A BIBLIOGRAPHY OF NEW MEXICAN BOTANY.

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INTRODUCTION.

This paper has been prepared to give the student of New Mexican botany the obvious advantages of a special bibliography. Since no general flora of the Territory has been compiled, the results of the work of various earlier investigators are available only in scattered publications, some of them of such a character that they would not ordinarily be referred to. A reasonably complete bibliography will prevent oversights and save the labor of long and sometimes fruitless search.

A bibliography of New Mexican botany was suggested by the examination of a similar paper recently published in the University of Colorado Studies listing the literature of the plant life of that State. Several such lists of botanical papers had been published earlier, like those of Mr. C. V. Piper in his Flora of Washington and of Mr. J. W. Blankinship in the Montana Agricultural College Science Studies, but none that the writer has seen is so comprehensive as this more recent one. Piper lists but 54 titles and Blankinship still fewer, while for Colorado more than 500 publications are cited as dealing more or less directly with the flora of that State. The titles of the Colorado list cover a wide range of subjects, while those of the earlier ones were confined chiefly if not entirely to taxonomic botany.

The present paper is modeled upon that compiled for Colorado with certain modifications. The latter includes many titles useful only in ecological study, like those dealing with the meteorology and geology, and with the soils of the State. No such papers are entered here, because practically no work in plant ecology has been done in New Mexico, and it would require a specialist to select the publications that would be of use in that line of investigation.

The list is made up primarily of the works dealing with taxonomic botany, especially those in which new species are described from New Mexican material. Some definite references to New Mexican

specimens in monographs have been included. Articles dealing with plant distribution or ecology in the Southwest are mentioned whenever they are considered applicable to New Mexico. Publications upon economic botany have been cited in every case where found. No attempt has been made to complete the bibliography of the lower cryptogams; little is known of these in the Southwest.

This bibliography was prepared originally from the botanical library of the New Mexico Agricultural College, but at the National Herbarium several titles have been added. Some have been overlooked, no doubt. Most of the works listed are accessible in any good botanical library, but there have been included a few unpublished theses prepared by students of the Agricultural College and preserved in the library of that institution. Some of these are papers of considerable value.

LIST OF WORKS.

- Bailey, Vernon. Biological survey of Texas. U. S. Dept. Agr. Biol. Surv. N. Amer. Fauna 25: 1-222. 1903.
 - Contains notes upon life zones of southeastern New Mexico with maps showing distribution of certain plants in that and adjoining areas.
- Sleepy grass and its effect on horses. Science n. ser. 17: 392-393. 1903.
 An account of the properties of Stipa vaseyi, a New Mexican grass.
- ——— Sleepy grass. Plant World 6: 109-110. 1903.

 Abstract of the preceding.
- Bartlett, H. H. The geographic ranges of certain Junci poiophylli. Rhodora 11: 155-157. 1909.
 - Contains a discussion of the range of Juncus brachyphyllus with the conclusion that it has its type locality in New Mexico.
- Blount, A. E. Cañaigre. N. Mex. Agr. Exp. Sta. Bull. 14: 37-44, 1894.

 A discussion of Rumer hymenosepalus from an economic standpoint.
- **Bigelow**, J. M. General description of the botanical character of the country [traversed by Whipple's expedition]. Pac. R. Rep. 45: 1-16, 1856.
- —— Description of forest trees. Ibid. 17-26. Several of the trees are New Mexican.
- Blumer, J. C. Two junipers of the Southwest. Plant World 9: 86-91. 1906. The occurrence of Juniperus pachyphlora and J. monosperma is discussed.
- Bray, William L. On the relation of the flora of the lower Sonoran zone in North America to the flora of the arid zones of Chile and Argentina. Bot. Gaz. 26: 121-147. 1898.

This and the following papers, although not dealing directly with New Mexican botany, are of value because of their application to New Mexican areas.

- The ecological relations of the vegetation of western Texas. Bot. Gaz. 32: 99-123, 195-217, 262-291. 1901.
- The vegetation of the sotol country in Texas. Bull. Univ. Tex. 60: 1-24, 1905.
- ——— Distribution and adaptation of the vegetation of Texas. Bull. Univ. Tex. 82: 1-108. pl. 1-14. 1906.
- See also Uline, E. B.

- Briquet, John. Description de quelques espéces nouvelles ou peu connues du genre Brittonastrum. Ann. Cons. Jard. Genève 6: 157-162. 1902.

 Describes Brittonastrum greenei and B. neomericanum, from New Mexico.
- Britton, N. L. A new species of Cyperus. Bull. Torrey Club 11: 29. 1884.

 Describes Cyperus rusbyi, from New Mexico.
- John Strong Newberry. Bull. Torrey ('lub 20: 89-98. 1893. An account of the life of one of the earlier botanical explorers of New Mexico.
- ——, and Rose, J. N. New or noteworthy North American Crassulaceae. Bull. N. Y. Bot. Gard. 3: 1-45. 1903.

Describes 3 new species from New Mexico.

Bush, B. F. The North American species of Fuirena. Rep. Mo. Bot. Gard. 15: 87-99. 1905.

