

AMENDMENT NO. 1

TO THE

PLANNING UNIT C KEARSLEY ROAD

AGREED STRUCTURE PLAN NO. 1

This Amendment to the Agreed Structure Plan has been prepared under the provisions of the Shire of Denmark Town Planning Scheme No. 3

This Structure Plan Amendment is prepared under the provisions of the Shire of Denmark Town Planning Scheme No.3.

IT IS CERTIFIED THAT THIS STRUCTURE PLAN AMENDMENT NO. 1 TO THE PLANNING UNIT C KEARSLEY ROAD AGREED STRUCTURE PLAN NO. 1

WAS APPROVED BY

RESOLUTION OF THE WESTERN AUSTRALIAN PLANNING COMMISSION ON

.....

Signed for and on behalf of the Western Australian Planning Commission

.....

an officer of the Commission duly authorised by the Commission pursuant to section 24 of the *Planning and Development Act 2005* for that purpose, in the presence of:

..... Witness

..... Date

..... Date of Expiry

RECORD OF AMENDMENTS MADE TO THE PLANNING UNIT C KEARSLEY ROAD

AGREED STRUCTURE PLAN NO. 1

Amendment No.	Summary of the Amendment	Date approved by WAPC

AMENDMENT NO. 1 TO THE

PLANNING UNIT C KEARLSELY ROAD AGREED STRUCTURE PLAN NO.1

The Shire of Denmark, pursuant to its Town Planning Scheme No. 3, hereby recommends to the Western Australian Planning Commission to approve the above-mentioned amendment by:

1. Amending the Planning Unit C Kearsley Road Structure Plan Map to reflect a design change for Lot 349 and a small portion of Lot 9000, both on Kearsley Road, Denmark.

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PART ONE: IMPLEMENTATION

1.0 STRUCTURE PLAN AREA

The Planning Unit C Kearsley Road Structure Plan area applies to Lots 9000, 349 and 350 Kearsley Road, Denmark. This Structure Plan Amendment relates to Lot 349 and a portion of Lot 9000 Kearsley Road (the site).

This Amendment encompasses a design change to the Structure Plan and relates to the site only. A detailed plan illustrating the design change to the Structure Plan is identified in **Figure 1**. This figure forms the Structure Plan Amendment over the site.

2.0 STAGING

The site will be developed in three stages. Stage 1 will comprise the construction of Kearsley Road and the lots that address it. Stage 2 will comprise the central internal north south aligned road, the southern drainage reserve and lots addressing it. Stage 3 will comprise the balance subdivision area.

The provision of any necessary drainage infrastructure will be determined at the time of subdivision.

As identified on the Structure Plan Map, a 4 metre wide section of the eastern boundary of Lot 349, running adjacent to Kearsley Road, will be ceded to the Crown free of cost for the purpose of road widening. This road widening is required to facilitate Water Corporation's water reticulation infrastructure.

Power and water provision will be provided to the development at the time of development.

The provision of the necessary public open space will be provided as per WAPC requirements at the time of subdivision.

3.0 SUBDIVISION AND DEVELOPMENT REQUIREMENTS

3.1 Land Use Permissibility

Land use permissibility within the Structure Plan area shall be in accordance with the Shire of Denmark's Town Planning Scheme No. 3 (TPS3) zoning of the site.

All future subdivision of the site shall be in accordance with the design change forming this application.



PLANNING UNIT C - KEARSLEY ROAD STRUCTURE PLAN **STRUCTURE PLAN MAP** LOT 349 AND A PORTION OF LOT 9000 KEARSLEY ROAD FIGURE 1



3.2 Hazards and Separation Areas

Any future dwelling(s)/structures located on lots identified within the Bushfire Prone Area of the Bushfire Management Plan (BMP- refer **Appendix A**) will require a Bushfire Attack Level assessment to be undertaken at the development application stage.

At the time of development application suitable buffers/separation from existing remnant vegetation will be considered.

3.3 Environmental Features

A detailed flora and vegetation assessment was undertaken for the site on the 15 October 2020 (refer **Appendix B**). Key findings from the assessment determined the following:

- There are no threatened or priority species on the site.
- There are two vegetation types, Karri and Tingle.
- The vegetation is in excellent condition.
- The vegetation is not a threatened or priority ecological community.

4.0 OTHER REQUIREMENTS

4.1 Bushfire Management Plan

This Structure Plan Amendment is supported by a BMP prepared by Working on Fire Planning, contained in **Appendix A**.

The approach for the BMP to support the Structure Plan Amendment is as follows:

- A BAL Assessment has been undertaken to determine predicated radiant heat flux level on the site and proposed building envelope areas.
- Assessment against the Acceptable Solutions and Performance Principles in State Planning Policy 3.7 Planning in Bushfire Prone Areas (SPP 3.7).

These items aid in planning with consideration of bushfire risk at the structure planning level. Further assessments will be undertaken for subsequent stages and can be prepared as addendums to the existing BMP or as an amended BMP.

PART 2 - EXPLANATORY REPORT

AMENDMENT NO.1 TO THE

PLANNING UNIT C KEARSLEY ROAD AGREED STRUCTURE PLAN NO. 1

PART TWO: EXPLANATORY REPORT

1.0 PLANNING BACKGROUND

1.1 Introduction and Purpose

This Structure Plan Amendment has been prepared in accordance with Schedule 2 Part 4 of the *Planning and Development (Local Planning Schemes) Regulations 2015*.

The purpose of the Structure Plan Amendment is to facilitate a design change over the site. In accordance with the current design (refer **Figure 2**), the majority of the site is identified for the development of Residential Lots with a density code of R10. A portion of the site comprising remnant native vegetation is identified as Special Residential 13 under TPS3.

Based on the subdivision application lodged with the WAPC- Reference Number 157677 (refer **Appendix C**), it was determined by Planning Officer's of the Department of Planning, Lands and Heritage, the development of the Residential R10 lots with a minimum lot size of 875m² is too constrained for the site given the following:

- The design will make the requirements of 2015 State Planning Policy 3.7-Planning in Bushfire Prone Areas (SPP 3.7) difficult to implement on site.
- There is no "hard edge" (i.e. a constructed road) between the western most lots and adjacent bushland.
- A large portion of the site has a gradient between 15-20% and in excess of 20%. Resultant from this, there will potentially be the need for significant earthworks and the construction of retaining walls on the smaller lots. These site works are not in keeping with the subdivision vernacular within the Shire of Denmark.
- The "smaller" 1,000m² lots will be subject to overshadowing resultant from retaining walls and retention of remnant vegetation (where possible).

These site constraints with the underlay of the Structure Plan Map are illustrated in **Figure 3.**

As identified in **Figure 1**, the design change provides for 39 lots with an average lot size of approximately 1,500m², the provision of Public Open Space within remnant native vegetation and two drainage reserves. It is noted, the current Structure Plan lot yield for the site is 43 lots, which includes two lots comprising the remnant native vegetation.

The design change, through the provision of 39 larger lots as opposed to the current approved Structure Plan, meets the above-mentioned constraints and facilitates a superior outcome for the development of the site, as follows:

• As evidenced in the BMP, the design change enables the requirements of SPP 3.7 to be adhered to.

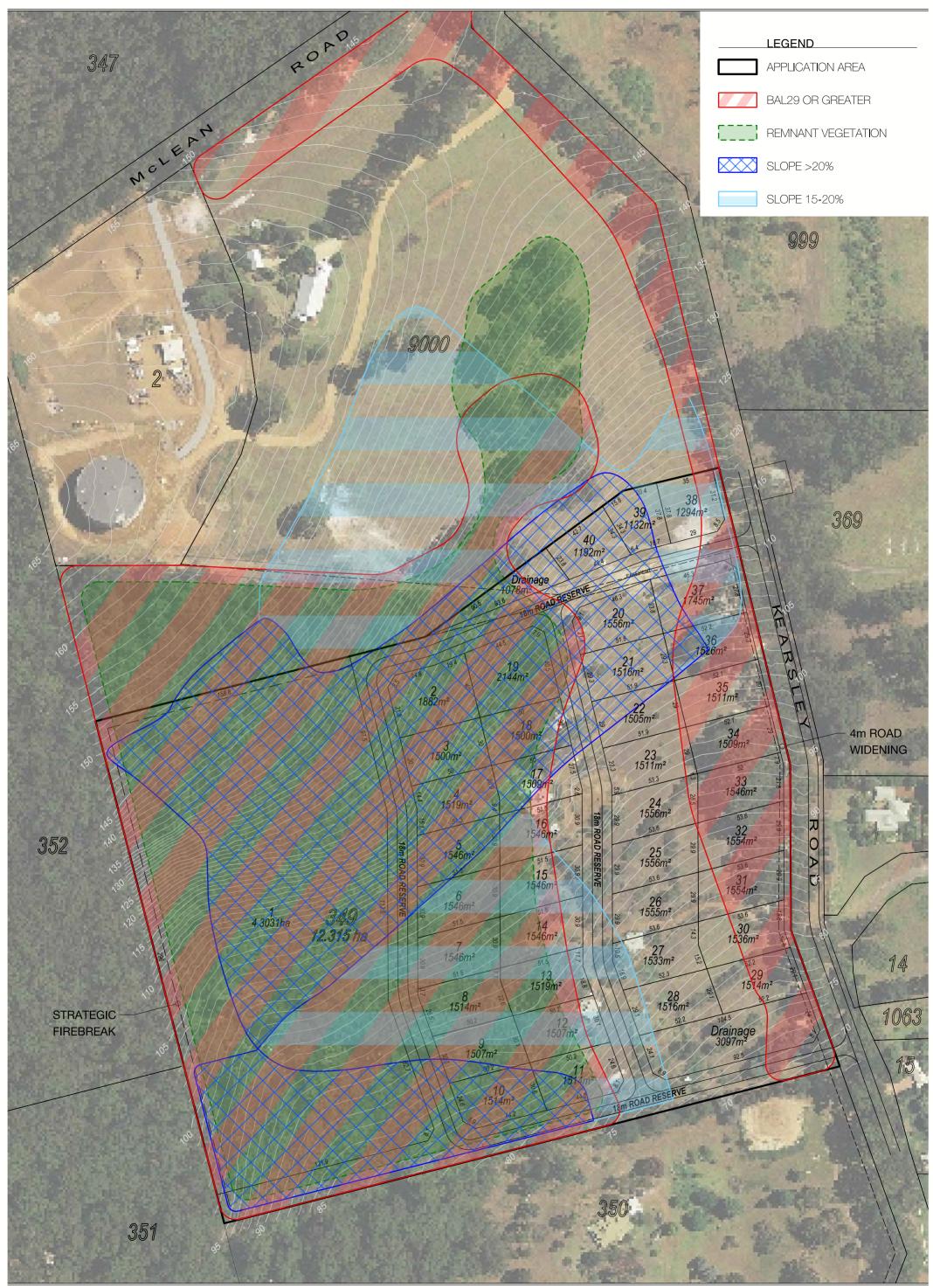


PLANNING UNIT C - KEARSLEY ROAD STRUCTURE PLAN **DESIGN IN ACCORDANCE WITH CURRENT STRUCTURE PLAN** LOT 349 AND A PORTION OF LOT 9000 KEARSLEY ROAD FIGURE 2

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PLANNING UNIT C - KEARSLEY ROAD STRUCTURE PLAN OPPORTUNITIES AND CONSTRAINTS PLAN LOT 349 AND A PORTION OF LOT 9000 KEARSLEY ROAD FIGURE 3

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date - 27 JULY 2021 | ref - 20-001-006C

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- Given the size of the larger lots, the change in gradient can be absorbed within the lots without the need for retaining walls on the property boundaries. This will result in less visual impact and a development more in keeping with the style of development traditionally undertaken in Denmark.
- Given the depth and width of the larger lots, future house sites can be sited to minimise overshadowing from other future dwellings and remnant vegetation. The shadow diagram- refer Figure 4, illustrates the shadow future dwellings will have on select lots. The shadow diagram was prepared to reflect the winter sun on June the 21st at midday.
- The provision of the western, north south aligned road provides a "hard edge" interface between the remnant vegetation and the proposed Residential lots. This interface provides:
 - o Greater fire protection to the proposed lots adjacent to the remnant vegetation.
 - Ease of access for the Shire of Denmark to manage and maintain the Public Open Space/bushland.
- The additional north south road provides for greater connectivity within the subdivision, without impacting on any Threatened or Priority Ecological Communities.

1.2 Land Description

The area of Lot 349 comprises 12.315 hectares and the portion of Lot 9000 included in this Amendment comprises circa $5,000m^2$, with the lots legally described in **Table 1**.

1.2.1 Location

The site is located within the Shire of Denmark local government area and obtains legal road frontage from Kearsley Road. The site is located approximately 1.5kms north west of the Denmark CBD.

The southern boundary of the site abuts Lot 350 Kearsley Road and the northern boundary Lot 9000 Kearsley Road (Lots 350 and 9000 are identified as Planning Unit C- Kearsley Road Structure Plan). A reserve for Parks and Recreation and Rural zoned land are located to the west and Special Residential and Residential land with a density code of R2 is to the east.



Drainage 3097m² FIREBREAK 9 1507m² 105 92.5 50.2 15 50.2 11 1514m² 18m ROAD RESERVE 10 1514m² 44.2 44.2 100 131.5 350 80 351 00 \ 5 PLANNING UNIT C - KEARSLEY ROAD STRUCTURE PLAN SAM WILLIAMS | TOWN PLANNING & PROJECT MANAGEMENT ph: 0418 116216 | email: samwilliams@westnet.com.au

STRUCTURE PLAN MAP - INDICATIVE OVERSHADOWING DIAGRAM (LOTS 2-5) LOT 349 AND A PORTION OF LOT 9000 KEARSLEY ROAD FIGURE 4

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1.2.2 Area and Land Use

The site has been cleared in parts for residential/tourist accommodation purposes and animal grazing, with the balance comprising remnant native vegetation.

<u>1.2.3 Legal Description and Ownership</u>

A copy of the Certificates of Title is included within **Appendix D.**

TABLE 1 - LEGAL SITE DESCRIPTION & CURRENT OWNERSHIP

Lot No.	Plan Number	Volume/Folio	Primary Interest Holder
349	230731	1797/438	Sunland Pty Ltd
9000	77503	2834/927	P. Robertson

2.0 PLANNING FRAMEWORK

2.1 Zoning and Reserves

2.1.1 Shire of Denmark Town Planning Scheme No.3.

The site has a split zoning of Residential with a density coding of R10 and Special Residential under the Shire of Denmark's TPS3. This zoning was facilitated via an Amendment to TPS 3. This split coding will be rectified post the Structure Planning process.

As part of the TPS3 Amendment, a Local Structure Plan was prepared for the site, which is reflected in the Planning Unit C Kearsley Road Structure Plan.

2.2 Planning Strategies

2.2.1 Shire of Denmark Local Planning Strategy (2011)

The site is identified within the Shire of Denmark's 2011 Local Planning Strategy (LPS) as being within Planning Unit C- Kearsley Road Structure Plan. This makes allowance for the provision of 84 Urban Residential Lots.

Within the LPS, there are 1,306 Urban Residential lots identified within the Urban Residential Expansion Area.

In considering the site constraints, the design change comprising this Amendment will not adversely impact the forecast number of lots in the LPS for the site.

2.3 Planning Policies

2.3.1 State and Strategic Policies

State Planning Policy No. 3.7: Planning in Bushfire Prone Areas

SPP 3.7 Planning in Bushfire Prone Areas (2015) is used to assist in reducing the risk of bushfire to people, property and infrastructure by encouraging a conservative approach to strategic planning, subdivision, development and other planning decisions proposed in bushfire prone areas.

Planning for Bush Fire Risk Management Guidelines have also been prepared and are designed to supplement the objectives and policy measures established in SPP 3.7, to assist in their interpretation and provide advice on how bushfire risk is to be addressed when designing or assessing a proposal within a bushfire-prone area.

A BMP has been provided within **Appendix A** and demonstrates compliance with SPP 3.7.

Government Sewerage Policy (2019)

This policy establishes the Western Australian Government's position on the provision of reticulated sewerage in the State for the rezoning, structure planning, subdivision and development of land.

Relevant to this Structure Plan, the following policy objectives are identified:

- To protect public health and amenity;
- To protect the environment and the State's water and land resources;
- To promote the efficient use of infrastructure and urban land;
- To minimise costs to the broader community by ensuring an appropriate level and form of sewerage servicing is provided.

Based on the requirement to connect to reticulated sewerage, the ultimate subdivision of the site will see all lots connected to the Water Corporation's reticulated sewerage network.

2.4 Pre-lodgement Consultation

Consultation has been undertaken with the Department of Planning Lands and Heritage (DPLH) and the Shire of Denmark administration (the Shire), with the following agreed outcomes:

- The subdivision application (WAPC Reference Number 157677- Refer **Appendix C**) lodged over Lot 349 in accordance with the Structure Plan cannot be supported, given the clearing required to address bushfire constraints and the gradient.
- In meeting the constraints, a Structure Plan Amendment was prepared and lodged with the DPLH (refer **Appendix E**). In reviewing the Structure Plan Amendment, it was considered the lots proposed were too large and not "in-keeping" with the general intent of the area.
- Based on the decision not to support the previous Structure Plan Amendment, a meeting was held with the DPLH and the Shire. At this meeting a draft plan, which reflects the current Structure Plan Amendment was presented. In-principle support was provided for the draft plan, subject to the following:
 - o The preparation of a BMP and BAL Contour Mapping.
 - o A detailed spring Flora and Fauna Assessment.
 - o The requirements of the Government Sewerage Policy being addressed.
 - o Impacts on the loss of Urban Residential Land.

These items have been addressed accordingly in this document.

3.0 SITE CONDITIONS AND CONSTRAINTS

The Structure Plan amendment is underpinned and informed by the following site specific technical assessments:

- Bushfire Management Plan prepared by Working on Fire Planning
- Flora and Vegetation Survey prepared by PGV Environmental
- Engineering infrastructure report prepared by TABEC civil Engineering Consultants

3.1 Biodiversity and Natural Area Assets

PGV Environmental undertook a detailed flora and vegetation assessment for the site on the 15 October 2020 (refer **Appendix B**). Key findings from the assessment determined the following:

- There are no threatened or priority species on the site.
- There are two vegetation types, Karri and Tingle.
- The vegetation is in excellent condition.
- The vegetation is not a threatened or priority ecological community.

Vegetation removal was considered acceptable to enable the approval of the previous application. This proposal requires the clearing of additional vegetation. The removal of additional vegetation provides improved bushfire mitigation for future residential lots and the general locality.

Furthermore, this proposal makes allowance for the retention of 4.7ha of native remnant vegetation, which will be ceded to the Crown free of cost at the time of subdivision application.

3.2 Bushfire Hazard

As mentioned in Part 1, a BMP has been prepared by Working on Fire Planning for the site- refer **Appendix A**.

The BMP confirms the Structure Plan design achieves the Acceptable Solutions and Performance Principles of SPP 3.7, namely as follows:

- All of the proposed lots can achieve a suitable BAL rating of 29 or less. For lots that comprise native vegetation there will be some on-site clearing at the time of subdivision civil works to enable dwelling construction. The clearing, as confirmed by the environmental consultant's previous assessment, will not have a significantly detrimental impact on the site's environmental features.
- Where required, to meet Asset Protection Zone (APZ) guidelines as per SPP 3.7, at the time of subdivisional works, the developer will undertake select clearing to achieve a suitable BAL for development within the lots.
- Development of the site meets the requirements for two access routes.

• Each dwelling will have access to a reticulated water supply.

The BMP outlines responsibilities for implementing a fire risk strategy prior to, during and post subdivision.

3.3 Context and Other Land Use Constraints and Opportunities

The most significant land use constraints impacting the site are the gradient and remnant native vegetation, as follows:

<u>Gradient</u>

As illustrated by **Figure 3**, a large portion of the site has a gradient between 15-20% and in excess of 20%. This gradient, with the development of "traditional" 800m² lots, will result in significant earthworks and the construction of retaining walls.

The design change accommodates the steep gradient through the provision of an average lot size of $1,500m^2$.

Water Corporation Easement

The Water Corporation's potable water storage tank for the Denmark Townsite is located to the north west of the site. A water supply line runs through the southern portion of Lot 9000 and the northern and eastern boundary of Lot 349. In accommodating the supply line and associated easement, the design change makes allowance for the following:

- The north western drainage reserve, which will be located on the parent title of Lot 9000, accommodates the easement. This ensures the easement will have minimal impact of the development potential of the proposed residential lots, whilst ensuring the Water Corporation's access to their infrastructure.
- As identified by the Structure Plan Map (refer **Figure 1**), Kearsley Road reserve will be widened 4m to the west. This widening allows for the Water Corporation's easement to be located in a road reserve as opposed to private property. The identified Kearsley Road widening will be ceded to the Crown free of cost at the time of subdivision.

Southern Lot

Lot 350 Kearsley Road, which forms part of the original Structure Plan, is located immediately south of the site. The Structure Plan amendment will not have any impact on the development potential of Lot 350.

4.0 STRUCTURE PLAN AMENDMENT - INPUTS AND RATIONALE

This Structure Plan Amendment is an amendment to the existing Kearsley Road Structure Plan dated August 2010 (refer to **Figure 2**). The existing Structure Plan (2010) design was informed by various technical assessments, including (but not

limited to) a Land Capability Assessment, Flora and Fauna Assessment, Local Water Management Strategy (LWMS), Bushfire Management Plan and Traffic Impact Assessment.

The existing Land Capability Assessment, LWMS and other technical assessments remain valid documents underpinning the Structure Plan amendment. Updates have been undertaken to the relevant technical assessments, where required, to support and guide the Structure Plan amendment, including a Flora and Vegetation report, Engineering Services Report and Bushfire Management Plan.

The existing and updated technical assessments ensure the Structure Plan amendment conforms to both current planning policy and the principles of orderly and proper planning. In addition, they expand upon technical assessments underpinning the current Structure Plan, to ensure the environmental and engineering constraints associated with the site can be suitably managed.

Key changes and updated technical assessments informing the Structure Plan amendment are discussed in the following sections.

4.1 ROAD NETWORK

A key change to the Structure Plan amendment is a departure from a main boulevard road pattern and inclusion of a secondary road further to the west. The main boulevard identified on the existing Kearsley Road Structure Plan (2010) has been realigned to utilise the existing Kearsley Road reserve and support suitable lot sizes and dimensions.

The removal of the boulevard adjacent to the site has been managed to ensure minimal impact on remnant vegetation, as follows:

- The construction of the Kearsley Road carriageway within the cleared eastern portion of Kearsley Road reserve, which currently comprises a gravel access track.
- Where applicable, the provision of shared crossovers from lots 29 to 37 to Kearsley Road carriageway. The crossovers have been located to minimise impact on remnant significant trees within the Kearsley Road reserve, as identified within **Figure 5**. The shared crossovers will be constructed by the developer at the time of subdivision construction.

Inclusion of a secondary road further to the west provides a physical hard edge, which clearly demarcates the residential lots from the remnant vegetation. This also provides direct frontage to a public road for proposed Lots 2 to 10. In addition, as per SPP 3.7 Bush Fire Risk Management Guidelines, the secondary road also functions as a buffer to remnant vegetation to the west, ensuring that all lots are able to achieve an acceptable BAL rating.



PLANNING UNIT C - KEARSLEY ROAD STRUCTURE PLAN CROSS OVER DESIGN LOCATIONS LOT 349 AND A PORTION OF LOT 9000 KEARSLEY ROAD FIGURE 5

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date - 27 JULY 2021 | ref - 20-001-008

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Where possible, significant trees will be retained within the road reserves to minimise potential environmental impacts and provide increased visual amenity. All proposed roads incorporate an 18-metre road reserve (with a 6 metre wide asphalt seal and kerbing) to allow sufficient space to accommodate reticulated water, power, sewerage, footpaths and drainage infrastructure, as confirmed in the Infrastructure Report (**Appendix F**).

Pruning and modifications to the understorey vegetation within the Kearsley Road reserves will be required for bushfire purposes and to ensure appropriate sightlines are provided for safe vehicle movements. This will be undertaken by the developer at the time of construction. Post development works, future maintenance will be undertaken by the adjoining landowners through licences issued under the Local Law for Public Thoroughfare.

The road network is informed by an Infrastructure Report (**Appendix F**), which includes a Road Grade Plan, confirming all access roads can achieve a maximum 15% grade in accordance with the Shire of Denmark Guidelines for Development and Subdivision.

The road network can be fully developed and constructed, independently of Lot 350 to the south, by offsetting the alignment of the southern access to Kearsley Road within the 18m wide road reserve. Importantly, consideration has been provided to the revised road network to ensure an appropriate interface is provided to future stages of development to the north, south and east of the site.

4.2 LOT SIZES, LAYOUT AND ENVIRONMENT

The below table provides a summary of the lot yield and average lot sizes provided for under the existing Kearsley Road Structure Plan (2010), and those proposed within this Structure Plan amendment.

	Existing Structure Plan (2010)	Structure Plan Amendment
Residential lot yield	41	39
Average lot size	1,192m2	Circa 1,500m2
Large vegetated residential lot yield	2	0
Large vegetated residential average lot size	3.6 Ha	N/A
Drainage lots	2	2

As previously discussed, Planning Officers of the Department of Planning, Lands and Heritage identified a number of issues with the lot sizes identified within the existing Kersley Road Structure Plan (2010). The key issues identified are detailed in Part 2, section 1.1 of this report.

The revised lot layout and lot sizes achieve a better overall outcome for the site, without unduly impacting on the lot yield planned for the locality. This ensures that future subdivision and development of the site provides for the efficient use of the land holding(s), whilst addressing opportunities and constraints associated with the sites topographical values.

Further, the Structure Plan amendment provides a lot layout and lot size enabling the land to be subdivided and developed in the future without the need for significant earthworks associated with the existing Structure Plan design. This has been achieved by increasing the lot widths to achieve a layout that works with the natural topography of the site and minimises the potential for any retaining walls. This will also assist with improved visual amenity in the locality. In addition, the Structure Plan amendment provides a lot pattern and design (i.e., 30m wide lots and 50m deep) that supports increased slope to separate future dwellings from existing vegetation and at the same time reducing potential overshadowing associated with the existing Structure Plan (2010)-Refer **Figure 4** Shadow Diagram. This is particularly relevant given the south facing aspect of the site.

Although there is a greater impact on the site's existing vegetation associated with the Structure Plan amendment, primarily due to the inclusion of the secondary road to the west and wider lots to minimise overshadowing, the revised lot pattern achieves a better overall balance between future development and the environment. This includes the majority of remnant vegetation contained within a single lot, which will be retained as Public Open Space. This will assist with protecting the vegetation in perpetuity from clearing, spread of dieback and weed intrusion, which the current Structure Plan (2010) does not provide.

The Flora and Vegetation Report (Appendix B) confirms that the site contains no Threatened or Priority Ecological Communities. Furthermore, "Development of the site in accordance with the Amended Structure Plan would result in the retention of a large portion of the Karri/Tingle Forrest in the western POS Reserve lot and potential retention of some trees on the on the smaller eastern lots adjacent to Kearsley Road. Retention of a large proportion of the vegetation in the western lot would retain the ecological function of the vegetation adjacent to the Nature Reserve and other nearby areas of vegetation."

Accordingly, environmental values associated with the Structure Plan amendment can be retained and/or improved upon, without unduly impacting on the environmental values of the locality.

5.0 LAND USE AND SUBDIVISION REQUIREMENTS

Based on the zoning of the site, which provides a relatively low density coding, the development will not facilitate vast areas of conventional residential housing. Noting the site conditions and features, the design change of the Structure Plan has been able to positively respond to the landform and visual attributes.

All future subdivision and development of the site will be in accordance with the Structure Plan Amendment. The use classes defining development of the land will be as per the underlying TPS3 zoning (i.e. Special Residential and Residential R10). As this Structure Plan amendment proposes a change to the location of the currently zoned Residential R10 and Special Residential land, it is understood the Shire of Denmark, as part of their Town Planning Scheme review process, will amend the underlying zoning (i.e. the identified Lots 2-40 will ultimately be zoned Residential R10). Alternatively, the zoning may be normalised through a basic amendment process, following the final approval of the Structure Plan.

5.1 Infrastructure Coordination and Servicing and Staging

The site can be serviced by all necessary infrastructure, which is covered in detail in the appended Infrastructure Report- refer **Appendix F**. A summary of the servicing provision is provided as follows:

5.1.1 Electricity

There is an existing power supply with sufficient capacity within the locality of the site.

At the time of subdivisional works all underground power infrastructure will be installed within the proposed Kearsley Road reserve alignment.

5.1.2 Telecommunications

At the time of development an application will be submitted to NBN whereby they will determine the technology most appropriate for servicing the subdivision

5.1.3 Gas

There is no gas supply to Denmark. Gas supply to the development will be provided via bottled gas.

5.1.4 Water

The site will be serviced by the Water Corporation's water supply, which is located upslope of the site.

5.1.5 Waste Water

The site will be serviced by the Water Corporation's waste water supply, which is located downslope of the site.

5.1.5 Drainage

In accordance with the Structure Plan amendment, a stormwater model has been undertaken by the hyrdologst Hyd20 Hydrology (refer **Appendix G**). The modelling confirms the area requirement for drainage, which can be accommodated in the south- eastern portion of the site. In addition to this, the specified outflow requirements have been established.

The design of the drainage and requirements for off-site flowpaths downstream of the development will be undertaken at the design stage of subdivision.

5.1.6 Roads

The development will be internally serviced by 18m constructed road reserves, as identified in the infrastructure report.

Kearsley Road will be constructed from the intersection of Wishart Place to the northern boundary of the lots comprising the site area. The required carriageway

and select infrastructure will be located within the existing Kearsley Road Reserve. A 4m road widening of Kearsley Road is also proposed to accommodate the Water Corporation's existing water infrastructure (refer Section 3.3 of this report).

6.0 CONCLUSION

This Structure Plan Amendment has been prepared to facilitate a design change over Lot 349 Kearsley Road and a portion of Lot 9000, Denmark within the Planning Unit C Kearsley Road Structure Plan. The design change results in a subdivision layout, which provides for a site responsive design.

The Structure Plan Amendment has been prepared within the context of the various WAPC and Shire of Denmark guiding planning documents.

Further, this Structure Plan amendment addresses and overcomes a number of concerns raised by the DPLH planning officers, including the following:

- This Structure Plan amendment provides for larger lot sizes, which minimise the potential requirement for boundary retaining walls, i.e., the fall in gradient between lots can be accommodated within the wider lot dimensions.
- This Structure Plan amendment reduces the potential for overshadowing to occur, via the provision of larger lot sizes and greater lot widths. This is particularly important given the southerly aspect of the site and a key consideration raised by planning officers at the Department of Planning, Lands and Heritage.
- By working with the natural topography in the development design and subsequently providing for passive solar housing development, the relevant objectives of the Residential Design Codes and Liveable Neighbourhoods are being addressed in this Structure Plan amendment.
- Environmental values of the site will be suitably managed, with this Structure Plan amendment having no impact on Threatened or Priority Ecological Communities in the locality. The design provides for the retention of a large portion of the remnant vegetation within a future Public Open Space reserve and provides increased protection from clearing, weed infestation and the spread of dieback. This is something the existing Structure Plan does not provide for.
- Inclusion of a secondary road to the west provides a hard edge, separating the lots from adjacent vegetation. This clear boundary demarcates urban development from the surrounding natural environment, whilst providing a buffer to ensure all lots are able to achieve a suitable BAL rating. Further, this also provides convenient access for the Shire to maintain the future Public Open Space reserve.
- This Structure Plan amendment considers other areas included within the current Structure Plan area and provides a suitable interface to ensure that all lots within the Structure Plan area will be developed independently of each other. Importantly, vehicle access will be provided from the site to

both the north and south connections with Kearsley Road independently of the adjoining land holdings.

• This Structure Plan amendment ensures that the site is used in an efficient manner, with consideration to topographic and environmental constraints associated with the site, and effectively delivers upon the lot density and yields planned for the locality.

Overall, noting the existing approved Structure Plan, the site's context and location and the conclusions of the supporting technical documents, this Structure Plan provides an improved planning outcome for the site and the locality.

Appendix A- Bushfire Management Plan



WORKING ON FIRE

BUSHFIRE MANAGEMENT PLAN Lot 349 Kearsley Road, MT SHADFORTH

CLIENT:	Graeme Robertson
SITE LOCATION:	Lot 349 Kearsley Road, Mount Shadforth, WA 6333
DATE:	20/02/2021
SHIRE/CITY:	Shire of Denmark
FIRE CONSULTANT:	Craig Hughes, David Deeley
CLIENT CONTACT #	0429 919 998
WOFP FILE #:	20200120
VERSION #:	3.0

WORKING ON FIRE

INTEGRATED FIRE MANAGEMENT Working On Fire Planning Pty Ltd ABN: 42 623 954 316 PO Box 1249 Bibra Lake DC WA 6965 planning.australia@workingonfire.com www.workingonfireplanning.com.au

Bushfire management plan/Statement addressing the Bushfire Protection Criteria coversheet

Site visit: Yes 🚺	No	11. 11. 21. 11. 11. 11. 11. 11. 11. 11.	
Date of site visit (if oppl	cable): Day 21th	Month February	Year 2020
Report author or review	ver: Craig Hughes and David Deeley		
WA BPAD accreditatio	n level (please circle):		
Not accredited	Level 1 BAL assessor Level 3	2 practitioner 🚺 🛛 Level 3 pra	ctitioner 📃
If accredited please pl	rovide the following.		
BPAD accreditation nu	mber: 37575 Accreditation e	expiry: Month September	Year 2021
Bushfire management	plan version number: V3.0		
Bushfire management	plan date: Day 20th	Month February	Year 2021
Client/business name:	Graeme Robertson		
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			Yes No
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Signature of report author or reviewer



Date 20/02/2021

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Document control

Client: Graeme Robertson

Report version	Purpose	Author/reviewer and accreditation details	Date submitted
Draft 1.0	ВМР	Peter Bidwell	24/02/2020
Submission Draft 1.0	BMP – Review & sign off	David Deeley L2	26/2/2020
Revised 2.0	BMP	Craig Hughes L1	15/01/2021
Submission 2.0	BMP – Review & sign off	David Deeley L2	28/01/2021
Revised 3.0	ВМР	Craig Hughes L1	20/02/2021
Submission 3.0	BMP – Review & sign off	David Deeley L2	20/02/2021

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Accreditation No.	BPAD 46483
Signature	An
Date 20/02/202	1

I hereby declare the Accredited bushfir		
Accreditation No.	37575	
Signature	Maly	
Date	20/02/2021	

Disclaimer

The recommendations and measures contained in this assessment report are based on the requirements of the Australian Standards 3959 – Building in Bushfire prone Areas, WAPC / DFES Guidelines for Building in Bushfire Prone areas (State Planning Policy 3.7) and CSIRO's research into Bushfire behaviour. These are considered the minimum standards required to balance the protection of the proposed dwelling and occupants with the aesthetic and environmental conditions required by local, state and federal government authorities. They DO NOT guarantee that a building will not be destroyed or damaged by a bushfire. All surveys and forecasts, projections and recommendations made in this assessment report and associated with this proposed dwelling are made in good faith on the basis of the information available to the fire protection consultant at the time of assessment. The achievement of the level of implementation of fire precautions will depend amongst other things on actions of the landowner or occupiers of the land, over which the fire protection consultant has no control. Notwithstanding anything contained within, the fire consultant/s or local government authority will not, except as the law may require, be liable for any loss or other consequences (whether or not due to negligence of the fire consultant/s or local government authority or local government authority.

Section 1: Proposal details

The proposal is to amend the structure plan for Lot 349, Mt Shadforth. This proposal will facilitate the subdivision of the lot (12.31 hectares) to produce 40 Lots ranging from 1,507 m² to 4.74 Hectares.

The WAPC have previously approved subdivisions over the site to reflect the current Structure Plan. The applicant recently lodged a subdivision application renewal over the site. Upon receipt of this, given the site constraints and revision to Planning Policies, the WAPC advised the site can no longer be developed in accordance with the current previously-approved, Structure Plan. The proposed lot layout (Figure 1) reflects the design changes required to meet the site constraints and revision to Planning Policies.

The land slopes (Figure 2) from 154 m in elevation at the northern western corner in a south easterly direction to 68 m in the south east corner. Lot 349 is cleared pasture with remnant natural vegetation on the eastern half, whilst the western half is totally forested (Figure 3). The forest is generally tall Karris with a range of tree species including Marri and some Yellow Tingle, along the northern boundary.

Surrounding land use is a mix of grazing pastures, rural residential development, small areas of horticulture and larger uncleared forest remnants to the northwest and southwest.

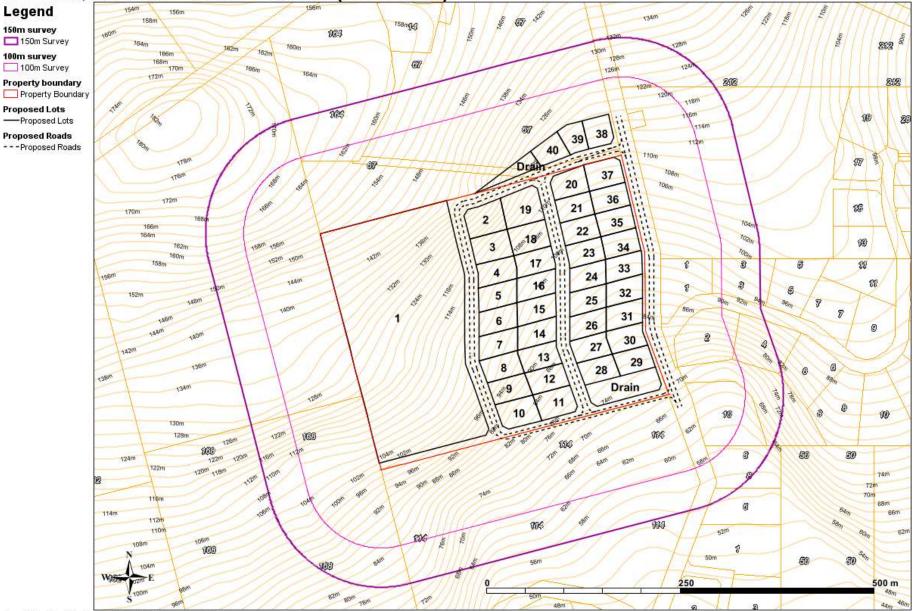
This BMP document and the recommendations contained within it are aligned to the following:

- Consistency with SPP 3.7 and the planning requirements for Local Government;
- Identification of bushfire risks using vegetation types and slopes as in AS3959 2018;
- Identification of assets at risk- life, property, infrastructure and the environment;
- Identification of bushfire risk mitigation measures as acceptable solutions within SPP 3.7;
- Allocation of responsibilities to persons / entities for the implementation of recommendations and management measures;
- Compliance with the current Shire of Denmark's "Firebreak & Fuel Hazard Reduction Notice".



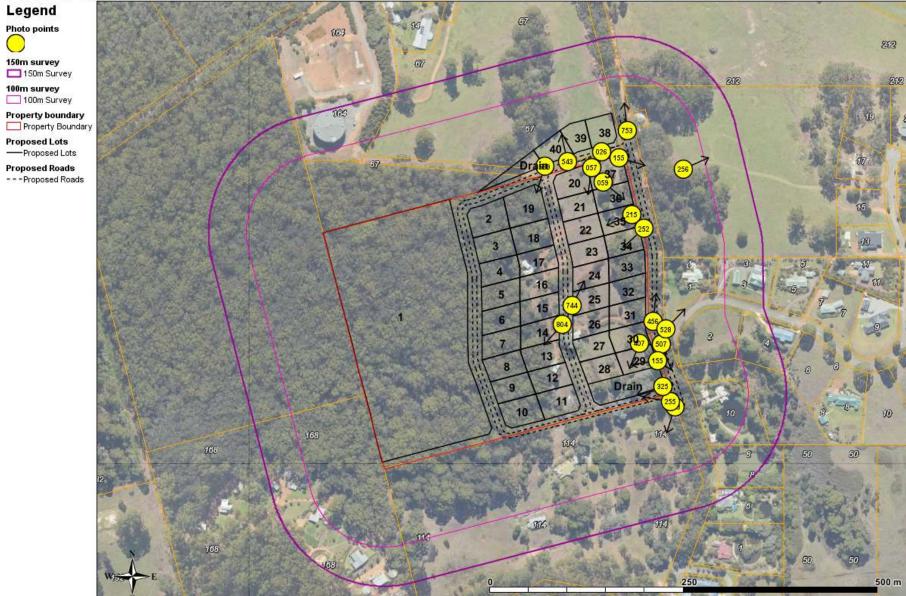
Figure 1 Proposed subdivision plan.

Location, Lots and Ground Contours (DAFWA 2m)



Map Printed from FireMaps on Sat Feb 20 18:38:08 AWST 2021 Figure 2 Location, Lot layout and ground contours (Landgate 5m).

Photo Points



Map Printed from FireMaps on Sat Feb 20 18:37:44 AWST 2021 Figure 3 Air photo, Photo assessment points

Section 2: Environmental considerations

Some bushfire prone areas also have high biodiversity values. State Planning Policy 3.7 (SPP3.7) policy objective 5.4 recognises the need to consider bushfire risk management measures alongside environmental, biodiversity and conservation values.

Sub-section 2.1: Native vegetation - modification and clearing

The area including the property and a 150 m survey area surrounding Lots 349, retains some stands of native vegetation representative of the following Beard vegetation associations by IBRA 7.1 subregion:

(IBRA Subregion(Code) : Beard Association - approximate area in hectares):

• Warren(WAR01) : 1 : Tall forest; karri (Eucalyptus diversicolor) – 21.50 ha

This selected area is within the following IBRA 7.1 Sub-regions.

• Region / Sub-region(Sub-region code) : Warren / Warren(WAR01) - 40.69 ha

The selected area retains native vegetation representative of the following vegetation complexes (approximate area in hectares):

• Keystone, Kb (g) 21.50 ha

There are no known environmental considerations at this site as the lot is mostly cleared where the majority of the lots will be created. \leq 4 hectares of native vegetation clearing / mitigation is proposed along the proposed road reserve and subject lots to achieve a rating of \leq BAL-29 to the lots, consistent with SPP3.7.

Sub-section 2.2: Revegetation/Landscape plans

There is no revegetation required or planned for this site. Lots when they are created and made available for sale will require a Section 70A notice on their titles, indicating that they are within a 'bushfire prone area' and that they are subject to this BMP and its requirements for APZs to be maintained as per Schedule 1 (see Appendix 1), in perpetuity.

Section 3: Bushfire assessment results

Sub-section 3.1: Assessment inputs

Photo points were established across the site (Figure 3). All existing vegetation within 150 m of the Subject Site was classified (Figure 4), according to the requirements of AS3959:2018.

Two (3) types of Classified vegetation were recorded:

- Tall Open Forest on the western half of Lot 349 (Photos 539, 804, 744, 059, 155 and 325), plus remnant patches on the eastern half. Lot 9000 is predominantly sown pasture with small sections of Tall Open Forest and forest to the north (Photos 543), plus a strip along Kearsley Road (Photos 753, 456 and 507);
- Sown pasture across the main development site and surrounding the Lots to the East and South (Photos 057, 059, 256, 215, 407, 155 and 248);
- 3) Excluded 2.2.3.2f Vegetation regarded as low threat due to factors such as flammability, moisture content and fuel load are found surrounding to the East and South West as developed residential areas (Photo 528).

Sub-section 3.2: Assessment outputs

Vegetation proposed after development and implementation of APZs and clearing of the road alignment for Kearsley Road running along the eastern boundary plus the internal roads is presented in Figure 5.

A BAL contour analysis is presented based on the proposed vegetation after development (Figure 6), with the Grassland across the development site to be maintained by the developer at <100 mm, according to the specifications of Schedule 1 (Appendix 1), until Lots are sold. After that time, the provisions of the Shire's annual fire management notice will ensure that potential bushfire threats are managed.

Close-up BAL contours after development are presented for the north (Figure 7) and south (Figure 8) of the development. The Western Side lots will require some removal of vegetation to achieve a BAL-29 rating. This clearing will be dependent on the proposed siting of buildings on the lot by the purchasers. Every endeavour must be made to retain as many trees as possible.

Please note: Indicative BAL ratings presented here are not the final BAL ratings for each proposed dwelling within the development. A detailed and individual site assessment may need to be undertaken by an accredited bushfire practitioner once final lot layouts, vegetation maintenance treatments, building envelope location and building geometry have been determined.

Classified Vegetation - Existing

Legend

150m survey

100m survey

Property boundary
Property Boundary

Proposed Lots — Proposed Lots

Proposed Roads ---Proposed Roads

Classified Vegetation - Existing

Excluded

G Grassland



Map Printed from FireMaps on Sat Feb 20 20:10:14 AWST 2021 Figure 4 Vegetation existing classified (as per AS3959:2018).

Classified Vegetation - After Development

Legend

150m survey

100m survey

Property boundary
Property Boundary

Proposed Lots — Proposed Lots

Proposed Roads ---Proposed Roads

Classified Vegetation - After Dev

Excluded

G Grassland



BAL Contours - After Development



100m survey

Property boundary
Property Boundary

Proposed Lots ——Proposed Lots

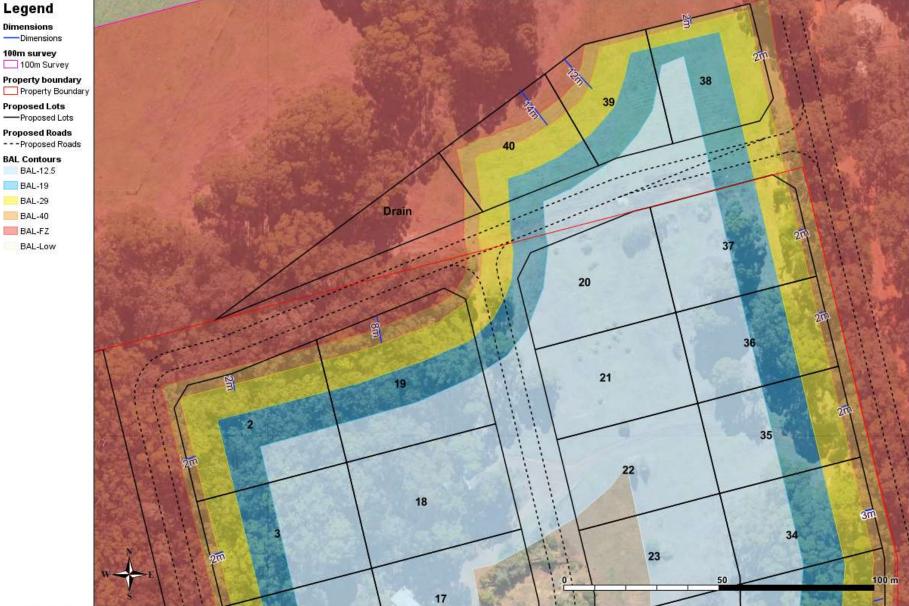
Proposed Roads ---Proposed Roads

BAL Contours
BAL-12.5
BAL-19
BAL-29
BAL-40
BAL-FZ
BAL-Low



Map Printed from FireMaps on Sat Feb 20 20:12:09 AWST 2021 Figure 6 BAL contours after establishment of the APZs to \leq BAL-29.

Close Up BAL Contours and Setbacks - After Development



Map Printed from FireMaps on Sat Feb 20 20:17:01 AWST 2021 Figure 7 BAL contours for the northern section.

Close Up BAL Contours and Setbacks - After Development

Legend

Dimensions

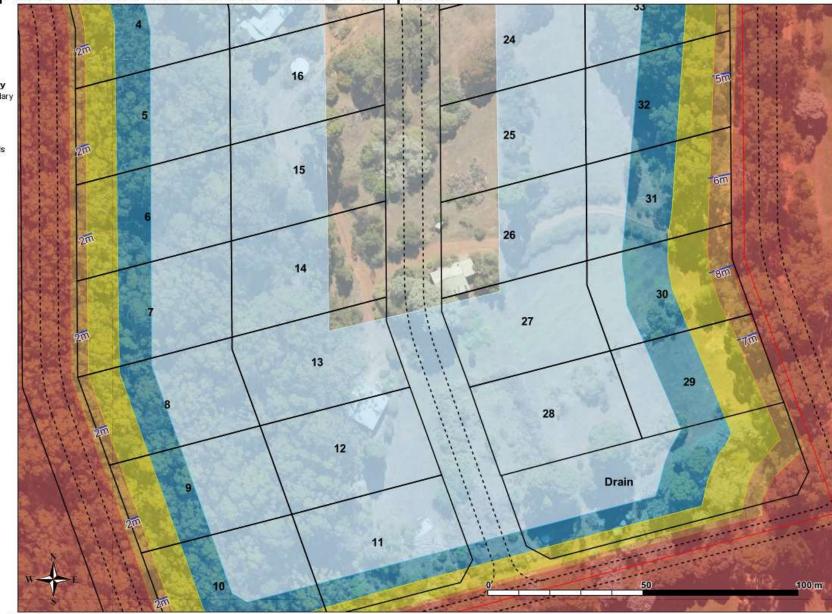
100m survey

Property boundary

Property Boundary
Proposed Lots
Proposed Lots

Proposed Roads ---Proposed Roads

BAL Contours BAL-12.5 BAL-19 BAL-29 BAL-29 BAL-40 BAL-FZ BAL-Low



Map Printed from FireMaps on Sat Feb 20 20:18:13 AWST 2021 Figure 8 BAL contours for the southern section.

Section 4: Identification of bushfire hazard issues

The site is predominantly sown pasture with some remnant Karri vegetation plus a pristine section of Karri, Redgum and Yellow Tingle forest on the western half of Lot 349. The sown pasture areas on both lots have been well maintained by the owner through mechanical slashing and more recently by heavy grazing in some areas.

The remnant Karris are significant landscape features within the Shire of Denmark and negotiations have resulted in them being retained in most part by sensitive lot layout and design and through implementing APZ requirements which require management of understorey vegetation where canopy density is <10% cover. Fuel reduction will be implemented around isolated remnant Karri forest s through mechanical means and/or carefully-controlled prescribed burning.

The implementation and maintenance of APZs to manage fuel loads under the retained Karris and for grassland areas across the development site will need to be made conditional on approval to ensure the specifications of Schedule 1 are maintained in perpetuity.

Lot Number	BAL Rating With Setback	Setback Distance m	Comments
2-10	BAL-29	2	Potential for BAL-19 with additional setback
11	BAL-19	4	Potential for BAL-12.5 with additional setback
12-18	BAL-12.5	N/A	
19	BAL-29	8	Potential for BAL-19 with additional setback
20	BAL-19	N/A	Potential for BAL-12.5 with additional setback
21-28	BAL-12.5	N/A	
29	BAL-29	7	
30	BAL-29	8	
31	BAL-29	6	
32	BAL-29	5	
33-34	BAL-29	3	
35-37	BAL-29	2	Potential for BAL-19 with additional setback
38	BAL-29	2	
49	BAL-29	12	
40	BAL-29	14	

Table 1 BAL ratings and setback distances to achieve them for all lots in the development.

