# An Iconography of the New Zealand Russulaceae

Jerry Cooper, January 2021

This is a compilation of photographs of NZ indigenous Russulaceae that have been sequenced. The taxa are presented in order of phylogenetic placement. Refer to the separate document containing the phylogenetic tree. Many of our species were described by Ross McNabb in the 1970s. It has sometimes proved difficult to unambiguously assign McNabb's names to more recently documented species and our attempts to sequence many of his type collections has failed. However, regardless of correct names, the taxa shown here represent good species. In many cases they display a surprising degree of variability, as shown by very different material with identical sequences (for different loci and not just the Internal Transcribed Spacer (ITS)). It is also worth noting that truffle-like forms have arisen at least 8 times independently in the group and usually the species do not even have a superficial resemblance to their nearest relatives. Morphological characters, especially colours, can be entirely misleading in this group.

The main purpose of this document is to show those species that can be identified readily, and more importantly those that cannot. Especially difficult are many of the Tricholomopsidae group with a Gondwana distribution. This group is very diverse in New Zealand and all quite similar. The taxa Russula subvinosa, pilocystidiata, griseoviolacea, sp. 'manapouri', sp. 'craigieburn', macrocystidiata, roseostipitata, sp. 'macnabbii' & tawai are not separated by photos and microscopy is required. Even then it can be difficult.

Several of our species described a long time ago have not been recognised recently and do not have sequences. *Lactarius maruiensis, Russula solitaria, R. pleurogena, R. pudorina, R. vivida*.

L. maruiensis, a relativley large yellow Lactarius under beech, has been searched for numerous times in the area around Lake Daniell, but without success. Similarly, the very distinct but small and dark pleurotoid Russula pleurogena has been look for in the Waitakare Ranges. Russula solitaria may be an immature form of R. griseostipitata or not yet re-found. Russula pudorina may also be hiding here already somewhere and it seems to share features with R. aucklandica and R. subvinosa. Russula vivida is very likely just a form of R. kermesina. Russula multicystidiata is probably hiding in the R. allchroa species complex.

Numerous people are thanked for their collections and photographs; Pat Leonard, Noah Siegel, Christian Schwarz, Clive Shirley, Peter de Lange, Egon Horak, Teresa Lebel and my colleagues at Landcare Research – Manaaki Whenua.

# Lactarius – unplaced

#### Lactarius tawai

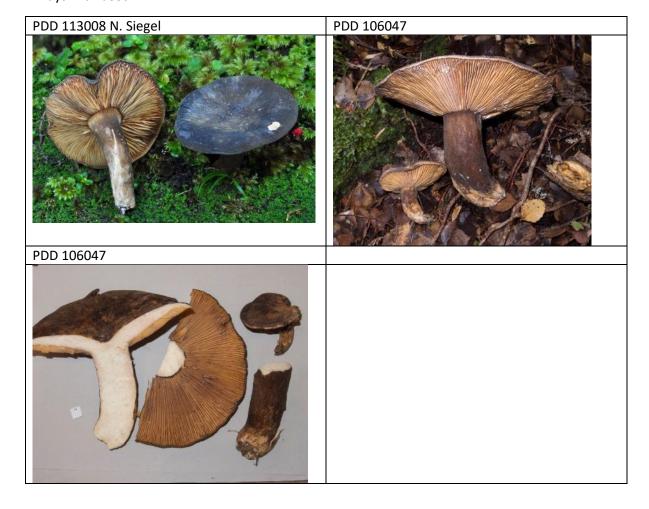
Always with beech. Characteristic zoned orange/brown caps. Phylogenetically this species occupies an isolated position between *Lactarius* and *Multifurca* 



# Lactarius – Plinthogalus

## Lactarius novaezelandiae

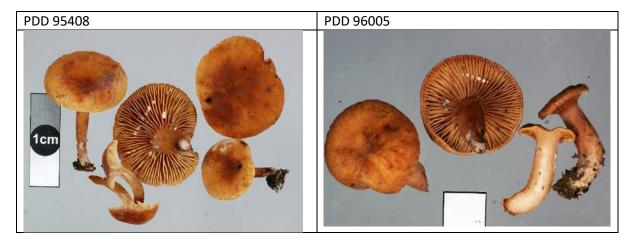
Always with beech



#### Lactarius - Lactarius

#### Lactarius umerensis

Always with beech (so far). Only truly distinguished from *L. sp. 'Hauroko'* by micro-characters



## Lactarius sp. 'Hauroko'

With beech and tea-tree. Much more common than *L. umerensis*. Tends to have richer colours, but not always. Potentially a species complex.

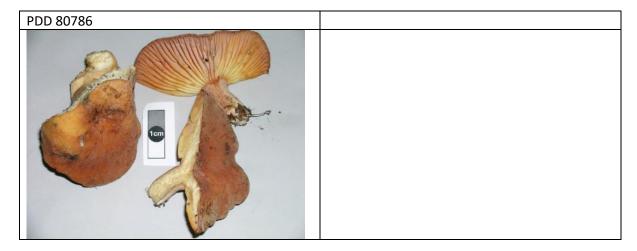




# Lactifluus – Gymnocarpi

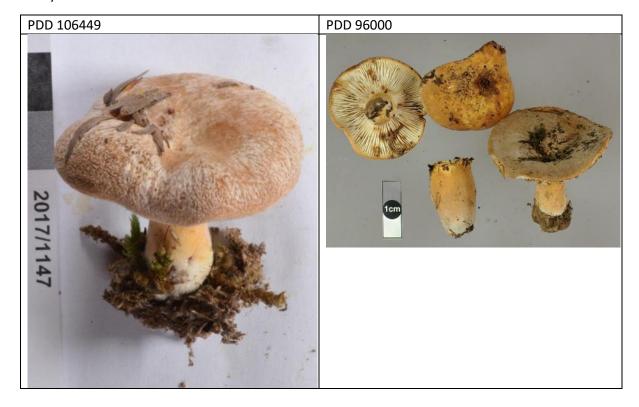
## Lactifluus aurantioruber

Always with beech. Richer red-orange colours than *Lf. clarkeae*, and less pubescent



#### Lactifluus clarkeae

Always with ta-tree.



