MYCOTAXON

http://dx.doi.org/10.5248/130.1153

October-December 2015

Volume 130, pp. 1153-1164

Pouzarella alissae, a new species from northwestern California, United States

David L. Largent^{1*} & Sarah E. Bergemann²

- ¹ Biological Sciences, Humboldt State University, 1 Harpst St, Arcata CA 95521, USA
- ² Evolution and Ecology Group, Biology Department, Middle Tennessee State University, PO Box 60, Murfreesboro TN 37132, USA
- * Correspondence to: mrp@humboldt1.com

ABSTRACT —*Pouzarella alissae* sp. nov. is known only from north coastal California. It is characterized by the evanescent silvery-white layer of fibrils and squamules initially covering the pileus and stipe surface, the dark greyish brown to dark brown innately fibrillose pileus and stipe, a pileipellis of entangled hyphae with cylindro-clavate terminal cells, a suprapellis with cytoplasmic pigments, a subpellis with encrusted pigments, heterogeneous lamellar edges, lageniform to rostrate-ventricose leptocystidia, cheilocystidia and pleurocystidia, abundant aborted basidia, and basidiospores averaging $<11~\mu m$ in length.

KEY WORDS — Basidiomycota, Entolomataceae, phylogeny, taxonomy

Introduction

The name *Pouzarella* is applied to fungi in the *Entolomataceae* that possess stipitate–pileate basidiomata with the following features: basidiome typically mycenoid with a strigose stipe base, pileipellis disc composed of erect to semi-erect multicellular hyphae, tramal hyphae with encrusted pigments, nodulose heterodiametric 5–9-angled basidiospores, and the absence of clamp connections. Phylogenetically, these fungi form a well-supported clade (He et al. 2013), and *Pouzarella* Mazzer is applied as a generic concept (Mazzer 1976; Karstedt et al. 2007; Baroni et al. 2008, 2012; Horak 2008) or is treated as *Entoloma* subg. *Pouzarella* (Mazzer) Noordel. (Manimohan et al. 2006, Noordeloos 2004, He et al. 2013). We treat *Pouzarella* as a genus because all species form a monophyletic group with distinctive morphological characters.

Although *Pouzarella* species are distributed worldwide, they are encountered most frequently in mesic areas that receive >20 in. annual rainfall (Mazzer 1976). In North America, *Pouzarella* is common in the eastern United States

and Canada, but is rare in the west where it is restricted to a narrow coastal region extending from southern California to southern British Columbia (Largent 1994, Mazzer 1976).

Of the fifty-nine *Pouzarella* species reported worldwide in Index Fungorum, four have been described from western North America: *P. fernandae* (Romagn.) Largent and *P. fulvostrigosa* (Berk. & Broome) Mazzer from Washington, *P. araneosa* (Quél.) Mazzer from California, and *P. versatilis* (Gillet) Mazzer from California, Oregon, and Washington (Largent 1994, Mazzer 1976). In this report, we describe a third and new species from California, *P. alissae*.

Materials & methods

Macromorphological and micromorphological features

Techniques and equipment for collecting and describing basidiomata in the field and GPS coordinates have been described in Largent et al. (2011a,b), while techniques for color descriptions using Kornerup & Wanscher (1978) and factors determined from mathematical analyses in the descriptions are covered in Largent et al. (2013a,b). Dried specimens were examined microscopically with a research-grade trinocular Nikon Eclipse Ci-L compound microscope. Microphotographs were made using a Lumenera Infinity 2-5 CCD digital camera, and all microscopic measurements were obtained using Infinity Analyze software 6.5.0.

DNA sequences and phylogenetic analyses

Sequences of *P. alissae* were obtained from the mitochondrial small subunit ribosomal RNA (mtSSU), the nuclear large subunit ribosomal RNA (LSU), and second largest subunit of RNA polymerase II (RPB2) following protocols described in Largent et al. (2011b). Sequences were edited using Sequencher 4.2.2 (Gene Codes, USA) and aligned using MAFFT v. 7 (Katoh & Standley 2013). Thirty-eight sequences were generated for this phylogenetic analysis along with sequences obtained from GenBank including those for the majority of *Pouzarella* species and from species from other representative clades as defined in Baroni & Matheny (2011) (Table 1).

Table 1. Collections used in the phylogenetic analyses.

New sequences generated for this study are shown in bold.

Square brackets enclose GenBank names differing from those in Fig. 1.