Section 5: Assessment against the bushfire protection criteria

Section 5.1: Bushfire Protection Criteria

Element 1 Location

The Mount Shadforth area is 2 km to the north of the Denmark Central Business District. It is an area that has traditionally been zoned rural and used to produce high quality grazing pastures and a range of horticultural crops. The area is responding to pressure for additional residential lots close to Denmark that provide expansive view-scapes and a rural-residential lifestyle. Mount Shadforth is currently undergoing a transition and areas are being rezoned rural residential, with developments offering lots of around 1500 m² as part of the peri-urban fringe.

The proposed development is to convert the 12.32 ha of Lot 349 into 39 lots of from 1,398 m² to 4.74 hectares. The subdivision layout has been designed to minimise vegetation clearing (\leq 4 ha) and optimise Lot yield, while meeting the requirements of SPP3.7's bushfire management considerations.

After development, it is intended that Kearsley Road will be upgraded to service this and other developments in the area. The proposed public road network associated with the development and the wider locality will provide dual egress options to two separate destinations for the development.

Each of the proposed Lots will have sufficient room for setbacks from classified vegetation so that all future dwellings can be constructed to ≤BAL-29.

The development will be provided with a reticulated water supply in accordance with the specifications of the WA Water Authority and the Department of Fire and Emergency Services.

The acceptable solutions described below demonstrate that due consideration has been given to the landscape-scale bushfire protection criteria embodied within Element A1.1. The proposed solution meets the intent of Element A1.1.

Element 2 Siting and Design of Development

The development has large areas of sown pasture. Further clearing of some native vegetation is required to achieve a rating of \leq BAL-29 for all lots, except lot 1 which is to retain all of its original vegetation (Appendix 4). Each building on lots 2-40, can be sighted such that the APZ to \leq BAL-29 can be maintained by mowing or grazing to the standard specified in Schedule 1 (see Appendix 2). This solution meets the requirements of Element A2.1.

Element 3 Access

- **3.1** Two different vehicular access routes are available, connecting to public roads. Kearsley Road presently connects to Lantzke Road and Redman Road to Scotsdale Road. Kearsley Road also connects to Mt. Shadforth Road to the South. The proposed public road network associated with the development and the wider locality will provide dual egress options to two separate destinations for the development.
- 3.2 All public roads within and surrounding the development, will be constructed to the standards set out in State

Planning Policy 3.7, and specified in Table 2 column 1.

- **3.3** N/A No cul-de-sac's are proposed for this development.
- **3.4** N/A No Battle-axe lots are proposed for this development.
- 3.5 N/A No private driveways will be longer than 50 m within this development.
- **3.6** N/A No Emergency access way are proposed for this development. The existing and proposed public road network associated with this development will provide adequate access/egress in a bushfire emergency.
- **3.7** N/A No additional fire service access or perimeter roads are proposed for this development. The existing and proposed public road network associated with this development, will provide adequate access/egress for fire services in a bushfire emergency.
- 3.8 Lots 2 41 are <0.5 ha, so perimeter firebreaks are not required for these. Lot 1 which is proposed to have all its original vegetation retained, is greater than 0.5 hectares and a perimeter firebreak will be installed and managed for this lot, as per the Shire of Denmark Fire and hazard reduction notice.</p>

Element 4 Water Intent:

A4.1 Reticulated areas

The subdivision, development or land use is to be provided with a reticulated water supply in accordance with the specifications of the relevant water supply authority and Department of Fire and Emergency Services.

A4.2 N/A

A4.3 N/A.

Section 5.2: Compliance table

Bushfire	Method of compliance	Proposed bushfire management strategies	
protection criteria	Acceptable solutions		
Element 1: Location	A1.1 Development location The proposed residential development is in a location previously approved for that purpose by the WAPC and the Shire of Denmark. It will on completion, achieve a rating of ≤BAL-29 for all residential lots. This meets the intent of Element A1.1.	The proposed development will require clearing and fuel load reductions along the road reserve (Kearsley Road) during establishment, in order to achieve a rating of ≤BAL-29 for each developable lot. After hand over, the Shire has indicated that it will maintain the road reserve in perpetuity at a low-threat status (Schedule 1), commensurate with the determined BAL ratings.	
Element 2: Siting and design	 A2.1 Asset Protection Zone APZs within each lot as per the Shire's annual fuel load reduction notice, will be implemented to control grassland fuel loads across the development site and achieve ratings of ≤BAL-29 for all developable lots. This meets the intent of Element A2.1. 	The proposed development will have established and maintained APZs around all future dwellings to Schedule 1 specifications and in accordance with the Shire of Denmark's annual Fire Management Notice.	
Element 3: Vehicular access	 A3.1 Two access routes. The existing and proposed public road network provides for egress via two access routes leading to two different destinations (Figure 9). This meets the intent of Element A3.1 	Dual egress options will be available via Kearsley Road connecting to Scotsdale Road to the north and Mt Shadforth Road to the south (Figure 9).	
	A3.2 Public road. Public roads within and surrounding the development will be built to the specifications of Table 2 column 1. This meets the intent of Element A3.2.	All public roads in proposed development will be built to required technical standards as per Appendix 2: <i>Table 6- Vehicle access</i> <i>technical requirements.</i>	
	A3.3 Cul-de-sac (including a dead-end-road)	No cul-de-sacs are proposed for this development.	

Table 1 Compliance table for bushfire protection criteria.

Bushfire	Method of compliance	Proposed bushfire management strategies	
protection criteria	Acceptable solutions		
Element 3: Vehicular access	A3.4 Battle-axe Lots N/A	No Battle-axe Lots proposed for this development.	
	A3.5 Private driveway longer than 50 metres. N/A	No private driveway 'longer than 50 metres' planned in the proposed development.	
	A3.6 Emergency access way N/A	No emergency access way planned in the proposed development.	
	A3.7 Fire service access routes (perimeter roads) N/A	No additional fire service access routes (perimeter roads) planned in the proposed development.	
	A3.8 Firebreak width. Lots 2 – 40 are <0.5 ha and no perimeter firebreak is required. Lot 1 is >0.5 ha will have a perimeter firebreak established. This meets the intent of Element 4.1.	A perimeter firebreak will be installed and maintained around lot 1, in accordance with the Shire of Denmark's Annual Firebreak Notice.	
Element 4: Water	A4.1 Reticulated areas The development is to be provided with a reticulated water supply consistent with the requirements of the local water utility and DFES. This meets the intent of Element 4.1.	The proposed development will have established reticulated scheme water supplied in accordance with the Water Corporation and Department of Fire and Emergency Services specifications. Hydrants will be located in accordance with requirements.	
	A4.2 Non-reticulated areas N/A		
	A4.3 Individual lots within non-reticulated areas. N/A		

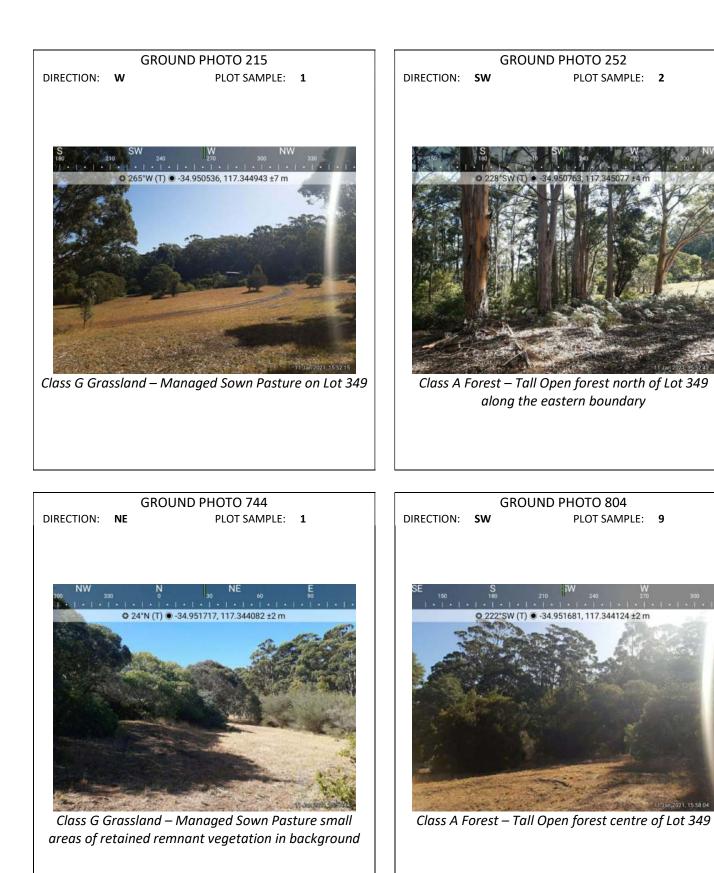
Section 6: Photographs



GROUND PHOTO 155 GROUND PHOTO 753 DIRECTION: N PLOT SAMPLE: 2 DIRECTION: E PLOT SAMPLE: 2 N (T) 17.344872 ±3 m Class A Forest – Tall Open forest of Lot 349 along the Kearsley Road showing narrow strip of Karri trees along the eastern boundary eastern boundary **GROUND PHOTO 059 GROUND PHOTO 256** DIRECTION: SE PLOT SAMPLE: 2 DIRECTION: NE PLOT SAMPLE: 3 • 132°SE (T) • -34.950032, 117.344417 ±2 r © 66°NE (T) • -34.949897, 117.345559 ±2 m 17 Jan 2060, 18940 11 Jan 2021, 15:42:56 Class A Forest – Tall Open forest of Lot 349 along the

eastern boundary

Class G Grassland – Sown Pasture, Eastern Lot 369





Wishart Place

along the eastern boundary



GROUND PHOTO 155

PLOT SAMPLE: 1

DIRECTION: W

Class G Grassland with Class A Forest shown in background – Managed Sown Pasture on Lot 349

GROUND PHOTO 325
DIRECTION: SW PLOT SAMPLE: 2



Class A Forest – view along lot 349 and 350 boundary. Note: single row of managed Pinus on left



Class G Grassland – Managed sown pasture with few tress on Lot 350



Class G Grassland – Managed sown pasture with few trees on Lot 350

Section 7: Responsibilities for implementation and management

	DEVELOPER – PRIOR TO LOT SALES		
No.	Implementation action		
1	Fuel reduction and management - Clear and remove (or prescribed burn) those areas of bush proposed in this plan.		
2	Provide public roads as per the specifications in Appendix 2 - Table 2 column 1.		
3	Provide scheme water supplies as per the Water Corporation's Design Standard 63 – Water reticulation.		
4	Provide guidance for Lot purchasers to obtain individual BAL assessments for their proposed building envelopes and dwelling geometries.		

	DEVELOPER – ONGOING MANAGEMENT PRIOR TO HANDOVER		
No.	Management action		
1	Maintain low fuel loads within the general sub-division site.		
2	Comply with the Shire of Denmark's annual fire management notice issued under S33 of the Bush Fires Act 1954.		
3	Maintain vehicular access routes within the lot to the required surface condition and clearances.		

	LOCAL GOVERNMENT		
No.	Management action		
1	Ensure that the conditions of subdivision approval enshrine the bushfire management measures		
2	Provide annual fire management notices		
3	Monitor land owner compliance with regulations		
4	Promote education and awareness of bushfire prevention and preparation measures.		
5	After hand over to maintain the vegetation along the Kearsley Road reserve in a Low-threat status as per Schedule 1.		

Bushfire Measures

Legend

150m survey

100m survey

Property boundary
Property Boundary

Bushfire Measures • Hydrant

-----Low Fuel Boundary Access

Proposed Lots — Proposed Lots

Proposed Roads ---Proposed Roads



Map Printed from FireMaps on Sat Feb 20 20:20:17 AWST 2021 Figure 9 Bushfire Management Measures.

Appendices

Appendix 1: APZ specifications

Schedule 1 – Specifications for Asset Protection zones

- Fences: within the APZ are constructed from non-combustible materials (e.g. iron, brick, limestone, metal post and wire). It is recommended that solid or slatted non-combustible perimeter fences are used.
- Objects: within 10 metres of a building, combustible objects must not be located close to the vulnerable parts of the building i.e. windows and doors.
- Fine Fuel load: combustible dead vegetation matter less than 6 millimetres in thickness reduced to and maintained at an average of two tonnes per hectare.
- Trees (> 5 metres in height): trunks at maturity should be a minimum distance of 6 metres from all elevations of the building, branches at maturity should not touch or overhang the building, lower branches should be removed to a height of 2 metres above the ground and or surface vegetation, canopy cover should be less than 15% with tree canopies at maturity well spread to at least 5 metres apart as to not form a continuous canopy.

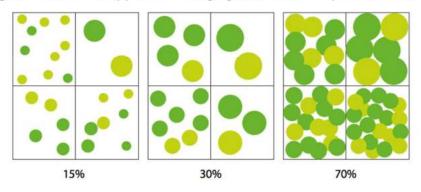


Figure 18: Tree canopy cover - ranging from 15 to 70 per cent at maturity

- Shrubs (0.5 metres to 5 metres in height): should not be located under trees or within 3 metres of buildings, should not be planted in clumps greater than 5m² in area, clumps of shrubs should be separated from each other and any exposed window or door by at least 10 metres. Shrubs greater than 5 metres in height are to be treated as trees.
- Ground covers (<0.5 metres in height): can be planted under trees but must be properly maintained to remove dead plant material and any parts within 2 metres of a structure, but 3 metres from windows or doors if greater than 100 millimetres in height. Ground covers greater than 0.5 metres in height are to be treated as shrubs.

• Grass: should be managed to maintain a height of 100 millimetres or less. (Source WAPC Guidelines for planning in bushfire prone areas Version 1.3 Dec 2017 Appendices)

Appendix 2: Vehicle access technical requirements

"Table 6"- Vehicle access technical requirements.

1 2 Public Cul-de-sac road	3 Private driveway	4 Emergency access way	5 Fire service access routes	
6*	6	4	6*	6*
6	6	6	6	6
4.5	N/A	4.5	4.5	4.5
1 in 10	1 in 10	1 in 10	1 in 10	1 in 10
15	15	15	15	15
1 in 33	1 in 33	1 in 33	1 in 33	1 in 33
8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5
	road 6* 6 4.5 1 in 10 15 1 in 33	Public road Cul-de-sac 6* 6 6 6 4.5 N/A 1 in 10 1 in 10 15 15 1 in 33 1 in 33	Public road Cul-de-sac driveway Private driveway 6* 6 4 6 6 6 4.5 N/A 4.5 1 in 10 1 in 10 1 in 10 15 15 15 1 in 33 1 in 33 1 in 33	Public road Cul-de-sac Private driveway Emergency access way 6* 6 4 6* 6 6 6 6 4.5 N/A 4.5 4.5 1 in 10 1 in 10 1 in 10 1 in 10 15 15 15 15 1 in 33 1 in 33 1 in 33 1 in 33

Appendix 3: Shire of Denmark Fire Management Notice

A current version of the Shire of Denmark Firebreak and Fuel Management Notice can be found online at https://www.denmark.wa.gov.au/residents/local-emergency-management.aspx.

Shire of Denmark



953 South Coast Highway (PO Box 183), Denmark WA 6333 Phone: 9848 0300 • Email: enquiries@denmark.wa.gov.au • Website: www.denmark.wa.gov.au

Shire of Denmark 2019/2020 FIREBREAK AND FUEL MANAGEMENT NOTICE Section 33 BUSH FIRES ACT 1954

FIRST and FINAL Notice to all owners and/or occupiers of land situated within Shire of Denmark.

As a measure to assist in the control of fires, or preventing the spread or extension of a bush fire, Notice is hereby given to all owners and/or occupiers of land within the Shire of Denmark that pursuant to the powers conferred in Section 33 of the *Bush Fires Act 1954*. Works in accordance with this notice must be carried out before the **1st day of December each year**, or within 14 days of becoming the owner or occupier of land if after this date. All work specified in this Notice is to be maintained up to, and including, the **30th day of April** in the following calendar year.

> FIRE PREPAREDNESS AND MITIGATION IS A SHARED RESPONSIBILITY YOU OWN THE PROPERTY – YOU OWN THE RISK

DEFINITIONS

For the purpose of this Notice the following definitions apply:

Alternative Fire Management Arrangement includes a Variation as defined in Requirement 9 of this Notice, a Bushfire Management Plan, Bushfire Management Statement or Fuel Load Management Plan approved by the Shire of Denmark to reduce and mitigate fire hazards within a particular subdivision, lot or other area of land anywhere in the Shire of Denmark.

Asset Protection Zone (APZ) is a fuel reduced area surrounding a building, or an asset of value, whether residential, commercial, industrial or environmental as outlined in Requirement 8 of this document.

Authorised Officer means an employee of the Shire of Denmark appointed as a Bush Fire Control Officer pursuant to the powers conferred in Section 38 of the Bush Fires Act 1954.

Bush Fire Control Officer means an appointed and authorised person under the Bush Fires Act 1954.

Low Fuel Boundary Access (LFBA) means a strip or area of ground, not less than 6 metres wide with 4 metres trafficable and 4.5 metres vertically, as close as practical to inside all external boundaries of any lot situated within Shire of Denmark. It should be constructed to a trafficable surface that is maintained including the pruning and removal of any living or dead trees, scrub or any other material encroaching into the LFBA area. Such LFBA may be constructed by one or more of the following methods: ploughing, cultivating, mulching, raking, burning, chemical spraying or any other method to achieve the required standard as required by an Authorised Officer. LFBA should include passing bays every 100 metres (20 metres long and 6 metres wide) and not terminate or lead to a dead end without provision for egress to a safe place or a cleared turn around of a 10 metre radius.

Fire and Burning Information Booklet is the information booklet included with this Notice that forms part of this Notice.

Flammable Material means any plant, tree, grass, substance, object or material that may, or is likely to catch fire and burn, or any other material deemed by an Authorised Officer to be capable of combustion.

Fuel Depot / Fuel Storage Area means an area of land, a building or structure where fuel, ie (petrol, diesel, kerosene, liquid gas or any other fossil fuel) is kept in any container or manner.

Fuel Load is any combustible material on the property inclusive of, but not limited to, litter, leaves, twigs, trees and bark whether dead or alive, in isolation or clusters that, in the opinion of an Authorised Officer, is likely to fuel a fire. A litter depth of 5mm from the top of the layer to the mineral earth beneath is indicative of approximately 2.5 tonnes per hectare. A litter depth of

15mm from the top of the layer to the mineral earth beneath is indicative of approximately 8 tonnes per hectare. It does not include 'managed vegetation' such as lawns, mulch and gardens that in the opinion of an Authorised Officer does not constitute a fire risk. The Shire of Denmark can provide a booklet on determining fuel load levels which includes a fuel load measurement guide, for your use on request.

Habitable Buildings means a dwelling, workplace, place of gathering or assembly or a building used for the storage or display of goods or produce for sale in accordance with classes 1-9 of the Building Code of Australia. The term habitable building includes attached and adjacent structures like garages, carports, water tanks verandahs or similar roofed structure(s) that are attached to, or are within 6 metres of the dwelling or primary building.

Maintaining Fuel Loads relates to the management of leaf litter and vegetation as described in this Notice. Reducing fuel load levels does not necessarily require the removal of existing natural vegetation. A combination of methods can be utilised including parkland clearing, safe burning, raking, weed removal, pruning, mulching and/or the removal of plant material.

Managed Vegetation includes vegetation that is pruned away from buildings, under pruned to minimise contact with ground fuels and that is kept free of dead suspended matter such as twigs, leaves and bark.

Parkland Cleared means removal of all vegetation understory & grasses, other than 'substantial vegetation' to create a low fuel area.

Standing Bush means all types of forest, bushland, woodland and scrub areas. It is defined to include trees, bushes, plants, stubble, rushes and undergrowth of any kind whatsoever whether dead or alive. Any area of standing bush to be burnt requires a permit from 1st of October to 15th December and 1st March to 30th April.

Substantial Vegetation refers to all types of vegetation, where the diameter of the trunk measured 1 metre above the ground level exceeds 50mm.

Trafficable means to be able to travel from one point to another in a four-wheel drive fire appliance unimpeded on a ploughed, cultivated, mulched or sprayed surface as approved by an Authorised Officer without any obstruction that may hinder such fire appliances. Low Fuel Boundary Access is not to terminate, or lead to a dead end, have tight bends or be without provision for egress to a safe place or a cleared turn around area of not less than a radius of 10 metres.

Vertical Axis means a continuous vertical uninterrupted line at a right angle to the horizontal line of the firebreak to a minimum height of 4.5 metres from the ground.

REQUIREMENTS FOR SPECIFIC LAND CATEGORIES

The specific requirements below relating to land categories within the Shire are to be implemented and maintained to the satisfaction of an Authorised Officer.

1. Lots zoned Residential, Industrial, Commercial & Professional Office size 2500m2 or less.

- Reduce fuel load from the whole of the land such that the fire fuel is maintained to a maximum of 2 tonnes per hectare or;
- 5 tonnes per hectare for predominately Karri bush areas
- Isolated trees and managed vegetation may generally be maintained

2. (A) Lots zoned Residential, Industrial & Commerical size greater than 2500m2.

2

Establish and maintain an Asset Protection Zone in line with the requirements of Section 8 of this Notice.

Vehicular access such as driveways within this zone is required to allow for the safe travel of emergency and other vehicles at all times. Minimum standard for this access is a 6 metre horizontal clearance with a 4 metre trafficable surface and 4.5 metre vertical axis, including a suitable turnaround for a large fire appliance a radius of 10 metres.

For the remainder of the land on the lot outside of the Asset Protection Zone:

- Maintain all grass on the land to a height no greater than 10cm
- Maintain a maximum fuel load in natural bush areas of 8 t/ha or 15 t/ha for predominately Karri Bush areas
- Ensure no tree crowns overhang a building
- · Prune trees and shrubs, and remove dead flammable material within 2 metres of all buildings
- Ensure the roofs, gutters and walls of all buildings on the land are free of flammable matter

2. (B) Lots sized greater than 5000m2.

In addition to the provisions of Requirement 2 (A)

• Establish and maintain Low Fuel Boundary Access with a 6 metre width including a 4 metre trafficable surface and 4.5 metre vertical axis.

NOTE – Where any conditions listed in Requirements 2 (A) or 2 (B) are physically impractical to implement on a lot, the Shire may approve an Alternative Fire Management Arrangement via a Variation to Firebreak and Fuel Management Notice or Bush Fire Management Plan. Applications are available on the Shire of Denmark website.

3. Land zoned Special Rural, Special Residential, Landscape Protection, Tourist or Rural Multiple Occupancy

- Comply with specific fire related provisions that relate to the Town Planning Scheme or relevant Bush Fire Management Plan
- · Comply with requirements 2 (A) and or 2 (B) as applicable

4. Rural Land

Establish and maintain an Asset Protection Zone in line with the requirements of Section 8 of this Notice around all habitable buildings (please consult the Shire for clearing regulations around any other buildings). Open pasture/grassed areas must generally be maintained to a height of not more than 100mm This includes;

- Comply with Vehicular Access as per requirement 2 (A)
- Low Fuel Boundary Access as per requirement 2 (B)
- Open pasture/grassed areas must be managed to reduce fire fuel loads which must be maintained throughout the Restricted and Prohibited Burning Times. If livestock grazing occurs as part of a managed agricultural pursuit at commercial stocking rates as per the Dept of Agriculture & Food guidelines, pasture may exceed 100mm if approved by an Authorised Officer
- Actively managed pastures, forming part of an agricultural pursuit, may exceed a 100mm height if approved by an Authorised Officer
- Bush area exceeding 40ha must be compartmentalised into areas not exceeding 40ha. This access
 must have a 6 metre width with a 4 metre trafficable surface and 4.5 metre vertical clearance
- Where access is longer than 100 metres passing places should be installed along accesses at a rate of 1 every 100 metres they should be 20 metres long and 6 metres wide. A turnaround point should be installed at a rate of 1 every 500m at a radius of 10 metres

5. Specific Hazards: Fuel Depot / Fuel Storage Area / Haystacks / Stockpiled Flammable

3

Material and Power & Telecommunication Infrastructure

- Remove all flammable material within 10 metres of where fuel drums, fuel ramps or fuel dumps are located and where fuel drums, whether containing fuel or not, are stored
- Install and maintain Low Fuel Zone, 4 metres wide immediately surrounding any haystacks or stockpiled flammable material
- Install and maintain Low Fuel Zone, 1 metre wide immediately surrounding any power infrastructure (domes, poles etc)
- · For telecommunications infrastructure contact/consult with the relevant Shire department

6. Plantations, any area which trees have been planted for commercial purposes

The Shire of Denmark has adopted the Guidelines for Plantation Fire Protection developed by the Department of Fire and Emergency Services. This requires all plantations in the Shire of Denmark to adhere to these guidelines. Copies are available from the Department of Fire and Emergency Services website or the Shire of Denmark office.

7. Strategic Fire Access Routes (SFAR)

Where a Strategic Fire Access Route is located on your property you will be required to install and maintain it to the satisfaction of the Shire. It must be;

- Maintained between 1st December to the 30th April the following year
- Be clear of all obstructions
- Gates must be provided and unlocked between properties where the SFAR is located

8. Asset (Building) Protection Zone Specification

The Asset Protection Zone (APZ) for habitable buildings and related structures, as defined within this Notice, must meet the following requirements, unless varied under an approved 'Alternative Fire Management Arrangement' as defined within this Notice. It applies only within the boundaries of the lot on which the habitable building is situated:

- For habitable buildings built to AS3959, the APZ is to be maintained as per the Bushfire Attack Level (BAL) assessment for that specific property. The APZ should, at a minimum, be of sufficient size to ensure the potential radiant heat impact of a fire does not exceed 29kW/square metre, Bushfire Attack Level (BAL) 29
- For habitable buildings not built to AS3959, the APZ must extend a minimum of 20 metres from the habitable building, attached structures or adjacent structures within 6 metres of the habitable building **Please Note;** this may be dependent upon specific BAL
- On sloping ground the APZ distance shall increase at least 1 metre for every degree in slope on the sides of the habitable building that are exposed to down slope where natural vegetation exists
- APZs predominantly consist of managed vegetation, reticulated lawns, gardens and other non-flammable features
- All grass is maintained to, or under, 100mm
- Fuel loads must be maintained to, or under, 2 tonnes per hectare
- Clear separation distance between adjoining, or nearby, tree crowns and canopies should be greater than 5m apart with a coverage of less than 15% so as not to form a continuous canopy
- A small group of trees within close proximity to one another may be treated as one crown, provided the combined crowns do not exceed the area of a large or mature crown size for that species
- Shrubs 0.5 metres to 5 metres high are not to be planted in groups or under trees within 3
 metres of the habitable building must not exceed 5 square metres. There must be a gap of
 at least three times the height (at maturity) of the shrub away from the habitable building
- Trees over 5 metres high are not to be within 6 metres of a habitable building

4

- Trees are to be under pruned to at least a height of 2 metres from the ground
- There are no tree crowns or branches hanging over habitable buildings
- · Ensure the roof, gutters and walls of all buildings on the land are free of flammable material
- Install paths and non-flammable features immediately adjacent to the habitable building
- Wood piles and flammable materials should be stored a safe distance from habitable buildings

9. Application to vary the above requirements

If it is considered impracticable to implement any of the requirements of this Notice you may apply for a Variation to the Firebreak and Fuel Management Notice. This must be done in writing to the Shire of Denmark by **no later than the 1st day of November** each year seeking permission to implement alternative measures to assist in the control of bush fires, or preventing the spread or extension of a bush fire. If permission is not granted in writing by the Shire of Denmark you must comply with the requirements of this Notice.

10. Additional Works

In addition to the requirements of this Notice, you may be required to carry out further works which are considered necessary by an Authorised Officer and specified by way of a separate written notice. Such notice will forwarded to the address of the owner/s as shown on the Shire of Denmark rates record for the relevant land.

TAKE NOTICE that pursuant to Section 33(4) of the *Bush Fires Act 1954*, where the owner and/ or occupier of land fails or neglects to comply with the requisitions of this Notice within the times specified, the Shire of Denmark may, by its Authorised Officers and with such servants, workmen and contractors, vehicles and machinery as the Authorised Officers deem fit, enter upon the land and carry out the requisitions of this Notice which have not been complied with and pursuant to Section 33(5) of the *Bush Fires Act 1954*, the amount of any costs and expenses incurred may be recovered from you as the owner and/or occupier of the land.

Bush Fires Act Responsibilities and Council Polices.

Bush Fires Act 1954 Section 24F and 24G (Restricted Burning)

BURNING OF GARDEN REFUSE

Shire of Denmark Policy P050101

- No burning of garden refuse is permitted during the restricted burning time (RBT) without a permit
- No burning of garden refuse is permitted throughout the entire prohibited burning time (PBT)
- All garden refuse that is burnt is to be thoroughly dry (not green) so as not to cause a smoke nuisance to neighboring properties.

Bush Fires Act 1954 Section 25 (1a) and (1c)

CAMP AND COOKING FIRES

Shire of Denmark Policy P050102

Pursuant to the powers under Section 25 (1a) of the Bush Fires Act 1954, the Shire of Denmark hereby prohibits the lighting of fires in the open air in its district for the purpose of camping or cooking during the prohibited burning times, unless the fire is:

(A) At a person's home; (A person's permanent home or residence must be a building approved by the Shire.

A temporary shed or caravan or other structure on an otherwise vacant Lot is not classified as a 'permanent home' and the lighting of camping or cooking fires in these situations is Prohibited during the PBT and subject to the issue of a permit during the RBT) or

(B) In an area which -

(i) Is set aside for that purpose by the State Authority or Local Government responsible for the care, control or management of the land; and

(ii) Bears the State Authority's or Local Government's sign denoting that purpose; and

(iii) All combustible material is cleared from within a 5 metre radius of the fire; and

(iv) The fire danger rating of the day indicates less than "Very High"

The fire must be;

- · Contained within a purpose-built structure of brick or rocks and mortar, or
- · Contained within a purpose-built steel container recognisable as a properly constructed barbecue, or
- Is a sand fire pit structure, suitable for a camp fire or cooking fire, that has a maximum diameter of 1
 metre and a minimum depth of 30cm

Approved locations within the Shire of Denmark

Private Land – Riverbend Caravan Park: 40 Riverbend Lane Denmark, Ayr Saileen: 21 Tindale Road Bow Bridge, Boat Harbour Chalets: 171 Boat Harbour Road Parryville.

Public Land – Parry Beach Caravan Park (Shire), Denmark Boating and Angling Club (Parry Beach, Shire), Peaceful Bay Caravan Park (Shire)

Bush Fires Act 1954 Section 28 and 46

Responsibilities to Extinguish Fires

Property Owners/Occupiers of land are reminded that they must have the ability to contain, control and extinguish any fire burning on their land at any time. Where a bush fire is burning that the owner/occupier of the land shall, whether they have lit or caused such a fire to be lit or not, take all possible measures to extinguish a fire. Where a property owner/occupier fails to extinguish the fire, A Bush Fire Control Officer may take all proper measures to extinguish such fire and expenses of that action are recoverable from the relevant owner. The fees associated with fire response are available in the Shire of Denmark's Schedule of Fees and Charges.

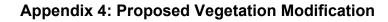
A Bush Fire Control Officer may postpone the lighting of any fire at any time or direct that any fire is extinguished if they are of the opinion that if the fire is lit or not extinguished that the fire is in danger of escaping the land.

If the requirements of this Notice are carried out by burning, such burning must be in accordance with the relevant provisions of the *Bush Fires Act 1954*.

The **PENALTY FOR FAILING TO COMPLY** with this Notice is a fine not exceeding \$5000 and a person in default is also liable, whether prosecuted or not, to pay the costs of performing the work directed by this Notice if it is not carried out by the owner and/or occupier by the date required by this Notice.

By order of the Council.

Shire President





Appendix B- Vegetation Assessment

LOT 349 KEARSLEY ROAD, DENMARK

FLORA AND VEGETATION SURVEY

Prepared for:Graeme RobertsonReport Date:9 December 2020Version:3Report No.2020-541



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1 INTRODUCTION

1.1 Background

Lot 349 Kearsley Road, Denmark (the site) is located in the Shire of Denmark, approximately 1km north-west of the town centre (Figure 1). The site is 12.3146ha in size and is bounded by Kearsley Road and cleared rural lot to the east, rural lots to the north and south and uncleared native vegetation on a private lot and the McLean Road Nature Reserve (R35621) to the west (Figure 2).

The site currently contains three self-contained holiday accommodation units (Bombina Cottages) and associated landscaped areas on the eastern half and native woodland on the western half.

The owners of the site are investigating the potential re-development of the whole site into residential lots. A proposed development plan is shown in Appendix 1. The plan includes 38 residential lots on the eastern half of the site, ranging in size from 1488m² to 2145m² and one larger lot of 4.7366ha on the western side. The western lot is proposed to be retained as a Public Open Space reserve to retain the existing vegetation. An internal road system provides access to the lots.

PGV Environmental was commissioned by the landowner, Mr Graeme Robertson, to undertake a flora and vegetation survey of the site to assist in determining the ecological values with respect to the potential future development of the site.

1.2 Scope of Works

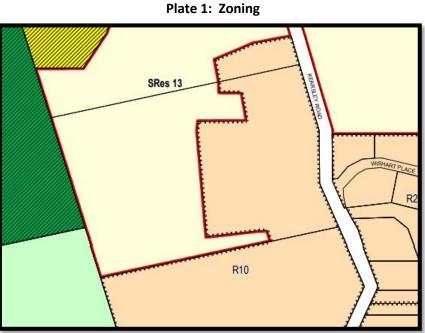
A Detailed Flora and Vegetation Survey was undertaken in accordance with EPA Technical Guidance *Flora and Vegetation Surveys for Environmental Impact Assessment* (EPA, 2016). The survey included the following:

- Desktop search and review of the Department of Biodiversity, Conservation and Attractions (DBCA) Threatened and Priority flora Databases;
- A search of the Naturemap website (DBCA, 2020);
- A search of the Commonwealth Government's Protected Matters Search Tool (DAWE, 2020) to identify species potentially occurring within the area that are protected under the *Environment Protection and Biodiversity Conservation* (EPBC) *Act 1999*;
- Examination of historic and recent aerial photography and contour and soil maps to provisionally identify vegetation types and condition;
- Field survey using quadrats to record native and introduced species as well as a thorough site walkover of any areas of native vegetation;
- Recording of any significant plant species using a hand-held GPS;
- Description and mapping of vegetation types and vegetation condition; and
- Compilation of a flora list.

2 EXISTING ENVIRONMENT

2.1 Land Use

The site is currently zoned 'Special Residential' to the west and 'Residential R10' to the east under the *Shire of Denmark Local Planning Scheme No. 3* (WAPC, 1994).



The earliest available historic aerial photograph on line from 2000 (Landgate, 2020) shows t

The earliest available historic aerial photograph on-line from 2000 (Landgate, 2020) shows that the site contains native vegetation in the west and is mostly cleared to the east (Plate 2).



Plate 2: Aerial Photograph 2000 (Landgate, 2020)

The site does not appear to have changed substantially from 2000 to 2020 (Figure 2).

2.2 Topography

The site is steeply sloping from the south-east up to the northwest corner with an elevation ranging between 72m AHD at the south-east corner and 153m at the north-west corner (Figure 2).

2.3 Geology and Soils

2.3.1 Geology

The site is located mostly on the Walpole Hills System which are granitic hills and low hills, in the south of the Warren-Denmark Southland and the Broke System in the north-eastern part which are poorly drained plain with low granitic rises, along the coast of the Warren-Denmark Southland (DPIRD, 2020). Sate Regolith maps the site as *Residual or relict material, including ferruginous, siliceous, and calcareous duricrust* (DMIRS, 2020).

2.3.2 Soils

The soils on the site are described as Keystone Brown Duplex Phase (254WhKYb) which are brown gravelly duplex soils and red of yellow earths with much laterite typically associated with Marri-Karri-Red Tingle-Yellow Tingle forest (DPIRD, 2020).

2.4 Hydrology

There are no expressions of groundwater or surface water on the site such as wetlands or creeks (National Map, 2020).

3 METHODOLOGY

3.1 Database Searches

Searches of the following databases were undertaken for a 10km radius around the central point of the site prior to the site survey:

- Department of Biodiversity, Conservation and Attractions (DBCA) Declared Rare and Priority Flora database and Threatened Ecological Communities database (Appendix 2);
- DBCA Naturemap Database (DBCA, 2020) (Appendix 3); and
- The Commonwealth Government's Protected Matters Search Tool to identify species potentially occurring within the area that are protected under the *Environment Protection and Biodiversity Conservation* (EPBC) *Act 1999* (DAWE, 2020). A radius of 5km was used for this database (Appendix 4).

3.2 Site Survey

A flora and vegetation survey of the site was conducted by Dr Paul van der Moezel of PGV Environmental on 15 October 2020.

The site was walked to record all species in the survey area. Information on flora composition and vegetation structure was recorded in three 10m x 10m non-permanent quadrats in representative vegetation types.

Most plant species were identified in the field. Some specimens were photographed or taken for identification at the Perth Reference Herbarium or office using standard reference guides.

3.3 Survey Conditions

The conditions that the survey was undertaken in are presented in Table 1 in order to assess the adequacy of the survey. In summary, there were no constraints to the survey.

Table 1. Statement of Botanical Survey Conditions				
Issue	Constraints (Y/N)*	Comment		
Competency/experience of the consultant conducting the survey	No	Dr Paul van der Moezel has recent botanical survey experience in the Denmark area.		
Proportion of the flora identified^	No	The timing of the survey in mid-October was optimal to identify most flora species on the site including all potential Threatened and Priority Flora. No follow- up survey required.		
Sources of information (historic/recent or new data)	No	The flora of the Denmark area is well documented.		
Proportion of the task achieved and further work that may need to be undertaken	No	No follow-up survey required as no Threatened Flora expected to occur in other seasons.		

Table 1: Statement of Botanical Survey Conditions

Issue	Constraints (Y/N)*	Comment
Timing/weather/season/cycle	No	The spring survey was optimal for most flora species. 2020 was a good year for ephemeral species, including orchids.
Disturbances (Fire)	No	The fire age of the vegetation was mostly greater than 5 years.
Intensity of survey (e.g. In retrospect was the intensity adequate)	No	The very small site and ease of access through the open understorey made for a
Completeness (e.g. was relevant area fully surveyed)	No	full coverage.
Resources (e.g. degree of expertise available for plant identification)	No	Experienced botanist undertook most plant identifications on site.
Remoteness and/or access problems	No	Easily accessible site close to the Denmark townsite.
Availability of contextual (e.g. bioregional) information for the study area.	No	Beard Vegetation Mapping

*Constraints have been rated as Significant, Moderate or No constraints

^Fungi and nonvascular flora (e.g. algae, mosses and liverworts) were not specifically surveyed for during the survey.

4 RESULTS

4.1 Flora Database Searches

A search of the DBCA Threatened Flora Databases: the WA Herbarium database (WAHerb), the Threatened (Declared Rare) and Priority Flora Species List (TFPL) (Appendix 2) and Naturemap Database (Appendix 3) indicates that a number of species that are listed as Endangered, Threatened or Priority have been located within a 10km radius of the site. The and the EPBC Act Protected Matters Search Tool (Appendix 4) indicates species that may have habitat within 5km radius of the site. The results from these database searches are shown in Table 2. None of the species has been recorded from the survey area.

Table 3 lists the likelihood that any of these species could occur on the site based on the soil types and vegetation condition.

Colombific Norma	Common Name	Conservation	Status under EPBC
Scientific Name	Common Name	Status (WA)	Act
Commersonia apella	Many-flowered Commersonia	Schedule 1	Critically
commersonia apena	Marty-nowered Commersonia	Schedule 1	Endangered
lsopogon uncinatus	Hook-leaf Isopogon	Schedule 1	Endangered
Verticordia apecta	Hay River Featherflower,	Schedule 1	Critically
νεπιοσιαία αρεσια	Scruffy Verticordia	Schedule 1	Endangered
Drakaea micrantha	Dwarf Hammer-orchid	Schedule 2	Vulnerable
Sphenotoma drummondii	Mountain Paper-heath	Schedule 2	Endangered
Caladenia harringtoniae	Harrington's Spider-orchid, Pink Spider-orchid	Schedule 3	Vulnerable
Conostylis misera	Grass Conostylis	Schedule 3	Endangered
Kennedia glabrata	Northcliffe Kennedia	Schedule 3	Vulnerable
Grevillea fuscolutea		Schedule 3	
Selliera radicans		Priority 1	
Stylidium sp. Kordabup		Priority 1	
(A.R. Annels 1660)			
Caladenia applanata	Rose Spider Orchid	Priority 2	
subsp. erubescens			
Melaleuca viminalis		Priority 2	
Amanita drummondii	Drummond's Grisette	Priority 3	
Andersonia auriculata		Priority 3	
Andersonia sp. Mitchell			
River (B.G. Hammersley 925)		Priority 3	
Andersonia sp. Virolens		Driority 2	
(G.J. Keighery 12000)		Priority 3	
Angianthus drummondii		Priority 3	
Anthocercis sylvicola		Priority 3	
Borya longiscapa		Priority 3	

Table 2: Conservation Significant Flora Identified in Database Search	es
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Scientific Name	Common Name	Conservation Status (WA)	Status under EPBC Act
Lasiopetalum sp. Denmark		Priority 3	
(B.G. Hammersley 2012)		FIIOIIty 5	
Leucopogon alternifolius		Priority 3	
Synaphea incurva		Priority 3	
Tetraria sp. Blackwood		Priority 3	
River (A.R. Annels 3043)		PHOINTY 5	
Banksia serra		Priority 4	
Banksia sessilis var.		Priority 4	
cordata		Priority 4	
Boronia virgata		Priority 4	
Drosera fimbriata		Priority 4	
Eucalyptus virginea		Priority 4	
Lepidium		Driority 4	
pseudotasmanicum		Priority 4	
Microtis pulchella	Beautiful Mignonette Orchid	Priority 4	
Ornduffia submersa		Priority 4	
Pleurophascum	Western Giant-leaved Moss	Driority 4	
occidentale	Western Glant-leaved Moss	Priority 4	
Thomasia quercifolia	Oak Leaved Thomasia	Priority 4	
Thomasia solanacea		Priority 4	
Xanthosia eichleri		Priority 4	

Conservation Codes are shown in Appendix 5

Table 3: Likelihood of Identified Significant Flora Sp	becies Occurring on the Site
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Scientific Name	Common Name	Habitat*	Likelihood to occur on the site
Commersonia apella	Many-flowered Commersonia	The Many-flowered Commersonia occurs in grey sand over laterite near a river bank (Western Australian Herbarium, 2003).	Highly Unlikely – not suitable habitat
Isopogon uncinatus	Hook-leaf Isopogon	Hook-leaf Isopogon occurs in loam or sand on granite, peaty sand on swampy depressions, hillslopes.	Highly Unlikely – not suitable habitat
Verticordia apecta	Hay River Featherflower, Scruffy Verticordia	Hay River Featherflower grows in sandy clay with loam and broken granite on slopes in <i>Eucalyptus wandoo</i> woodland (George and George, 1994).	Highly Unlikely – not suitable habitat
Drakaea micrantha	Dwarf Hammer- orchid	Dwarf Hammer-orchid occurs in grey sands over dark, grey to blackish, sandy clay-loam substrates in winter wet depressions or swamps.	Highly Unlikely – not suitable habitat

Scientific Name	Common Name	Habitat*	Likelihood to occur on the site
Sphenotoma drummondii	Mountain Paper-heath	Mountain Paper-heath grows in stony or shallow soils over granite or quartzite on steep rocky slopes, crevices of rocks.	Highly Unlikely – not suitable habitat
Caladenia harringtoniae	Harrington's Spider-orchid, Pink Spider- orchid	Harrington's Spider-orchid occurs in sandy loam on winter-wet flats, margins of lakes, creeklines, granite outcrops.	Highly Unlikely – not suitable habitat
Conostylis misera	Grass Conostylis	Grass Conostylis prefers white or grey sand, sandy loam on winter-wet flats.	Highly Unlikely – not suitable habitat
Grevillea fuscolutea	Mt Lindesay Grevillea	Mt Lindesay Grevillea occurs in coarse grey sand or brown-black loam over granite on granite outcrops.	Highly Unlikely – not suitable habitat
Kennedia glabrata	Northcliffe Kennedia	Northcliffe Kennedia occurs in soil pockets, sandy soils on granite outcrops.	Highly Unlikely – not suitable habitat
Selliera radicans		<i>Selliera radicans</i> occurs in caline mud in estuarine areas.	Highly Unlikely – not suitable habitat
<i>Stylidium</i> sp. Kordabup (A.R. Annels 1660)		<i>Stylidium</i> sp. Kordabup (A.R. Annels 1660) is recorded from a g granite outcrop in shallow soil (Western Australian Herbarium, 1994).	Highly Unlikely – not suitable habitat
Caladenia applanata subsp. erubescens	Rose Spider Orchid	Rose Spider Orchid grows in sand on consolidated dunes, summer burnt areas.	Highly Unlikely – not suitable habitat
Melaleuca viminalis		<i>Melaleuca viminalis</i> is recorded from stony riverbed in rapids with sandstone rocks overlying volcanics, in the creekline of sandstone gorges in sand among rocks, and around a pool below a waterfall (Craven, Lepschi and Cowley, 2010).	Highly Unlikely – not suitable habitat
Amanita drummondii	Drummond's Grisette	Drummond's Grisette is solitary to gregarious in leaf litter in association with Agonis flexuosa, A. theiformis, Allocasuarina fraseriana, Corymbia calophylla, Eucalyptus marginata, E. patens, E. staeri, Jacksonia furcellata, Kunzea glabrescens, Melaleuca sp., Podocarpus drouynianus, Taxandria parviceps. (Davidson et al., 2015) growing in sandy soil (Amanitaceae Org, 2015).	Highly Unlikely – not suitable habitat

Scientific Name	Common	Habitat*	Likelihood to
	Name		occur on the site
Andersonia		Andersonia auriculata grows in grey or	Highly Unlikely –
auriculata		peaty sand, often over laterite in	not suitable
		swampy areas, granite outcrops.	habitat
Andersonia sp.		Andersonia sp. Mitchell River (B.G.	
Mitchell River (B.G.		Hammersley 925) grows in grey sand	Possible
Hammersley 925)		over laterite or granite.	
Andersonia sp.		Andersonia sp. Virolens (G.J. Keighery	
Virolens (G.J.		12000) grows in grey sand over laterite	Possible
Keighery 12000)		or granite on midslopes	
Angianthus		Angianthus drummondii grows in grey	Highly Unlikely –
Angianthus		or brown clay soils, ironstone on	not suitable
drummondii		seasonally wet flats.	habitat
		Anthocercis sylvicola occurs in brown,	
		gravelly, free draining clay-loam soils in	
		moisture gaining sites with <i>Eucalyptus</i>	Highly Unlikely –
Anthocercis sylvicola		jachsonii, E. guifoyleii and E.	not suitable
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		diversicolor, proximinal to water-	habitat
		shedding areas of granite (Macfarlane	habitat
		and Wardell-Johnson, 1996).	
			Highly Unlikely –
Borya longiscapa		Borya longiscapa grows in grey sand on	not suitable
Dorya longiscapa		granite outcrops.	habitat
		Lacionatalum en Donmark (P.C.	Habitat
Lasiopetalum sp.		Lasiopetalum sp. Denmark (B.G.	
Denmark (B.G.		Hammersley 2012) grows in sand, sandy	Possible
Hammersley 2012)		or gravelly loam on granite outcrops,	
		slopes, lateritic ridges.	
Leucopogon		Leucopogon alternifolius grows in	Highly Unlikely –
alternifolius		grey/white sand in swampy areas,	not suitable
-		seasonally wet areas.	habitat
Synaphea incurva		Synaphea incurva occurs in gravelly	Possible
o)		loam, sandy soils on slopes.	
Tetraria sp.		Tetraria sp. Blackwood River (A.R.	Highly Unlikely –
Blackwood River		Annels 3043) is recorded from a creek	not suitable
(A.R. Annels 3043)		bed (Western Australian Herbarium,	habitat
(A.N. Anneis 5045)		2005).	Παυττατ
Banksia serra		Banksia serra grows in gravel, sand or	Possible
Daliksia sella		clay loam over laterite on hillslopes.	
Dava basian and illi		Deschain and Harrison I. I.	Highly Unlikely –
Banksia sessilis var.		Banksia sessilis var. cordata grows in	not suitable
cordata		white/grey sand on coastal limestone.	habitat
			Highly Unlikely –
Boronia virgata		Boronia virgata grows in peaty sand or	not suitable
2010ina ingutu		clay on swampy or waterlogged places.	habitat
			πανιταί

Scientific Name	Common Name	Habitat*	Likelihood to occur on the site
Drosera fimbriata		<i>Drosera fimbriata</i> occurs in white sand, granite.	Highly Unlikely – not suitable habitat
Eucalyptus virginea		<i>Eucalyptus virginea</i> grows in clay or sandy loam, shallow soil over granite, laterite loam over clay on lower slopes near watercourses, edge of rock outcrops, gently sloping sites.	
Lepidium pseudotasmanicum		Lepidium pseudotasmanicum occurs in loam, sand associated with granite.	Highly Unlikely – not suitable habitat
Microtis pulchella	Beautiful Mignonette Orchid	Beautiful Mignonette Orchid grows in peaty sand in winter-wet swamps.	Highly Unlikely – not suitable habitat
Ornduffia submersa		Ornduffia submersa grows in freshwater 0.05-0.6 m deep in pools, lakes, swamps, winter-wet depressions, claypans.	Highly Unlikely – not suitable habitat
Pleurophascum occidentale	Western Giant- leaved Moss	Western Giant-leaved Moss is known to occur in a wide range of habitat including shallow soils on the edge of granite, deep white sand on laterite, sandy clay loam on sandstone, pink sand on sandstone as well as sandy soils some distance from granite outcrops (Brown <i>et al.,</i> 1998; DEC, 2009). It is generally associated with <i>Agonis</i> <i>flexuosa</i> and <i>Thryptomene saxicola</i> (Wyatt and Stoneburner, 1989).	Highly Unlikely – not suitable habitat
Thomasia quercifolia	Oak Leaved Thomasia	Oak Leaved Thomasia is recorded from grey sand on a slope in coastal dunes (Western Australian Herbarium, 1993).	Highly Unlikely – not suitable habitat
Thomasia solanacea		<i>Thomasia solanacea</i> grows in alluvium, sand over limestone, rocky loam in coastal areas.	Highly Unlikely – not suitable habitat
Xanthosia eichleri		<i>Xanthosia eichleri</i> grows in grey sand over granite, sandy loam on granite outcrops in jarrah/marri woodland.	Highly Unlikely – not suitable habitat

* sourced from Florabase (DBCA, 2017) and SPRAT Database (DoEE, 2016) as well as the DBCA database searches unless otherwise denoted

4.2 TEC and PEC Desktop Search

A search of DBCA's Threatened (TEC) and Priority Ecological Communities (PEC) database was conducted within a radius of 5km around the site (38-0919EC) (Appendix 6). One TEC and two Priority PECs at State level were identified in the database search (Table 4). The Coastal Saltmarsh PEC is listed under the *Environment Protection and Biodiversity Conservation Act 1999* (EPBC Act) as a TEC. The communities identified in the database searches are outlined in Table 4.