# Lactifluus – Lactifluus

#### Lactifluus leonardii

With beech (and probably tea-tree). No sequenced collections with photos. The milk and context go vinaceous pink. Note there are mislabelled GenBank sequences for this species and *Lf. sepiaceus*.

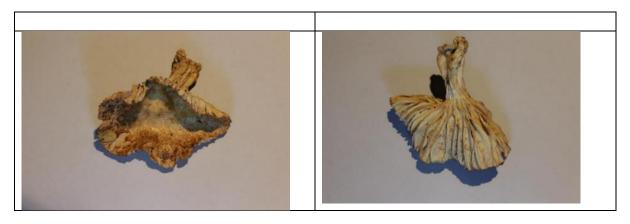
## Lactifluus sepiaceus

With beech

| PDD 96544 | PDD 101416 P. Leonard |
|-----------|-----------------------|
|-----------|-----------------------|



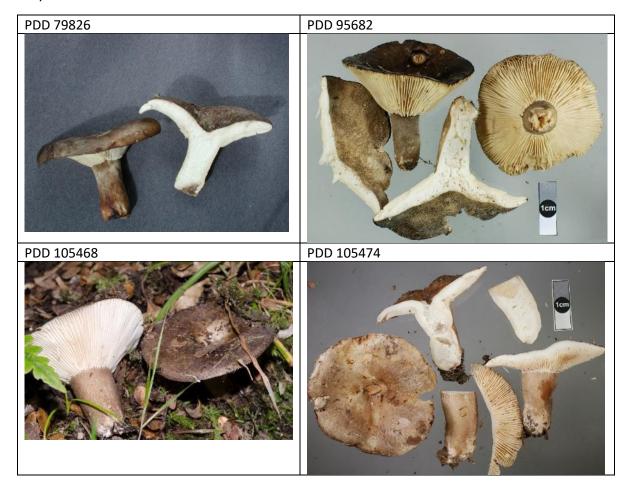
Russula — archeae Russula sp. PDD 111493 Poor condition and originally identified as *Lactifluus clarkeae* 



# Russula – compactae – polyphyllinae

## Russula griseobrunnea

Only with beech



## Russula sp. 'Horopito'

Only with beech. Phylogenetically slightly different from *R. griseobrunnea*. Slightly paler colours, especially to the stem.



# Russula – compactae – nigricantinae

## Russula inquinata

With beech. Blackens.



## Russula - crassotunicata

#### Russula littorea

With tea tree and beech A subgenus with few species and this the first southern hemisphere example. Related to the northern hemisphere *R. farinipes*. Hot taste. Uncommon.

| PDD 101418 P. Leonard | PDD 105745 P. Leonard |
|-----------------------|-----------------------|
|-----------------------|-----------------------|



# Russula – Heterophyllidia - IVa

#### Russula vinaceocuticulata

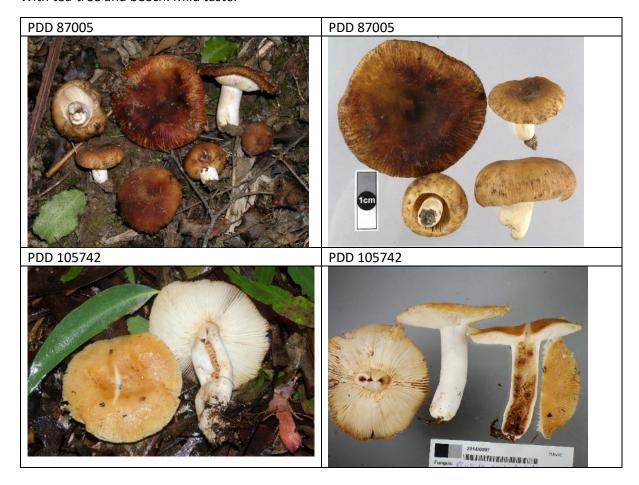
Always with tea-tree. Always with purple somewhere on the cap or the extreme stem base. Cap can be variable. Mild taste. The cap covering does not form areolate patches like *R. griseoviridis*.





## Russula novaezelandiae

With tea-tree and beech. Mild taste.



## Russula acrolamellata

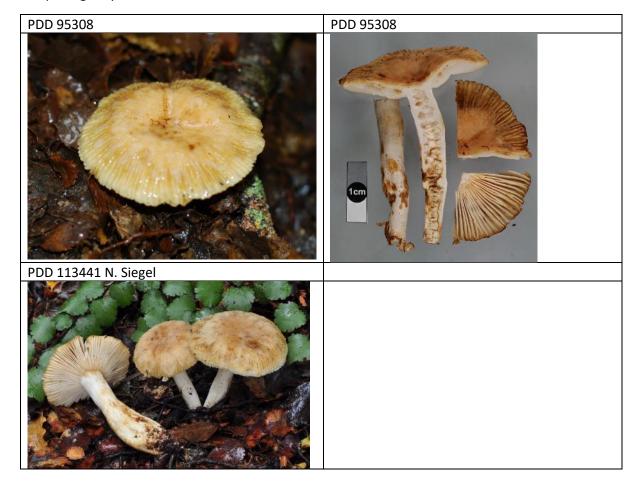
With tea-tree. Hot taste.

| PDD 86992  | PDD 95562    |
|------------|--------------|
| . 55 00332 | 1 . 55 33302 |



## Russula sp. 'acrolamellata var. nothofagi'

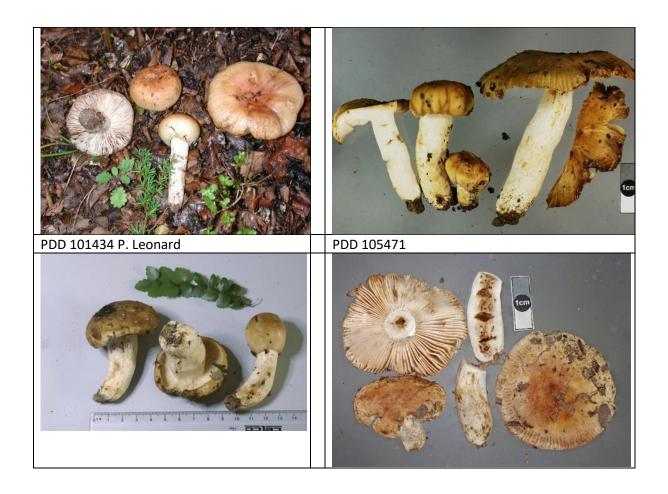
Phylogenetically related to but distinct from *R. acrolamellata* and seemingly restricted to beech. Morphologically identical.