Several new species described, of which F. cylindrica is thought to come from New Mexico.

Canby, Wm. M. Some reminiscences of the late August Fendler. Bot. Gaz. 10: 285-290, 301-304, 319-322, 1885.

An account of the life of one of the earliest botanical collectors in New Mexico.

- Clements, F. E. See Pound, Roscoe.
- Cockerell, T. D. A. Life zones in New Mexico. Bull. N. Mex. Agr. Exp. Sta. 15: 52-59, 1895.

Treats the subject chiefly from an entomological standpoint, but mentions botanical aspects.

——— Some western weeds, and alien weeds in the West. Bot. Gaz. 20: 502. 1895.

Deals with the occurrence of certain native and introduced weeds in the Territory.

- Life zones in New Mexico. N. Mex. Agr. Exp. Sta. Bull. 24: 1-44. 1897.
 The life zones are defined by the occurrence of characteristic plants and animals in them.
- Notes on New Mexico flowers and their insect visitors. Bot. Gaz. 24: 104-107. 1897.

Localities for various plants are mentioned.

- Abnormal leaves and flowers. Bot. Gaz. 24: 293-294. 1897.

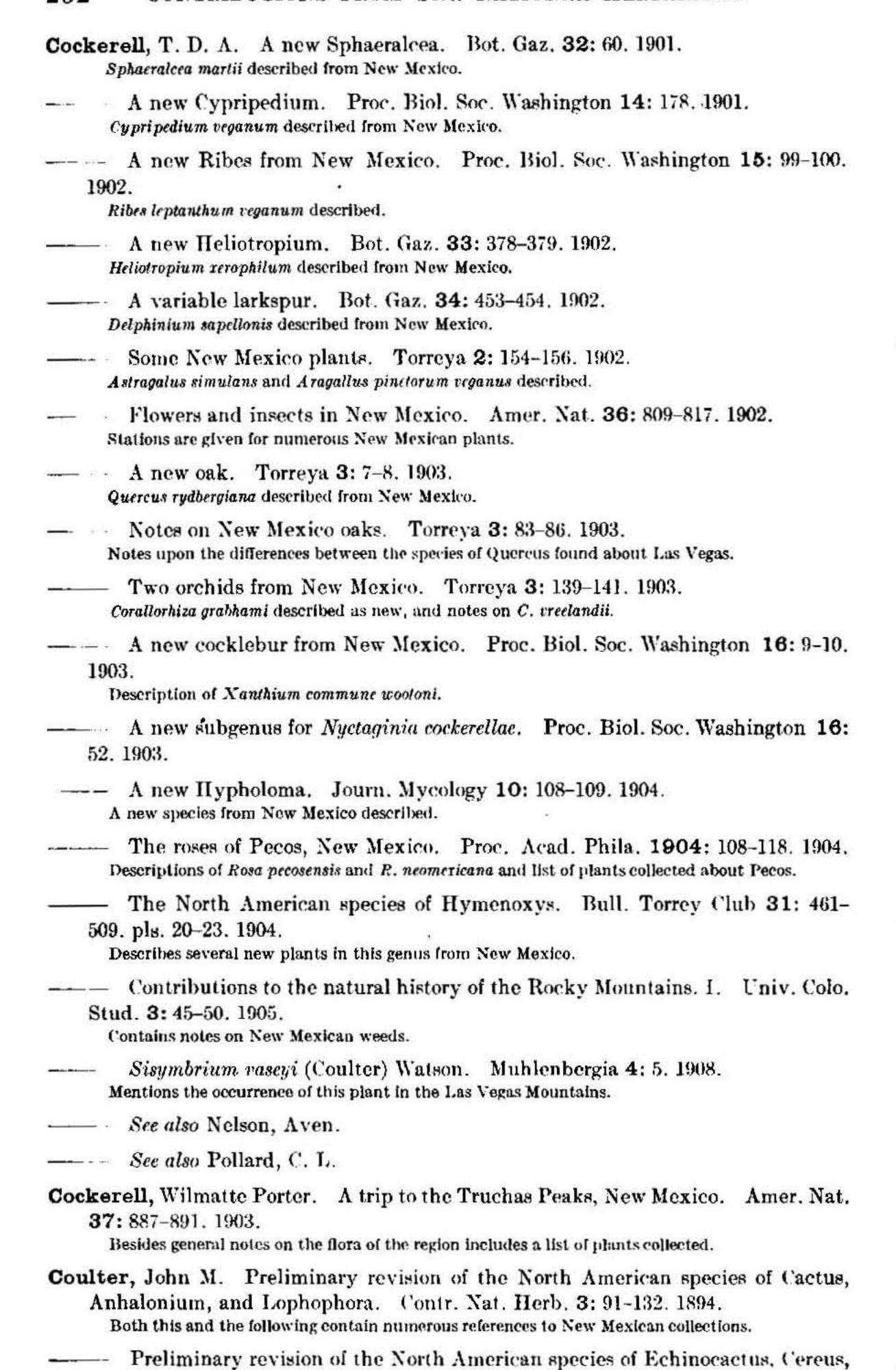
 Records the finding of abnormal forms of several New Mexican plants.
- ——— A new southwestern Sophia. Bull. Torrey Club 25: 460. 1898.
 Sophia halictorum described.
- ——— Eschscholtzia mexicana parvula. Bot. Gaz. 26: 279. 1898.
 Mentions the occurrence of this plant in southern New Mexico.
- Vernal phenomena in the arid region. Amer. Nat. 33: 39-43. 1899.
 An account of the date of flowering of various plants.
- An alien Clematis in New Mexico. Science n. ser. 10: 898-899. 1899.
 Mentions the introduction of Clematis cruz flava near Las Vegas, and describes the plant.
- Notes on some southwestern plants. Bull. Torrey ('lub 27: 87-89. 1900. Describes Sphaeralcea lobata perpallida from New Mexico.
- The lower and middle Sonoran zones in Arizona and New Mexico. Amer. Nat. 34: 285-293, 1900.

