



# International Journal of Multidisciplinary Research and Development



Volume: 2, Issue: 5, 143-149  
 May 2015  
[www.allsubjectjournal.com](http://www.allsubjectjournal.com)  
 e-ISSN: 2349-4182  
 p-ISSN: 2349-5979  
 Impact Factor: 3.762

**A.Sh. Ibragimov**  
 Doctor of Biological Sciences,  
 professor Head of the  
 department "Systematics of  
 plants" of the Institute of  
 Bioresources Nakhchivan  
 Branch of the National  
 Academy of Sciences of  
 Azerbaijan

**F.Kh. Nabiyeva**  
 Candidate of agricultural  
 sciences, docent,  
 Leading researcher of the  
 department "Systematics of  
 plants" Nakhchivan,  
 Azerbaijan

**Correspondence:**  
**F.Kh. Nabiyeva**  
 Candidate of agricultural  
 sciences, docent,  
 Leading researcher of the  
 department "Systematics of  
 plants" Nakhchivan,  
 Azerbaijan

## Analysis endemics of the Nakhchivan Autonomous Republic of Azerbaijan

**A.Sh. Ibragimov, F.Kh. Nabiyeva**

### Abstract

For the first time, we have made a list consisting of 3013 species of Nakhchivan flora and gave the systematic, bio-morphological, ecological and geographical analyses of flora. In the territory of Nakhchivan AR there are 112 species of Azerbaijan and 219 the Caucasus endemics. 199 species (105 – Caucasus, 94 - Azerbaijan) must be removed, because they are in the territory of Iran, Turkey and Armenia.

**Keywords:** vegetation, flora, genus, species, endemic, analysis

### 1. Introduction

A separate, physically isolated, area of land- the Autonomous Republic of Nakhchivan Is situated in the southwest of the Lesser Caucasus, in a typical mountainous. It has borders with Iran (163 km, some of which lies along the Araz River), Turkey (11 km) and Armenia (224 km). Nakhchivan covers some 5,362 km<sup>2</sup> and at its widest the territory stretches 158 km (from northeast to south-west).

The highest point in Nakhichevan Autonomous Republicis Gapijig mountain (3,906 m). Other important mountain ranges include the Zangazur and Daralayaz ranges in the northeast of the region, where there are a number of peaks over 3,000 m. A third of the territory of Nakhchivan is covered by grassland/steppe, totaling some 172 km<sup>2</sup>, of which some 10,000 ha is salinated. Within the Nakhchivan Autonomous Republic there are around 400 water bodies, all associated with the Araz basin. The larger rivers in the territory are the Araz, Shargi Arpachay, Nakhchivanchay and Gilanchay. The area supports a number of natural lakes (including Batabat, Ganligol, Goy gol, and Salvarti gol) as well as reservoirs (including the Araz reservoir). The area also supported a number of kahrizes (systems of subterranean irrigation canals), although the number has declined significantly from 400 to around 182, and there is a danger that further springs will be lost.

The Autonomous republic Nakhchivan has particularly continental climate, with over 2800 hours of sunshine annually recorded in the Araz steppes. Rainfall in Nakhchivan varies between 200 and 600 mm, with low humidity throughout. Minimum and maximum recorded temperatures in the region are -30°C and +40°C respectively. The area is characterized by hot dry winds, which blow 50-70 days of the year (above 1,000 m) [10].

### Experimental Part

The Autonomous Republic of Nakhchivan is an important centre of plant endemism and supports over 50% of the endemic plants found in Azerbaijan. Endemism is particularly high within a number of botanical families, including legumes and peas, roses and wild cherries, asters and wormwoods and grasses (endemism is high in *Fabaceae*, *Rosaceae*, *Asteraceae* and *Poaceae*). Recent re-evaluation suggests the territory has 112 country endemics, and 219 regional (Caucasian) endemics, and an additional (331) 73 plants are locally distributed within Iran and Turkey. Approximately 65 endemic species and sub-species are found only in Nakhchivan, including *Scrophularia nachiczevanica*, *Stipa isajevi*, *S.karjaginii* and *Pyrethrum ordubadica* [2, p. 55-56; 4, p. 15; 5, 6, p. 54-62].