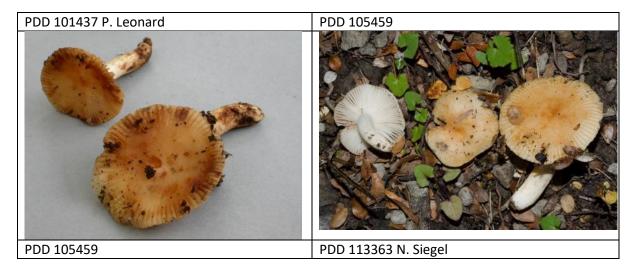
## Russula sp. 'Austrofoetida'

Hot taste, smell bleach-like. With beech. Not distinguishable from  $\it R.~acrolamellata$  on macromorphology

| PDD 79881 | PDD 96006 |
|-----------|-----------|



Russula sp. 'Riwakaensis' With beech. Small species with strong smell almond. Mild (to hot?) taste



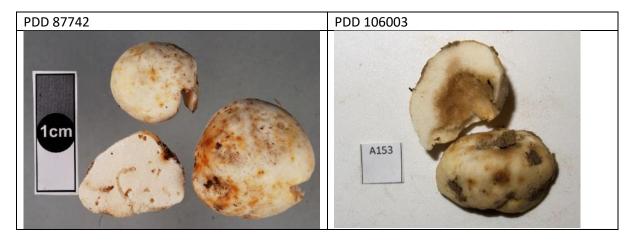


# Russula – Heterophyllidia – IVb

Agaricoid taxa often with a bloom or veil-like patches on the cap.

## Russula parvisaxoides

A truffle with tea-tree and beech. Mild taste



## Russula aucklandica

With tea-tree. Mild taste. Northern distribution.

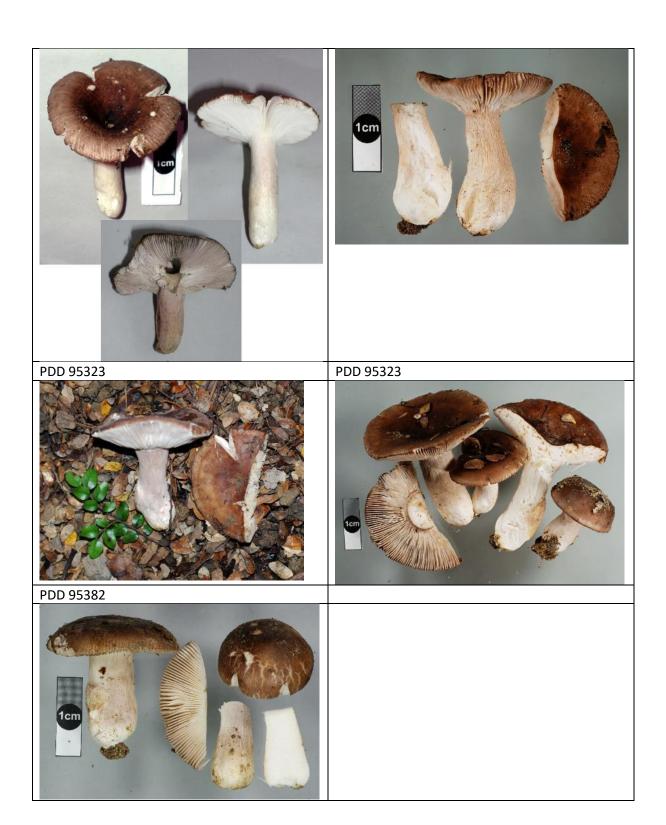




## Russula griseostipitata

With beech. Mild taste. Common. *R. solitaria* may be an immature form. Also misidentified as <u>R. subvinosa</u>.

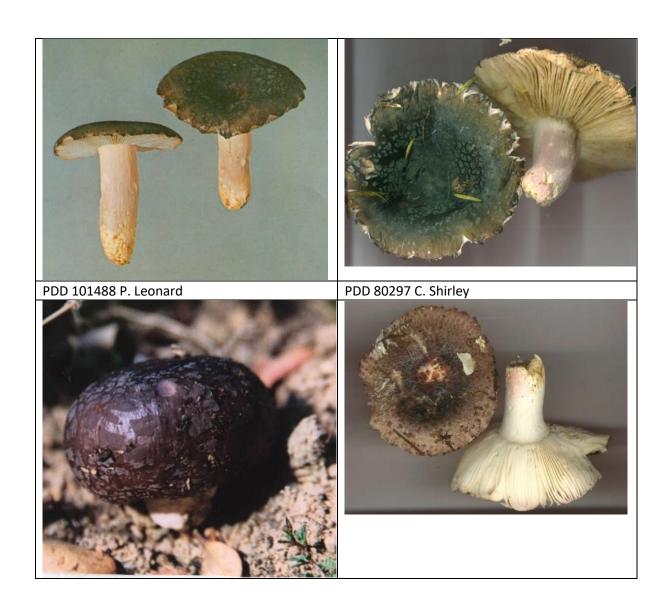
| PDD 80817 PDD 95304 |
|---------------------|
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# Russula griseoviridis

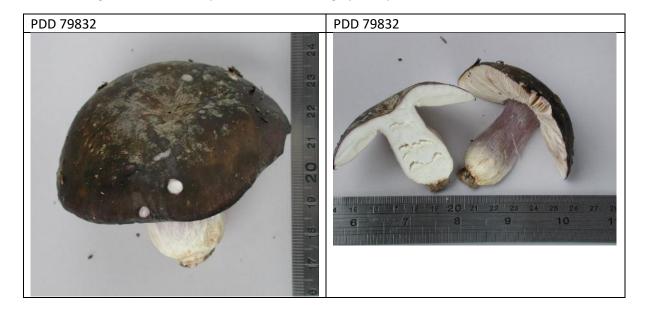
With beech and tea-tree. Mild taste. Always with areolate patches on the cap. Confirmed with a type sequence.

| PDD 26628 Holotype | PDD 101431 C. Shirley |
|--------------------|-----------------------|
|--------------------|-----------------------|



## Russula griseoviridis aff.

Similar to *R. griseoviridis* but cap bloom not breaking up into patches.



