

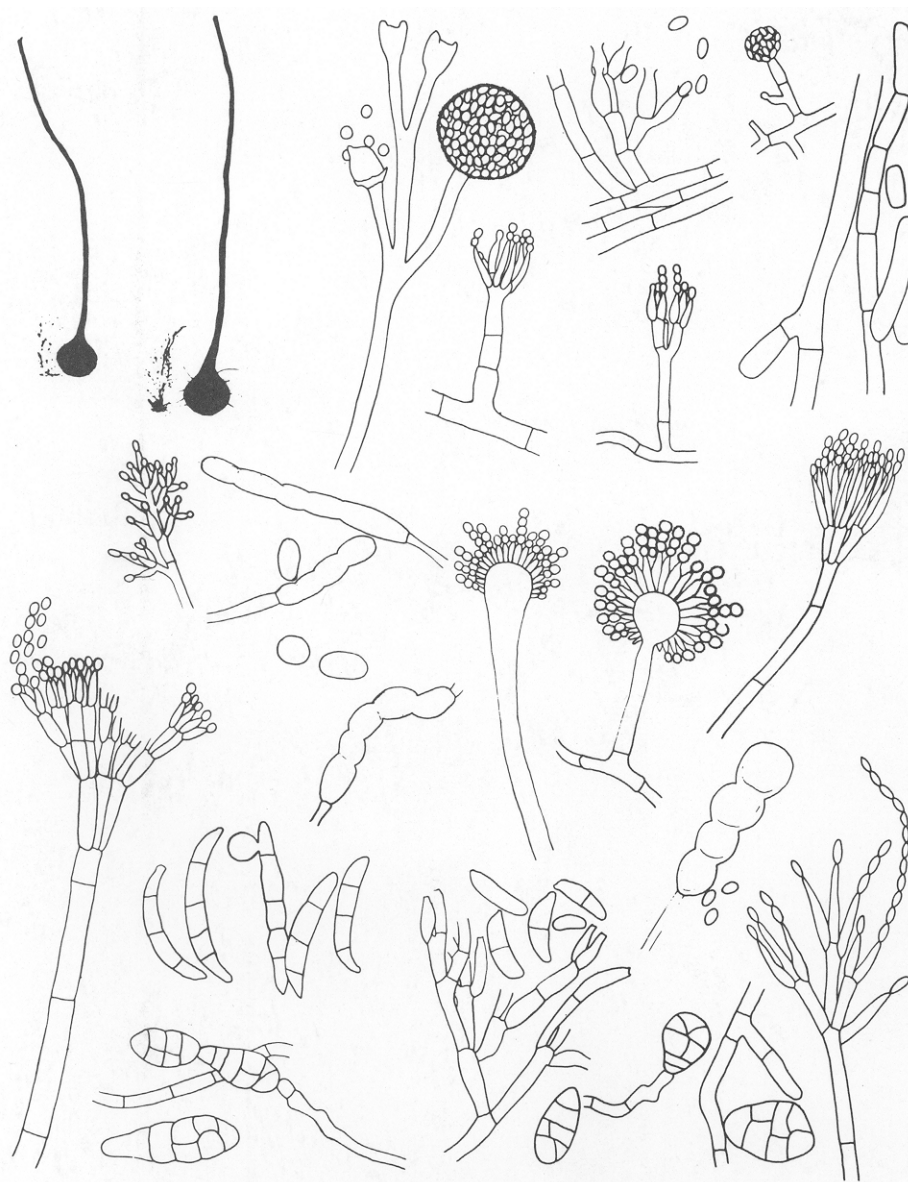
**DEUTEROMYCETES
AND SELECTED
ASCOMYCETES
THAT OCCUR
ON OR IN WOOD:**

**An Indexed
Bibliography**

GENERAL
TECHNICAL
REPORT
FPL 24

Forest Products Laboratory
Forest Service
U.S. Department of Agriculture
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Deuteromyetes and Selected Ascomycetes

That Occur On or In Wood:

An Indexed Bibliography*

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CONTENTS

	<u>Page</u>
Introduction	1
Use of Bibliography	3
Substrate Index	5
Subject Index	8
Taxon Index	12
Bibliography	47
Appended References	136
Author Index	150

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ABSTRACT

This report lists 1,008 publications that include deuteromycetous and ascomycetous fungi occurring on wood--principally wood in storage and use. Each publication is numbered and indexed by the one or more manmade or natural substrates, by general subject areas, and by authors. More than 1,150 fungi in 269 genera are listed alphabetically by genus and species. An additional 66 genera are represented by unidentified species. The fungi cited are also referenced by publication number.

INTRODUCTION

Fungi colonize wood in almost every possible habitat. They interact with each other, other living organisms, and the substrate. Consequently, organismal successions in living trees and slash, treated and untreated whole wood, and the wood in products such as particleboard and plywood will differ as the colonizers, the substrate chemistry, and the local environmental conditions differ. Understanding of these phenomena are greatest with reference to living trees, but similar interactions occur in products.

Higher fungi that metabolize lignocellulosic components and destroy structure of wood produce the classic "white" and "brown" rots. These species are principally Basidiomycetes (Subdivision Basidiomycotina¹), specifically Holobasidiomycetidae¹ (Homobasidiomycetes), and have been intensively studied and frequently reviewed.

However, other types of fungi that are regularly isolated from surfaces and interiors of such woods and wood-fiber products are Deuteromycetes, (Subdivision Deuteromycotina¹), Ascomycetes (Subdivision Ascomycotina¹), or Phycomycetes (Subdivisions Mastigomycotina and Zygomycotina¹). The number of published reports that include such wood-inhabiting Deuteromycetes and Ascomycetes has increased substantially during the past 20 years, but the information has not been assembled and indexed for ready reference. The objectives of this publication are to:

¹ According to G. C. Ainsworth. 1971. Ainsworth and Bisby's dictionary of the fungi. Commonwealth Mycological Institute, Kew, Surrey (United Kingdom).

- (1) List deuteromycetous and some ascomycetous species of fungi reported to occur on or in wood.
- (2) Relate the reported occurrence of these fungi to wood substrates in natural and man-made ecological systems.
- (3) Index publications by tropics likely to be of interest to researchers in mycology, plant pathology, or other fields concerned with fungi, wood, or both.
- (4) List the publications containing this information.
- (5) Provide an alphabetical list of contributors for whom other references may provide additional information.

Approximately 30 percent of the 100,000 fungus species that have been described¹ belong to the Deuteromycetes (Fungi Imperfecti), which is an artificial taxonomic grouping based commonly on asexual spore form or occasionally vegetative mycelium (Mycelia Sterilia). Most species form one or more types of conidia which may be naked (Order Moniliales), within pycnidia (Order Sphaeropsidales), or within acervuli (Order Melanconiales). Many genetic connections have been and are being established each year between such deuteromycetous forms and the taxonomic group to which its sexual spore form belongs. Most of the large number of wood-inhabiting Deuteromycetes are probably Ascomycetes; but some are Basidiomycetes, Phycomycetes, or have no sexual affinity.

Some Deuteromycetes slowly degrade wood to produce "soft rot" when environmental conditions deter brown and white rot fungi. These saprophytes metabolize secondary cell walls of tracheids and fibers in whole or reconstituted wood exposed to continuous wetting, alternate soaking and drying, high temperature, low oxygen tension, or a combination of these conditions,

Other Deuteromycetes produce "stain" ("sapstain") of which "bluestain" is a common type within wood in living trees, logs, slash, and materials in use. These fungi utilize stored food reserves in sapwood parenchyma cells under conditions similar to those favoring growth of brown and white rotters.

Many Deuteromycetes affect subsequent colonization and development by other microorganisms within the wood as well as upon the bark, twigs, and leaves of living trees.

A relatively few are asexual stages of Basidiomycetes that produce the characteristic "brown" and "white" rots.

However, a majority of the saprophytic Deuteromycetes are "molds" that occur on or in wood, particularly with reference to wood in storage, processing, or use. Some grow on or near exposed surfaces where they use carbohydrates. Some detoxify preservatives, making the wood susceptible to colonization by fungi previously inhibited by the toxicant. Some colonize materials that have been added to the wood such as paint, adhesives, and plastics; along with bacteria, they degrade reconstituted wood products. Among these Deuteromycetes are species that occur in more than one functional group. A few are known to be allergenic or toxic to man and other animal life-forms, and many more will probably be implicated as we learn more about causes of allergies and toxicities.

We can expect more complete recognition of the occurrence and understanding of the roles of Deuteromycetes and Ascomycetes as techniques for their isolation and culture improve, as additional reconstituted wood products enter the markets, and as the supply of renewable resource diminishes. This bibliography is another step toward that goal.

USE OF THE BIBLIOGRAPHY

Each literature reference in the Bibliography is preceded by a key number that refers to that publication in the preceding Substrate Index, Subject Index, or Taxon Index and the succeeding Author Index. The literature is arranged alphabetically by author in two groups. The first 874 references comprise those that were more readily obtained and enabled specific subtopics to be included in the Substrate and Subject indices. Citations subsequently obtained and indexed comprise the second series, termed "Appended References."

The Substrate Index lists 20 substrates or classes of substrates upon which the fungi occur, followed by the key numbers of references in which that particular substrate is cited. Six of these categories are more specifically defined. The Subject Index lists references in nine subject areas that are (1) scientific fields such as ecology, physiology, taxonomy; (2) lists of references, culture sources, fungi; (3) the unique habitat of aquatic fungi; and (4) special subjects of wide or current interest such as biocontrol, methodology, preservation, protection, and stain. References that were not translated into English are also included. Finally the species of fungi are listed alphabetically by genus and species in the Taxon Index as reported in the publication.

Authorities for some binomials were cited in one or more publications. The literature was searched for others or to determine which was correct for those which possessed more than one listing. Some authority names were not found: Such names may not have been validly published. Most authority names are cited as recommended in pages 517-531 in the 1960

edition of "Index of Plant Diseases in the United States." U.S. Department of Agriculture, Agriculture Handbook 165, Washington, D.C. A few are listed according to G. C. Ainsworth. Synonymy, orthographic variation, and binomial validity will be investigated in the future; many taxonomic anomalies are in the list.

The International Code of Botanical Nomenclature suggests that authors list fungi by the name of the sexual stage, rather than the deuteromycetous stage, following establishment of the association. Since most established relationships involve the Ascomycetes, ascomycetous names have been included, especially with reference to some blue-stain fungi. For example, the many taxa listed under Ceratocystis, Ceratostomella, and Ophiostoma are blue-stainers. These may have one or more deuteromycetous stages, e.g., Graphium, Leptographium, that have been actually observed on wood or used in culture. A reference that interrelates most genera is G. C. Ainsworth.¹

While a concerted effort was expended to include references that associate Deuteromycetes and selected Ascomycetes with wood in use and processing before use, some references are also included to occurrences in natural, ecosystems such as trees, slash, bark, roots, and fresh and saline waters. The citations provide a basis for comparing taxa and serve as reference basis for more detailed studies.

We acknowledge that selection of topics within indices and inclusion of references within topics were subjective and therefore debatable in many cases. However, the system should enable wider use of the bibliography and acquaintance with the Deuteromycetes and some Ascomycetes associated with wood and wood products.

We encourage users to submit comments, suggestions, and omissions so a subsequent edition may be improved.

SUBSTRATE INDEX

Numbers given are those of pertinent items in the bibliography.

BOARDS--MANUFACTURED

Chipboard 265.
Fiberboard 348, 526, 527, 530, 532, 533, 535, 536.
Flakeboard 401.
Insulating Board 238, 239, 704, 721, 1a.
Manufactured Board 94, 236.
Particleboard 125, 348, 401, 448, 605, 769, 807, 854, 855, 61a.
Wood-wool Board 605.
Hardboard, Dry-felted 86a.

BOATS, AIRPLANES 184, 686, 721, 15a, 25a, 35a, 82a.

BOXES 123, 512, 680.

BUILDINGS 39, 41, 55, 88, 174, 178, 187, 305, 444, 458, 535, 606, 619,
631, 687, 772, 870, 25a, 35a, 80a, 83a, 93a, 99a.

COOLING TOWERS 18, 19, 23, 78, 184, 186, 192, 194, 195, 196, 232, 309,
370, 371, 678, 684, 686, 698, 715, 721, 842, 116a.

DETRITUS--AQUATIC

Fresh 338, 339, 340.
Marine 12, 422, 423, 427.

DETRITUS--TERRESTRIAL 76, 79, 294, 319, 393, 722, 797, 847.

MINE TIMBERS 277, 342, 343, 344, 463, 464, 504, 557, 580, 721, 25a.

PILES--FOUNDATION 40a.

PILING

Fresh 686.
Marine 541, 721.

POSTS AND FENCES 27, 29, 81, 131, 133, 184, 264, 385, 463, 470, 598,
631, 686, 721, 748, 25a.

PULPWOOD, PULP, AND PAPER 17, 22, 54, 58, 59, 67, 68, 69, 70, 76, 110,
111, 112, 117, 121, 173, 217, 218, 219, 220, 222, 235, 236, 243,
245, 255, 295, 296, 298, 299, 300, 326, 385, 442, 489, 491, 493,
497, 523, 530, 580, 591, 592, 593, 594, 596, 623, 626, 640, 641,
657, 675, 698, 703, 721, 748, 752, 797, 843, 844, 870, 13a, 23a,
25a, 26a, 34a, 37a, 84a, 95a, 97a, 99a, 102a, 128a.

STAKES (IN USE AND TEST) 75, 82, 83, 89, 184, 249, 251, 270, 278, 385,
534, 568, 721, 730, 42a, 109a, 111a.

STANDING TREES, STUMPS, BARK, AND SLASH 20, 25, 26, 34, 35, 39, 64, 76,
97, 102, 127, 137, 148, 151, 152, 154, 155, 157, 158, 159, 163,
172, 214, 227, 237, 253, 262, 279, 281, 306, 307, 314, 336, 384,
385, 387, . 395, 396, 424, 456, 508, 525, 575, 584, 585, 586, 600,
607, 613, 614, 629, 631, 639, 646, 652, 659, 660, 661, 670, 728,
739, 753, 754, 755, 758, 759, 762, 773, 798, 817, 845, 849, 862,
865, 867, 871, 8a, 9a, 14a, 20a, 32a, 33a, 41a, 44a, 45a, 46a,
56a, 58a, 62a, 65a, 71a, 73a, 74a, 75a, 85a, 88a, 100a, 101a, 104a,
108a, 113a, 118a, 119a, 126a, 128a, 129a, 133a.

TESTS

Field 162, 178, 181, 192, 250, 251, 397, 586, 620, 627, 633, 634,
635, 686, 716, 721, 57a, 67a, 69a, 81a, 89a, 111a.
Lab--strips, panels, veneers, sawdust, chips 455, 458, 461, 481,
499, 531, 532, 549, 623, 733, 734, 735, 736, 738, 856, 7a,
16a, 42a, 47a, 63a, 64a, 87a, 103a, 107a.
Lab--wood blocks 9, 13, 16, 21, 107, 136, 183, 185, 188, 189, 204,
205, 206, 207, 242, 243, 251, 280, 333, 389, 391, 398, 402,
403, 412, 414, 465, 469, 482, 501, 502, 503, 504, 527, 545,
575, 581, 582, 595, 605, 627, 684, 686, 716, 720, 788, 790,
805, 809, 834, 5a, 14a, 16a, 21a, 48a, 51a, 52a, 54a, 55a,
63a, 66a, 70a, 90a, 98a, 105a, 112a, 114a, 115a, 120a, 121a,
124a, 125a, 127a, 134a.

TIES 316, 698, 721, 25a.

UTILITY POLES 184, 241, 252, 273, 274, 302, 513, 514, 580, 646, 647,
648, 651, 686, 698, 710, 721, 760, 806, 25a, 42a, 69a.

WOOD IN STORAGE

Chips 15, 48, 61, 80, 92, 170, 201, 202; 203, 212, 268, 269, 271,
272, 286, 350, 445, 446, 447, 503, 578, 579, 698, 703, 707,
721, 746, 748, 749, 750, 751, 768, 770, 791, 792, 793, 795,
10a, 11a, 12a, 36a, 38a, 53a, 78a, 87a, 106a.

Logs 20, 25, 26, 38, 39, 53, 57, 103, 118, 147, 149, 157, 204,
213, 226, 227, 297, 301, 336, 384, 385, 392, 405, 410, 454,
490, 492, 505, 603, 616, 621, 623, 633, 634, 635, 698, 700,
702, 717, 721, 764, 766, 799, 814, 828, 830, 832, 870, 4a,
5a, 6a, 17a, 25a, 30a, 31a, 35a, 50a, 91a, 92a, 101a, 117a,
123a, 130a.

Lumber 16, 33, 88, 103, 126, 128, 142, 147, 149, 150, 161, 184,
213, 226, 336, 384, 441, 443, 490, 492, 590, 631, 632, 643,
670, 688, 698, 700, 702, 717, 721, 748, 799, 828, 829, 830,
832, 852, 869, 870, 18a, 19a, 21a, 25a, 28a, 32a, 49a, 50a,
75a, 77a, 79a, 90a, 92a, 101a.

WOOD IN AN AQUATIC ENVIRONMENT

Fresh 370, 375, 377, 409, 577, 636, 654, 656, 686, 698, 721, 743,
744, 765.

Marine 10, 11, 100, 101, 109, 122, 132, 146, 260, 303, 320, 321,
322, 323, 324, 325, 346, 353, 354, 355, 357, 358, 360, 362,
363, 364, 367, 369, 370, 372, 373, 374, 375, 376, 377, 409,
416, 417, 418, 419, 420, 421, 422, 423, 424, 425, 426, 427,
538, 539, 540, 544, 546, 547, 548, 549, 550, 551, 552, 553,
562, 580, 622, 625, 654, 656, 669, 686, 694, 695, 698, 721,
740, 741, 742, 743, 744, 765, 810, 811, 812, 813, 858, 859,
860, 2a, 22a, 110a, 115a.

WOOD IN ARCHAEOLOGICAL EXCAVATION 132a.

SUBJECT INDEX

AQUATIC FUNGI 10, 11, 12, 31, 32, 50, 74, 98, 100, 101, 109, 121, 122,
132, 139, 146, 168, 260, 267, 303, 311, 312, 320, 321, 322, 323,
324, 325, 338, 339, 340, 346, 353, 354, 355, 356, 357, 358, 359,
360, 362, 363, 364, 365, 366, 367, 368, 369, 370, 371, 372, 373,
374, 375, 376, 377, 378, 409, 416, 417, 418, 419, 420, 421, 422,
423, 424, 425, 426, 427, 428, 537, 538, 539, 540, 541, 542, 543,
544, 545, 546, 547, 548, 549, 550, 551, 552, 553, 562, 563, 577,
622, 625, 636, 637, 654, 655, 656, 669, 678, 692, 693, 694, 695,
698, 708, 709, 740, 741, 742, 743, 744, 765, 776, 810, 811, 812,
813, 818, 819, 823, 858, 859, 860, 861, 22a, 110a, 115a, 121a.

BIBLIOGRAPHIES, CULTURE COLLECTIONS, AND FUNGUS LISTS 20, 88, 104,
228, 266, 286, 384, 386, 425, 599, 631, 666, 721, 729, 748, 769,
799, 802, 113a.

BIOCONTROL 8, 14, 71, 72, 73, 162, 165, 166, 167, 208, 209, 210, 234,
281, 291, 292, 293, 332, 333, 335, 388, 413, 414, 430, 431, 432,
433, 434, 435, 436, 522, 618, 619, 645, 646, 647, 648, 649, 650,
651, 747, 779, 780, 781, 804, 805, 848, 849, 850, 851, 7a, 8a,
14a, 64a, 104a, 114a.