Ecological Community	Description	Conservation Status WA	Status under the EPBC Act
Mount Lindesay	Mount Lindesay - Little Lindesay Vegetation Complex	Endangered	
Melaleuca spathulata/ Melaleuca viminea	<i>Melaleuca spathulata/Melaleuca viminea</i> Swamp Heath	Priority 1	
Coastal Saltmarsh	Subtropical and Temperate Coastal Saltmarsh	Priority 3	Vulnerable

Table 4: Threatened and Priority Ecological Communities likely to occur within 5km of the Site

4.3 Flora

A total of 31 plant species were recorded during the survey (Appendix 7). The total consisted of 31 native and no introduced species. Exotic trees and shrubs and lawns within the holiday accommodation part of the site were not included in the survey. The number of native species is low but consistent with Karri woodland vegetation in the Albany-Denmark area and the small area of native vegetation with very little variation on the site.

There was very little to no herbaceous layer with the ground cover having a very thick cover of leaf litter, branches and logs.

There were no Threatened (Declared Rare) or Priority plant species recorded on the site. The three Priority species that were identified in the database search as possibly occurring on the site do not occur on the site. The three species, one *Lasiopetalum* and two *Andersonia* species are perennial shrubs. No *Lasiopetalum* or *Andersonia* species were recorded on the site.

Quadrat Data are provided in Appendix 8.

Species richness in the three quadrats ranged from 9-13 species.

4.4 Vegetation

4.4.1 Vegetation Complex

The site is located in the eastern part of the Warren Interim Bio-geographic Regional Area (IBRA), which extends from the coast from just south of Yallingup to south of the Princess Royal Harbour near Albany. The Region is described as:

Dissected undulating country of the Leeuwin Complex and Albany Orogen with loamy soils supporting Karri forest, laterites supporting Jarrah-Marri forest, leached sandy soils in depressions and plains supporting paperbark/sedge swamps, and Holocene marine dunes with Agonis flexuosa woodlands. Moderate Mediterranean (Hearn et al., 2002).

Vegetation Complexes are a broad level of vegetation description which is based on the underlying geomorphology and rainfall (Heddle *et al.,* 1980). The vegetation is part of the Keystone Complex which is described as

Mosaic of tall open forest of Eucalyptus guilfoylei-Eucalyptus jacksonii-Eucalyptus diversicolor on slopes of major hills rising above coastal plain with Allocasuarina decussata-Banksia grandis-Agonis flexuosa on slopes in hyperhumid and perhumid zones and tall open forest of Eucalyptus brevistylis-Eucalyptus marginata subsp. marginata-Corymbia calophylla and the occasional Eucalyptus megacarpa near rock outcrops in hyperhumid and perhumid zones (Shepherd et al., 2001).

4.4.2 Vegetation Type

For small scale sites, such as the survey area, vegetation mapping can be further refined by using vegetation types which are described by the composition and structure of the dominant species rather than based on geomorphology.

Two very similar native vegetation types were described and mapped on the site (Table 5 and Figure 3). The composition of the tree canopy included Karri (*Eucalyptus diversicolor*) and Yellow Tingle (*Eucalyptus guilfoylei*) varied over the site with Yellow Tingle more prevalent at the northern end and Karri more dominant in the central portion. The understorey was similar but was slightly different at the southern end with the tall shrub *Trymalium odoratissimum* var. *trifidum* becoming a dominant species.

Table 5:	Vegetation	Types on	the Site
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Vegetation Type	Description	Photograph
EgEd1 Eucalyptus guilfoylei Eucalyptus diversicolor/ Open Forest over Acacia pentadenia/Taxandria parviceps/Hibbertia cuneiformis/Lepidosperma effusum Shrubland over leaf litter	This is the main vegetation type on the site with Karri (<i>Eucalyptus diversicolor</i>) and Yellow Tingle (<i>Eucalyptus guilfoylei</i>) present up to 15m high and varying in their dominance on the site. The understorey contains a mid- canopy around 2m high with <i>Acacia pentadenia, Taxandria parviceps, Hibbertia cuneiformis</i> and <i>Leucopogon verticillatus</i> common and the native sedge <i>Lepidosperma effusum</i> common. Almost no herb layer is present. The soils are Dark orange-brown sandy loam with some laterite at surface. Quadrats KR1 and KR2 are representative of this vegetation type.	<image/> <caption><caption><caption></caption></caption></caption>

Vegetation Type	Description	Photograph
EgEd2 Eucalyptus guilfoylei/Eucalyptus diversicolor Open Forest over Trymalium odoratissimum/Lepidosperma effusum Shrubland over leaf litter	This vegetation type is similar to the EgEd1 type with Karri and Yellow Tingle trees and occurs on the lower slopes of the site. The understorey contains the tall shrub <i>Trymalium</i> <i>odoratissimum</i> as a dominant shrub. <i>Lepidosperma effusum</i> is common. The soils are Dark orange-brown sandy loam, some laterite at surface. Quadrat KR3 is representative of this vegetation type.	

4.4.3 Vegetation Condition

The condition of the vegetation was assessed according to the system of Keighery as described in Bush Forever (Government of Western Australia, 2000) (Table 6).

Condition	Description
Pristine	Pristine or nearly so, no obvious signs of disturbance.
Excellent	Vegetation structure intact, disturbance affecting individual species and weeds are non-aggressive species.
Very Good	Vegetation structure altered, obvious signs of disturbance. For example, disturbance to vegetation structure caused by repeated fires, the presence of some more aggressive weeds, dieback, logging and grazing.
Good	Vegetation structure significantly altered by very obvious signs of multiple disturbance. Retains basic vegetation structure or ability to regenerate to it. For example, disturbance to vegetation structure caused by very frequent fires, the presence of some very aggressive weeds at high density, partial clearing, dieback and grazing.
Degraded	 Basic vegetation structure severely impacted by disturbance. Scope for regeneration but not to a state approaching good condition without intensive management. For example, disturbance to vegetation structure caused by very frequent fires, the presence of very aggressive weeds, partial clearing, dieback and grazing.
Completely Degraded	The structure of the vegetation is no longer intact and the area is completely or almost completely without native species. These are often described as 'parkland cleared' with the flora comprising weed or crop species with isolated native trees or shrubs.

Table 6: Vegetation Condition Rating Scale

The condition of the vegetation is shown in Figure 3. The area of native vegetation in the western half is in Excellent condition and may be Pristine except that the understorey appears to have been grazed extensively by kangaroos. The eastern edge of the Karri/Yellow Tingle Forest has some weeds and is mapped as Very Good. The small remnant stands of Karri/Yellow Tingle close to Kearsley Road have few to no weeds but have been thinned out over time and are rated as Good to Very Good.

4.5 Conservation Significance of Flora and Vegetation

4.5.1 Flora

No Threatened or Priority flora species were recorded on the site. No other species of conservation significance were recorded.

4.5.2 Vegetation

The vegetation on most of the site is part of the Keystone Complex. The Keystone Complex has 78.25% remaining and 57.5% in secure reserves (DBCA, 2018) and is therefore not considered of conservation priority.

The vegetation types are not representative of either of the three Priority Ecological Communities recorded within 10km of the site.

The vegetation on the site offers some protection to the vegetation in the McLean Road Nature Reserve with regards to the spread of weeds and dieback into the Reserve. Retention of vegetation on the western side of the proposed development is therefore recommended. Retention of vegetation will need to address the likely impact of bushfire hazard to future proposed residences elsewhere on the site.

The vegetation on the site is part of a larger area of remnant vegetation that includes McLean Road Nature Reserve and Redmond Road Nature Reserve (R31561 – 52.3ha) further to the north-west and vegetation on other private lots in the general area of the eastern slopes of Mt Shadforth. The vegetation on the site, therefore, adds to the fauna value of the areas of remnant vegetation in the general area.

5 SUMMARY AND CONCLUSIONS

The Flora and Vegetation survey of the site resulted in the following findings:

- A total of around 8.5ha of native vegetation occurs on the 12.3ha site, with most of it (7.7ha) on the western side;
- A total of 31 plant species were recorded in areas of native vegetation during the 2020 flora survey. All plants recorded were native;
- No Threatened (Declared Rare) or Priority flora species were recorded on the site;
- Two very similar vegetation types were described and mapped on the site Karri (*Eucalyptus diversicolor*) and Tingle (*E. guilfoylei*) Forest, only varying slightly in the understorey composition. The trees occurred over a sparse tall shrub layer and a ground cover containing very thick leaf litter, branches and logs with very few plants;
- The vegetation was mostly rated in Excellent condition;
- The vegetation is not a Threatened or Priority Ecological Community or part of a Vegetation Complex of conservation significance;
- Similar vegetation occurs on the McLean Road Nature Reserve (12.3ha) located to the west of the site as well as in private rural lots adjoining the site to the north, west and south, and in that regard is well represented in the Denmark area; and
- The vegetation on the site offers some protection to the vegetation in the McLean Road Nature Reserve with regards to the spread of weeds and dieback into the Reserve. The vegetation on the site is also part of a larger area of remnant vegetation that includes McLean Road Nature Reserve and Redmond Road Nature Reserve (R31561 – 52.3ha) further to the north-west and adds to the fauna value of the areas of remnant vegetation in the general area; and
- Development of the site in accordance with the Amended Structure Plan (Appendix 1) would result in retention of a large proportion of the Karri/Tingle Forest in the western POS Reserve lot and potential retention of some trees on the smaller eastern lots adjacent to Kearsley Road. Retention of a large proportion of the vegetation in the western lot would retain the ecological function of the vegetation adjacent to the Nature Reserve and other nearby areas of vegetation. The requirements for bushfire protection of the 38 proposed residential lots will need to be considered so that the clearing of trees and understorey in the proposed POS lot is minimised or avoided.

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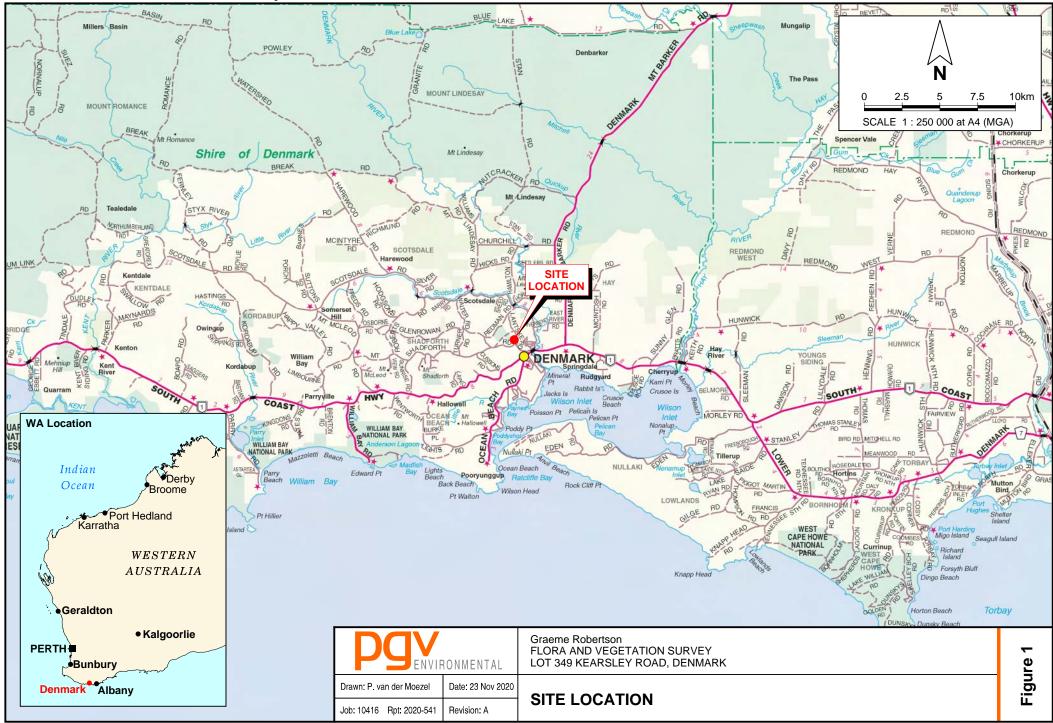
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- Western Australian Herbarium (1994) Atlas of Living Australia; Australia's Virtual Herbarium Record *Stylidium* sp. Kordabup <u>http://biocache.ala.org.au/occurrences/709cd79a-7c38-4119-b793-983950d6c4ac</u> Accessed June 2017 Perth
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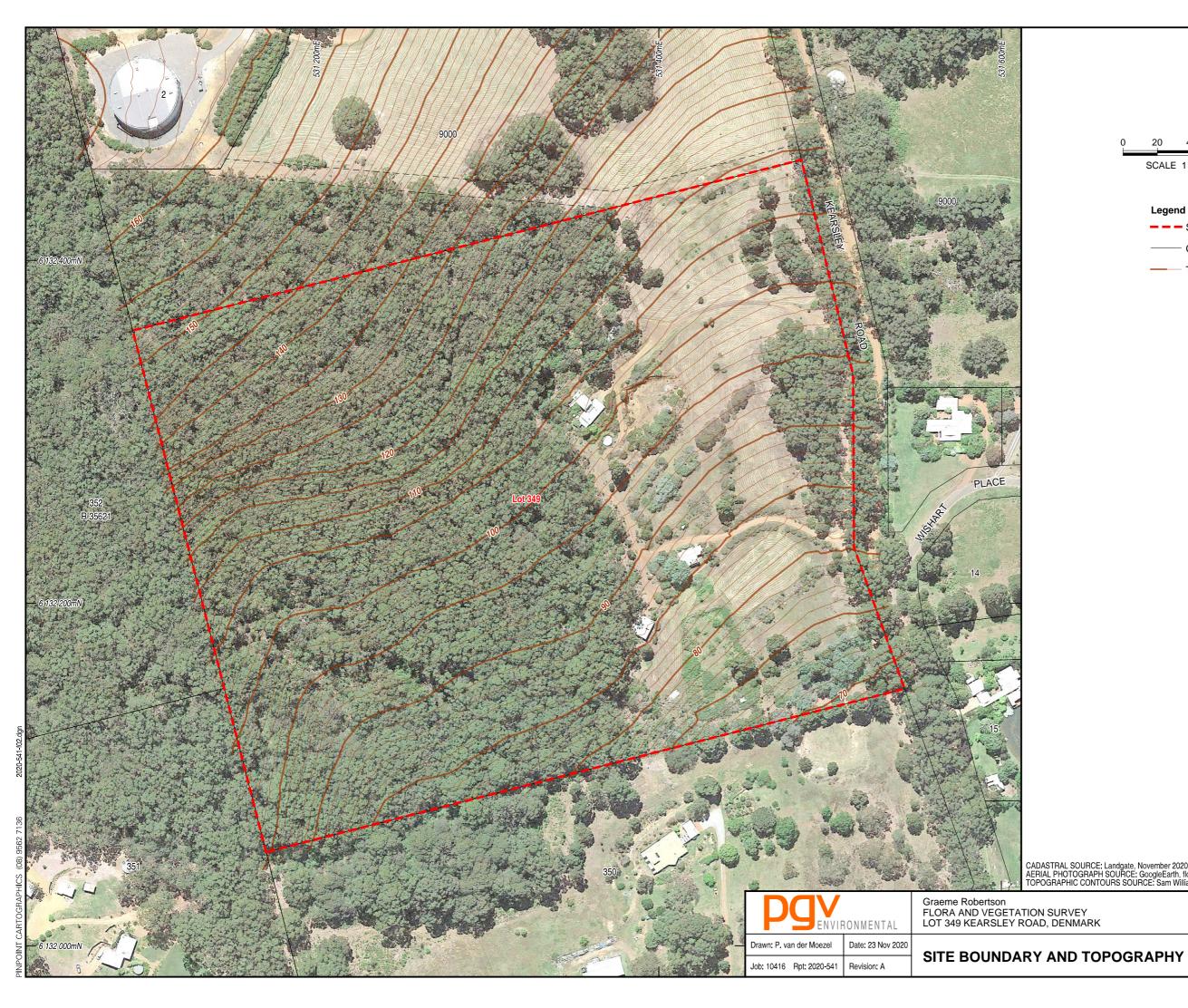
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FIGURES

PINPOINT CARTOGRAPHICS (08) 9562 7136

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CADASTRAL SOURCE: Landgate, November 2020. AERIAL PHOTOGRAPH SOURCE: GoogleEarth, flown November 2017. TOPOGRAPHIC CONTOURS SOURCE: Sam Williams, Ref 20-007-001C, 29/09/2020.

Legend --- Site Boundary Cadastral Boundary Topographic Contour

40

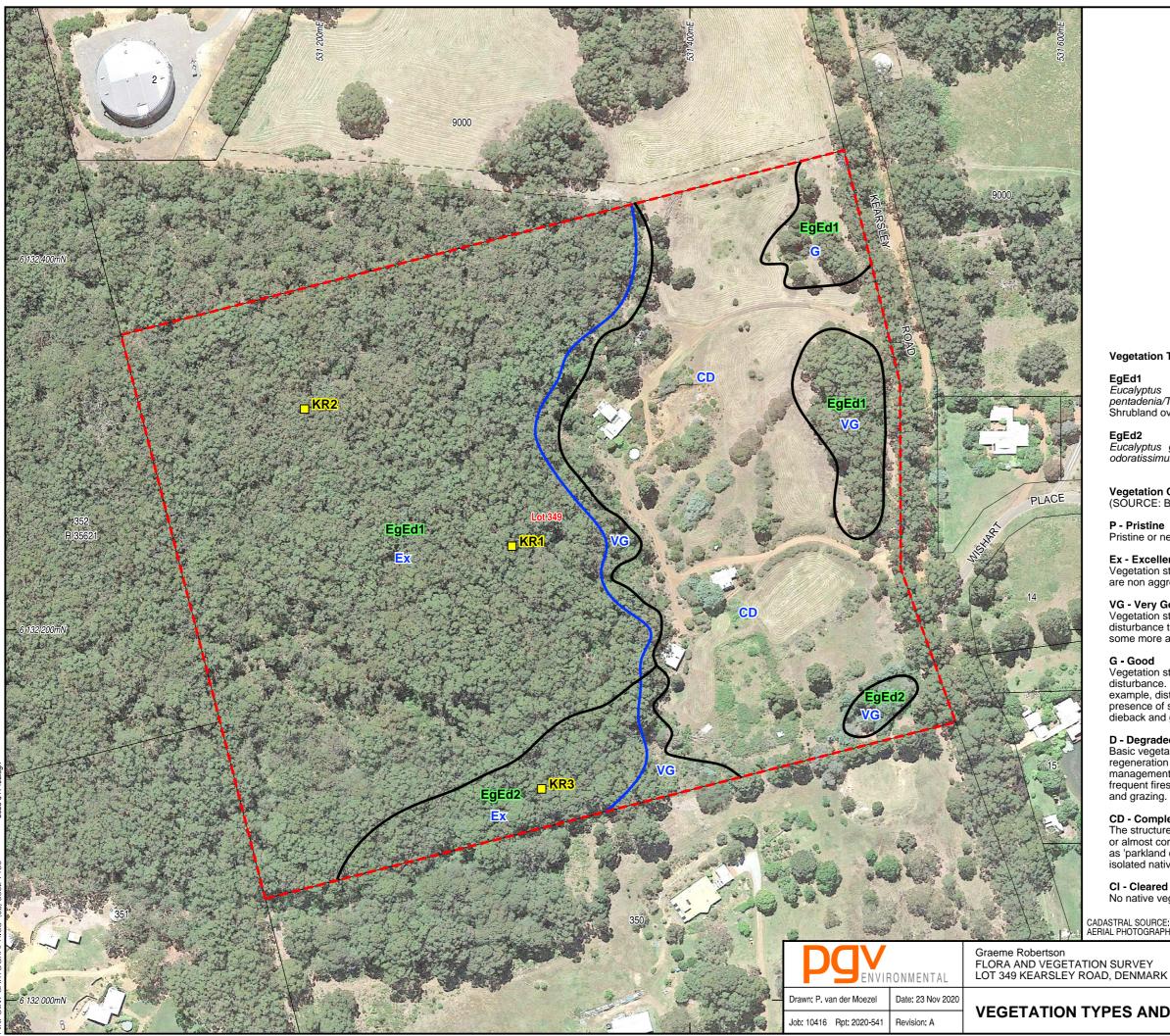
20

60

SCALE 1:2000 at A3 (MGA)

80

100m



EgEd1 Eucalyptus guilfoylei Eucalyptus diversicolor/ Open Forest over Acacia pentadenia/Taxandria parviceps/Hibbertia cuneiformis/Lepidosperma effusum Shrubland over leaf litter

EgEd2 Eucalyptus guilfoylei/Eucalyptus diversicolor Open Forest over Trymalium odoratissimum/Lepidosperma effusum Shrubland over leaf litter

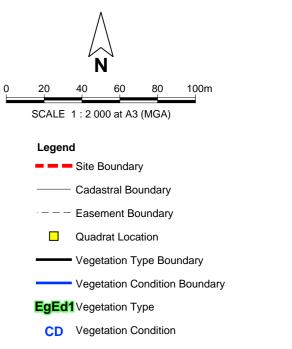
G - Good

Basic vegetation structure severely impacted by disturbance. Scope for regeneration but not to a state approaching good condition without intensive management. For example, disturbance to vegetation structure caused by very frequent fires, the presence of very aggressive weeds, partial clearing, dieback and grazing.

CD - Completely Degraded The structure of the vegetation is no longer intact and the areas is completely or almost completely without native species. These areas are often described as 'parkland cleared' with the flora composing weed or crop species with isolated native trees or shrubs.

CI - Cleared No native vegetation remaining.

VEGETATION TYPES AND CONDITION



Vegetation Types

Vegetation Condition

(SOURCE: Bush Forever, Govt. of W.A., 2000)

P - Pristine

Pristine or nearly so, no obvious signs of disturbance.

Ex - Excellent

Vegetation structure intact, disturbance affecting individual species and weeds are non aggressive species.

VG - Very Good

Vegetation structure altered, obvious signs of disturbance. For example, disturbance to vegetation structure caused by repeated fires, the presence of some more aggressive weeds, dieback, logging and grazing.

Vegetation structure significantly altered by very obvious signs of multiple disturbance. Retains basic vegetation structure or ability to regenerate it. For example, disturbance to vegetation structure caused by very frequent fires, the presence of some very aggressive weeds at high density, partial clearing, dieback and grazing.

D - Degraded

CADASTRAL SOURCE: Landgate, November 2020. AERIAL PHOTOGRAPH SOURCE: GoogleEarth, flown November 2017.

က Figure

APPENDIX 1

Amended Structure Plan



PLANNING UNIT C - KEARSLEY ROAD STRUCTURE PLAN **AMENDED STRUCTURE PLAN** LOT 349 KEARSLEY ROAD FIGURE 2

SAM WILLIAMS | TOWN PLANNING & PROJECT MANAGEMENT ph: 0418 116216 | email: samwilliams@westnet.com.au

 $(\mathbf{\bar{N}})$

date - 8 Dec 2020 | ref - 20-001-001B

scale - 1:2000 @ A3

APPENDIX 2

DBCA Flora Database Searches

FID	Sheet	NameID	Taxon	Cons_ Code	Plant_Desc	Site	Vegetation	Frequency	Notes	Locality	Geo_ Meth od	Prec ision	Date
5603	5255589	45013	Amanita drummondii	3	Pileus 57 mm wide, plane, very slightly depressed at centre, ovoid, light dull brown, flesh hard, white. Lamellae 24 mm l x 5.5 mm d, free, close, narrow, white. Stipe 123 mm l x 10(apex)-15(above base) mm w, tapering up from soil, central, terete, surfa		Eucalyptus marginata, Allocasuarina fraseriana, Agonis flexuosa, A. parviceps, A. hypericifolia, Melaleuca sp.		Field name: austrogrisette. Piece of gill removed for molecular sequencing - E.M. Davison 16.11.2012.	Cemetery Road, Denmark	MAN	0	3/06/1992
5846	4765281	6301	Andersonia auriculata	3	Shrub, blue flowers.	Lower slope; grey sand.	Allocasuarina fraseriana, Banksia quercifolia, B. illicifolia, Corymbia ficifolia, Eucalyptus patens.			Plot 4273, Gum Link Road,	MAN	0	20/08/1990
6311	6329128	41741	Andersonia sp. Virolens (G.J. Keighery 12000)	3	Low domed shrub to 15 cm. Calyx and corolla creamy white, anthers bright red. Unpleasant smell, lots of flies.	On edge of outcropping granite. SW facing slope. Grey and white shallow coarse sand. Large outcrop.	Heath on edge of outcropping granite.	frequent.		Mount Lindesay walk trail, ca 100 m below summit	MAN	3	16/09/1994
6739	5218306	16321	Anthocercis sylvicola	3	Diffuse shrub with drooping branches. Smaller branches flexuose with a spine and one or two small leaves at each angle. Height 1.5m. Not in flower but a few very immature buds - axillary, solitary & pedunculate. 5-ous with tips of both calyx lobes and pe	Moderate slope between granite summit and gully.	Karri Forest over thicket of Chorilaena quercifolia, Leucopogon verticillatus, L.capitellatus & Xanthorrhoea preissii.		One plant only seen on track but not identified at time of collection. Wider search planned at flowering time.	Denmark Shire. Mt Hallowell Reserve. On Bibbulum Track c.500 m. ENE of Trig.Station.	MAN	0	30/08/1998
9798	3358704	32084	Banksia serra	4	Erect, slender tall shrub 1-4 m. Flowers yellow.	Grey sand. Laterite. N facing slope.	Jarrah/Marri woodland. Acacia browniana, Hibbertia furfuracea, Petrophile diversifolia, Bossiaea linophylla.		Abundance: locally abundant.	Mount Hallowell Recreation Reserve: NE corner at entrance from Hallowell Break Road, Denmark Shire	MAN	0	8/09/1993

FID	Sheet	NamelD	Taxon	Cons_ Code	Plant_Desc	Site	Vegetation	Frequency	Notes		Geo_ Meth od	Prec ision	Date
9827	5796504	32084	Banksia serra	4	Slender erect shrubs to a height of 3 m. Flowers yellow.	Grey sand over laterite on a road verge.	In low Jarrah/Marri Forest A over Heath B. Assoc. with Bossiaea linophylla, Agonis hypericifolia and Hakea amplexicaulis.	an isolated group of ca 50 plants.		Denmark Shire. Scotsdale Road, c.2 kms past the Hamilton Road turn-off.	GPS	0	8/09/2000
9988	8737916	32078	Banksia sessilis var. cordata	4	Shrub, 1.5 m high, 0.8 m wide. Erect open perennial. Flowers yellow.	Dune hillside, Shire Reserve. White sand.	Low trees, tall shrubland. Agonis flexuosa, Spyridium globulosum, Acacia littorea.	over 50 plants.	Population structure: 100% in bud, 100% flowering, 30% fruiting. Reproductive method: seeds.	Shire Reserve 24913. Scattered along walk trails around Point Walton and Wilson Head at end of Ocean Beach Road	GPS	1	7/07/2010
11295	957992	4447	Boronia virgata	4		Near coast.				5 miles W of Denmark, near coast	MAN	3	9/03/1965
11298	3507815	4447	Boronia virgata	4	Erect slender 1.5 m high, Flowers pink with darker central stripe. cf. BGH 993, fewer, flatter leaflets, sepals glabrous.	Peat - peat swamp.	Dense heath A, Agonis parviceps, Astartea fascicularis, Agonis linearifolia.	occasional over large area.		Denmark Shire, William Bay National Park, peat swamp adjacent to NE boundary	MAN	0	24/10/1993
11320	6905498	4447	Boronia virgata	4	Open shrub.	Seasonally inundated. Grey clayey sand.	Boronia stricta, Evandra aristata, Acacia divergens and Beaufortia sparsa.	abundant, more than 1 plant.	95% of population in flower.	Walpole	GPS	1	17/10/2001
11366	4485734	1270	Borya longiscapa	a 3	Plant with 40 cm scape with pale yellow flowers.	Soil, coarse sand on granite.	In association with Pterostylis vittata and Tribonanthos longipetala.			Stan Road, track west to granite peak, Denmark State Forest, Shire of Denmark,	AUTO	3	24/09/1992
12068	909572	15329	Caladenia applanata subsp erubescens	o. 2		On steep sand slope.	Growing in heath of Pimelea rosea, Casuarina humilis with pockets of Agonis flexuosa thicket.		Abundance: 20+ plants in full flower.	William Bay National Park, 12 km SW of Denmark, 7.5 km SE of Parryville	MAN	0	7/10/1984

FID	Sheet	NameID	Taxon	Cons_ Code	Plant_Desc	Site	Vegetation	Frequency	Notes	Locality	Geo_ Meth od	Prec ision	
12070	264083	15329	Caladenia applanata subsp. erubescens	. 2	Flowers pink, faint sweet odour.	Undulating to steep sloped hills. Sand and outcropping limestone.	Growing in dense low heath.	50+ plants in full flower.		William Bay National Park; 3.5 km W of Ocean Beach Road on Mooney Valley Road, 8 km SSW of Denmark,	MAN	3	7/10/1984
18664	1824082	13635	Drakaea micrantha	т	Tuberous herb, leaves succulent green, flowers reddish.	Grey gritty sand over granite.	Eucalyptus ? staeri mallee heath.		Abundance: dense colony in full flower.	Mount Lindesay	MAN	0	3/11/1990
18745	6267920	3096	Drosera fimbriata	4	Erect dwarf annual herb to 5 cm high. Leaves red, flowers white.	Grey sand. Sides of walk-track in secondary dunes.	Open dwarf scrub D. Andersonia caerulea and Platysace pendula.	locally frequent.	D.R.F - specimen for Rare Flora report.	Denmark Shire; William Bay National Park. Track from E boundary to Lake Williams	MAN	2	20/10/1993
24073	4533062	19629	Eucalyptus virginea	4	Small multistemmed tree, coppice from old burnt out stump. c. 10 m high, flowers white.	Lower slope of creek bank.	Partly cleared previously Karri and blackbutt, occasional Agonis parviceps now present.			5.5 km W of Denmark off Lapkos Road, Loc. 420,	MAN	0	8/07/1993
24074	4533054	19629	Eucalyptus virginea	4	Small multistemmed tree, coppice from old burnt out stump. c. 10 m high, flowers white.	Lower slope of creek bank.	Partly cleared previously Karri and blackbutt, occasional Agonis parviceps now present.			5.5 km W of Denmark off Lapkos Road, Loc. 420,	MAN	0	8/07/1993
24075	4535499	19629	Eucalyptus virginea	4	Small tree 12 m high, flowers white.	Lower mid-slope, sandy loam site.	Eucalyptus calophylla, E. marginata, Leucopogon verticillatus, L. capitellaus, Mirbelia dilatatus, Hibbertia cuneiformis, H. furfuracea, Agonis parviceps, A. hypocrateiformis, Xanthorrhoea preissii, Xanthosia rotundifolia.			5.5 km W of Denmark off Lapkos road, Loc.420	MAN	0	8/07/1993

FID	Sheet	NameID	Taxon	Cons_ Code	Plant_Desc	Site	Vegetation	Frequency	Notes	Locality	Geo_ Meth od	Prec ision	Date
24076	4533038	19629	Eucalyptus virginea	4	Small multi-stemmed tree, coppice from old tree. Flowers white.	Lower slope, clay loam. Drainage lines have been disturbed and site, so quite wet.	Cleared pasture previously Karri site.			5.5 km W of Denmark off Lapkos Road, Warren District	MAN	0	8/07/1993
24077	4533046	19629	Eucalyptus virginea	4	Small tree, c. 10 m high. Flowers white.	Lower slope near small dam. Clay loam. Drainage disturbed by small dam construction.	Cleared rough pasture previously Karri type.	isolated tree.		5.5 km W of Denmark off Lapkos Road	MAN	0	8/07/1993
24113	1420526	19629	Eucalyptus virginea	4	Coppiced tree to 8-12 m. Bark white, slightly powdery.		In paddock.	6 trees in paddock.		6 km W of Denmark on the Lapkos Road	AUTO	3	/06/1988
24114	1448595	19629	Eucalyptus virginea	4						Lapkos Road, Denmark	MAN	3	23/05/1988
27890	4125312	13084	Grevillea fuscolutea	т	Upright spreading shrub to 1.8 m, flowers yellow, leaves pale green and hairy, stems hairy.	Cultivated in Denmark Garden.				Garden of B.G. Hammersley, Denmark,	MAN	3	10/08/1994
33407	4497333	4039	Kennedia glabrata	т	Prostrate, 20 cm high x 60 cm wide.	Outcrop, brown Ioam over granite.	Agonis, Anthocerisis, Eutaxia, Stypandra.			Outcrop, William Bay National Park,	MAN	0	29/10/1996
34250	5333121	33498	Lasiopetalum sp. Denmark (B.G. Hammersley 2012)	3	Slender erect shrub from 0.8 to 1.5 m. Flowers white to faintly tinged pink.	In shallow sand in areas of surface laterite.	In Jarrah Woodland with Banksia grandis, Agonis parviceps, Grevillea occidentalis.		Abundance: c. 100 plants.	Denmark Shire. Kernutts Road, c.3.5 km from Denmark-Mt Barker Road at entrance to disused sawmill & in adjacent Forest Reserve 26565.	MAN	0	19/09/1998
34716	3418448	3042	Lepidium pseudotasmanic um	4						Pig yard, State Farm, Denmark	AUTO	3	14/06/1940
34725	3418421	3042	Lepidium pseudotasmanic um	4						Pig yard, State Farm, Denmark	AUTO	3	14/06/1940
37562	8457646	37683	Melaleuca viminalis	2	Slender erect weeping shrub, 3 m high x 2 m wide. Flowers crimson red, in flower.	Creekline. Brown sandy clay.	Remnant Eucalyptus diversicolor forest over sedges.	locally common.		Denmark townsite, near Old Hospital	GPS	1	18/11/2011
38144	294896	1662	Microtis pulchella	4		Peat bog. Burnt in March.				10 km W of Walpole, South of Highway	MAN	3	22/12/1981

FID	Sheet	NameID	Taxon	Cons_ Code	Plant_Desc	Site	Vegetation	Frequency	Notes	Locality	Geo_ Meth od	Prec ision	Date
40846	6943640	19062	Pleurophascum occidentale	4	c.20 tufts varying from 1 to 20 cm diam. in an area 1.5 m.square. One small disjunct tuft in which many plants have orange antheridia.	On moist grey sand.	In thicket.			Denmark Shire. Hallowell Reserve. South side, on the old track to Monkey Rock, ca 25 m from the Lights Road carpark	GPS	1	7/07/2003
43444	4744489	7651	Selliera radicans	1	Prostrate stems to 50 cm, rooting at nodes. Fleshy erect leaves. Flowers sparse, pale blue, pedicillate.	At edge of inlet below high water line, now moist sand.	Open herbs, Lobelia alata, Villarsia parnassifolia, Samolus junceus, Apium prostratum.		Abundance: abundant in restricted area.	Wilson Inlet, W end of Crusoe Beach,	MAN	0	1/02/1997
43445	4744470	7651	Selliera radicans	1	Prostrate stems to 50 cm, rooting at nodes. Fleshy erect leaves. Flowers sparse, pale blue, pedicillate.	In a pile of dead seagrass closed to waters edge in saline mud.	Open Melaleuca scrub over Cyeraceae and Sarcocornia blackiana.		Abundance: small population c. 1 m diam.	Wilson Inlet - Crusoe Beach - E end,	MAN	0	1/02/1997
43447	2763338	7651	Selliera radicans	1	Prostrate.	On saline mud, inundated by estuarine water at high tide.	Shaded by Melaleuca cuticularis.			Caruso Beach on Wilson Inlet, 10 km W of Denmark	AUTO	4	4/03/1977
43448	6476392	7651	Selliera radicans	1	Scrambling, prostrate herbaceous perennial with fleshy bright green leaves and adventitious roots. Flowers (not seen) and fruiting capsules held on a long peduncle. Capsules hold multiple winged seeds that become mucilaginous on wetting. Plants may be cl	Landform: estuarine. Soil type: sand. Parent material: sandstone.	Estuarine. Assoc. sp.: Juncus krausii, Melaleuca spp., Banksia seminuda and Apium prostratum.	100 + plants.	Plants are larger than those at the mouth of the Hay River, with smaller leaves. They are more exposed to weather. More fruit produced.	Crusoe Beach, E of Denmark. Population is W of main beach above rocky shoreline extending about 20 m back behind waterline. S facing	GPS	1	6/05/2002

FID	Sheet	NamelD	Taxon	Cons_ Code	Plant_Desc	Site	Vegetation	Frequency	Notes	Locality	Geo_ Meth od	Prec ision	Dale
43449	8082359	7651	Selliera radicans	1	Prostrate herb 2 cm to 20 cm high x 2 m to 4 m wide. Fleshy bright green leaves.	Outcrop. Inlet. Seasonally inundated. Moist red/brown/black sand/laterite/ granite.	Woodland/herbland/ sedgeland. With Melaleuca preissiana, Melaleuca cuticularis, Sarcocornia blackiana, Isolepis nodosa, Villarsia parnassifolia, dense sedge land.			Denmark - Porpoise Rock or Poison Point, ca 1 km E from Campbell Road - Inlet drive junction at bottom of an old fishermans track	GPS	1	17/01/2006
43451	8131546	7651	Selliera radicans	1	Prostrate herb < 5 cm high.	Flat shoreline. White-brown sand.		occasional.		W end Crusoe Beach on Crusoe Beach Road from South Coast Highway, E of Denmark	GPS	1	25/11/2004
43452	5119677	7651	Selliera radicans	1	Rhizomatous perennial herb to 5 cm tall x 1-2 m wide. Flowers inconspicuous, creamy yellow. In full flower.	Edging brackish inlet. Wet brown sandy clay over granite.	Melaleuca cuticularis low open woodland.			Honeymoon Island, Wilson Inlet, Denmark,	MAN	0	21/01/1991
43453	4921542	7651	Selliera radicans	1	Prostrate stems rooting at nodes. Leaves erect, semi-succulent. Remains of only two spent flowers found in numerous plants. Pedicels 1 cm.	Low lying, seasonally wet area on the edge of inlet. In soil pockets on broken granite.	Neurachne sp., Isolepis nodosa, Villarsia parnassifolia, Atriplex hypoleuca.		Abundance: recurring over distance of 2 km. More prevalent where associated vegetation is less dense.	Wilson Inlet, adjacent to N boundary of Wilson Inlet Holiday Park,	GPS	1	27/03/1997
45877	4048555	30272	Stylidium sp. Kordabup (A.R. Annels 1660)	1	Tall, slender, clumped, trigger plant to 30 cm; leaves whorled at nodes, also rooting at nodes; flowers pale pink to yellow, no throat markings.	In granite outcrop in shallow soil.	With Eucalyptus marginata and Xanthorrhoea preissii.			Karma Chalets, 7 km WSW of Denmark on Lapkos Road, off South Coast Highway	MAN	0	21/10/1994
46585	4263391	16859	Synaphea incurva	3	2-3 ft, yellow flower.					Denmark	AUTO	3	26/09/1972

FID	Sheet	NameID	Taxon	Cons_ Code	Plant_Desc	Site	Vegetation	Frequency	Notes	Locality	Geo_ Meth od	Prec ision	Date
47746	4131053	35578	Tetraria sp. Blackwood River (A.R. Annels 3043)	3	Rush growing in water on drainage line.	Valley floor.	Eucalyptus diversicolor, Lepidosperma tetraquetrum, L. effusum, Callistachyus lanceolotus.	common.		4.7 km WNW of Denmark, approximately 100 m S of Glenrowan road on Turner Road, NE corner of Gravel Reserve 13255,	торо	2	30/08/1995
47750	2334054	35578	Tetraria sp. Blackwood River (A.R. Annels 3043)	3	Native.		Bush.			Near Brooklyn Park Farm [near] Denmark, Warren	AUTO	3	21/02/1979
48470	5519446	5096	Thomasia quercifolia	4	Woody dwarf shrubs 10 to 30 cms high. Flowers pink.	Limestone slope in coastal dunes. Overburden mechanically cleared many years ago leaving very shallow sand pockets on limestone.	Very sparse dwarf scrub. Assoc. with dwarf forms of Acacia littorea, Dryandra sessilis & Pultenaea reticulata.	ca 100 plants scattered over 0.5 ha.		Denmark Shire. Ocean Beach Reserve c. 300 m NE of existing limestone quarry & outside current mining lease.		1	28/10/1999
48473	5796245	5096	Thomasia quercifolia	4	Woody, spreading shrub to 0.8 m high. Flowers faded, many with seed.	In shallow sand pockets on surface limestone	In dwarf scrub with Spyridium globulosum, Acacia . littorea and Dryandra sessilis.	occasional in a restricted area.	n	Denmark Shire. Around the Limestone Quarry at Ocean Beach. Same area as previous collection B.G.Hammersley 2164.	GPS	0	10/02/2000
48474	5519454	5096	Thomasia quercifolia	4	Spindly shrub straggling up through thicket to height of 1.5 m. Flowers pink.	Sand over limestone on the lower section of limestone slope in coastal dunes close to watercourse.	Thicket of Spyridium globulosum, Acacia littorea, Pultenaea reticulata & Acrotriche cordata.	ca 100 plants scattered over 0.25 ha.		Denmark Shire. Ocean Beach Reserve c. 300 m NE of existing limestone quarry & outside current mining lease.		1	28/10/1999

FID	Sheet	NamelD	Taxon	Cons_ Code	Plant_Desc	Site	Vegetation	Frequency	Notes	Locality	Geo_ Meth od	Prec ision	Date
48478	5503272	5096	Thomasia quercifolia	4	Spreading woody shrub up to 0.8 m high by 1.5 m wide. Not in flower.	In shallow sand pockets on exposed limestone only. Not found in adjacent areas of deeper coastal sand.	In open low scrub surrounded by thicket. Assoc. with Desmocladus flexuosus, Spyridium globulosum, Acacia littorea & Hakea oleifolia.	dominant or tracks and ir open areas. ca 500 plants.		Denmark Shire. Ocean Beach Reserve, close to existing Limestone Quarry and within the zone of Shire's application for a mining lease.	GPS	1	5/05/1999
48479	8244448	5096	Thomasia quercifolia	4	Prostrate shrub to 0.5 m high x 0.5 m wide. Flowers pink - purple.	Ridge. Dry grey soil. Old soil disturbance. Shire reserve - lime quarry. Fire history unknown.	Coastal heath - low shrubland. Spyridium globulosum, Acacia littorea, Desmocladus flexuosa, Olax phyllanthi, Leucopogon parviflorus.	21-50 plants		On western boundary fenceline, old 4 Wheel Drive track, break of existing limestone quarry, Ocean Beach - Denmark	GPS	1	27/04/2010
48480	8244456	5096	Thomasia quercifolia	4	Prostrate shrub 0.5 m high x 0.5 m wide. Flowers pink - purple.	Cliff, limestone carst. Dry grey soil. Old soil disturbance. Fire history unknown.	Coastal heath - low shrubland. Scaevola crassifolia, Dryandra sessilis, Hibbertia sp., Olax phylanthi, Platysace sp., Spyridium globulosum.	21-50 plants.	Percentage of population in bud 40%, flowering 60%.	SW of lime quarry on W boundary of Lime Quarry Lease, on old 4WD track fire break boundary edge of cliff, Reserve No's. 46273, 24913, Ocean Beach - Denmark	GPS	1	27/04/2010
48499	4148185	5100	Thomasia solanacea	4	1 m plant, flowers pink.	Rocky loam.	In association with Acacia and Eucalyptus.		This specimen is housed at Albany.	Inlet Road, Denmark,	MAN	0	17/09/1990
52131	6152511	18453	Xanthosia eichleri	4	Erect herbs to 0.1 m high.	Gravelly sand.	Jarrah-Marri forest with Xanthosia rotundifolia, Pentapeltis silvatica, Platysace compressa, Pimelea and tea tree.	abundant.		Corner of Nornalup and Break roads, c. 30 km NW of Denmark	MAN	3	8/11/1995

FID	Sheet	NameID	Taxon	Cons_ Plant_Desc Code	Site	Vegetation	Frequency	Notes	Locality	Geo_ Meth od	Prec ision	Date
52140	6904017	18453	Xanthosia eichleri	4	Slope. Dry, yellow grey sand, gravel.	Open woodland - closed heath. Adenanthos cuneatus, Daviesia sp., Agonis parviceps.	50 plants over .05 ha.		South Coast Highway, ca 5.65 km E of Denmark River Bridge, on both side of highway	GPS	1	29/11/2001
52156	7483724	18453	Xanthosia eichleri	4	Outcrop. Dry, brown sand. Sheet rock.	Open sedgeland and herbland. Lepidosperma gladiatum, Patersonia occidentalis, Neurachne alopecuroidea, Chamaescilla corymbosa.	20 mature plants.		Loc. 2077, Ocean Beach Road, Shire of Denmark	GPS	1	26/11/2005

FID	PopId	Nameid	Taxon	ConsS WAF tatus ank		N SubP e opCo de	Location	District	Vestin g	Purpo se1	Purpo se2	CountDate	Method	Mat S ureC li oun o	ngC 0	iveT tal	inFlo wer
2200	94364	41741	Andersonia sp. Virolen: (G.J. Keighery 12000)	⁵ 3	5		Mt Lindesay NP (47891). Mt. Lindesay. On walk track, ca. 100m below summit. Denmark.	FRANKLAND	сс	NPK		16/09/1994 0:00		0	0	I	N
2383	103320	16321	Anthocercis sylvicola	3	10	В	Mount Hallowell Reserve (46618). Loc. 8065. Bibbulmun Track, Ocean Beach side of Mt Hallowell. Ca. 400-500m from wooden sign post on Mt Hallowell. Both sides of track. Denmark	FRANKLAND	LGA	REC	NRE	22/04/2007 0:00	ESTMT	28	2	8	N
3977	87095	4447	Boronia virgata	4	8		Track of Proctor Road, off Lights Road, road reserve on the way to William Bay National Park	FRANKLAND	LGA	VER		16/10/1992 0:00	ESTMT	0	1	.00	Y
3979	87084	4447	Boronia virgata	4	10		William Bay National Park - peat swamps in North east corner north of Lake Williams.	FRANKLAND	сс	NPK		11/11/2000 0:00		0	0)	N
3988	87089	4447	Boronia virgata	4	17		ca. 0.4 km E of Mt Lindesay Rd, on unnamed track which is ca. 0.5 km N of Churchill Rd. Denmark Catchment SF.	FRANKLAND	сс	FOR		17/10/2001 0:00	ESTMT	100 0	1	.00	Y
4033	84639	1270	Borya longiscapa	3	30		Mt Lindesay NP (47891). Star Rd, track W to granite peak. Senmark State Forest. Denmark.	FRANKLAND	LGA	VER		24/09/1992 0:00		0	0)	N
7479	98326	3096	Drosera fimbriata	4	3	A	William Bay NPk. Sandtrack from E boundary to Lake Williams.	FRANKLAND	сс	NPK	WAT	11/11/2000 0:00	ESTMT	0	1	.0	Y
7480	98327	3096	Drosera fimbriata	4	3	В	William Bay NPk. Lake Williams. Granite which forms eastern margin of lake and on adjacent moss pads.	ALBANY	сс	NPK	WAT	11/11/2000 0:00		0	0	I	Y

FID	PopId	Nameid	Taxon	Cons tatus	S WAR ank		SubP opCo de	Location	District	Vestin g	Purpo se1	Purpo se2	CountDate	Method		Seed lingC o	LiveT otal	inFlo wer
9172	104177	19629	Eucalyptus virginea	4		3	A	Lot 1 (Location 414) Lapkos Rd, Denmark. Ca. 2 km SE of Mt Shadforth. NB: Lot 1 Lapkos Rd is part Location 414 and Location 420.	FRANKLAND	PRI			28/01/1993 0:00	ACT_IND	6		6	Y
9173	104178	19629	Eucalyptus virginea	4		3	В	Lot 1 (Location 420) Lapkos Rd, Denmark. Ca. 2 km SE of Mt Shadforth. NB: Lot 1 is part Location 414 and Location 420. William Bay NP, granite	FRANKLAND	PRI			28/01/1993 0:00	ACT_IND	6		6	Y
12071	98944	4039	Kennedia glabrata	Т	VU	7	A	outcrop on E margin of Lake Williams.	FRANKLAND	СС	NPK		21/12/2010 0:00	ACT_IND	0	38	0	Ν
12072	98945	4039	Kennedia glabrata	т	VU	7	В	Northern boundary of William Bay NP and Location 7075, SW corner of PP & NP.	FRANKLAND	сс	NPK		12/09/2008 0:00	ACT_IND	11	5	0	N
12456	105110	33498	Lasiopetalum sp. Denmark (B.G. Hammersley 2012)	3		29	A	UCL. Kernutt's Rdto 180m N, ca. 3.5km from Denmark-Mt Barker Rd at entrance to old saw mill site & in adjacent [UCL]. Adjacent to SW cnr of Loc 6710. Denmark.	FRANKLAND	NON	UCL		1/11/2005 0:00	ESTMT	5000	100	5000	Y
12457	105111	33498	Lasiopetalum sp. Denmark (B.G. Hammersley 2012)	3		29	В	Road Verge. Kernutt's Rd, ca. 3.5km from Denmark-Mt Barker Rd at entrance to old saw mill site & in adjacent [UCL]. Denmark. Mt. Hallowell Nature	FRANKLAND	LGA	VER		19/09/1998 0:00	ESTMT	100		100	Y
14611	94570	19062	Pleurophascum occidentale	4		25		Reserve no. 46618 on the southern side of the old track to Monkey Rock ca.25m from the Lights Rd.carpark.	FRANKLAND	LGA	CON		7/07/2003 0:00	ESTMT	20		20	N
15236	100499	7651	Selliera radicans	1		1	A	UCL. Carusoe beach, at jetty 50m E along shoreline before island. Denmark.	FRANKLAND	NON	UCL	FP	16/02/2007 0:00	ESTMT	40		40	N