#### Russula albolutescens

Small species with tea-tree. Taste mild. Cap sticky. Closely related to R. maranginia from Australia



# Russula – Brevipes

#### Russula sp. 'pirispora'

No photo of collections and material lost. Also present in Australia.

#### Russula papakaiensis

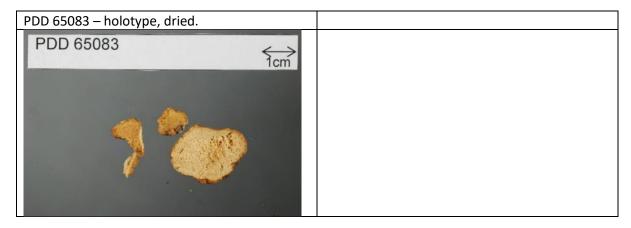
With beech and tea-tree. Taste acrid. Gills always heavily spotted. Many sequences but only one with a poor photo. Also present in Australia and New Caledonia.

| PDD 104421 P. Leonard |  |
|-----------------------|--|
|                       |  |



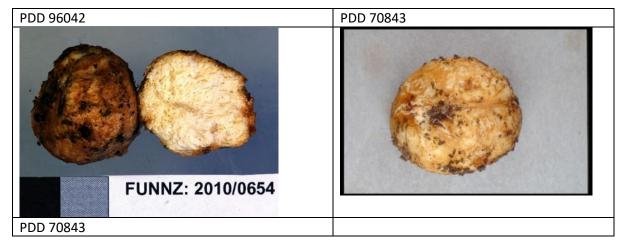
## Russula korystospora

With beech. Truffle, no taste,



# Russula sp. 'Glentui'

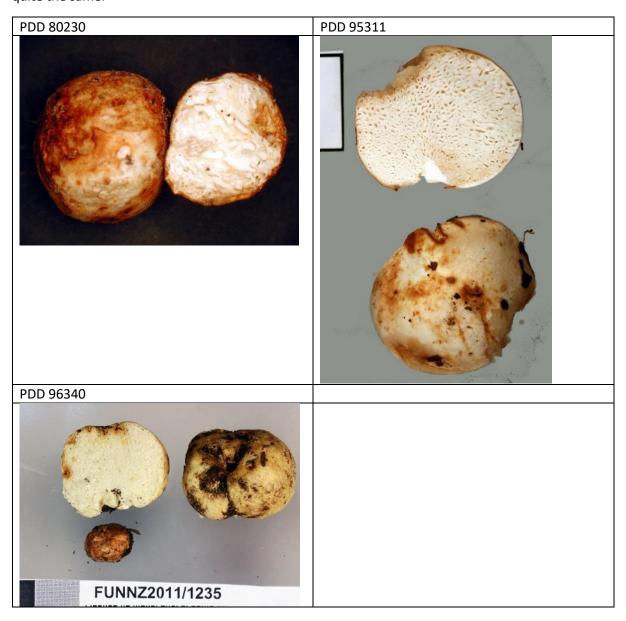
With beech. Truffle





## Russula sinuata

With tea-tree. The NZ version of this species described from Australia is very closely related but not quite the same.

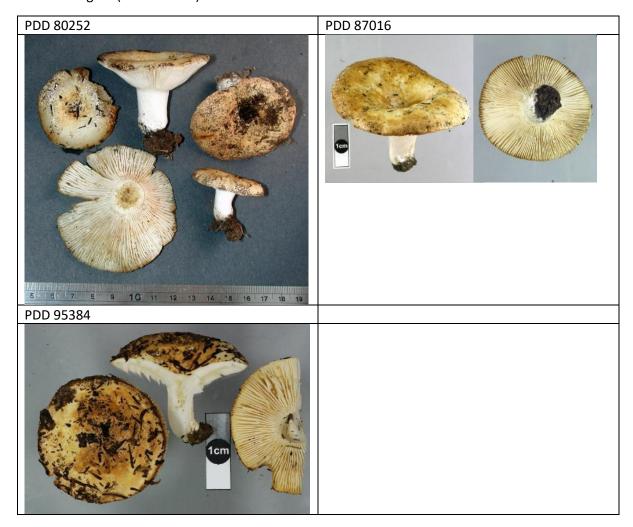


#### The Russula allochroa/australis/multicystidiata complex

Russula allochroa and Russula australis (if interpreted correctly) seem to form a cluster of closely related species. They are readily recognised from the triangular cross-section and incompressible stems. R. allochroa for McNabb was a bitter tasting species with tea-tree, whereas R. australis was said to be with both beech and tea-tree and the taste not explicitly noted, although implied mild in his key. There is also R. multicystidiata with both beech and tea-tree for which modern collections are few, none sequenced and none with (convincing) photos. R. multicystidiata was only marginally differentiated by McNabb from R. australis. In addition, McNabb was hesitant about the distinction between R. australis and R. allochroa. It is likely these three species are represented amongst the 4 phylogenetically distinct but very similar taxa presented here. I have no real idea which names to apply to which taxa or how to distinguish them with any confidence based on morphology. Also note the similarity with R. cremeoochracea (subgenus malodora) which does not have a compressible stem, and R. papakaiensis, with heavily spotted gills (in age).