Discusses the occurrence of characteristic plants in these zones.

- Some plants of New Mexico. Bot. Gaz. 29: 280-281. 1900.
 Three new subspecies and one new hybrid described.
- —— A new Sophia. Bull. Torrey Club 28: 48-49, 1901.
 Sophia andrenarum and S. andrenarum osmiarum described as new.
- Flower and insect records from New Mexico. Entomological News 1901: 38-43, 1901.

Fallugia micrantha described.

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and Opuntia. Contr. Nat. Herb. 3: 367-462, 1896.

- Coulter, John M. Botany of Western Texas. Contr. Nat. Herb. 2: 1-588, 1891-94.
 Includes many of the plants of southern New Mexico.a
- Coulter, J. M., and Rose, J. N. Revision of the North American Umbelliferae. 261 p. Crawfordsville, Indiana, December, 1888.

Many species are referred definitely to New Mexican localities.

Many references are made to New Mexican collections.

Coville, Frederick V. Revision of the United States species of the genus Fuirena. Bull. Torrey Club 17: 1-8, 1890.

New Mexican material is mentioned.

- Three editions of Emory's Report, 1848. Bull. Torrey Club 23: 90-92. 1896.

 A discussion of the editions and dates of publication of one of the earliest works dealing with New Mexican botany.
- —— Ribes mescalerium, an undescribed currant from New Mexico and Texas. Proc. Biol. Soc. Washington 13: 195-198, 1900.
- —— and MacDougal, D. T. Desert Botanical Laboratory of the Carnegie Institution. Published by the Carnegie Institution. 58 p. November, 1903.

Contains an account of the Tularosa Desert and the White Sands, with notes upon their floras.

Dewey, L. H. Distribution of the Russian thistle in North America. Bot. Gaz. 20: 501, 1895.

Contains a map showing the occurrence of the weed in New Mexico.

Eastwood, Alice. Report upon a small collection of plants from the White Sands of New Mexico. Proc. Cal. Acad. Sci. III. 1: 72-75, 1897.

Includes descriptions of three new subspecies. The paper is accompanied by a note concerning the locality written by Prof. T. D. A. Cockerell.

Eaton, D. C. Ferns of the southwest. Rep. U. S. Geogr. Surv. Wheeler 6: 299-340.
1878.

New Mexican localities mentioned.

New or little known ferns of the United States, No. 11. Bull. Torrey Club 8: 111. 1881.

Mentions specimens from New Mexico.

- Eggleston, W. W. Cratacgus in New Mexico. 'Torreya 7: 235-236. 1907.

 Cratacgus wootoniana described.
- Emory, W. H. Notes of a military reconnaissance from Fort Leavenworth, in Missouri, to San Diego, in California. 416 p. 1848.

Contains numerous references to the general botanical features of the route.

Engelmann, George. [Report on Cactaceae.] In Emory, Mil. Recon. 157-158. pl. [13, 14]. 1848.

Describes three new cacti from New Mexico.

— Botanical appendix. In Wisliz, Mem. North, Mex. p. 87-115, 1848.
Includes descriptions of numerous new species from New Mexico.

a While this was not designed to cover New Mexican botany, it is nevertheless the only work that applies at all fully to the flora of southern New Mexico. On account of the close relationship existing between the flora of that district and that of western Texas, this book can be used as a manual of the flora of the southern part of the Territory, with many limitations of course. Doctor Coulter's work was published so many years ago that many new species have since been recognized in the floras of both areas; and many plants occur in southern New Mexico that are not found to the south and east in Texas.

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- Engelmann, George. Synopsis of the Cactaceae of the territory of the United States and adjoining regions. Proc. Amer. Acad. 3: 259-314, 1856. Numerous species described from New Mexico. [Euphorbia.] In Torrey, Botany of the boundary. See Torrey, John. --- Cactaceae of the Boundary. In Bot. Mex. Bound., i. e., in Emory, U.S. & Mex. Bound. Surv. 21[b]: 1-78. pl. 1-75. 1859. Contains descriptions of numerous New Mexican species. Description of the Cactaceae. Pac. R. Rep. 45: 27-58. pl. 1-24. 1856. Many New Mexican Cactaceae described. Revision of the Oenotherae of the subsection Onagra. In A. Gray's enumeration of the plants of Doctor Parry's collection in the Rocky Mountains. Supplement 2. Amer. Journ. Sci. II. 34: 333-335, 1862. A new subspecies described from New Mexico. Some additions to the North American flora. Bot. Gaz. 6: 235-238, 1881. Portulaca suffrutescens described from New Mexico. Ensign, Edgar T. Report on the forest conditions of the Rocky Mountains, especially in the State of Colorado, the Territories of Idaho, Montana, Wyoming, and New Mexico. U. S. Dept. Agr. For. Div. Bull. 2: 41-152, 1889. Contains a list of the trees of New Mexico.
- Evans, W. H. Hydrangeaceaceae. N. Amer. Fl. 22: 174. 1905.