FID	PopId	Nameid	Taxon	ConsS WAR tatus ank		N SubP e opCo de	Location	District	Vestin g	Purpo se1	Purpo se2	CountDate	Method	Mat Seed ureC lingC oun o	Livel	inFlo wer
15237	100500	7651	Selliera radicans	1	1	В	UCL. Carusoe Beach. ca. 300m W of jetty on W end of beach where laterite starts. Another small patch ca. 50m W of jetty along beach under Melaleucas. Denmark.	FRANKLAND	NON	UCL		16/02/2007 0:00	ESTMT	1400	1400	Ν
15238	100501	7651	Selliera radicans	1	1	С	UCL. Curosoe beach, W of jetty 250 W along shoreline from most W access (steps to inlet). Denmark.	FRANKLAND	NON	UCL		14/01/2004 0:00	ESTMT	0	0	N
15240	89244	7651	Selliera radicans	1	3		Shire Reserve (25797). Honeymoon Island, Wilson Inlet, Denmark.	FRANKLAND	LGA	REC		21/01/1991 0:00		0	0	Y
15241	89245	7651	Selliera radicans	1	4		Shire Reserve (34742). Wilson Inlet (Loc. No. 744) Just E of old Wilson Inlet Holiday Park to Honeymoon Island. Also at boat launch on cnr of Campbell Rd & Inlet Drv in small patch. Denmark.	FRANKLAND	LGA	REC		28/02/2007 0:00	ESTMT	200	200	N
15242	89246	7651	Selliera radicans	1	5		Shire Reserve (12344). ca. 1km E from Campbell Rd- Inlet Drv junc at bottom of old fishermans track. Poisson pt. Porpoise Rock & at boat launch on cnr of Campbell Rd & Inlet Drv. Denmark.	FRANKLAND	LGA	REC		16/02/2007 0:00		600	600	N
16470	99277	5096	Thomasia quercifolia	4	2	A	Crown Reserve (42673), ca.0.7km SW of Ocean Beach near Limestone Quarry wihtin mininglease application. Denmark.	FRANKLAND	CRW	MIN		10/02/2000 0:00		0	0	N
16471	99278	5096	Thomasia quercifolia	4	2	В	Shire Res (24913), SW of Ocean Beach ca. 300m NE of Limestone Quarry outside current mining lease. Denmark.	FRANKLAND	LGA	PAR	REC	28/10/1999 0:00	ESTMT	100	100	Y

APPENDIX 3 Naturemap Report



NatureMap Species Report

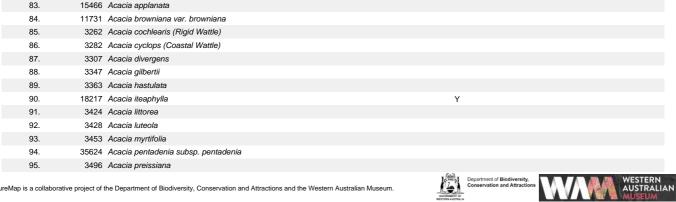
Created By Guest user on 09/11/2020

Current Names Only Yes Core Datasets Only Yes Method 'By Circle' Centre 117° 20' 34" E,34° 57' 04" S Buffer 10km Group By Conservation Status

Conservation Status	Species	Records
Non-conservation taxon	1376	9459
Other specially protected fauna	2	10
Priority 1	2	16
Priority 2	4	5
Priority 3	13	38
Priority 4	18	105
Protected under international agreement	17	437
Rare or likely to become extinct	24	227
TOTAL	1456	10297

	Name ID Species Name	Naturalised Conservation Code ¹ Endemic To Query Area
Rare or likel	ly to become extinct	
1.	41326 Ardenna carneipes (Flesh-footed Shearwater, Fleshy-footed Shearwater)	т
2.	24358 Atrichornis clamosus (Noisy Scrub-bird, tjimiluk)	Т
3.	24784 Calidris ferruginea (Curlew Sandpiper)	Т
4.	24790 Calidris tenuirostris (Great Knot)	Т
5.	24731 Calyptorhynchus banksii subsp. naso (Forest Red-tailed Black Cockatoo)	Т
6.	24733 Calyptorhynchus baudinii (Baudin's Cockatoo, White-tailed Long-billed Black Cockatoo)	т
7.	24734 Calyptorhynchus latirostris (Carnaby's Cockatoo, White-tailed Short-billed Black Cockatoo)	т
8.	48400 Calyptorhynchus sp. (white-tailed black cockatoo)	т
9.	25335 Caretta caretta (Loggerhead Turtle)	Т
10.	25575 Charadrius leschenaultii (Greater Sand Plover)	т
11.	43347 Cynotelopus notabilis (Western Australian Pill Millipede)	т
12.	24440 Dasyornis longirostris (Western Bristlebird)	Т
13.	24092 Dasyurus geoffroii (Chuditch, Western Quoll)	Т
14.	13635 Drakaea micrantha	Т
15.	34026 Galaxiella munda (mud minnow, western dwarf galaxias)	Т
16.	13084 Grevillea fuscolutea	т
17.	4039 Kennedia glabrata (Northcliffe Kennedia)	Т
18.	24557 Leipoa ocellata (Malleefowl)	т
19.	34033 Nannatherina balstoni (Balston's Pygmy Perch)	т
20.	24210 Neophoca cinerea (Australian Sea-lion)	Т
21.	24715 Puffinus huttoni (Hutton's Shearwater)	т
22.	24145 Setonix brachyurus (Quokka)	Т
23.	34007 Thalassarche chlororhynchos (Atlantic Yellow-nosed Albatross)	т
24.	42361 Zephyrarchaea mainae (Main's assasin spider)	т
	nder international agreement	
25.	41323 Actitis hypoleucos (Common Sandpiper)	IA
26.	41328 Ardenna tenuirostris (Short-tailed Shearwater)	IA
27.	25736 Arenaria interpres (Ruddy Turnstone)	IA
28.	24779 Calidris acuminata (Sharp-tailed Sandpiper)	IA
29.	24780 Calidris alba (Sanderling)	IA
30.	25738 Calidris canutus (Red Knot, knot)	IA
31.	24788 Calidris ruficollis (Red-necked Stint)	IA
32.	24789 Calidris subminuta (Long-toed Stint)	IA
33.	41332 Chlidonias leucopterus (White-winged Black Tern, white-winged tern)	IA
34.	48587 Hydroprogne caspia (Caspian Tern)	IA
35.	30932 Limosa lapponica (Bar-tailed Godwit)	IA
36.	48591 Pandion cristatus (Osprey, Eastern Osprey)	IA
Map is a collaborati	ive project of the Department of Biodiversity, Conservation and Attractions and the Western Australian Museum.	Department of Biodiversity, Conservation and Attractions

	Name ID	Species Name	Naturalised	Conservation Code	¹ Endemic To Query
37.	24202	Pluvialis fulva (Pacific Golden Plover)		IA	Area
37.		Pluvialis squatarola (Grey Plover)		IA	
39.		Sterna hirundo (Common Tern)		IA	
40.		Thalasseus bergii (Crested Tern)		IA	
41.		Tringa nebularia (Common Greenshank, greenshank)		IA	
	24000	Thinga hobalana (common crochonank, grochonank)		IA	
Other spec	cially prot	ected fauna			
42.		Falco peregrinus (Peregrine Falcon)		S	
43.	48070	Phascogale tapoatafa subsp. wambenger (South-western Brush-tailed Phascogale,		S	
		Wambenger)		-	
Priority 1					
44.	7651	Selliera radicans		P1	
45.	30272	Stylidium sp. Kordabup (A.R. Annels 1660)		P1	
Priority 2					
46.		Caladenia applanata subsp. erubescens		P2	
47.		Elapognathus minor (Short-nosed Snake)		P2	
48.	24347	Ixobrychus flavicollis subsp. australis (Black Bittern (southwest subpop.), Australian		P2	
		Black Bittern)			
49.	37683	Melaleuca viminalis		P2	
Priority 3					
50.	45013	Amanita drummondii		P3	
51.	6301	Andersonia auriculata		P3	
52.	41730	Andersonia sp. Amabile (N. Gibson & M. Lyons 355)		P3	
53.	16997	Andersonia sp. Mitchell River (B.G. Hammersley 925)		P3	
54.	41741	Andersonia sp. Virolens (G.J. Keighery 12000)		P3	
55.	7829	Angianthus drummondii		P3	
56.	16321	Anthocercis sylvicola		P3	
57.	1270	Borya longiscapa		P3	
58.	34030	Geotria australis (Pouched Lamprey)		P3	
59.	33498	Lasiopetalum sp. Denmark (B.G. Hammersley 2012)		P3	
60.	6355	Leucopogon alternifolius		P3	
61.	16859	Synaphea incurva		P3	
62.	35578	Tetraria sp. Blackwood River (A.R. Annels 3043)		P3	
Driority 4					
Priority 4	22004	Particia source (Sources logical Decondres)		54	
63.		Banksia serra (Serrate-leaved Dryandra)		P4	
64.		Banksia sessilis var. cordata		P4	
65. 66		Boronia virgata		P4	
66. 67		Drosera fimbriata (Manypeaks Sundew)		P4	
67.		Eucalyptus virginea		P4	
68. 69		Hydromys chrysogaster (Water-rat, Rakali)		P4	
69. 70		Isoodon fusciventer (Quenda, southwestern brown bandicoot)		P4	
70.		Lepidium pseudotasmanicum Microtis pulchalla (Roputiful Micropotto Orchid)		P4	
71.		Microtis pulchella (Beautiful Mignonette Orchid)		P4	
72.		Notamacropus irma (Western Brush Wallaby) Oraduffia submarsa		P4	
73.		Ornduffia submersa Oxyura australis (Blue-billed Duck)		P4	
74. 75.		Oxyura australis (Blue-billed Duck) Pleurophascum occidentale		P4	
75. 76.		Theurophascum occidentale Thinomis rubricollis (Hooded Plover, Hooded Dotterel)		P4 P4	
77. 78.		Thomasia quercifolia (Oak Leaved Thomasia) Thomasia solanacea		P4	
78.		Tringa brevipes (Grey-tailed Tattler)		P4 P4	
79. 80.		Xanthosia eichleri			
00.	10403			P4	
Non-conse	ervation ta	axon			
81.		??			
82.	15429	Acacia alata var. alata			
83.	15466	Acacia applanata			
84.	11731	Acacia browniana var. browniana			
85.	3262	Acacia cochlearis (Rigid Wattle)			
86.	3282	Acacia cyclops (Coastal Wattle)			



	Name ID	Species Name	Naturalised	Conservation Code	Area
96. 97.	2500	Acacia provincialis Acacia pulchella (Prickly Moses)			Y
97. 98.		Acacia pulchella (Prickly Moses) Acacia pulchella var. pulchella			
99.		Acacia saligna subsp. stolonifera			
100.		Acacia scalpelliformis			
101.	3576	Acacia tetragonocarpa			
102.	3591	Acacia urophylla			
103.	15487	Acacia varia var. varia			
104.	3185	Acaena novae-zelandiae	Y		
105.		Acanthaluteres brownii			
106.	24260	Acanthistius serratus			
107. 108.		Acanthiza apicalis (Broad-tailed Thornbill, Inland Thornbill) Acanthiza chrysorrhoa (Yellow-rumped Thornbill)			
109.		Acanthiza cinysonnoa (Tellowraniped Thombili) Acanthiza inornata (Western Thornbill)			
110.	2.202	Acanthopagrus butcheri			
111.	24560	Acanthorhynchus superciliosus (Western Spinebill)			
112.		Acariformes sp.			
113.	25535	Accipiter cirrocephalus (Collared Sparrowhawk)			
114.	24281	Accipiter cirrocephalus subsp. cirrocephalus (Collared Sparrowhawk)			
115.	25536	Accipiter fasciatus (Brown Goshawk)			
116.	13146	Acetabularia peniculus			
117.	10001	Achoerodus gouldii			
118. 119.		Acidonia microcarpa Acritoscincus trilineatus (Western Three-lined Skink)			
119.		Acrocephalus australis (Australian Reed Warbler)			
120.		Acrotriche cordata (Coast Ground Berry)			
122.		Actinodium cunninghamii (Albany Daisy)			
123.		Actinotus omnifertilis			
124.	1773	Adenanthos cuneatus (Coastal Jugflower)			
125.	1791	Adenanthos obovatus (Basket Flower)			
126.	25544	Aegotheles cristatus (Australian Owlet-nightjar)			
127.	24301	Aegotheles cristatus subsp. cristatus (Australian Owlet-nightjar)			
128.		Aeshnidae sp.			¥
129. 130.	29752	Agaricus augustus Agaricus campestris			Y
130.	30732	Agaricus sp.			
132.		Agaricus xanthodermus			
133.	5316	Agonis flexuosa (Peppermint, Wonil)			
134.	17202	Agonis flexuosa var. flexuosa			
135.	17203	Agonis flexuosa var. latifolia			
136.	19789	Agonis theiformis			
137.		Agrostis capillaris	Y		
138.		Agrostis stolonifera (Creeping Bent)	Y		
139.		Aira cupaniana (Silvery Hairgrass)	Y		
140. 141.	107	Aira praecox (Early Hairgrass) Akamptogonus novarae	Y		
141.		Aldrichetta forsteri			
143.	1724	Allocasuarina decussata (Karri She-oak)			
144.		Allocasuarina humilis (Dwarf Sheoak)			
145.		Amanita arenaria			
146.		Amanita austroviridis			
147.		Amanita hiltonii			
148.		Amanita umbrinella			
149.	38757	Amanita xanthocephala			
150.	05450	Ambicodamus marae	¥		
151. 152.	35159	Ammophila arenaria subsp. arenaria Ammotretis rostratus	Y		
153.	4585	Amperea ericoides			
153.		Amperea simulans			
155.		Amphibromus nervosus			
156.	194	Amphipogon amphipogonoides			
157.	197	Amphipogon debilis			
158.	20184	Amphipogon laguroides subsp. laguroides			
159.		Aname tepperi			
160.		Anarthria gracilis			
161.		Anarthria prolifera			
162. 163.		Anarthria scabra Anas castanea (Chestnut Teal)			
163.		Anas gracilis (Grey Teal)			
165.		Anas platyrhynchos (Mallard)			
			Department	of Biodiversity,	
reMap is a collabor	rative project of t	he Department of Biodiversity, Conservation and Attractions and the Western Australian Museum.		on and Attractions	AUSTRALIA MUSEUM

WESTERN AUSTRALIAN

		Name ID	Species Name	Naturalised	Conservation Code	¹ Endemic To Query Area
	166.	24315	Anas rhynchotis (Australasian Shoveler)			
	167.	24316	Anas superciliosa (Pacific Black Duck)			
	168.		Andersonia caerulea (Foxtails)			
	169.		Andersonia caerulea subsp. caerulea			
	170. 171.		Andersonia micrantha Andersonia sprengelioides			
	171.		Angianthus platycephalus			
	173.		Angianthus preissianus			
	174.		Anhinga novaehollandiae (Australasian Darter)			
	175.	1407	Anigozanthos flavidus (Tall Kangaroo Paw)			
	176.	1413	Anigozanthos preissii (Albany Catspaw)			
	177.		Anredera cordifolia	Y		
	178.	6949	Anthocercis littorea (Yellow Tailflower)			
	179. 180.	24561	Anthoceros punctatus			
	180.		Anthochaera carunculata (Red Wattlebird) Anthochaera lunulata (Western Little Wattlebird)			
	182.		Anthotium humile (Dwarf Anthotium)			
	183.		Anthoxanthum odoratum (Sweet Vernal Grass)	Y		
	184.	38758	Anthracophyllum archeri			
	185.	24599	Anthus australis subsp. australis (Australian Pipit)			
	186.		Aotus intermedia			
	187.		Aotus passerinoides			
	188. 189.	1117	Aphelia cyperoides			
	199.	11399	Aphroteniinae sp. Apium prostratum subsp. prostratum var. filiforme			
	191.	11000	Aplodactylus westralis			
	192.	24285	Aquila audax (Wedge-tailed Eagle)			
	193.		Arachnura higginsi			
	194.		Araneus cyphoxis			
	195.		Araneus senicaudatus			
	196.		Arcyria cinerea			
	197. 198.		Ardea ibis (Cattle Egret) Ardea modesta (great egret, white egret)			
	199.		Ardea pacifica (White-necked Heron)			
	200.	2.011	Arius thalassinus			
:	201.	11542	Arrhenatherum elatius var. bulbosum (Onion Twitch)	Y		
:	202.		Arripis georgiana			
2	203.	25566	Artamus cinereus (Black-faced Woodswallow)			
	204.		Artamus cyanopterus (Dusky Woodswallow)			
	205. 206.	27584	Arthonia ilicina			
	200. 207.		Artoria cingulipes Artoria flavimana			
	208.		Aseroe rubra			Y
	209.	8779	Asparagus asparagoides (Bridal Creeper)	Y		
:	210.	24020	Asparagus scandens	Y		
:	211.	61	Asplenium aethiopicum (Forked Spleenwort)			
	212.		Astartea arbuscula (Minute Astartea)			
	213.		Astartea arbuscula x corniculata			Y
	214. 215.		Astartea corniculata Astartea glomerulosa (Early Astartea)			
	215. 216.		Astartea giometulosa (Eany Astartea) Astartea pulchella			
	217.		Astartea scoparia (Common Astartea)			
:	218.		Asterella drummondii			
:	219.	7851	Asteridea pulverulenta (Common Bristle Daisy)			
	220.		Asterostroma persimile			
	221.	6325	Astroloma drummondii			
	222. 223.		Atelomastix ellenae Atelomastix francesae			
	223. 224.		Atelomastix mainae			
	225.		Athericidae sp.			
	226.		Atherinosoma elongata			
:	227.		Atherinosoma wallacei			
	228.		Atriplectididae sp.			
	229.		Auritella arenicolens			
	230. 231.	48560	Auritella chamaecephala Austracantha minax			
	231. 232.		Australomimetus diabolicus			
	233.		Australoniminatas anabolicas Austroboletus lacunosus			
	234.		Austroboletus occidentalis			
:	235.		Austrogautieria manjimupana	6.2		



94 4716 Autorigation consequence 93 1724 Autorigation consequence 93 1724 Autorigation consequence 93 1723 Autorigation consequence 93 1723 Autorigation consequence 94 Autorigation consequence Autorigation consequence 94 1743 Autorigation consequence 94 1743 Burstandorigation consequence 94 1744 Burstandorigation consequence 94 1743 Burstandorigation consequence 94 1744 Burstandorigation consequence 94 1744 Burstandorigation consequence 94 1744 Burstandorigation consequence 94 1744 Burstandorigation consequence </th <th></th> <th>Name ID</th> <th>Species Name</th> <th>Naturalised</th> <th>Conservation Code</th> <th>¹Endemic To Que Area</th>		Name ID	Species Name	Naturalised	Conservation Code	¹ Endemic To Que Area
29.8T741Aussing more hanging29.1TASSAussing more hangingInternational Aussing More	236.	42106	Austroparmelina conlabrosa			
29.117424Austratory service24.1Austratory servicev25.225.3Avera base servicev26.325.3Avera base servicev27.425.3Avera base servicev28.426.13Arring servicev29.426.13Arring servicev29.426.13Arring servicev29.420.13Arring servicev29.420.13Arring servicev29.420.13Arring servicev29.420.13Arring servicev29.4110.9Arring servicev29.5110.9Arring servicev29.6110.9Arring servicev29.7120.9Arring servicev29.7120.9Arring servicev29.7120.9Arring se	237.	17240	Austrostipa flavescens			
211AuerosystemicsV223723Auelong hearing begins provide a second and a second a	238.	17241	Austrostipa hemipogon			
21.Autors province23.323Average handbard (Angelow)Y24.2010Average handbard (Angelow)Y25.2518Artige accession (Angelow)Y26.2518Artige accession (Angelow)Y27.Berken p.Y28.1000Berken generation (Angelow)Y29.1101Berken generation (Angelow)Y20.1111Berken generation (Angelow)Y20.1112Berken generation (Angelow)Y20.1112Berken generation (Angelow)Y20.1112Berken generation (Angelow)Y20.1112Berken generation (Angelow)Y20.1112Berken generation (Berken Angelow)Y21.1112Berken generation (Berken Angelow)Y22.1112Berken generation (Berken Angelow)Y23.1113Berken generation (Berken Angelow)Y24.1114Berken generation (Berken Angelow)Y25.1112Berken generation (Berken Angelow)Y26.1114Berken generation (Berken Angelow)Y27.1114Berken generation (Berken Angelow)Y28.1114Berken generation (Berken Angelow)Y29.1114Berken generation (Berken Angelow)Y20.1114Berken generation (Berken Angelow)Y20.1114Berken generation (Berken Angelow)Y21.1114<	239.	17245	Austrostipa mollis			
24.Varia block generationV24.24.01Avana block generationV24.24.01Avana block generationV24.24.01Balaner moregeV24.Balaner moregeV24.Balaner moregeV25.Malaner MoregenerationV26.Malaner MoregenerationV27.Balaner MoregenerationV28.Malaner MoregenerationV29.Marka MoregenerationV20.Marka MoregenerationV20.	240.	17253	Austrostipa semibarbata			
23.1Autons (headed from (headed	241.		Austrosynthemis cyanitincta			
2442011Automa functionY245Exactors on ronco246Exactors on ronco247Backors on ronco248Exactors on ronco249Exactors on ronco240Exactors on ronco241Exactors on ronco242Exactors on ronco243Exactors on ronco244Exactors on ronco253Exactors on ronco254Exactors on ronco254Exactors on ronco255Exactors on ronco256Exactors on ronco257Exactors on ronco258Exactors on ronco259Exactors on ronco250Exactors on ronco251Exactors on ronco253Exactors on ronco254Exactors on ronco255Exactors on ronco256Exactors on ronco257Exactors on ronco258Exactors on ronco259Exactors on ronco250Exactors on ronco251Exactors on ronco252Exactors on ronco253Exactors on ronco254Exactors on ronco255Exactors on ronco256Exactors on ronco257Exactors on ronco258Exactors on ronco259Exactors on ronco250Exactors on ronco251Exactors on ronco252Exactors on ronco253Exactors on ronco254Exactors on ronco </td <td>242.</td> <td>231</td> <td>Avellinia michelii</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	242.	231	Avellinia michelii			
24.54.4400Autoria incorpor24.7Backnam survey24.8Backnam survey25.8Call Backnam Lange (Backnam Lange)26.91010Backnam survey (Backnam Lange)27.91010Backnam Survey (Backnam Lange)28.11012Backnam Survey (Backnam Lange)29.11012Backnam Survey (Backnam Lange)29.11018Backnam Survey (Backnam Lange)29.11018Backnam Survey (Backnam Lange)29.11018Backnam Survey (Backnam Lange)29.11018Backnam Survey (Backnam)29.11018Backnam Survey (Backnam)20.11018Backnam Survey (Backnam)20.11019Backnam Survey (Backnam)20.	243.	233	Avena barbata (Bearded Oat)			
PickBakinka para244Gambia para245Gambia para246Gambia para247Gambia para248Gambia para249Gambia para240Gambia para241Gambia para243Gambia para244Gambia para245Gambia para245Gambia para246Gambia para247Gambia para248Gambia para249Gambia para240Gambia para241Gambia para243Gambia para244Gambia para245Gambia para246Gambia para247Gambia para248Gambia para249Gambia para241Gambia para241Gambia para242Gambia para243Gambia para244Gambia para245Gambia para246Gambia para247Gambia para248Gambia para249Gambia para241Gambia para243Gambia para244Gambia para244Gambia para245Gambia para246Gambia para247Gambia para248Gambia para249Gambia para241Gambia para241Gambia para242Gambia para243Gambia para244Gambia	244.	20013	Axonopus fissifolius	Y		
94. Ameningsmonitonic 94. Inside sparsing (Markel Kallekan Agena) 94. 1909 Kensis gond (Markel Kallekan Agena) 94. 1918 Kensis gond (Markel Kallekan Agena) 94. 1918 Kensis gond (Markel Kallekan Agena) 95. Kensis gond (Markel Kallekan Agena) 95. Kensis gond	245.	24318	Aythya australis (Hardhead)			
94 Amage answerse (Solved Revise) 95 Backas answerse (Solved Revise) 96 Answerse Answerse (Solved Revise) 97 Backara answerse (Solved Revise) 98 Answerse Answerse (Solved Revise) 97 Backara answerse (Solved Revise) 98 Answerse Answerse (Solved Revise) 97 Backara answerse (Solved Revise) 98 Backara answerse (Solved Revise) <t< td=""><td>246.</td><td></td><td>Badumna microps</td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>	246.		Badumna microps			
244490Barkas ganota (Sanota Kansa, Pang)251490.43Barkas kanota (Barkas, Pangua)252490.44Barkas kanota (Barkas, Pangua)253490.45Barkas kanota (Garka Barkas, Pangua)254491.44Barkas kanota (Garka Barkas)255491.45Barkas kanota (Garka Barkas)256491.45Barkas kanota (Garka Barkas)257Barkas kanota (Garka Barkas)258471.4Barkas kanota (Garka Barkas)259741Barkas kanota (Garka Barkas)250742Barkas kanota (Garka Barkas)251743Barkas kanota (Garka Barkas)252744Barkas kanota (Garka Barkas)253743Barkas kanota (Garkas Garkas)254744Barkas kanota (Garkas Garkas)255Barkas kanota (Garkas Garkas)2561512Barkas kanota (Garkas Garkas)2571533Barkas kanota (Garkas Garkas)2581544Barkas kanota (Garkas Garkas)2591544Barkas kanota (Garkas Garkas)2702553Barkas kanota (Garkas Garkas)2711543Barkas kanota (Garkas Garkas)2722574Barkas kanota (Garkas Garkas)2731544Barkas kanota (Garkas Garkas)2742575Barkas kanota (Garkas Garkas)2751544Barkas kanota (Garkas Garkas)2761544Barkas kanota (Garkas Garkas)2771545Barkas kanota (Garkas Garkas)2781544Bark	247.		Baetidae sp.			
29.11919Borkes storder (burk hower)29.11919Borkes storder (hork-hower) Barkes)29.11914Borkes storder (hork-barke) Barkes)29.11914Borkes storder (hork-barke) Barkes)29.11914Borkes storder (hork-barke) Barkes)29.11914Borkes storder (hork-barke) Barkes)29.12915Borkes storder (hork-barke) Barkes)29.12915Borkes storder (hork-barke) Barkes)29.12916Borkes storder (hork-barke)29.12917Borkes storder (hork-barke)29.12918Borkes storder (hork-barke)29.12918Borkes storder (hork-barke)29.12918Borkes storder (hork-barke)29.12918Borkes storder (hork-barke)29.12918Borkes storder (hork-barke)29.22918Borkes storder (hork-barke)29.32918Borkes storder29.42918Borkes storder29.52918Borkes storder29.5Borkes storde	248.		Baiami tegenarioides			
21 21 Barkas Marcha (holp-barea) Barkas) 23 153 Barkas Marcha (holp-barea) Barkas) 24 144 Barkas Marcha (holp-barea) Barkas) 25 148 Barkas marchas (holp-barea) Barkas) 26 3318 Barkas accidentias (holp-barea) Barkas) 27 Barnadus aconta	249.	1800	Banksia attenuata (Slender Banksia, Piara)			
20. 19.30 Booksis actionatis (Solume Roksis) Program) 21.4 Booksis actionatis (Rok Samp Booksis) 22.6 12.4 Booksis actionatio (Rok Booksis) 23.6 12.3 Booksis actionatio (Rok Booksis) 24.7 Booksis actionatio (Rok Booksis) 25.8 12.4 Booksis actionatio (Rok Booksis) 26.9 12.8 Booksis actionatio (Rok Booksis) 27.9 Booksis actionatio (Rok Booksis) Incomplex actionation (Rok Booksis) 28.1 27.4 Booksis actionationation (Rok Booksis) 28.1 27.8 Booksis actionationation (Rok Booksis) 28.1 Booksis actionationation (Rok Booksis) Incomplex actionationation (Rok Booksis) 28.2 28.2 Booksis actionationationation (Rok Booksis) Incomplex actionationation (Rok Booksis) 28.3 Booksis actionationation (Rok Booksis) Incomplex actionationation (Rok Booksis) 29.3 Booksis actionationation (Rok Booksis) Incomplex actionationation (Rok Booksis) 29.3 Booksis actionation (Rok Booksis) Incomplex actionation (Rok Booksis) 21.4 37.5 Booksis actionation (Rok Booksis) Incomplex actionation (Rok Booksis) 21.5 Booksis actionation (Rok Booksis) Incomplex actionation (Rok Booksis) 22.5 Booksis actionationation (Rok Boo	250.	1819	Banksia grandis (Bull Banksia, Pulgarla)			
24. 19.7 Borksia cocketnias (Red Samp Barka) 25. 19.4 Borksia cocketnias (Red Samp Barka) 26. 19.4 Borksia samtua (Ref Barka) 27. Barandu zonalus 28. 73 Burna cock (Rel Vajora) 28. 73 Burna cock (Rel Vajora) 28. 74 Burna sock (Rel Vajora) 28. 74 Burna sock (Rel Vajora) 29. 74 Burna sock (Rel Vajora) 20. 74 Burna sock (Rel Vajora) 20. 74 Burna sock (Rel Vajora) 21. 74 Burna sock (Rel Vajora) 22. 74 Burna sock (Rel Vajora) 23. 74 Burna sock (Rel Vajora) 24. 74 Burna vajora<(Socket Trajora)	251.	1822	Banksia ilicifolia (Holly-leaved Banksia)			
244 4144 Booksia groundik (Jore Anska) 255 4231 Booksia ground (Jore Tanksa) 266 4231 Booksia ground (Jore Tanksa) 277 Boorse statuka (Jore Tanksa) 288 733 Boorse statuka (Jore Tanksa) 289 741 Boorse statuka (Jore Tanksa) 281 743 Boorse statuka (Jore Tanksa) 283 743 Boorse statuka (Jore Tanksa) 284 744 Boorse statuka (Jore Tanksa) 285 747 Boorse statuka (Jore Tanksa) 286 743 Boorse statuka (Jore Tanksa) 287 Boorse statuka (Jore Tanksa) Tanksa) 288 143 Boorse statuka (Jore Tanksa) 289 Boolavia (Jore Tanksa) Tanksa) 280 Boolavia (Jore Tanksa) Tanksa) 281 Boolavia (Jore Tanksa) Tanksa) 282 Boolavia (Jore Tanksa) Tanksa) 283 Boolavia (Jore Tanksa) Tanksa) 284 Boorse fancing (Jore Tanksa) Tanksa) 285 Boolavia (Jore Tanksa) Tanksa) 284 Boorse fancing (Jore Tanksa) Tanksa) 285 Boorse fancing (Jore Tanksa) Tanksa) 286 Boorse fancing (Jo	252.	1830	Banksia littoralis (Swamp Banksia, Pungura)			
1948 1948 Bartuka sapambad (Nove Ravkaia) 257 Bartuka sapak (Jaka Marka) 258 779 Burane acid (Jaka Tay Kunk) 258 774 Burane acid (Jaka Tay Kunk) 250 774 Burane acid (Jaka Tay Kunk) 251 774 Burane acid (Jaka Tay Kunk) 252 774 Burane acid (Jaka Tay Kunk) 253 774 Burane sapaka (Jaka Tay Kunk) 254 774 Burane sapaka (Jaka Tay Kunk) 255 712 Burane sapaka (Jaka Tay Kunk) 266 538 Badita Vacciase (Sama Datkbards) 276 539 Badita Vacciase (Sama Datkbards) 278 Badita Vacciase (Sama Datkbards) 279 Badita Vacciase (Sama Datkbards) 270 2577 Badita Vacciase (Sama Datkbards) 271 3175 Badita Vacciase (Sama Datkbards) 272 2578 Badita Vacciase (Sama Datkbards) 273 318 Badita Vacciase (Sama Datkbards) 274 3189 Badita Vacciase (Sama Datkbards) 275 278 Badita Vacciase (Sama Datkbards) 274 3189 Badita Vacciase (Sama Datkbards) 275 Badita Vacciase (Sama Datkbards) 276 439 Badita	253.	1837	Banksia occidentalis (Red Swamp Banksia)			
251 84/10 84/10 258 7.29 84/10 84/10 258 7.19 84/10 84/10 259 7.11 84/10 84/10 258 7.21 84/10 84/10 251 7.45 84/10 84/10 252 7.47 84/10 84/10 253 7.47 84/10 84/10 254 7.47 84/10 84/10 255 7.12 84/10 95/10 256 121 84/10 95/10 257 84/10 95/10 96/10 258 84/10 96/10 96/10 257 84/10 96/10 96/10 258 84/10 96/10 96/10 254 44/10 96/10 96/10 254 84/10 96/10 96/10 254 84/10 96/10 96/10 254 84/10 96/10 96/10 <t< td=""><td>254.</td><td>1844</td><td>Banksia quercifolia (Oak-leaved Banksia)</td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>	254.	1844	Banksia quercifolia (Oak-leaved Banksia)			
257 Barners during functions (where May have) 258 774 Bournes anticulans (Johnster Rush) 259 774 Bournes anticulans (Johnster Rush) 260 743 Bournes parisals 271 748 Bournes parisals 273 747 Bournes parisals 274 Bournes parisals 275 748 Bournes anticulans (Johnster Rush) 276 748 Bournes anticulans (Sama Triggenath) 276 748 Bournes anticulans (Sama Distrigunath) 278 4988 Bolardera submana (Wheel Bolardera) 271 2737 Bilardera submana (Marka Bourne) 273 7578 Bilardera submana (Marka Bourne) 274 3159 Bilardera submana (Marka Bourne) 273 7319 Bilardera submana (Marka Bourne) 274 3158 Bilardera submana (Marka Bourne) 275 7431 Bilardera submana (Marka Bourne) 276 4241 Bournes anticle (Marka Bourne) 277 7441 Bilardera submana (Bauene)	255.	1848	Banksia seminuda (River Banksia)			
9.589.79Burnes actual (Pale Twignant)253741Burnes articulate (Jointed Rush)264748Burnes articulate (Jointed Rush)265748Burnes nutginose266748Burnes nutginose267748Burnes nutginose268748Burnes nutginose269748Burnes nutginose260538Badorda devide (Sater) Twigutal)261263Badorda devide (Sater) Twigutal)263138Badorda devide Sater (Sater) Bathbonah)264478Burnes arging (Sater) Bathbonah)265138Badorda devide Sater (Sater) Bathbonah)266538Badorda devide Sater (Sater) Bathbonah)2702578Bilardea numonda2713158Bilardea devidense dillardiena2722738Bilardea numonda273318Bilardea numonda2743169Bilardea numonda2754807Bilardea numonda2764807Bilardea numonda277Bilardea numonda278Bilardea numonda279Bilardea numonda270Bilardea numonda271318373Bilardea numonda272Bilardea numonda273Bilardea numonda274318374Bilardea numonda275Bilardea numonda276Bilardea numonda277Bilardea numonda378Bilardea numonda379 <t< td=""><td>256.</td><td>32315</td><td>Barbula calycina</td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>	256.	32315	Barbula calycina			
293 741 Burnes articulas (kine Ruley) 205 743 Burnes articulas (kine Ruley) 205 744 Burnes agriasi 206 743 Burnes agriasi 207 748 Burnes agriasi 208 744 Burnes agriasi 208 743 Burnes agriasi 209 743 Burnes 201 253 Burnes 202 2548 Burnes 203 743 Burnes 204 Burnes Agriasi 205 2439 Burnes 206 Burnes Burnes 207 2439 Burnes 208 Adriasi barresse 209 Burnes 201 Adrias barresse 202 4418 203 Adrias barresse 204 Borras conculas subs. 205 <td>257.</td> <td></td> <td>Barnardius zonarius</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	257.		Barnardius zonarius			
101 74 Burnes Josen (Bare Triguesh) 261 74 Burnes loss 27 745 Burnes lossil (Scheat Triguesh) 283 4747 Burnes arbiginosa 284 7478 Burnes lossil (Scheat Triguesh) 285 5121 Burderia subjactific Scheat Triguesh) 286 5131 Burderia subjactific Scheat Triguesh) 287 528 Barderia subjactific Scheat Triguesh) 288 4888 Barderia subjactific Scheat Triguesh) 270 5278 Billerdore subjactific Scheat S	258.	739	Baumea acuta (Pale Twig-rush)			
191 744 Burnes preissi 282 747 Burnes rubiprices 284 748 Burnes preissi 285 1212 Batrias rubiprices 286 533 Batrico in decusana (Gravel Extelence) 286 533 Batrico in straissies Y 286 4888 Batrico in straissies Y 287 5317 Batrico in straissies Y 288 4888 Batrico in straissies Y 289 2818 Batrico in straissies Y 280 3154 Bitrico in strains Bottebrush) Y 281 2818 Batrico in straissies Y 283 4888 Batrico in strains Botebrush Y 284 2859 Bitrico in strains Botebrush Y 284 Batrico in strains Botebrush Strains Botebrush Y 285 4807 Botebrush Strains Botebrush Y 286 4808 Botebrush Strains Botebrush Y 287 Botebrush Strains Botebrush Y 288 4403 Boronia strains Botebrush </td <td>259.</td> <td>741</td> <td>Baumea articulata (Jointed Rush)</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	259.	741	Baumea articulata (Jointed Rush)			
262 747 Bauma noignals (Sheath Turgush) 263 747 Bauma noignals (Sheath Turgush) 264 748 Bauma noignals (Sheath Turgush) 265 121 Bateria australis 266 533 Baurdnia sparse (Swarp Bottlehush) 267 5392 Balardnia viscose Y 278 4888 Balardnia viscose Y 270 2577 Bilardnea oniscoe Y 271 3175 Balardnea viscose Y 273 2578 Bilardnea viscose Y 274 3165 Bilardnea viscose Y 275 2439 Bilardnea viscose Y 276 40448 Bohonia sancepa Y 277 Boholia Sancepa Y 278 40479 Boholia sancepa 279 Bohonia consulata vancepa Y 274 40481 Boonia consulata vancepa 275 Boholia Sancepa Y 276 Boonia consulata vancepa 277 Boholia Sancepa 278 40413 Boonia consulata van consulata van consulata vancepa 279 Boonia consulata vancepa 280 4113 Boonia sancepa <td< td=""><td>260.</td><td>743</td><td>Baumea juncea (Bare Twigrush)</td><td></td><td></td><td></td></td<>	260.	743	Baumea juncea (Bare Twigrush)			
263 747 Barnes veginal (Sheeh Twignsh) 264. 748 Barnes veginal (Sheeh Twignsh) 265. 121 Barnes veginal (Sheeh Twignsh) 266. 533 Bauloris descesses (Grovel Outlebursh) 270. 257 Balanda vecose Y 288. 4186 Balanda vecose Y 271. 2577 Balandare stockes Y 272. 2578 Balandare konbunds (White-Roveerd Blanders)	261.	744	Baumea laxa			
944 Summa vagantis (Sheaft Twignuch) 925 121 Boutrina ductisata (Garva Elottebruch) 926 533 Boutrina ductisata (Garva Elottebruch) 927 532 Boutrina ductisata (Garva Elottebruch) 928 4184 Billardien contineea Y 928 4184 Billardien contineea Y 929 25787 Billardien antonnadi (White-flowered Billardiera) Y 927 25788 Billardien antonnadi (White-flowered Billardiera) Y 927 25789 Billardien antonnadi (White-flowered Billardiera) Y 927 25789 Billardien antonnadi (White-flowered Billardiera) Y 927 25798 Billardien antonnadi (White-flowered Billardiera) Y 927 25798 Billardien antonnadi (Nastrukian Blobebut) Y 928 44037 Boola flowered Make Duck) Y 929 Bottellus stata (Saraan Core anton anto	262.	745	Baumea preissii			
265. 1212 Baxteria sustralis 266. 531 Beculoris decuessale (Gavel Bottlebrush) 268. 4388 Bellardia viscosa Y 288. 4184 Bellardia viscosa Y 270. 25787 Billardiae riocoriace Y 271. 3157 Billardiae riocoriace Y 273. 3159 Billardiae riscoloria (Writhe-Rowend Billardiara) Y 274. 3159 Billardiae riscoloria (Writhe-Rowend Billardiara) Y 275. 24319 Billardiae riscoloria (Writhe-Rowend Billardiara) Y 276. 4607 Botteslitus controlia Y 277. Tobletilus sindonias Y Y 278. 40075 Botteslitus controlias Y 280. 4413 Boronia crenulata (Anisead Boronia) Y Y 281. 4415 Boronia crenulata (Anisead Boronia) Y Y 282. 4413 Boronia includae Y Y 283. 4422 Boronia includae Y Y 284. 4423 Boronia includae	263.	747	Baumea rubiginosa			
265 5341 Baulonia decussta (Swamp Bottlebursh) 267. 5328 Belandra sociasea Y 268. 4886 Belandra viscosa Y 269. 3154 Billardian coniasea Y 270. 25778 Billardian tantomandi Y 271. 3157 Billardian kantona Y 272. 25789 Billardian kantona Y 273. 3157 Billardian kantona Y 274. 4315 Billardian kantona Y 275. 24319 Boldentika sharapipas Y 276. 40474 Boldentika sharapipas Y 277. Boldentika sharapipas Y Y 278. Boldentika sharapipas Y Y 279. Boldentika sharapipas Y Y 270. Boldentika sharapipas Y Y 271. Boldentika sharapipas Y Y 272. Boldentika sharapipas Y Y 273. Boldentika sharapipas Y Y 274. Bol	264.	748	Baumea vaginalis (Sheath Twigrush)			
267. 5322 Bealoritia sparsa (Swamp Bottebnush) 268. 44868 Bullardia vaccosa Y 268. 44868 Bullardia vaccosa Y 270. 25757 Billardiera drummondi S 271. 25758 Billardiera drummondi S 272. 25788 Billardiera drummondi S 273. 3159 Billardiera varificha S 274. 43155 Billardiera varificha S 275. 2419 Bickina kobata (Musk Duck) S 276. 4607 Botelellus anniceps S 277. Boletellus obscurecoccineus S S 278. Botellus abscurecoccineus S S 280. 4418 Boronia crenulata funcieu are crenulata S S 281. 11503 Boronia crenulata subsc. crenulata S	265.	1212	Baxteria australis			
268. 48868 Bellardia viacosa Y 269. 3154 Billardia coniacoa	266.	5381	Beaufortia decussata (Gravel Bottlebrush)			
289. 3154 Bilardiera coniccee 270. 2577 Bilardiera tonondi (Wite-Roverd Bilardiera) 272. 2578 Bilardiera tonondia (Wite-Roverd Bilardiera) 273. 3155 Bilardiera tonondia (Wite-Roverd Bilardiera) 274. 3155 Bilardiera tonondia (Wite-Roverd Bilardiera) 274. 3155 Bilardiera venitola 275. 24131 Biziura lobata (Mute Duck) 276. 44075 Boletalus anañceps 277. Boletalus anañceps	267.	5392	Beaufortia sparsa (Swamp Bottlebrush)			
270. 25787 Billardien drummondi 271. 3157 Billardien kulsinnia (White-Roverad Billardiena) 272. 25788 Billardien kulsinnia (White-Roverad Billardiena) 273. 3158 Billardien kulsinnia (White-Roverad Billardiena) 274. 3158 Billardiena kulsinnia (Musck Ouck) 275. 24318 Bizicular kolsania Constantia 276. 46074 Botelus ananicepa Constantia 277. Botelus sinapipes Constantia Constantia 278. Botelus sinapipes Constantia Constantia 279. Botelus sinapipes Constantia Constantia 270. Botelus sinapipes Constantia Constantia 271. Botelus sinapipes Constantia Constantia Constantia 273. Botelus sinapipes Constantia Constantia Constantia Constantia 274. 46078 Bornia koterophylla (Kagan Bornia) Constantia C	268.	48868	Bellardia viscosa	Y		
271. 3157 Billardien floribunda (White-flowend Billardien) 272. 25788 Billardien floribunda (White-flowend Billardien) 273. 3165 Billardien floribunda (White-flowend Billardien) 274. 3165 Billardien senifola 274. 3165 Billardien variifolia 275. 44131 Balcura lobata (Musk Duck) 276. 44074 Boletius anancopa 277. Boletius inapipes	269.	3154	Billardiera coriacea			
272. 2578 Bilardiera husiformis (Australian Bluebell) 273. 3159 Bilardiera husiformis 274. 3159 Bilardiera husiformis 275. 24319 Biziura lobata (Musk Duck) 276. 4074 Botellius ananceps 277. Botellius ananceps	270.	25787	Billardiera drummondii			
272. 2579. Bilardiera luxiformis (Australian Bluebalt) 273. 3159. Bilardiera luxiformis 274. 3169. Bilardiera luxiformis 275. 2431. Botellus ananceps 276. 4007. Botellus ananceps 277. Tobletellus ananceps	271.	3157	Billardiera floribunda (White-flowered Billardiera)			
273. 3168 Billardiera karillora 274. 3168 Billardiera karillora 275. 2349 Biziura bolata (Musk Duck) 276. 46074 Boletallus ananiceps 277. Boletallus obscurecoccineus 277. Boletallus obscurecoccineus 277. Boletallus obscurecoccineus 278. 46075 Boletallus sinapipes 279. Boletaus sinapipes 280. 4418 Boronia cenulata (Aniseed Boronia) 281. 411503 Boronia derriculata (Aniseed Boronia) 282. 4418 Boronia derriculata (Kagan Boronia) 283. 4422 Boronia inderenyhal (Kagan Boronia) 284. 4423 Boronia inderenyhal (Kagan Boronia) 285. 4426 Boronia inderenyhal (Kagan Boronia) 286. 16631 Boronia moleyae (Tall Boronia) 287. 4428 Boronia indegrae (Tall Boronia) 288. 4430 Boronia strica 290. 4441 Boronia strica 291. 4443 Boronia indegrae (Tall Boronia) 292. 1273 Borya spath	272.					
275. 24319 Biziura lobata (Musk Duck) 276. 46074 Boletellus annicogos 277. Boletellus sinapigos 278. 46075 Boletellus sinapigos 278. 46075 Boletellus sinapigos 278. Boletus sp. Boletus sp. 280. 4413 Boronia cenulata (Ariseed Boronia) 281. 11503 Boronia denticulata 282. 4416 Boronia denticulata 283. 4422 Boronia denticulata 284. 4423 Boronia heterophylla (Kalgan Boronia) 285. 4426 Boronia juncea 286. 116631 Boronia nolloyae (Tall Boronia) 287. 4429 Boronia molloyae (Tall Boronia) 288. 4441 Boronia spathulata (Boronia) 290. 4442 Boronia subsp. nicramha 291. 4443 Boronia spathulata (Boronia) 292. 1273 Borya sphaerocephala (Pincushions) 293. 14396 Bossiaea aquifolium subsp. aquifolium 294. 14397 Bossiaea aquifolium subsp. aquifoliumina 295. <td>273.</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	273.					
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	305.	245	Briza minor (Shivery Grass)	643		

WESTERN AUSTRALIAN

NatureMap Mapping Western Australia's biodiversity

	Name ID	Species Name	Naturalised	Conservation Code	¹ Endemic To Quer Area
306.	248	Bromus catharticus (Prairie Grass)	Y		Alea
307.	32330	Bryum argenteum			
308.	27597	Buellia disciformis			
309.		Buellia tetrapla			
310.		Burchardia multiflora (Dwarf Burchardia)			
311.		Cacatua galerita (Sulphur-crested Cockatoo)			
312.		Cacatua pastinator (Western Long-billed Corella)			
313.		Cacatua sanguinea (Little Corella)			
314.		Cacomantis flabelliformis (Fan-tailed Cuckoo)			
315. 316.		Cacomantis flabelliformis subsp. flabelliformis (Fan-tailed Cuckoo) Cacomantis pallidus (Pallid Cuckoo)			
310.	42307	Caenidae sp.			
318.	15328	Caladenia applanata subsp. applanata			
319.		Caladenia brownii			
320.		Caladenia cairnsiana (Zebra Orchid)			
321.		Caladenia flava subsp. sylvestris			
322.	1599	Caladenia latifolia (Pink Fairy Orchid)			
323.	15372	Caladenia nana subsp. unita			
324.	1609	Caladenia pectinata (King Spider Orchid)			
325.	2845	Calandrinia brevipedata (Short-stalked Purslane)			
326.	2856	Calandrinia liniflora (Parakeelya)			
327.	10861	Callistachys lanceolata (Wonnich)			
328.	5394	Callistemon glaucus			
329.		Callogobius mucosus			
330.	31015	Caloplaca elixii			
331.		Caloplaca sp.			
332.		Calothamnus lateralis			
333.		Calothamnus preissii			
334.		Calothamnus schaueri			
335. 336.	16493	Calycopeplus oligandrus			
337.	25717	Calymmachernes angulatus Calyptorhynchus banksii (Red-tailed Black-Cockatoo)			
338.		Calytrix tetragona (Common Fringe-myrtle)			
339.		Campylopus bicolor			
340.		Campylopus bicolor var. bicolor			
341.		Campylopus introflexus	Y		
342.		Cantharellus concinnus			
343.	7909	Carduus pycnocephalus (Slender Thistle)	Y		
344.	2956	Cassytha pomiformis (Dodder Laurel)			
345.	2957	Cassytha racemosa (Dodder Laurel)			
346.	11799	Cassytha racemosa forma racemosa			
347.		Castoreum radicatum			
348.		Ceinidae sp.			
349.		Cenchrus clandestinus (Kikuyu Grass)	Y		
350.		Centaurium erythraea (Common Centaury)	Y		
351.		Centella asiatica			
352.		Centranthus ruber subsp. ruber	Y		
353.		Centrolepis aristata (Pointed Centrolepis)			
354. 355.		Centrolepis pilosa Centrolepis polygyna (Wiry Centrolepis)			
355. 356.	1134	Cephaloziella exiliflora			
357.		Cephaloziella eximita			
358.		Cephaloziella varians			
359.	13119	Cerastium balearicum	Y		
360.		Ceratiomyxa fruticulosa			
361.		Ceratodon purpureus subsp. convolutus			
362.		Ceratopogonidae sp.			
363.	24086	Cercartetus concinnus (Western Pygmy-possum, Mundarda)			
364.		Cercophonius granulosus			
365.		Cercophonius sulcatus			
366.		Chaetophyllopsis whiteleggei			
367.	24187	Chalinolobus morio (Chocolate Wattled Bat)			
368.		Chamaescilla corymbosa (Blue Squill)			
369.	24377	Charadrius ruficapillus (Red-capped Plover)			
370.		Cheilodactylus gibbosus			
371.		Chelidonichthys kumu			
372.		Chenonetta jubata (Australian Wood Duck, Wood Duck)			
373.		Chenopodium album (Fat Hen)	Y		
374.		Chenopodium murale (Nettle-leaf Goosefoot)	Y		
375.	23838	Cherax cainii (Marron)	, Saidt .	denoted file days in the second se	
	ative project of t	he Department of Biodiversity, Conservation and Attractions and the Western Australian Museum.	Cons	artment of Biodiversity, servation and Attractions	WESTER AUSTRA