ECOLOGY 9, 13, 16, 18, 19, 21, 22, 23, 24, 27, 29, 30, 34, 35, 39, 41,
42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 48, 53, 54, 55, 58, 59, 61, 62, 66, 69, 76,
78, 81, 82, 83, 85, 86, 89, 91, 92, 100, 102, 113, 117, 118, 119,
120, 121, 123, 130, 131, 132, 133, 135, 150, 162, 164, 166, 170,
173, 182, 183, 184, 186, 187, 189, 190, 192, 193, 194, 195, 196,
197, 199, 200, 202, 204, 205, 212, 214, 215, 217, 218, 219, 220,
222, 227, 232, 233, 237, 238, 239, 241, 243, 246, 249, 250, 252,
254, 255, 260, 261, 262, 263, 268, 269, 270, 271, 272, 276, 277,
280, 286, 294, 295, 297, 299, 300, 301, 302, 303, 304, 305, 306,
309, 310, 313, 319, 320, 321, 323, 324, 325, 326, 333, 334, 338,
339, 341, 342, 344, 345, 346, 349, 350, 362, 363, 373, 375, 377,
382, 383, 385, 387, 388, 389, 391, 393, 397, 398, 401, 404, 405,
407, 408, 411, 415, 416, 423, 424, 428, 432, 437, 438, 443, 444,
445, 446, 447, 449, 451, 452, 458, 461, 463, 464, 465, 466, 467,
469, 470, 471, 472, 473, 474, 475, 476, 477, 478, 481, 482, 483,
484, 489, 490, 491, 493, 496, 502, 504, 508, 512, 513, 514, 519,
522, 524, 525, 527, 531, 534, 535, 536, 539, 540, 542, 550, 554,
557, 565, 568, 573, 576, 578, 579, 580, 581, 589, 591, 594, 595,
596, 598, 599, 602, 605, 606, 607, 610, 611, 614, 615, 616, 619,
620, 622, 623, 624, 626, 628, 629, 630, 639, 640, 641, 642, 643,
644, 647, 652, 654, 657, 658, 662, 665, 669, 670, 673, 677, 684,

ECOLOGY (cont.) 685, 686, 687, 698, 703, 704, 707, 711, 716, 717, 720,
724, 728, 730, 733, 734, 735, 736, 737, 738, 740, 741, 746, 747,
749, 750, 751, 752, 753, 754, 755, 756, 757, 758, 759, 760, 763,
764, 765, 766, 768, 769, 770, 772, 773, 775, 777, 788, 790, 791,
792, 793, 794, 798, 801, 805, 806, 807, 808, 809, 814, 819, 822,
823, 828, 830, 831, 832, 835, 836, 837, 838, 839, 840, 841, 842,
847, 854, 855, 857, 859, 867, 870, 872, 874, 3a, 5a, 6a, 9a, 10a,
11a, 12a, 14a, 15a, 17a, 18a, 19a, 23a, 24a, 26a, 30a, 31a, 32a,
33a, 36a, 37a, 38a, 53a, 54a, 55a, 56a, 57a, 58a, 61a, 62a, 65a,
67a, 68a, 69a, 70a, 71a, 74a, 77a, 78a, 80a, 81a, 83a, 85a, 86a,
87a, 88a, 89a, 90a, 91a, 98a, 99a, 101a, 102a, 104a, 108a, 109a,
111a, 113a, 117a, 118a, 119a, 120a, 123a, 126a, 130a, 132a, 133a.

METHODOLOGY 1, 2, 22, 28, 39, 63, 65, 66, 75, 84, 104, 106, 107, 116,
125, 142, 175, 177, 178, 181, 183, 188, 198, 199, 200, 203, 207,
210, 249, 250, 251, 252, 265, 266, 274, 278, 280, 290, 308, 317,
348, 381, 389, 390, 391, 397, 398, 399, 400, 402, 403, 412, 448,
455, 465, 468, 470, 478, 492, 495, 499, 507, 529, 532, 597, 612,
621, 632, 689, 710, 715, 716, 720, 731, 732, 736, 769, 784, 794,
800, 802, 834, 855, 72a, 84a, 109a, 125a.

PHYSIOLOGY 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 14, 18, 21, 36, 40, 47, 49, 51, 65, 68,
70, 71, 72, 73, 76, 90, 98, 110, 111, 112, 115, 121, 130, 131,
132, 134, 136, 137, 141, 160, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169,
170, 171, 180, 183, 184, 185, 186, 201, 204, 206, 210, 217, 218,
221, 223, 224, 234, 235, 236, 240, 244, 247, 272, 287, 289, 295,
296, 298, 301, 337, 343, 345, 346, 352, 370, 374, 379, 380, 398,
404, 405, 406, 412, 414, 432, 437, 439, 453, 455, 457, 458, 459,
460, 461, 462, 465, 466, 469, 472, 473, 478, 479, 480, 482, 488,
495, 501, 502, 503, 506, 509, 511, 513, 514, 519, 526, 528, 529,
530, 533, 535, 536, 539, 540, 541, 544, 549, 555, 572, 573, 580,
581, 582, 583, 587, 588, 592, 601, 602, 608, 609, 616, 618, 623,
636, 652, 656, 658, 659, 662, 667, 668, 675, 677, 678, 679, 690,
694, 696, 698, 706, 712, 723, 724, 725, 726, 733, 738, 740, 751,
753, 762, 769, 771, 774, 779, 780, 781, 785, 786, 789, 790, 791,
794, 795, 796, 797, 799, 804, 815, 816, 820, 824, 825, 826, 827,
837, 841, 848, 850, 851, 853, 868, 20a, 23a, 27a, 34a, 39a, 66a,
68a, 72a, 94a, 100a, 103a, 105a, 107a, 112a, 114a, 115a, 117a,
121a, 122a, 124a.

PRESERVATION AND PROTECTION 2, 3, 15, 18, 54, 56, 57, 60, 66, 75, 85,
87, 108, 115, 117, 120, 125, 126, 141, 142, 143, 144, 161, 163,
175, 176, 177, 180, 184, 188, 189, 195, 239, 245, 246, 250, 251,
252, 264, 269, 272; 273; 274, 275, 286, 299, 318, 326, 348, 370,
390, 392, 402, 410, 441, 442, 472, 476, 488, 490, 491, 500, 513,
522, 529, 554, 560, 561, 568, 590, 616, 621, 627, 628, 632, 653,
666, 681, 687, 688, 689, 696, 697, 698, 710, 715, 738, 769, 788,
799, 803, 815, 832, 833, 834, 855, 856, 869, 870, 12a, 16a, 18a,
19a, 50a, 51a, 52a, 67a, 82a, 85a, 87a, 93a, 97a, 110a, 111a,
124a, 125a, 127a.

REFERENCES NOT TRANSLATED 41, 233, 254, 301, 342, 344, 350, 417, 444,
445, 446, 447, 576, 593, 594, 602, 622, 623, 676, 98a, 113a.

STAIN FUNGI 3, 16, 17, 25, 26, 33, 38, 41, 45, 49, 52, 53, 55, 57,
58, 59, 60, 76, 77, 85, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 99, 103, 108, 113,
114, 127, 128, 138, 140, 142, 147, 148, 149, 150, 151, 152, 153,
154, 155, 156, 157, 158, 159, 163, 170, 172, 174, 178, 179, 191,
204, 211, 213, 216, 225, 226, 229, 230, 231, 237, 238, 239, 240,
242, 243, 244, 245, 248, 254, 255, 256, 257, 258, 259, 269, 271,
279, 282, 283, 297, 301, 304, 306, 307, 316, 318, 336, 384, 385,
386, 392, 395, 396, 404, 405, 410, 429, 438, 439, 440, 441, 449,
450, 454, 479, 480, 485, 488, 489, 490, 491, 494, 497, 498, 505,
510, 514, 516, 517, 518, 519, 523, 536, 554, 556, 559, 560, 561,
565, 569, 570, 574, 575, 576, 579, 584, 585, 586, 590, 601, 603,
604, 613, 614, 616, 617, 623, 635, 639, 640, 644, 653, 659, 660,
661, 663, 664, 667, 668, 670, 671, 672, 673, 674, 676, 680, 681,
683, 684, 688, 691, 697, 698, 699, 700, 701, 702, 703, 705, 706,
713, 718, 719, 723, 727, 739, 745, 751, 753, 754, 755, 759, 763,
783, 787, 799, 806, 817, 822, 828, 829, 830, 831, 832, 833, 852,
856, 862, 863, 864, 865, 866, 869, 871, 873, 1a, 3a, 4a, 5a, 10a,
13a, 15a, 16a, 17a, 18a, 19a, 20a, 21a, 24a, 26a, 27a, 28a, 29a,
30a, 31a, 32a, 33a, 38a, 41a, 43a, 44a, 45a, 46a, 47a, 48a, 49a,
50a, 55a, 58a, 62a, 65a, 73a, 75a, 76a, 77a, 78a, 79a, 81a, 83a,
86a, 91a, 101a, 102a, 108a, 114a, 117a, 120a, 123a, 124a.

TAXONOMY 11, 16, 26, 37, 38, 41, 64, 67, 76, 79, 80, 97, 100, 103,
105, 107, 122, 123, 124, 127, 128, 129, 132, 139, 145, 146, 147,
148, 149, 150, 151, 152, 155, 156, 157, 158, 159, 164, 172, 190,
192, 194, 204, 213, 217, 219, 253, 254, 257, 260, 266, 278, 279,
283, 285, 288, 297, 303, 307, 313, 314, 315, 322, 325, 327, 328,
329, 330, 331, 336, 338, 339, 340, 347, 351, 353, 355, 358, 361,
362, 363, 371, 377, 382, 383, 394, 395, 396, 416, 421, 423, 425,
427, 428, 440, 445, 446, 447, 456, 468, 474, 486, 487, 498, 505,
512, 513, 514, 515, 517, 519, 520, 521, 538, 541, 543, 556, 558,

TAXONOMY (cont.) 562, 563, 564, 565, 566, 571, 579, 593, 594, 600,
606, 608, 613, 622, 625, 630, 633, 634, 635, 638, 661, 672, 673,
678, 682, 698, 704, 709, 714, 722, 739, 740, 742, 743, 744, 746,
761, 764, 765, 766, 767, 770, 773, 778, 782, 792, 793, 794, 797,
798, 806, 810, 811, 812, 813, 817, 818, 821, 823, 843, 844, 845,
846, 847, 852, 857, 858, 860, 865, 871, 2a, 28a, 41a, 44a, 45a,
46a, 59a, 60a, 69a, 73a, 79a, 80a, 92a, 95a, 96a, 113a, 116a,
128a, 129a.

TAXON INDEX

- Acontium sp., 622.
Acremoniella atra (Corda) Sacc., 580, 721, 102a.
Acremoniella cedrelae Ram, 634.
Acremoniella sp., 465, 622, 721, 51a.
Acremonium alternatum Link ex S.F. Gray, 721.
Acremonium atrogriseum (Panassenko) W. Gams, 580, 582, 721, 42a, 68a.
Acremonium butyri (van Beyma) W. Gams, 579, 721, 42a, 113a, 118a.
Acremonium charticola (Lindau) W. Gams, 594.
Acremonium cylichnium, 113a.
Acremonium furcatum (F. & V. Moreau) ex W. Gams, 580, 721.
Acremonium kilianse Grutz, 67a.
Acremonium murorum (Corda) W. Gams, 580, 594, 721, 42a.
Acremonium strictum W. Gams, 67a, 81a.
Acremonium vitis Cat., 132a.
Acremonium sp., 83, 184, 185, 186, 190, 370, 464, 465, 580, 594, 19a, 42a, 111a, 113a.
Acrophialophora fusispora (Saksena) Samson, 215.
Acrophialophora levis Samson & Tariq Mahmood, 721.
Acrospeira levis (Berk) Wiltshire, 10, 294, 80a.
Acrostalagmus cinnabarinus Corda, 383, 593, 721, 867, 56a, 80a.
Acrostalagmus sp., 593, 623, 99a.
Acrostaphylus sp., 190, 721.
Acrothecium sp., 319, 593.
Alatospora acuminata Ingold, 338, 370, 377.
Aleurisma cannis (Brooks & Hansford) Bisby, 80a.
Aleurisma sp., 326.
Allantophoma nematospora Kleb., 384.
Allescheria boydii Shear, 111a.
Allescheria terrestris, 106a.
Allescheriella crocea (Monl.) Hughes, 456.
Alternaria abietis Tengwall, 748.
Alternaria alternata (Fr.) Kiessler, 146, 594, 746, 767, 67a, 124a.
Alternaria brassicae Sacc., 593.
Alternaria chartarum Preuss, 593.
Alternaria consortiale (Thüm.) Hughes, 579.
Alternaria fasciculata (Cke. & Ellis) L. R. Jones & Grout, 623.
Alternaria flagelloidea (Atk.) Luttrell, 728.
Alternaria geophila Daszewska, 623, 101a, 102a.
Alternaria grisea Szilvinya, 101a.
Alternaria humicola Oud., 84, 382, 383, 384, 465, 534, 593, 703, 721, 728, 616, 101a, 130a, 132a.
Alternaria maritima Suth.; 32, 101, 303, 353, 362, 364, 367, 370, 419, 425, 616, 22a, 121a.
Alternaria polymorpha Planch, 593.
Alternaria radicina Meier, Drechsler & Eddy, 10, 767.

Alternaria tenuis Nees, 82, 83, 133, 213, 236, 246, 370, 383, 384, 404, 447, 478, 512, 576, 593, 631, 669, 703, 721, 728, 748, 767, 847, 867, 14a, 74a, 80a, 101a, 130a.
Alternaria tenuis Nees sensu Neergard, 10, 12, 84, 319, 405, 721, 765, 17a, 19a.
Alternaria tenuissima (Fr.) Wiltshire, 594, 721, 14a.
Alternaria cf. tenuissima, 108a.
Alternaria varians Planch., 593.
Alternaria sp., 29, 100, 142, 147, 185, 186, 187, 190, 261, 262, 326, 361, 370, 384, 445, 465, 531, 533, 536, 549, 568, 594, 622, 623, 670, 684, 704, 731, 748, 808, 11a, 12a, 50a, 57a, 89a, 90a, 99a, 117a, 118a.
Ambrosiella brunnea (Verrall) Batra, 38, 384.
Ambrosiella ferruginea (Math.-Käärik) Batra, 38, 384, 100a.
Ambrosiella gnathotrichi Batra, 38.
Ambrosiella hartiigii Batra, 38, 384.
Ambrosiella ips (Leach, Orr, & Christ.) Batra, 38, 384.
Ambrosiella macrospora (Fr.-Grosz.) Batra, 38, 384.
Ambrosiella sulphurea Batra, 38, 384.
Ambrosiella tingens (Lagerb. & Melin) Batra, 38, 301, 384, 386.
Ambrosiella xylebori Brader, 38, 228, 384.
Ambrosiella sp., 228.
Ablyosporium sp., 294.
Amylocarpus encaphaloides Currey, 115a.
Anquillospora crassa Ingold, 340.
Anquillospora gigantea Ranzoni, 636.
Anquillospora longissima (Sacc. & Syd.) Ingold, 338, 370, 636.
Aposphaeria boudieri Rolland, 419.
Aposphaeria charticola Sacc., 593.
Aposphaeria fibricola, 623.
Aposphaeria pinea Sacc., 102a.
Aposphaeria violacea Bertel, 576.
Aposphaeria sp., 29, 82, 83, 623, 721.
Arenariomyces quarriremis (Höhnk) Meyers, 721.
Arthrimum state of Apiospoya montagnei Sacc., 98a.
Arthrimum sp., 84.
Arthrobotrys arthrobotryoides (Berl.) Lindau, 35.
Arthrobotrys dactyloides Drechs., 357, 80a.
Arthrobotrys oligospora Fr., 802.
Arthrobotrys superba Corda, 322, 579, 580, 593, 721, 11a, 22a, 80a, 113a.
Arthrobotrys superba Corda var. oligospora (Fresen.) Coemans, 593.
Arthrobotrys sp., 190, 11a.
Articulospora tetracladia Ingold, 338, 370.
Aschersonia sp., 669.
Ascochyta charticola F. Tarsi, 593.
Ascochyta sp., 192, 195.
Ascochyrella rhizophoropsis Ciferri & Fragosa, 424.
Ascochyrella sp., 424.

Ascocoryne cylichnium, 113a, 119a.
Ascocoryne sarcoides, 108a.
Aspergillus amstelodami (Mangin) Thorn & Church, 401.
Aspergillus brunneo-fuscus See, 593.
Aspergillus candidus Link. ex Fr., 593, 594, 622, 669, 847.
Aspergillus carneus (v. Tiegh.) Blochwitz, 271, 38a.
Aspergillus chevalieri (Mangin) var. *intermedius* Thorn & Raper, 294.
Aspergillus clavato-nanica Batista, Maia, & Alecrim, 631.
Aspergillus clavatus Desm., 593, 594.
Aspergillus flavipes (Bain. & A. Sart.) Thom & Church, 593.
Aspergillus flavus Link, 65, 251, 326, 342, 397, 401, 527, 593, 594, 622, 669, 721, 748, 23a, 49a, 61a, 72a, 98a.
Aspergillus fumigatus Fres., 22, 83, 215, 251, 271, 294, 326, 342, 397, 445, 579, 580, 593, 594, 595, 669, 703, 721, 736, 738, 746, 748, 751, 770, 792, 793, 10a, 11a, 12a, 19a, 36a, 38a, 53a, 67a, 70a, 80a, 106a, 132a.
Aspergillus fumigatus Fres. var. *cellulosae* A. Sart., 593, 704.
Aspergillus giganteus Wehm., 98a.
Aspergillus glaucus group, 326.
Aspergillus japonicus Saito, 4.
Aspergillus luchuensis Inui, 271, 847, 38a, 72a.
Aspergillus manginii (Mang.) Thom & Church, 593, 594.
Aspergillus nidulans (Eidam) Wint., 593, 669, 67a.
Aspergillus niger v. Tiegh., 65, 246, 249, 251, 326, 337, 342, 358, 370, 379, 397, 401, 404, 405, 527, 530, 534, 536, 593, 594, 622, 669, 721, 733, 738, 748, 23a, 49a, 73a, 80a, 86a, 90a, 118a; 122a, 132a.
Aspergillus niger v. Tiegh. var. *luchuensis*, 593.
Aspergillus ochraceus Wilhelm, 278, 593, 622, 721.
Aspergillus olivaceus Preuss, 593.
Aspergillus oryzae (Ahlb.) Cohn., 593, 622, 669.
Aspergillus proliferans G. Smith, 622.
Aspergillus repens de Bary, 593.
Aspergillus restrictus G. Smith, 238, 239.
Aspergillus ruber (Konig., Spieck., & Brem.) Thorn & Church, 534, 593, 669.
Aspergillus rugulosus Thom & Raper, 669.
Aspergillus sulphureus (Fres.) Thorn & Church, 593, 669.
Aspergillus sydowii (Bain. & A. Sart.) Thorn & Church, 594, 669.
Aspergillus tamarii Kita, 401.
Aspergillus tapirirae Ram & Ram, 635.
Aspergillus terreus Thorn, 215, 326, 580, 593, 594, 622, 669, 721, 11a, 23a, 80a.
Aspergillus terreus Thorn var. *aureus* Raper & Thorn, 593, 72a.
Aspergillus terricola Marchal, 623.
Aspergillus unguis (Ernile-Weil & Gaud.) Thorn & Raper, 669, 704.
Aspergillus ustus (Bain.) Thom & Church, 251, 397, 398, 401, 527, 534, 623, 721, 61a.

Aspergillus versicolor (Vuil.) Tiraboschi, 249, 294, 326, 401, 512, 593, 594, 622, 669, 703, 98a.
Aspergillus wentii Wehm., 534, 593, 594, 669.
Aspergillus sp., 29, 142, 219, 246, 272, 273, 286, 447, 464, 527, 593, 594, 623, 684, 746, 748, 751, 806, 814, 818, 847, 20a, 24a, 88a, 89a, 99a, 100a, 118a, 119a, 132a.
Asteromella sp., 192, 195, 196, 370, 721.
Asteromyces cruciatus F. & V. Moreau ex Hennebert, 101, 367, 370, 374, 425, 22a.
Atractium sp., 670.
Aureobasidium mansonii (Cast.) W, B. Cooke, 669.
Aureobasidium prunorum Dennis & Buhagiar, 164.
Aureobasidium pullulans (de Bary) Arnaud, 29, 49, 82, 83, 84, 124, 142, 164, 204, 219, 278, 294, 297, 384, 386, 404, 405, 597, 580, 594, 631, 703, 706, 711, 721, 746, 748, 772, 11a, 14a, 19a, 24a, 42a, 48a, 67a, 80a, 83a, 90a, 101a, 114a, 117a, 118a, 120a, 132a.
Aureobasidium foliicolum (Oud. & Beijer.) Mueller, 797.
Aureobasidium sp., 187, 204, 243, 746, 748, 797, 818, 108a.