 Description of Philadelphus mearnsii from New Mexico.
- Ferguson, A. M. Crotons of the United States. Rep. Mo. Bot. Gard. 12; 33-73, pls. 4-31, 1901.

Numerous references to New Mexican collections.

- Ferns of New Mexico. Bull. Torrey ('lub 8: 36, 1881.

 A list of the ferns collected in New Mexico by II. II. Rusby.
- Fisher, E. M. Revision of the North American species of Hoffmanseggia. Contr. Nat. Herb. 1: 143-150, 1892.

Hoffmanseggia falcaria rusbyi described as new.

- Gerard, W. R. Some fungi from New Mexico. Bull. Torrey ('lub 8: 34. 1881. Includes description of Accidium rusbyi.
- Goss, Arthur. Ash analyses of some New Mexico plants. N. Mex. Agr. Exp. Sta. Bull. 44: 1-14. 1903.

Contains the results of analyses of the ash of various native plants of southern New Mexico.

Gray, Asa. Plantae Fendlerianae Novi-Mexicanae: An account of a collection of plants made chiefly in the vicinity of Santa Fe, New Mexico, by August Fendler; with descriptions of the new species, critical remarks, and characters of other undescribed or little known plants from surrounding regions. Mem. Amer. Acad. n. ser. 4: 1-116. 1849.

The earliest work of importance dealing with New Mexican botany. Contains descriptions of many new species from New Mexico.

- —— Plantae Wrightianae Texano-Neo-Mexicanae. Parts I, II, Smiths, Contr. Knowl. 3: 1-146. 1852; 5: 1-119. 1853.
 - Part I, treating of a collection of plants made by Charles Wright in an expedition from Texas to New Mexico in 1849, contains descriptions of one or two New Mexican plants. Part II, on a collection made by Charles Wright in western Texas, New Mexico, and Sonora in 1851 and 1852, contains descriptions of many such plants.
- ——— Brief characters of some new genera and species of Nyctaginaceae, principally collected in Texas and New Mexico. Amer. Journ. Sci. II. 15: 319-324. 1853.

 Boerhaavia purpurascens described from New Mexico.
- Plantae novae Thurberianae: The characters of some new genera and species of plants in a collection made by George Thurber, esq., of the late Mexican Boundary Commission, chiefly in New Mexico and Sonora. Mem. Amer. Acad. n. ser. 5: 297-328, 1854.

Several new species described from New Mexico.