#### Russula allochroa #1

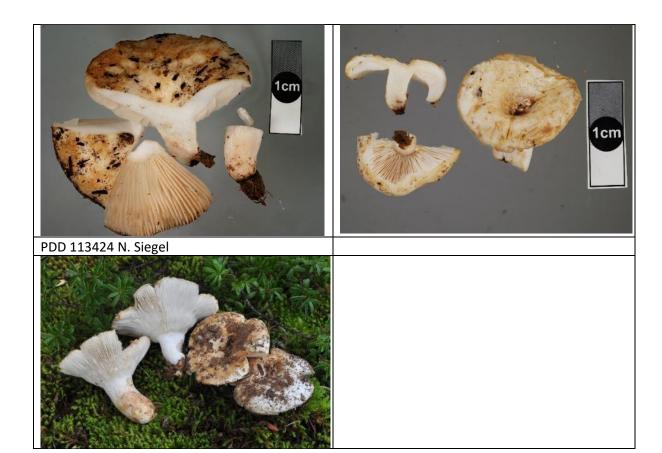
Taste astringent (after a while). With tea-tree



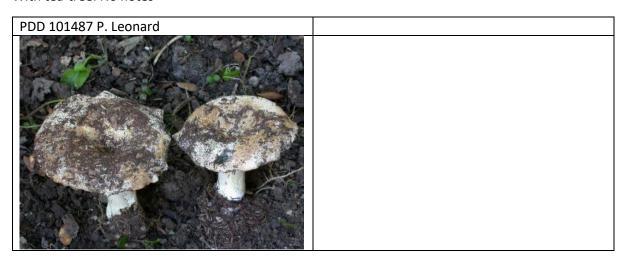
#### Russula allochroa #2

With tea-tree. No taste, to slightly acrid or retsina-like

| PDD 95313  | PDD 105582 |
|------------|------------|
| 1 00 33313 | 100 103362 |



Russula allochroa #3 With tea-tree. No notes



Russula australis With beech and tea-tree. Mild taste.

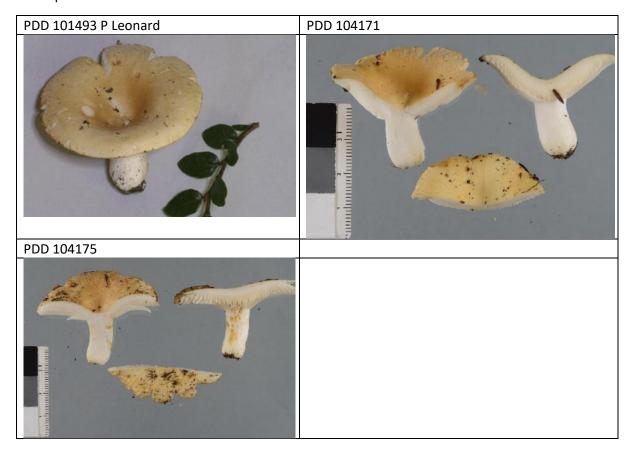
| PDD 87581 |  |
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# Russula – Malodora

#### Russula cremeoochracea

With beech and tea-tree. Taste mild. Stem not incompressible (the *R. allochroa* complex). The smell of tis species needs to be assessed.



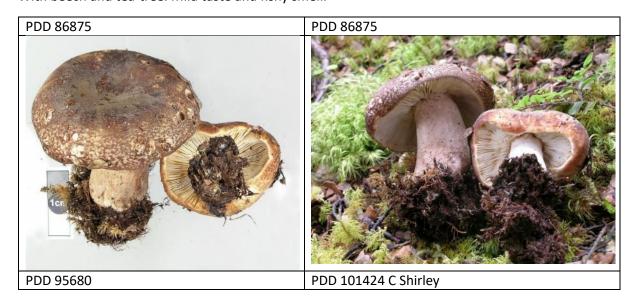
## Russula pseudoareolata

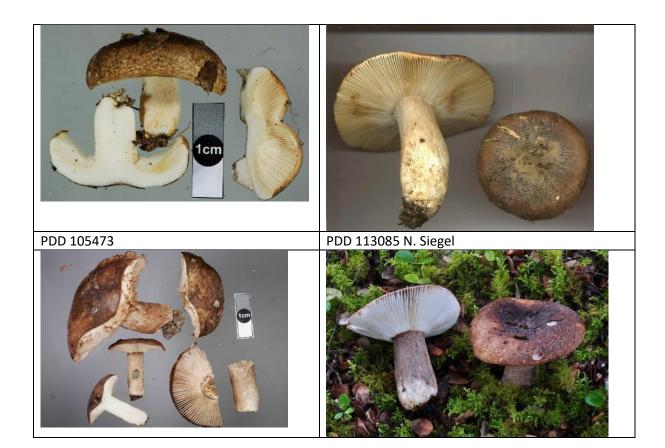
With beech and tea-tree. Mild taste and fishy smell. Staining yellow/brown when bruised.

| PDD 80865 | PDD 101422 P. Leonard |
|-----------|-----------------------|

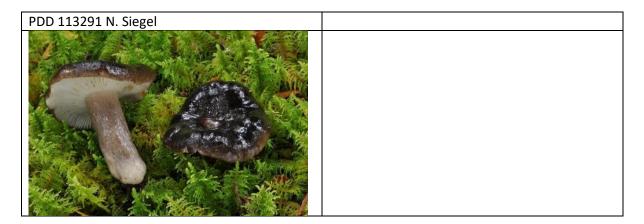


Russula rimulosa With beech and tea-tree. Mild taste and fishy smell.