Bactrodesmium sp., 192.
Beauveria bassiana (Bals.) Vuill., 844, 80a.
Bipolaris sp., 669.
Bispora antennata (Pers. ex Fr.) Mason, 721.
Bispora betulina (Corda) Hughes, 190, 579, 580, 582, 721, 746, 748, 751, 68a.
Bispora effusa Pk., 185, 190, 465, 504, 580, 721.
Bispora fusca, 370, 377.
Bispora monilioides Corda, 721.
Bispora pusilla Sacc., 185, 370, 465, 721, 111a.
Bispora sp., 186, 721, 748.
Bisporomyces chlamydosporis van Beyma, 404, 405, 721.
Bisporomyces lignicola Mangenot, 370, 478, 721.
Bisporomyces sp., 184, 185, 188, 465, 479, 721, 80a, 88a.
Bonordeniella sp., 185, 465.
Botryodiplodia theobromae Pat., 384, 404, 405, 602, 603, 799, 24a, 47a, 123a, 124a.
Botryodiplodia sp., 29, 84.
Botryophialophora marina Linder, 32, 367, 419, 425, 22a.
Botryotrichum atrogriseum van Beyma, 593.
Botryotrichum piluliferum Sacc. & March., 10, 246, 288, 367, 370, 522, 527, 593, 594, 721, 92a.
Botryotrichum sp., 370, 580, 721, 42a.
Botrytis argillacea Cke. var. avicenniae McAlp., 424.
Botrytis cinerea Pers. ex Fr., 84, 133, 294, 382, 404, 405, 464, 512, 593, 867, 57a, 80a, 130a.
Botrytis terrestris Jens., 512.
Botrytis sp., 29, 82, 83, 326, 464, 593, 11a, 90a, 99a, 121a.
Brachysporella sp., 746.

Brachysporium belgolandicum Schaumann, 694.
Brachysporium sp., 370, 536, 721, 818.

Cadophora brunnescens Davidson, 147, 828.
Cadophora fastigiata Lagerb. & Melin, 16.
Cadophora repens Davidson, 147, 828.
Cadophora sp., 163, 326, 829.

Calcarisporium thermophile Evans, 215.
Calcarisporium sp., 746, 751.

Camarosporium ambiens, 131, 133, 465.
Camarosporium charticolum (Speg.) Sacc., 593.
Camarosporium marylandicum Shearer, 743.
Camarosporium metableticum Trail, 22a.

Camposporium pellucidum (Grove) Hughes, 867.

Candida albicans (Robin) Berkh., 83, 703, 19a, 130a.
Candida reukauffii (Gruss). Diddens & Lodder, 218, 219, 220.
Candida scotii Diddens & Lodder, 219.
Candida sp., 84, 219, 262, 271, 447, 38a, 80a, 90a.

Catenularia fuliginea Saito, 593.
Catenularia heimii Mangenot, 580, 582, 721.
Catenularia sp., 190, 464, 721.

Cattanea sp., 145.

Centospora acerina (Hartig) Newhall, 370.

Cephaliophora tropica Thaxt., 80a.

Cephalosporium acremonium Corda, 271, 273, 274, 294, 344, 377, 405, 445,
 576, 593, 721, 38a, 80a, 101a.

Cephalosporium asperum El. Marchal, 669.

Cephalosporium atrum Corda, 512.

Cephalosporium balanoides Drechs., 80a.

Cephalosporium charticola Lindau, 703, 101a, 102a.

Cephalosporium herbarum (Pers.) Link, 132a.

Cephalosporium incaratum Thirm., 249, 721.

Cephalosporium lamellicola F. E. Smith, 249, 398, 721.

Cephalosporium macrocephalum Sor., 593.

Cephalosporium nordinii Bouchier, 64.

Cephalosporium roseum Oud., 593.

Cephalosporium selenosporum Nyuksha, 593.

Cephalosporium sp., 29, 35, 82, 83, 100, 102, 131, 133, 184, 185, 186,
 188, 190, 192, 195, 196, 228, 246, 250, 251, 262, 294, 325, 370,
 385, 397, 398, 401, 404, 445, 447, 464, 465, 508, 593, 612, 623,
 9a, 11a, 12a, 13a, 14a, 19a, 57a, 67a, 71a, 85a, 89a, 99a, 107a,
 118a, 126a.

Cephalothecium roseum Corda, 593, 676, 49a.

Cephalothecium sp., 593.

Cephalotrichum stemonitis (Pers.) Link ex Fr., 594.

Ceratocystiopsis minuta (Siem.) Upudhyay & Kendrick, 817.

Ceratocystis abiocarpa Davidson, 384, 600.

Ceratocystis acericola Griffin, 279, 600.

Ceratocystis adiposa (Butl.) C. Moreau, 279, 336, 384, 600.
Ceratocystis aequivaqinta Olchowecki & Reid, 600.
Ceratocystis alba DeVay, Davidson, & Moller, 172, 306, 600.
Ceratocystis albida (Math.-Käärrik.) Hunt, 279, 336, 384, 582, 721, 748, 68a, 117a.
Ceratocystis allantospora Griffin, 279, 600.
Ceratocystis ambrosia Bakshi, 29, 279, 336, 384, 721, 113a.
Ceratocystis cf. ambrosia, 108a.
Ceratocystis angusticollis Wright & Griffin, 279, 600.
Ceratocystis araucariae Butin, 97, 384, 600.
Ceratocystis arborea Olchowecki & Reid, 600.
Ceratocystis autographa Bakshi, 279, 336, 384, 600.
Ceratocystis bacillospora Butin & Zimmerm., 384, 100a.
Ceratocystis bicolor (Davidson & Wells) Davidson, 152, 157, 279, 384, 385, 117a.
Ceratocystis brevicollis Davidson, 152, 279, 384, 600.
Ceratocystis brunnea Davidson, 152, 279, 600.
Ceratocystis brunneo-ciliata (Math.-Käärrik) Hunt, 279, 336, 384, 580, 600, 721, 117a.
Ceratocystis brunneocrinita Wright & Cain, 279, 600.
Ceratocystis cana (Munch) C. Moreau, 228, 279, 336, 384, 580, 600, 721, 117a.
Ceratocystis californica DeVay, Davidson, & Moller 172.
Ceratocystis capillifera (Hegdc.) C. Moreau, 279, 336, 384.
Ceratocystis capitata Griffin, 279, 600.
Ceratocystis clavata (Math.-Käärrik).Hunt, 279, 301, 336, 384, 385, 580, 721, 117a.
Ceratocystis coerulea (Fr.) C. Moreau, 213, 117a. [in Moreau C. coerulea (Münch) C. Moreau].
Ceratocystis coerulescens (Munch) Bakshi, 35, 103, 279, 297, 336, 384, 386, 400, 404, 405, 459, 479, 580, 600, 616, 721, 748, 752, 29a, 30a, 31a, 44a, 88a, 117a, 126a.
Ceratocystis columnaris Olchowecki & Reid, 600.
Ceratocystis concentrica Olchowecki & Reid, 600.
Ceratocystis conicicollis Olchowecki & Reid, 600.
Ceratocystis coronata Olchowecki & Reid, 600.
Ceratocystis crassivaginata Griffin, 279, 306, 384, 580, 600, 721.
Ceratocystis crenulata Olchowecki & Reid, 600.
Ceratocystis curvicollis Olchowecki & Reid, 600.
Ceratocystis davidsonii Olchowecki & Reid, 600.
Ceratocystis deltoideospora Olchowecki & Reid, 600.
Ceratocystis distorta Davidson, 155, 384, 600.
Ceratocystis dolominuta Griffin, 279, 600.
Ceratocystis dryocoetidis Kendricks & Molnar, 228, 279, 384, 396, 600, 27a.
Ceratocystis europioides Wright & Cain, 157, 159, 278, 384, 600.
Ceratocystis fagacearum Bretz) Hunt, 336.
Ceratocystis falcata Wright & Cain, 279, 600.

Ceratocystis fasciata Olchowecki & Reid, 600.
Ceratocystis fimbriata Ell. & Halst., 103, 279, 306, 336, 384, 600, 862, 871.
Ceratocystis floccosa (Math.-Käärrik) Hunt, 279, 336, 384, 117a.
Ceratocystis francke-grosmaniae Davidson, 384, 600.
Ceratocystis fraxinopennsylvanica Hinds, 46a.
Ceratocystis galeiformis Bakshi, 35, 279, 336, 384, 117a.
Ceratocystis gossypina Davidson, 155, 600.
Ceratocystis gossypina Davidson var. *robusta* Davidosn, 155.
Ceratocystis grandifoliae Davidson, 28a.
Ceratocystis huntii Robins., 159, 279, 384, 73a, [in Olchowecki & Reid, Robins-Jeffrey].
Ceratocystis hyalothecium Davidson, 28a.
Ceratocystis introcitrina Olchowecki & Reid, 600.
Ceratocystis ips (Rumbold) C. Moreau, 103, 163, 204, 213, 228, 279, 301, 336, 384, 580, 600, 721, 65a. 117a.
Ceratocystis leptographioides (Davidson) Hunt, 279, 336, 384, 600.
Ceratocystis leucocarpa Davidson, 172, 600.
Ceratocystis longirostellata Bakshi, 35, 384.
Ceratocystis longispora Olchowecki & Reid, 600.
Ceratocystis magnifica Griffin, 279, 600.
Ceratocystis major (van Beyma) C. Moreau, 279, 336, 384, 565, 600, 748.
Ceratocystis megalobrunnea Davidson & Toole, 158, 279, 384, 600.
Ceratocystis microspora Davidson, 154, 384.
Ceratocystis minima Olchowecki & Reid, 600.
Ceratocystis minor (Hedge.) Hunt, 152, 163, 228, 279, 297, 301, 336, 384, 386, 580, 600, 616, 659, 721, 748, 29a, 30a, 31a, 65a, 108a, 117a.
Ceratocystis minuta (Siem.) Hunt, 172, 279, 336, 384, 385, 580, 659, 721, 65a, 117a.
Ceratocystis minuta-bicolor Davidson, 600.
Ceratocystis moniliformis (Hedgc.) C. Moreau, 97, 103, 152, 279, 336, 384, 566, 600, 814, 21a.
Ceratocystis moniliformis (Hedgc.) C. Moreau f. *pycanthi* Luc, 384.
Ceratocystis montia (Rumbold) Hunt, 279, 336, 384, 600, 639, 659, 660, 65a.
Ceratocystis multiannulata (Hedgc. & Davidson) Hunt, 279, 336, 384, 721.
Ceratocystis narcissi (Linder) Hunt, 336, 600.
Ceratocystis nigra Davidson, 152, 279, 600.
Ceratocystis nigrocarpa Davidson, 600.
Ceratocystis obscura (Davidson) Hunt, 279, 336.
Ceratocystis ochracea Griffin, 279, 600.
Ceratocystis olivacea (Math.-Käärrik) Hunt, 279, 336, 384, 580, 582, 600, 721, 44a, 117a.
Ceratocystis olivaceapini Davidson, 155, 384, 600.
Ceratocystis ossiformis Olchowecki & Reid, 600.
Ceratocystis pallida Griffin, 279, 600.
Ceratocystis pallidobrunnea Olchowecki & Reid, 600.

Ceratocystis paradoxa (Dade) C. Moreau, 279, 336, 384.
Ceratocystis parva Olchowecki & Reid, 600.
Ceratocystis penicillata (Grossm.) C. Moreau, 152, 157, 279, 301, 336, 384, 385, 616, 27a, 29a, 31a, 117a.
Ceratocystis perfecta Davidson, 152, 279, 600.
Ceratocystis perparvispora Hunt, 279, 336, 600.
Ceratocystis piceae (Münch) Bakshi, 25, 29, 103, 204, 240, 279, 297, 336, 383, 384, 385, 404, 405, 529, 579, 580, 594, 616, 721, 11a, 17a, 18a, 21a, 27a, 29a, 30a, 31a, 71a, 100a, 117a.
Ceratocystis piceaperda (Rumbold) C. Moreau, 279, 336, 384.
Ceratocystis pilifera (Fr.) C. Moreau, 103, 163, 185, 204, 279, 297, 301, 382, 383, 384, 386, 404, 405, 465, 479, 579, 580, 616, 631, 706, 721, 748, 11a, 29a, 30a, 31a, 65a, 88a, 117a.
Ceratocystis pini (Münch) C. Moreau, 117a.
Ceratocystis pluriannulata (Hedgc.) C. Moreau, 103, 179, 204, 279, 336, 384, 752, 21a.
Ceratocystis polonica (Siem.) C. Moreau, 279, 336, 384, 385.
Ceratocystis ponderosae Hinds & Davidson, 46a.
Ceratocystis populicola Olchowecki & Reid, 600.
Ceratocystis populina Hinds & Davidson, 306, 307, 384.
Ceratocystis pseudoeurophioides Olchowecki & Reid, 600.
Ceratocystis pseudominor Olchowecki & Reid, 600.
Ceratocystis pseudoniqra Olchowecki & Reid, 600.
Ceratocystis retusi Davidson & Hinds, 600, 45a.
Ceratocystis radicola (Bliss) C. Moreau, 336.
Ceratocystis rostrocoronata Davidson & Eslyn, 204.
Ceratocystis rostrocyndrica (Davidson) Hunt, 279, 336, 384, 600.
Ceratocystis saqmatospora Wright & Cain, 204, 279, 384, 600.
Ceratocystis schrenkiana (Hedgc.) C. Moreau, 163, 279, 336, 384, 65a.
Ceratocystis serpens (Goid.) C. Moreau, 279, 336, 384.
Ceratocystis seticollis Davidson, 600.
Ceratocystis sparsa Davidson, 600.
Ceratocystis spinifera Olchowecki & Reid, 600.
Ceratocystis spinulosa Griffin, 279, 600.
Ceratocystis stenoceras (Robak) C. Moreau, 204, 279, 384, 582, 600, 721, 117a.
Ceratocystis stenospora Griffin, 279, 600.
Ceratocystis tenella Davidson, 152, 279, 384, 600.
Ceratocystis tetropii (Math.) Hunt, 279, 336, 384, 385, 580, 600, 721, 117a.
Ceratocystis torticiliata Olchowecki & Reid, 600.
Ceratocystis torulosa Butin & Zimmerm., 384, 100a.
Ceratocystis tremuloaurea Davidson & Hinds, 157, 158, 204, 279, 306, 307, 384.
Ceratocystis truncicola (Davidson) Griffin, 279.
Ceratocystis tubicollis Olchowecki & Reid, 600.

Ceratocystis ulmi (Buism.) C. Moreau, 14, 107, 228, 279, 336, 404, 405, 600, 607, 608, 721, 27a, 117a.
Ceratocystis variospora (Davidson) C. Moreau, 279, 336, 384, 600.
Ceratocystis vesca Davidson, 152, 279.
Ceratocystis wilsoni Bakshi, 35.
Ceratocystis sp., 9, 21, 88, 97, 99, 142, 153, 155, 156, 158, 170, 204, 228, 236, 286, 382, 383, 386, 482, 519, 580, 751, 799, 808, 818, 832, 854, 10a, 21a, 30a, 31a, 44a, 56a, 85a, 88a, 89a, 100a, 108a, 117a, 118a.
Ceratostomella adiposa (Butler) Sartoris, 798.
Ceratostomella coerulea Munch, 386.
Ceratostomella exigua Hedgc., 828.
Ceratostomella fimbriata (Ell. & Halst.) J. A. Elliott, 798.
Ceratostomella ips Rumbold, 147, 584, 828, 829.
Ceratostomella leptographioides Davidson, 148.
Ceratostomella microspora Davidson, 148.
Ceratostomella minutum Siem., 148.
Ceratostomella montium Rumbold, 673, 798.
Ceratostomella multiannulata Hedgc. & Davidson, 147, 798, 828.
Ceratostomella obscura Davidson, 147, 828.
Ceratostomella piceae Münch, 35, 240, 505, 586, 798, 3a, 4a.
Ceratostomella pilifera (Fr.) Winter, 128, 147, 316, 336, 828, 829, 32a, 41a, 80a.
Ceratostomella pini Münch, 35, 147, 228, 386, 585, 828, 20a.
Ceratostomella pluriannulata Hedgc., 147, 828, 829.
Ceratostomella rostrocylindrica Davidson, 148.
Ceratostomella schrenkiana Hedgc., 41a.
Ceratostomella stenoceras Robak, 148.
Ceratostomella sp., 148, 283, 284, 316, 326, 488, 670, 688, 673, 798, 828, 829, 20a, 49a, 50a.
Cercospora hibisci Tracy & Earle, 424.
Cercospora hibiscina Ell. & Everh., 424.
Cercospora rhizophorae Craeger, 424.
Cercospora salina Suth., 362, 364, 419, 630, 858.
Ceriosporopsis cambrensis, 110a.
Chaetomella horrida Oud., 294.
Chaetomella sp., 29, 623.
Chaetomium alba-arenulum Ames, 250, 251, 389, 391, 397, 398, 401, 402, 721.
Chaetomium aureum Chivers, 721.
Chaetomium bostrychodes Zoph, 594, 765.
Chaetomium cochlioides Pallister, 185, 186, 190, 370, 455, 465, 684, 721.
Chaetomium dolchotrichum Ames, 29, 118a.
Chaetomium elatum Kunze ex Fr., 190, 192, 383, 465, 580, 584, 684, 721, 748, 121a.
Chaetomium erectum Skolko & Groves, 721.

Chaetomium funiculum Cooke, 185, 190, 198, 294, 370, 383, 465, 579, 586, 684, 721, 733, 734, 748, 11a, 42a.
Chaetomium globosum Kunze ex Fr., 5, 6, 9, 13, 21, 29, 89, 102, 111, 112, 116, 131, 132, 133, 184, 185, 186, 188, 189, 190, 192, 195, 196, 198, 233, 250, 251, 294, 370, 375, 389, 391, 397, 398, 401, 402, 457, 458, 459, 461, 465, 478, 479, 481, 482, 522, 527, 529, 533, 536, 579, 580, 594, 603, 605, 631, 679, 684, 690, 703, 715, 716, 720, 721, 724, 725, 733, 734, 735, 736, 738, 748, 774, 788, 789, 790, 794, 834, 854, 11a, 16a, 23a, 25a, 35a, 39a, 42a, 51a, 52a, 55a, 61a, 66a, 68a, 72a, 84a, 86a, 89a, 94a, 105a, 107a, 112a, 114a, 120a, 122a, 125a, 127a, 132a, 133a.
Chaetomium gracile Udagawa, 721.
Chaetomium homopilatum Omvik, 721.
Chaetomium indicum Corda, 721, 72a.
Chaetomium murorum Corda, 721.
Chaetomium olivaceum Ellis, 703.
Chaetomium piluliferum Daniels, 530, 39a, 131a.
Chaetomium spirale Zopf, 190, 132a.
Chaetomium thermophile LaTouche, 215, 271, 495, 579, 580, 721, 795, 11a.
Chaetomium thermophile LaTouche var. coprophile Cooney & Emerson, 215, 223, 736, 792, 793, 794, 795.
Chaetomium thermophile LaTouche var. dissitum Cooney & Emerson, 215, 223, 792, 793, 794, 795, 36a, 53a.
Chaetomium velutinum Ames, 190, 721.
Chaetomium sp., 215, 227, 262, 272, 326, 384, 594, 721, 748, 808, 818, 834, 847, 56a, 57a, 67a, 99a, 109a, 118a.
Chaetophoma sp., 29, 593, 748.
Chaetopsis sp., 196.
Chalara fusidioides (Corda) Rabenh., 721.
Chalara rivulorum Peyronel, 445.
Chalara strobilina Sacc., 447.
Chalara sp., 190, 447, 464, 579, 580, 721, 867, 11a, 88a.
Chalaropsis sp., 184, 185, 196, 370, 465, 512, 721.
Cheiromycella sp., 464.
Chloridium chlamydosporium (van Beyma) Hughes, 190, 288, 580, 721.
Chloridium minutum (Sacc.) Sacc., 593, 594.
Chloridium sp., 818, 80a.
Chromosporium sp., 190, 721.
Chrysosporium lignorum Nilsson, 7, 579, 703, 10a, 12a, 106a.
Chrysosporium luteum (Constontin) Carmichael, 797.
Chrysosporium olivaceum (J. Taylor) Link, 797.
Chrysosporium pannorum (Link) Hughes, 579, 580, 582, 594, 721, 857, 11a, 42a.
Chrysosporium pollaccii J. Taylor, 797.
Chrysosporium pruinatum (Gilman & Allbott) Carmichael, 80, 5.95, 635, 721, 770, 67a, 70a.
Chrysosporium sp., 80, 215, 721, 746, 748, 751, 87a.