Out of the 25000 accession, which are collected during exploration, have been established “Herbaria fund” in the Nakhchivan on the bases of own collection. Second “Herbaria fund” was established in the “Bioecology laboratory “at the GRI. For the present there are 2800 herbaria’s in this fund.

For the first time, have been study agrophytocenois together with the natural vegetative cover. In the structure of vegetative cover have been studied that there are 3013 plant species, which

consists of 5 sectors, 61 rows, 4 classes, 6 subclasses, 177 families and 914 genera. This is forming 66,69% of Azerbaijan flora and 43% of Caucasus flora. For the first time 24 families, 115 genera, 222 species, 1 subclass, 1 row have been added to the Nakhchivan flora. From them 3 species are Azerbaijan, 17 species are Caucasus endemics. 3 species are new for Azerbaijan flora, 8 species are new for Caucasus flora. For Nakhchivan flora and gave the systematic, biomorphological, ecological and geographical analyses of flora. According to the vital forms there are 86 (2,85%) species of trees, 251 (8,34%) shrubs, 1806 (59,94 %) half-shrubs, 870 (28,87 %) perennial, annual, biennial and species of annual-biennial grass crops. For the first time, have been study grass crops. For the first time, have been study agrophytocenoses together with the natural vegetative cover [7, 8, 9, 10, p. 130-135].

For the first time, we have made a list consisting of 3013 species of Nakhchivan flora and gave the systematic, biomorphological, ecological and geographical analyses of flora [3]. In the territory of Nakhchivan AR there are 112 species of Azerbaijan endemics and 219 are the Caucasian endemics. 199 species (105 Caucasus and 94 Azerbaijan endemics) must be discarded, because they are in the territory of Iran, Turkey and Armenia. New mathematical formules are given to cover project and productivity of phytosenoz. 1650 dominant, subdominant and identificator plant species have been identifid for fuld plant. Development plant dynamity,changes and seed productivity of phytosenoz.

For the first time, it was identified the spreading region of the 326 plant species and the geographical areal types. They are belonging to 12 classes of the 7 geographical areal types. In accordance with the international phytoselogical code on the basis of dominant-determinant principles we gave the complete classification of vegetation. In the territory of Nakhchivan rocky, pseudomakkus, steppe, desert, semi-desert, forests, frigans, meadows, water-bogs (17 vegetation types) and gammadus are widely spread. The full

classification of steppe vegetation and analytical map of Azerbaijan steppe vegetation were compiled. Under classify 17 type, 16 subtypes, 4 phytocoenosis types, 21 classes formation, 310 group formation, 13 subgroup formation, 430 formation, 1700 association were advanced. To be guided by the many year's results of the exploration, have been sparated 7 altitude zones, 4 botanical-geographical regions, 15 flora regions and 62 geobotanical regions. We determined the continuation and course of successions taking place in them and the classification of each vegetation type is given in the level of formation and association. Have been found in tens new plant groupings, phytocoenosis [1, p. 68-72].

The existences of the birch and birch wood in the history of the Nakhchivan Autonomous Republic (NAR) have been confirmed by our exploration. In 2001 have been found its new areals (Bilev, Paragha, Behrud, Soyuqdagh), and oak wood, which is area is 350-400 hectare, in the territory of the Ordubad region in the Kilit village. It is called Pah-Qalaba forest, Sefil forest and Shefa Menzili forest. It was proved by theoretical and practical, that the districts of NAR are not determined correctly during the divisibility of the Caucasus region to the botanical-geographical provinces. For the some floristic and phytocenological characteristics Sherur-Derelyez, the south-west part of Iran and Armenia should be concern to the Nakhchivan botanical region. From this view point, this division in the years of 1909 and 1927 couldn't consider correctly, and it is expedient new division.

We had applied new mathematical formula for the study of the project cover phytocoenosis and related to them learning its productivity and we concerned these results to the analogical areas. The vegetation types of qammada, efemer-qalyant, and others for Nakhchivan territories have been found for the first time and its morphological, ecological, phytoselogical and physiognomical characteristics are determined.