## Russula sp. PDD 113291 Under beech. Mild taste, no smell.



# Russula – Core Clade

## Russula roseopileata

With tea-tree and beech. Hot taste. Also present in New Caledonia.

| PDD 95679 | PDD 92358 C. Shirley |
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PDD 113130 N. Siegel





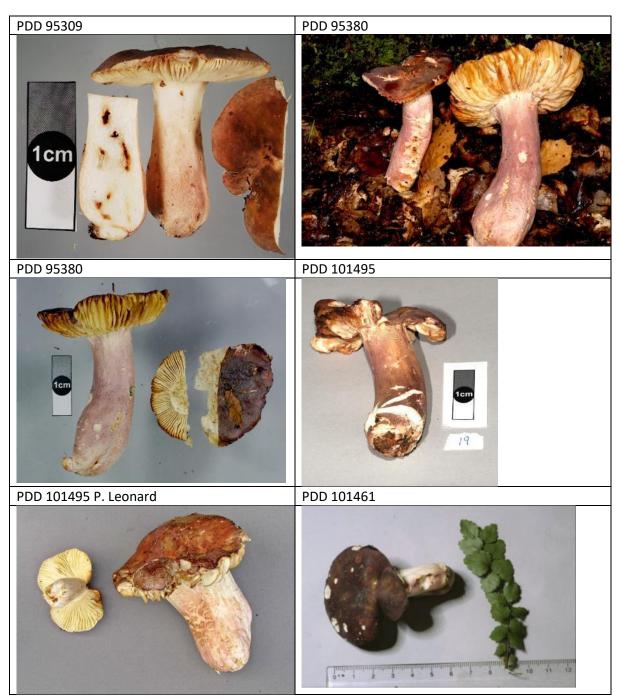
PDD 113233 N. Siegel



## Russula – Crown Clade

## Russula sp. 'Hinewaiensis'

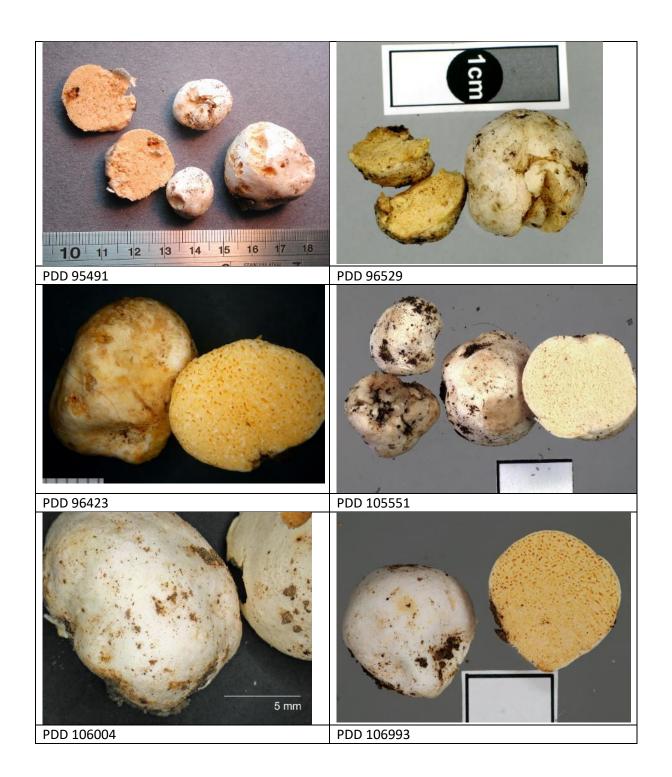
With beech. Mild taste. No smell.

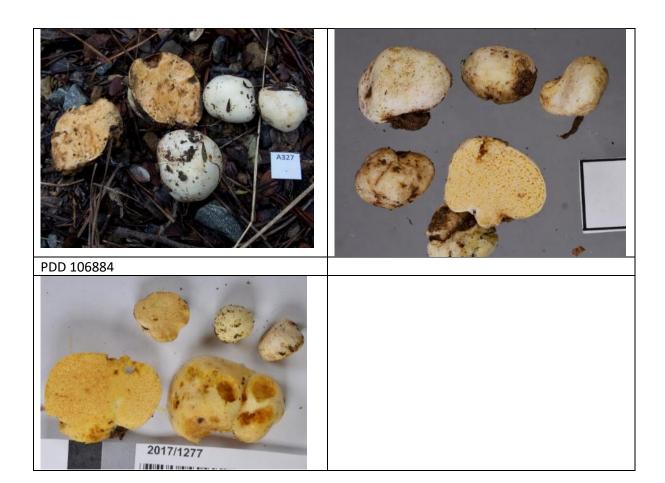


## Russula osphranticarpa

Truffle. No smell. Under tea-tree. Very common

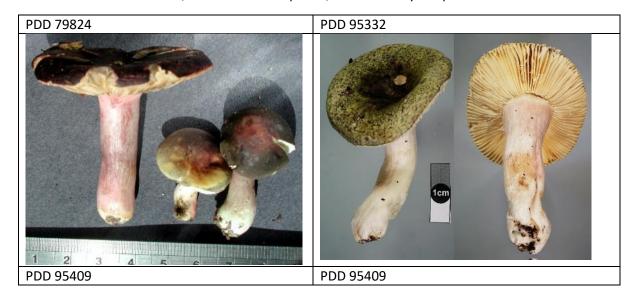
| PDD 79811 | PDD 86827 |
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#### Russula atroviridis

With beech and tea-tree. Mild taste. No smell. I'm still hesitant this is the species in the sense of McNabb. Whatever, this species is consistently misidentified as other species in the crown clade (e.g. *R. umerensis* especially). Many of the species in the core and crown clades of subgenus Russula share similar colours, and they are very variable. Making identifications based on colours (which people want to do) will generally lead to mixed identifications. When this species hasn't dried out then it is easily distinguished because the depressed centre of the cap usually has a layer of slime. The slime is not fluorescent, unlike *R. roseostipitata*, with minutely red pruinose stem.