Cirrenalia macrocephala (Kohlm.) Meyers & Moore, 101, 122, 192, 195, 196, 303, 362, 364, 367, 370, 419, 420, 421, 425, 539, 721, 811, 813, 22a, 110a, 121a.
Cirrenalia pseudomacrocephala Kohlm., 422.
Cirrenalia pygmaea Kohlm., 367, 422, 424.
Cirrenalia tropicalis Kohlm., 370, 422, 424.
Cirrhomyces caudiger Höhnelt, 102a.
Cirrhomyces sp., 867.
Citromyces sp., 99a.
Cladobotryum apiculatum (Tubaki) W. Gams & Hoozem, 594.
Cladorrhinum sp., 580, 582, 721, 42a.
Cladosporium algarum Cooke & Masee, 419, 22a.
Cladosporium brevicompactum Pidopl. & Deniak, 593.
Cladosporium cladosporioides (Fres.) de Vries, 110, 384, 616, 746, 23a, 80a, 98a, 118a.
Cladosporium cucumerinum Ell. & Arth., 785.
Cladosporium elatum (Harz) Nannf., 83, 384, 676, 721, 765, 19a.
Cladosporium fuscum Preuss, 593.
Cladosporium herbarum (Pers.) Link ex Fr., 29, 35, 82, 83, 84, 133, 190, 249, 254, 319, 342, 374, 382, 383, 384, 391, 398, 404, 405, 512, 576, 593, 594, 616, 669, 676, 703, 721, 765, 799, 822, 847, 14a, 17a, 19a, 29a, 30a, 31a, 72a, 80a, 91a, 117a, 121a, 130a.
Cladosporium hordei (Bruhne) Pidopl., 594.
Cladosporium macrocarpum Preuss, 382, 383, 464.
Cladosporium resinae (Lindau) de Vries, 30, 278, 401, 580, 582, 610, 721, 748, 42a.
Cladosporium sphaerospermum Penz., 464, 669, 1a, 80a.
Cladosporium sp., 97, 186, 187, 243, 273, 309, 326, 384, 462, 536, 579, 582, 593, 594, 622, 623, 644, 669, 704, 746, 748, 751, 772, 818, 828, 829, 867, 11a, 21a, 42a, 64a, 90a, 117a, 118a.
Clasterosporium caricinum Schw., 192, 195, 196, 370.
Clasterosporium tenuissimum (Nees) Sacc., 383.
Clavariopsis aquatica de Wild., 338, 370, 377.
Clavariopsis bulbosa Anast., 10, 325, 367, 422, 423, 744, 812, 813, 2a, 22a.
Clavatospora stellata (Ingold & Cox) S. Nilsson, 370.
Clavatospora stellatacula Kirk, 370, 409, 22a.
Coccospora agricola Goddard, 246, 721.
Codinea gonytrichodes Shearer & Crane, 370, 744.
Codinea parva Hughes & Kendrick, 195, 196.
Colletotrichum hibisciola Rangel, 424.
Coniella sp., 195, 196.
Conioscypha lignicola Höhnelt, 742.
Conioscypha varia Shearer, 370, 742.
Coniosporium sp., 445.
Coniothecium charticola Fckl., 593.
Coniothecium pyramidula Bomm., 593.
Coniothecium sp., 623, 675, 818, 867.

Coniothyrium fuckelii Sacc., 131, 133, 249, 370, 391, 398, 465, 582, 721, 746, 64a, 130a.
Coniothyrium fuckelii Sacc. var. sporulosum W. Gams & Domsch., 580, 721.
Coniothyrium minitans Campbell, 42a.
Coniothyrium sp., 11a, 71a, 88a, 98a.
Cordana pauciseptata Preuss, 11a, 24a, 68a.
Corollospora comata J. Kohlm., 110a.
Coryne cylichnium (Tul.) Boud., 118a.
Coryne sarcoides (Jacquin ex S. F. Gray) Tul., 35, 209, 383, 579, 580, 721, 56a, 57a, 104a, 118a.
Coryne sarcoides complex, 14a.
Coryne sp., 118a.
Cremasteria cymatilis Meyers & Moore, 122, 367, 375, 419, 549, 22a.
Cryptosporiopsis abietina Petrak, 71a.
Cryptostroma corticale (Ell. & Ev.) Gregory & Waller, 596.
Culcitalna acharaspora Meyers & Moore, 101, 122, 303, 363, 367, 370, 419, 420, 422, 424, 427, 539, 549, 811, 110a, 115a, 121a.
Culcitalna sp., 22a.
Curvularia affinis Boedijn, 271, 38a, 101a.
Curvularia geniculata (Tracy & Earle) Boedijn, 728.
Curvularia lunata (Wakker) Boedijn, 28, 83, 110, 669, 678, 679, 721, 765, 824, 825, 826, 19a, 23a.
Curvularia lunata (Wakker) Boedijn var. aeria (Batista, Lima, & Vasconcelos) M. B. Ellis, 271.
Curvularia pallescens Boedijn, 669, 728.
Curvularia uncinata Bugn., 593.
Curvularia sp., 536, 593, 748, 818, 821, 88a.
Cylindrocarpon didymum (Hartig) Wollenw., 249, 398, 580, 721.
Cylindrocarpon gracile Bugn., 580, 721.
Cylindrocarpon heteronemum (Berk. & Br.) Wollenw., 383.
Cylindrocarpon lucidum Booth, 580, 721, 11a.
Cylindrocarpon magnusianum Wollenw., 580, 721, 42a, 113a.
Cylindrocarpon radicicolum Wollenw., 382, 383, 56a, 132a.
Cylindrocarpon sp., 12, 82, 83, 84, 102, 133, 398, 579, 11a, 12a, 19a, 42a, 56a, 57a.
Cylindrocephalum sp., 445, 746, 80a.
Cylindrocladium couratariae Ram & Ram, 635.
Cylindrocladium floridanum Sobers & Seymour, 773.
Cyphellopycnis sp., 133.
Cytospora abietis Sacc., 384.
Cytospora decipiens Sacc., 753, 754, 755.
Cytospora cf. horrida Sacc., 91a.
Cytospora leucostoma (Pers. ex Fr.) Sacc., 405.
Cytospora pini Desm. 213, 383, 748, 55a, 56a, 108a.
Cytospora rhizophorae J. & E. Kohlm., 427.
Cytospora sp., 29, 190, 237, 242, 262, 382, 383, 384, 423, 593, 623, 631, 684, 721, 748, 56a, 71a, 76a, 85a, 91a, 118a.
Cytosporella sp., 184, 185, 190, 370, 465, 623, 721.

Dactylaria candida (Nees) Sacc., 80a.
Dactylaria fusiformis Shearer & Crane, 744.
Dactylaria sp., 82, 83, 446.
Dactylella aquatica (Ingold) Ranzoni, 370.
Dactylella arnuda Yadav, 867.
Dactylella brochopaga Drechs., 80a.
Dactylella dactyloidea (Drechs.) Sopronow, 447.
Dactylella gephyropaga Drechs., 80a.
Dactylella minuta Grove, 445.
Dactylella minuta Grove var. fusiformis Grove, 446
Dactylella rhombospora Grove, 446, 447.
Dactylella sp., 198, 378.
Dactylium dendroides (Bull.) Fr., 294, 456, 748.
Dactylium fusarioides Fragoso & Ciferri, 401, 741, 61a
Dactylium leptosporum (Sacc.) Lentz, 456.
Dactylosporium sp., 29, 527, 534, 721.
Dematium hispidulum Fr., 593.
Dematium pullulans de Bary, 593, 644, 670.
Dematium sp., 593.
Dendrodochium sp., 113a, 118a.
Dendrophoma sp., 29.
Dendrospora erecta Ingold, 370, 399.
Dendryphiella arenaria Nicot, 669, 22a.
Dendryphiella interseminata (Berk. & Rev.) Bubak & Renojevic, 867.
Dendryphiella salina (Suth.) Pugh & Nicot, 101, 303, 325, 367, 370,
374, 375, 419, 425, 539, 540, 625. 630, 22a.
Dendryphion comosum Wallr., 867. .
Dendryphion fumosum (Corda) Fr., 100, 192, 195, 196.
Dendryphion laxum Berk. & Br., 867.
Dendryphion nanum (Nees ex Gray) Hughes, 744.
Dendryphion sp., 185, 465.
Dendryphiopsis atra Hughes, 748.
Dendryphiopsis sp., 748.
Dicoccum asperum (Corda) Sacc., 196, 593.
Dicoccum charticola var. asperum Corda, 593.
Dicoccum sp., 198, 261, 593, 733, 734, 735.
Dicranidion fragile Harkness, 445, 446.
Dictyosporium boydii Smith & Ramsbottom, 363.
Dictyosporium elegans Corda, 370, 580, 582, 721, 68a.
Dictyosporium pelagica (Linder) G. C. Hughes, 12, 101, 192, 195, 325,
363, 367, 370, 425, 625, 22a.
Dictyosporium pelagicum (Linder) G. C. Hughes, 110a.
Dictyosporium toruloides (Corda) Guéguen, 303, 363, 370, 867.
Dictyosporium sp., 145.
Didyonostilba sp., 294.
Dimerosporiopsis sp., 464.
Dimorphospora foliicola Tubaki, 370.
Dinemasporium marinum Nilsson, 367, 419.
Diplococcium spicatum Grove, 80a.

Diplococcium sp., 185, 465.
Diplodia conigena Desm., 101a.
Diplodia natalensis Evans, 385, 404, 405, 424, 828, 829, 832, 21a, 28a, 92a.
Diplodia oraemaris Barghoorn & Linder, 32, 353, 367, 418, 419, 669, 22a.
Diplodia pinea (Desm.) Kickx & Waterman, 82, 83, 405, 721.
Diplodia sapinea (Fr.) Fckl., 404, 405.
Diplodia zeae (Schw.) Lev., 47.
Diplodia sp., 186, 190, 227, 404, 748, 799, 828, 17a, 88a.
Diplodina laminariana Suth., 419.
Diplodia sp., 669.
Diplorhynchium africanum Hughes, 80a.
Discula brunneotinctens H. Meyer, 384, 404, 405, 101a, 102a, 130a.
Discula pinicola (Naum.) Petrak, 29, 382, 383, 384, 580, 703, 748, 56a, 101a.
Discula pinicola (Naum.) Petrak var. mammosa Lagerb. & Melin, 465, 748, 101a, 130a.
Discula sp., 383, 721, 117a.
Doratomyces microsporus (Sacc.) Morton & Smith, 100, 192, 195, 196, 370, 580, 721, 42a.
Doratomyces nanus (Ehrb. & Link) Morton & Smith, 721.
Doratomyces purpureofuscus (Schw. ex Fr.) Morton & Smith, 192, 195, 196, 370, 721.
Doratomyces stemonites (Pers. ex Fr.) Morton & Smith, 100, 133, 192, 249, 391, 398, 401, 402, 721, 736, 80a, 91a.
Doratomyces sp., 721, 738.
Dothichiza pityophila (Corda) Petrak, 721.
Dothiorella sp., 748.
Drechslera sorokiniana (Sacc.) Subram. & Jain, 580, 721.
Drechslera spicifera (Bain.) v. Arx, 721.

Eidamia acromoniloides (Harz) Lindau, 593.
Eidamia sp., 76.
Eladia saccula (Dale) G. Smith, 580, 721, 42a.
Endoconidiophora adiposa (Butler) Davidson, 147.
Endoconidiophora coerulescens Münch, 147, 386, 828, 5a, 43a.
Endoconidiophora coerulescens Münch f. douglasii Davidson, 150, 151.
Endoconidiophora bunae Kitajima, 3a.
Endoconidiophora fimbriata (Ell. & Hals.) Davidson, 147.
Endoconidiophora moniliformis (Hedgc.) Davidson, 147, 149, 828, 829.
Endoconidiophora paradoxa (de Seynes) Davidson, 147.
Endoconidiophora variospora Davidson, 149.
Endoconidiophora virescens Davidson, 149, 21a, 77a.
Endophragma australiensis Beaton & M. B. Ellis, 744.
Endophragma hyalosperma (Corda) Morgan-Jones & Cole, 370, 867.
Endophragma sp., 464.
Epicoccum granulatum Penz., 17a.
Epicoccum maritimum Suth., 419.

Epicoccum niger [probably orthographic variant of Epicoccum nigrum Link ex Fr.], 100, 192.
Epicoccum nigrum Link ex Fr., 82, 83, 84, 97, 133, 246, 271, 370, 400, 593, 594, 669, 847, 867, 19a, 38a, 80a.
Epicoccum purpurascens Enrenb. ex Schl., 319, 580, 721, 748, 765, 42a, 124a.
Epicoccum sp., 29, 262, 593, 818, 11a, 57a, 64a, 90a.

Flagellospora curvula Ingold, 338.
Flagellospora sp., 409.
Fluminispora ovalis Ingold. 340.
Fumago vagans Pers., 728.
Fumago sp., 14a.
Fusariella sp., 867.
Fusarium auaeductuum (Radlk. & Rabh.) Laeh., 249, 398.
Fusarium avenaceum (Corda ex Fr.) Sacc., 867, 80a.
Fusarium chlamydosporum Wollenw. & Reinking, 623, 721.
Fusarium coeruleum Lib. ex Sacc., 593, 623.
Fusarium coeruleum Sacc. var. cellulosae Sart., 593.
Fusarium culmorum (W. G. Smith) Sacc., 593, 594, 669.
Fusarium equiseti (Corda) Sacc., 249, 383, 398, 401, 593, 721.
Fusarium herbarum Fr., 593.
Fusarium javanicum Koorders, 100a, 101a.
Fusarium javanicum v. radicicola Wollenw., 703.
Fusarium lini Bolley, 512.
Fusarium martii Appel & Wollenw., 593.
Fusarium moniliforme Sheld., 271, 593, 38a, 72a, 80a.
Fusarium negudi Sherb., 721.
Fusarium nivale (Fr.) Cesati, 623.
Fusarium orthoceras Appel & Wollenw., 383, 593, 623.
Fusarium oxysporum Schlecht ex Fr., 249, 271, 278, 342, 358, 370, 383, 398, 401, 506, 593, 631, 669, 721, 746, 38a, 132a.
Fusarium oxysporum (Schlecht ex Fr.) em. Snyder & Hansen, 746, 748, 80a
Fusarium oxysporum Schlecht ex Fr. f. sp. cucumerinum Owen, 23a.
Fusarium oxysporum Schlecht ex Fr. f. sp. lycopersici (Sacc.) Snyder & Hansen, 459.
Fusarium oxysporum Schlecht ex Fr. var. cubense (E. F. Smith) Snyder & Hansen, 110, 23a.
Fusarium poe (Pech) Wolleaw., 703.
Fusarium redolens Wollenw., 249, 623, 721.
Fusarium roseum Link ex Fr., 247, 15a.
Fusarium sambucinum Fckl., 867.
Fusarium scirpi Lambotte & Fantrey, 512, 593.
Fusarium semitectum Berk & Rav., 669, 67a.
Fusarium solani (Mart.) Appel & Wollenw., 190, 249, 251, 271, 382, 383, 397, 398, 512, 527, 534, 580, 593, 594, 669, 721, 733, 80a, 98a.
Fusarium solani (Mart.) Appel & Wollenw. sensu Snyder & Hansen, 10, 20, 746, 748, 38a, 67a.

Fusarium solani (Mart.) Appel & Wollenw. var. emuartii (Carp.) Wollenw., 101a.

Fusarium subluntatum Reink., 623.

Fusarium tricothecioides Wollenw., 512, 623.

Fusarium sp., 29, 82, 83, 84, 100, 133, 186, 190, 192, 195, 196, 198, 234, 237, 246, 250, 251, 271, 22, 273, 278, 286, 326, 370, 377, 382, 397, 398, 401, 447, 464, 568, 579, 622, 623, 684, 704, 734, 735, 736, 738, 746, 748, 808, 818, 11a, 13a, 17a, 19a, 38a, 42a, 56a, 57a, 62a, 64a, 85a, 88a, 89a, 90a, 98a, 99a, 118a, 121a, 126a, 130a, 132a.

Fusicladium sp., 765.

Fusicoccum tingens Goid., 384.

Fusidium maritimum Suth., 419.

Fusidium viride Grove, 198.

Fusidium sp., 734.

Gaeumannomyces sp., 115a.

Geotrichoides sp., 37a.

Geotrichum candidum Link ex pers., 65, 67, 105, 217, 218, 219, 220, 294, 579, 669, 10a, 11a, 80a, 108a.

Geotrichum sp., 29, 217, 271, 326, 344, 464, 594, 818, 37a, 38a.

Gilmaniella humicola Barron, 580, 721, 80a.

Gliocladiopsis sp., 133, 294.

Gliocladium catenulatum Gilman & Abbot, 82, 83, 102, 249, 580, 721, 80a.

Gliocladium deliquescens Sopp, 344, 383, 388, 445, 447, 579, 703, 721, 11a, 12a, 80a, 113a.

Gliocladium fimbriatum Gilman & Abbot, 344, 352.

Gliocladium penicillioides Corda, 586, 721.

Gliocladium roseum (Link) Thom, 347, 113a.

Gliocladium roseum Bain., 102, 190, 198, 246, 294, 344, 404, 405, 721, 733, 735, 738, 809, 80a, 98a, 108a.

Gliocladium roseum Bain. var. viride Rall., 249, 734, 736, 748, 100a.

Gliocladium virens Mill., Gidd., & Fost., 8, 165, 166, 249, 251, 288, 397, 398, 401, 721, 61a.

Gliocladium viride Matr., 333, 480, 721, 746, 748, 751.

Gliocladium sp., 29, 82, 83, 186, 251, 297, 326, 430, 432, 436, 447, 464, 525, 567, 593, 731, 748, 752, 818, 851, 19a, 29a, 64a, 78a, 85a, 99a.

Gliodendron balnicolum Salonen & Ruokola, 80a.

Gliomastix convoluta Harz, 447, 464, 721.

Gliomastix murorum (Corda) Hughes, 288.

Gliomastix murorum (Corda) Hughes var. felina (Corda) Hughes, 288, 102a.

Gliomastix subiculosa [Gliomastix state of Wallrothiella subiculosa Höhnell], 38a.

Gliomastix sp., 29, 326, 593.

Gloiosphaeria clericiana Höhnell, 96a.

Gonatobotrys flava Bon., 593.
Gonatobotrys microspora Riv., 445, 447.
Gonatobotrys simplex Corda, 721.
Gonatobotrys sp., 445, 580, 582, 721, 42a, 68a.
Gonatobotryum fuscum (Sacc.) Sacc., 669.
Gonytrichum macrocladum (Sacc.) Hughes, 288, 370, 721.
Graphilbum sparsum Upadhyay & Kendrick, 817.
Graphium aureum, 30a, 117a.
Graphium cuneiferum (Berk. & Br.) Mason & Ellis, 736.
Graphium fragrans Math.-Käärik, 580, 721, 117a.
Graphium penicillioides Corda, 344, 384, 447, 505, 721, 748, 100a.
Graphium penicillioides Corda v. hungeri Sacc., 703.
Graphium piceae, 271, 404, 38a.
Graphium pyenocephalum Grossman, 384, 117a.
Graphium rigidum (Pers.) Sacc., 147, 190, 384, 670, 721, 828, 829.
Graphium rubrum Rumbold, 79a.
Graphium silanum Goid., 384, 748.
Graphium tenuissma Corda, 739.
Graphium sp. 100, 103, 142, 186, 88, 189, 190, 192, 195, 196, 198,
204, 205, 206, 228, 233, 271 279, 288, 294, 370, 383, 405, 565,
580, 582, 623, 684, 721, 734 735, 738, 746, 748, 751, 758, 818,
4a, 11a, 17a, 21a, 24a, 32a, 44a, 49a, 68a, 71a, 85a, 88a, 100a,
109a, 113a, 117a, 118a.