**Table 1:** The information on existing situation of endemic plant species in Nakhchivan AR flora

Latin and Azerbaijan name of the plant	Endemic			In the neighouring regions
	Caucasus	Azerbaijan	Only in Nakhchivan AR	
<i>Allium dictyoprasum</i> C.A.Mey.ex Kunth.	+			
<i>A.affine</i> Ledeb. ( <i>A. transcaucasicum</i> Grossh.)	+			
<i>A. pseudoampeloprasum</i> Miscz. ex Grossh.	+			
<i>A.leucanthum</i> C. Koch	+			
<i>A.mariae</i> Bordz.		+	+	
<i>A.woronowii</i> Miscz.ex Grossh.		+	+	
<i>A.leonidii</i> Grossh.		+	+	
<i>A.kunthianum</i> Vved.	+			+
<i>A.syntanthum</i> C.Koch	+			+
<i>A.materculae</i> Bordz.		+		+
<i>A.viride</i> Grossh.	+			+
<i>Alchimilla sedelmeyeriana</i> Juz.	+			+
<i>A. amicta</i> Juz.		+	+	
<i>A. grossheimii</i> Juz.	+			
<i>A. ortotricha</i> Juz.	+			
<i>A. epipsila</i> Juz.	+			
<i>A.smirnovii</i> Juz.	+			
<i>Aethionema diastrophis</i> Bunge	+			
<i>Anabasis eugeniae</i> Iljin	+			
<i>Anabasis eugeniae</i> Iljin		+	+	
<i>Asparagus persicus</i> Baker	+			
<i>Aconitum nasutum</i> Fisch.ex Reichenb.	+			
<i>Atropatenia rostrata</i> (N.Busch.) F.K.Mey.		+	+	
<i>Arabis carduchorum</i> Boiss.	+			
<i>Amygdalus natica</i> Fed. et Takht.	+			

<i>Androsace kozo-poljanskii</i> Ovcz	+			
<i>A. raddeana</i> Somm.et Levier	+			
<i>A.lehmanniana</i> Spreng.	+			
<i>Arctium transcaucasicum</i> Sosn.	+			
<i>Astragalus cancellatus</i> Bunge	+			+
<i>Astraquulus szovitsii</i> Fisch.		+		+
<i>A.shelkovnikovii</i> Grosssh.		+		+
<i>A. conspicus</i> Boriss.	+			+
<i>A. aznabjurticus</i> Grosssh.		+	+	
<i>A. schachbuzensis</i> Rzazade		+	+	
<i>A. nachitschevanicus</i> Rzazade		+	+	
<i>A.euoplus</i> Trautv.	+			
<i>A.insidiosus</i> Boriss.		+	+	
<i>A.badamlensis</i> Chalilov		+	+	
<i>Astraquulus karakuschensis</i> Gontsch.		+	+	
<i>A. regelii</i> Trautv.		+	+	
<i>A. gezeldarensis</i> Grosssh.	+			
<i>A. kochianus</i> Sosn.	+			
<i>A. hajastanus</i> Grosssh.	+			
<i>A. goktschaicus</i> Grosssh.	+			
<i>A. chalilovii</i> Grosssh. et Fed.		+	+	
<i>A. ordubadensis</i> Grosssh.	+		+	
<i>A.prilipkoanuus</i> Grosssh.	+		+	
<i>A.achundovii</i> Grosssh.ex Fed.		+	+	
<i>A.erivanensis</i> Bornm.et Woronow	+			
<i>A.montis-aqulis</i> Grosssh.		+	+	
<i>A.johannis</i> Rzazade		+		+
<i>Astracantha barba-carpinus</i> Podlech		+	+	
<i>A.vedicus</i> (Takht.) Czer.	+			
<i>A.jucundus</i> (Al.Theod.,Fed.et Rzazade) Podlech		+	+	
<i>A.gudrathi</i> (Al.Theod.,Fed.et Rzazade) Podlech	+		+	
<i>A.flavirubens</i> (Al.Theod., Rzazade) Podlech	+			
<i>Alyssum stapfii</i> Vierh. ( <i>A.buschianum</i> Grosssh.)		+	+	
<i>Aphanopleura trachysperma</i> Boiss.	+			
<i>Bellevalia longistila</i> (Miscz.) Grosssh.		+	+	
<i>B.pycantha</i> (C.Koch) Losinsk	+			
<i>B.zygomorpha</i> Woronow.		+		
<i>Bromus tzvelevii</i> Musayev et Sadichov		+	+	
<i>Camelina sativa</i> (L.) Grantz.	+			
<i>Carlina acaulis</i> L.	+			
<i>Cymatocarrus grossheimii</i> N Busch.		+	+	
<i>Cirsium tricholoma</i> Fisch. ex C. A. Mey.		+		+
<i>C.sinuatum</i> (Trautv.) Boiss.	+			+
<i>C.megriticum</i> Charadze	+			
<i>C.schelkownikowii</i> Petrak.	+			
<i>Carum caucasicum</i> (Bieb.) Boiss.	+			+
<i>Crataegus caucasica</i> C. Koch.	+			+
<i>C. armena</i> Pojark.	+			
<i>C.cynovskisii</i> Kassumova		+	+	
<i>Colutea komarovii</i> Takht.		+	+	
<i>Cephalaria nachiczevanica</i> Grosssh.		+	+	
<i>C.armeniaca</i> Bordz.	+			
<i>Cephalorynchus kirpicznikovii</i> Grosssh.		+	+	
<i>Campanula karakuschensis</i> Grosssh.		+	+	
<i>C.bayerniana</i> Rupr.( <i>C.elegantissima</i> Grossh.)	+			
<i>C.daralaghezica</i> (Grossh.) Kolak.et Serdjukova	+			+
<i>C.zangezura</i> (Lipskyi) Kolak et Serdjukova	+			+
<i>C.trautvetteri</i> Grosssh. ex Fed.	+			
<i>Chamerion transcaucasicum</i> Manden	+			
<i>Ch.caucasicum</i> (Willd.) Boiss.	+			
<i>Chamaemelum nobile</i> (L.) All.	+			
<i>Colchicum szovitsii</i> Fisch. et C. A. Mey.	+			
<i>C.zangezurum</i> Grosssh.	+			
<i>Celtis caucasica</i> Willd.	+			+
<i>Carduus seminudus</i> Bieb.	+			
<i>Cousinia lomkinitii</i> C. Winkl.	+			
<i>Centaurea fischeri</i> Schlecht		+	+	
<i>Cotoneaster saxatilis</i> Pojark		+	+	
<i>Crepis karakuschensis</i> Czer.		+	+	