Gray, Asa. [Compositae, etc.] In Torrey, Botany of the Boundary. See Torrey, John.
Synopsis of the North American species of Physalis. Proc. Amer. Acad.
10: 62-68. 1864.
Includes description of Physalis fendleri. Characters of new plants of California and alsowbore principally of those
Characters of new plants of California and elsewhere, principally of those collected by W. H. Brewer Proc. Amer. Acad. 7: 327-401. 1867. Three new species described from New Mexico.
Revision of the North American Polemoniaceae. Proc. Amer. Acad. 10:
247-282. 1870.
Several new subspecies described from New Mexico.
———— Characters of new species, etc. Proc. Amer. Acad. 12: 54-84, 1876. Descriptions of Galium brandegei and Stachys rothrockii from New Mexico.
——— Classification of the botanical collections made during the San Juan recon-
naissance of 1877, in Colorado and New Mexico. Annual report of the Chief of Engineers for 1878, Appendix SS, 1833-40, 1878.
No new species described from New Mexico, but the occurrence of numerous plants in the north-western part of the Territory is mentioned.
Miscellaneae of the North American Flora. Proc. Amer. Acad. 16: 105-108.
1880.
A new species and a new subspecies described from New Mexico.
Novitiae arizonicae : Characters of the new plants of certain recent
collections, mainly in Arizona and adjacent districts. Proc. Amer. Acad. 17:
199–230, 1882.
Several new species described from New Mexico. Characters of new Compositors with revisions of cortain govern and aritical
Characters of new Compositae, with revisions of certain genera, and critical notes. Proc. Amer. Acad. 19: 1-73, 1883. Erigeron neomexicanus and Senecio neomexicanus described as new.
—— Miscellaneous genera and species. Proc. Amer. Acad. 19: 74-96, 1883.
Sambucus melanocarpa described from New Mexico.
Synoptical flora of North America, vol. I, pt. II, 480 p.; vol. II, pt. I, 494 p.
New York, 1886. Contains descriptions of several new plants from New Mexico.
——— Revision of some polypetalous genera and orders precursory to the Flora of North America. Proc. Amer. Acad. 22: 270-306. 1887. Sida neomericana described from New Mexico.
Gray, Asa, and Torrey, John. Revision of the Eriogoneae. Proc. Amer. Acad.
8: 146-200. 1870.
Eriogonum microthecum fendlerianum described from New Mexico.
Greene, E. L. Notes on certain silkweeds. Bot. Gaz. 5: 64-65, 1880. Asclepias uncialis described from near Silver City.
——— New species of plants from New Mexico. Bot. Gaz. 6: 156-158, 1881. Six species described.
——— New plants of New Mexico and Arizona. Bot. Gaz. 6: 183-185, 1881. Four of these from New Mexico.
——— On the colors of some western flowers Bot. Gaz. 6; 198, 1881.
———— New plants from New Mexico and Arizona. Bot. Gaz. 6: 217-219. 1881. Five new species from New Mexico.
New species of plants, chiefly New Mexican. Bull. Torrey Club 8: 97-99.
1881.
Five new species from New Mexico.
New species of plants, chiefly New Mexican. Bull. Torrey Club 8: 121-123.
1881. Six new species described from New Mexico.
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Greene, E. L. New western plants. Bull. Torrey Club. 9: 62-65. 1882. Four of the new species New Mexican.
New plants. Bull. Torrey Club 10: 41-42. 1883. Including Artemisia franscrioides from New Mexico.
— Enumeration of the North American Loti. Pittonia 2: 133-150. 1890. Lotus neomezicanus described from New Mexico.
[Note on Agare parryi in New Mexico.] Erythea 1: 52. 1893.
Another bad guess at a name. Erythea 1: 143-144. 1893.
Reference to Rumex hymenosepalus. ———— Some species of Dodecatheon. Erythea 3: 37-40. 1890. Dodecatheon radicatum new from New Mexico.
——— New or noteworthy species. XV. Pittonia 3: 13-28. 1896. Eriogonum densum and Rhamnus betulacfolia included as new.
New or noteworthy species. XIX. Pittonia 3: 212-230. 1897 Trifolium fendleri of New Mexico included as new.
- New Compositae from New Mexico. Bull. Torrey Club 25: 117-124. pl.
330-334. 1898. Sixteen new species and one new subspecies described from the collections made by I'rof. E. O. Wooton in 1897.
Studies in the Compositae. VII. Pittonia 3: 264-298. 1898. Three new species described from New Mexico.
—— New or noteworthy species. XXIII. Pittonia 3: 343-349. 1898. Three new species described from New Mexico.
New western species of Rosa. Pittonia 4: 10-14, 1899. Rosa suffulta described from northern New Mexico.
New choripetalous exogens. Pittonia 4: 14-21, 1899. Three new species of Draba described from New Mexico.
——— A decade of new Gutierrezias. Pittonia 4: 53-58. 1899. Five of them from New Mexico.
New or noteworthy species. XXIV. Pittonia 4: 68-72. 1899. Argemone squarrosa and Lesquerella valida included as new.
— West American Asperifoliae. IV. Pittonia 4: 86-97, 1899. Two new species from New Mexico.
 New or noteworthy species. XXVI. Pittonia 4: 98-101. 1899. New Mexican collections mentioned.
— A fascicle of new Senecios. Pittonia 4: 108-124. 1900. Contains notes on Senecio fendicri of New Mexico.
— A decade of new Pomaceae. Pittonia 4: 127-131. 1900. Two new species described in Amelanchier and one in Sorbus.
— A fascicle of new Papilionaceae. Pittonia 4: 132-139, 1900. Five new species from New Mexico.
New or noteworthy species. XXVII. Pittonia 4: 146-158. 1900. Three new species from New Mexico.
——— A decade of new Gentianaceae. Pittonia 4: 180-186. 1900. Frascra venosa described from New Mexico.
- Studies in the Cruciferae. III. Pittonia 4: 187-207. 1900.
New species from New Mexico under Arabis and Cheiranthus.
——— New or noteworthy species. XXVIII. Pittonia 4: 233-241, 1901. Four new species described from New Mexico.
——— New species of Cerastium. Pittonia 4: 297–304, 1901.
One of them based, partly at least, on New Mexican material. New or notoworthy species XXIX Pittonia 4: 218 320 1001
New or critical species of Acer. Pittonia 5: 1-4. 1902. Acer neomexicanum described from New Mexico.

