avalanche grass	Non regulated	•	NA
Poa colensoi [contaminant]	Weed	blue tussock	Non regulated	•	NA
Poa compressa [contaminant]	Weed	Dido tabbook	Non regulated	•	NA
Poa cookii [contaminant]	Weed		Non regulated		NA
Poa dipsacea [contaminant]	Weed		Non regulated		NA
Poa foliosa [contaminant]	Weed		Non regulated		NA
Poa hesperia [contaminant]	Weed		Non regulated		NA
Poa imbecilla [contaminant]	Weed		Non regulated		NA
Poa incrassata [contaminant]	Weed		Non regulated		NA
Poa infirma [contaminant]	Weed		Non regulated		NA
Poa intrusa [contaminant]	Weed		Non regulated		NA
Poa kirkii [contaminant]	Weed		Non regulated		NA
Poa labillardierei [contaminant]	Weed		Non regulated		NA
Poa lindsayi [contaminant]	Weed		Non regulated		NA
Poa litorosa [contaminant]	Weed		Non regulated		NA
Poa maia [contaminant]	Weed		Non regulated		NA
Poa maniototo [contaminant]	Weed	desert poa	Non regulated		NA
Poa matthewsii [contaminant]	Weed	-	Non regulated		NA
Poa nemoralis [contaminant]	Weed	-	Non regulated		NA
Poa novae-zelandiae [contaminant]	Weed	-	Non regulated		NA
Poa palustris [contaminant]	Weed	-	Non regulated	•	NA
Poa pratensis [contaminant]	Weed	Kentucky bluegrass	Non regulated	•	NA
Poa pusilla [contaminant]	Weed		Non regulated		NA
Poa pygmaea [contaminant]	Weed		Non regulated	•	NA
Poa ramosissima [contaminant]	Weed		Non regulated	•	NA
Poa schistacea [contaminant]	Weed		Non regulated	•	NA
Poa senex [contaminant]	Weed		Non regulated		NA
Poa sieberiana [contaminant]	Weed	rough poa tussock	Non regulated		NA
Poa spania [contaminant]	Weed		Non regulated		NA
Poa sublimis [contaminant]	Weed		Non regulated	•	NA
Poa subvestita [contaminant]	Weed		Non regulated	•	NA
Poa sudicola [contaminant]	Weed		Non regulated	•	NA
Poa tennantiana [contaminant]	Weed		Non regulated	•	NA
Poa trivisiio [contaminant]	Weed	والملم مامريم	Non regulated	•	NA
Poa trivialis [contaminant]	Weed	rough-stalked meadow grass	Non regulated	•	NA
Poa xenica [contaminant]	Weed	-	Non regulated		NA

Pseudognaphalium luteoalbum	Weed	jersey cudweed	Non regulated	•	NA
[contaminant]					
Sonchus arvensis [contaminant]	Weed	perennial sow thistle	Non regulated		NA
Sonchus asper [contaminant]	Weed	prickly sow thistle	Non regulated		NA
Sonchus kirkii [contaminant]	Weed	-	Non regulated		NA
Sonchus oleraceus [contaminant]	Weed	puha	Non regulated		NA
Xanthium spinosum [contaminant]	Weed	bur	Non regulated		NA
			•		

# identifies a regulated high impact pest

#### Measures to prevent introduction

- No measures as pest non regulated
- 1 Visual inspection of produce and associated packaging
- 2 Consignment must be free from extraneous plant material pests are associated with other plant parts (e.g., leaves, stems, flowers).
- 2a Undergone appropriate pest control activities
- 2b Pest free area (based on official detection survey)
- 3 Agreed offshore fruit fly treatment provided for in Bilateral Workplan
- 4 Approved generic treatment

#### Actions on interception

- NA No actions as pest is non regulated
- 0 No action due to low risk pathway
- 1 Removal of trash pests are associated with other plant parts (e.g., leaves, stems, flowers)
- 2 Treat, reship or destroy
- 2a Treat, reship or destroy. Suspend pathway
- 3 Reship or destroy. Suspend pathway