Halobysus moniliformis Zuka, 593
Halocyphina villosa J. & E. Kohlm., 367, 423, 424, 426.
Halocyphina sp., 426.
Halosphaeria mediosetigera Cribb & Cribb, 115a, 121a.
Hantzschia sp., 60a.
Haplographium bicolor, 464.
Haplographium chartarum (Cooke) Sacc., 593.
Haplographium chlorocephalum (Fres.) Grove, 91a.
Haplographium fuliginum van Beyma, 593, 594.
Haplographium penicilloides Fautr., 384.
Haplographium sp., 262, 580, 625, 721, 117a.
Harpoglyphium zonatum Lentz, 456.
Harpoglyphium sp., 100, 746.
Helicoma macrocephala Kohlm., 418, 721.
Helicoma maritimum Linder in Barghoorn & Linder, 32, 362, 364, 418, 419,
420, 580, 684, 721, 765, 858.
Helicoma salinum Linder, 11, 32, 353, 362, 364, 419, 721, 858.
Helicoma sp., 549, 550, 748.
Helicomycetes sp., 294, 370, 88a.
Helicoon sessil Morgan, 192, 196, 370.
Helicosporium aureum (Corda) Linder, 185, 190, 465, 721.
Helicosporium phragmitis Höhnelt, 370.
Helicosporium vegatatum Nees ex Fr., 288.

Helicostilium fresenii v. Tiegh. & LeMon., 594.
Heliscus aquaticus Ingold, 338.
Heliscus longibrachiatus Ingold, 338.
Heliscus lugdunensis Sacc. & Therry, 196, 370, 121a.
Helminthosporium erythrospilum Drechs., 404, 405.
Helminthosporium geniculatum Tracy & Earle, 147, 384, 828, 829.
Helminthosporium glabroides F. L. Stevens, 424.
Helminthosporium halodes Drechs., 419, 765.
Helminthosporium hyalospermum, 319.
Helminthosporium oryzae v. Breda de Hann, 453.
Helminthosporium sativum Pammel, King, & Bakke, 669.
Helminthosporium sigmoideum Cav., 593.
Helminthosporium spiciferum (Bain.) Nicot, 190, 721.
Helminthosporium tetramera McKinney, 728, 765.
Helminthosporium velutinum Link ex Fr., 593, 594.
Helminthosporium sp., 82, 83, 593, 669, 721, 738, 748, 818, 90a, 132a.
Herpotrichia juniperi (Duby) Petrak, 721.
Heterosporium sp., 669.
Hormiscium aurantiacum Lindau, 593.
Hormiscium gelatinosum Hedgc., 728.
Hormiscium sp., 82, 83, 185, 219, 249, 294, 353, 367, 370, 398, 465, 88a, 89a.
Hormodendron cladosporioides Fres., 382, 445, 748.
Hormodendron elatum Harz, 447.
Hormodendron microsporum Lagen. & Melin, 384, 445.
Hormodendron nigrescens Paine, 447.
Hormodendron pallidum, 669.
Hormodendron resinae Lindau, 120, 383, 513, 514.
Hormodendron sp., 76, 262, 383, 445, 447, 623, 746, 748, 14a.
Hormonema pullulans (de Bary) Lagerb. & Melin, 147.
Humicola alopallonella Meyers & Moore, 12, 101, 192, 195, 196, 303, 322, 324, 363, 367, 370, 378, 419, 420, 422, 423, 424, 539, 549, 580, 581, 582, 721, 812, 813, 22a, 68a, 115a, 121a.
Humicola brevis (Gilman & Abbott) Gilman, 580, 721, 728.
Humicola fuscoatra Traaen, 511, 703, 711.
Humicola grisea, Traaen, 198, 250, 251, 389, 391, 397, 398, 401, 402, 536, 580, 582, 669, 721, 728, 833, 834, 835, 14a, 42a, 68a, 109a, 132a.
Humicola grisea Traaen var. thermoidea Cooney & Emerson, 215, 223, 271, 580, 582, 669, 721, 728, 733, 734, 735, 38a, 61a.
Humicola insolens Cooney & Emerson, 215, 223, 794.
Humicola lanuginosa (Griff. & Maubl.) Bunce, 79, 223, 271, 746, 770, 792, 793, 38a, 53a.
Humicola nigrescens Omvik, 580, 721.
Humicola stellata Bunce, 79, 223, 794.
Humicola zollerniae Ram & Ram, 634.
Humicola sp., 84, 100, 246, 272, 377, 550, 580, 595, 625, 721, 733, 738, 746, 818, 51a, 52a, 107a.

Hyalodendron lignicola Diddens, 580, 721.
Hyalodendron sp., 508, 118a, 130a.
Hyaloflorae sp., 669.
Hyalopesotum introcitrina Upadhyay & Kendrick, 817.
Hyalopus sp., 669, 684.
Hyalorhinocладиella minuta-bicolor Upadhyay & Kendrick, 817.
Hyalorhinocладиella Upadhyay & Kendrick, 817.
Hyaloscypha dematiicolor, 464.

Idriella couratorll Ram, 634.
Illosporium sanguioum, 101a.
Isaria sp., 76, 326, 464, 19a.

Kabatiella sp., 108a.

Lanulospora curvula Ingold, 338.
Lasiodiplodia theobromae Griff. & Maubl., 40, 237, 98a.
Lasiodiplodia sp., 227.

Lasio-sphaeria pezizula (Berk. & Curt.) Sacc., 316.
Lecythophora lignicola Nannf., 383.
Lecythophora sp., 326.
Lemonnier aquatica de Wild., 338, 370, 377.
Lemonniera brachycladia Ingold, 340.
Leptographium engelmanni Davidson, 151, 384, 44a.
Leptographium hymenaeae Ram & Ram, 635.
Leptographium, lumbertii Lager. & Melin, 25, 35, 213, 228, 383, 384,
 394, 404, 405, 414, 525, 580, 731, 739, 748, 29a, 30a, 55a, 56a,
 101a, 108a, 113a, 117a.
Leptographium microsporum Davidson, 147, 739.
Leptographium penicillata Grossman, 739.
Leptographium phycomyces (Auersw.) Grossman, 616, 60a.
Leptographium terebantis Barris & Perry, 384.
Leptographium sp., 103, 195, 204, 228, 283, 284, 336, 394, 613, 659,
 660, 748, 828, 17a, 31a, 88a, 117a.
Leptosphaeria contecta Kchlm., 115a.
Leptothyrium rhizophorae Frag. & Cif., 424.
Leptoxyphium bahiense Bat. & Cif., 123.
Leptoxyphium casuarine (MacAlp.) Bat. & Cif., 123.
Leptoxyphium graminum (Bat.) Spea., 123.
Leptoxyphium indicum Bat. & Cif., 123.
Leptoxyphium spongiosum Bat., Masc., & Cif., 123.
Leptoxyphium unedonis (Maire & Sacc.) Bat. & Cif., 123.
Leptoxyphium xylophilum Cif., Bat. and A. Montem, 123.
Libertella betulina Daszewska, 91a, 102a.
Libertella sp., 102, 91a, 102a.

Macrophoma gymnogongri Feldmann, 362, 364, 367.
Macrophoma fraxini Delach., 124a.

Macrophoma pinea (Desm.) Petrak & Syd., 384, 616.
Macrophoma sp., 360, 425, 427, 22a.
Macrosporium commune Rab., 593.
Macrosporium consortiale Thuem., 593.
Macrosporium laminarum Suth., 419.
Macrosporium pelvetiae Suth., 419.
Macrosporium sp., 593.
Malbranchea pulchella Sacc. & Penz., 271, 38a.
Malbranchea pulchella Sacc. & Penz. var. sulfurea (Miehe)
 Conney & Emerson, 222, 794.
Mammaria echinobotryoides Cesati, 192, 195, 196, 370, 625.
Mammaria sp., 249, 398, 401, 721.
Margarinomyces atrovirens van Beyma, 383.
Margarinomyces bubakii 126a.
Margarinomyces luteo-viridis van Beyma, 499, 501, 721
Margarinomyces microsperma (Corda) Mangelot., 579, 580, 721, 11a.
Margarinomyces sp., 219, 243, 326, 703, 11a, 126a.
Margaritospora aquatica Ingold, 338, 370.
Marrianeae sp., 76.
Masoniella grisea (G. Smith) G. Smith, 446, 748.
Masoniella sp., 445.
Melanconiopsis elzoi Speg., 97.
Melanconium bicolor Nees. 721. 748.
Melanconium sp., 748.
Melanographium cookei M. B. Ellis, 456
Melanographium citri (Fragoso & Ciferri) M. B. Ellis, 456.
Memnoniella echinata (Riv.) Galloway, 115, 536, 721, 728.
Memnoniella sp., 133.
Menispora apicalis Berk. & Curt., 330.
Menispora caesia Preuss, 314.
Menispora ciliata Corda. 314. 330.
Menispora glauca (Link) ex Pers., 314, 330.
Menispora glauco-nigra Cooke & Ell., 330.
Menispora tortuosa Corda, 314, 330.
Metarhizum anisopliae (Metsch.) Sorok., 288.
Moeszia sp., 82, 83, 721, 19a.
Monilia acremonium Delacr., 593, 669.
Monilia brunnea Quel., 228, 280, 445.
Monilia candida Bonord., 228, 593.
Monilia cellulophaga Sart., 593.
Monilia ferruginia Math.-Käärik, 228, 631, 117a.
Monilia neophila Oud., 447.
Monilia implicata Gilman & Abbott, 669.
Monilia minor, 228.
Monilia minor v. macrosporium, 228.
Monilia sitophila (Mont.) Sacc., 593, 594, 670, 49a, 132a.
Monilia sp., 84, 593, 669, 88a, 99a.
Monodictys levis (Wittsh.) Hughes, 748.

Monodictys pelagica (Johnson) Jones, 12, 101, 122, 146, 303, 322, 324, 325, 363, 367, 370, 425, 721, 812, 813, 22a, 110a, 115a.
Monodictys putredinis (Wallr.) Hughes, 192, 195, 196, 363, 364, 367, 370, 721.
Monodictys sp., 100, 197, 205, 206, 370, 378, 721, 90a.
Monosporium ellipticum Daszewska, 445.
Monosporium maritimum Suth., 419.
Monosporium olivaceum Cooke & Massee, 186, 190, 198, 382, 383, 721, 734, 735.
Monosporium sp., 188, 593, 721.
Monotosporella sphaerocephala (Benk & Br.) Hughes, 464.
Mycelia Sterilia, 217, 278, 333.
Mycelium radialis atrovirens Melin, 580, 652.
Myrothecium roridum Tode ex Fr., 728.
Myrothecium striatisporum Matsushima, 728.
Myrothecium verrucaria (Alb. & Schw.) Ditmar ex Fr., 110, 111, 112, 190, 459, 539, 580, 594, 669, 721, 748, 23a, 94a.
Myrothecium sp., 593.
Mystrosporium sp., 593.

Naemospora microspora Corda, 748.
Naemospora strobi, 108a.
Naemospora sp., 580.
Neottiosporella sp., 84.
Neta lignicola Shearer, 743.
Neta patuxentica Shearer & Crane, 370, 744.
Nigrospora oryzae (Berk. & Br.) Sacc., 593, 669.
Nigrospora sacchari (Speg.) Mason, 669.
Nigrospora sphaerica (Sacc.) Mason, 669, 728, 847.
Nigrospora sp., 734, 818, 89a, 90a, 132a.
Nodulisporium sp., 294, 464.

Oedocephalum album Preuss, 128a.
Oedocephalum argillaceum Malencon, 128a.
Oedocephalum cristallinum Ces., 128a.
Oedocephalum elegans Preuss, 128a.
Oedocephalum glomerulosum (Bull.) Sacc., 593, 128a.
Oedocephalum lineatum Bakshi, 25.
Oedocephalum macrosporum Penzige & Sacc., 128a.
Oedocephalum pallidum (Berk. & Br.) Cost. ex Thaxt., 867.
Oidiodendron echinulatum Barron, 580, 721, 42a.
Oidiodendron fuscum Robak, 294, 445, 464.
Oidiodendron griseum Robak, 383, 384, 445, 579, 580, 721, 42a.
Oidiodendron nigrum Robak, 384.
Oidiodendron tenuissimum (Peck) Hughes, 382, 383, 579, 580, 721, 11a, 12a.
Oidiodendron sp., 294, 326, 669, 748, 772, 867, 11a.

Oidium bloxamii (Berk. & Br.) Linder, 748.
Oidium ramosissimum Berk. & Curt.) Linder, 748.
Oidium rubiginosum (Fr.) Linder, 594.
Oidium simile Benk., 456.
Oidium sp., 82, 83, 464, 19a, 99a.
Oospora boordenii Sacc., 593.
Oospora crustacea Bull., 593.
Oospora ochracea (Corda) Sacc., 593.
Oospora variabilis Lind., 593.
Oospora sp., 196.
Ophiostoma bicolor Davidson & Wells, 151, 9a.
Ophiostoma coerulescens [Ophiostoma coerulea (Münch) Nannf.], 465, 101a, 130a.
Ophiostoma coeruleum (Munch) H. & P. Syd., 254, 386, 101a, 130a.
Ophiostoma faqi (W. Loos) Nannf., 102a.
Ophiostoma imperfectum Mill & Cernz., 101a, 130a.
Ophiostoma piceae (Münch) H. & P. Syd., 150, 240, 254, 465, 101a.
Ophiostoma pini (Münch) H. & P. Syd., 386, 465, 101a, 130a.
Ophiostoma quercus (George.) Nannf., 703, 102a.
Ophiostoma truncicolor Davidson, 151, 9a.
Ophiostoma sp., 380, 386, 517.
Orbicula parietina (Schradler ex Fr.) Hughes, 35a, 116a.
Orbimyces spectabilis Linder, 32, 303, 418, 419, 425, 22a.

Pachnocybe sp., 464.
Pachnodium canum Upadhyay & Kendrick, 817.
Pachybasium hamatum (Bon.) Sacc., 294, 383, 56a.
Pachybasium sp., 382.
Paecilomyces arenarium (Schap. & Mant.) Raper & Thom, 593, 594.
Paecilomyces burci (Poll.) Thom, 76.
Paecilomyces canadensis (Vuill.) Brown & Smith, 76.
Paecilomyces carneus (Duche & Heim) Brown & Smith, 76.
Paecilomyces clavisorus Hammill, 288.
Paecilomyces coccosporus (Drechs.) Brown & Smith, 76.
Paecilomyces cossus (Portier & Sart.) Brown & Smith, 76.
Paecilomyces dactylethromorphis Batista & Maia, 76.
Paecilomyces elegans (Corda) Mason & Hughes, 76, 249, 445, 447, 464, 522, 580, 594, 721, 733, 735, 736, 11a, 111a, 113a.
Paecilomyces farinosus (Dicks. ex Fr.) Brown & Smith, 76, 478, 721.
Paecilomyces fimetarius (Moesz) Brown & Smith, 76.
Paecilomyces flavescens Brown & Smith, 76.
Paecilomyces fumoso-roseus (Wize) Brown & Smith, 76.
Paecilomyces fusisporus Saksena, 76, 622.
Paecilomyces heliothis (Charles) Brown & Smith, 76.
Paecilomyces herbarum Brown & Smith, 76, 447, 867.
Paecilomyces inflatus (Burnside) Carmichael, 249, 391, 398, 721.
Paecilomyces javanicus (Friederichs & Bally) Brown & Smith, 76.
Paecilomyces lecythisii Ram, 633.

Paecilomyces longipes (Petch) Brown & Smith, 76.
Paecilomyces marquandii (Masse) Hughes, 76, 294, 733.
Paecilomyces maximus Ram, 633.
Paecilomyces parvus Brown & Smith, 76, 721.
Paecilomyces puntonii (Vuill.) Nannizzi, 76.
Paecilomyces simplex (Petch) Brown & Smith, 76.
Paecilomyces smilanensis (Wize) Brown & Smith, 76.
Paecilomyces variabilis Barron, 288.
Paecilomyces varioti Bain., 29, 76, 198, 271, 278, 294, 342, 401, 404, 405, 447, 464, 593, 594, 622, 684, 703, 733, 734, 736, 738, 746, 748, 751, 14a, 38a, 67a, 72a, 86a, 132a.
Paecilomyces victoriae (Szilvinyi) Brown & Smith, 76.
Paecilomyces sp., 21, 82, 83, 84, 206, 271, 272, 273, 326, 370, 398, 481, 482, 593, 623, 720, 721, 746, 751, 809, 818, 854, 867, 19a, 38a, 90a, 133a.
Papularia arundis (Corda) Fr., 345, 370, 580, 721, 748.
Papularia sphaerosperma (Pers. ex Fr.) Höhnelt, 370, 512, 721.
Papularia sp., 622, 748, 57a.
Papulospora halima Anast. 10, 12, 122, 367, 811, 813, 22a.
Papulospora nigra Horton, 593.
Papulospora sp., 198, 205, 206, 326, 536, 721, 728, 733, 734, 735, 38a.
Parodiella sp., 38a.
Penicillium adametzii Zaleskie, 294.
Penicillium albidum Sopp, 294, 593.
Penicillium album Preuss, 593.
Penicillium argillaceum Stolk et al, 215, 579, 580, 721, 11a, 12a.
Penicillium aurantio-virens Biourge, 631.
Penicillium aureo-limum Zaleskie, 623.
Penicillium bifforme Thom, 593.
Penicillium brevicaulis Sacc., 25a.
Penicillium brevi-compactum Dierckx, 576, 593, 594, 622, 623, 703, 86a.
Penicillium canescens Sopp, 249, 593, 594, 622
Penicillium capsulatum Raper & Fennell, 72a.
Penicillium casei Staub, 622.
Penicillium charlesii Smith, 249, 512.
Penicillium chrysogenum Thom, 294, 326, 342, 512, 593, 23a, 132a.
Penicillium citrinum Thom, 249, 294, 326, 398, 401, 593, 594, 621, 669, 748, 23a, 100a.
Penicillium claviforme Bainier, 326, 593, 23a.
Penicillium clavigerum Demelius, 543, 703.
Penicillium commune Thom, 512, 593, 594, 622.
Penicillium corylophilum Dierckx, 249, 593.
Penicillium corvimbiferum Westl. 593.
Penicillium crustosum Thom, 249, 294.
Penicillium cyaneo-fulvum Biourge, 593.
Penicillium cyaneum (Banier & A. Sartory) Biourge, 669.
Penicillium cyclopium Westling, 244, 326, 593, 631, 669, 721, 67a, 86a.
Penicillium decumbens Thom. 294, 593, 594, 669.
Penicillium divaricatum Thom, 631, 49a.

Penicillium diversum Raper & Fennell, 251, 447, 593, 669, 721.
Penicillium diversum Raper & Fennell var. aureum Raper & Fennell, 593.
Penicillium duclauxii Delacr., 294, 594.
Penicillium expansum Thorn, 65, 246, 249, 326, 398, 512, 593, 622, 721.
Penicillium fellutanum Biourge, 593, 594.
Penicillium frequentans Westling, 294, 342, 576, 593, 622, 721, 14a, 19a, 108a.
Penicillium funiculosum Thom, 249, 251, 294, 397, 398, 401, 411, 579, 580, 593, 594, 623, 703, 721, 11a, 67a.
Penicillium glaucum Link, 622, 25a.
Penicillium glomerata (Corda) Wollenw. & Hoch., 294.
Penicillium granulatum Bainier, 294, 512, 593.
Penicillium granulorum, 326.
Penicillium herquei Banier & Sartory, 593.
Penicillium implicatum Biourge, 294, 669, 512, 576, 593.
Penicillium islandicum Sopp, 512, 593, 703.
Penicillium italicum Wehmer, 593, 98a.
Penicillium janthinellum Biourge, 249, 294, 398, 401, 622, 721.
Penicillium jenseni Zaleski, 669.
Penicillium lanosum Westling, 294, 593.
Penicillium lilacinum Thorn, 76.
Penicillium lividum Westling, 294, 98a.
Penicillium luteum Zukal, 401, 533, 594, 721, 49a.
Penicillium martensii Biourge, 593, 594.
Penicillium meleagrinum Biourge, 593, 594.
Penicillium miczyskii Zaleski, 593, 594.
Penicillium nigricans Bainier ex Thorn, 294, 342.
Penicillium notatum Westling, 65, 271, 294, 401, 447, 593, 623, 38a.
Penicillium ochraceum (Bainier) Thorn, 594.
Penicillium ochro-chloron Biourge, 249, 398, 631.
Penicillium oxalicum Currie & Thorn, 271, 593, 594, 669, 38a.
Penicillium palitans Westling, 249, 398, 401, 593, 721.
Penicillium paraherquei Abe ex G. Smith, 249, 398, 401, 721.
Penicillium piceum Raper & Fennell, 215, 294, 703.
Penicillium pinophilum Hedgc., 623, 670.
Penicillium piscarium Westling, 593.
Penicillium psittacinum Thom, 593, 594.
Penicillium puberulum Bainier, 221, 593, 594, 631, 38a, 49a.
Penicillium pulvillorum Turfitt, 748.
Penicillium purpurrescens (Sopp) Biourge, 294.
Penicillium purpurogenum Stoll, 326, 593, 594, 622, 631.
Penicillium ramosum Banier & A. Sartory, 593.
Penicillium restrictum Gilrn. & Abb., 294.
Penicillium rolfsii Thorn, 669.
Penicillium roqueforti Thorn, 65, 243, 326, 512, 593, 594, 622, 669, 675.
Penicillium roseo-purpureum Dierckx, 294, 447, 593.
Penicillium rubrum Stoll, 447, 631, 646, 669.
Penicillium ruquulosum Thorn, 251, 397, 593, 703, 721, 49a.