Taxa	Collection	GENBANK ACCESSION NUMBERS		
	IDENTIFIER	mtSSU	LSU	RPB2
Alboleptonia angustospora [Alboleptonia aff. sericella]	MCA1978	GU384583	GU384609	GU384632
Alboleptonia sericella [Entoloma sericellum]	10	GQ289330	GQ289190	GQ289261
Catathelasma imperiale	11CA001A	KR869913	KR869941	KC816816
Claudopus minutoincanus	DLL9871	HQ731511	HQ731514	HQ731517
Claudopus parasiticus	10617 TJB	KR233902	KR233872	KR233924
Claudopus viscosus	DLL9788	HQ31513	HQ31516	HQ31518
Clitocella fallax [Rhodocybe fallax]	25668OKM	KR869909	AF261283	KC816937

	DELLO	CTT00.4505	077700.444	**********
Clitopilopsis hirneola	REH8490	GU384587	GU384611	KC816904
Clitopilus apalus	26394WAT	KR869907	KR869936	KC816906
Entocybe haastii [Entocybe sp.]	DLL10087	JQ793645	JQ793652	JQ793659
Entocybe trachyospora [Rhodocybe trachyospora]	5856 TJB	GU384605	GU384629	GU384658
Entoloma abortivum	5772 TJB	KR233897	KR233869	KR233926
E. albidoquadratum	i4	GQ289291	GQ289151	GQ289223
E. bloxamii	219	GQ289294	GQ289154	GQ289226
E. caespitosum	GDGM 27564	JQ993070	JQ410327	JQ993078
E. changchunense	HMJAU 3886	JQ993061	JQ993095	_
E. crassicystidiatum	GDGM 28821	JQ993058	JQ291567	JQ993083
	GDGM 27357	JQ993056	JQ291569	JQ993085
E. discoloratum	DLL10217	JQ793646	JQ793653	JQ793660
E. fragilum	MCA2415	KJ021690	KJ021700	KJ021694
E. furfuraceum	GDGM 28818	JQ993062	JQ993094	JQ993084
E. indoviolaceum	i13	GQ289312	GQ289172	GQ289243
E. myrmecophilum	231	GQ289314	GQ289174	GQ289245
E. omiense	GDGM 27563	JQ993067	JQ410330	JQ993079
E. pallidocarpum	GDGM 28828	JQ993074	JQ410331	JQ993080
E. praegracile	GDGM 29251	JQ993072	JQ320129	JQ993077
E. procerum	70	GQ289323	GQ289183	GQ289254
E. prunuloides	40	GQ289324	GQ289184	GQ289255
E. readiae	102	GQ289326	GQ289186	GQ289257
E. rhodopolium	8	GQ289327	GQ289187	GQ289258
E. rugosiviscosum	DLL9676	JQ793647	JQ793654	JQ793661
E. sericatum	28	GQ289329	GQ289189	GQ289260
E. sinuatum	50	GQ289333	GQ289193	GQ289264
E. subaraneosum	KA12-1534	_	KJ523137	_
	GDGM 28823	_	JQ291568	_
E. aff. subsinuatum [E. sinuatum]	5349 TJB	KR233896	KR233868	AY691891
E. tenuissimum	GDGM 28813	JQ993059	JQ993097	JQ993086
	GDGM 28814	JQ993060	JQ993096	JQ993087
E. undatum	18	GQ289342	GQ289202	GQ289270
E. valdeumbonatum	189	GQ289343	GQ289203	GQ289271
E. violaceotinctum	DLL10088	JQ793643	JQ793650	JQ793657
E. violaceovillosum	i2	GQ289345	GQ289205	GQ289273
E. yunnanense	GDGM 28815	JQ993057	JQ320128	_
Inocephalus hypipamee	DLL10071	JQ624604	JQ624609	JQ624616
I. "lactifluus"	7962 TJB	_	AF261304	_
I. plicatus	DLL9691	JQ624605	JQ624610	JQ624617
I. virescens	DLL9772	KR233889	KR233859	KR233918
Lepista nuda	11CA041	KJ021692	KJ021705	KJ136110
Leptonia ambigua	DLL9872	JQ756399	JQ756414	JQ756429
L. boardinghousensis	DLL10086	JQ756398	JQ756413	JQ756428
L. omphalinoides	DLL9673	JQ756400	JQ756416	JQ756431
L. odorifera	6534 TJB	KR233899	KR233870	KR233927
L. poliopus	DLL10209a	JQ756402	JQ756418	JQ756433