PDD 92357 C. Shirley



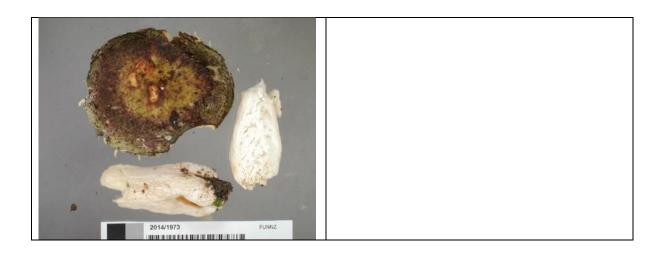
PDD 96933



PDD 104176

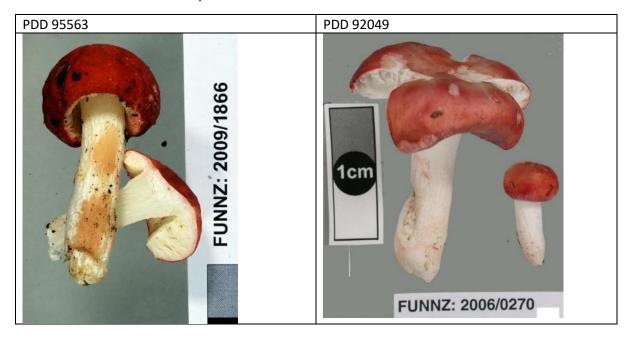


PDD 105744



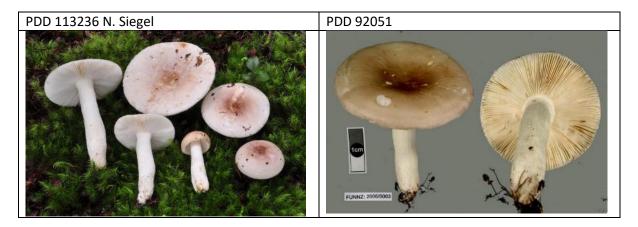
#### Russula kermesina

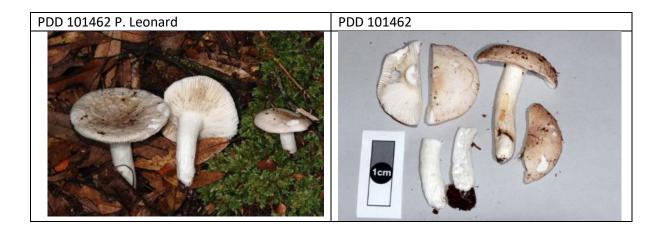
With beech. Mild taste. An easy one.



## Russula purpureotincta

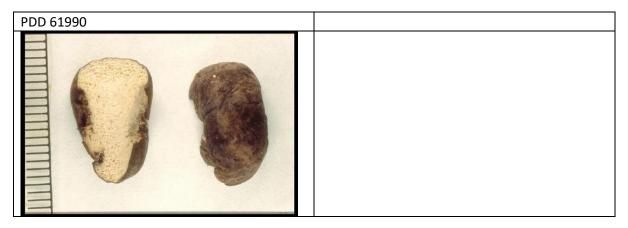
With beech. No taste or smell. Colour very variable ranging white, grey, pale brown, pale green, pink.





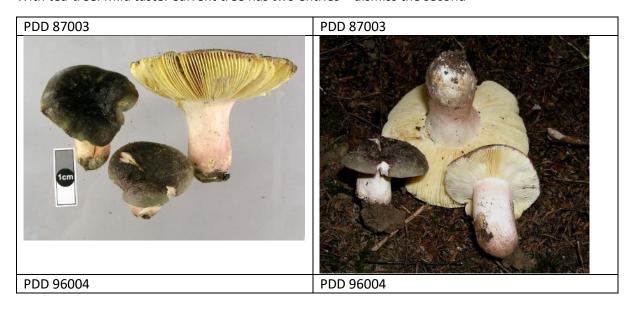
## Russula spinispora

Truffle. With tea-tree



## Russula sp. 'Wilsonii'

With tea-tree. Mild taste. Current tree has two entries – dismiss the second

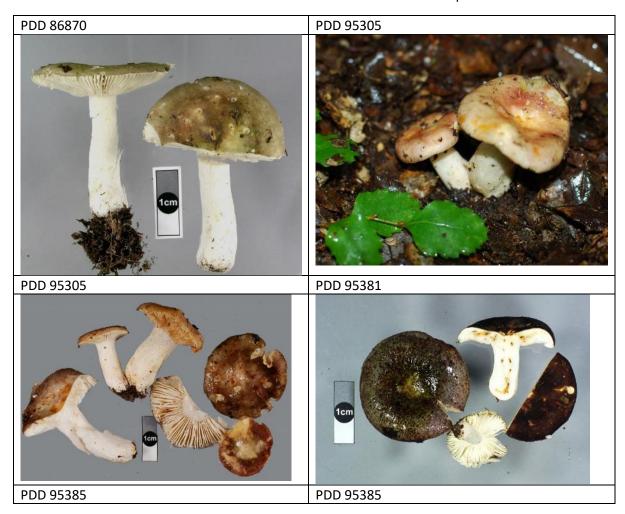






## Russula umerensis

With beech. Mid taste. Sometimes confused with *R. atroviridis*. Slime in cap centre not fluorescent.



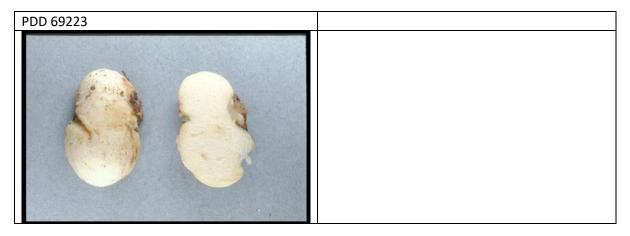


## Russula – Crown Clade – subsection Tricholomopsidae

This distinct clade has a Gondwana distribution. Many of the NZ species are impossible to distinguish macroscopically, or even microscopically in some cases. In addition, McNabb's concepts sometimes incorporated more than one taxon, with tea-tree associated species often phylogenetically distinct from beech associated species.

#### Russula leucocarpa

With beech. Totally white peridium.