Penicillium sacculum Dale, 721.
Penicillium steckii Zaleski, 291, 294, 593, 38a.
Penicillium simplicissimum (Oud.) Thorn, 249, 251, 397, 398, 401, 593, 669, 721.
Penicillium solitum Westling, 593, 669.
Penicillium spinulosum Thorn, 294, 447, 512, 593, 703.
Penicillium stipitatum Thom, 631.
Penicillium stoloniferum Thom, 294, 512, 593, 703.
Penicillium tardum Thorn, 249, 593, 594.
Penicillium terlikowskii Zaleski, 593, 594.
Penicillium terrestre Biourge, 294.
Penicillium terrestre Jensen, 249, 593.
Penicillium thomii Maire, 326, 593, 669.
Penicillium turbatum Westling, 593, 594.
Penicillium variable Sopp, 160, 249, 401, 593, 669, 703, 98a.
Penicillium velutinum T. Terui & K. Shibazaki, 669.
Penicillium vermiculatum Dangeard, 251, 401, 593, 669, 61a.
Penicillium verruculosum Peyronel, 251, 593, 721.
Penicillium viridicatum Westling, 249, 326, 593, 623, 703.
Penicillium waksmani Zaleski, 576, 669.
Penicillium wortmanni Klöcker, 246, 271, 847, 38a.
Penicillium sp., 29, 76, 82, 83, 84, 102, 133, 142, 170, 190, 192, 198, 205, 215, 217, 219, 246, 249, 251, 262, 269, 271, 272, 273, 278, 280, 286, 294, 308, 309, 326, 333, 370, 377, 397, 445, 447, 464, 490, 527, 531, 533, 534, 536, 568, 593, 594, 623, 669, 670, 676, 684, 687, 704, 721, 733, 734, 735, 736, 738, 746, 748, 751, 799, 808, 818, 828, 846, 847, 9a, 10a, 11a, 15a, 19a, 20a, 24a, 29a, 32a, 38a, 42a, 67a, 80a, 88a, 89a, 90a, 91a, 99a, 100a, 101a, 108a, 109a, 118a, 122a, 130a, 132a.
Periconia alternata (Berk.) Bomm, & Rouse, 593.
Periconia byssoides Pers. ex Corda, 867.
Periconia cookei Mason & Ellis, 867.
Periconia minima (Cooke) Sacc., 593.
Periconia prolifica Anast., 10, 325, 367, 423, 424, 22a.
Periconia pycnospora Fres., 765.
Periconia tirupatiensis Subr., 728.
Periconia sp., 100, 190, 198, 515, 593, 684, 721.
Peritrichospora integra Linder, 721.
Pestalotia disseminata Thuern., 424.
Pestalotia excelsa (Petraik) Shoemaker & Müller, 761.
Pestalotia funerea Desm., 186, 190, 382, 383, 721, 828.
Pestalotia quepini Desm., 424.
Pestalotia intermedia Sacc., 721.
Pestalotia liqnicola Cooke, 29.
Pestalotia longi-aristata Maubl., 424.
Pestalotia matildea Richatt, 271, 38a.
Pestalotia olivacea Guba, 847.
Pestalotia palmarum Cooke, 669, 721.

Pestalotia pestalozzioides (Dearness & Fairman) Shoemaker & Müller, 761.
Pestalotia rhododendri Guba, 337.
Pestalotia truncata de Not. [Guba 1961: cited as Pestalotia truncata Lev.], 91a, 102a.
Pestalotia versicolor Speg., 424.
Pestalotia vitalbae Shoemaker & Muller, 761.
Pestalotia zahlbruckneriana P. Henn., 424.
Pestalotia sp., 102, 184, 185, 186, 188, 189, 190, 271, 273, 285, 465, 549, 572, 579, 583, 656, 669, 670, 721, 748, 778, 799, 808, 818, 11a, 38a, 57a, 88a.
Pestalotiopsis westerdijkii Steyaert, 540, 778, 72a.
Petriellidium boydii (Shear) Malloch 68a.
Phacidioptycnis pseudotsugae (M. Wils.) Hahn, 748.
Phaeoisaria clematidis Fckl., 370.
Phaeoisaria sp., 190, 721.
Phialocephala bactrospora Kendrick, 394, 580, 721, 746.
Phialocephala canadensis Kendrick, 59a.
Phialocephala dimorphospora Kendrick, 219, 394, 580, 582, 652, 721, 108a.
Phialocephala fusca Kendrick, 721, 748, 59a.
Phialocephala phycomyces (Auerswald) Kendrick, 404, 405, 706, 60a.
Phialocephala Kendrick 383, 394, 582.
Phialocephala sp., 580, 721, 818, 56a, 59a, 68a.
Phialophora americana (Nannf.) Conant, 384, 102a.
Phialophora americana (Nannf.) Hughes, 404, 405, 447, 594, 746, 748, 751.
Phialophora alba van Beyma, 67, 714, 69a.
Phialophora atrovirens (van Beyma) Schol-Schwarz, 714, 69a, 111a.
Phialophora aurantiaca van Beyma, 249, 382, 383, 391, 398, 401, 579, 721, 834, 11a.
Phialophora botulispora Cole & Kendrick, 721.
Phialophora bubakii (Laxa) Schol-Schwarz, 570, 714, 721, 126a.
Phialophora cinerescens (Wollenw.) van Beyma, 580, 714, 721.
Phialophora cyclaminis van Beyma, 580, 714, 721.
Phialophora decumbens (van Beyma) Schol-Schwarz, 714, 721, 69a, 111a.
Phialophora faciculata (van Beyma) Schol-Schwarz, 714.
Phialophora fastigiata (Lagerb. & Melin) Conant, 67, 68, 70, 122, 190, 218, 219, 220, 249, 383, 384, 398, 404, 405, 465, 579, 580, 582, 594, 603, 616, 703, 714, 721, 746, 748, 751, 11a, 18a, 42a, 56a, 68a, 69a, 91a, 102a, 111a, 113a, 115a, 121a, 127a, 134a.
Phialophora foetens W. Gams & Domsch, 721.
Phialophora gougenotii (Matruchot) Borelli sensu Borelli, 521.
Phialophora gregata (Allington & Chamberlain) W. Gams, 580, 721.
Phialophora heteromorpha (Nannf.) Wang, 520, 746, 748.
Phialophora hoffmannii (van Beyma) Schol-Schwarz, 580, 582, 714, 721, 772, 42a, 68a, 69a, 111a, 113a.
Phialophora jeanselmei (Langeron) Emmons, 520.
Phialophora lagerbergii (Melin & Nannf.) Conant, 384, 714, 721, 746, 748.
Phialophora laminariae Cooke & Masee, 419.

Phialophora lignicola (Nannf. in Melin & Nannf.) Goidanich in
 Goidanich et al., 67, 219, 384, 580, 714, 721, 754, 69a, 11a.
Phialophora lutea-olivacea van Beyma, 382, 383, 721, 56a.
Phialophora luteo-viridis (van Beyma) Schol-Schwarz, 502, 503, 579, 580,
 714, 102a.
Phialophora malorum (Kidd & Beaumont) McColloch, 714, 721, 69a, 111a.
Phialophora melinii (Nannf.) Conant, 383, 384, 404, 405, 512, 527, 703,
 714, 721, 746, 748, 751, 754, 758, 762, 102a, 132a.
Phialophora mustea Neergaard, 249, 391, 398, 714, 721, 69a, 111a.
Phialophora mutabilis (van Beyma) Schol-Schwarz, 580, 714, 721, 42a, 69a.
Phialophora obscura (Nannf.) Conant, 383, 384.
Phialophora repens (Davidson) Conant, 383, 714, 748.
Phialophora richardsae (Nannf.) Conant, 67, 68, 185, 186, 190, 278, 384,
 465, 501, 502, 503, 579, 580, 714, 721, 748, 11a, 56a, 69a, 111a.
Phialophora verrucosa Medlar, 579, 580, 582, 714, 721, 11a.
Phialophora sp., 29, 83, 127, 142, 184, 185, 188, 190, 192, 195, 196,
 204, 249, 262, 272, 278, 297, 326, 350, 370, 384, 398, 464, 508,
 580, 582, 684, 721, 746, 748, 751, 752, 754, 755, 772, 818, 10a,
 11a, 12a, 19a, 42a, 56a, 57a, 68a, 69a, 85a, 90a, 91a, 117a, 118a,
 126a.
Phialophorophoma litoralis Linder, 32, 367, 419, 424, 425, 721, 22a.
Phialophorophoma Linder, 32.
Phialophoropsis trypodendri Batra, 384.
Phoma aposphaerioides Briard & Har., 580, 721.
Phoma cava, 108a.
Phoma chartarum Berk. & Curt., 593.
Phoma complanata Desm., 867.
Phoma densipes Penz. & Sacc., 593.
Phoma eupyrena Sacc., 580, 721, 42a.
Phoma fimeti Brun., 249, 398, 580, 721.
Phoma glomerata (Corda) Wollenw. & Hochapf., 190, 580, 684, 721, 115a.
Phoma herbarum Westend., 384, 593, 867, 130a.
Phoma hibernica Grimes, O'Connor, & Cummins, 669, 847.
Phoma lignicola Rennerfelt, 383.
Phoma macrostroma Mont., 580, 721.
Phoma nebulosa Mont., 867.
Phoma pigmentivora Masee, 190, 721.
Phoma rhizophorae Jassi, 424.
Phoma saprophytica Eveleigh, 384.
Phoma serialis, 728.
Phoma terrestris Hansen, 721, 72a.
Phoma sp., 29, 84, 100, 131, 133, 185, 186, 187, 189, 190, 192, 195,
 196, 198, 216, 217, 243, 246, 260, 262, 272, 322, 325, 326, 362,
 364, 367, 370, 377, 382, 383, 384, 398, 418, 421, 422, 424, 425,
 427, 464, 465, 536, 576, 579, 593, 623, 625, 631, 669, 684, 704,
 721, 733, 734, 735, 748, 765, 818, 11a, 12a, 19a, 22a, 42a, 74a,
 90a, 121a.
Phomopsis asteriscus Grove, 867.

Phomopsis rhizophorae Bat. & Maia, 424.
Phomopsis sp., 29, 63, 102, 133, 271, 536, 721, 748, 38a.
Phyllosticta sp., 527, 721.
Phyllostictina sp., 192, 195, 196, 370, 721.
Physospora elegans Cavara, 593.
Pichia sp., 228.
Pietrella setifera (Schm.) Curze, 120a.
Piricauda arcticoceanorum Moore, 419, 549.
Piricauda paraquayense (Speg.) Moore, 329.
Piricauda pelagica Johnson, 260, 418, 419, 420, 721.
Piricauda sp., 190, 198, 260, 550, 564, 734.
Piricularia aquatica Ingold, 339.
Pithomyces atro-olivaceus (Cooke & Harkn.) M. B. Ellis, 669.
Pithomyces chartarum (Berk. & Curt.) M. B. Ellis, 370, 669, 90a.
Pithomyces sp. 272.
Plectonaemella sp., 721.
Pleurophomella sp., 192, 195, 196, 370.
Pleurophragmium simplex (Berk. & Br.) Hughes, 196, 867.
Pleurophragmium sp., 100, 192, 195, 370.
Pleurostrumella sp., 91a.
Polydesmus sp., 622.
Pseudobotrytis terrestris (Timon.) Subr., 288.
Pseudostemphylium sp., 195.
Ptychoqaster alveolatus Boud., 631.
Ptychoqaster cubensis Pat., 631.
Ptychoqaster rubescens Bound., 631, 748.
Ptychoqaster sp., 631, 748.
Pullularia granulosa (Lindau) Delitsch., 765.
Pullularia pullulans (de Bary) Berkhout, 35, 93, 94, 254, 382, 383, 386,
401, 449, 631, 676, 684, 721, 723, 734, 735, 748, 765, 828, 21a,
56a, 80a, 120a, 130a.
Pullularia sp., 185, 186, 233, 262, 370, 465, 534, 644, 721, 829, 10a,
88a, 89a.
Pyrenochaeta papyricola Ell. & Ev., 593.
Pyrenochaeta tarda Sacc., 593.
Pyrenochaeta sp., 133, 192, 195, 196, 288, 294, 370, 721, 746, 765.

Raffalea ambrosiae v. Arx & Henneb., 384.
Raffalea canadensis Batra, 384.
Rhabdospora avicenniae J. & E. Kohlm., 427.
Rhinocladiella anceps (Sacc. & Ellis) Hughes, 580, 582, 721, 42a.
Rhinocladiella atrovirens Nannf., 35, 67, 383, 404, 445, 447, 464, 478,
505, 631, 676, 721, 746, 33a, 56a, 118a.
Rhinocladiella compacta (Carrion) Schol-Schwarz, 580, 721.
Rhinocladiella elatior Mangenot, 746, 748.
Rhinocladiella mansonii (Castell.) Schol-Schwarz, 520, 579, 580, 721,
751, 772, 11a, 42a, 111a.

Rhinocladiella sp., 100, 272, 382, 384, 579, 580, 582, 631, 746, 748,
 751, 818, 11a, 12a, 42a, 56a, 111a, 113a.
Rhinotrichum bloxanii Berk., 593.
Rhinotrichum macrosporum Farlow, 251, 397, 721.
Rhinotrichum parietinum Sacc., 593.
Rhinotrichum sp., 527, 534, 721.
Rhizoctonia crocorum (Pers.) DC. ex Fr., 370, 721.
Rhizoctonia solani Kühn, 593.
Rhizoctonia sp., 110, 111, 112, 534, 536, 721, 23a.
Riessia semiophora Fres., 253.
Robillarda rhizophorae Kohlm., 423, 424.
Robillarda sp., 370.

Sclerophoma entoxylina Lager. & Melin, 384.
Sclerophoma pityophila (Corda) Höhn., 94, 315, 351, 382, 384, 386, 404,
 405, 56a, 71a, 101a, 102a, 118a, 120a, 130a.
Sclerotium durum Pers., 593.
Sclerotium inconspicuum Lib., 593.
Sclerotium rolfsii Sacc., 110, 112, 849, 23a.
Sclerotium sp., 185, 186, 190, 465, 536, 721.
Scolecobasidium humicola Barron & Busch, 580, 721.
Scolecobasidium salmonicolor Shearer, 743.
Scolecobasidium sp., 215.
Scopularia clerciana Bound., 739.
Scopularia corsicana van Beyma, 384, 616, 739.
Scopularia lundbergii (Lager. & Melin) G. Goid., 616.
Scopularia phycomyces (Auersw.) G. Goid., 383, 384, 479, 117a.
Scopularia pini G. Goid., 739.
Scopularia populi Dearness & Bisby in Bisby, Buller, & Dearness, 739.
Scopularia populi Dearness, 739.
Scopularia rumboldii G. Goid., 739.
Scopularia scopula G. Goid., 739.
Scopularia serpens G. Goid., 739, 748.
Scopularia venusta Preuss, 284, 739.
Scopulariopsis brevicaulis (Sacc.) Bainier, 383 593, 594, 669, 721,
 67a. 72a.
Scopulariopsis sp., 10, 294, 721.
Scytalidium album Beyer & Klingström, 414, 579, 580, 721, 7a, 11a.
Scytalidium aurantiacum Klingström & Beyer, 414, 580, 769, 113a.
Scytalidium lignicola Pesante, 35, 404, 405, 414, 579, 580, 582, 721,
 746, 748, 751, 7a, 8a, 11a, 42a, 68a, 108a, 111a.
Scytalidium lignicolum [probably orthographic variant of Scytalidium
lignicola Pesante], 104a.
Scytalidium sp., 413, 580, 582, 609, 646, 647, 648, 659, 769, 780, 786,
 90a.
Selenophoma donacis (Pass.) Sprague & A. G. Johnson, 319.
Sepedonium chrysospermum (Bull. ex Fr.) Lind, 580, 721.
Septonema chaetospora (Grove) Hughes var. pini Bouchier, 64.

Septonema sp., 100, 192, 195, 196, 370, 721, 113a.
Spadicoides americana Wang, 845.
Spadicoides atra (Corda) Hughes, 845.
Spadicoides bina (Corda) Hughes, 845.
Spadicoides canadensis Hughes, 845.
Spadicoides grovei M. B. Ellis, 845.
Spadicoides klotzschii Hughes, 845.
Spadicoides obovata (Cooke & Ellis) Hughes, 845.
Spadicoides xylogena (A. L. Smith) Hughes, 845.
Speira litoralis Höhnk, 419.
Speira pelagica Linder, 32, 418, 419, 420, 858.
Sperocybe, sp., 465.
Sphaeropsis sp., 38a, 88a.
Spicaria divaricata (Thorn) Gilman & Abbott, 344, 534.
Spicaria elegans (Corda) Harz, 344, 593.
Spicaria griseola Sacc., 198, 623.
Spicaria smithii Oud., 593, 594.
Spicaria sp., 76, 195, 294, 593, 622, 623, 704, 721, 13a, 99a.
Spiniger curiosus (Parm. & Zukov) Stalpers, 129a.
Spiniger maineckellus (A. J. Olson) Stalpers, 129a.
Sporidesmium echinulatum Speg., 593.
Sporidesmium salinum Jones, 101, 363, 367, 370, 375.
Sporothrix foliorum J. Taylor, 797.
Sporothrix sp., 11a.
Sporotrichum bombycinum Corda, 593, 594, 797.
Sporotrichum carthusio-viride Rai & Mukerji, 797.
Sporotrichum cejpai Fassatiova, 797.
Sporotrichum cerebriforme de Vries & Kleine-Natrop, 797.
Sporotrichum chlorinum Link, 446.
Sporotrichum exile Schulzer & Sacc., 797.
Sporotrichum foliorum Desm., 797.
Sporotrichum grisellum Sacc., 593.
Sporotrichum keratinolyticum Dominik & Majchrowicz, 797.
Sporotrichum lanatum Oud., 593.
Sporotrichum lipsiense Benedek, 797.
Sporotrichum maritimum Suth., 12, 419.
Sporotrichum polysporum Link, 593.
Sporotrichum pruinatum Gilman & Abbott, 80, 527, 535, 721, 72a.
Sporotrichum pulverulentum Novobranova, 34a, 103a.
Sporotrichum pulviniforme Thuem., 593, 797.
Sporotrichum roseolum Oud. & Beijerinck, 593, 797.
Sporotrichum sanguineum Ramirez, 797.
Sporotrichum sulfurescens van Beyma, 797.
Sporotrichum thermophile Apinis, 215, 579, 580, 595, 722, 751, 10a,
11a, 12a, 70a.
Sporotrichum thermophilum [probably orthographic variant of Sporotrichum
thermophile Apinis], 215, 721, 722, 748, 793.
Sporotrichum viridiflavus Sacc., 593.