<i>Draba brunifolia</i> Stev.	+			
<i>D.bryoides</i> DC.	+			
<i>D.siliguosa</i> Bieb.	+			+
<i>Dianthus raddeanus</i> Vierh.	+			+
<i>D. subulosus</i> Freyn et Conrath	+			
<i>Delphinium foetidum</i> Lomak.	+			
<i>D.flexuosum</i> Bieb.	+			
<i>D.buschianum</i> Grossh.	+			
<i>D. caucasicum</i> C.A. Mey.	+			
<i>D.lomakinit</i> Kem.-Nath.		+	+	
<i>Doronicum macrophyllum</i> Fisch.ex Hornem.	+			
<i>D.oblongifolium</i> DC.	+			
<i>Dorema glabrum</i> Fisch. et C.A.Mey.		+	+	
<i>Dracocephalum botryoides</i> Stev.	+			+
<i>D.multicaule</i> Montbr.	+			+
<i>Echinops orientalis</i> Trautv. ( <i>E.arachinus</i> Mulk.)	+			+
<i>E.polygamus</i> Bunge ( <i>E.grossheimii</i> Iljin)	+			
<i>Elytrigia heydermaniae</i> Tzvel.		+	+	
<i>Eurhrasia georgica</i> Kem.-Nath.	+			
<i>E.caucasica</i> Juz.	+			
<i>Euphorbia leucographus</i> Bunge	+			
<i>E.marschalliana</i> Boiss.	+			+
<i>E.nutans</i> Lag.				
<i>E.grossheimii</i> Prokh		+	+	
<i>Eryngium wanaturi</i> Woronow	+			
<i>Erysimum chazarjurti</i> N.Busch.	+			
<i>E.lilacinum</i> Steinb.	+			
<i>E.leptophyllum</i> (Bleb.) Andrz.		+	+	
<i>E.buschii</i> M.Kassumov		+	+	
<i>E.subulatum</i> J. Gay. ( <i>E.iljinii</i> M.Kassumov)		+	+	
<i>E.crassipes</i> Fisch. et C.A.Mey	+		+	
<i>E.wagifii</i> M.Kassumov		+	+	
<i>E.nachiczevanicum</i> M.Kassumov		+	+	
<i>Fritillaria caucasica</i> Adams	+			+
<i>Fuernrohria setifolia</i> C.Koch.	+			
<i>Ferula oopoda</i> (Boiss. et Buhse) Boiss.		+	+	
<i>Gagea alexeenkoana</i> Misch.	+			+
<i>G.caroli-kochii</i> Grossh.	+			+
<i>G.improvisa</i> Grossh.		+	+	
<i>Galium czerepanovii</i> Pobed.		+	+	
<i>G.consanguineum</i> Boiss.	+			
<i>G.achurense</i> Grossh.		+	+	
<i>G.atropatanum</i> Grossh.		+	+	
<i>G.bulbatum</i> Lipsky		+	+	
<i>G.hyrcanum</i> C.A.Mey. ( <i>G.grossheimii</i> Pobed.)		+	+	
<i>Gypsophila szovitsii</i> Fisch. et C.A.Mey. ex Fenzl.	+			+
<i>G.stevenii</i> Fisch.ex Schrank	+			
<i>G.lipskyi</i> Schischk.	+			
<i>Dianthus caucasicus</i> Smith. ( <i>G.discolor</i> Smith.)	+			
<i>D.raddeanus</i> Vierh.	+			
<i>D.subulosus</i> Freun et Conrath.	+			
<i>Hylotelephium caucasicum</i> H. Ohba.	+			
<i>Hypericum formosissimum</i> Takht.		+	+	
<i>H.atropatanum</i> Rzazade			+	
<i>H.helianthoides</i> (Spach) Boiss.	+		+	
<i>Haplophyllum villosum</i> (Bieb.) G.Don fil.	+			+
<i>H.schelkovnikovii</i> Grossh.		+	+	+
<i>Hedysarum ibericum</i> Bieb.	+			+
<i>H.cericeum</i> Bieb.	+			+
<i>H.caucasicum</i> Bieb.	+			
<i>Helichrisum araxinum</i> Takht. et Kirp.		+	+	+
<i>Hieracium cincinnatum</i> Fries.	+			
<i>H.perileucum</i> (Schischk. et Zahn.) Juxip.	+			
<i>H.akinfewii</i> Woronow et zahn.	+			
<i>Heracleum pastinacifolium</i> C.Koch.	+			+
<i>H.schelkovnikovii</i> Woronow	+			
<i>Iris spuria</i> subsp. <i>I.musulmanica</i> Fomin	+			+
<i>I.paradoxa</i> Stev.	+			+
<i>I.iberica</i> Hoffm.	+			+