## Russula tawai

# With beech. Taste slightly acrid



Russula sp. JAC13197

With beech

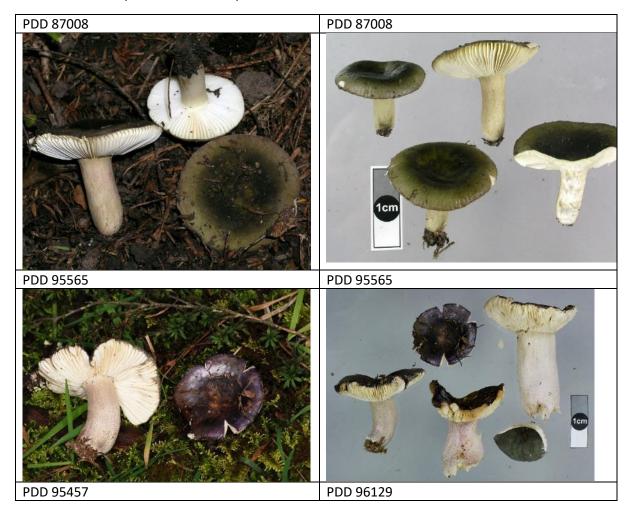
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Russula sp. 'Macnabbii'

With tea-tree. Very common and very variable in colour.





## Russula roseostipitata

With beech. Taste first mild then becoming bitter. Often has slime in the cap centre which is fluorescent under UV. See also *R. umerensis* and *R. atroviridis* with slime but without scurfy red/violet stem. *Russula sp. 'Manapouri'* is also brightly fluorescent.





# Russula roseostipitata aff.

With beech. Taste hot.

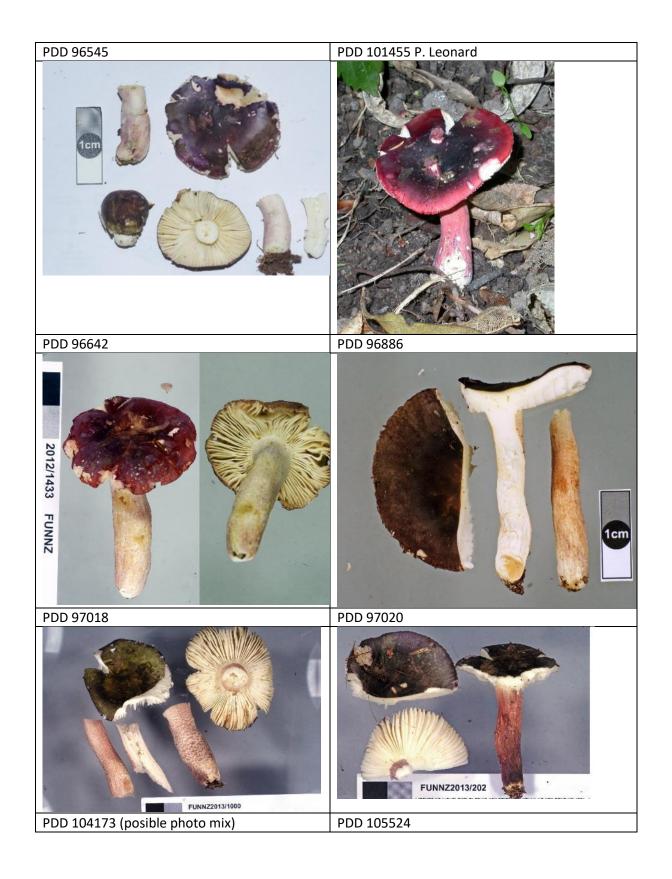
| PDD 92050 |  |
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# Russula macrocystidiata

With beech and tea-tree. Taste mild, sometimes becoming bitter. Another very variable species that gets misidentified – a lot.







Russula sp. 'Craigieburn' With beech. Taste mild, slowly acrid.

| PDD 112992 N. Siegel PDD 113177 N. Siegel |
|---|
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Rusula sp. 'Canaaneisis' Material lost and no photos

## Russula tricholomopsis

With beech. Mild taste.



Russula sp. 'Manapouri'

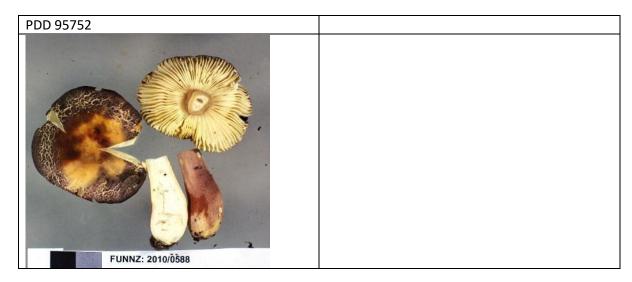
With beech. Mild taste. Fruitbdoies with various fluorescent colours.

| PDD 113176 N. Siegel | PDD 113179 N. Siegel |
|----------------------|----------------------|
| PDD 113176 N. Siegei | PDD 1131/9 N. Siegei |



# Russula sp. JAC11404

With beech



## Russula miniata

With beech. Tiny.

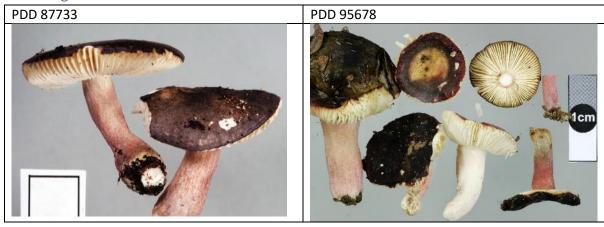


# Russula griseoviolacea #1

| PDD 101447 P. Leonard |  |  |
|-----------------------|--|--|



## Russula griseoviolacea #2



## Russula griseoviolacea #3 No material or photos

# Russula sp. JAC12268

Just dried material.



# Russula pilocystidiata

With beech. Microscopically distinct, otherwise ...





## Russula tapawera

Truffle. Published photo same material as photo of *R. rubrolutea* with colour balance difference?



## Russula subvinosa

With tea-tree.

| PDD 104172 (possible phot mix – see    | PDD 104177 |
|--|------------|
| macrocystidiata – same collectors/day) |            |



## Russula rubrolutea

Truffle. Published photo same material as photo of *R. tapawera* with colour balance difference?