Name ID Species Name

Naturalised Conservatio	Code ¹ Endemic To Query
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	Name ID	Species Name	Naturali	sed Conservation Code	Endemic To Quei
376.		Cherax preissii			
377.		Cherax quinquecarinatus			
378.		Chiloscyphus semiteres			
379.		Chiloscyphus semiteres var. semiteres			
380.		Chironominae sp.			
381.		Chlorophyllum brunneum			
382.	2335	Choretrum lateriflorum (Dwarf Sour Bush)			
383.		Chorilaena quercifolia (Chorilaena)			
384.		Chorizandra enodis (Black Bristlerush)			
385.	13112	Chorizema aciculare subsp. aciculare			
386.	3754	Chorizema diversifolium			
387.	3757	Chorizema glycinifolium			
388.	3758	Chorizema ilicifolium (Holly Flame Pea)			
389.		Chorizema reticulatum (Showy Flame Pea)			
390.	13107	Chorizema retrorsum			
391.	3761	Chorizema rhombeum			
392.	24980	Christinus marmoratus (Marbled Gecko)			
393.		Chroicocephalus novaehollandiae			
394.	65/13	Cicendia filiformis (Slender Cicendia)	Y		
			I		
395.		Circus approximans (Swamp Harrier)			
396.	7937	Cirsium vulgare (Spear Thistle, Scotch Thistle)	Y		
397.	27663	Cladia aggregata			
398.	27668	Cladia schizopora			
399.		Cladia sullivanii			
400.		Cladonia cervicornis subsp. verticillata			
		· ·			
401.		Cladonia floerkeana			
402.	27681	Cladonia glebosa			
403.	27684	Cladonia krempelhuberi			
404.	27688	Cladonia ochrochlora			
405.	27690	Cladonia praetermissa			
406.		Cladonia ramulosa			
407.		Cladonia rigida			
408.	27693	Cladonia scabriuscula			
409.	27694	Cladonia southlandica			
410.	27697	Cladonia tessellata			
411.	24774	Cladorhynchus leucocephalus (Banded Stilt)			
412.		Clavaria miniata			
413.		Claviceps purpurea			
414.	2929	Clematis pubescens (Common Clematis)			
415.		Cnidoglanis macrocephalus			
416.		Coenagrionidae sp.			
417.	25675	Colluricincla harmonica (Grey Shrike-thrush)			
418.	24613	Colluricincla harmonica subsp. rufiventris (Grey Shrike-thrush)			
419.		Columba livia (Domestic Pigeon)	Y		
		· • • •	ř		
420.		Comesperma calymega (Blue-spike Milkwort)			
421.	4552	Comesperma confertum			
422.	4554	Comesperma flavum			
423.	4564	Comesperma virgatum (Milkwort)			
424.		Commersonia corniculata			
425.		Commersonia corylifolia (Hazel-leaved Rulingia)			
	-0003				
426.		Conger wilsoni			
427.		Conicochernes crassus			
428.		Conicochernes globosus			
429.	1862	Conospermum caeruleum (Blue Brother)			
430.	15610	Conospermum caeruleum subsp. caeruleum			
431.		Conospermum capitatum			
432.		Conospermum teretifolium (Spider Smokebush)			
433.		Conostylis aculeata subsp. aculeata			
434.	1454	Conostylis setigera (Bristly Cottonhead)			
435.		Contusus brevicaudus			
436.	20074	Conyza sumatrensis	Y		
437.		Coprinellus disseminatus			
437.		Coprinellus micaceus			
439.		Coracina novaehollandiae (Black-faced Cuckoo-shrike)			
440.	24362	Coracina novaehollandiae subsp. novaehollandiae (Black-faced Cuckoo-shrike)			
441.		Corduliidae sp.			
	44528	Coreopsis lanceolata (Common Tickseed, Showy Tickseed, Garden Coreopsis)	Y		
442.		Corixidae sp.			
442. 443		Considuo op.			
443.					
443. 444.		Cormocephalus hartmeyeri			
443.		Cormocephalus hartmeyeri Cormocephalus michaelseni			
443. 444. 445.				Department of Biodiversity, Conservation and Attractions	

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	Name ID	Species Name	Naturalised	Conservation Code	¹ Endemic To Quer Area
446.		Corrigiola litoralis (Strapwort)	Y		
447.	41681	Cortinarius basipurpureus			
448.		Cortinarius basirubescens			
449.		Cortinarius clelandii			
450.	48174	Cortinarius hallowellensis			
451.		Cortinarius lavendulensis			
452.	38776	Cortinarius phalarus			
453.		Cortinarius rotundisporus			
454.		Cortinarius sinapicolor			
455.		Cortinarius symeae			
456.		Corvus coronoides (Australian Raven)			
457.		Corymbia calophylla (Marri)			
458.		Corynotheca micrantha (Sand Lily)			
459.		Cosmelia rubra (Spindle Heath)			
460.		Cotoneaster glaucophyllus	Y		
461.		Cotula australis (Common Cotula)			
462.		Cotula coronopifolia (Waterbuttons)	Y		
463.	7947	Cotula turbinata (Funnel Weed)	Y		
464.	24671	Coturnix pectoralis (Stubble Quail)			
465.	25701	Coturnix ypsilophora (Brown Quail)			
466.		Cracticus tibicen (Australian Magpie)			
467.		Cracticus torquatus (Grey Butcherbird)			
468.	3137	Crassula colorata (Dense Stonecrop)			
469.	15706	Crassula natans var. minus	Y		
470.	25398	Crinia georgiana (Quacking Frog)			
471.	25399	Crinia glauerti (Clicking Frog)			
472.		Cristiceps australis			
473.	1514	Crocosmia x crocosmiiflora	Y		
474.	4451	Crowea angustifolia (Crowea)			
475.	17729	Crowea angustifolia var. platyphylla			
476.	1627	Cryptostylis ovata (Slipper Orchid)			
477.	25031	Ctenotus catenifer			
478.	25049	Ctenotus labillardieri			
479.		Culicidae sp.			
480.	768	Cyathochaeta avenacea			
481.	17618	Cyathochaeta equitans			
482.		Cyclosa trilobata			
483.	24322	Cygnus atratus (Black Swan)			
484.	283	Cynodon dactylon (Couch)	Y		
485.	285	Cynosurus echinatus (Rough Dogstail)	Y		
486.	783	Cyperus congestus (Dense Flat-sedge)	Y		
487.	30901	Dacelo novaeguineae (Laughing Kookaburra)	Y		
488.	30902	Dacelo novaeguineae subsp. novaeguineae (Laughing Kookaburra)	Y		
489.	287	Dactylis glomerata (Cocksfoot)	Y		
490.	7444	Dampiera hederacea (Karri Dampiera)			
491.	7452	Dampiera leptoclada (Slender-shooted Dampiera)			
492.	7454	Dampiera linearis (Common Dampiera)			
493.	7462	Dampiera pedunculata			
494.	25673	Daphoenositta chrysoptera (Varied Sittella)			
495.	5508	Darwinia citriodora (Lemon-scented Darwinia)			
496.		Darwinia oederoides			
497.	5533	Darwinia vestita (Pom-pom Darwinia)			
498.		Dasypogon bromeliifolius (Pineapple Bush)			
499.		Daucus carota (Wild Carrot)	Y		
500.		Daucus glochidiatus (Australian Carrot)			
501.		Daviesia alternifolia			
502.		Daviesia flexuosa			
503.		Daviesia inflata			
504.		Dermocybe austroveneta			
505.		Dermocybe clelandii			
506.	38783	Dermocybe splendida			
507.		Descomyces albus			
508.		Desmocladus fasciculatus			
509.		Desmocladus flexuosus			
510.		Deyeuxia quadriseta (Reed Bentgrass)			
511.	200	Diaea socialis			
512.	306	Dichelachne crinita (Longhair Plumegrass)			
513.		Dicranoloma diaphanoneuron			
513.		Didymodon torquatus			
515.		Dielsiodoxa lycopodioides			
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Martin Danata	ent of Biodiversity,	WESTER
	tive project of t	he Department of Biodiversity, Conservation and Attractions and the Western Australian Museum.	Conser	vation and Attractions	AUSTRA

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	Name ID	Species Name	Naturalised	Conservation Code	¹ Endemic To Quer Area
516.	320	Digitaria sanguinalis (Crab Grass)	Y		Alea
517.		Diplotaxis muralis (Wall Rocket)	Y		
518.		Dipogon lignosus (Dolichos Pea)	Y		
519.		Disa bracteata	Y		
520.		Diuris emarginata (Tall Donkey Orchid)			
521.		Diuris laevis (Nannygoat Orchid)			
521.		Diuris pauciflora			
523.		Diuris setacea (Bristly Donkey Orchid)			
	1030				
524.	1040	Dolichopodidae sp.			
525.		Drakaea glyptodon (King-in-his-carriage)			
526.		Drakaea thynniphila			
527.		Dromaius novaehollandiae (Emu)			
528.		Drosera erythrogyne			
529.		Drosera erythrorhiza (Red Ink Sundew)			
530.	3110	Drosera microphylla (Golden Rainbow)			
531.	3111	Drosera modesta (Modest Rainbow)			
532.	3112	Drosera myriantha (Star Rainbow)			
533.	3118	Drosera pallida (Pale Rainbow)			
534.	3122	Drosera platypoda (Fan-leaved Sundew)			
535.	3124	Drosera pulchella (Pretty Sundew)			
536.	3131	Drosera stolonifera (Leafy Sundew)			
537.		Drosera sulphurea (Sulphur-flowered Sundew)			
538.		Dysphania pumilio (Clammy Goosefoot)			
539.		Dytiscidae sp.			
540.	32351	Eccremidium pulchellum			
541.		Echinochloa crus-galli	Y		
542.		Echiopsis curta (Bardick)			
543.		Echium plantagineum (Paterson's Curse)	Y		
544.	0001	Ecnomidae sp.	I		
545.	25006				
		Egernia kingii (King's Skink)			
546.	25100	Egernia napoleonis			
547.		Egretta garzetta			
548.		Egretta novaehollandiae			
549.		Ehrharta calycina (Perennial Veldt Grass)	Y		
550.	349	Ehrharta longiflora (Annual Veldt Grass)	Y		
551.		Elanus axillaris			
552.	39900	Elaphomyces chlorocarpus			
553.	25250	Elapognathus coronatus (Crowned Snake)			
554.	47937	Elseyornis melanops (Black-fronted Dotterel)			
555.		Emertonella maga			
556.		Empididae sp.			
557.	1067	Empodisma gracillimum			
558.		Engraulis australis			
559.		Enoplosus armatus			
560.		Entoloma kermandii			
561.		Entoloma maldea			
562.	32353	Entosthodon apophysatus			
563.		Entosthodon productus			
564.	02004	Eolophus roseicapillus			
565.	24664				
		Eopsaltria australis subsp. griseogularis (Western Yellow Robin)			
566.		Eopsaltria georgiana (White-breasted Robin)			
567.		Epilobium billardiereanum subsp. intermedium			
568.		Epthianura albifrons (White-fronted Chat)			
569.		Eragrostis brownii (Brown's Lovegrass)			
570.		Eragrostis curvula (African Lovegrass)	Y		
571.		Erica lusitanica	Y		Y
572.	15412	Eriochilus dilatatus subsp. multiflorus			
573.	15414	Eriochilus helonomos			
574.	24379	Erythrogonys cinctus (Red-kneed Dotterel)			
575.	5625	Eucalyptus diversicolor (Karri)			
576.	5667	Eucalyptus guilfoylei (Yellow Tingle, Dingul Dingul)			
577.	5708	Eucalyptus marginata (Jarrah, Djara)			
578.		Eucalyptus marginata subsp. marginata (Jarrah)			
579.		Eucalyptus megacarpa (Bullich, Pulidj)			
580.		Eucalyptus patens (Swan River Blackbutt, Dwuda)			
581.		Eucalyptus rudis (Flooded Gum, Kulurda)			
582.					
		Eucalyptus staeri (Albany Blackbutt)			
583.		Euchilopsis linearis (Swamp Pea)			
	25/44	Eudyptes chrysocome (Rockhopper Penguin)			
584.	A				
584. 585.	24818	Eudyptula minor subsp. novaehollandiae (Little Penguin)	213		

Name ID Species Name

Naturalised	Conservation Code	¹ Endemic To Query
Naturalised	Conservation Code	Endemic To Query

		Species Name	Naturalised	Conservation Code	Endemic To Qu Area
586.	20214	Eutaxia myrtifolia			
587.		Eutaxia parvifolia			
588.		Evandra aristata			
589.		Exocarpos odoratus (Scented Ballart)			
590.	10765	Exocarpos sparteus (Broom Ballart, Djuk)			
591.	25621	Falco berigora (Brown Falcon)			
592.	25622	Falco cenchroides (Australian Kestrel, Nankeen Kestrel)			
593.	25623	Falco longipennis (Australian Hobby)			
594.		Falcunculus frontatus (Crested Shrike-tit)			
595.		Falcunculus frontatus subsp. leucogaster (Western Shrike-tit, Crested Shrike-tit)			
596.	430	Festuca arundinacea (Tall Fescue)	Y		
597.	20216	Ficinia nodosa (Knotted Club Rush)			
598.	32363	Fissidens curvatus			
599.	32365	Fissidens leptocladus			
600.	32369	Fissidens tenellus			
601.		Flavoparmelia diffractaica			
		•			
602.		Flavoparmelia haysomii			
603.	27748	Flavoparmelia rutidota			
604.	6221	Foeniculum vulgare (Fennel)	Y		
605.	1944	Franklandia fucifolia (Lanoline Bush)			
606.		Fuchsia magellanica	Y		Y
607.		Fulica atra (Eurasian Coot)			
608.		Fuligo septica			
609.		Fumaria capreolata (Whiteflower Fumitory)	Y		
610.	31532	Fumaria muralis subsp. muralis	Y		
611.	34028	Galaxias occidentalis (Western Minnow)			
612.	7323	Galium murale (Small Goosegrass)	Y		
613.		Gallinula tenebrosa (Dusky Moorhen)			
614.		Gastrolobium bilobum (Heart Leaf Poison)			
615.		Gastrolobium brownii			
616.	20490	Gastrolobium coriaceum			
617.	19190	Gastrolobium cuneatum			
618.	20511	Gastrolobium minus			
619.	20500	Gastrolobium sericeum			
620.		Geastrum sp.			
621.	22275	Gemmabryum chrysoneuron			
622.		Gemmabryum dichotomum			
623.	32380	Gemmabryum pachythecum			
624.	25404	Geocrinia leai (Ticking Frog)			
625.		Geoglossum glutinosum			
626.	25530	Gerygone fusca (Western Gerygone)			
627.	24271	Gerygone fusca subsp. fusca (Western Gerygone)			
628.		Girella zebra			
629.	47000				
	47962	Glyciphila melanops (Tawny-crowned Honeyeater)			
630.		Gnathanodon speciosus			
631.	3948	Gompholobium capitatum			
632.	10909	Gompholobium confertum			
633.	3950	Gompholobium knightianum			
634.		Gompholobium polymorphum			
635.		Gompholobium scabrum			
636. 		Gompholobium tomentosum (Hairy Yellow Pea)			
637.		Gompholobium venustum (Handsome Wedge-pea)			
638.	11115	Gompholobium villosum			
639.	16746	Gonocarpus benthamii subsp. benthamii			
640.		Gonorynchus greyi			
641.	7505	Goodenia eatoniana			
642.		Goodenia leptoclada (Thin-stemmed Goodenia)			
	1523				
643.		Gordiidae sp.			
644.	24443	Grallina cyanoleuca (Magpie-lark)			
645.	1977	Grevillea cirsiifolia (Varied-leaf Grevillea)			
646.	2052	Grevillea occidentalis			
647.	15991	Grevillea pulchella subsp. pulchella			
648.		Grevillea quercifolia (Oak-leaf Grevillea)			
649.	2112	Grevillea trifida			
650.		Gripopterygidae sp.			
651.		Gymnopilus dilepis			Y
652.		Gymnopilus purpuratus			
653.	908	Gymnoschoenus anceps			
654.		Gymnostomum calcareum			
655.	02000				
000.		Gyrinidae sp.	, fai3 .		
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	Name ID	Species Name	Naturalised	Conservation Code	¹ Endemic To Query Area
656.	2787	Gyrostemon sheathii			
657.	25627	Haematopus fuliginosus (Sooty Oystercatcher)			
658.	24487	Haematopus longirostris (Pied Oystercatcher)			
659.	1468	Haemodorum laxum			
660.		Haemodorum sparsiflorum			
661.		Haemodorum spicatum (Mardja)			
662.		Hakea amplexicaulis (Prickly Hakea)			
663.		Hakea ceratophylla (Horned Leaf Hakea)			
664.		Hakea cucullata (Hood Leaved Hakea)			
665.		Hakea falcata			
666. 667		Hakea florida			
667. 668.		Hakea linearis Hakea oleifolia (Dungyn)			
669.		Hakea prostrata (Harsh Hakea)			
670.		Hakea ruscifolia (Candle Hakea)			
671.		Halegrapha mucronata			
672.		Haliaeetus leucogaster (White-bellied Sea-Eagle)			
673.	24295	Haliastur sphenurus (Whistling Kite)			
674.	6183	Haloragodendron racemosum (Shrubby Raspwort)			
675.	3961	Hardenbergia comptoniana (Native Wisteria)			
676.	32392	Hedwigidium integrifolium			
677.	25410	Heleioporus eyrei (Moaning Frog)			
678.		Heleioporus psammophilus (Sand Frog)			
679.		Hemarthria uncinata (Matgrass)			
680.	11451	Hemarthria uncinata var. uncinata			
681. 682.	20010	Hemicrorduliidae sp.			
683.		Hemiergis gracilipes (skink) Hemiergis peronii subsp. peronii			
684.		Hemigenia humilis			
685.		Hemigenia incana (Silky Hemigenia)			
686.		Hemigenia podalyrina			
687.		Hemiramphus sp.			
688.		Henicops dentatus			
689.		Heteroclinus eckloniae			
690.	27777	Heterodermia obscurata			
691.		Hibbertia amplexicaulis			
692.		Hibbertia commutata			
693.		Hibbertia cuneiformis (Cutleaf Hibbertia)			
694. 695.		Hibbertia depressa Hibbertia furfuracea			
696.		Hibbertia glomerata subsp. glomerata			
697.		Hibbertia grossulariifolia			
698.	5135	Hibbertia hypericoides (Yellow Buttercups)			
699.		Hibbertia notibractea			
700.	5154	Hibbertia perfoliata			
701.	5155	Hibbertia pilosa (Hairy Guinea Flower)			
702.		Hibbertia pulchra			
703.		Hibbertia racemosa (Stalked Guinea Flower)			
704.		Hibbertia serrata (Serrate Leaved Guinea Flower)			
705. 706.		Hieraaetus morphnoides (Little Eagle) Himantopus himantopus (Black-winged Stilt)			
708.		Hirundo neoxena (Welcome Swallow)			
707.		Histiopteris incisa			
709.		Holcus lanatus (Yorkshire Fog)	Y		
710.		Homalospermum firmum			
711.	449	Hordeum leporinum (Barley Grass)	Y		
712.	3964	Hovea chorizemifolia (Holly-leaved Hovea)			
713.	3965	Hovea elliptica (Tree Hovea)			
714.		Hydnangium carneum			
715.		Hydnoplicata convoluta			
716.	38794	Hydnum repandum			
717.		Hydraenidae sp.			
718. 719.	62/1	Hydrobiosidae sp. Hydrocotyle tetragonocarpa			
719.	0241	Hydrocetridae sp.			
721.		Hydrophilidae sp.			
722.	43384	Hydrophis platurus (Yellow-bellied Seasnake)			
723.		Hydropsychidae sp.			
724.		Hydroptilidae sp.			
725.	38795	Hygrocybe conica			

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	Name ID	Species Name	Naturalised	Conservation Code	¹ Endemic To Query Area
726.		Hygrocybe polychroma			
727.		Hygrocybe viscidibrunnea			
728.		Hylaeus (Macrohylaeus) alcyoneus			Y
729.		Hymenosomatidae sp.			
730.	38796	Hypholoma australe			
731.	32394	Hypnum cupressiforme			
732.	5818	Hypocalymma cordifolium			
733.	43120	Hypocalymma minus			
734.		Hypocalymma scariosum			
735.		Hypocalymma strictum			
736.		Hypochaeris glabra (Smooth Catsear)	Y		
737.		Hypogymnia pulchrilobata			
738.		Hypogymnia subphysodes			
739.		Hypogymnia subphysodes var. subphysodes			
740.		Hypolaena exsulca			
741.		Hypolaena grandiuscula			
742.	17841	Hypolaena pubescens			
743.		Hypomyces chrysospermus			
744.		Hyporhamphus melanochir			
745.	44000	Ichthyscopus barbatus			
746.		lleodictyon gracile			
747.		Inocybe dewrangia			
748.		Inocybe eriocaulis			
749. 750.		Inocybe fulvotomentosa Inocybe geniculata			
751.		Inocybe geniculata Inocybe ionocaulis			
752.		Inocybe lolivaceohinnulea			Y
753.		Inocybe trachysperma			Y
754.		Inocybe violaceocaulis			T
755.		Ipomoea indica (Morning Glory)	Y		
756.		Isoetes drummondii (Quillwort)	•		
757.		Isolepis cernua var. cernua			
758.		Isolepis cernua var. setiformis			
759.		Isolepis congrua			
760.		Isolepis cyperoides			
761.		Isolepis inundata (Swamp Club Rush)			
762.		Isolepis marginata (Coarse Club-rush)			
763.		Isolepis prolifera (Budding Club-rush)	Y		
764.		Isopeda leishmanni			
765.	2222	Isopogon attenuatus			
766.	2226	Isopogon cuneatus (Coneflower)			
767.	1532	Ixia maculata (Yellow Ixia)	Y		
768.	8092	Ixiolaena viscosa (Sticky Ixiolaena)			
769.		Ixodes australiensis			
770.	45299	Jackelixia elixii			
771.	45301	Jackelixia ligulata			
772.	4017	Jacksonia horrida			
773.	4028	Jacksonia spinosa			
774.	1297	Johnsonia lupulina (Hooded Lily)			
775.	1299	Johnsonia teretifolia (Hooded Lily)			
776.		Juncus articulatus (Jointed Rush)	Y		
777.		Juncus bufonius (Toad Rush)	Y		
778.		Juncus caespiticius (Grassy Rush)			
779.		Juncus capitatus (Capitate Rush)	Y		
780.		Juncus holoschoenus (Jointleaf Rush)			
781.		Juncus kraussii subsp. australiensis			
782.		Juncus microcephalus	Y		
783.		Juncus oxycarpus	Y		
784.		Juncus pallidus (Pale Rush)			
785.		Juncus planifolius (Broadleaf Rush)	~		
786.		Juncus usitatus (Common Rush)	Y		
787.		Kennedia carinata Kennedia coccinea (Coral Vine)			
788. 789.		Kennedia coccinea (Coral Vine) Kingia australis (Kingia, Pulonok)			
789.		Kunzea ericifolia subsp. ericifolia			
790.		Kunzea encrioria subsp. encrioria Kunzea recurva			
791.		Kunzea sulphurea			
793.	0044	Kurzia compacta			
794.		Kurzia hippurioides			
795.		Kyphosus gladius MS			
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	Name ID	Species Name	Naturalised	Conservation Code	¹ Endemic To Query Area
796.		Labrid sp.			Y
797.		Laccaria proxima			
798.		Laccocephalum mylittae			
799. 800.		Laccocephalum tumulosum Lachnagrostis filiformis			
801.	20019	Lactarius clarkeae			
802.	38804	Lactarius eucalypti			
803.		Lambertia uniflora			
804.		Lampona brevipes			
805.		Lampona cylindrata			
806.	24511	Larus novaehollandiae subsp. novaehollandiae (Silver Gull)			
807.	25638	Larus pacificus (Pacific Gull)			
808.	5033	Lasiopetalum floribundum (Free Flowering Lasiopetalum)			
809.	4047	Lathyrus tingitanus (Tangier Pea)	Y		
810.	4048	Latrobea brunonis			
811.		Latrobea diosmifolia			
812.		Latrobea genistoides			
813.		Laxmannia jamesii (James' Paperlily)			
814. 815.	1304	Laxmannia minor			
815.	7572	Lecanora sp. Lechenaultia expansa			
817.		Lentinellus pulvinulus			
818.		Leocarpus fragilis			
819.		Leontodon saxatilis (Hairy Hawkbit)	Y		
820.		Lepidium bonariense (Peppercress)	Ŷ		
821.	19989	Lepidium didymum	Y		
822.		Lepidoblennius marmoratus			
823.	925	Lepidosperma angustatum			
824.	932	Lepidosperma effusum (Spreading Sword-sedge)			
825.	933	Lepidosperma gladiatum (Coast Sword-sedge, Kerbin)			
826.	934	Lepidosperma gracile (Slender Sword Sedge)			
827.		Lepidosperma sp.			
828.		Lepidosperma squamatum			
829.		Lepidosperma striatum			
830.		Lepidosperma tetraquetrum			
831. 832.		Lepraria coriensis Leptocarpus coangustatus			
833.		Leptocarpus denmarkicus			
834.		Leptocarpus laxus			
835.		Leptocarpus scariosus			
836.		Leptocarpus tenax (Slender Twine Rush)			
837.	46379	Leptocarpus thysananthus			
838.		Leptoceridae sp.			
839.	17703	Leptomeria ellytes			
840.	2350	Leptomeria pauciflora (Sparse-flowered Currant Bush)			
841.	2355	Leptomeria squarrulosa			
842.		Leptophlebiidae sp.			
843.		Leptorhynchos scaber (Lanky Buttons)			
844.		Lepyrodia hermaphrodita			
845. 846.		Lepyrodia monoica Lepyrodia muirii			
840.		Lepyrodia mumi			
848.	20104	Lethocolea pansa			
849.	46454	Leucoagaricus leucothites			
850.		Leucobryum subchlorophyllosum			
851.		Leucopaxillus lilacinus			
852.	6360	Leucopogon australis (Spiked Beard-heath)			
853.	6387	Leucopogon distans			
854.	6396	Leucopogon glabellus			
855.		Leucopogon interstans			
856.		Leucopogon obovatus			
857.		Leucopogon obovatus subsp. obovatus			
858.		Leucopogon obovatus subsp. revolutus			
859. 860		Leucopogon paradoxus			
860. 861.		Leucopogon parviflorus (Coast Beard-heath) Leucopogon polystachyus			
861.		Leucopogon propinquus			
863.		Leucopogon reflexus (Heart-leaf Beard-heath)			
864.		Leucopogon rubricaulis			
865.		Leucopogon sp. Walpole (R.J. Cranfield 10940)			
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	Name ID	Species Name	Naturalised	Conservation Code	Endemic To Area
866.	6454	Leucopogon verticillatus (Tassel Flower)			
67.	7676	Levenhookia pusilla (Midget Stylewort)			
68.	25005	Lialis burtonis			
69.	31280	Lichenomphalia chromacea			
70.	25661	Lichmera indistincta (Brown Honeyeater)			
71.	24582	Lichmera indistincta subsp. indistincta (Brown Honeyeater)			
72.	25415	Limnodynastes dorsalis (Western Banjo Frog)			
73.	59	Lindsaea linearis (Screw Fern)			
74.	4363	Linum trigynum (French Flax)	Y		
75.	41416	Liopholis pulchra subsp. pulchra (South-western Rock Skink, Spectacled Rock Skink)			
76.	42413	Lissolepis luctuosa (Western Swamp Skink)			
77.	25378	Litoria adelaidensis (Slender Tree Frog)			
78.	25388	Litoria moorei (Motorbike Frog)			
79.	9289	Lobelia anceps (Angled Lobelia)			
80.	7403	Lobelia heterophylla (Wing-seeded Lobelia)			
81.	7406	Lobelia rhombifolia (Tufted Lobelia)			
82.	7408	Lobelia tenuior (Slender Lobelia)			
83.	3048	Lobularia maritima (Sweet Alyssum)	Y		
84.		Logania vaginalis (White Spray)			
85.		Lolium multiflorum (Italian Ryegrass)	Y		
86.		Lolium perenne (Perennial Ryegrass)	Y		
87.		Lolium rigidum (Wimmera Ryegrass)	Y		
88.		Lomandra brittanii			
89.		Lomandra caespitosa (Tufted Mat Rush)			
90.		Lomandra integra			
91.		Lomandra micrantha subsp. micrantha			
92.		Lomandra nigricans			
92. 93.		Lomandra nagricans			
93. 94.		•			
		Lomandra sericea (Silky Mat Rush)			
95.	1244	Lomandra sonderi			
96. 07	4050	Lophoictinia isura			
97.		Lotus angustissimus (Narrowleaf Trefoil)	Y		
98.		Lotus subbiflorus	Y		
99.		Lotus uliginosus (Greater Lotus)	Y		
00.		Loxocarya cinerea			
01.	39048	Lycogala epidendrum			
02.		Lyginia barbata			
03.	18049	Lyginia imberbis			
04.		Lymnaeidae sp.			
05.	1656	Lyperanthus serratus (Rattle Beak Orchid)			
06.	6456	Lysinema ciliatum (Curry Flower)			
07.	6457	Lysinema conspicuum			
08.	34736	Lysinema pentapetalum			
09.	5281	Lythrum hyssopifolia (Lesser Loosestrife)	Y		
10.		Macrolepiota clelandii			
11.	24132	Macropus fuliginosus (Western Grey Kangaroo)			
12.	85	Macrozamia riedlei (Zamia, Djiridji)			
13.	25650	Malurus elegans (Red-winged Fairy-wren)			
14.	25654	Malurus splendens (Splendid Fairy-wren)			
15.		Malva pseudolavatera	Y		
16.		Marasmius elegans			
17.		Maratus linnaei			
18.	17637	Marianthus candidus (White Marianthus)			
19.		Marianthus sylvaticus			
20.		Medicago arabica (Spotted Medic)	Y		
20.		Medicago lupulina (Black Medic)	Y		
22.		Medicago polymorpha (Burr Medic)	Y		
23.		Megalaria grossa			
23. 24.		Megalospora occidentalis			
24. 25.					
	20/08	Megalurus gramineus (Little Grassbird)			
26. 27	40700	Megapodagrionidae sp. Melaleura citrina	V		
27.		Melaleuca citrina Melaleuca cuticularia (Salturator Banarbark)	Y		
28.		Melaleuca cuticularis (Saltwater Paperbark)			
29.		Melaleuca densa			
30.		Melaleuca lanceolata (Rottnest Teatree, Moonah)			
31.		Melaleuca lateritia (Robin Redbreast Bush)			
32.		Melaleuca microphylla			
33.		Melaleuca pauciflora			
34.		Melaleuca preissiana (Moonah)			
	5050	Melaleuca rhaphiophylla (Swamp Paperbark)			
35.	5555		4.5		

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	Name ID	Species Name	Naturalised	Conservation Code	¹ Endemic To Query Area
936.		Melaleuca spathulata			
937.		Melaleuca thymoides			
938. 939.	5987	Melaleuca viminea (Mohan) Melanophyllum haematospermum			
940.	4085	Melilotus indicus	Y		
941.		Melithreptus chloropsis (Western White-naped Honeyeater)			
942.		Menegazzia platytrema			
943.		Menneus wa			
944.	6883	Mentha pulegium (Pennyroyal)	Y		
945.	953	Mesomelaena graciliceps			
946.		Mesomelaena tetragona (Semaphore Sedge)			
947.	25419	Metacrinia nichollsi (Forest Toadlet)			
948.		Meuschenia galii			
949. 950.	24654	Microcarbo melanoleucos Microeca fascinans subsp. assimilis (Jacky Winter)			
951.		Microlaena stipoides (Weeping Grass)			
952.		Microtis alba (White Mignonette Orchid)			
953.		Microtis alboviridis			
954.	1658	Microtis atrata (Swamp Mignonette Orchid)			
955.	10954	Microtis media (Tall Mignonette Orchid)			
956.	12761	Microtis media subsp. densiflora			
957.		Microtis media subsp. media			
958.	4096	Mirbelia ovata			
959.		Missulena occatoria Mituliodon tarantulinus			
960. 961.	1963	Mituliodon tarantulinus Modiola caroliniana	Y		
962.		Morus serrator (Australasian Gannet)	ř		
963.		Muehlenbeckia adpressa (Climbing Lignum)			
964.		Mugil cephalus			
965.	24223	Mus musculus (House Mouse)	Y		
966.		Mycena pura			
967.	38813	Mycena subgalericulata			
968.		Myoporum oppositifolium (Twin-leaf Myoporum)			
969.	7295	Myoporum tetrandrum (Boobialla)			
970. 971.		Nannoperca vittata			
971. 972.		Nematoda sp. Neoniphargidae sp.			
973.		Neopataecus waterhousii			
974.	24738	Neophema elegans (Elegant Parrot)			
975.		Neophema petrophila (Rock Parrot)			
976.	27880	Normandina pulchella			
977.	25252	Notechis scutatus (Tiger Snake)			
978.	38815	Nothocastoreum cretaceum			
979.		Notolabrus parilus			
980. 981.	25564	Notonectidae sp. Nycticorax caledonicus (Rufous Night Heron)			
981.		Nyctophilus geoffroyi (Lesser Long-eared Bat)			
983.		Nyctophilus gouldi (Gould's Long-eared Bat)			
984.	27882	Ochrolechia parella			Y
985.	24407	Ocyphaps lophotes (Crested Pigeon)			
986.		Oecobius navus			
987.		Oenothera glazioviana (Evening Primrose)	Y		
988.		Olax benthamiana			
989. 990.		Olax phyllanthi Olearia axillaris (Coastal Daisybush)			
991.		Olearia paucidentata (Autumn Scrub Daisy)			
992.	51.0	Oligochaeta sp.			
993.	38816	Omphalotus nidiformis			
994.	7348	Opercularia hispidula (Hispid Stinkweed)			
995.		Opercularia vaginata (Dog Weed)			
996.	7354	Opercularia volubilis (Twining Stinkweed)			
997.		Ophisurus serpens			
998.	40055	Oratemnus curtus			
999. 1000.		Orianthera campanulata Orianthera serpyllifolia subsp. serpyllifolia			
1000.		Orlantiera serpyiliolia subsp. serpyiliolia Ornduffia parnassifolia			
1002.		Ornithopus compressus (Yellow Serradella)	Y		
1003.		Orobanche minor (Lesser Broomrape)	Y		
1004.		Orthocladiinae sp.			
1005.	32406	Orthodontium lineare	£43		

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	Name ID	Species Name	Naturalised	Conservation Code	¹ Endemic To Quer Area
1006.	1540	Orthrosanthus polystachyus (Many Spike Orthrosanthus)			
1007.	4349	Oxalis corniculata (Yellow Wood Sorrel)	Y		
1008.	18331	Oxalis debilis var. corymbosa (Pink Shamrock)	Y		
1009.	30375	Oxalis exilis			
1010.	4354	Oxalis incarnata	Y		
1011.	25680	Pachycephala rufiventris (Rufous Whistler)			
1012.		Pachyptila salvini (Salvin's Prion)			
1013.		Pagrus auratus			
1014.		Palaemonidae sp.			
1015.	38817	Panaeolus papilionaceus			
1016.		Pannaria elixii			
			V		
1017.	516	Parapholis incurva (Coast Barbgrass)	Y		
1018.		Paraplagusia sp.			
1019.		Paraplesiops meleagris			
1020.	17114	Paraserianthes lophantha subsp. lophantha			
1021.		Parastacidae sp.			
1022.		Pardalotus punctatus (Spotted Pardalote)			
1023.	24625	Pardalotus punctatus subsp. punctatus (Spotted Pardalote)			
1024.	24626	Pardalotus punctatus subsp. xanthopyge (Yellow-rumped Pardalote)			
1025.	25682	Pardalotus striatus (Striated Pardalote)			
1026.	1762	Parietaria debilis (Pellitory)			
1027.	27923	Parmotrema cooperi			
1028.		Parmotrema praesorediosum			
1029.		Parmotrema reticulatum			
1030.		Paspalum dilatatum	Y		
1031.		Paspalum vaginatum (Salt Water Couch)			
1031.		Passiflora filamentosa	Y		
1032.			T		
		Patersonia occidentalis (Purple Flag, Koma)			
1034.		Patersonia pygmaea (Pygmy Patersonia)			
1035.	14432	Patersonia umbrosa var. umbrosa			
1036.		Paxillus involutus			
1037.	4342	Pelargonium australe (Wild Geranium)			
1038.	4346	Pelargonium littorale			
1039.	24648	Pelecanus conspicillatus (Australian Pelican)			
1040.	6246	Pentapeltis silvatica (Southern Pentapeltis)			
1041.	11109	Pericalymma crassipes			
1042.	15501	Pericalymma spongiocaule			
1043.		Persicaria hydropiper			
1044.		Persoonia longifolia (Snottygobble)			
1045.		Perthiidae sp.			
1046.	48060	Petrochelidon ariel (Fairy Martin)			
1047.		Petrochelidon nigricans (Tree Martin)			
		Petroica boodang (Scarlet Robin)			
1048.					
1049.		Petroica goodenovii (Red-capped Robin)			
1050.		Petrophile acicularis			
1051.		Petrophile diversifolia			
1052.	2306	Petrophile rigida			
1053.		Peziza sp.			
1054.	27962	Phaeophyscia endococcinodes			
1055.	25697	Phalacrocorax carbo (Great Cormorant)			
1056.	24664	Phalacrocorax carbo subsp. novaehollandiae (Great Cormorant)			
1057.	24666	Phalacrocorax melanoleucos subsp. melanoleucos (Little Pied Cormorant)			
1058.	24667	Phalacrocorax sulcirostris (Little Black Cormorant)			
1059.		Phalacrocorax varius (Pied Cormorant)			
1060.		Phalaris aquatica (Phalaris)	Y		
1061.		Phaps chalcoptera (Common Bronzewing)	•		
1062.		Phaps elegans (Brush Bronzewing)			
1063.	_0001	Phellinus setulosus			
1064.	32400	Philonotis australiensis			
1065.		Philydrella pygmaea (Butterfly Flowers)			
1066.	1478	Phlebocarya ciliata			
1067.		Pholcus phalangioides			
1068.		Pholiota highlandensis			
1069.		Phryganoporus candidus			
1070.	48071	Phylidonyris niger (White-cheeked Honeyeater)			
1071.	24596	Phylidonyris novaehollandiae (New Holland Honeyeater)			
1072.	4140	Phyllota barbata			
1073.	39060	Physarum album			
1074.		Physarum cinereum			
1075.		Physcia jackii			
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	ative project of t	he Department of Biodiversity, Conservation and Attractions and the Western Australian Museum.	Conservatio	on and Attractions	

	Name ID	Species Name	Naturalised	Conservation Code	¹ Endemic To Quer Area
1076. 1077.	27974	Physcia poncinsii Physidae sp.			
1078.	2793	Phytolacca octandra (Red Ink Plant)	Y		
1079.		Phytophthora cinnamomi			
1080.	5239	Pimelea clavata			
1081.	5243	Pimelea ferruginea			
1082.	5249	Pimelea hispida (Bristly Pimelea)			
1083.	11402	Pimelea imbricata var. piligera			
1084.	5252	Pimelea lanata			
1085.	5255	Pimelea longiflora			
1086.	5261	Pimelea rosea (Rose Banjine)			
1087.	18117	Pimelea rosea subsp. rosea			
1088.	5264	Pimelea spectabilis (Bunjong)			
1089.	5269	Pimelea sylvestris			
1090.	5270	Pimelea tinctoria			
1091.	48973	Pisolithus albus			
1092.	48974	Pisolithus marmoratus			
1093.	48975	Pisolithus microcarpus			
1094.		Pisolithus sp.			
1095.	42281	Pithocarpa cordata			
1096.		Pithocarpa ramosa			
1097.		Pittosporum undulatum	Y		
1098.		Planorbidae sp.			
1099.	7303	Plantago lanceolata (Ribwort Plantain)	Y		
1100.		Platalea flavipes (Yellow-billed Spoonbill)			
1101.		Platalea regia (Royal Spoonbill)			
1102.		Platycephalus speculator			
1103.	25720	Platycercus icterotis (Western Rosella)			
1104.		Platycercus icterotis subsp. icterotis (Western Rosella)			
1105.		Platycercus spurius (Red-capped Parrot)			
1106.		Platycercus zonarius (Australian Ringneck, Ring-necked Parrot)			
1107.		Platysace compressa (Tapeworm Plant)			
1108.		Platysace deflexa			
1109.		Platysace filiformis			
1110.		Platysace pendula			
1111.		Platythalia angustifolia			
1112.		Platytheca galioides			
1112.		Platytheca juniperina			
1114.		Pleuridium nervosum var. nervosum			
1115.	52470	Pluteus atromarginatus			
1116.	573	Poa drummondiana (Knotted Poa)			
1117.		Poa poiformis (Coastal Poa)			
1118.		Poa porphyroclados			
1119.		Podargus strigoides (Tawny Frogmouth)			
1120.	24079	Podargus strigoides subsp. brachypterus (Tawny Frogmouth)			
1121.	05704	Podargus strigoides subsp. strigoides			
1122.		Podiceps cristatus (Great Crested Grebe)			
1123.		Podiceps cristatus subsp. australis (Great Crested Grebe)			
1124.		Podocarpus drouynianus (Wild Plum, Kula)			
1125.		Podolepis gracilis (Slender Podolepis)			
1126.		Podoserpula pusio			
1127.		Podotheca angustifolia (Sticky Longheads)			
1128.		Pogona minor subsp. minor (Dwarf Bearded Dragon)			
1129.		Poliocephalus poliocephalus (Hoary-headed Grebe)			
1130.		Polycarpon tetraphyllum (Fourleaf Allseed)	Y		
1131.		Polygala virgata	Y		
1132.		Polygonum aviculare (Wireweed)	Y		
1133.		Polypogon monspeliensis (Annual Beardgrass)	Y		
1134.	25722	Polytelis anthopeplus (Regent Parrot)			
1135.		Pomatomus saltatrix			
1136.		Pomatostomus superciliosus (White-browed Babbler)			
1137.	34013	Pomatostomus superciliosus subsp. ashbyi (White-browed Babbler (western wheatbelt))			
1138.	4688	Poranthera drummondii			
1139.	4690	Poranthera huegelii			
1140.	4691	Poranthera microphylla (Small Poranthera)			
1141.	25731	Porphyrio porphyrio (Purple Swamphen)			
1142.	24771	Porzana tabuensis (Spotless Crake)			
1143.		Praecoxanthus aphyllus			
1144.		Prasophyllum cucullatum (Hooded Leek Orchid)			
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		he Department of Biodiversity, Conservation and Attractions and the Western Australian Museum.	Conserv	ation and Attractions	AUSTRA

	Name ID	Species Name	Naturalised	Conservation Code	¹ Endemic To Query Area
1145.		Prasophyllum drummondii (Swamp Leek Orchid)			
1146.	1671	Prasophyllum elatum (Tall Leek Orchid)			
1147.		Prasophyllum odoratissimum			
1148.		Prasophyllum parvifolium (Autumn Leek Orchid)			
1149.		Prasophyllum regium (King Leek Orchid)			
1150.		Prasophyllum sp. early (G. Brockman GBB 1626)			
1151. 1152.	1003	Prasophyllum triangulare (Dark Leek Orchid) Protogarypinus giganteus			
1152.	6927	Prunella vulgaris (Self Heal)	Y		
1154.	0021	Psathyrella candolleana			
1155.		Pseudocaranx dentex			
1156.		Pseudocaranx georgianus			
1157.	36219	Pseudocrossidium hornschuchianum			
1158.	27997	Pseudocyphellaria neglecta			
1159.	8189	Pseudognaphalium luteoalbum (Jersey Cudweed)			
1160.		Pseudogobius olorum			
1161.	25259	Pseudonaja affinis subsp. affinis (Dugite)			
1162.		Pseudophycis breviuscula			
1163.		Psoralea pinnata (African Scurfpea)	Y		
1164. 1165.		Pterodroma lessonii (White-headed Petrel) Pterostylis sp. cripklad loaf (G. I. Koighany 12426)			
1165.		Pterostylis sp. crinkled leaf (G.J. Keighery 13426) Pterostylis vittata (Banded Greenhood)			
1167.		Ptychostomum angustifolium			
1168.		Pultenaea barbata			
1169.		Pultenaea reticulata			
1170.	4186	Pultenaea tenuifolia			
1171.		Purpureicephalus spurius			
1172.	25008	Pygopus lepidopodus (Common Scaly Foot)			
1173.	8195	Quinetia urvillei			
1174.	32480	Racopilum cuspidigerum var. convolutaceum			
1175.		Radula buccinifera			
1176.		Ramalina canariensis			
1177.	28030	Ramalina glaucescens			
1178. 1179.		Ramaria australiana Ramaria versatilis			
1179.	28037	Ramboldia stuartii			
1181.		Ranunculus repens	Y		Y
1182.		Rattus fuscipes (Western Bush Rat)	•		
1183.		Rattus rattus (Black Rat)	Y		
1184.	24776	Recurvirostra novaehollandiae (Red-necked Avocet)			
1185.	32421	Rhacocarpus purpurascens			
1186.	11341	Rhagodia baccata subsp. baccata			
1187.		Rhaphidorrhynchium amoenum			
1188.		Rhinoplocephalus bicolor (Square-nosed Snake)			
1189.		Rhipidura albiscapa (Grey Fantail)			
1190.	25614	Rhipidura leucophrys (Willie Wagtail)			
1191. 1192.		Riccardia aequicellularis Riccardia bipinnatifida			
1192.		Riccardia dipininalinda Riccardia graeffei			
1194.		Riccia bifurca			
1195.		Richardsonianidae sp.			
1196.	4695	Ricinocarpos glaucus			
1197.	17020	Robinia pseudoacacia	Y		
1198.	16243	Rosa canina	Y		
1199.		Rosulabryum albolimbatum			
1200.		Rosulabryum billarderii			
1201.		Rosulabryum torquescens			
1202.		Rubus anglocandicans	Y		
1203. 1204.		Rumex acetosella (Sorrel) Rumex conglomeratus (Clustered Dock)	Y Y		
1204.		Rumex crispus (Curled Dock)	Y Y		
1205.		Rumex frutescens	Y		
1200.		Rumex pulcher subsp. pulcher (Fiddle Dock)	Y		
1208.		Rumex x pseudopulcher	Ŷ		
1209.		Russula adusta			
1210.		Russula albonigra			
1211.	48909	Russula clelandii			
1212.		Russula cyanoxantha			
1213.		Russula persanguinea			
1214.	48861	Russula pumicoidea	, Setul .		