<i>I.philipkoana</i> Kem.- Nat.	+			
<i>I.grossheimii</i> Woronow ex Grossh.		+	+	
<i>I.limbata</i> Lindl. ( <i>I.sulphurea</i> C.Koch.)	+			
<i>I.lycotis</i> Woronow		+	+	
<i>Irydodictyon hyrcanum</i> Rodionenko		+		
<i>Juno schischkini</i> (Grossh.) Czer.		+	+	
<i>I.caucasica</i> (Hoffm) Klatt.	+			
<i>I.pseudocaucasica</i> (Grossh.)	+			+
<i>Inula mariae</i> Bordz.	+			
<i>Jurinea spectabilis</i> Fisch.et C.A.Mey.	+			
<i>Lathyrus rotundifolius</i> Willd.	+			+
<i>L.atropatanus</i> (Grossh.) Sirj		+	+	
<i>Lactuca georgica</i> Grossh.	+			
<i>Lotus caucasicus</i> Kuprian.ex Juz	+			
<i>Limonium fischeri</i> (Trautv.) Lincz.		+	+	
<i>Linum subbisflorum</i> Juz.		+	+	
<i>L.hypericifolium</i> Salisb.		+	+	
<i>Linaria zangezura</i> Groosh.	+			
<i>L.megrica</i> Tzvel. ( <i>L.ordubadica</i> Tzvel.)	+			
<i>L.schelkownikowii</i> Schischk.	+			
<i>Cardaria propingua</i> Fisch. et C.A.Mey.	+			
<i>Medicago caucasica</i> Vass.	+			+
<i>Melica schischkinii</i> Iljinsk.		+	+	
<i>Milium transcaucasicum</i> Tzvel.		+	+	
<i>Muscari leicostomum</i> Woronow ex Gzerniak		+		
<i>Malabaila sulcata</i> Boiss.	+			
<i>Marrubium nanum</i> Knorr.		+	+	
<i>Melampurum chlorostachyum</i> Beauverd	+			
<i>M.caucasicum</i> Bunge.	+			
<i>Melilotoides biflora</i> (Griseb.) Czer				
<i>Nepeta strictifolia</i> Pojark		+	+	
<i>N.zangezura</i> Groosh.	+			+
<i>N.mussinii</i> Spreng. ( <i>N.transcaucasica</i> Grossh.)	+			
<i>N.noraschenica</i> Grossh .		+	+	
<i>N.trautvetteri</i> Boiss. et Buhse ( <i>N.velutina</i> Pojark)	+			
<i>N.schischkinii</i> Pojark.		+		+
<i>N.betonicifolia</i> C.A.Mey.		+		+
<i>N.erivanensis</i> Pojark.	+			
<i>Neurotropis armena</i> (N.Busch) Czer.		+	+	
<i>N.szovitsiana</i> (Boiss.) C.A.Mey		+	+	
<i>Noccea tatianae</i> (Bordz.) F.K.Mey	+		+	
<i>Nonnea rosea</i> (Bieb.) Link.	+			+
<i>Onobrychis transcaucasica</i> Grossh.	+			+
<i>O.hajastana</i> Groosh.	+			+
<i>O.heteropylla</i> C.A. Mey.	+			+
<i>O.radiata</i> (Desf.) Bieb.	+			
<i>O.cyri</i> Grossh	+			
<i>Orobanche raddeana</i> G.Besk	+			+
<i>Ornithogalum brachystachys</i> C.Koch.	+			+
<i>O.schelcovnikovii</i> Groosh	+			
<i>O.balansae</i> Boiss. ( <i>Schmalhausenii</i> Albov)	+			+
<i>O.trancaucasicum</i> Miscz. ex Grossh.	+			
<i>Oxytropis karjaginii</i> Grossh.	+			+
<i>O.lupinoides</i> Groosh.ex Fed.		+	+	
<i>Onosma gracilis</i> Trauty	+			
<i>Pimpinella aromatica</i> Bieb.		+		
<i>Populus canescens</i> (Ait.) Smith ( <i>P.hibrida</i> Bieb.)	+			
<i>P.sosnovskyi</i> Grossh.	+			
<i>P.gracilis</i> Grossh.	+			
<i>Pyrus zangezura</i> Maleev	+			
<i>P.voronovii</i> Rubtz.	+			
<i>P.nutans</i> Rubtz.	+			
<i>P.medvedevii</i> Rubtz.	+			
<i>P.raddeana</i> Woronow	+			
<i>Potentilla lomakinii</i> Lomakini	+			
<i>P.conferta</i> Bunge ( <i>P.agrimonioides</i> Bieb.)	+			+
<i>P.szovitsii</i> Th.Wolf	+			+
<i>Pyrethrum ordubadense</i> Manden		+	+	
<i>P.komarovii</i> Sosn.		+	+	