Viola neomericana described.
A fascicle of new Compositae. Pittonia 5: 55-64. 1902.
Thelesperma formosum and Chrysothamnus confinis, New Mexican species.
——— New species of Apocynum. Pittonia 5: 64-66. 1902.
A pocynum laurinum New Mexican.
——— North American species of Amarella. Leaflets 1: 53-56. 1904. Amarella revoluta and A. cobrensis from New Mexico.
——— Some western buckthorns. Leaflets 1: 63-65. 1904.
Two new species of Rhamnus from New Mexico.
New species of Ceanothus. Leaflets 1: 65-68. 1904. Includes Ceanothus mogollonicus from New Mexico.
Two new Sophiae. Leaflets 1: 96, 1904.
Sophia obtusa and S. serrata, both New Mexican.
Three new Heucheras. Leaflets 1: 111-112. 1905. Two of them from New Mexico.
——— Segregates of the genus Rhus. Leaflets 1: 114-144, 1905. Three new species from New Mexico.
——— New plants from southwestern mountains. Leaflets 1: 145-154. 1905.
Numerous new species described from New Mexico.
New species of Chaptalia, Leaflets 1: 158, 1905. Chaptalia alsophila from New Mexico.
——— New or noteworthy species. Leaflets 1: 199-200. 1905.
Dalea urceolata new from New Mexico.
Some west American red cherries. Proc. Biol. Soc. Washington 18: 55-60.
Cerasus crenulata new from New Mexico.
New plants from New Mexico. Leaflets 1: 211-214. 1906.
Eight new species described.
——— Four streptanthoid genera. Leaflets 1: 224-229, 1906. Two species of Disaccanthus described from New Mexico.
The genus Ptelea in the western and southwestern States and Mexico.
Contr. Nat. Herb. 10: 49-78. 1906. Six new species from New Mexico.
A study of Rhus glabra. Proc. Washington Acad. Sci. 8: 167-196. 1906. Rhus sorbifolia described from northern New Mexico.
A new species from New Mexico. Repert. Nov. Sp. Fedde 6: 161, 1908.
—— New species of the genus Mimulus. Leaflets 2: 1-8. 1909. Mimulus cordains described from New Mexico.
— New western Asteraceae. Leaflets 2: 8-13. 1909.
Pyrrocoma amplectens new from New Mexico.
— Novitates Boreali-Americanae. III. Species novae generis Aconiti. Re-
pert. Nov. Sp. Fedde 7: 1-6. 1909. Two from New Mexico.
——— Novitates Boreali-Americanae. IV. Repert. Nov. Sp. Fedde 7: 195-197.
1909. Describes two New Mexican species of Gutierrezia.
Two of them from New Mexico.
Three new Astragali. Leaflets 2: 42-3. 1910. One new species from New Mexico.
Certain American roses. Leaflets 2: 60-64, 1910. Rosa mirifica described from New Mexico.

- Greene, E. L. Studies of Thalictraceae. II. Leaflets 2: 89-94, 1910.
 Includes a new species from the Territory.
- Greenman, J. M. See Robinson, B. L.
- Griffiths, David. Concerning some west American smuts. Bull. Torrey Club 31: 83-88. 1904.

Includes notes upon some from New Mexico.

———— Illustrated studies in the genus Opuntia. II. Rep. Mo. Bot. Gard. 20: 81-95. pl. 2-13. 1909.

Describes Opuntia dillei from southern New Mexico.

Griffiths, David, and Hare, R. F. Prickly pear and other cacti as food for stock. N. Mex. Agr. Exper. Sta. Bull. 60: 1-134, 1906.

Includes descriptions of several New Mexican Cactaceae, statement of the localities in which they occur, and chemical analyses of some of them.

- ——— The tuna as food for man. N. Mex. Agr. Exp. Sta. Bull. 64: 1-88. 1907. Contains notes upon the utilization of certain New Mexican Cactaceae for food.
- Hare, R. F. See Griffiths, David.
- —— Cañaigre. N. Mex. Agr. Exp. Sta. Bull. 49: 1-15, 1904.
 Discussion of the chemical composition of Rumer hymenosepalus and of its economic importance.
- Haussknecht, C. Monographie der Gattung Epilobium. 318 p. Jena, 1884.
 Pages 237 to 279 deal with the North American representatives of the genus; Epilobium fendleri and E. novomericanum described from New Mexico.
- Havard, Dr. V. Drink plants of the North American Indians. Bull. Torrey Club 23: 33-46. 1896.

References made to customs of Indians of New Mexico.

- Heimerl, Anton. Studien über einige Nyctaginaceen des Herbarium Delessert. Ann. Cons. Jard. Genève 5: 177-197. 1901.
 Four new subspecies described from New Mexico.
- Heller, A. A. Notes on Kuhnistera. Bull. Torrey Club 23: 117-125. 1896.

Rather extensive notes upon one New Mexican species.

Two botanists in New Mexico. Plant World 1: 21-24. 1897.

- An account of Professor and Mrs. Heller's collecting trip in northern New Mexico in 1897.
- Notes on plants of New Mexico. Bull. Torrey Club 24: 477-480. 1897.
 Mention made of the peculiarities and distribution of various plants.
- ——— New and interesting plants from New Mexico. Minn. Bot. Stud. 2: 33-35. 1898.

Three new species described.

——— New plants from western North America. I. Bull. Torrey ('lub 25: 193-201. pl. 338-340. 1898.

Six new species from New Mexico.

New and interesting plants from western North America. IV. Bull. Torrey ('lub 25: 626-629, 1898.

Linum australe described from New Mexico.

New and interesting plants from western North America. VI. Bull. Torrey ('lub 26: 547-552, 1899.

Aragallus pinetorum and Mertensia pratensis new species from New Mexico.

New and interesting plants from western North America. VII. Bull. Torrey Club 26: 588-593. 1899.