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NatureMap Mapping Western Australia's biodiversity

	ivame ID	Species Name	Naturalised	Conservation Code	Area
1215.	48956	Russula theodoroui			Y
1216.	48740	Russula wirrabarensis			
217.		Rytidosperma acerosum			
218.	40425	Rytidosperma caespitosum			
219.	40430	Rytidosperma pilosum			
220.	40428	Rytidosperma racemosum			Y
221.	40427	Rytidosperma setaceum			
222.	2906	Sagina apetala (Annual Pearlwort)	Y		
223.	79	Salvinia molesta (Salvinia)	Y		
224.		Samichus decoratus			
225.	6483	Samolus junceus			
226.	6484	Samolus repens (Creeping Brookweed)			
227.		Sanguisorba minor (Sheep's Burnet)	Y		
228.		Scaevola glandulifera (Viscid Hand-flower)			
229.		Scaevola globulifera			
230.		Scaevola microphylla (Small-leaved Scaevola)			
231.		Scaevola nitida (Shining Fanflower)			
232.	7634	Scaevola phlebopetala (Velvet Fanflower)			
233.		Scaevola striata (Royal Robe)			
234.		Scaevola striata var. striata			
1235.	24	Schizaea fistulosa (Narrow Comb Fern)			
236.		Schoenolaena juncea			
237.		Schoenus brevisetis			
238.		Schoenus cruentus			
1239.		Schoenus efoliatus			
1240.		Schoenus grandiflorus (Large Flowered Bogrush)			
1241.		Schoenus maschalinus			
1242.	1001	Schoenus multiglumis			
1243.	1004	Schoenus nitens (Shiny Bog-rush)			
1244.	1006	Schoenus odontocarpus			
1245.	1017	Schoenus subbulbosus			
1246.		Schoenus subfascicularis			
1247.	1021	Schoenus sublaxus			
1248.		Scirtidae sp.			
1249.	32433	Sematophyllum homomallum			
250.	32483	Sematophyllum subhumile var. contiguum			
1251.	8208	Senecio hispidulus (Hispid Fireweed)			
252.	20663	Senecio multicaulis subsp. multicaulis			
1253.		Senecio pinnatifolius var. latilobus			
1254.	8218	Senecio ramosissimus (Auricled Groundsel)			
1255.		Sericornis frontalis (White-browed Scrubwren)			
1256.	24279	Sericornis frontalis subsp. maculatus (White-browed Scrubwren)			
1257.		Servaea incana			
1258.		Servaea melaina			
1259.		Setaria parviflora	Y		
260.	11803	Silene gallica var. quinquevulnera	Y		
1261.		Sillaginodes punctata			
262.		Sillago bassensis			
1263.	8225	Siloxerus humifusus (Procumbent Siloxerus)			
1264.		Simuliidae sp.			
1265.		Siphonotus flavomarginatus			
1266.		Smicrornis brevirostris (Weebill)			
1267.		Sminthopsis gilberti (Gilbert's Dunnart)			
1268.		Solanum americanum (Glossy Nightshade)	Y		
1269.		Solanum laciniatum (Kangaroo Apple)	Y		
1270.	8231	Sonchus oleraceus (Common Sowthistle)	Y		
1271.		Sphaeriidae sp.			
1272.		Sphaerolobium drummondii			
1273.		Sphaerolobium grandiflorum			
1274.		Sphaerolobium hygrophilum			
1275.		Sphaerolobium medium			
1276.		Sphaerolobium pubescens			
1277.	17548	Sphaerolobium rostratum			
1278.		Sphaeromatidae sp.			
1279.	31931	Sphenotoma capitata			
1280.	31952	Sphenotoma gracilis (Swamp Paper-heath)			
1281.	31951	Sphenotoma parviflora			
	31932	Sphenotoma squarrosa			
1282.					
1282. 1283.		Spinicrus minimus			
	14917	Spinicrus minimus Sporadanthus rivularis			

	Name ID	Species Name	Naturalised	Conservation Code	¹ Endemic To Quer Area
1285.		Sporadanthus strictus			
1286.		Sporobolus africanus (Parramatta Grass)	Y		
1287.		Sporobolus virginicus (Marine Couch)			
1288.		Spyridia filamentosa			
1289. 1290.		Spyridium globulosum (Basket Bush) Stachys arvensis (Staggerweed)	Y		
1290.		Stagonopleura oculata (Red-eared Firetail)	ř		
1291.	24045	Staphylinidae sp.			
1293.	636	Stenotaphrum secundatum (Buffalo Grass)	Y		
1295.		Stereum hirsutum	I		
1295.		Sternula nereis (Fairy Tern)			
1296.		Stipiturus malachurus (Southern Emu-wren)			
1297.		Stipiturus malachurus subsp. westernensis (Southern Emu-wren)			
1298.	21001	Storosa tetrica			
1299.	2320	Strangea stenocarpoides			
1300.		Strepera versicolor (Grey Currawong)			
1301.		Streptopelia senegalensis (Laughing Turtle-Dove)	Y		
1302.		Stylidium acuminatum subsp. meridionale	•		
1303.		Stylidium adnatum (Common Beaked Triggerplant)			
1304.		Stylidium amoenum (Lovely Triggerplant)			
1305.		Stylidium caespitosum (Fly-away Triggerplant)			
1306.		Stylidium calcaratum (Book Triggerplant)			
1307.		Stylidium crassifolium (Thick-leaved Triggerplant)			
1308.		Stylidium decipiens			
1309.		Stylidium despectum (Dwarf Triggerplant)			
1310.	7718	Stylidium diversifolium (Touch-me-not)			
1311.	7734	Stylidium guttatum (Dotted Triggerplant)			
1312.	7745	Stylidium junceum (Reed Triggerplant)			
1313.	7746	Stylidium laciniatum (Tattered Triggerplant)			
1314.	7757	Stylidium luteum (Yellow Triggerplant)			
1315.	25851	Stylidium nymphaeum			
1316.	7774	Stylidium piliferum (Common Butterfly Triggerplant)			
1317.	46517	Stylidium planirosula			
1318.	7778	Stylidium pritzelianum (Royal Triggerplant)			
1319.	7782	Stylidium pulchellum (Thumbelina Triggerplant)			
1320.	7785	Stylidium repens (Matted Triggerplant)			
1321.	7787	Stylidium rhynchocarpum (Black-beaked Triggerplant)			
1322.	7796	Stylidium scandens (Climbing Triggerplant)			
1323.	7799	Stylidium spathulatum (Creamy Triggerplant)			
1324.	7802	Stylidium squamosotuberosum (Fleshy-rhizomed Trigger Plant)			
1325.		Styloniscidae sp.			
1326.	1260	Stypandra glauca (Blind Grass)			
1327.		Symphyogyna podophylla			
1328.	2322	Synaphea favosa			
1329.	16863	Synaphea petiolaris subsp. triloba			
1330.	2326	Synaphea polymorpha (Albany Synaphea, Pinda)			
1331.	2328	Synaphea reticulata			
1332.		Synothele rastelloides			
1333.		Synthemistidae sp.			
1334.	32439	Syntrichia papillosa			
1335.		Tachybaptus novaehollandiae (Australasian Grebe, Black-throated Grebe)			
1336.	24331	Tadorna tadornoides (Australian Shelduck, Mountain Duck)			
1337.		Talitridae sp.			
1338.		Tanypodinae sp.			
1339.		Taraxis grossa			
1340.		Tarsipes rostratus (Honey Possum, Noolbenger)			
1341.		Tasmacetus shepherdi (Shepherd's Beaked Whale)			
1342.		Taxandria angustifolia			
1343.		Taxandria fragrans			
1344.		Taxandria juniperina			
1345.		Taxandria linearifolia			
1346.		Taxandria marginata			
1347.		Taxandria parviceps			
1348.	32440	Tayloria octoblepharum			
1349.		Telephlebiidae sp.			
1350.	28065	Teloschistes chrysophthalmus			
1351.		Temnocephalidea sp.			
1352.		Temnosewellia chaeropsis			Y
1353.		Templetonia retusa (Cockies Tongues)			
1354.	35477	Tephromela alectoronica	2.5		
n is a collabora	ative project of t	he Department of Biodiversity, Conservation and Attractions and the Western Australian Museum.	Departme Conserva	nt of Biodiversity, ation and Attractions	

	Name ID	Species Name	Naturalise	conservation Code	¹ Endemic To Query Area
1355.	28068	Tephromela atra			
1356.		Tetragnatha demissa			
1357.	2823	Tetragonia implexicoma (Bower Spinach)			
1358.	1034	Tetraria capillaris (Hair Sedge)			
1359.	1036	Tetraria octandra			
1360.	35579	Tetraria sp. Jarrah Forest (R. Davis 7391)			
1361.	4526	Tetratheca affinis			
1362.	4536	Tetratheca hispidissima			
1363.		Thelephora terrestris			
1364.	1704	Thelymitra cornicina (Lilac Sun Orchid)			
1365.		Thelymitra crinita (Blue Lady Orchid)			
1366.		Thelymitra flexuosa (Twisted Sun Orchid)			
1367.		Thelymitra granitora			
1368.		Thelymitra mucida (Plum Orchid)			
1369.		Thelymitra tigrina (Tiger Orchid)			
1370.		Thelymitra vulgaris			
1371.		Thomasia paniculata			
1372.		Thomasia pauciflora (Few Flowered Thomasia)			
1373.		Thomasia purpurea			
1374.		Thomasia rhynchocarpa			
1375.	33488	Thomasia sp. Vasse (C. Wilkins & K. Shepherd CW 581)			
1376.		Threpterius maculosus			
1377.	24845	Threskiornis spinicollis (Straw-necked Ibis)			
1378.	32442	Thuidium sparsum			
1379.	28071	Thysanothecium scutellatum			
1380.	1333	Thysanotus glaucifolius			
1381.	1339	Thysanotus multiflorus (Many-flowered Fringe Lily)			
1382.	1354	Thysanotus tenellus			
1383.		Tipulidae sp.			
1384.	25549	Todiramphus sanctus (Sacred Kingfisher)			
1385.		Torquigener pleurogramma			
1386.		Tortula sp.			
1387.	19045	Trachymene grandis			
1388.		Trametes versicolor			
1389.		Tremandra diffusa			
1390.		Tremandra stelligera			
1391.		Tribonanthes australis (Southern Tiurndin)			
		· ·			
1392.		Trichoglossus haematodus subsp. rubritorquis (Red-collared Lorikeet)			
1393.		Trichostomum eckelianum			
1394.		Trichosurus vulpecula subsp. vulpecula (Common Brushtail Possum)			
1395.		Tricoryne elatior (Yellow Autumn Lily)			
1396.		Trifolium angustifolium var. angustifolium	Y		
1397.		Trifolium arvense var. arvense	Y		
1398.	17763	Trifolium campestre var. campestre (Hop Clover)	Y		
1399.	4293	Trifolium cernuum (Drooping Flower Clover)	Y		
1400.	4295	Trifolium dubium (Suckling Clover)	Y		
1401.	4302	Trifolium ligusticum (Ligurian Clover)	Y		
1402.	4312	Trifolium striatum (Knotted Clover)	Y		
1403.	4313	Trifolium subterraneum (Subterranean Clover)	Y		
1404.	15509	Trifolium tomentosum var. tomentosum	Y		
1405.	151	Triglochin striata			
1406.		Triquetrella papillata			
1407.		Trymalium odoratissimum subsp. trifidum			
1407.		Trymalium venustum			
1408.	10140	Tubaria rufofulva			
	404 47				
1410.		Turnix varius (Painted Button-quail)			
1411.		Tyto alba subsp. delicatula (Barn Owl)			
1412.		Ulex europaeus (Gorse)	Y		
1413.		Usnea inermis			
1414.		Usnea rubicunda			
1415.		Utricularia multifida			
1416.	7150	Utricularia simplex (Bluecoats)			
1417.		Vanacampus phillipi			
1418.	25577	Vanellus miles (Masked Lapwing)			
1419.	25225	Varanus rosenbergi (Heath Monitor)			
1420.		Veliidae sp.			
1421.	7662	Velleia macrophylla (Large-leaved Velleia)			
1422.		Velleia trinervis			
1423.		Vellereophyton dealbatum (White Cudweed)	Y		
1424.	5201	Venator immansueta	1		
· · · · · · ·			213		
			R SARAN R	epartment of Biodiversity,	WESTER!

NatureMap Mapping Western Australia's blodiversity

	Name ID	Species Name	Naturalised	Conservation Code	¹ Endemic To Query Area
1425.		Venatrix pullastra			
1426.	7107	Verbascum virgatum (Twiggy Mullein)	Y		
1427.	36096	Verbena incompta (Purple-top Verbena)	Y		
1428.	7108	Veronica arvensis (Wall Speedwell)	Y		
1429.	7109	Veronica calycina (Cup Speedwell)			
1430.	24206	Vespadelus regulus (Southern Forest Bat)			
1431.	4320	Vicia hirsuta (Hairy Vetch)	Y		
1432.	11474	Vicia sativa subsp. nigra	Y		
1433.	11137	Vulpia fasciculata	Y		
1434.	724	Vulpia myuros (Rat's Tail Fescue)	Y		
1435.	33101	Vulpia myuros forma myuros	Y		
1436.		Vulpia sp.			
1437.	32455	Weissia controversa			
1438.	6939	Westringia dampieri			
1439.	12072	Wurmbea dioica subsp. alba			
1440.	1402	Wurmbea sinora			
1441.	28124	Xanthoparmelia dissitifolia			
1442.	29033	Xanthoparmelia glabrans			
1443.	28165	Xanthoparmelia parvoincerta			
1444.		Xanthoparmelia sp.			
1445.	28182	Xanthoparmelia tasmanica			
1446.	44996	Xanthoria coomae			
1447.	28194	Xanthoria parietina			
1448.	1253	Xanthorrhoea gracilis (Graceful Grass Tree, Mimidi)			
1449.	6284	Xanthosia candida			
1450.	6289	Xanthosia huegelii			
1451.	6292	Xanthosia rotundifolia (Southern Cross)			
1452.	44861	Xerochrysum macranthum			
1453.	1144	Xyris flexifolia			
1454.	1150	Xyris lanata			
1455.	25765	Zosterops lateralis (Grey-breasted White-eye, Silvereye)			
1456.	32457	Zygodon intermedius			

Conservation Codes T - Rare or likely to become extinct X - Presumed extinct IA - Protected under international agreement S - Other specially protected fauna 1 - Priority 1 3 - Priority 2 3 - Priority 2 4 - Priority 4 5 - Priority 5

¹ For NatureMap's purposes, species flagged as endemic are those whose records are wholely contained within the search area. Note that only those records complying with the search criterion are included in the calculation. For example, if you limit records to those from a specific datasource, only records from that datasource are used to determine if a species is restricted to the query area.



APPENDIX 4

Protected Matters Search Tool Report



Australian Government

Department of Agriculture, Water and the Environment

EPBC Act Protected Matters Report

This report provides general guidance on matters of national environmental significance and other matters protected by the EPBC Act in the area you have selected.

Information on the coverage of this report and qualifications on data supporting this report are contained in the caveat at the end of the report.

Information is available about <u>Environment Assessments</u> and the EPBC Act including significance guidelines, forms and application process details.

Report created: 09/11/20 17:16:57

Summary Details Matters of NES Other Matters Protected by the EPBC Act Extra Information Caveat Acknowledgements



This map may contain data which are ©Commonwealth of Australia (Geoscience Australia), ©PSMA 2015

Coordinates	
Buffer: 5.0Km	



Matters of National Environmental Significance

This part of the report summarises the matters of national environmental significance that may occur in, or may relate to, the area you nominated. Further information is available in the detail part of the report, which can be accessed by scrolling or following the links below. If you are proposing to undertake an activity that may have a significant impact on one or more matters of national environmental significance then you should consider the Administrative Guidelines on Significance.

World Heritage Properties:	None
National Heritage Places:	None
Wetlands of International Importance:	None
Great Barrier Reef Marine Park:	None
Commonwealth Marine Area:	None
Listed Threatened Ecological Communities:	None
Listed Threatened Species:	49
Listed Migratory Species:	52

Other Matters Protected by the EPBC Act

This part of the report summarises other matters protected under the Act that may relate to the area you nominated. Approval may be required for a proposed activity that significantly affects the environment on Commonwealth land, when the action is outside the Commonwealth land, or the environment anywhere when the action is taken on Commonwealth land. Approval may also be required for the Commonwealth or Commonwealth agencies proposing to take an action that is likely to have a significant impact on the environment anywhere.

The EPBC Act protects the environment on Commonwealth land, the environment from the actions taken on Commonwealth land, and the environment from actions taken by Commonwealth agencies. As heritage values of a place are part of the 'environment', these aspects of the EPBC Act protect the Commonwealth Heritage values of a Commonwealth Heritage place. Information on the new heritage laws can be found at http://www.environment.gov.au/heritage

A <u>permit</u> may be required for activities in or on a Commonwealth area that may affect a member of a listed threatened species or ecological community, a member of a listed migratory species, whales and other cetaceans, or a member of a listed marine species.

Commonwealth Land:	1
Commonwealth Heritage Places:	None
Listed Marine Species:	75
Whales and Other Cetaceans:	8
Critical Habitats:	None
Commonwealth Reserves Terrestrial:	None
Australian Marine Parks:	None

Extra Information

This part of the report provides information that may also be relevant to the area you have nominated.

State and Territory Reserves:	5
Regional Forest Agreements:	1
Invasive Species:	22
Nationally Important Wetlands:	None
<u>Key Ecological Features (Marine)</u>	None

Details

Matters of National Environmental Significance

Listed Threatened Species		[Resource Information]
Name	Status	Type of Presence
Birds		.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
Botaurus poiciloptilus		
Australasian Bittern [1001]	Endangered	Species or species habitat
	Endangorod	likely to occur within area
Calidris canutus		
Red Knot, Knot [855]	Endangered	Species or species habitat
	·	known to occur within area
Calidris ferruginea		
Curlew Sandpiper [856]	Critically Endangered	Species or species habitat
		known to occur within area
Calidris tenuirostris		
	Critically Endengered	Species or species hebitat
Great Knot [862]	Critically Endangered	Species or species habitat known to occur within area
		KIOWII to occur within area
Calyptorhynchus banksii naso		
Forest Red-tailed Black-Cockatoo, Karrak [67034]	Vulnerable	Species or species habitat
		known to occur within area
Calyptorhynchus baudinii		
Baudin's Cockatoo, Long-billed Black-Cockatoo [769]	Endangered	Breeding known to occur
		within area
Calyptorhynchus latirostris		
Carnaby's Cockatoo, Short-billed Black-Cockatoo	Endangered	Species or species habitat
59523]		known to occur within area
Charadrius leschenaultii		
Greater Sand Plover, Large Sand Plover [877]	Vulnerable	Species or species habitat
Srealer Sand Flover, Large Sand Flover [677]	vullelable	known to occur within area
		KIOWI IO OCCUI WITHII AIEA
Charadrius mongolus		
Lesser Sand Plover, Mongolian Plover [879]	Endangered	Species or species habitat
		known to occur within area
Diomedea antipodensis		
Antipodean Albatross [64458]	Vulnerable	Foraging, feeding or related
		behaviour likely to occur
		within area
Diomedea dabbenena		
Fristan Albatross [66471]	Endangered	Species or species habitat
		may occur within area
Diomedea epomophora		
Southern Royal Albatross [89221]	Vulnerable	Foraging, feeding or related
		behaviour likely to occur
		within area
<u>Diomedea exulans</u>		
Vandering Albatross [89223]	Vulnerable	Foraging, feeding or related
		behaviour likely

Name	Status	Type of Presence
		to occur within area
Diomedea sanfordi		
Northern Royal Albatross [64456]	Endangered	Foraging, feeding or related behaviour likely to occur within area
<u>Falco hypoleucos</u> Grey Falcon [929]	Vulnerable	Species or species habitat may occur within area
Limosa lapponica baueri		
Bar-tailed Godwit (baueri), Western Alaskan Bar-tailed Godwit [86380]	Vulnerable	Species or species habitat may occur within area
Limosa lapponica menzbieri		
Northern Siberian Bar-tailed Godwit, Bar-tailed Godwit (menzbieri) [86432]	Critically Endangered	Species or species habitat may occur within area
Macronectes giganteus		
Southern Giant-Petrel, Southern Giant Petrel [1060]	Endangered	Species or species habitat may occur within area
Macronectes halli		
Northern Giant Petrel [1061]	Vulnerable	Species or species habitat may occur within area
Numenius madagascariensis		
Eastern Curlew, Far Eastern Curlew [847]	Critically Endangered	Species or species habitat may occur within area
Pachyptila turtur_subantarctica		
Fairy Prion (southern) [64445]	Vulnerable	Species or species habitat likely to occur within area
Sternula nereis nereis		
Australian Fairy Tern [82950]	Vulnerable	Species or species habitat known to occur within area
Thalassarche cauta		
Shy Albatross [89224]	Endangered	Foraging, feeding or related behaviour likely to occur within area
Thalassarche impavida		
Campbell Albatross, Campbell Black-browed Albatross [64459]	Vulnerable	Species or species habitat may occur within area
Thalassarche melanophris		
Black-browed Albatross [66472]	Vulnerable	Species or species habitat may occur within area
Thalassarche steadi		
White-capped Albatross [64462]	Vulnerable	Foraging, feeding or related behaviour likely to occur within area
Fish		
Galaxiella nigrostriata Blackstriped Dwarf Galaxias, Black stripe Minnow	Endongerod	Spacios or aposics habitat
Blackstriped Dwarf Galaxias, Black-stripe Minnow [88677]	Endangered	Species or species habitat may occur within area
Nannatherina balstoni	V (On a day and a second set of the second
Balston's Pygmy Perch [66698]	Vulnerable	Species or species habitat known to occur within area
Nannoperca pygmaea	_	.
Little Pygmy Perch [88315]	Endangered	Species or species habitat likely to occur within area
Mammals		
Balaenoptera musculus		.
Blue Whale [36]	Endangered	Species or species habitat likely to occur within area
Dec		
<u>Dasyurus geoffroii</u> Chuditch, Western Quoll [330]	Vulnerable	Species or species

Name	Status	Type of Presence
Eubalaena australis		habitat likely to occur within area
Southern Right Whale [40]	Endangered	Species or species habitat known to occur within area
<u>Neophoca cinerea</u> Australian Sea-lion, Australian Sea Lion [22]	Vulnerable	Species or species habitat may occur within area
Parantechinus apicalis Dibbler [313]	Endangered	Species or species habitat likely to occur within area
<u>Pseudocheirus occidentalis</u> Western Ringtail Possum, Ngwayir, Womp, Woder, Ngoor, Ngoolangit [25911]	Critically Endangered	Species or species habitat may occur within area
<u>Setonix brachyurus</u> Quokka [229]	Vulnerable	Species or species habitat likely to occur within area
Other		
Westralunio carteri Carter's Freshwater Mussel, Freshwater Mussel [86266]	Vulnerable	Species or species habitat likely to occur within area
Plants		
Caladenia harringtoniae Harrington's Spider-orchid, Pink Spider-orchid [56786]	Vulnerable	Species or species habitat likely to occur within area
Commersonia apella Many-flowered Commersonia [86877]	Critically Endangered	Species or species habitat may occur within area
<u>Conostylis misera</u> Grass Conostylis [21320]	Endangered	Species or species habitat may occur within area
<u>Drakaea micrantha</u> Dwarf Hammer-orchid [56755]	Vulnerable	Species or species habitat likely to occur within area
Isopogon uncinatus Albany Cone Bush, Hook-leaf Isopogon [20871]	Endangered	Species or species habitat may occur within area
<u>Sphenotoma drummondii</u> Mountain Paper-heath [21160]	Endangered	Species or species habitat may occur within area
<u>Verticordia apecta</u> Hay River Featherflower, Scruffy Verticordia [65545]	Critically Endangered	Species or species habitat may occur within area
Reptiles		
<u>Caretta caretta</u> Loggerhead Turtle [1763]	Endangered	Species or species habitat likely to occur within area
Chelonia mydas Green Turtle [1765]	Vulnerable	Species or species habitat likely to occur within area
Dermochelys coriacea Leatherback Turtle, Leathery Turtle, Luth [1768]	Endangered	Species or species habitat likely to occur within area
Sharks		
Carcharodon carcharias White Shark, Great White Shark [64470]	Vulnerable	Species or species habitat known to occur

Name	Status	Type of Presence
		within area
<u>Rhincodon typus</u> Whale Shark [66680]	Vulnerable	Species or species habitat may occur within area
Listed Migratory Species		[Resource Information]
* Species is listed under a different scientific name on the	he EPBC Act - Threatened	
Name	Threatened	Type of Presence
Migratory Marine Birds		
Apus pacificus Fork-tailed Swift [678]		Species or species habitat likely to occur within area
Ardenna carneipes Flesh-footed Shearwater, Fleshy-footed Shearwater [82404]		Foraging, feeding or related behaviour likely to occur within area
Ardenna grisea Sooty Shearwater [82651]		Species or species habitat may occur within area
Diomedea antipodensis		
Antipodean Albatross [64458]	Vulnerable	Foraging, feeding or related behaviour likely to occur within area
<u>Diomedea dabbenena</u> Tristan Albatross [66471]	Endangered	Species or species habitat
	Endangered	may occur within area
Diamadaa anamankara		
Diomedea epomophora Southern Royal Albatross [89221]	Vulnerable	Foraging, feeding or related behaviour likely to occur within area
Diomedea exulans		Enclose for the constant
Wandering Albatross [89223]	Vulnerable	Foraging, feeding or related behaviour likely to occur within area
Diomedea sanfordi Northern Royal Albatross [64456]	Endangered	Foraging, feeding or related
	Lindingered	behaviour likely to occur within area
<u>Hydroprogne caspia</u> Caspian Tern [808]		Breeding known to occur within area
Macronectes giganteus	F adaa aaad	On a size on an a size habitat
Southern Giant-Petrel, Southern Giant Petrel [1060]	Endangered	Species or species habitat may occur within area
Macronectes halli Northern Giant Petrel [1061]	Vulnerable	Species or species habitat
	Vullerable	may occur within area
Thalassarche cauta		
Shy Albatross [89224]	Endangered	Foraging, feeding or related behaviour likely to occur within area
<u>Thalassarche impavida</u> Campbell Albatross, Campbell Black-browed Albatross	Vulporablo	Species or species habitat
[64459]	Vullerable	may occur within area
Thalassarche melanophris Black-browed Albatross [66472]	Vulnerable	Species or species habitat may occur within area
The lease when entered?		·
Thalassarche steadi White-capped Albatross [64462]	Vulnerable	Foraging, feeding or related behaviour likely to occur within area
Migratory Marine Species		
Balaena glacialis australis		
Southern Right Whale [75529]	Endangered*	Species or species

Name	Threatened	Type of Presence
Balaenoptera musculus		habitat known to occur within area
Blue Whale [36]	Endangered	Species or species habitat likely to occur within area
Carcharhinus longimanus		
Oceanic Whitetip Shark [84108]		Species or species habitat may occur within area
Carcharodon carcharias		
White Shark, Great White Shark [64470]	Vulnerable	Species or species habitat known to occur within area
Caretta caretta	E de const	O sector sector bability
Loggerhead Turtle [1763]	Endangered	Species or species habitat likely to occur within area
Chelonia mydas	Vulnerable	Chanica or chanica habitat
Green Turtle [1765]	Vulnerable	Species or species habitat likely to occur within area
Dermochelys coriacea	Endongorod	Species or openies hebitat
Leatherback Turtle, Leathery Turtle, Luth [1768]	Endangered	Species or species habitat likely to occur within area
Lamna nasus Porbeagle, Mackerel Shark [83288]		Species or species habitat
Porbeagie, Mackerer Shark [03200]		may occur within area
Manta alfredi Roof Manta Ray, Coastal Manta Ray, Inshara Manta		Spaciae or spaciae habitat
Reef Manta Ray, Coastal Manta Ray, Inshore Manta Ray, Prince Alfred's Ray, Resident Manta Ray [84994]		Species or species habitat may occur within area
Manta birostris		Chanica at anacias hobitat
Giant Manta Ray, Chevron Manta Ray, Pacific Manta Ray, Pelagic Manta Ray, Oceanic Manta Ray [84995]		Species or species habitat may occur within area
Orcinus orca		Spaciae or spaciae habitat
Killer Whale, Orca [46]		Species or species habitat may occur within area
Rhincodon typus		On a sing on an a sing habitat
Whale Shark [66680]	Vulnerable	Species or species habitat may occur within area
Migratory Terrestrial Species		
Motacilla cinerea Grey Wagtail [642]		Species or species habitat
		may occur within area
Migratory Wetlands Species		
Actitis hypoleucos Common Sandpiper [59309]		Species or species habitat known to occur within area
Arenaria interpres		
Ruddy Turnstone [872]		Species or species habitat known to occur within area
Calidris acuminata		
Sharp-tailed Sandpiper [874]		Species or species habitat known to occur within area
Calidris alba		
Sanderling [875]		Species or species habitat known to occur within area
Calidris canutus		
Red Knot, Knot [855]	Endangered	Species or species habitat known to occur within area

Calidris melanotos known Pectoral Sandpiper [858] Specie Red-necked Stint [860] Specie Red-necked Stint [860] Specie Calidris subminuta Specie Long-toed Stint [861] Specie Calidris tenuirostris Specie	s or species habitat to occur within area s or species habitat to occur within area s or species habitat to occur within area s or species habitat to occur within area
Calidris melanotos Specie Pectoral Sandpiper [858] Specie Red-necked Stint [860] Specie Calidris subminuta Specie Long-toed Stint [861] Specie Known Calidris tenuirostris	to occur within area s or species habitat to occur within area s or species habitat to occur within area s or species habitat
Pectoral Sandpiper [858] Specie known Calidris ruficollis Specie known Red-necked Stint [860] Specie known Calidris subminuta Specie known Long-toed Stint [861] Specie known Calidris tenuirostris Specie known	to occur within area s or species habitat to occur within area s or species habitat
Calidris ruficollis known Red-necked Stint [860] Specie known Calidris subminuta Specie known Long-toed Stint [861] Specie known Calidris tenuirostris Specie known	to occur within area s or species habitat to occur within area s or species habitat
Red-necked Stint [860] Specie known Calidris subminuta Specie known Long-toed Stint [861] Specie known Calidris tenuirostris Specie known	to occur within area s or species habitat
Calidris subminuta known Long-toed Stint [861] Specie Known Known	to occur within area s or species habitat
Long-toed Stint [861] Specie known Calidris tenuirostris	
Long-toed Stint [861] Specie known Calidris tenuirostris	
Great Knot [862] Critically Endangered Specie	
	s or species habitat to occur within area
Charadrius leschenaultii	
	s or species habitat to occur within area
Charadrius mongolus	
	s or species habitat to occur within area
Gallinago stenura	
	s or species habitat to occur within area
<u>Glareola maldivarum</u>	
	s or species habitat to occur within area
Limosa lapponica	
	s or species habitat to occur within area
Limosa limosa	
	s or species habitat to occur within area
Numenius madagascariensis	
Eastern Curlew, Far Eastern Curlew [847] Critically Endangered Specie	s or species habitat cur within area
Pandion haliaetus	
	s or species habitat to occur within area
Pluvialis fulva	
	s or species habitat to occur within area
Pluvialis squatarola	
	s or species habitat to occur within area
Tringa glareola	
	s or species habitat to occur within area
Tringa nebularia	
	s or species habitat to occur within area
Tringa stagnatilis	
	s or species habitat to occur within area

Name <u>Xenus cinereus</u> Terek Sandpiper [59300]

Threatened

Species or species habitat known to occur within area

Other Matters Protected by the EPBC Act

Commonwealth Land [Resource Information] The Commonwealth area listed below may indicate the presence of Commonwealth land in this vicinity. Due to the unreliability of the data source, all proposals should be checked as to whether it impacts on a Commonwealth area, before making a definitive decision. Contact the State or Territory government land department for further information.

Name

Commonwealth Land -

Listed Marine Species		[Resource Information]		
* Species is listed under a different scientific name on the EPBC Act - Threatened Species list.				
Name	Threatened	Type of Presence		
Birds				
Actitis hypoleucos				
Common Sandpiper [59309]		Species or species habitat known to occur within area		
Apus pacificus				
Fork-tailed Swift [678]		Species or species habitat likely to occur within area		
Ardea alba				
Great Egret, White Egret [59541]		Species or species habitat known to occur within area		
<u>Ardea ibis</u>				
Cattle Egret [59542]		Species or species habitat may occur within area		
Arenaria interpres				
Ruddy Turnstone [872]		Species or species habitat known to occur within area		
Calidris acuminata				
Sharp-tailed Sandpiper [874]		Species or species habitat known to occur within area		
Calidris alba				
Sanderling [875]		Species or species habitat known to occur within area		
Calidris canutus				
Red Knot, Knot [855]	Endangered	Species or species habitat known to occur within area		
Calidris ferruginea				
Curlew Sandpiper [856]	Critically Endangered	Species or species habitat known to occur		

Name	Threatened	Type of Presence
<u>Calidris melanotos</u> Pectoral Sandpiper [858]		within area Species or species habitat
Calidris ruficollis		known to occur within area
Red-necked Stint [860]		Species or species habitat known to occur within area
Calidris subminuta Long-toed Stint [861]		Species or species habitat
		known to occur within area
Calidris tenuirostris Great Knot [862]	Critically Endangered	Species or species habitat known to occur within area
<u>Charadrius leschenaultii</u> Greater Sand Plover, Large Sand Plover [877]	Vulnerable	Species or species habitat known to occur within area
<u>Charadrius mongolus</u> Lesser Sand Plover, Mongolian Plover [879]	Endangered	Species or species habitat known to occur within area
<u>Charadrius ruficapillus</u> Red-capped Plover [881]		Species or species habitat known to occur within area
Diomedea antipodensis Antipodean Albatross [64458]	Vulnerable	Foraging, feeding or related behaviour likely to occur within area
Diomedea dabbenena Tristan Albatross [66471]	Endangered	Species or species habitat may occur within area
Diomedea epomophora Southern Royal Albatross [89221]	Vulnerable	Foraging, feeding or related behaviour likely to occur within area
Diomedea exulans Wandering Albatross [89223]	Vulnerable	Foraging, feeding or related behaviour likely to occur within area
Diomedea sanfordi Northern Royal Albatross [64456]	Endangered	Foraging, feeding or related behaviour likely to occur within area
Gallinago stenura Pin-tailed Snipe [841]		Species or species habitat known to occur within area
<u>Glareola maldivarum</u> Oriental Pratincole [840]		Species or species habitat known to occur within area
<u>Haliaeetus leucogaster</u> White-bellied Sea-Eagle [943]		Species or species habitat known to occur within area
Himantopus himantopus Pied Stilt, Black-winged Stilt [870]		Species or species habitat known to occur within area
Limosa lapponica Bar-tailed Godwit [844]		Species or species habitat known to occur within area
<u>Limosa limosa</u> Black-tailed Godwit [845]		Species or species habitat known to occur within area

Name	Threatened	Type of Presence
Macronectes giganteus		
Southern Giant-Petrel, Southern Giant Petrel [1060]	Endangered	Species or species habitat may occur within area
Macronectes halli		
Northern Giant Petrel [1061]	Vulnerable	Species or species habitat may occur within area
Merops ornatus		
Rainbow Bee-eater [670]		Species or species habitat may occur within area
Motacilla cinerea		
Grey Wagtail [642]		Species or species habitat may occur within area
Numenius madagascariensis		
Eastern Curlew, Far Eastern Curlew [847]	Critically Endangered	Species or species habitat may occur within area
Pachyptila turtur		
Fairy Prion [1066]		Species or species habitat likely to occur within area
Pandion haliaetus		
Osprey [952]		Species or species habitat known to occur within area
<u>Pluvialis fulva</u>		
Pacific Golden Plover [25545]		Species or species habitat known to occur within area
Pluvialis squatarola		
Grey Plover [865]		Species or species habitat known to occur within area
Puffinus carneipes		
Flesh-footed Shearwater, Fleshy-footed Shearwater [1043]		Foraging, feeding or related behaviour likely to occur within area
Puffinus griseus		
Sooty Shearwater [1024]		Species or species habitat may occur within area
Recurvirostra novaehollandiae		
Red-necked Avocet [871]		Species or species habitat known to occur within area
Sterna caspia		
Caspian Tern [59467] <u>Thalassarche cauta</u>		Breeding known to occur within area
Shy Albatross [89224]	Endangered	Foraging, feeding or related
Thalassarche impavida		behaviour likely to occur within area
Campbell Albatross, Campbell Black-browed Albatross [64459]	Vulnerable	Species or species habitat may occur within area
Thalassarche melanophris		
Black-browed Albatross [66472]	Vulnerable	Species or species habitat
		may occur within area
<u>Thalassarche steadi</u> White-capped Albatross [64462]	Vulnerable	Foraging, feeding or related
Thinornis rubricollis	Vullerable	behaviour likely to occur within area
Hooded Plover [59510]		Species or species habitat
		likely to occur within area
<u>Tringa glareola</u> Wood Sandpiper [829]		Species or species
		Spoolog of Species

Name	Threatened	Type of Presence
Tringa nebularia		habitat known to occur within area
Common Greenshank, Greenshank [832]		Species or species habitat known to occur within area
Tringa stagnatilis		
Marsh Sandpiper, Little Greenshank [833]		Species or species habitat known to occur within area
Xenus cinereus		0
Terek Sandpiper [59300]		Species or species habitat known to occur within area
Fish Acentronura australe		
Southern Pygmy Pipehorse [66185]		Species or species habitat may occur within area
Campichthys galei		
Gale's Pipefish [66191]		Species or species habitat may occur within area
Heraldia nocturna		
Upside-down Pipefish, Eastern Upside-down Pipefish, Eastern Upside-down Pipefish [66227]		Species or species habitat may occur within area
Hippocampus breviceps		Spaciae or opening hebitat
Short-head Seahorse, Short-snouted Seahorse [66235]		Species or species habitat may occur within area
Histiogamphelus cristatus		Creation or anadian habitat
Rhino Pipefish, Macleay's Crested Pipefish, Ring-back Pipefish [66243]		Species or species habitat may occur within area
Leptoichthys fistularius		Spaciae or opening hebitat
Brushtail Pipefish [66248]		Species or species habitat may occur within area
Lissocampus caudalis		Creation or anadian habitat
Australian Smooth Pipefish, Smooth Pipefish [66249]		Species or species habitat may occur within area
Lissocampus runa Javelin Pipefish [66251]		Spacios or spacios habitat
		Species or species habitat may occur within area
Maroubra perserrata Sawtooth Pipefish [66252]		Species or species habitat
		may occur within area
Nannocampus subosseus Bonyhead Pipefish, Bony-headed Pipefish [66264]		Species or species habitat
		may occur within area
Notiocampus ruber Red Pipefish [66265]		Species or species habitat
		may occur within area
Phycodurus eques Leafy Seadragon [66267]		Species or species habitat
		may occur within area
Phyllopteryx taeniolatus Common Seadragon, Weedy Seadragon [66268]		Species or species habitat
		may occur within area
Pugnaso curtirostris Pugnose Pipefish, Pug-nosed Pipefish [66269]		Species or species habitat
		may occur within area
Solegnathus lettiensis Gunther's Pipehorse, Indonesian Pipefish [66273]		Species or species

Name	Threatened	Type of Presence
		habitat may occur within
Stigmatopora argus		area
Spotted Pipefish, Gulf Pipefish, Peacock Pipefish		Species or species habitat
[66276]		may occur within area
Stigmatopora nigra		
Widebody Pipefish, Wide-bodied Pipefish, Black		Species or species habitat
Pipefish [66277]		may occur within area
Urocampus carinirostris		
Hairy Pipefish [66282]		Species or species habitat
		may occur within area
Vanacampus margaritifer		Opension associated to the t
Mother-of-pearl Pipefish [66283]		Species or species habitat may occur within area
<u>Vanacampus phillipi</u> Port Phillip Pipefish [66284]		Spacios or aposios hobitat
רטת בוווווף בוףפווטו (200204)		Species or species habitat may occur within area
		•
Vanacampus poecilolaemus Longsnout Pipefish, Australian Long-snout Pipefish,		Species or species habitat
Long-snouted Pipefish [66285]		may occur within area
Mammals		
Arctocephalus forsteri		
Long-nosed Fur-seal, New Zealand Fur-seal [20]		Species or species habitat
		may occur within area
Neophoca cinerea		
Australian Sea-lion, Australian Sea Lion [22]	Vulnerable	Species or species habitat
		may occur within area
Reptiles		
Caretta caretta		
	Endangered	Spacios or aposios hebitat
Loggerhead Turtle [1763]	Endangered	Species or species habitat likely to occur within area
Loggerhead Turtle [1763]	Endangered	
Loggerhead Turtle [1763] Chelonia mydas		likely to occur within area
Loggerhead Turtle [1763]	Endangered Vulnerable	
Loggerhead Turtle [1763] <u>Chelonia mydas</u> Green Turtle [1765]		likely to occur within area Species or species habitat
Loggerhead Turtle [1763] <u>Chelonia mydas</u> Green Turtle [1765] <u>Dermochelys coriacea</u>	Vulnerable	likely to occur within area Species or species habitat likely to occur within area
Loggerhead Turtle [1763] <u>Chelonia mydas</u> Green Turtle [1765]		likely to occur within area Species or species habitat
Loggerhead Turtle [1763] <u>Chelonia mydas</u> Green Turtle [1765] <u>Dermochelys coriacea</u>	Vulnerable	likely to occur within area Species or species habitat likely to occur within area Species or species habitat
Loggerhead Turtle [1763] <u>Chelonia mydas</u> Green Turtle [1765] <u>Dermochelys coriacea</u>	Vulnerable Endangered	likely to occur within area Species or species habitat likely to occur within area Species or species habitat
Loggerhead Turtle [1763] Chelonia mydas Green Turtle [1765] Dermochelys coriacea Leatherback Turtle, Leathery Turtle, Luth [1768] Whales and other Cetaceans Name	Vulnerable	likely to occur within area Species or species habitat likely to occur within area Species or species habitat likely to occur within area
Loggerhead Turtle [1763] Chelonia mydas Green Turtle [1765] Dermochelys coriacea Leatherback Turtle, Leathery Turtle, Luth [1768] Whales and other Cetaceans Name Mammals	Vulnerable Endangered	likely to occur within area Species or species habitat likely to occur within area Species or species habitat likely to occur within area [Resource Information]
Loggerhead Turtle [1763] Chelonia mydas Green Turtle [1765] Dermochelys coriacea Leatherback Turtle, Leathery Turtle, Luth [1768] Whales and other Cetaceans Name Mammals Balaenoptera acutorostrata	Vulnerable Endangered	likely to occur within area Species or species habitat likely to occur within area Species or species habitat likely to occur within area [Resource Information] Type of Presence
Loggerhead Turtle [1763] Chelonia mydas Green Turtle [1765] Dermochelys coriacea Leatherback Turtle, Leathery Turtle, Luth [1768] Whales and other Cetaceans Name Mammals	Vulnerable Endangered	likely to occur within area Species or species habitat likely to occur within area Species or species habitat likely to occur within area [Resource Information]
Loggerhead Turtle [1763] Chelonia mydas Green Turtle [1765] Dermochelys coriacea Leatherback Turtle, Leathery Turtle, Luth [1768] Whales and other Cetaceans Name Mammals Balaenoptera acutorostrata Minke Whale [33]	Vulnerable Endangered	likely to occur within area Species or species habitat likely to occur within area Species or species habitat likely to occur within area [Resource Information] Type of Presence Species or species habitat
Loggerhead Turtle [1763] Chelonia mydas Green Turtle [1765] Dermochelys coriacea Leatherback Turtle, Leathery Turtle, Luth [1768] Whales and other Cetaceans Name Mammals Balaenoptera acutorostrata	Vulnerable Endangered	likely to occur within area Species or species habitat likely to occur within area Species or species habitat likely to occur within area [Resource Information] Type of Presence Species or species habitat may occur within area Species or species habitat
Loggerhead Turtle [1763] Chelonia mydas Green Turtle [1765] Dermochelys coriacea Leatherback Turtle, Leathery Turtle, Luth [1768] Whales and other Cetaceans Name Mammals Balaenoptera acutorostrata Minke Whale [33]	Vulnerable Endangered Status	likely to occur within area Species or species habitat likely to occur within area Species or species habitat likely to occur within area [Resource Information] Type of Presence Species or species habitat may occur within area
Loggerhead Turtle [1763] Chelonia mydas Green Turtle [1765] Dermochelys coriacea Leatherback Turtle, Leathery Turtle, Luth [1768] Whales and other Cetaceans Name Mammals Balaenoptera acutorostrata Minke Whale [33]	Vulnerable Endangered Status	likely to occur within area Species or species habitat likely to occur within area Species or species habitat likely to occur within area [Resource Information] Type of Presence Species or species habitat may occur within area Species or species habitat
Loggerhead Turtle [1763] Chelonia mydas Green Turtle [1765] Dermochelys coriacea Leatherback Turtle, Leathery Turtle, Luth [1768] Whales and other Cetaceans Name Mammals Balaenoptera acutorostrata Minke Whale [33] Balaenoptera musculus Blue Whale [36]	Vulnerable Endangered Status Endangered	 likely to occur within area Species or species habitat likely to occur within area Species or species habitat likely to occur within area [Resource Information] Type of Presence Species or species habitat may occur within area Species or species habitat likely to occur within area Species or species habitat Species or species habitat
Loggerhead Turtle [1763] Chelonia mydas Green Turtle [1765] Dermochelys coriacea Leatherback Turtle, Leathery Turtle, Luth [1768] Whales and other Cetaceans Name Mammals Balaenoptera acutorostrata Minke Whale [33] Balaenoptera musculus Blue Whale [36] Delphinus delphis	Vulnerable Endangered Status Endangered	 likely to occur within area Species or species habitat likely to occur within area Species or species habitat likely to occur within area I Resource Information I Type of Presence Species or species habitat may occur within area Species or species habitat likely to occur within area
Loggerhead Turtle [1763] Chelonia mydas Green Turtle [1765] Dermochelys coriacea Leatherback Turtle, Leathery Turtle, Luth [1768] Whales and other Cetaceans Name Mammals Balaenoptera acutorostrata Minke Whale [33] Balaenoptera musculus Blue Whale [36] Delphinus delphis	Vulnerable Endangered Status Endangered	 likely to occur within area Species or species habitat likely to occur within area Species or species habitat likely to occur within area [Resource Information] Type of Presence Species or species habitat may occur within area Species or species habitat likely to occur within area Species or species habitat Species or species habitat
Loggerhead Turtle [1763] Chelonia mydas Green Turtle [1765] Dermochelys coriacea Leatherback Turtle, Leathery Turtle, Luth [1768] Whales and other Cetaceans Name Mammals Balaenoptera acutorostrata Minke Whale [33] Balaenoptera musculus Blue Whale [36] Delphinus delphis Common Dophin, Short-beaked Common Dolphin [60]	Vulnerable Endangered Status Endangered	 likely to occur within area Species or species habitat likely to occur within area Species or species habitat likely to occur within area [Resource Information] Type of Presence Species or species habitat may occur within area Species or species habitat likely to occur within area Species or species habitat may occur within area Species or species habitat may occur within area Species or species habitat Species or species habitat
Loggerhead Turtle [1763] Chelonia mydas Green Turtle [1765] Dermochelys coriacea Leatherback Turtle, Leathery Turtle, Luth [1768] Whales and other Cetaceans Name Mammals Balaenoptera acutorostrata Minke Whale [33] Balaenoptera musculus Blue Whale [36] Delphinus delphis Common Dophin, Short-beaked Common Dolphin [60] Eubalaena australis	Vulnerable Endangered Status Endangered	 likely to occur within area Species or species habitat likely to occur within area Species or species habitat likely to occur within area IResource Information] Type of Presence Species or species habitat may occur within area Species or species habitat likely to occur within area Species or species habitat likely to occur within area Species or species habitat may occur within area
Loggerhead Turtle [1763] Chelonia mydas Green Turtle [1765] Dermochelys coriacea Leatherback Turtle, Leathery Turtle, Luth [1768] Whales and other Cetaceans Name Mammals Balaenoptera acutorostrata Minke Whale [33] Balaenoptera musculus Blue Whale [36] Delphinus delphis Common Dophin, Short-beaked Common Dolphin [60] Eubalaena australis	Vulnerable Endangered Status Endangered	 likely to occur within area Species or species habitat likely to occur within area Species or species habitat likely to occur within area [Resource Information] Type of Presence Species or species habitat may occur within area Species or species habitat likely to occur within area Species or species habitat may occur within area Species or species habitat may occur within area Species or species habitat Species or species habitat
Loggerhead Turtle [1763] Chelonia mydas Green Turtle [1765] Dermochelys coriacea Leatherback Turtle, Leathery Turtle, Luth [1768] Whales and other Cetaceans Name Mammals Balaenoptera acutorostrata Minke Whale [33] Balaenoptera musculus Blue Whale [36] Delphinus delphis Common Dophin, Short-beaked Common Dolphin [60] Eubalaena australis Southern Right Whale [40]	Vulnerable Endangered Status Endangered	 likely to occur within area Species or species habitat likely to occur within area Species or species habitat likely to occur within area IResource Information I Type of Presence Species or species habitat may occur within area Species or species habitat likely to occur within area Species or species habitat may occur within area Species or species habitat known to occur within area
Loggerhead Turtle [1763] Chelonia mydas Green Turtle [1765] Dermochelys coriacea Leatherback Turtle, Leathery Turtle, Luth [1768] Whales and other Cetaceans Name Mammals Balaenoptera acutorostrata Minke Whale [33] Balaenoptera musculus Blue Whale [36] Delphinus delphis Common Dophin, Short-beaked Common Dolphin [60] Eubalaena australis Southern Right Whale [40] Grampus griseus	Vulnerable Endangered Status Endangered	 likely to occur within area Species or species habitat likely to occur within area Species or species habitat likely to occur within area IResource Information I Type of Presence Species or species habitat may occur within area Species or species habitat likely to occur within area Species or species habitat likely to occur within area Species or species habitat may occur within area Species or species habitat may occur within area Species or species habitat may occur within area

Name	Status	Type of Presence
Orcinus orca		
Killer Whale, Orca [46]		Species or species habitat may occur within area
Tursiops aduncus		
Indian Ocean Bottlenose Dolphin, Spotted Bottlenose Dolphin [68418]		Species or species habitat likely to occur within area
Tursiops truncatus s. str.		
Bottlenose Dolphin [68417]		Species or species habitat may occur within area

Extra Information

State and Territory Reserves	[Resource Information]
Name	State
McLean Road	WA
NTWA Bushland covenant (0017)	WA
NTWA Bushland covenant (0142)	WA
Redmond Road	WA
Scotsdale Road	WA
Regional Forest Agreements	[Resource Information]
Note that all areas with completed RFAs have been included.	
Name	State
South West WA RFA	Western Australia

Invasive Species [Resource Information] Weeds reported here are the 20 species of national significance (WoNS), along with other introduced plants that are considered by the States and Territories to pose a particularly significant threat to biodiversity. The following feral animals are reported: Goat, Red Fox, Cat, Rabbit, Pig, Water Buffalo and Cane Toad. Maps from Landscape Health Project, National Land and Water Resouces Audit, 2001.

Name	Status	Type of Presence
Birds		
Anas platyrhynchos		
Mallard [974]		Species or species habitat likely to occur within area
Columba livia		
Rock Pigeon, Rock Dove, Domestic Pigeon [803]		Species or species habitat likely to occur within area
Streptopelia senegalensis		
Laughing Turtle-dove, Laughing Dove [781]		Species or species habitat likely to occur within area
Mammals		
Canis lupus familiaris		
Domestic Dog [82654]		Species or species habitat likely to occur within area
Felis catus		
Cat, House Cat, Domestic Cat [19]		Species or species habitat likely to occur within area
Feral deer		
Feral deer species in Australia [85733]		Species or species habitat likely to occur within area
Mus musculus		
House Mouse [120]		Species or species habitat

likely to occur

Name

Oryctolagus cuniculus Rabbit, European Rabbit [128]

Rattus rattus Black Rat, Ship Rat [84]

Sus scrofa Pig [6]

Vulpes vulpes Red Fox, Fox [18]

Plants

Anredera cordifolia

Madeira Vine, Jalap, Lamb's-tail, Mignonette Vine, Anredera, Gulf Madeiravine, Heartleaf Madeiravine, Potato Vine [2643] Asparagus asparagoides Bridal Creeper, Bridal Veil Creeper, Smilax, Florist's Smilax, Smilax Asparagus [22473]

Asparagus scandens Asparagus Fern, Climbing Asparagus Fern [23255]

Cenchrus ciliaris Buffel-grass, Black Buffel-grass [20213]

Genista sp. X Genista monspessulana Broom [67538]

Lantana camara Lantana, Common Lantana, Kamara Lantana, Largeleaf Lantana, Pink Flowered Lantana, Red Flowered Lantana, Red-Flowered Sage, White Sage, Wild Sage [10892] Lycium ferocissimum African Boxthorn, Boxthorn [19235]

Pinus radiata Radiata Pine Monterey Pine, Insignis Pine, Wilding Pine [20780]

Rubus fruticosus aggregate Blackberry, European Blackberry [68406]

Salix spp. except S.babylonica, S.x calodendron & S.x reichardtii Willows except Weeping Willow, Pussy Willow and Sterile Pussy Willow [68497]

Ulex europaeus Gorse, Furze [7693] Status

Type of Presence within area

Species or species habitat likely to occur within area

Species or species habitat likely to occur within area

Species or species habitat likely to occur within area

Species or species habitat likely to occur within area

Species or species habitat likely to occur within area

Species or species habitat likely to occur within area

Species or species habitat likely to occur within area

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Species or species habitat likely to occur within area

Species or species habitat likely to occur within area

Species or species habitat likely to occur within area

Caveat

The information presented in this report has been provided by a range of data sources as acknowledged at the end of the report.

This report is designed to assist in identifying the locations of places which may be relevant in determining obligations under the Environment Protection and Biodiversity Conservation Act 1999. It holds mapped locations of World and National Heritage properties, Wetlands of International and National Importance, Commonwealth and State/Territory reserves, listed threatened, migratory and marine species and listed threatened ecological communities. Mapping of Commonwealth land is not complete at this stage. Maps have been collated from a range of sources at various resolutions.

Not all species listed under the EPBC Act have been mapped (see below) and therefore a report is a general guide only. Where available data supports mapping, the type of presence that can be determined from the data is indicated in general terms. People using this information in making a referral may need to consider the qualifications below and may need to seek and consider other information sources.