Sporotrichum sp., 29, 218, 219, 370, 445, 447, 464, 593, 594, 70a, 99a.
Stachybotrys alternans Bonord., 344, 593.
Stachybotrys atra Corda, 10, 12, 100, 110, 146, 192, 195, 196, 246, 370, 580, 593, 721, 728, 738, 867, 42a, 86a, 90a, 94a.
Stachybotrys chartanum (Ehrenb.) Hughes, 190, 594, 721, 39a, 131a.
Stachybotrys lobulata Berk., 593, 728.
Stachybotrys papyrogena Sacc., 593.
Stachybotrys sp., 326, 536, 593, 594, 623, 670, 721, 818, 23a, 99a.
Stagonospora sp., 115a.
Stemphylium alternariaceae (Cooke) Sacc., 593.
Stemphylium amoenum Oud., 593.
Stemphylium atrum (Preuss.) Sacc., 593.
Stemphylium botryosum Wallr., 353, 593, 594, 767.
Stemphylium codii Zellar, 353, 419.
Stemphylium consortiale (Thum) Groves & Skollo, 35.
Stemphylium dendriticum Songa da Camara, 370, 721.
Stemphylium graminis (Corda) Bonord., 593.
Stemphylium ilicis Tengwall, 83, 294, 622, 721, 91a.
Stemphylium lanuginosum Harz, 765.
Stemphylium macrosporoides (Berk. & Br.) Sacc., 593, 594, 623, 132a.
Stemphylium maritimum Johnson, 353, 362, 364, 387, 370, 419, 22a.
Stemphylium piriforme Bonord., 593.
Stemphylium sarciniforme (Cav.) Waltsch., 593.
Stemphylium verruculosum (Zimmermann) Sacc., 447, 512, 576, 593, 728.
Stemphylium sp., 100, 133, 190, 243, 326, 425, 464, 536, 593, 594, 623, 684, 721, 748, 767, 818, 867, 19a, 57a, 90a, 102a, 117a.
Stephanoma sp., 593.
Sterigmobotrys macrocarpa (Corda) Hughes, 100, 192, 195, 196, 370.
Stilbella thermophila Fergus, 233, 580, 721.
Stilbella sp., 190.
Strumella coryneoides Sacc. & Wint., 25a.
Stysanus medius Sacc., 593, 684.
Stysanus stemonites (Pers.) Corda, 131, 342, 344, 383, 465, 593.
Stysanus sp., 29, 185, 190, 196, 198, 294, 326, 464, 465, 536, 593, 721, 734, 735, 748, 35a.
Taeniolella sp., 14a.
Tetrachaetum elegans Ingold, 338, 377.
Tetracladium maxilliformis (Rostr.) Ingold, 338.
Tetracladium marchalianum De Wild, 338.
Tetraploa aristata Berk. & Br., 192, 319, 409.
Tharoopama mississippiensis Lentz, 456.
Thermoascus aurantiacus Miehe, 106a.
Thermomyces lanuginosus Tsiklinsky, 36a.
Thermomyces sp., 11a.
Tilachlidium butyri van Beyma, 111a.
Tilachlidium humicola Oud., 703, 102a.
Torula alternata Fries, 767.

Torula asperula Sacc., 593.
Torula chartarum Corda, 593.
Torula convoluta Harz, 593.
Torula herbarum (Pers.) Link ex. Fr., 84, 192, 195, 196, 370, 576, 867.
Torula jeanselmei Langenon, 95a.
Torula ligniperda (Willk.) Sacc., 384, 580, 676, 621, 766.
Torula murorum Corda, 593.
Torula ramosa Fckl., 593.
Torula thermophila Cooney & Emerson, 223.
Torula sp., 185, 190, 272, 382, 383, 465, 593, 623, 625, 669, 734, 736, 748, 765, 818, 828, 57a, 99a, 100a.
Torulopsis utilis (Henneb.) Lodder, 748.
Torulopsis sp., 703.
Triadelphia heterospora Shearer & Crane, 370, 744.
Triadelphia Shearer & Crane, 744.
Trichocladium achrasporum (Meyers & Moore) Dixon in Shearer & Crane, 324, 740, 741, 744, 22a.
Trichocladium asperum Harz, 102, 328, 522, 721, 736, 738, 63a.
Trichocladium brosimii Ram, 634.
Trichocladium canadense Hughes, 404, 405, 721, 746, 748, 651, 654, 755, 762.
Trichocladium fuscum Harz, 328.
Trichocladium olivaceum Petch, 328.
Trichocladium opacum (Corda) Hughes, 102, 328, 580, 721, 748, 867, 42a.
Trichocladium tenellum Harz, 328.
Trichocladium sp., 260, 370, 382, 383, 741, 765, 56a, 90a.
Trichoderma album Preuss, 294, 57a.
Trichoderma aureoviride Rifai, 165, 166, 167.
Trichoderma glaucum Abbott, 271, 294, 309, 38a.
Trichoderma hamatum (Bon.) Bainier, 165, 166, 167, 249, 398, 721.
Trichoderma harzianum Rifai, 165, 166, 167, 337, 432, 67a, 98a.
Trichoderma koningii Oud., 165, 166, 167, 192, 249, 287, 309, 432, 445, 447, 512, 593, 594, 622, 703, 867, 868, 36a, 101a, 130a.
Trichoderma lignorum (Tode) Harz, 67, 119, 309, 342, 344, 445, 447, 512, 593, 631, 648, 669, 703, 721, 765, 777, 849, 850, 10a, 11a, 12a, 20a, 64a, 75a, 101a, 130a, 132a.
Trichoderma longibrachiatum Rifai, 165, 167, 432.
Trichoderma piluliferum Webster & Rifai, 165, 166, 167.
Trichoderma polysporum (Link ex Pers.) Rifai, 165, 166, 167, 432, 480, 646, 648, 721.
Trichoderma pseudokoningii Rifai, 165, 166, 167, 432.
Trichoderma sporuloseum (link) Hughes, 746, 748.
Trichoderma virgatum Rifai, 631.
Trichoderma viride Pers. ex Fr., 29, 71, 72, 73, 82, 83, 84, 85, 102, 110, 133, 163, 165, 167, 198, 219, 251, 271, 278, 281, 289, 291, 292, 293, 294, 308, 333, 342, 344, 370, 397, 401, 404, 405, 430, 431, 432, 433, 434, 435, 436, 447, 460, 464, 503, 509, 522, 525, 527, 529, 533, 534,

536, 540, 555, 579, 580, 587, 593, 594, 618, 646, 648, 684, 687, 704, 721, 733, 734, 735, 736, 738, 746, 747, 748, 751, 805, 809, 847, 848, 6a, 7a, 17a, 19a, 23a, 26a, 29a, 31a, 38a, 40a, 42a, 54a, 72a, 81a, 89a, 90a, 93a, 100a, 108a, 109a, 113a, 118a, 122a.

Trichoderma sp., 110, 111, 112, 143 189, 221, 227, 243, 249, 251, 273, 286, 295, 300, 326, 370, 382, 383, 397, 398, 401, 481, 482, 490, 491, 567, 568, 573, 593, 594, 623, 721, 746, 764, 769, 772, 806, 808, 818, 832, 850, 851, 23a, 24a, 49a, 56a, 61a, 65a, 88a, 99a, 102a, 108a.

Trichophyton ajelloi (Vanbreuseghem) Ajello, 797.

Trichosporiella cerebriformis (deVries & Kleine-Natrop) W. Gams in v. Arx, 580, 721, 42a.

Trichosporium chartarum (Pers.) Sacc., 593.

Trichosporium crispulum Sacc. & Mlbr., 446.

Trichosporium fuscum (Link) Sacc., 593.

Trichosporium heteromorphum Nannf., 384, 465, 594, 676.

Trichosporium symbioticum Wright, 228, 384, 863, 117a.

Trichosporium tingens Lagen. & Melin, 228, 301, 384, 386, 117a, 130a.

Trichosporium tingens v. macrosporum, 228, 117a.

Trichosporium sp., 228, 464.

Trichosporon capitatum Diddens & Lodder, 217.

Trichosporon pullulans (Linder) Diddens & Lodder, 164, 218, 219, 220, 91a.

Trichothecium roseum (Pers.) Link ex. Gray, 246, 294, 593, 594, 623, 703, 721, 752, 132a.

Trichothecium sp., 464, 594, 818, 99a.

Trichurus spiralis Hasselbring, 250, 251, 389, 391, 397, 398, 401, 402, 580, 721.

Trichurus terrophilus Swift & Povah, 185, 190, 344, 465, 684, 721.

Trichurus sp., 246, 398, 721.

Tricladium anomalum Ingold, 339.

Tricladium angulatum Ingold, 338.

Tricladium splendens Ingold, 192, 338, 370, 377.

Tricladium varium Gareth-Jones & R. J. Stewart, 370, 378.

Tricladium sp., 867.

Tritirachium elegans, 748.

Tritirachium roseum, van Beyma, 593.

Tritirachium spicatum Limb., 593.

Tritirachium sp., 262, 464, 593, 748.

Tubercularia sp., 118a.

Tuberculariella ips Leach, 228, 117a.

Tuberculariella sp., 228.

Tympanis hypopodia Nyl., 35, 14a.

Ulocladium alternariae (Cke.) Simmons, 767.

Ulocladium atrum Preuss, 522, 721, 736, 767, 67a, 124a.

Ulocladium botrytis Preuss, 767, 124a.

Ulocladium chartarum (Pr.) Simmons, 236, 594, 767, 124a.

Ulocladium consortiale (Thüm) Simmons, 384, 580, 721, 767.

Ulocladium longinosum (Harz) Simmons, 767.

Ulocladium oudemansii Simmons, 767.
Ulocladium septosporum (Pr.) Simmons, 767.
Ulocladium tuberculatum Simmons, 767.
Ulocladium sp., 594, 767.
Umbelopsis versiformis Amos & Barnett, 288.
Unquichella hamulata (Feltig) Höhn, 867.
Valsa friesii, 108a.
Vanbeverwijkia spirospora Agnihotrudu, 744.
Varicosporium elodeae Kegel, 338.
Varicosporina ramulosa Meyers & Kohlm. 324, 370, 367, 423, 427, 541, 22a.
Verticicladiella abietina (Peck) Hughes, 395.
Verticicladiella antibiotica Kendrick, 395.
Verticicladiella brachiata Kendrick, 395, 746.
Verticicladiella dryocoetidis (Groszm.) Kendrick, 395.
Verticicladiella procera Kendrick, 395, 108a, 113a.
Verticicladiella serpens (G. Goid.) Kendrick. 395.
Verticicladiella wagnerii Kendrick, 395.
Verticicladiella sp., 392, 393, 580, 661, 721, 117a.
Verticicladium trifidum Preuss, 327.
Verticillium albo-atrum Reinke & Benthold, 721, 132a.
Verticillium cellulosa Daszewska, 703, 101a.
Verticillium candelabrum Bon., 192.
Verticillium dahliae Kleb., 631.
Verticillium falcatum (Petch) W. Gams, 580, 721.
Verticillium foexii, van Beyma, 357.
Verticillium latenicium Berk., 593, 622.
Verticillium lecythisii Ram, 634.
Verticillium malthonsei Ware, 401
Verticillium nigrescens Pethybr., 580, 721.
Verticillium psalliotae Treschow; 580; 721.
Verticillium puluerulentum Gouw., 356.
Verticillium rhizophagum, 357.
Verticillium tenerum Nees ex Link, 594.
Verticillium terrestre (Link) Lindau, 294, 344, 746.
Verticillium sp., 29, 82, 83, 84, 102, 262, 294, 326, 445, 447, 464,
534, 593, 631, 748, 818, 19a, 74a, 90a.
Virgaria deflexa (Preuss) Sacc., 445, 447.
Wardomyces inflatus (March.) Henneb., 580, 582, 721, 68a.
Xylogone sphaerospora v. Arx & T. Nilsson, 68a.
Xylohypha sp., 464.
Zalerion eistla Moore & Meyers, 11.
Zalerion maritima (Linder) Anast., 11, 12, 101, 128, 122, 192, 303, 322,
324, 325, 367, 370, 421, 425, 455, 625, 811, 813, 22a, 110a, 115a,
121a.
Zalerion nepura Moore & Meyers, 11.
Zalerion raptor Moore & Meyers, 11.
Zalerion varium Anast., 11, 122, 303, 322, 325, 367, 421, 427, 812, 813,
22a.

Zalerion xylestrix Moore & Meyers, 11, 540.

Zalerion sp., 563.

Zythia resinæ (Ehrenb.) Karst., 621, 748, 14a.

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AUTHOR INDEX

Aaron, J. R., 1.
Abrams, E., 2.
Achmoody, J. B., 711.
Addo-Ashong, F. W., 3.
Agarwal, P. N., 4, 5, 6, 678, 679.
Ahearn, D. G., 540, 669.
Ahlgren, E., 7.
Akais, S., 1a.
Akambi, M. D., 561.
Alexander, M., 234.
Allison, J. L., 120.
Allsopp, D., 200.
Aluko, M. O., 8.
Ammer, U., 9, 481, 482.
Anastasiou, C. J., 10, 11, 12, 2a.
Ander, P., 103a.
Anderson, G. W., 306.
Antropova, O. M., 51.
Aoshima, K., 3a, 4a, 5a.
Arita, I., 291, 293, 6a.
Armstrong, F. H., 13.
Asante, G. S., 14.
Assarsson, A., 15.
Atwell, E. A., 16, 17, 747.
Aufsess, H. v., 7a, 8a, 104a.
Autery, C. L., 357.
Baechler, R. H., 18, 19.
Bagchee, K., 20.
Bailey, P. J., 21.
Baker, A. J., 22.
Baker, D. R., 23.
Baker, F., 24.
Bakshi, B. K., 25, 26.
Balazy, S., 445, 446, 447.
Banerjee, A. K., 27, 28, 29.
Barberry, D. G., 30.
Barghoorn, E. S., 31, 32.
Barnes, H. M., 807.
Barnett, S. M., 665.
Barton, G. M., 33.
Basham, J. T., 34, 35, 9a.
Basu, S. N., 36.
Batista, A. C., 37.
Batista, C. A., 123.
Batra, L. R., 38.

Bauch, J., 105a.
Bavendamm, W., 39, 40, 41.
Beal, J. A., 575.
Becker, G., 42, 43, 44, 401, 61a, 120a.
Beljakova, L. S., 45.
Bellmann, H., 46.
Belyea, R. M., 9a.
Bemiller, J. N., 47.
Bergman, Ö., 15, 48, 10a, 11a, 12a, 106a.
Berndt, H., 49, 668.
Betrabet, S., 168.
Betrabet, S. M., 50, 169.
Beyer, L., 413.
Bieniada, J., 784.
Bilai, V. I., 51.
Björkman, E., 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61.
Blair, I. D., 522.
Bletchly, J. D., 62.
Blew, J. O., 18.
Bois, P. J., 13a.
Bollen, W. B., 649, 651.
Bose, R. G., 63.
Bourchier, R. J., 64, 14a.
Boyce, J. S., 15a.
Brancato, F. P., 65.
Bravery, A. F., 66, 178, 689, 16a, 125a.
Bray, M. W., 442.
Brent, M. M., 48a.
Brewer, D., 67, 68, 69, 70, 217, 218, 219, 220.
Brian, P. W., 71, 72, 73.
Brommels, K., 691.
Brooks, F. W., 75.
Brooks, R. D., 74.
Brown, A.H.S., 76.
Brown, F. L., 77.
Browning, B. L., 78.
Bruneau, G. P., 568.
Bublitz, L. O., 78.
Buckley, N. G., 629.
Buffum, P. E., 44a.
Buhagiar, R.W.M., 164.
Bunce, M. E., 79.
Burdsall, H. H., Jr., 80.
Butcher, J. A., 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 17a,
18a, 19a, 51a, 52a, 107a.
Butin, H., 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98.
Byrne, P., 99.
Byrne, P. J., 100, 101.

Cain, R. F., 865.
Caird, R. W., 20a.
Caldwell, R., 102.
Campbell, R. N., 103, 21a.
Carey, J. K., 104, 81a.
Carmichael, E., 209.
Carmichael, J. W., 105, 722.
Cartwright, K.S.G., 106.
Casagrande, F., 107.
Castillo, B. H., 108.
Cavaliere, A. R., 109, 358, 22a.
Chafe, S. C., 816.
Chahal, D. S., 110, 111, 112, 23a.
Chamut, P. S., 325.
Chapman, A. D., 113, 114.
Chaterjee, A. K., 116.
Chaterjee, M. G., 115.
Chen, Z-C., 24a.
Chesley, K. G., 117.
Chesters, C. G. C., 118.
Chidester, M. S., 119, 699.
Christensen, C., 454.
Christensen, C. M., 120, 238, 239.
Chung, S. E., 540.
Churchland, L. M., 12, 121, 122.
Ciferri, R., 123, 124.
Clark, J. W., 125.
Cockcroft, R., 126.
Coffey, G., 261.
Cole, G. T., 127.
Colley, R. H., 128.
Cooke, W. B., 129.
Corbett, N. H., 130, 132.
Corbett, N. J., 131, 133.
Corte, A., 124.
Courtois, H., 134, 135, 108a.
Cowan, M. E., 337.
Cowling, E. B., 136, 137, 459, 460, 528, 25a, 26a, 72a, 126a.
Craig, H. M., 210.
Craighead, F. C., 138.
Crane, J. L., 744.
Cribb, A. B., 139.
Cribb, J. W., 139.
Cropper, D. G., 48a.
Crossley, R. D., 140.
Cserjesi, A. J., 141, 142.
Curtis, P. J., 71.
DaCosta, E. W. B., 143, 144.

Dalpé, Y., 27a.
 Damon, S. C., 145.
 Davidson, D. E., 146.
 Davidson, R. W., 147, 148, 149, 150, 151, 152, 153, 154, 155, 156, 157,
 158, 159, 172, 204, 307, 661, 28a, 45a, 46a.
 Dayal, H. M., 160.
 DeBaun, R. M., 171.
 DeBruin, P. R. B. D., 161.
 DeGroot, R. C., 162, 163.
 Dennis, C., 164, 165, 166, 167.
 Desai, A. J., 168, 169.
 Desai, R. L., 170.
 DeStevens, G., 171.
 DeVay, J. E., 172.
 Deverall, F. J., 189.
 Devinder, S. C., 173.
 Dickinson, D. J., 174, 175, 176, 177, 178, 110a, 127a.
 Divekar, P. V., 160.
 Dommergues, Y., 437.
 Dowding, P., 179, 29a, 30a, 31a.
 Drisko, R. W., 180.
 Drysdale, J. A., 90, 91.
 Dubos, B., 281.
 Duncan, C. G., 18, 181, 182, 183, 184, 185, 186, 187, 188, 189, 190.
 Dutcher, J. D., 352.
 Dwyer, G., 109a.
 Dymalski, E., 445, 446, 447.
 Eades, H. W., 191, 32a, 33a.
 Eaton, R. A., 100, 192, 193, 194, 195, 196, 371, 455, 110a, 121a.
 Eckstein, D., 197, 483.
 Efland, M. J., 206.
 Eggins, H.O.W., 198, 199, 200, 404, 405, 507, 731, 732, 733, 734, 735,
 67a.
 Ellis, M. B., 515.
 Eltringham, S. K., 372.
 Emerson, O. H., 850, 851.
 Eriksson, K., 201.
 Eriksson, K-E., 7, 34a, 103a.
 Eslyn, W. E., 80, 190, 202, 203, 204, 205, 206, 493, 13a, 87a.
 Etheridge, D. E., 207, 208, 209, 210, 211.
 Etzold, C., 212.
 Eusebio, M. A., 213, 214.
 Evans, H. C., 215.
 Eveleigh, D. E., 216, 217, 218, 219, 220.
 Fang, T. Y., 868.
 Feniksova, R. V., 221.
 Ferchau, H. A., 359.
 Ference, G. M., 222.

Fergus, C. L., 223.
Findlay, G. W. D., 224.
Findlay, W. P. K., 225, 226, 227, 229, 230, 231, 232, 233, 35a.
Finstein, M. S., 234.
Firpi, M., 235, 236.
Fitzner, H., 105a.
Flanningan, B., 36a.
Fortin, J. A., 652.
Fougerousse, M., 111a.
Fougerousse, P. M., 237.
Francke-Grosman, H., 157, 228.
French, D. W., 238, 239, 529, 530, 531, 532, 533, 534, 535, 536, 704,
862, 83a.
Fries, N., 240.
Friis-Hansen, H., 241.
Fritz, C. W., 242.
Gadd, G. O., 243, 244, 245.
Gagnon, C., 608.
Gambetta, A., 246, 605.
Gareth Jones, E. B., see Jones, E. B. G.
Gascoigne, J. A., 247.
Gascoigne, M. M., 247.
Gayles, M. R., 75.
Gerry, E., 248.
Gersonde, M., 249, 250, 251, 252, 402.
Ghose, S. N., 36.
Gierczak, M., 512.
Gilles, T. L., 222.
Gjovik, L. R., 54a.
Glaser, T., 254.
Glennie, D. W., 255.
Goidánich, G., 256, 257, 258, 259, 37a.
Gold, H. S., 260, 359.
Golding, N. S., 65.
Goll, M., 261.
Good, H. M., 262.
Goos, R. D., 253.
Gorschin, S. N., 263.
Graessle, E., 617.
Graham, R. D., 264.
Grant, C., 265, 266.
Gray, W. D., 110, 111, 112, 173, 23a.
Greathead, S. K., 267.
Greaves, H., 268, 269, 270, 271, 272, 273, 274, 275, 276, 277, 278,
598, 38a, 112a.
Griffin, H. D., 279.
Griffiths, E., 280.
Grinchenko, A. H. H., 73a.