<i>P.punctatum</i> (Desr.) Bordz. ex Schischk.	+			
<i>Polygala hohenasperiana</i> Fisch. et C.A. Mey.	+			+
<i>Polygonum bellardii</i> All. ( <i>P.tiflensis</i> Kom.)	+			
<i>Pedicularis crassirostris</i> Bunge.	+			
<i>Peltariopsis grossheimii</i> N.Busch.		+	+	
<i>Ribes biebersteinii</i> Berl.ex DC.		+		
<i>Rubus ibericus</i> Juz.	+			
<i>Rosa tuschetica</i> Boiss.	+			
<i>R.nizami</i> Sosn.		+	+	
<i>R.sachokiana</i> P.Jarosch.	+			
<i>R.karjaginii</i> Sosn.		+	+	
<i>R.marschalliana</i> Sosn.	+			
<i>R.zangezura</i> P.Jarosch	+			
<i>R.sosnovskyana</i> Tamamsch.	+			
<i>R.kazarjanii</i> Sosn.	+			
<i>R.hraciana</i> Tamamsch.	+			
<i>R.sosnovskiana</i> Chrshan.	+			
<i>R.brotherorum</i> Chrshan.	+			
<i>R.pulvurulenta</i> Bieb		+	+	
<i>R.buschiana</i> Chrshan.	+			
<i>R.orientalis</i> Duront ex Ser	+			
<i>Ranunculus grandiflorus</i> L. ( <i>R.elegans</i> C.Koch)	+			
<i>Rhynchosorys orientalis</i> (L) Benth.	+			
<i>Salsola cana</i> C.Koch	+			
<i>S.futilis</i> Iljin		+	+	
<i>S.tomentosa</i> (Mog.) Spach,		+	+	
<i>S.nitraria</i> Pall. ( <i>S.macera</i> Lity.)	+			
<i>S.tamamschjanae</i> Iljin	+			+
<i>S.dzulphensis</i> Grossh.		+	+	
<i>S.nodulosa</i> (Mog.) Iljin	+			+
<i>Salvia pachystachya</i> Trautv.	+			+
<i>S.limbata</i> C.A. Mey.	+			+
<i>S.suffruticosa</i> Montbr.et Auch, ex Benth		+	+	
<i>S.reuteriana</i> Boiss. ( <i>S.nachiczeanica</i> Pobed.)		+	+	
<i>S.andreji</i> Pobed.		+	+	
<i>Scilla mischichenkoana</i> Grossh.		+	+	
<i>S.sibirica</i> Haw.	+			
<i>S.armena</i> Grossh.	+			
<i>Scorzonera czerepanovii</i> R.Ram.	+			+
<i>Scrophularia atropatana</i> Groosh.		+	+	+
<i>S.nachitschevanica</i> Grossh.		+	+	
<i>S.cinerascens</i> Boiss. ( <i>S.grossheimii</i> Schischk.)	+			
<i>S.thesoides</i> Boiss.et Buhse.		+	+	
<i>S.variegata</i> Bieb.	+			+
<i>Sedum corymbosum</i> Grossh.	+			+
<i>Silene prilipcoana</i> Schischk.		+	+	+
<i>S.depressa</i> Bieb.	+			
<i>S.caucasica</i> (Bunge) Boiss.	+			
<i>S.tatjanae</i> Schischk.	+			
<i>S.longipetala</i> Vent. ( <i>S.chloropetala</i> Rupr.)	+			
<i>S.iberica</i> Bierb.	+			
<i>Smyrnopsis aucheri</i> Boiss.	+			+
<i>Swertia iberica</i> Fisch.et C.A. Mey.	+			
<i>Stachys fruticulosa</i> Bieb. ( <i>S.grossheimii</i> Kapell.)		+	+	
<i>S.intlata</i> Benth.		+		
<i>S.fomini</i> Sosn.		+	+	
<i>Symphytum asperum</i> Lepech.	+			+
<i>S.caucasicum</i> Bieb.	+			
<i>Sameraria glastifolia</i> (Fisch. et C.A,Mey.) Boiss.		+	+	
<i>Senecio lipskyi</i> Lomak.	+			
<i>Stenotaenia macrocarpa</i> Freyn et Sindh.		+	+	
<i>Stipa issaevi</i> Musayev et Sadychov		+	+	
<i>S.karjaginii</i> Musayev et Sadychov		+	+	
<i>S.gaubae</i> Bor.		+	+	
<i>S.holosericea</i> Trin.et Rupr.	+			
<i>Salix aegyptiaca</i> L. ( <i>Phlomoides</i> Bieb.)	+			
<i>Seseli grandivittatum</i> Schischk.	+			
<i>Scutellaria karjaginii</i> Grossh.		+	+	
<i>S.rhomboidalis</i> Grossh.		+	+	