For threatened ecological communities where the distribution is well known, maps are derived from recovery plans, State vegetation maps, remote sensing imagery and other sources. Where threatened ecological community distributions are less well known, existing vegetation maps and point location data are used to produce indicative distribution maps.

Threatened, migratory and marine species distributions have been derived through a variety of methods. Where distributions are well known and if time permits, maps are derived using either thematic spatial data (i.e. vegetation, soils, geology, elevation, aspect, terrain, etc) together with point locations and described habitat; or environmental modelling (MAXENT or BIOCLIM habitat modelling) using point locations and environmental data layers.

Where very little information is available for species or large number of maps are required in a short time-frame, maps are derived either from 0.04 or 0.02 decimal degree cells; by an automated process using polygon capture techniques (static two kilometre grid cells, alpha-hull and convex hull); or captured manually or by using topographic features (national park boundaries, islands, etc). In the early stages of the distribution mapping process (1999-early 2000s) distributions were defined by degree blocks, 100K or 250K map sheets to rapidly create distribution maps. More reliable distribution mapping methods are used to update these distributions as time permits.

Only selected species covered by the following provisions of the EPBC Act have been mapped:

- migratory and

- marine

The following species and ecological communities have not been mapped and do not appear in reports produced from this database:

- threatened species listed as extinct or considered as vagrants
- some species and ecological communities that have only recently been listed
- some terrestrial species that overfly the Commonwealth marine area
- migratory species that are very widespread, vagrant, or only occur in small numbers
- The following groups have been mapped, but may not cover the complete distribution of the species:
 - non-threatened seabirds which have only been mapped for recorded breeding sites
 - seals which have only been mapped for breeding sites near the Australian continent

Such breeding sites may be important for the protection of the Commonwealth Marine environment.

Coordinates

-34.94955 117.34337

Acknowledgements

This database has been compiled from a range of data sources. The department acknowledges the following custodians who have contributed valuable data and advice:

-Office of Environment and Heritage, New South Wales -Department of Environment and Primary Industries, Victoria -Department of Primary Industries, Parks, Water and Environment, Tasmania -Department of Environment, Water and Natural Resources, South Australia -Department of Land and Resource Management, Northern Territory -Department of Environmental and Heritage Protection, Queensland -Department of Parks and Wildlife, Western Australia -Environment and Planning Directorate, ACT -Birdlife Australia -Australian Bird and Bat Banding Scheme -Australian National Wildlife Collection -Natural history museums of Australia -Museum Victoria -Australian Museum -South Australian Museum -Queensland Museum -Online Zoological Collections of Australian Museums -Queensland Herbarium -National Herbarium of NSW -Royal Botanic Gardens and National Herbarium of Victoria -Tasmanian Herbarium -State Herbarium of South Australia -Northern Territory Herbarium -Western Australian Herbarium -Australian National Herbarium, Canberra -University of New England -Ocean Biogeographic Information System -Australian Government, Department of Defence Forestry Corporation, NSW -Geoscience Australia -CSIRO -Australian Tropical Herbarium, Cairns -eBird Australia -Australian Government - Australian Antarctic Data Centre -Museum and Art Gallery of the Northern Territory -Australian Government National Environmental Science Program -Australian Institute of Marine Science -Reef Life Survey Australia -American Museum of Natural History -Queen Victoria Museum and Art Gallery, Inveresk, Tasmania -Tasmanian Museum and Art Gallery, Hobart, Tasmania -Other groups and individuals

The Department is extremely grateful to the many organisations and individuals who provided expert advice and information on numerous draft distributions.

Please feel free to provide feedback via the Contact Us page.

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APPENDIX 5 Conservation Codes

Conservation Codes for Western Australian Flora and Fauna

Specially protected fauna or flora are species* which have been adequately searched for and are deemed to be, in the wild, either rare, at risk of extinction, or otherwise in need of special protection, and have been gazetted as such. Conservation codes have been transitioned under regulations 170, 171 and 172 of the *Biodiversity Conservation Regulations 2018*.

T Threatened species – Schedules 1-4

Listed by order of the Minister as Threatened in the category of critically endangered, endangered or vulnerable under section 19(1), or is a rediscovered species to be regarded as threatened species under section 26(2) of the *Biodiversity Conservation Act 2016* (BC Act).

- **Threatened fauna** is that subset of 'Specially Protected Fauna' listed under schedules 1 to 3 of the *Wildlife Conservation (Specially Protected Fauna) Notice 2018* for Threatened Fauna.
- **Threatened flora** is that subset of 'Rare Flora' listed under schedules 1 to 3 of the *Wildlife Conservation (Rare Flora) Notice 2018* for Threatened Flora.

The assessment of the conservation status of these species is based on their national extent and ranked according to their level of threat using IUCN Red List categories and criteria as detailed below.

CR Critically endangered species

Threatened species considered to be "facing an extremely high risk of extinction in the wild in the immediate future, as determined in accordance with criteria set out in the ministerial guidelines".

Listed as critically endangered under section 19(1)(a) of the BC Act in accordance with the criteria set out in section 20 and the ministerial guidelines. Published under schedule 1 of the *Wildlife Conservation (Specially Protected Fauna) Notice 2018* for critically endangered fauna or the *Wildlife Conservation (Rare Flora) Notice 2018* for critically endangered flora.

EN Endangered species

Threatened species considered to be "facing a very high risk of extinction in the wild in the near future, as determined in accordance with criteria set out in the ministerial guidelines".

Listed as endangered under section 19(1)(b) of the BC Act in accordance with the criteria set out in section 21 and the ministerial guidelines. Published under schedule 2 of the *Wildlife Conservation (Specially Protected Fauna) Notice 2018* for endangered fauna or the *Wildlife Conservation (Rare Flora) Notice 2018* for endangered flora.

VU Vulnerable species

Threatened species considered to be "facing a high risk of extinction in the wild in the mediumterm future, as determined in accordance with criteria set out in the ministerial guidelines".

Listed as vulnerable under section 19(1)(c) of the BC Act in accordance with the criteria set out in section 22 and the ministerial guidelines. Published under schedule 3 of the *Wildlife*

Conservation (Specially Protected Fauna) Notice 2018 for vulnerable fauna or the *Wildlife Conservation (Rare Flora) Notice 2018* for vulnerable flora.

EX Presumed extinct species

Species where "there is no reasonable doubt that the last member of the species has died", and listing is otherwise in accordance with the ministerial guidelines (section 24 of the BC Act).

Published as presumed extinct under schedule 4 of the *Wildlife Conservation (Specially Protected Fauna) Notice 2018* for extinct fauna or the *Wildlife Conservation (Rare Flora) Notice 2018* for extinct flora.

EW Extinct in the wild species

Species that "is known only to survive in cultivation, in captivity or as a naturalised population well outside its past range; and it has not been recorded in its known habitat or expected habitat, at appropriate seasons, anywhere in its past range, despite surveys over a time frame appropriate to its life cycle and form", and listing is otherwise in accordance with the ministerial guidelines (section 25 of the BC Act).

Currently there are no threatened fauna or threatened flora species listed as extinct in the wild. If listing of a species as extinct in the wild occurs, then a schedule will be added to the applicable notice.

Specially protected species

Listed by order of the Minister as specially protected under section 13(1) of the BC Act. Meeting one or more of the following categories: species of special conservation interest; migratory species; cetaceans; species subject to international agreement; or species otherwise in need of special protection.

Species that are listed as threatened species (critically endangered, endangered or vulnerable) or extinct species under the BC Act cannot also be listed as Specially Protected species.

MI Migratory species

Fauna that periodically or occasionally visit Australia or an external Territory or the exclusive economic zone; or the species is subject of an international agreement that relates to the protection of migratory species and that binds the Commonwealth; and listing is otherwise in accordance with the ministerial guidelines (section 15 of the BC Act).

Includes birds that are subject to an agreement between the government of Australia and the governments of Japan (JAMBA), China (CAMBA) and The Republic of Korea (ROKAMBA), and fauna subject to the Convention on the Conservation of Migratory Species of Wild Animals (Bonn Convention), an environmental treaty under the United Nations Environment Program. Migratory species listed under the BC Act are a subset of the migratory animals, that are known to visit Western Australia, protected under the international agreements or treaties, excluding species that are listed as Threatened species.

Published as migratory birds protected under an international agreement under schedule 5 of the *Wildlife Conservation (Specially Protected Fauna) Notice 2018.*

CD Species of special conservation interest (conservation dependent fauna)

Fauna of special conservation need being species dependent on ongoing conservation intervention to prevent it becoming eligible for listing as threatened, and listing is otherwise in accordance with the ministerial guidelines (section 14 of the BC Act).

Published as conservation dependent fauna under schedule 6 of the *Wildlife Conservation* (Specially Protected Fauna) Notice 2018.

OS Other specially protected species

Fauna otherwise in need of special protection to ensure their conservation, and listing is otherwise in accordance with the ministerial guidelines (section 18 of the BC Act).

Published as other specially protected fauna under schedule 7 of the *Wildlife Conservation* (Specially Protected Fauna) Notice 2018.

P Priority species

Possibly threatened species that do not meet survey criteria, or are otherwise data deficient, are added to the Priority Fauna or Priority Flora Lists under Priorities 1, 2 or 3. These three categories are ranked in order of priority for survey and evaluation of conservation status so that consideration can be given to their declaration as threatened fauna or flora.

Species that are adequately known, are rare but not threatened, or meet criteria for near threatened, or that have been recently removed from the threatened species or other specially protected fauna lists for other than taxonomic reasons, are placed in Priority 4. These species require regular monitoring.

Assessment of Priority codes is based on the Western Australian distribution of the species, unless the distribution in WA is part of a contiguous population extending into adjacent States, as defined by the known spread of locations.

Priority 1: Poorly-known species

Species that are known from one or a few locations (generally five or less) which are potentially at risk. All occurrences are either: very small; or on lands not managed for conservation, e.g. agricultural or pastoral lands, urban areas, road and rail reserves, gravel reserves and active mineral leases; or otherwise under threat of habitat destruction or degradation. Species may be included if they are comparatively well known from one or more locations but do not meet adequacy of survey requirements and appear to be under immediate threat from known threatening processes. Such species are in urgent need of further survey.

Priority 2: Poorly-known species

Species that are known from one or a few locations (generally five or less), some of which are on lands managed primarily for nature conservation, e.g. national parks, conservation parks, nature reserves and other lands with secure tenure being managed for conservation. Species may be included if they are comparatively well known from one or more locations but do not meet adequacy of survey requirements and appear to be under threat from known threatening processes. Such species are in urgent need of further survey.

Priority 3: Poorly-known species

Species that are known from several locations, and the species does not appear to be under imminent threat, or from few but widespread locations with either large population size or significant remaining areas of apparently suitable habitat, much of it not under imminent threat. Species may be included if they are comparatively well known from several locations but do not meet adequacy of survey requirements and known threatening processes exist that could affect them. Such species are in need of further survey.

Priority 4: Rare, Near Threatened and other species in need of monitoring

- (a) Rare. Species that are considered to have been adequately surveyed, or for which sufficient knowledge is available, and that are considered not currently threatened or in need of special protection but could be if present circumstances change. These species are usually represented on conservation lands.
- (b) Near Threatened. Species that are considered to have been adequately surveyed and that are close to qualifying for vulnerable but are not listed as Conservation Dependent.
- (c) Species that have been removed from the list of threatened species during the past five years for reasons other than taxonomy.

*Species includes all taxa (plural of taxon - a classificatory group of any taxonomic rank, e.g. a family, genus, species or any infraspecific category i.e. subspecies or variety, or a distinct population).

Western Australian Ecological Communities

Threatened Ecological Communities

The BC Act provides for the statutory listing of threatened ecological communities (TECs) by the Minister.

Presumed Totally Destroyed (PD)

An ecological community that has been adequately searched for but for which no representative occurrences have been located. The community has been found to be totally destroyed or so extensively modified throughout its range that no occurrence of it is likely to recover its species composition and/or structure in the foreseeable future.

Critically Endangered (CR)

An ecological community that has been adequately surveyed and found to have been subject to a major contraction in area and/or that was originally of limited distribution and is facing severe modification or destruction throughout its range in the immediate future, or is already severely degraded throughout its range but capable of being substantially restored or rehabilitated.

Endangered (EN)

An ecological community that has been adequately surveyed and found to have been subject to a major contraction in area and/or was originally of limited distribution and is in danger of significant modification throughout its range or severe modification or destruction over most of its range in the near future.

Vulnerable (VU)

An ecological community that has been adequately surveyed and is found to be declining and/or has declined in distribution and/or condition and whose ultimate security has not yet been assured and/or a community that is still widespread but is believed likely to move into a category of higher threat in the near future if threatening processes continue or begin operating throughout its range.

Priority Ecological Communities

Possible threatened ecological communities that do not meet survey criteria or that are not adequately defined are added to the Priority Ecological Community List under priorities 1, 2 and 3. These three categories are ranked in order of priority for survey and/or definition of the community. Ecological communities that are adequately known, and are rare but not threatened or meet criteria for Near Threatened, or that have been recently removed from the threatened list, are placed in Priority 4. These ecological communities require regular monitoring. Conservation Dependent ecological communities are placed in Priority 5.

Priority One: Poorly-known ecological communities

Ecological communities that are known from very few occurrences with a very restricted distribution (generally \leq 5 occurrences or a total area of \leq 100ha).

Occurrences are believed to be under threat either due to limited extent, or being on lands under immediate threat (e.g. within agricultural or pastoral lands, urban areas, active mineral leases) or for which current threats exist. May include communities with occurrences on protected lands. Communities may be included if they are comparatively well-known from one or more localities but do not meet adequacy of survey requirements, and/or are not well defined, and appear to be under immediate threat from known threatening processes across their range.

Priority Two: Poorly-known ecological communities

Communities that are known from few occurrences with a restricted distribution (generally \leq 10 occurrences or a total area of \leq 200ha). At least some occurrences are not believed to be under immediate threat (within approximately 10 years) of destruction or degradation. Communities may be included if they are comparatively well known from one or more localities but do not meet adequacy of survey requirements, and/or are not well defined, and appear to be under threat from known threatening processes.

Priority Three: Poorly known ecological communities

- (i) Communities that are known from several to many occurrences, a significant number or area of which are not under threat of habitat destruction or degradation or:
- (ii) communities known from a few widespread occurrences, which are either large or with significant remaining areas of habitat in which other occurrences may occur, much of it not under imminent threat (within approximately 10 years), or;
- (iii) munities made up of large, and/or widespread occurrences, that may or may not be represented in the reserve system, but are under threat of modification across much of their range from processes such as grazing by domestic and/or feral stock, inappropriate fire regimes, clearing, hydrological change etc.

Communities may be included if they are comparatively well known from several localities but do not meet adequacy of survey requirements and/or are not well defined, and known threatening processes exist that could affect them.

Priority Four: Ecological communities that are adequately known, rare but not threatened or meet criteria for Near Threatened, or that have been recently removed from the threatened list. These communities require regular monitoring.

- (i) Rare. Ecological communities known from few occurrences that are considered to have been adequately surveyed, or for which sufficient knowledge is available, and that are considered not currently threatened or in need of special protection, but could be if present circumstances change. These communities are usually represented on conservation lands.
- (ii) Near Threatened. Ecological communities that are considered to have been adequately surveyed and that do not qualify for Conservation Dependent, but that are close to qualifying for a higher threat category.
- (iii) Ecological communities that have been removed from the list of threatened communities during the past five years.

Priority Five: Conservation Dependent ecological communities

Ecological communities that are not threatened but are subject to a specific conservation program, the cessation of which would result in the community becoming threatened within five years.

Commonwealth of Australia Conservation Codes

Threatened Flora and Fauna

Threatened fauna and flora may be listed under Section 178 of the *Environment Protection and Biodiversity Conservation Act 1999* (EPBC Act) in any one of the following six categories:

Extinct

A native species is eligible to be included in the extinct category at a particular time if, at that time, there is no reasonable doubt that the last member of the species has died.

Extinct in the wild

A native species is eligible to be included in the extinct in the wild category at a particular time if, at that time:

- a) it is known only to survive in cultivation, in captivity or as a naturalised population well outside its past range; or
- b) it has not been recorded in its known and/or expected habitat, at appropriate seasons, anywhere in its past range, despite exhaustive surveys over a time frame appropriate to its life cycle and form.

Critically endangered

A taxon is Critically Endangered when the best available evidence indicates that it meets any of the five criteria for the category identified in Part 7.01 of the EPBC Regulations, and it is therefore considered to be facing an extremely high risk of extinction in the wild.

Endangered

A taxon is Endangered when the best available evidence indicates that it meets any of the five criteria for the category identified in Part 7.01 of the EPBC Regulations, and it is therefore considered to be facing a very high risk of extinction in the wild.

Vulnerable

A taxon is Vulnerable when the best available evidence indicates that it meets any of the five criteria for the category identified in Part 7.01 of the EPBC Regulations, and it is therefore considered to be facing a high risk of extinction in the wild.

Conservation dependent

A native species is eligible to be included in the conservation dependent category at a particular time if, at that time:

- a) the species is the focus of a specific conservation program the cessation of which would result in the species becoming vulnerable, endangered or critically endangered; or
- b) the following subparagraphs are satisfied:
 - i. the species is a species of fish;

- ii. the species is the focus of a plan of management that provides for management actions necessary to stop the decline of, and support the recovery of, the species so that its chances of long term survival in nature are maximised;
- iii. the plan of management is in force under a law of the Commonwealth or of a State or Territory;
- iv. cessation of the plan of management would adversely affect the conservation status of the species.

The EPBC Act does not provide for listing in a data deficient category. Where sufficient data (evidence) is unavailable to allow assessment by the Threatened Species Scientific Committee against the criteria for listing, the species are found to be ineligible. A recommendation is made to the Minister to not include the species in any category under the EPBC Act. For reasons of transparency and to inform future research, the Threatened Species Scientific Committee publishes the names of those species found to be data deficient. As data deficient is not a listing category under the EPBC Act, this has no statutory implications and the species is not considered to be listed under the EPBC Act.

Threatened Ecological Communities

Threatened Ecological communities under the EPBC Act are listed in three categories.

Critically endangered

If, at that time, an ecological community is facing an extremely high risk of extinction in the wild in the immediate future (indicative timeframe being the next 10 years).

Endangered

If, at that time, an ecological community is not critically endangered but is facing a very high risk of extinction in the wild in the near future (indicative timeframe being the next 20 years).

Vulnerable

If, at that time, an ecological community is not critically endangered or endangered, but is facing a high risk of extinction in the wild in the medium–term future (indicative timeframe being the next 50 years).

APPENDIX 6

DBCA TEC/PEC Database Searches

OCC_UNIQUE	COM_ID	COM_NAME	STATE_CATG	COMM_CATG	S_ID_COUNT	FIRST_S_ID	LAST_S_ID	BUFFER	OCC_CONFID	BDY_ID	ORIG_FID
435	Mount Lindesay	Mount Lindesay - Little Lindesay Vegetation	Endangered		1	ML207		500	No	528	402
2142	Mount Lindesay	Mount Lindesay - Little Lindesay Vegetation	Endangered		1	ML208-1		500	No	532	406
4570	Melaleuca spathulata/ Melaleuca viminea	Melaleuca spathulata/Melaleuca viminea Swamp Heath	Priority 1		1	Youngs07		500	No	2501	2097
4571	Melaleuca spathulata/ Melaleuca viminea	Melaleuca spathulata/Melaleuca viminea Swamp Heath	Priority 1		1	Youngs08		500	No	2502	2098
4572	Melaleuca spathulata/ Melaleuca viminea	Melaleuca spathulata/Melaleuca viminea Swamp Heath	Priority 1		1	Youngs09		500	No	2503	2099
4573	Melaleuca spathulata/ Melaleuca viminea	Melaleuca spathulata/Melaleuca viminea Swamp Heath	Priority 1		2	Youngs10	Youngs11	500	No	2504	2100
4574	Melaleuca spathulata/ Melaleuca viminea	Melaleuca spathulata/Melaleuca viminea Swamp Heath	Priority 1		1	Youngs12		500	No	2505	2101
4575	Melaleuca spathulata/ Melaleuca viminea	Melaleuca spathulata/Melaleuca viminea Swamp Heath	Priority 1		1	Youngs13		500	No	2506	2102
4676	Melaleuca spathulata/ Melaleuca viminea	Melaleuca spathulata/Melaleuca viminea Swamp Heath	Priority 1		1	Youngs14		500	No	2589	2188
4677	Melaleuca spathulata/ Melaleuca viminea	Melaleuca spathulata/Melaleuca viminea Swamp Heath	Priority 1		1	Youngs15		500	No	2590	2189
4678	Melaleuca spathulata/ Melaleuca viminea	Melaleuca spathulata/Melaleuca viminea Swamp Heath	Priority 1		1	Youngs16		500	No	2591	2190
4679	Melaleuca spathulata/ Melaleuca viminea	Melaleuca spathulata/Melaleuca viminea Swamp Heath	Priority 1		1	Youngs17		500	No	2592	2191
4680	Melaleuca spathulata/ Melaleuca viminea	Melaleuca spathulata/Melaleuca viminea Swamp Heath	Priority 1		1	Youngs18		500	No	2593	2192
4681	Melaleuca spathulata/ Melaleuca viminea	Melaleuca spathulata/Melaleuca viminea Swamp Heath	Priority 1		1	Youngs19		500	No	2594	2193
4682	Melaleuca spathulata/ Melaleuca viminea	Melaleuca spathulata/Melaleuca viminea Swamp Heath	Priority 1		1	Youngs20		500	No	2595	2194
4683	Melaleuca spathulata/ Melaleuca viminea	Melaleuca spathulata/Melaleuca viminea Swamp Heath	Priority 1		1	Youngs21		500	No	2596	2195
5654	Coastal Saltmarsh	Subtropical and Temperate Coastal	Priority 3	Vulnerable	1	WilsInNE		500	No	3336	2923
5655	Coastal Saltmarsh	Subtropical and Temperate Coastal	Priority 3	Vulnerable	1	WilsInE01		500	No	3337	2924
5656	Coastal Saltmarsh	Subtropical and Temperate Coastal	Priority 3	Vulnerable	1	WilsInE02		500	No	3338	2925
5657	Coastal Saltmarsh	Subtropical and Temperate Coastal	Priority 3	Vulnerable	1	NenamupIn		500	No	3339	2926
5658	Coastal Saltmarsh	Subtropical and Temperate Coastal	Priority 3	Vulnerable	1	YoungsLake		500	No	3340	2927
5659	Coastal Saltmarsh	Subtropical and Temperate Coastal	Priority 3	Vulnerable	1	WilsInSW		500	No	3341	2928

APPENDIX 7 Flora Species List

SPECIES LIST – Lot 349 Kearsley Road Denmark

PTERIDOPHYTES

DENNSTAEDTIACEAE Pteridium esculentum

MONOCOTYLEDONS

ASPARAGACEAE Lomandra sp

CYPERACEAE Lepidosperma effusum Lepidosperma gracile

ORCHIDACEAE Eriochilus dilatatus Thelymitra macrophylla

POACEAE Tetrarrhena laevis

DICOTYLEDONS

ASTERACEAE Trichocline spathulata

CASUARINACEAE Allocasuarina decussata

DILLENIACEAE Hibbertia commutata Hibbertia cuneiformis

ERICACEAE Leucopogon obovatus subsp. revolutus Leucopogon verticillatus Needhamiella pumilio

FABACEAE Acacia pentadenia subsp. pentadenia Chorizema ilicifolium Hovea elliptica GOODENIACEAE Dampiera hederacea

LAURACEAE Cassytha racemosa

MALVACEAE Thomasia foliosa Thomasia sp Vasse

MYRTACEAE Corymbia calophylla Eucalyptus diversicolor Eucalyptus guilfoylei Taxandria parviceps

PITTOSPORACEAE Billardiera laxiflora

RANUNCULACEAE Clematis pubescens

RHAMNACEAE Trymalium odoratissimum subsp. trifidum

RUBIACEAE Opercularia echinocephala

RUTACEAE Boronia gracilipes Chorilaena quercifolia

APPENDIX 8 Quadrat Data

QUADRAT KR 1

50 531304 E 6132245 N

Vegetation:	Eucalyptus diversicolor/Eucalyptus guilfoylei Open Forest over
	Acacia pentadenia/Lepidosperma effusum Shrubland over leaf litter
Condition:	Excellent
Soil Type:	Dark orange-brown sandy loam, some laterite at surface
Landform:	Moderate slope
Date:	15.10.20
Recorder:	Paul van der Moezel



QUADRAT (10 x 10m)

SPECIES	HEIGHT (m)	COVER (%)
Eucalyptus diversicolor	15	30
Eucalyptus guilfoylei	12	10
Acacia pentadenia	2.5	10
Lepidosperma effusum	1.6	10
Hibbertia cuneiformis	1.2	1
Chorilaena quercifolia	0.5	2
Pteridium esculentum	0.5	1
Chorizema ilicifolium	0.1	2
Opercularia echinocephala	0.1	<1
Billardiera laxiflora	Climber	2
Cassytha racemosa	Climber	<1

* introduced species

QUADRAT KR 2

50 531192 E 6132319 N

Vegetation:	Eucalyptus guilfoylei/Eucalyptus diversicolor Open Forest over
	Taxandria parviceps/Hibbertia cuneiformis Shrubland over leaf litter
Condition:	Excellent
Soil Type:	Dark orange-brown sandy loam, some laterite at surface
Landform:	Moderate slope
Date:	15.10.20
Recorder:	Paul van der Moezel



QUADRAT (10 x 10m)

SPECIES	HEIGHT (m)	COVER (%)
Eucalyptus guilfoylei	12	30
Eucalyptus diversicolor	12	5
Acacia pentadenia	1.9	2
Taxandria parviceps	1.7	10
Leucopogon verticillatus	1.1	2
Hibbertia cuneiformis	0.9	4
Hovea elliptica	0.8	<1
Lepidosperma effusum	0.7	2
Lomandra sp	0.3	20
Chorizema ilicifolium	0.3	5
Chorilaena quercifolia	0.3	2
Hibbertia commutata	0.3	<1
Billardiera laxiflora	Climber	2

* introduced species

QUADRAT KR 3

50 531320 E 6132114 N

Vegetation:	Eucalyptus guilfoylei/Eucalyptus diversicolor Open Forest over
	Trymalium odoratissimum/Lepidosperma effusum Shrubland over
	leaf litter
Condition:	Excellent
Soil Type:	Dark orange-brown sandy loam, some laterite at surface
Landform:	Moderate slope
Date:	15.10.20
Recorder:	Paul van der Moezel



Quadrat (10 x 10m)

SPECIES	HEIGHT (m)	COVER (%)
Eucalyptus diversicolor	15	10
Eucalyptus guilfoylei	12	30
Allocasuarina decussata	4	2
Trymalium odoratissimum	2-3.5	10
Leucopogon verticillatus	1.2	2
Hibbertia cuneiformis	1	1
Lepidosperma effusum	0.6	20
Chorilaena quercifolia	0.3	1
Billardiera laxiflora	Climber	<1

* introduced species

Appendix C- Previous Subdivision Application lodged with WAPC



PLAN OF SUBDIVISION LOT 9000 and 349 KEARSLEY ROAD DENMARK, WA SAM WILLIAMS | TOWN PLANNING & PROJECT MANAGEMENT ph: 0418 116216 | email: samwilliams@westnet.com.au date - 29 Nov 2018 | ref - 18-008-01 Appendix D- Certificates of Title

	₩ • ₩		REGISTER NUMBER 349/DP230731		
WESTERN		AUSTRALIA	DUPLICATE EDITION 2	DATE DUPLIC	
← RECORD OF CE	RTIFIC	ATE OF TI	ГLE	volume 1797	folio 438

UNDER THE TRANSFER OF LAND ACT 1893

The person described in the first schedule is the registered proprietor of an estate in fee simple in the land described below subject to the reservations, conditions and depth limit contained in the original grant (if a grant issued) and to the limitations, interests, encumbrances and notifications shown in the second schedule.

REGISTRAR OF TITLES

LAND DESCRIPTION:

LOT 349 ON DEPOSITED PLAN 230731

REGISTERED PROPRIETOR: (FIRST SCHEDULE)

SUN LAND PTY LTD OF POST OFFICE BOX 140, CLAREMONT

(T K020446) REGISTERED 12/12/2006

LIMITATIONS, INTERESTS, ENCUMBRANCES AND NOTIFICATIONS: (SECOND SCHEDULE)

1. *K803355 MORTGAGE TO BANK OF WESTERN AUSTRALIA LTD REGISTERED 17/12/2008.

Warning: A current search of the sketch of the land should be obtained where detail of position, dimensions or area of the lot is required. * Any entries preceded by an asterisk may not appear on the current edition of the duplicate certificate of title. Lot as described in the land description may be a lot or location.

-----END OF CERTIFICATE OF TITLE------

STATEMENTS:

The statements set out below are not intended to be nor should they be relied on as substitutes for inspection of the land and the relevant documents or for local government, legal, surveying or other professional advice.

SKETCH OF LAND:	1797-438 (349/DP230731)
PREVIOUS TITLE:	1761-806
PROPERTY STREET ADDRESS:	NO STREET ADDRESS INFORMATION AVAILABLE.
LOCAL GOVERNMENT AUTHORITY:	SHIRE OF DENMARK

NOTE 1:A000001ALAND PARCEL IDENTIFIER OF DENMARK TOWN LOT/LOT 349 (OR THE PART
THEREOF) ON SUPERSEDED PAPER CERTIFICATE OF TITLE CHANGED TO LOT 349 ON
DEPOSITED PLAN 230731 ON 14-AUG-02 TO ENABLE ISSUE OF A DIGITAL
CERTIFICATE OF TITLE.NOTE 2:THE ABOVE NOTE MAY NOT BE SHOWN ON THE SUPERSEDED PAPER CERTIFICATE
OF TITLE OR ON THE CURRENT EDITION OF DUPLICATE CERTIFICATE OF TITLE.NOTE 3:DUPLICATE CERTIFICATE OF TITLE NOT ISSUED AS REQUESTED BY DEALING
K803355



يېنې.	* <i>**</i> #	9000/DP77503		
		DUPLICATE EDITION		
WESTERN	AUSTRALIA	N/A	N/	A
RECORD OF CERTIFICATE OF TITLE			volume 2834	folio 927

UNDER THE TRANSFER OF LAND ACT 1893

The person described in the first schedule is the registered proprietor of an estate in fee simple in the land described below subject to the reservations, conditions and depth limit contained in the original grant (if a grant issued) and to the limitations, interests, encumbrances and notifications shown in the second schedule.



REGISTER NUMBER

REGISTRAR OF TITLES

LAND DESCRIPTION:

LOT 9000 ON DEPOSITED PLAN 77503

REGISTERED PROPRIETOR: (FIRST SCHEDULE)

PETER JOHN ROBERTSON OF 40 MINORA ROAD, DALKEITH (AF M574877) REGISTERED 12 MARCH 2014

LIMITATIONS, INTERESTS, ENCUMBRANCES AND NOTIFICATIONS: (SECOND SCHEDULE)

1.	*J847459	MORTGAGE TO BANK OF WESTERN AUSTRALIA LTD REGISTERED 26.7.2006.
2.	*M549774	EASEMENT TO WATER CORPORATION FOR PIPELINE PURPOSES - SEE SKETCH ON
		DEPOSITED PLAN 77503 REGISTERED 13.2.2014.
3.	*M574880	RESTRICTIVE COVENANT TO SHIRE OF DENMARK REGISTERED 12.3.2014.
4.	*M574879	CAVEAT BY WESTERN AUSTRALIAN PLANNING COMMISSION LODGED 12.3.2014.

Warning: A current search of the sketch of the land should be obtained where detail of position, dimensions or area of the lot is required. * Any entries preceded by an asterisk may not appear on the current edition of the duplicate certificate of title. Lot as described in the land description may be a lot or location.

STATEMENTS:

The statements set out below are not intended to be nor should they be relied on as substitutes for inspection of the land and the relevant documents or for local government, legal, surveying or other professional advice.

SKETCH OF LAND:DP'PREVIOUS TITLE:269PROPERTY STREET ADDRESS:671LOCAL GOVERNMENT AREA:SHI

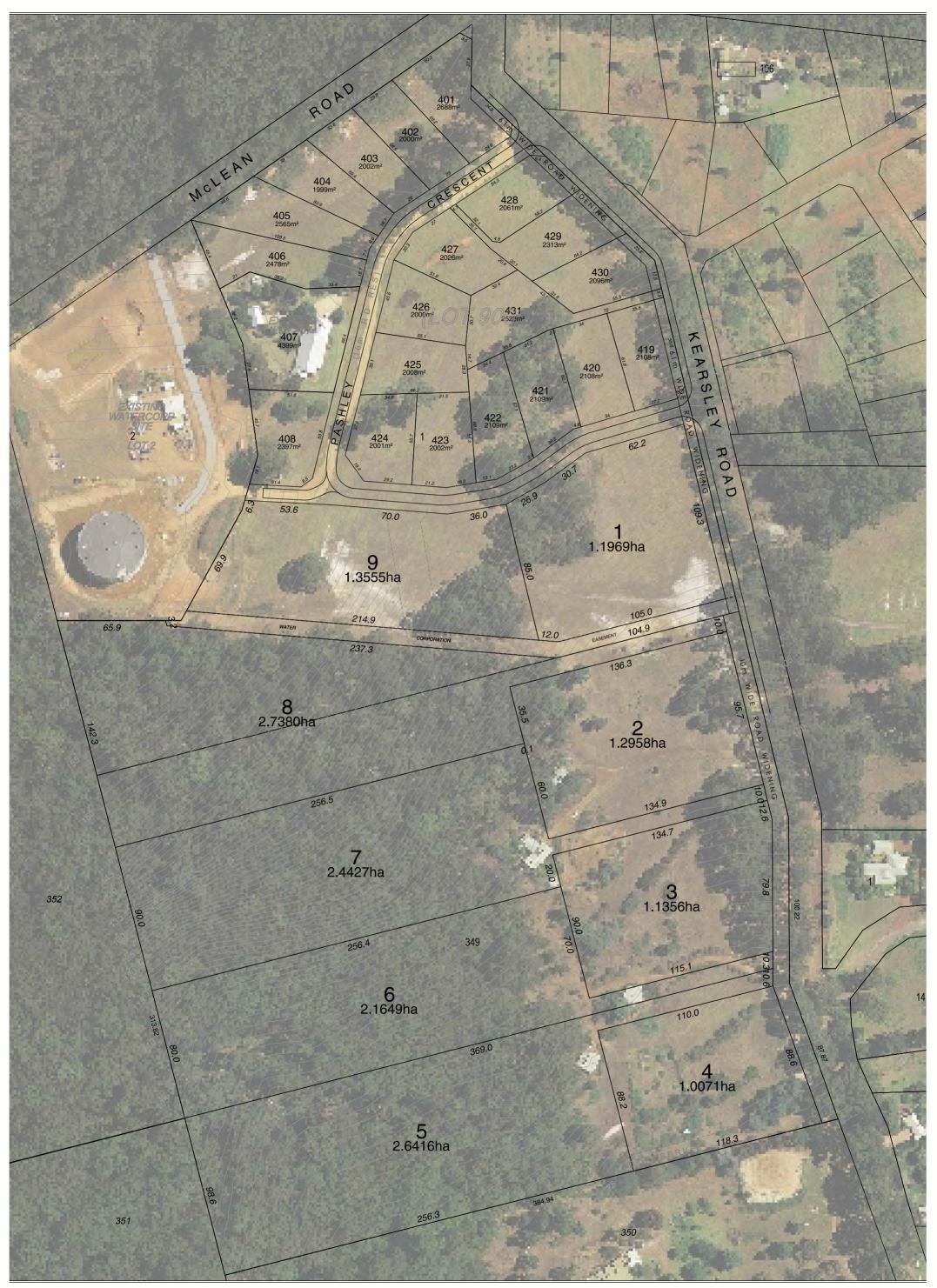
DP77503. 2692-284. 67 KEARSLEY RD, DENMARK. SHIRE OF DENMARK.

NOTE 1:

DUPLICATE CERTIFICATE OF TITLE NOT ISSUED AS REQUESTED BY DEALING J847459



Appendix E- Previous Structure Plan Amendment Design



PROPOSED STRUCTURE PLAN

LOT 9000 and 349 KEARSLEY ROAD DENMARK, WA

SAM WILLIAMS | TOWN PLANNING & PROJECT MANAGEMENT ph: 0418 116216 | email: samwilliams@westnet.com.au date - 20 Jan 2020 | ref - 20-001-001 scale - 1:2000 @ A3

 $(\mathbf{\hat{N}})$ Om Appendix F- Infrastructure Report



LOT 349 KEARSLEY ROAD, DENMARK

Engineering Infrastructure Report

November 2021

CLIENT: RC DEVELOPMENTS C/- WILLIAMS CONSULTING

PROJECT: LOT 349 KEARSLEY ROAD, DENMARK WA

TITLE: LOT 349 KEARSLEY ROAD DENMARK: ENGINEERING INFRASTRUCTURE REPORT

DOCUMENT REVIEW					
Revision	Date Issued	Written By	Reviewed By	Approved By	
1	15/02/2021	JBSMALL	JBSMALL	CCBITMEAD	
2	18/02/2021	JBSMALL	JBSMALL	CCBITMEAD	
3	04/11/2021	JBSMALL	JBSMALL	CCBITMEAD	

Note:

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1 INTRODUCTION

This report has been prepared by TABEC to provide broad servicing and infrastructure advice for the proposed subdivision of Lot 349 and a portion of Lot 9000, Kearsley Road Denmark. The review is based on the Structure Plan Map prepared by Williams Consulting dated February 2021.

This report is based on the civil engineering aspects required to deliver the proposed residential subdivision and summarises the location and availability of existing infrastructure in the area.

The investigation and preparation of the report includes the advice from various service authorities, advice from other consultants and experience in the locality. The information is subject to change as further detail is resolved during the design phases, though is current as of November 2021.

Figure 1 illustrates the location of the location of Lot 349 and a portion of Lot 9000 on the aerial image.



Figure 1 – Site location and aerial image (Nearmap)

2 THE STUDY AREA

The proposed development site is 13.03ha which comprises 12.315ha of Lot 349 and 0.72ha from a portion of Lot 9000. Bot lots are located to the immediate west of Kearsley Road. As seen above, Lot 349 is generally square shaped with north-south dimension of approximately 315m and east-west approximately 385m. Kearsley Road exists only for approximately 65m of the frontage to Lot 349, before becoming Wishart Place. The remaining section of Kearsley Road is currently unmade. Lot 349 is located 415m south of McLean Road and about 300m north of Shadforth Road.



There is an existing Water Corporation easement through Lot 9000 to protect existing 500mm and 375mm water mains.

Approximately 60% of Lot 349 is densely vegetated, with the eastern previously cleared. There appears existing houses, sheds, vehicle tracks, fences and rural type facilities as existing improvements all located in the previously cleared areas.

There is existing large vegetation along the boundary of the Kearsley Road reserve.

An extract from the current Structure Plan Map is included in Figure 2. The current estimated yield for the development of Lot 349 is 40 residential lots. This includes three lots and a drainage reserve in a portion of Lot 9000. It is noted the final lot yield is subject to progression of the engineering design including resolution to a proposed drainage basin size and location. The majority of the nominated lots are around 50m in depth by 30m wide.

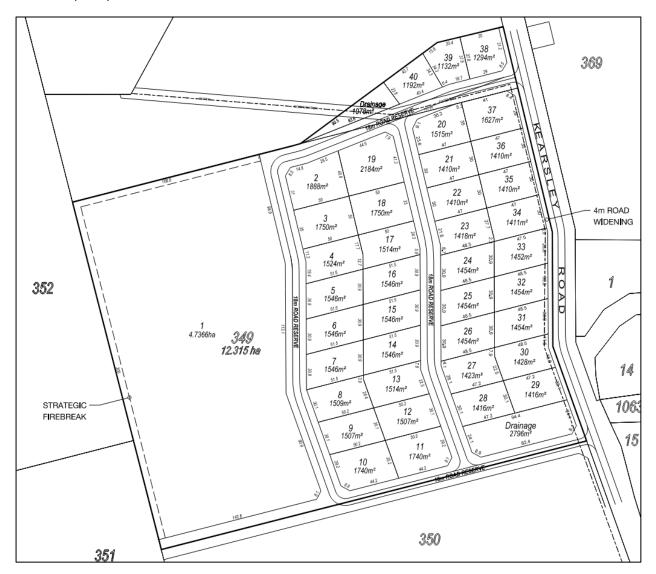


Figure 2 – Concept Development Plan (Williams Consulting)



2.1 Landform

Preliminary survey information provided by Denmark Survey and Mapping in shows 1m contours across the development area. The existing surface elevations shown as contour banding included in Figure 3.

Both Lots 349 and 9000 contain very steep grades. The image shows the highest location on site is in the north-west corner, at an approximate elevation of 153mAHD. There is large amount of fall of approximately 85m across Lot 349 toward the south-east corner near Kearsley Road where the elevation is approximately 68mAHD. The average grade across the existing contours is therefore approximately 1 in 6 or 17% which is considered very steep, though noting this is an average grade, with steeper sections in the north-west corner, up to about 32% or approximately 1 in 3.

Along the Kearsley Road reserve on the eastern boundary of Lot 349, there is 42m of fall, with a level of 110m at the northern boundary. The grade along Kearsley Road is therefore an average of 13%.

Beyond Lot 349, about 150m north there is a high-point in the localised landform at elevation of 166mAHD. This forms the extent of the drainage catchment boundaries, which will direct overland runoff toward Lot 349. The site is therefore located in steep terrain.

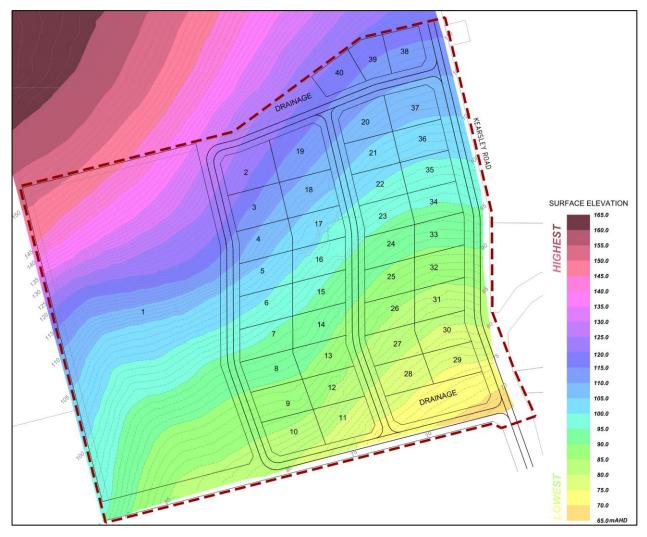


Figure 3 – Existing surface levels and contour banding (TABEC)



2.2 Groundwater and Acid Sulphate Soils

Given the elevated nature of the site, the groundwater table is not anticipated to be encountered onsite, however perched water may be found in shallow excavations which may require dewatering during construction activities onsite.

Excavations works related to the proposed subdivision are not expected to be greater than 3.0m in depth. Also, works are not within 500m of a known wetland. According to the Department of Water and Environmental Regulation, the risk of encountering acid sulphate soils generally increases in water-logged, high groundwater table environments.

As there is a limitation on the amount of soil disturbance related to the subdivision works, generally the risk of encountering acid sulphate soils inside Lots 349 or 9000 Kearsley Road is therefore considered to be low.

3 SITEWORKS

In order to prepare the site for the proposed urban development, where necessary, areas will be cleared of existing vegetation where necessary with grubbing out of the roots. Topsoil will be stripped to remove any shallow organic and root matter, which is generally expected in varying depths between approximately 100mm to 200mm.

3.1 Tree Protection

Since Lot 349 contains dense vegetation in the western areas, where the majority of existing vegetation is intended to be protected and retained. Site works will be limited to the proposed road reserves.

In other vegetated areas, such as the Kearsley Road boundary, the civil design outcomes would intend to retain the trees, however some clearing may be necessary in order to complete road construction and services installation and to provide cross-over access for lots fronting Kearsley Road.

The location of the proposed drainage basin will require earth working in order to contain the required storm events, and therefore clearing and re-contouring would be necessary in the south-east corner of Lot 349 and also for the basin shown in the portion of Lot 9000. The exact size and shape of the proposed drainage basins is subject to more detailed engineering design reviews.

Otherwise, typically vegetation within ± 150 mm earthwork band and outside the service trenching requirements can be retained and this would be the intention for the majority of Lot 349.

4 EARTHWORKS

4.1 Ground Conditions

Given the topography across the Structure Plan Map and in view of the surrounding areas, the ground conditions are expected to contain gravel materials, with potential rock, sandy-clay and sandy-gravels.

While there is currently no available geotechnical report from site investigations, this would be completed prior to commencing civil works designs to ensure adequate site preparation requirements were documented along with the review of a suitable pavement design, specific to the site conditions. The



investigation would include excavation of various test pits to provide visual inspection of the ground conditions and for samples to be collected for geotechnical assessment.

Given the sandy-clay material that is anticipated, there is likely to be medium plasticity and some cohesive soil properties. A detailed geotechnical investigation would assess the ground strength along the proposed road reserves.

In particular, the California Bearing Ratios (CBR) for the various material types onsite should be confirmed. While sandy or gravel material would provide a strong, suitable sub-base for road and services installation, potential weaker sandy-clay may have very low CBR values and if considered soft, would be unsuitable for a road subgrade, service trench bedding or backfill material. In which case, adequate bedding and subbase material would need to be included in the civil works construction.

A low CBR is not unexpected for clayey materials and options to increase the road subgrade strength will need to be considered. This may include re-use of gravel from other areas onsite, over-excavating the clayey material and replacement with backfilling of structurally suitable sand for an improved compacted subbase, or increasing the pavement thickness to improve the strength over softer clay materials. Similarly, sand may need to be used for service trench backfilling to provide suitable compaction and pipe support, especially in trafficable locations.

4.2 Site Preparation

Given the lot sizes are all generally greater than about 1,200m2, re-grading of the site in order to support the development form is intended to be limited to road reserves, with encroachments into residential lots only for the proposed extent of earthworks batters. The concept earthworks plan includes 2% verges in all road reserves, and then batters nominated at 1:3 to meet natural ground levels onsite. Given the fall across Lot 349, this will result in both cut and fill batters accordingly.

The extent of the earthworks batters is indicated on Figure 5 which shows modified contours as a hatching outside the coloured road reserves. Based on the current model, the north-west corner of the site shows a batter extending approximately 20m outside the road reserve boundary into Lot 9000. In order to minimise clearing as much as possible, a stone-pitched 1:1.5 batter is proposed. Access and a negotiated outcome with the adjoining land owner is therefore required, for further assessment during detailed design stage.

While earthworks are only intended to be limited to the roadworks and to facilitate services installations, an indicative cross-section is included in Figure 4 to demonstrate how future lot owners may locally regrade building pads within the lots. No retaining is proposed and level differences would be made-up with earth batters.

The earthworks methodology is likely to involve clearing where necessary, followed by stripping of topsoil, organic and any other deleterious material onsite within road reserves and areas which are to be recontoured. The earthworks program will require the compaction of any identified loose ground material. It is recommended that the exposed ground beneath earthworks footprints including pavement areas be proof rolled with a vibrating smooth drum roller of say 14 tonnes deadweight.

A depth of 0.5 m of medium dense or denser sand is suggested below subgrade level for the road network. A compaction level of not less than 8 blows per 300 mm Perth sand penetrometer (PSP) penetration at least to a depth of 0.5m below standard pavements is a general recommendation. Due to the expected presence of clayey material onsite, any areas that show signs of excessive deformation during compaction



should be compacted until deformation ceases or, alternatively, the poor quality material should be excavated and replaced with suitable structural filling and compacted.

To allow detailed engineering design, geotechnical advice shall be sought to confirm earthworks and ground preparation methodologies.

The locations of building pads within each of the lots may be pre-determined, otherwise it is expected that lot owners will locally earthworks the extent of proposed building pads.

5 ROADWORKS

Currently, the only formal road frontage to Lot 349 is about 60m of Kearsley Road, before it bends to the east and connects to Wishart Place. There is however a gravel access track along the Kearsley Road reserve which extends through to McLean Road in the existing road reserve. The greater portion of Lot 9000 is accessible from McLean Road to the north.

As shown on the Structure Plan Map, the proposed subdivision is intended to be serviced with 18m wide road reserves. And as noted previously, Kearsley Road is proposed to include a 4m widening to protect Water Corporation's existing 500mm steel main.

The road shown inside a portion of Lot 9000 will need to accommodate existing Water Corporation trunk water mains with adequate protections during the works. The alignments shall be confirmed and adopted into the progression of planning documents.

Kearsley Road would need to be constructed to the full extent of the Lot 349 frontage in order to provide formalised access to the proposed 9 lots along the eastern boundary. To minimise clearing along Kearsley Road, shared crossovers would be proposed for lots fronting Kearsley Road.

The Structure Plan Map indicates shared road alignments and access with land owner of Lot 350 to the south of Lot 319. The road reserve connection to Kearsley Road is shared with the road centreline on the boundary with Lot 350.

Through the densely vegetated western portion of Lot 349, the boundary is proposed to include a 6m wide, cleared, trafficable service access route.

Roads will be paved with asphalt and kerbed in accordance with the Shire of Denmark and Institute of Public Works Engineers Australasia specifications. Alternate treatments, particularly at entry statements may be included in the engineering design.

Included in Figure 5 is a road grade plan based on the preliminary earthworks models which demonstrates how the intended longitudinal grades vary significantly and are steep. The Shire of Denmark Guidelines for Development and Subdivision of Land state that Access Roads shall have an absolute maximum grade of 15%. The preliminary long-section have maintained this design criteria.

As indicated in Figure 6 showing the road profile plan for Road 01, at the location of the bend in the northwest corner of Lot 349, there may be up to approximately 7m of cut in order to satisfy this current road design requirement.

Further refinement of the Structure Plan Map may be considered to improve the earthworks efficiency connected to the road design. This may be considered further in relation to the Shire's maximum acceptable road grade, bending pavement and lot access.