Grosclande, C., 281.
Grosmann, H., 282, 283, 284.
Gross, H., 43.
Guba, E. F., 285.
Gupta, G. K., 115.
Haeger, G. E., 61.
Hafley, W. L., 26a.
Haider, K., 39a, 131a.
Hair, J. C., 117.
Hajny, G. J., 286, 87a.
Hallaksela, A-M., 113a.
Halliwell, G., 287.
Hammill, T. M., 288.
Hanstein, E., 289.
Harkin, J. M., 290.
Harmsen, L., 40a.
Hashioka, Y., 291, 292, 293, 433, 434, 435.
Hattori, M., 309.
Hattron, J. V., 53a.
Hayashi, Y., 4a, 5a.
Hayes, A. J., 294.
Hedgcock, G. G., 41a.
Hemming, H. G., 71, 72.
Henningsson, B., 295, 296, 297, 298, 299, 300, 301, 302, 42a, 69a, 114a.
Henningsson, M., 303, 115a.
Hepting, G. H., 304, 43a.
Hering, T. F., 8.
Hickin, N. E., 305.
Highley, T. L., 205.
Hillis, W. E., 759.
Hinds, T. E., 158, 306, 307, 44a, 45a, 46a.
Hintikka, V., 308.
Hiramoto, H., 309.
Hoffmeyer, P., 310.
Höhnk, W., 311, 312.
Holubová-Jechová, F., 313, 314.
Hong, L. T., 47a.
Horvath, R. S., 48a.
Hossfeld, R. L., 536.
Houston, C. W., 665.
Howard, M., 92.
Howard, N. O., 49a.
Hoyo, L., 541, 542.
Huber, B., 315,
Hubert, E. E., 316, 317, 318, 739, 50a.
Hudson, J. J., 319.
Hughes, G. C., 320, 321, 322, 323, 324, 325.
Hughes, R. L., 326.

Hughes, S. J., 327, 328, 329, 330, 331, 116a.
Hulme, M. A., 332, 333, 334, 335, 51a, 52a, 53a.
Humphrey, C. J., 442.
Huneycutt, M. B., 847.
Hunt, J., 336.
Hutchinson, S. A., 337.
Inada, S., 436.
Ingold, C. T., 338, 339, 340, 341.
Ioachimescu, M., 342, 343.
Ionitã, I., 344, 345, 452.
Irslinger, R., 108a.
Irvine, J., 193, 346, 373, 374.
Isaac, I., 347.
Ishikawa, H., 291.
Jackson, D., 348.
Jacobsson, S., 710.
Jacquin, F., 349, 350.
Jahn, H. H., 351.
Jaison, E. I., 411.
Jennings, D. H., 375.
Jerkeman, P., 12a.
Johansson, S. M., 414.
Johnson, B. R., 54a.
Johnson, J. R., 352.
Johnson, T. W., Jr., 353, 354, 355, 356, 357, 358, 359, 360, 765.
Johnstone, R. S., 392.
Joly, P., 361.
Jones, D., 280.
Jones, E. B. G., 101, 194, 195, 196, 362, 363, 364, 365, 366, 367, 368,
369, 370, 371, 372, 373, 374, 375, 376, 377, 378.
Junghans, B., 351.
Jurkowska, H., 379.
Jutte, S. M., 524, 55a.
Käärrik, A., 157, 380, 381, 382, 383, 384, 385, 386, 387, 56a, 117a.
Kakushima, M., 786.
Kallio, T., 388, 57a, 118a, 119a.
Kamp, B. J. van der, 58a.
Kasturi, K., 50.
Kaufert, F. H., 120.
Kaune, P., 44, 389, 390, 391.
Keirle, R. M., 392.
Keller, H., 315.
Kendrick, W. B., 127, 330, 331, 393, 394, 395, 396, 571, 817, 59a, 60a.
Kerner-Gang, W., 249, 250, 251, 397, 398, 399, 400, 401, 402, 61a.
Kerruish, R. M., 143.
Kess, B., 721.
Kessler, K. J., 596.
Kiang, F. S., 868.

Kilbertus, G., 403.
Kimmey, J. W., 62a.
King, B., 404, 405, 406.
Kirk, H., 407, 408, 554.
Kirk, P. W., Jr., 409.
Kirk, T. K., 206.
Kishima, T., 788.
Kitajima, K., 410.
Klausmeier, R. E., 411.
Klingström, A., 412, 413.
Klingström, A. E., 414.
Knox, M. D. E., 522, 63a.
Koch, J., 415, 416.
Kohlmeyer, E., 426, 427, 428.
Kohlmeyer, J., 417, 418, 419, 420, 421, 422, 423, 424, 425, 426, 427, 428.
Koltzenbur, C., 429.
Komatsu, M., 291, 292, 293, 430, 431, 432, 433, 434, 435, 436, 567.
Kong, K. T., 437.
Kotýňlová-Synchrová, E., 438.
Kowalski, S., 512.
Krapivina, I. G., 263.
Krapivinia, I. G., 439, 440.
Krause, R. I., 441.
Kress, O., 442.
Kretzschmar, G., 212.
Krisztian, G., 443.
Krzysik, F., 444.
Kubiak, M., 445, 446, 447.
Kufner, M., 448.
Kühne, H., 376, 449, 120a.
Lagerberg, T., 450.
Laine, L., 308.
Laird, P., 650.
Lamprecht, A., 787.
Langvad, F., 451.
Larsen, M. J., 290.
Larsson, K., 34a.
Lawton, J. R. S., 604.
Lazár, V., 452.
Lazarev, V., 822.
Leach, C. M., 453.
Leach, J. G., 454.
Leigh, J. H., 691.
Leightley, L. E., 455, 121b.
Lentz, P. L., 456.
Leukens, U., 449.
Levi, M. P., 457, 458, 459, 460, 461.
Levkina, L. M., 462.

Levy, J. F., 28, 29, 132, 133, 276, 277, 463, 464, 465, 466, 467, 468,
469, 470, 471, 472, 473, 598, 736, 737, 738, 109a.
Lewis, P. F., 122a.
Liese, W., 9, 21, 49, 197, 474, 475, 476, 477, 478, 479, 480, 481, 482,
483, 484, 485, 666, 667, 668, 705, 706, 721, 98a, 133a.
Lindau, G., 486.
Linder, D. H., 32, 487.
Lindgren, R. M., 488, 489, 490, 491, 492, 493, 494, 700, 701, 702, 78a.
Lloyd, F. J., 464.
Locci, R., 495.
Lohwag, K., 496.
Lomas, N., 848.
Lóyttyniemi, K., 497.
Luc, M., 498.
Lundberg, G., 450.
Lundström, H., 301, 499, 500, 501, 502, 503.
Lurie, R., 504.
Luxford, R. F., 43a.
MacCallum, B. D., 505.
MacDonald, W. L., 809.
Mackor, A., 609.
Madhosingh, C., 506.
Malik, K. A., 198, 507.
Maloy, O. C., 508.
Mandels, M., 509.
Mangenot, F., 349, 350, 403, 510, 511, 64a.
Mańka, K., 512.
Marsden, D. H., 513, 514.
Mason, E. W., 515.
Mathiesen, A., 516, 517.
Mathiesen-Käärik, A., 518, 519.
Mathre, D. E., 65a.
Matsuoka, S., 66a.
McClaren, M., 121, 122.
McClurkin, D. C., 847.
McGinnis, M. R., 520, 521.
McGowan, J. C., 71, 72.
McNabb, R. F. R., 522.
Melin, E., 450, 523.
Mennega, A. M. W., 524.
Meredith, D. S., 525.
Merrill, W., 137, 460, 526, 527, 528, 529, 530, 531, 532, 533, 534,
535, 536.
Meyer, G. C., 596.
Meyer, R., 252.
Meyers, S. P., 537, 538, 539, 540, 541, 542, 543, 544, 545, 546, 547,
548, 549, 550, 551, 552, 553, 562, 563.
Michalak, J., 554.

Miklin, E. D., 555.
Miller, C. E., 654.
Miller, D. L., 615.
Miller, V. V., 556.
Mitchell, J., 557.
Mitchell, T. G., 558.
Mohaupt, A. A., 22.
Moller, W. J., 172.
Molnar, A. C., 396.
Momoh, Z. O., 559, 560, 561.
Montemartini, A., 123.
Moore, R. T., 543, 562, 563, 564.
Moreau, C., 565.
Moreau, F., 566.
Moreau, M., 566.
Morquer, R., 567.
Morton, H. L., 568.
Morton, L. H. G., 67a.
Muller, E., 761.
Münch, E., 569, 570.
Nag Raj, T. R., 571.
Nannfeldt, J. A., 523.
Narain, U., 572.
Nashwortham, J., 691.
Neal, A. L., 14.
Nelson, E. E., 573.
Nelson, J. I., 262.
Nelson, R. M., 574, 575.
Neumann, P., 27a.
Nicot, J., 576, 630.
Nilsson, S., 577.
Nilsson, T., 48, 302, 578, 579, 580, 581, 582, 583, 10a, 11a, 12a, 42a,
68a, 69a.
Nishimoto, K., 789, 790.
Nisikado, Y., 584, 585, 586.
Nisizawa, K., 587.
Nisizawa, T., 587.
Nord, F. F., 171, 588.
Noskowiak, A. F., 76a.
Nouvertné, W., 589.
Nunomura, A., 590.
Nylinder, P., 591.
Nyman, B., 592.
Nyuksha, Yu P., 593, 594.
Obst, J. R., 290.
Ochsner, W., 212.
Ofosu-Asiedu, A., 595, 770, 771, 799, 70a, 123a.
Ohman, J. H., 596.

Okigbo, L. C., 597, 598.
Olchowecki, A., 600.
Oliver, A. C., 377, 599.
O'Neill, T. B., 180.
Olofinboba, M., 601.
Olofinboba, M. O., 602, 603, 604.
Orlandi, E., 246, 605.
Orlos, H., 606.
Orpurt, P. A., 669.
Orr, L. W., 454.
Osborne, L. D., 144.
Osmon, J. L., 411.
Ouellette, G. B., 107, 607, 608.
Overeem, J. C., 609.
Oxley, T. A., 406.
Padgett, D. E., 711.
Padhye, A. A., 521.
Padmanabhan, T. S. A., 824.
Pappelis, A. J., 47.
Parameswaran, N., 133a.
Parberry, D. G., 610, 611.
Park, D., 612.
Parker, A. K., 613, 614.
Partridge, A. D., 615.
Pawsey, R. G., 71a.
Pechmann, H. v., 484, 616, 617.
Persson-Huppel, A., 618.
Petrenko, I. A., 619, 620.
Pettersson, B., 201.
Pettiflor, C. B., 229, 230, 231.
Petty, J. A., 621.
Picci, G., 622.
Pilipoviya, A. I., 462.
Pinheiro, A. C. A., 124a.
Pinion, L. C., 690.
Plavšić, V., 623.
Poole, H. J., 624.
Poole, N. J., 625.
Pomerleau, R., 211.
Prendergast, A. G., 626.
Preston, R. D., 461.
Price, E. A. S., 627, 628.
Price, P. C., 625.
Prindle, B., 544.
Pugh, G. J. F., 199, 629, 630, 857.
Quon, K. K., 631.
Raj, T. R. N., see Nag Raj, T. R.
Rak, J., 632.

Ram, A., 635.
Ram, C., 633, 634, 635.
Ranzoni, F. V., 636, 637.
Raper, K. B., 638, 801.
Rastogi, V. K., 6.
Rautela, G. S., 72a.
Reese, E. T., 509.
Reid, J., 600.
Reid, R. W., 639.
Reisinger, O., 403.
Rennerfelt, E., 387, 591, 640, 641, 642, 643.
Reymond, J., 511.
Reynolds, E. S., 544, 545, 546, 547, 548, 549, 550, 551, 552, 644.
Riaz, M., 287.
Ribaidi, M., 124.
Ricard, J., 281, 645, 646, 647, 648.
Ricard, J. L., 649, 650, 651.
Rich, A. E., 762.
Richard, C., 652.
Richards, C. A., 19, 442.
Richardson, B. A., 653.
Riewendt, M., 715, 716.
Ristanovic, B., 654.
Ritchie, D., 655, 656.
Robak, H., 657.
Robinson, P. M., 658.
Robinson, R. C., 659.
Robinson, V. S., 508.
Robinson-Jeffrey, R. C., 159, 660, 661, 73a.
Roelofsen, P. A., 662.
Roff, J. W., 663, 33a, 74a, 75a.
Rogers, J. D., 76a.
Rogister, J., 664.
Romanelli, R. A., 665.
Rösch, R., 21, 666, 667, 668.
Roth, E. R., 304, 43a, 77a.
Roth, F. J., 669.
Rothrock, C. W., Jr., 78a.
Ruklish, M. P., 221.
Rumbold, C. T., 128, 670, 671, 672, 673, 674, 79a.
Ruokola, A. L., 80a.
Russell, P., 675.
Rykowski, K., 676.
Rypacek, V., 677.
Saavedra, H. M., 108.
Sagoo, G. S., 36a.
Sahgal, D. D., 4, 5, 115, 678, 679, 824, 826.
Saito, M., 590.

Salinas-Quinard, R., 680.
Saling, W. M., 681.
Salonen, A., 80a.
Sasaki, H., 682.
Sasaki, Y., 682.
Savory, J. G., 13, 232, 233, 266, 278, 348, 683, 684, 685, 686, 687,
688, 689, 640, 631, 81a, 125a.
Saxena, M. S., 160.
Schaumann, K., 692, 693, 694, 695.
Schedl, C., 696.
Scheffer, T. C., 114, 494, 697, 698, 699, 700, 701, 702, 833, 82a.
Schipper, A. L., 704.
Schmid, R., 485, 705, 706.
Schmidt, E. L., 83a.
Schmidt, F. L., 707.
Schmidt, I., 708, 709,
Schmidt, L., 710.
Schmitt, J. A., 711.
Schmitz, H., 120, 712.
Schol-Schwartz, M. B., 713.
Schrenk, H. v., 714.
Schulz, W. O., 715, 716.
Schultze-Dewitz, G., 408, 717.
Schwartz, H., 255.
Scott, L., 553.
Seehann, G., 718, 719, 720, 721, 105a.
Sehra, K. B., 116.
Seifert, K., 723, 724, 725.
Selby, K., 726.
Sell, J., 449, 727.
Semenuik, G., 722.
Seymour, C. P., 773.
Sharma, P. D., 728.
Sharman, C. V., 729.
Sharp, R. F., 198, 730, 731, 732. 733, 734, 735, 736, 737, 738.
Shaw, C. G., 739.
Shearer, C. A., 740, 741, 742, 743, 744.
Shema, B. F., 84a.
Shepherd, R. F., 745.
Shewan, J. M., 558.
Shields, J. K., 170, 332, 333, 334, 335, 746, 747, 748, 749, 750, 751,
90a.
Shigo, A., 760.
Shigo, A. L., 752, 753, 754, 755, 756, 757, 758, 759, 760, 85a.
Shih, M., 748, 749.
Shih, M. S. H., 90a.
Shoemaker, R. A., 761.
Shortle, W. C., 762, 126a.

Siemaszko, W., 763.
Siepmann, R., 764, 765.
Siggers, P. V., 766.
Simmons, E. G., 767.
Singh, U., 20.
Sleeth, B., 304.
Smith, G., 76.
Smith R. S., 33, 595, 768, 769, 770, 771, 772, 70a.
Smith, W. R., 78a.
Sobers, E. K., 773.
Sørensen, H., 774.
Sorkhoh, N. A., 127a.
Sorsa, B., 775.
Sparrow, F. K., 776.
Spino, D. F., 22.
Splawa-Neyman, S., 86a.
Spradling, M., 777.
Springer, E., 87a.
Staidl, J. S., 442.
Stalpers, J. A., 128a, 129a.
Stankovicova, L., 71a.
Steiger, A., 835.
Stevens, M. G., 473.
Stewart, J. L., 568.
Stewart, R. J., 378.
Steyaert, R. L., 778.
St. George, R. A., 870.
Stillwell, M. A., 779, 780, 781, 786.
Stolk, A. C., 782.
Stolley, I., 783.
Stranks, D. W., 784.
Stribbling, M. A., 81a.
Strider, D. L., 785.
Strunz, G. M., 780, 781, 786.
Strzelzyk, A., 787.
Suzuki, H., 587.
Swann, G. W., 772.
Swartz, J. N., 117.
Szilvinyi, A. v., 200.
Takahashi, M., 788, 789, 790.
Takao, S., 590.
Tansey, M. R., 791, 792, 793, 794, 795.
Tarociński, E., 254, 101a, 130a.
Tashpulatov, Z. H., 796.
Tattar, T. A., 762.
Taylor, J. J., 797.
Taylor-Vinje, M., 798.
Tcherntzoff, I. A., 556.

Tegtmeier, D. D., 47.
Teyegaga, A., 799.
Theden, G., 800.
Thom, C., 638, 801.
Thornson, C. M., 802.
Thornton, J. D., 803.
Tichy, V., 804.
Toole, E. R., 158, 805, 806, 807, 88a, 89a.
Tranina, N. F., 808.
Trojanowski, J., 39a, 131a.
True, R. P., 809.
Trussel, P. C., 376.
Tubaki, K., 810, 811, 812, 813.
Turner, R. D., 376.
Ueyama, A., 814, 1a.
Ulezlo, I. V., 221, 555.
Ünligil, H. H., 750, 751, 815, 816, 90a.
Upadhyay, H. P., 37, 817.
Upsher, F. J., 818, 819, 820, 821.
Uscuplić, M., 822.
Uusvaara, O., 497.
van der Kamp, B. J., see Kamp, B. J. van der.
Venn, K., 91a.
Veresova, I. M., 823.
Verma, G. M., 5, 6, 824, 825, 826.
Verma, R. A. B., 827.
Verma, R. K., 5, 6, 824, 825, 826.
Verona, O., 236.
Verrall, A. F., 828, 829, 830, 831, 832, 833, 92a, 93a.
Vezér, A., 94a.
Vihavainen, T., 834.
Vijayaraghavan, P. K., 824, 826.
Vitucci, J. C., 588.
Voitsekhovs, K. R. V., 51.
von Aufsess, H., see Aufsess, H. v.
von Pechmann, H., see Pechmann, H. v.
von Schrenk, H., see Schrenk, H. v.
von Szilvinyi, A., see Szilvinyi, A. v.
Wagenfuhr, R., 835.
Wälchli, O., 449, 836, 837, 838, 839, 94a.
Wall, R. E., 780.
Walsh, J. H., 840, 841.
Walters, N. E. M., 842.
Wang, C. J. K., 843, 844, 845, 95a, 96a.
Wang, C. Y., 868.
Ward, H. M., 846.
Watson, E. S., 847.
Watson, J. A., 639, 745.

Wazny, J., 132a.
Webster, J., 165, 166, 167, 319, 848.
Weindling, R., 849, 850, 851.
Weiner, J., 26a, 97a.
Wells, D. E., 852.
Whitney, H. S., 639.
Wiessner, P., 212.
Wilhelm, G. E., 853, 133a.
Willeitner, H., 854, 855, 856.
William, F. B., 352.
Williams, J. I., 857.
Williamson, H., 245.
Wilson, I. M., 858, 859, 860, 861.
Wilson, K., 1.
Wilson, M. M., 651.
Winstead, N. N., 785.
Wolfe, F., 98a.
Wood, F. A., 781, 862.
Wright, E., 863, 864.
Wright, E. F., 865.
Wurth, K., 866.
Wutz, A., 617.
Yadav, A. S., 867.
Yamauti, K., 584, 585, 586.
Yoshida, T., 590.
Yu, Y. N., 868.
Zabel, R. A., 869, 870, 55a, 99a.
Zainal, A. S., 134a.
Zalasky, H., 871.
Zenker, R., 872.
Zielinski, M., 703.
Zielinski, M. H., 101a, 102a.
Zimmermann, G., 98, 873, 100a.
Zoch, L. L., 87a.
Zycha, H., 874.