New Mexican localities mentioned for several new species.

——— New and interesting plants from western North America, VIII. Bull. Torrey Club 26: 621-627, 1899.

Three new Drabas from New Mexico described.

Hough, Myrtle Zuck. Plant names of the southwestern United States. Plant World 3: 137-139. 1900.

Lists local names for several New Mexican plants.

Johnston, J. R. A revision of the genus Flaveria. Proc. Amer. Acad. 39: 279-292, 1903.

Contains references to New Mexican collections.

- Jones, Marcus E. Contributions to western botany. No. 3. Zoe 3: 283-309. 1893. Contains notes upon New Mexican specimens of Astragalus bigelovii.
- Contributions to western botany. No. 4. Zoe 4: 22-54. 1893.
 Contains references to New Mexican material.
- —— Contributions to western botany. No. 3. The Navajo Basin. Zoe 4: 366-367. 1894.

Part of the area treated is in New Mexico.

- Contributions to western botany, No. 8. 43 p. 1898.
 Two new species of Astragalus from New Mexico.
- Land, W. J. G. Spermatogenesis and oogenesis in *Ephedra trifurca*. Bot. Gaz. 38: 1-18. pl. 1-5, 1904.

The material upon which the work was based came from southern New Mexico.

Liebmann, F. M. [Without title.] Overs. Dansk. Vidensk. Selsk. Forh. 1854: 170, 1854.

Quercus fendleri described from New Mexico.

- MacBride, T. H. The slime moulds of New Mexico. Proc. Iowa Acad. Sci. 12: 33-38, 1905.
 - A list of species collected by the author in New Mexico.
- The Alamogordo desert. Science n. ser. 21: 90-97. 1905.

A discussion of the botanical and geological features of the White Sands and the surrounding country.

- MacDougal, D. T. See Coville, Frederick V.
- Mackenzie, K. K. Notes on Carex. II. Bull. Torrey Club 34: 151-155. 1907.

 Carex neomericana described from New Mexico.
- Notes on Carex. III. Bull. Torrey Club 34: 603-607, 1907.
 A new species described from New Mexico.
- Mead, I. R. Study of the life of the tornillo zone. Thesis, New Mexico Agricultural College. MS. in library N. Mex. Agr. Coll.

Contains the results of observations upon the plants and insects of certain parts of the Mesilla Valley.

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Many of the trees listed are from New Mexican localities, some of them species not before reported from the Territory.