<i>S.darriensis</i> Grossh.		+	+	
<i>S.sevanensis</i> Sosn.et Grossh.	+			
<i>Saxifraga pontica</i> Albov	+			
<i>S.juniperifolia</i> Adams	+			
<i>Solidago armena</i> Kem-Nath.ex Grossh.	+			
<i>Serratula haussknechtii</i> Boiss.	+			
<i>S.serratuloides</i> (Fich. et C.A.Mey.) Takht.	+			
<i>Sitzolophus balsamita</i> (Lam.) Cass.ex Takht.	+			
<i>Thesium szovitsii</i> A.DC.	+			+
<i>Thymus migricus</i> Klok. et Shost.	+			+
<i>Th.nummularies</i> Bieb.	+			+
<i>Th.collinus</i> Bieb.	+			
<i>Tragopogon marginatus</i> Boiss.	+			+
<i>T.nachitschevanicus</i> (Kunth) N.Pop.		+	+	
<i>T.sosnowskyi</i> Kuth.	+			
<i>Taraxacum desertorum</i> Schischk.		+	+	
<i>T.prilipkoi</i> Czer. ( <i>T.praticola</i> Schischk.)	+			
<i>Tomanthea daralaghezica</i> (Fomin) Takht.	+			
<i>Trinia leiogona</i> (C.A.Mey.) B.Fedtsch.	+			+
<i>Tulipa eichleri</i> Regel		+		
<i>Trifolium fontanum</i> Bobr.				
<i>Vicia anatolica</i> Turrill. ( <i>V.hajastana</i> Grossh.)	+			+
<i>V.ciceroidea</i> Boiss. ( <i>V.rafigae</i> Tamamsch.)	+			+
<i>V.grossheimii</i> Ekvitm	+			
<i>Vavilovia formosa</i> (Stev.) Fed.		+	+	
<i>Verbascum erivanicum</i> E.Wulf		+	+	
<i>V.georgicum</i> Benth.	+			
<i>V.paniculatum</i> E.Wulf		+	+	
<i>Zeravschanica pauciradiata</i> M.Pimen		+	+	
<i>Zizirhora denticulata</i> Juz.	+			