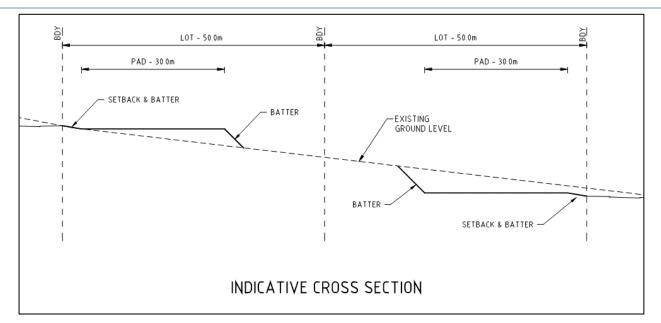


Figure 4 – Indicative earthworks in future lots (TABEC)



Figure 5 – Road Grade Plan (TABEC)





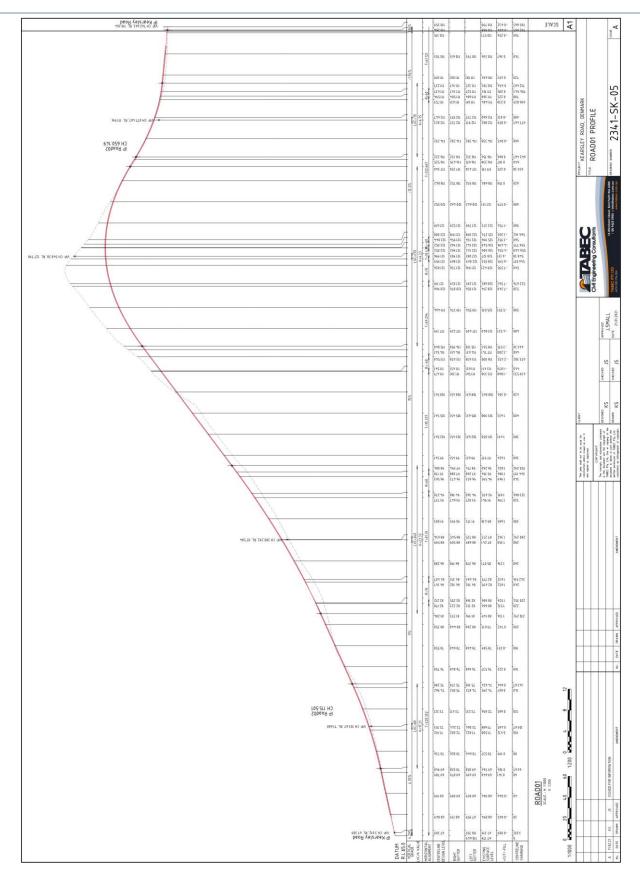


Figure 6 – Proposed Profile for Road 1 (TABEC)



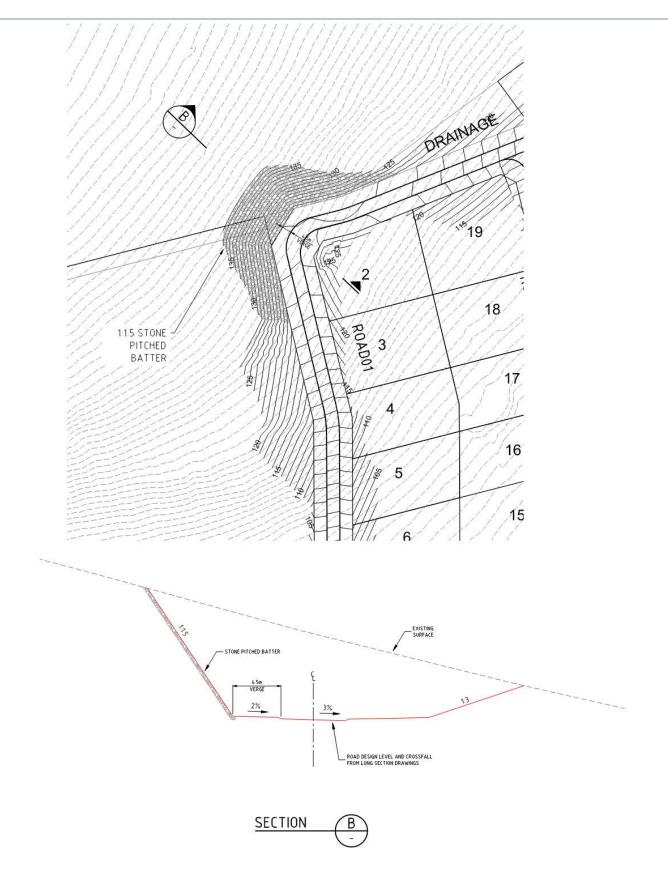


Figure 7 – Proposed Batter Treatment in NW corner (TABEC)



6 STORMWATER DRAINAGE

According to available drainage as-constructed plans, there are currently 225mm diameter stormwater drainage pipes in the eastern verge of Kearsley Road. This appears to drain a portion of Wishart Place, through an easement to a dam located on Lot 16, which is about 85m to the south-east of Lot 349. There is also a separate piped connection draining the Wishart Place culdesac, through an easement at the boundaries of Lots 10 and 11, to the same dam on Lot 16.

Similarly, the southern section of Kearsley Road drains through a 4.0m wide pipe easement, through McIlroy Bend.

The existing piped stormwater drainage system in the surrounding area is therefore not continuous and relies on a variety of easements and localised dams. In addition, the Shire of Denmark has advised that the existing piped system in Kearsley Road is currently at capacity.

Given the ground material has low permeability and steep grades, there is substantial overland run-off which will need to be managed in storm events. Hyd2o were therefore engaged to assess the stormwater drainage requirements for the Structure Plan Map areas, considering detention requirements, and upgraded flow paths downstream toward the creek south of Mount Shadforth Road.

The contributing catchment area to Kearsley Rd from the site is 31.3ha, of which 18.1ha is currently forested and approximately 13.2ha is rural. Hyd2o have completed stormwater modelling to asses 15mm 1 hr event, 20% AEP event, and the 1% AEP event (100 year Average Recurrence Interval event).

In the modelling, lots are assumed to provide 15 mm retention on site consistent with typical Department of Water and Environmental Regulation (DWER) requirements. Larger events were assumed to flow from lots to the road drainage network.

The total area required for flood storage for management of events up to the 1% AEP event is approximately 2,610m2, with a total detention storage volume of approximately 2,250m3. This equates to approximately 2.1% of the site area which is proposed to be constructed in the south-eastern corner of Lot 349, or alternatively may potentially be located in the adjacent Lot 350 if a suitable arrangement can be negotiated with that land owner.

The Hyd2o report states that with respect to the storage outlet, it is recommended that it be designed to accommodate an outflow consistent with the predevelopment flow rate from the site. To achieve this a low level outlet pipe of 525mm diameter will be required.

Since there is no existing opportunity for a piped system to connect to, and lack of capacity in the existing downstream facilities in Kearsley Road, the outlet will require an upgraded flow path to manage overland stormwater flows in major events. This will need to be negotiated with the adjacent landholdings.

The proposed outcome and final agreement shall be documented in an Urban Water Management Plan during the design phase in the subdivision of Lot 349 and a portion of Lot 9000.

With respect to minor events, stormwater runoff collected via the road network to a conventional pit and pipe drainage network. The road network will generally be designed with one-way cross-falls to efficiently capture stormwater. The piped stormwater system including outlet structures will be designed and constructed according to Shire of Denmark engineering guidelines.

Extracted figures from the Hyd2o drainage assessment and included in Figures 8 and 9.



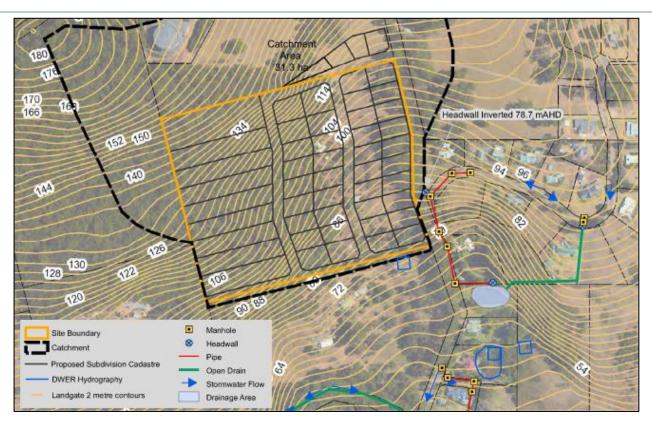


Figure 8 – Stormwater Drainage Catchment Plan (Hyd2o)



Figure 9 – Stormwater Management Plan (Hyd2o)



7 WASTEWATER

The nearest Water Corporation reticulated sewer is located in Barrett Heights, which is located approximately 450m east of the Lot 349 boundary. There is also existing sewer located in Willow Creek Drive near the intersection of Mount Shadforth Road. Both sewers are part of a larger catchment which grades to the Holling Road Waste Water Pump Station, near South Coast Highway intersection.

Notwithstanding capacity reviews which require further assessment by Water Corporation including assessments of any headworks infrastructure items, the Willow Creek Drive connection appears the most suitable proposed connection point to discharge sewer from Lots 349 and a portion of Lot 9000.

Access to sewer in Barrett Heights would rely on negotiated access with easements through land holdings and is therefore not a preferable outcome.

The invert of the sewer at Willow Creek Drive is 30.48mAHD. The approximately surface contour is about 32mAHD in that location, which consistently rises up toward Lot 349 on Kearsley Road. A proposed sewer connection to Willow Creek Drive would require an approximate 640m offsite extension, in existing road reserves. Sections of the route are heavily vegetated and it would be expected that installation through boring and trenchless techniques are necessary, along with traffic management.

The extent of existing sewers is shown in Figure 10 with a potential route for the sewer extension and connection to Willow Creek Drive indicated.

For sewer installation to service the proposed subdivision, including offsite works, the developer will be responsible for funding all construction works. Standard Water Corporation headworks contributions per lot will also apply.

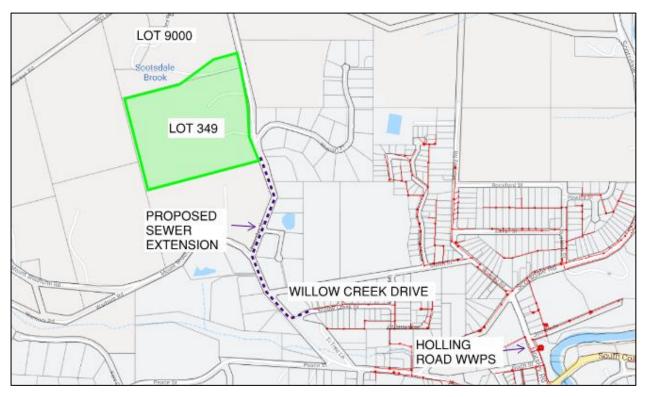


Figure 10 – Waste Water Planning, June 2019 (Water Corporation)



8 WATER SUPPLY

Currently, there are various Water Corporation assets in proximity to Lots 349 and 9000 and along Kearsley Road, which have been identified on the Structure Plan Map.

To the north of Lot 349 is Water Corporation's McLean Road high level tank, with a top water level of 174.1mAHD. There is also the Kearsley Road tank with a top water level of 115.0mAHD, located to the north-west of Lot 349.

Since the highest elevation on Lot 349 is 153mAHD, and generally all residential areas will likely be at about, or below the 135m contour, it would appear the McLean Road high level tank may provide sufficient head pressure to service all lots with in the proposed development on lot 349.

Notwithstanding capacity reviews, given the top water level in the Kearsley Road tank is at a lower level, approximately half of the proposed residential lots within Lot 349 could not be serviced from that supply without booster pumps.

From the McLean Road high level tank, there are two water mains, which run toward the south-east, to Kearsley Road. These include a 375mm main which continues east, to Wishart Place. There is also a 500mm steel main, which runs south parallel to Kearsley Road.

The 500mm steel main is inside the existing Lot 349 boundary and a portion of Lot 9000, and is of major importance to the water supply scheme in the area. The current Structure Plan Map therefore includes a 4m road widening to ensure uninterrupted access and protection to the existing pipe. The road reserve will need to contain and protect the existing major trunk water mains.

The existing Water Corporation pipelines, locations of the high levels tanks are shown in Figure 11.

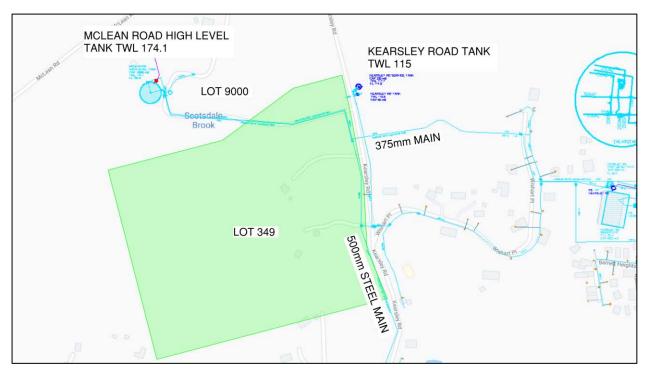


Figure 11 – Existing Water Supply Services (Water Corporation)



Subject to planning reviews by Water Corporation and confirmation of connection requirements, it is expected that the existing 375mm main could provide reticulated water supplies to the subdivision of Lot 349, as it already does to residential areas further east. The subdivision of Lot 349 would include smaller mains with in the road network, with lot connections throughout.

Water mains within the proposed subdivision are to be designed and constructed according to the Water Corporation specifications with installation funded by the developer. Standard infrastructure contributions will also be included.

9 POWER SUPPLY

There is an existing three-phase high-voltage overhead feeder cable through Lot 350, which becomes an underground cable at Kearsley Road, located approximately 260m south of Lot 349. On the eastern side of Kearsley Road, there is an existing underground HV cable which services existing development in Wishart Place, however this cable has no spare capacity to provide power services to the proposed subdivision of Lots 349 and a portion of Lot 9000.

As indicated by Western Power on the network capacity mapping, there is sufficient power in the vicinity of the development site, however to deliver power to Lots 349 and 9000, an extension of the HV network will be necessary.

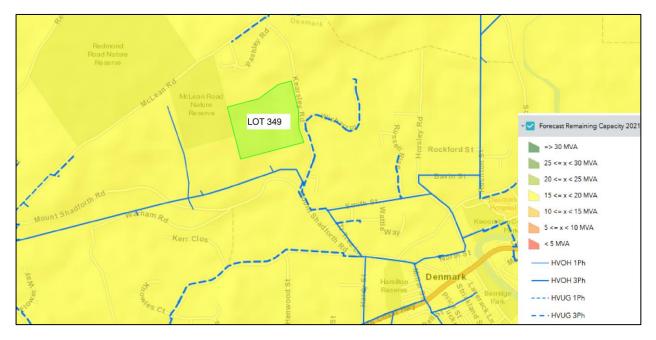


Figure 12 – Western Power Network Capacity Mapping Tool (Western Power)

In order to service the Structure Plan Map, it is proposed that two new 400HV cables be installed on the western side of Kearsley Road, from the same take-off point of the existing underground cable. Therefore, an extension of about 260m to the southern boundary of Lot 349 is required. Given the significant vegetation along Kearsley Road, it is anticipated the majority of these new power services would be installed through trenchless technologies, and drilled to minimise clearing requirements.

The subdivision would be serviced with a switchgear and transformer. Land area up to approximately 50m2 may be required as extensions of the road reserve to accommodate these.



Power and street lighting within the subdivision would be delivered through 240LV extensions, with underground pillar connections made at the road boundary of each lot.

The effects of earth potential rise (EPR) issues will require investigation with site testing and earth resistivity assessments. This will be particularly important in relation to the existing 500mm steel water main, which is parallel to the proposed additional two new HV cables and shall be investigated.

Confirmation of Western Power servicing of the development is subject to a formal request being lodged. A Design Information Package (DIP) will be requested in order to commence that process.

10 COMMUNICATIONS

The proposed subdivision falls within NBN's fixed wireless footprint, indicating NBN Co would be the infrastructure provider of last resort for broadband internet, however it is possible that Telstra may be relied upon for telephone communications.

It is expected NBN Co will extend its fixed line footprint to cover the proposed development providing Fibre to the Premises (FTTP) infrastructure. This will be resolved when a Developer Agreement application is submitted to NBN Co for detailed assessment.

Therefore, the developer will be responsible for the installation of a fibre-ready pit and pipe system which is suitable and compliant with the NBN Co policy and design requirements. This has recently become a WAPC subdivision condition and would be expected to apply to Lots 349 and 9000 Kearsley Road. As shown in Figure 13 below, NBN services are available in Denmark and the surrounding areas to the site.

NBN Co levy two infrastructure charges, a Deployment Charge of \$600/dwelling for single residential services and often, a backhaul charge where there is insufficient infrastructure. Backhaul charges are not anticipated, though would be confirmed one an application for a Developer Agreement is made.



Figure 13 – NBN Rollout Map for Denmark (NBN website)



11 CONCLUSION

Notwithstanding various servicing proposals are required to be resolved in further detail and negotiated with each Authority, from the available desktop data, there does not appear to be engineering related constraints preventing development of Lots 349 and a portion of Lot 9000.

To be resolved in further details, the ultimate drainage overland flow-path for offsite discharge during a major storm event will need to be negotiated with downstream land owners and to the satisfaction of Shire of Denmark. The capacity for downstream sewer will need to be confirmed and protection requirements for Water Corporation's major trunk mains.

Following the submission of the Local Structure Plan, subdivision approval will be sought from the Western Australian Planning Commission. Formal detailed engineering design and approvals will be completed in order to satisfy the subdivision conditions that are anticipated to be issued.

As this report is based on the preliminary servicing advice and investigations completed to date, it is recommended that each Authority be kept informed as the planning progresses and concept engineering designs are refined. Communicating the proposed time-frames for the staged development is also important to inform and coordinate designs and approvals from all relevant Authorities.

12 REFERENCES

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- MNG Access, online map viewer. February 2021
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- Water Corporation, planning and infrastructure mapping. February 2021
- Water Corporation, Denmark Servicing Enquiry, emails. 06 August 2020
- Western Power, Network Capacity Mapping Tool. February 2021

Appendix G- Stormwater Modelling



8 January 2021

Your Ref: Our Ref: H20096Av1

TABEC 14 Wickham Street East Perth WA 6004 Attention: Jonathan Small

Dear Jonathan,

LOT 349 KEARSLEY RD DENMARK HYDROLOGICAL STUDY

As requested, please find below Hyd2o's report detailing stormwater modelling conducted for the proposed development of Lot 349 Kearsley Rd Denmark (herein referred to as the site).

This report provides an assessment of the existing surface water hydrology of the site and based on modelling outcomes provides recommendations for post development stormwater management.

1. BACKGROUND

The proposed development of the site is shown in Figure 1 and comprises a residential development of approximately 50 lots, with sizes ranging from 1200 m^2 to 8000 m^2 , together with a proposed road network connecting to the northern end of bitumised section of Kearsley Rd.

The total site is approximately 12.3 ha in area, and is part of a greater topographic catchment area of approximately 31.3 ha (Figure 1). The catchment is relatively steep with the highest point of the catchment area at 180 mAHD in the northwest, falling to 68 mAHD in the southeastern corner.

The catchment area contains no defined watercourses and flow would currently occur as diffuse overland flow across neighbouring properties.

At the wider scale, the site is located within the catchment of the unnamed watercourse which crosses Mt Shadforth Rd approximately 700m south of the site (Figure 1).

Stormwater drainage infrastructure details as provided by the Shire of Denmark for Kearsley Rd are shown in Figure 1. Plped drainage is discontinuous, with part of the road currently draining via an easement to a stormwater management area which appears to be in private property. Pipes sizes in Kearsley Rd range in size from 200mm to 375mm, and based on council advice (Geoff Cole, pers comm), the system is known to be currently under capacity for its existing flows.

From this perspective, any constructed outflow from the site is therefore likely to require an upgraded flow path to enable the safe passage of flow to the creek crossing Mt Shadforth Rd or to the existing storage in Kearsley Rd.

2. EXISTING CATCHMENT FLOW ESTIMATION

The contributing catchment area to Kearsley Rd from the site is 31.3 ha, of which 18.1 ha is currently forested and approximately 13.2 ha is rural.

To estimate the pre-development flow rates from the site Hyd2o utilised a range of various methods including the Australian Rainfall and Runoff (AR&R 2016) Regional Flood Frequency (RFFE) methods, previous Australian Rainfall and Runoff (AR&R 1987) Rational and Flood Index Methods, and an XP-Storm model.

Hyd2o estimated peak flows for a range of storm events up to the 1% Annual Exceedance Probability (AEP, %) event based on applying the various methodologies are summarised in Table 1. Detailed model outputs are contained in Attachments A & B.

The results indicate a wide degree of variability in the estimates, however estimates provided via the Rational Method and XP-Storm are broadly comparable. In relation to the RFFE estimate, a review of its outputs shows the nearby gauging station catchment area and flow relationships indicate the RFFE estimate for the 1% AEP event is likely to be overestimated.

On this basis, the adopted predevelopment flows for design are summarised in Table 1 based on XP-Storm modelling results.

	Flow Estimate (m3/s) for Various Even				
Flow Estimate Method	20% AEP	1% AEP			
AR&R 2016 RFFE Method	0.32	2.04			
AR&R 1987 Rational	0.23	0.75			
AR&R 1987 Index Flood	0.18	0.38			
XP Storm Modelling	0.35	0.78			
Adopted Flows for Design /Post Development Modelling	0.35	0.78			

Table 1: Pre Development Flow Estimates Used Various Methods

3. POST DEVELOPMENT STORMWATER MODELLING

The proposed post development stormwater management area was modelled using XP-Storm, an industry standard program that performs detailed hydraulic and hydrological calculations to simulate the performance of stormwater systems for a range of design storm events.

The design storms modelled by XP-Storm were based on Australian Rainfall & Runoff (AR&R) (Ball J, Babister M, Nathan R, Weeks W, Weinmann E, Retallick M, Testoni I, 2016)

hyd₂o

and the Bureau of Meteorology Computerised Design Intensity Frequency Duration (IFD) Rainfall System.

Storms modelled included the 15mm 1 hr event, 20% AEP event, and the 1% AEP event (100 year Average Recurrence Interval event).

Modelled post development landuse is shown in Figure 2, with the area breakdown shown in Table 2. Runoff rates for rural and forested areas were adopted as per predevelopment modelling, with Hyd2o's CURVV runoff rate calculator (Attachment C) used to estimate post-development runoff rates from the road network and lots. Adopted runoff rates are shown in Table 2, with lots assumed to provide 15 mm retention on site consistent with typical Department of Water and Environmental Regulation (DWER) requirements. Larger events were assumed to flow from lots to the road drainage network.

Key elements of the stormwater management area and approach which aims to manage both stormwater quantity and quality includes the following:

- Maintenance of the existing surface water flow paths and catchments consistent with predevelopment.
- Use of filter media and vegetation within the storage to treat minor events (15 mm).
- Use of shallow batters (1:6) to permit landscaping and provide retention of the major storm events (up to the 1% AEP).
- Discharge to the receiving environment at pre development flow rates.

Modelling results are shown in Table 2 and summarised on Figure 2, showing the extent of inundation for major event flood management.

The total area required for flood storage for management of events up to the 1% AEP event is approximately 2610 m², with a total detention storage volume of approximately 2250 m³. This equates to approximately 2.1% of the site area.

Note that storage shape shown in Figure 2 is indicative only to show the area requirement approximately to scale. The final flood attenuation area configuration, location and elevation will be documented as part of future planning and engineering and will be dependent on final earthworks, drainage, and road design levels for the development.

With respect to the storage outlet, this has been designed to accommodate an outflow consistent with the predevelopment flow rate from the site. To achieve this a low level outlet of approximately 525 mm diameter will be required.

Due to the lack of capacity in the downstream system on Kearsley Rd as previously detailed in Section 2, this outlet will require an upgraded flow path to enable safe passage to the creek crossing Mt Shadforth Rd or to the existing storage in Kearsley Rd.

It is recommended this design be undertaken as part of civil design works in consultation with the Shire of Denmark.

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Parameter	Value
Residential: Smaller Lots (ha) (15mm: 0% RO, 20% AEP: 27%, 1% AEP: 56%)	6.3
Residential: Larger Lots (ha) (15mm: 0% RO, 20% AEP: 8%, 1% AEP: 29%)	3.4
Road Reserve (ha) (15mm: 62% RO, 20% AEP: 69%, 1% AEP: 81%)	4.8
Rural (ha) (All Events : 50% RO)	10.9
Forest (ha) (All Events : 20% RO)	5.9
Total Catchment Area (ha)	31.3
Equivalent Impervious Area (EIA) (ha) & Overall Runoff (%) 15mm 20% AEP 1% AEP	9.6 (31%) 11.9 (38%) 15.0 (48%)
Design Parameters	
Outlet Diameter (mm)	525
Storage Base Area (m ²)	1400
Side Slopes (v:h)	1:6
15mm Event	
Volume (m ³)	330
Flood Rise above Invert (m)	0.22
Top Water Level Surface Area (m ²)	1600
Discharge Rate (m³/s)	0.22
20% AEP Event	
Volume (m ³)	585
Flood Rise above Invert (m)	0.37
Top Water Level Surface Area (m²)	1755
Discharge Rate (m³/s)	0.42
1% AEP Event	
Volume (m ³)	2250
Flood Rise above Invert (m)	1.14
Top Water Level Surface Area (m ²)	2610
Discharge Rate (m³/s)	0.74

Table 2: XP Storm Post Development Stormwater Modelling

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4. REFERENCES

Ball J, Babister M, Nathan R, Weeks W, Weinmann E, Retallick M, Testoni I, (2016) Australian Rainfall and Runoff: A Guide to Flood Estimation.

Chow, V.T. (1959) Open Channel Hydraulics

Engineers Australia (1987) Australian Rainfall and Runoff - A Guide to Flood Estimation Volumes 1&2

Western Australian Planning Commission (2008), Better Urban Water Management

Should you have any queries regarding this report, please do not hesitate to contact Sasha Martens of this office.

Yours sincerely,

Sasha Martens, Principal Engineering Hydrologist

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FIGURES

Figure 1: Existing Catchment & Infrastructure Plan

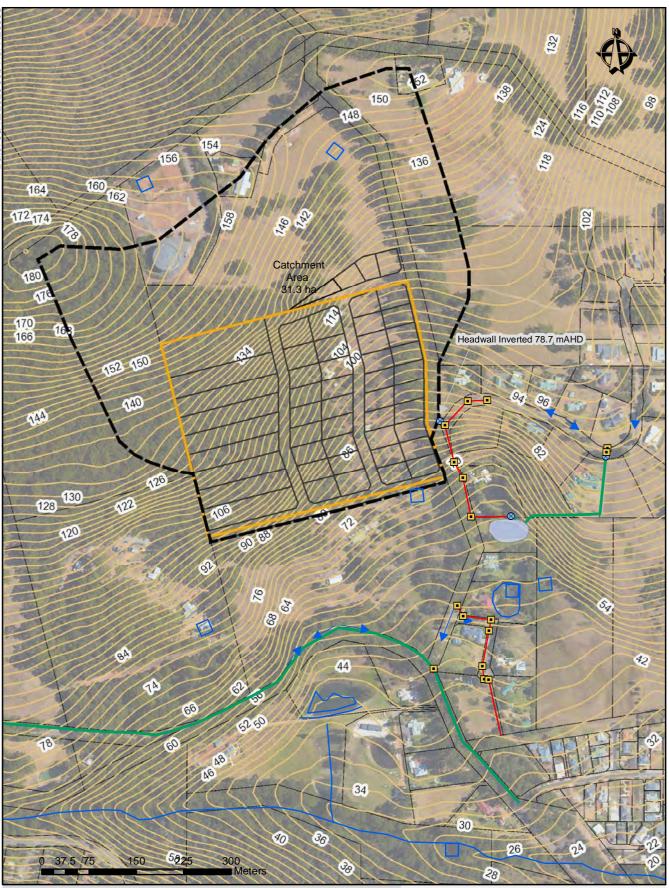
Figure 2: Stormwater Management Plan

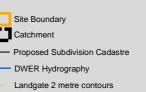
ATTACHMENTS

- A. Peak Flow Estimates: RFFE 2016 & ARR 1987 Method
- B. XP Storm: Predevelopment Modelling Results
- C. CURRV Post Development Runoff Rate Calculator
- D. XP Storm: Post Development Modelling Results

FIGURES







 \otimes

Manhole

Headwall

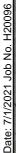
Open Drain

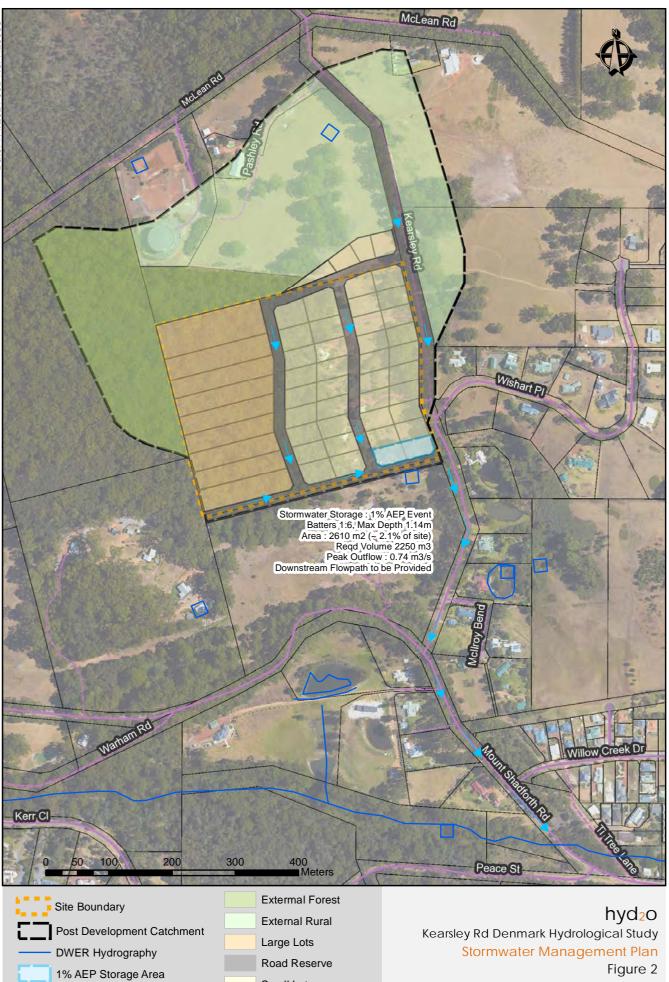
Stormwater Flow

Drainage Area

Pipe

hyd₂O Kearsley Rd Denmark Hydrological Study Catchment & Infrastructure Plan Figure 1





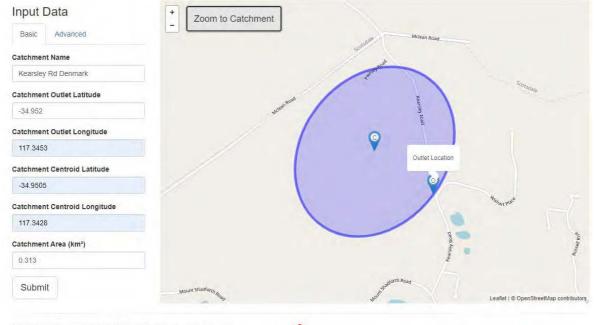
Small Lots

ATTACHMENT A Peak Flow Estimates: RFFE 2016 & ARR 1987 Method

Regional Flood Frequency Estimation Model

Release Version of the Regional Flood Frequency Estimation Model for the 4th edition of Australian Rainfall and Runoff.



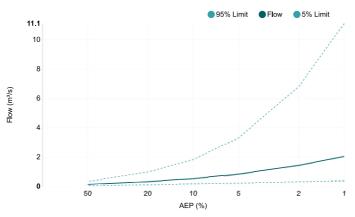


Method by Dr Ataur Rahman and Dr Khaled Haddad from Western Sydney University for the Australian Rainfail and Runoff Project. Full description of the project can be found at the project page on the ARR website. Send any questions regarding the method or project here.



WESTERN SYDNEY UNIVERSITY

Results | Regional Flood Frequency Estimation Model



*The catchment is outside the recommended catchment size of 0.5 to 1,000 km². Results have lower accuracy and may not be directly applicable in practice.

*The catchment has unusual shape. Results have lower accuracy and may not be directly applicable in practice.

AEP (%)	Discharge (m ³ /s)	Lower Confidence Limit (5%) (m ³ /s)	Upper Confidence Limit (95%) (m ³ /s)
50	0.120	0.0400	0.350
20	0.320	0.110	0.980
10	0.540	0.160	1.84
5	0.850	0.220	3.32
2	1.43	0.300	6.79
1	2.04	0.370	11.1

Statistics

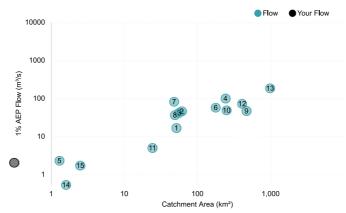
Variable	Value	Standard Dev
Mean	-2.202	0.834
Standard Dev	1.336	0.465
Skew	0.112	0.092

Note: These statistics come from the nearest gauged catchment. Details

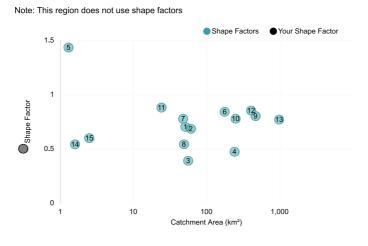
Correlation

1.000		
-0.280	1.000	
-0.050	-0.070	1.000
Not	e: These statistics are common to each region. De	etails.

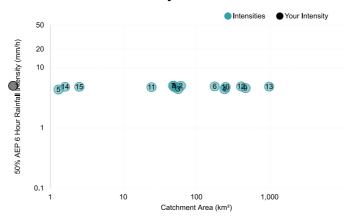
1% AEP Flow vs Catchment Area



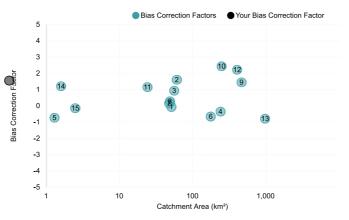
Shape Factor vs Catchment Area



Intensity vs Catchment Area



Bias Correction Factor vs Catchment Area



	Download
🛓 JSON	

🛓 Nearby

🛓 TXT

Input Data	
Date/Time	2021-01-07 20:09
Catchment Name	Kearsley Rd Denmark
Latitude (Outlet)	-34.952
Longitude (Outlet)	117.3453

Input Data

Input Data	
Latitude (Centroid)	-34.9505
Longitude (Centroid)	117.3428
Catchment Area (km²)	0.313*
Distance to Nearest Gauged Catchment (km)	14.17
50% AEP 6 Hour Rainfall Intensity (mm/h)	4.951491
2% AEP 6 Hour Rainfall Intensity (mm/h)	10.684031
Rainfall Intensity Source (User/Auto)	Auto
Region	SW WA
Region Version	RFFE Model 2016 v1
Region Source (User/Auto)	Auto
Shape Factor	0.5*
Interpolation Method	Natural Neighbour
Bias Correction Value	1.552



Method by Dr Ataur Rahman and Dr Khaled Haddad from Western Sydney University for the Australian Rainfall and Runoff Project. Full description of the project can be found at the project page (http://arr.ga.gov.au/revision-projects/project-list/project-5) on the ARR website. Send any questions regarding the method or project here (mailto:admin@arr-software.org).



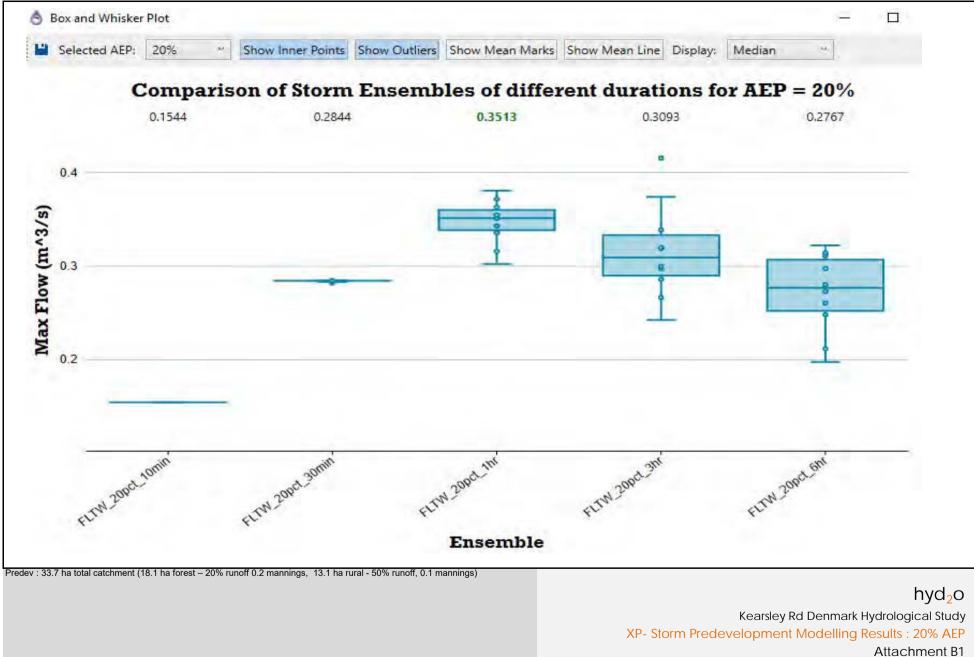
ENGINEERS (http://www.engineersaustralia.org.au)

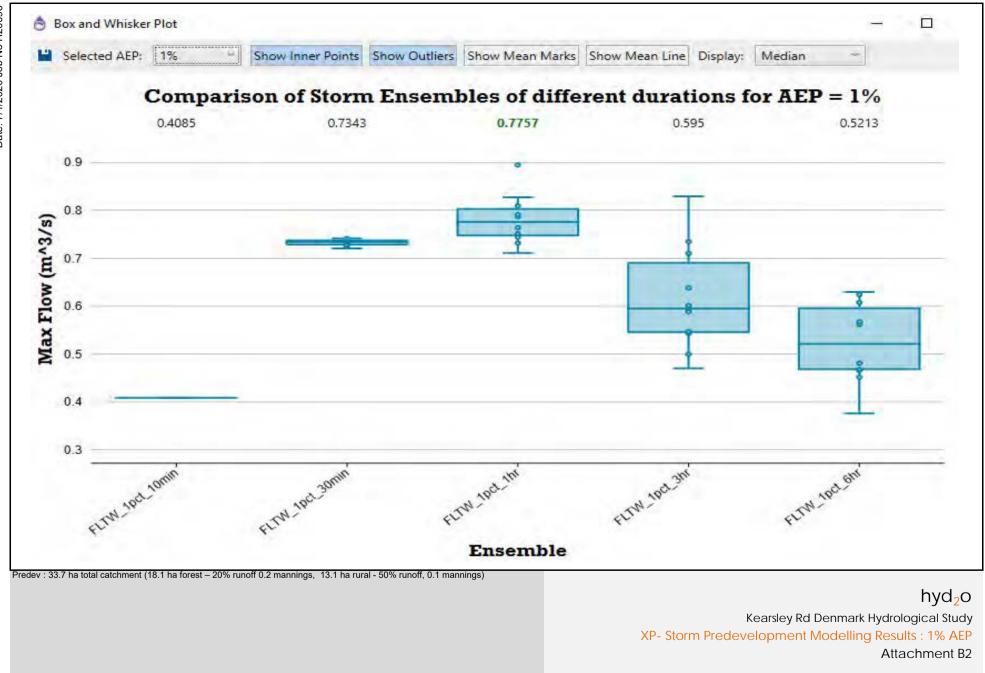


AR&R 1987 Peak Flow Calculator								
SOUTH WEST REGION					r	iyd ₂ c)	
Catchment name Catchment type	Denmark Jarrah forest	t with lateritic s	oils	•	/	DROLOG		
RATIONAL METHOD						DROLOO		
Catchment area Mainstream length Slope Catchment cleared	0.31 0.7 150.0 42.0	km² km m/km %						
C ₁₀ t _c	= 0.144 = 74.0 1.23	mins hours	C10=3.12* tc=2.31A ⁰	*10-2 *100.().54	0043CL*(LS	e)^0.2≀		
ARI (yrs C _v /C ₁₀) 2 0.74	5 0.88	10 1.00	20 1.13	50 1.28	100	-	
I _{tc} value		21.19	24.02	27.92	33.57	extrapolate] mm/hr	
	= 0.16	0.23	0.30	0.40	0.54	0.75	m ³ /s	
INDEX FLOOD METHOD								
Catchment area Annual rainfall Slope Mainstream length Catchment cleared	0.31 1040.0 150.0 0.7 42.0	km ² mm m/km km %						
Q2	= 0.120]	Q2 = 8.22*	*10-9 A0.73	P 2.22 (LS	e)0.28 100.0	064CL	
$\begin{array}{l} \text{ARI (yrs}\\ (Q_y/Q_2)\\ Q_y = Q_2^*(Q_y/Q_2) \end{array}$		5 1.47 0.18	10 1.91 0.23	20 2.41 0.29	50 3.20 0.38	m³/s		
	0.12	0.10	0.20	0.27	0.00			

ATTACHMENT B XP Storm: Predevelopment Modelling Results







ATTACHMENT C CURRV Post Development Runoff Rate Calculator

CURRV

20%

10%

0%

1 min

ulator for Urban Runoff Rates & Volumes L/2021			Imperv Initial	Perv Initial	Perv Continue			EIA/TIA System					ROLOGY
	Area	Use in	Loss	Loss	Loss	On Site	Empty	Connect	Roof	Ext Imp	Ext Perv	, HTD	ROLOGI
d Use Description	(ha)	Calc	mm	mm	mm/hr	Soak (mm)	(days)	Ratio	%	%	%	Comment	
all Lots	6.31	Yes	1.5	20.0	4.0	15.0	1.00	100%	25	25	50	Assume runoff in excess of soakwells to system	1
ad Reserve	3.40	Yes	1.5	20.0	4.0	0.0	1.00	100%	0	70	30	Runoff to stormwater basin	
ge Lots	4.77	Yes	1.5	20.0	4.0	15.0	1.00	60%	10	15	75	Assume remain largely forested	
							1.00						
ernal forest and rural areas							1.00						
emain and runoff as per							1.00						
development rates							1.00						
ARR Regional Runoff Coeff Curves)							1.00						
							1.00						
							1.00						
d Use Graph Selector 1 - combined total)	3]		Large l	Lots								
	3]				Various Lan	d Use and	ARI					
	3]				Various Lan	d Use and	ARI					
1 - combined total)	3					Various Lan	d Use and	d ARI					
1 - combined total)	3					Various Lan	d Use and	d ARI					
60%	3					Various Lan	d Use and						
60%	3					Various Land	d Use and						
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60%	3					Various Land	d Use and						Maximur External forest a
60%	3					Various Land	d Use and						Maximur

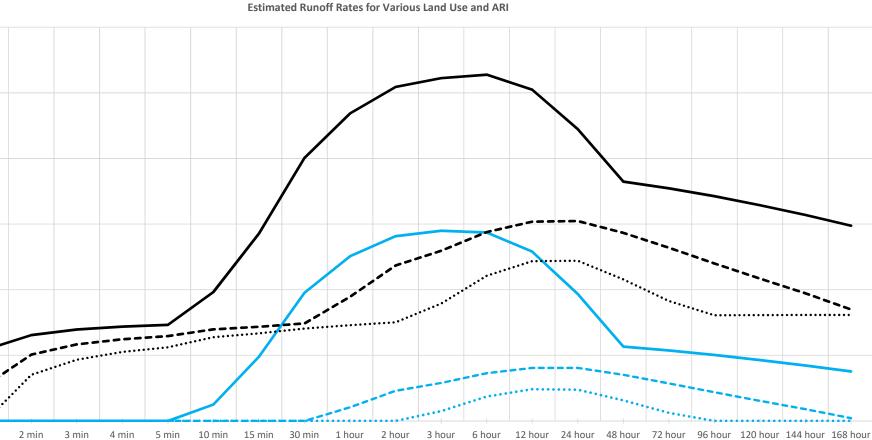
combine

Event Se

Sm Road R Larg

External forest and rura to remain and runoff predevelopmen (via ARR Regional Runoff Coeff

combine



•••••• 1 Year •••• 5 Year •••••• 100 Year •••••• 1 Year Combined ••• 5 Year Combined ••• 100 Year Combined

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Project

Post Dev Runoff Kearsley Rd Denmark

	Annual	Exceeder	nce Proba	ability					
	63.2%	50%	20%	10%	5%	2%	1%		
ration	1.00	1.44	4.48	10	20	50	100		
L min	1.5	1.67	2.24	2.68	3.15	3.84	4.43		
2 min	2.62	2.91	3.89	4.63	5.41	6.5	7.32		
3 min	3.47	3.85	5.16	6.14	7.18	8.65	9.79		
1 min	4.16	4.61	6.17	7.36	8.62	10.4	11.9		
5 min	4.73	5.24	7.02	8.38	9.83	11.9	13.7		
0 min	6.69	7.41	9.95	11.9	14	17.2	19.9		
5 min	7.96	8.82	11.8	14.2	16.7	20.5	23.8		
0 min	10.4	11.5	15.5	18.5	21.8	26.6	30.7		
hour	13.4	14.9	19.9	23.6	27.7	33.5	38.3		
hour	17.4	19.3	25.6	30.3	35.2	42.2	47.9		
hour	20.4	22.5	29.9	35.2	40.9	48.8	55.3		
hour	26.9	29.7	39.3	46.3	53.6	64.2	73		
2 hour	35.4	39.2	52	61.6	71.8	87.1	100		
4 hour	46.2	51	68.2	81.7	96.5	120	140		
8 hour	58.7	64.9	87.4	106	127	160	189		
2 hour	67	73.9	99.4	120	144	183	216		
5 hour	73.4	80.9	108	130	156	196	232		
0 hour	79	86.9	115	138	163	204	240		
4 hour	84.2	92.2	121	143	167	207	244		
8 hour	89.1	97.3	125	147	170	207	244		

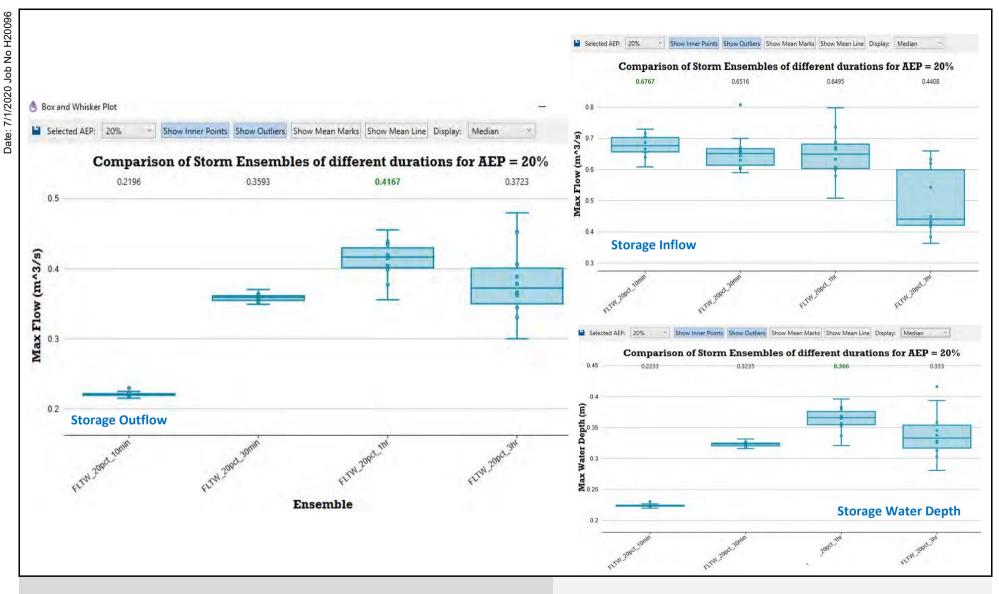
Rainfall IFD Data

Estimated Runoff Rates

Annual Exceedence Probability										
	63.2%	50%	20%	10%	5%	2%	1%			
imum of All Events	1.00	1.44	4.48	10	20	50	100			
Small Lots	16%	19%	27%	31%	40%	50%	56%			
Road Reserve	<mark>69%</mark>	<mark>69%</mark>	<mark>69%</mark>	70%	74%	78%	81%			
Large Lots	5%	<mark>6%</mark>	8%	11%	18%	25%	29%			
0	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%			
rest and rural areas	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%			
n and runoff as per	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%			
edevelopment rates	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%			
unoff Coeff Curves)	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%			
0	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%			
0	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%			
combined total	24%	26%	30%	33%	40%	48%	53%			

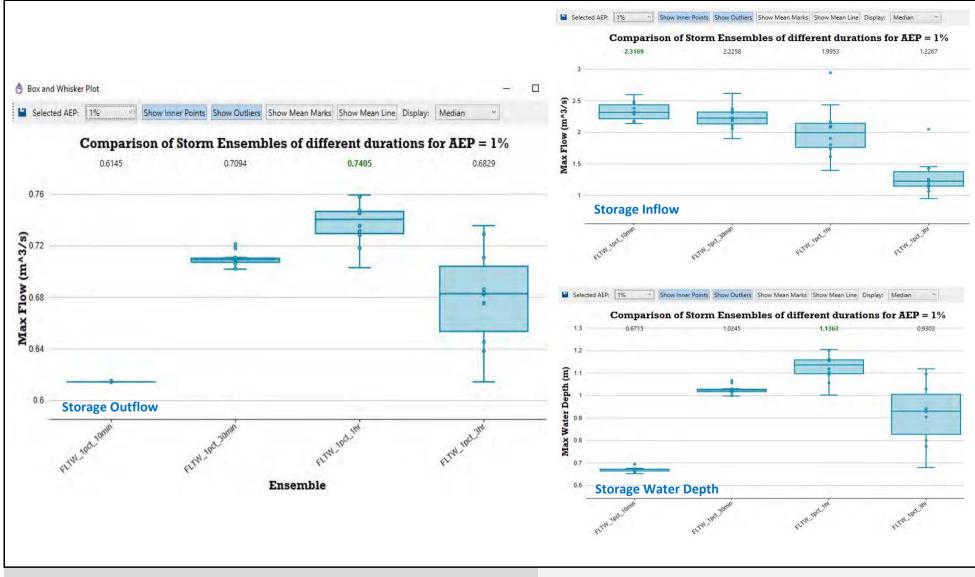
Selector	9	1 hour					
nall Lots	0%	0%	7%	14%	26%	39%	46%
Reserve	<mark>62%</mark>	63%	65%	66%	70%	75%	78%
rge Lots	0%	0%	2%	4%	12%	20%	25%
0	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
al areas	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
f as per	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
nt rates	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
Curves)	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
0	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
0	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
ed total	15%	15%	19%	23%	32%	41%	47%

ATTACHMENT D XP Storm: Post Development Modelling Results



hyd₂o

Kearsley Rd Denmark Hydrological Study XP- Storm Post Development Modelling Results : 20% AEP Attachment D1



hyd₂O Kearsley Rd Denmark Hydrological Study XP- Storm Post Development Modelling Results : 1% AEP Attachment D2

Date: 7/1/2020 Job No H20096