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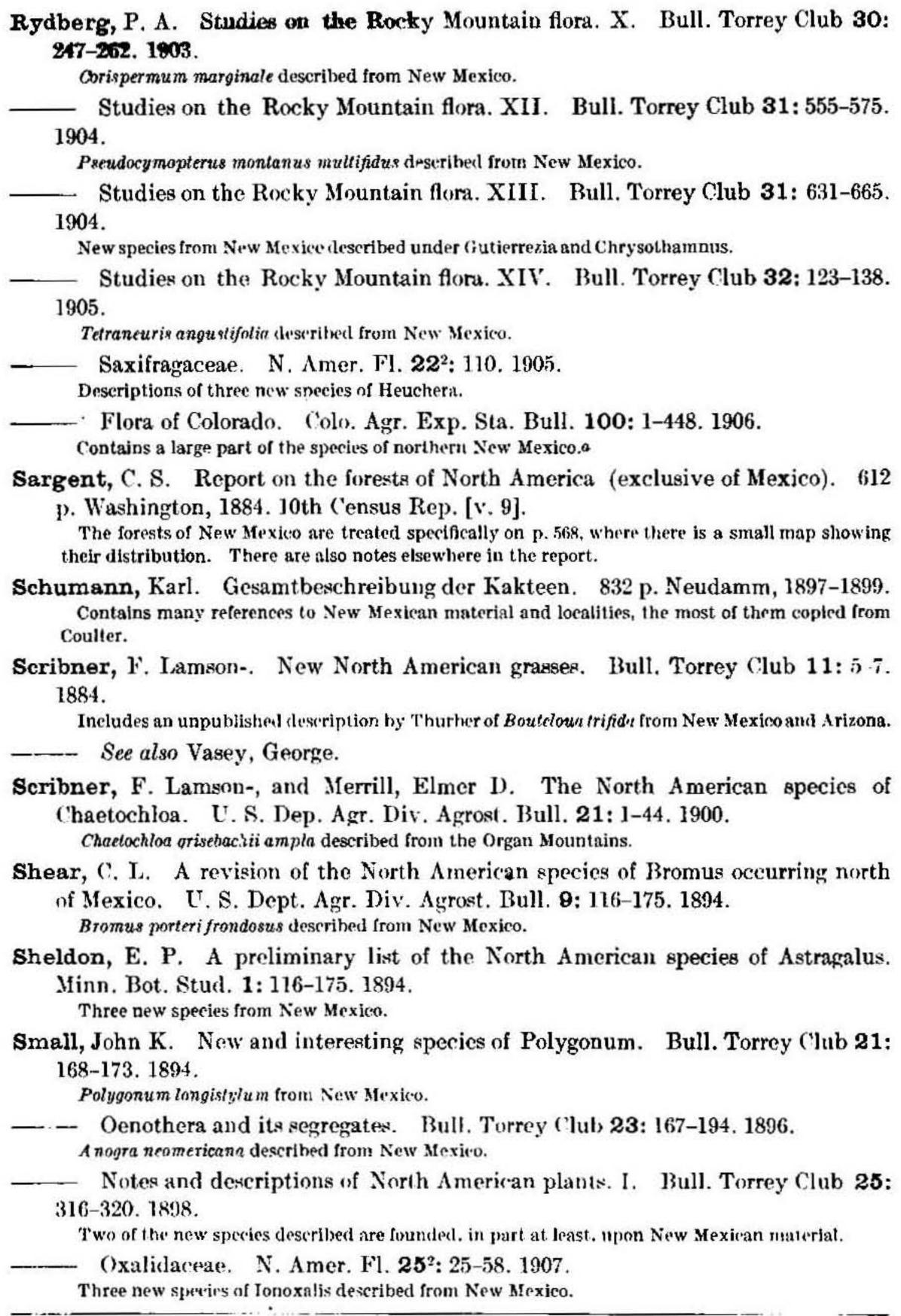
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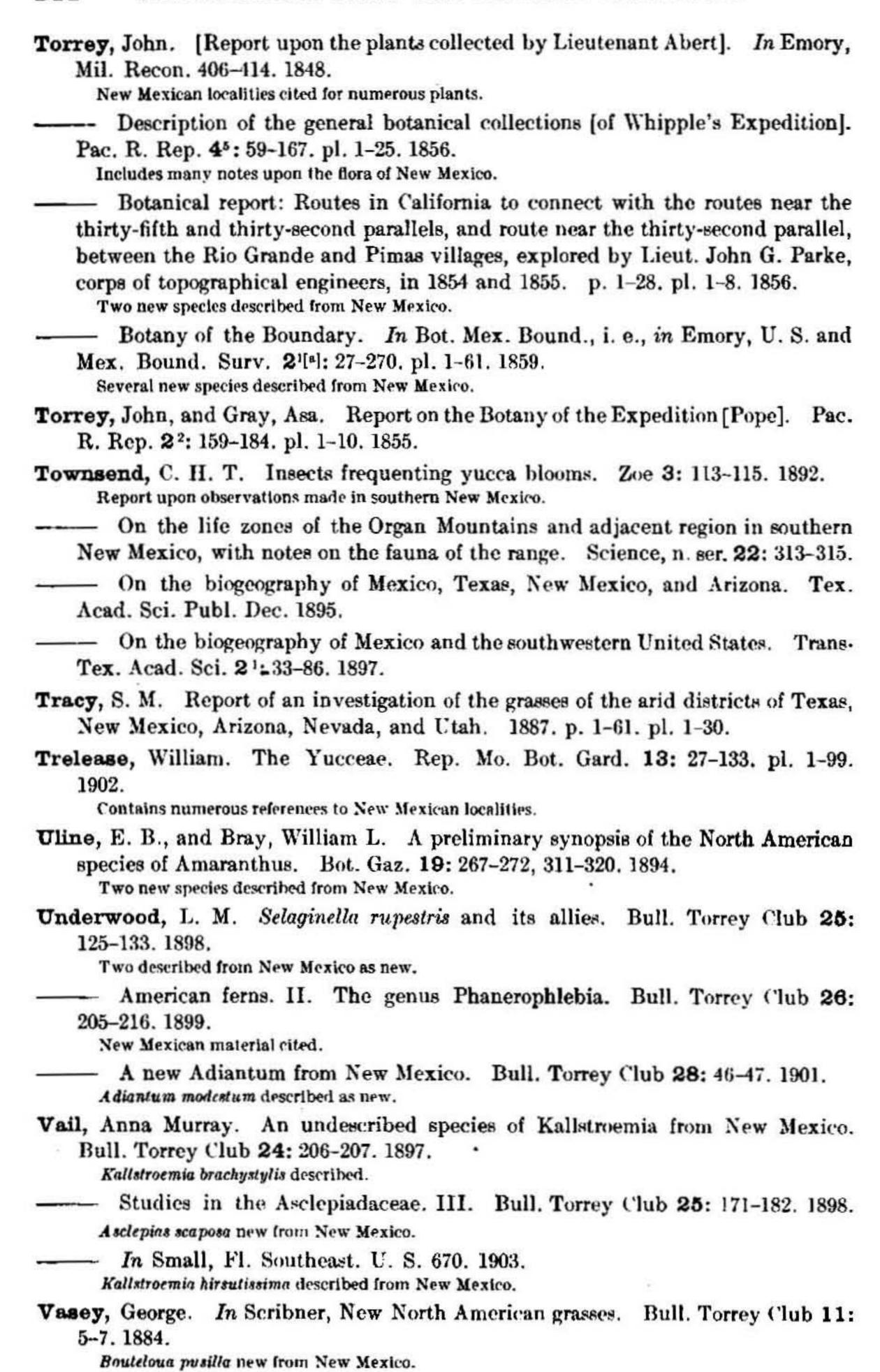
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