The main vegetation groups have been established, their geobotanical and economic features are determined, the genesis of flora and vegetation is defined more exactly, rare exhausting, endemic and relict species are discovered and we have given the ways of their protection and scientific basis of their introduction.

#### References:

- Ibragimov A.Sh., Talibov T.H. Additions to the flora of Nakhchivan AR / Materials International symposium "Natural Resources Nakhchivan Autonomous Republic and ways to use them effectively". Nakhchivan State University, 2000, p. 68-72
- T.H. Talibov Plants endemic biodiversity of flora // Proceedings of Nakhchivan State University, 2003, p. 55-56
- Talibov T.N., Ibragimov A.Sh. Taxonomic range of flora Nakhchivan Autonomous Republic. Nakhchivan: Ajami, 2008, 364 pages.
- Akhundov G.F. Materials to the knowledge of endemism of the flora of higher plants Azerbaijan // News Azerbaijan Academy of Sciences. SSR. ser. biol. sciences, 1967, № 2, p.15
- Akhundov G.F. Endemic flora of Azerbaijan: Abstrakt dis. ... doctor. biol. sciences. Baku: 1973, 44 p.
- Akhundov G.F., Gogina E.E., L.I. Prilipko Narrowly endemic and rare species of natural flora of Nakhichevan Autonomous Republic // bulletin GBS, 1978, vol. 107, c. 54-62
- Grossgeym A.A. Analysis of the flora of the Caucasus // Tr. Bot. Instituta AzFAN, Vol.1. Baku: 1936, 256 p.
- Grossgeym AA. Relics of Eastern Transcaucasia. Baku: Publishing House Az FAN, 1940, 42 p.
- Flora of Azerbaijan: Vols. I-VIII. Baku: Publishing house. Azerb. SSR, 1950-1961.

10. Country Study on Biodiversity of the Republic of Azerbaijan. First National Report to the Convention on Biological Diversity. Baku: 2004, 136 p. p.130-135