1156 ... Largent & Bergemann

L. "subdacurrentiba" [L. sp.] MCA1486 GU384589 GU384623 GU384635 L. tjiallingiorum [Entoloma tjallingiorum] 243 GQ289337 GQ289197 GQ289267 L. trichomata 11CA006 KR233873 KR233873 KR233893 L. umbraphila DLL9793 JQ756409 JQ756424 JQ756440 Mycena aff. pura 11CA007 KR869914 KR369942 KC816995 Nolanea cetrata DLL9531 KF738927 KF738942 KF71346 N. c. conferenda [Entoloma conferendum] 6 GQ289300 GQ28910 GQ289231 N. sericea DLL9527 KR233882 KR233881 KR233913 N. sericea DLL9527 KR233882 KR233881 KR233913 N. strictior var. isabellina 7710 TJB GU384594 GU384618 GU384691 Paraleulus striptius 11CA052 KR869915 KR869943 KC816996 Paraleulus striptius 11CA052 KR869915 KR869943 KC816996 Paraleulus striptius 11CA052 KR869915 KR869943<	L. serrulata [Entoloma serrulatum]	163	GQ289332	GQ289192	GQ289263
L. tjallingiorum [Entoloma tjallingiorum] 243 GQ289337 GQ289197 GQ289267 L. trichomata 11CA006 KR233873 KR233873 KR23903 L. umbraphila DLL9793 JQ756409 JQ756424 JQ756440 Mycena aff, pura 11CA007 KR869914 KR869942 KC816995 Nolanea cetrata DLL9531 KF738927 KF738942 KC816995 N. cf. conferenda [Entoloma conferendum] 6 GQ289300 GQ289160 GQ289231 N. sericca DLL9527 KR233882 KR238851 KR239813 N. sericca DLL9527 KR23882 KR23851 KR23913 N. strictor var. isabellima TJL9527 KR23882 KR23851 KR23911 Parlus stipticus 11CA052 KR869915 KR869943 KC816996 Paraeccilia sericconitidua TJ44TJB EF421098 KF261315 EF421016 Pouzarella albostrigosa DLL9641 HQ876555 HQ876555 HQ876555 HQ876555 HQ876555 HQ876555 HQ876555 HQ876555 <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>					
L. trichomata	* *	243			
Mycena aff. pura 11CA007 KR869914 KR869942 KC816995 Nolanea cetrata DLL9531 KF738927 KF738942 KF771346 N. ef. conferenda [Entoloma conferendum] 6 GQ289300 GQ289160 GQ289231 N. hebes [Entoloma hebes] 46 GQ289300 GQ289160 GQ289241 N. hebes [Entoloma hebes] 46 GQ289300 GQ289160 GQ289241 N. hebes [Entoloma hebes] 46 GQ289310 GQ289211 KR233882 KR233851 KR233913 N. strictior var. isabellinua 7710 TJB GU384594 GU384618 GU384641 [E. strictius var. isabellinua 7710 TJB GU384594 GU384618 GU384641 E. strictius var. isabellinua 7144 TJB EF421098 KR869943 KC816996 Paraeccilia sericconitidad T144 TJB EF421098 AF261315 EF421016 Entoloma sericconitidum F0022arella albostrigosa DLL9661 HQ876555 HQ876553 HQ876513 HQ876513 HQ876513 HQ876513 HQ876514 HQ876559 HQ876513 HQ876514 HQ876515 HQ876414 HQ876550 HQ876515 HQ876516 HQ876416 HQ876516 HQ876501 HQ876516 HQ876501 HQ876516 HQ876494 HQ876516 HQ		11CA006			KR233903
Mycena aff. pura 11CA007 KR869914 KR869942 KC816995 Nolanea cetrata DLL9531 KF738927 KF738942 KF771346 N. ef. conferenda [Entoloma conferendum] 6 GQ289300 GQ289160 GQ289231 N. hebes [Entoloma hebes] 46 GQ289300 GQ289160 GQ289241 N. hebes [Entoloma hebes] 46 GQ289300 GQ289160 GQ289241 N. hebes [Entoloma hebes] 46 GQ289310 GQ289211 KR233882 KR233851 KR233913 N. strictior var. isabellinua 7710 TJB GU384594 GU384618 GU384641 [E. strictius var. isabellinua 7710 TJB GU384594 GU384618 GU384641 E. strictius var. isabellinua 7144 TJB EF421098 KR869943 KC816996 Paraeccilia sericconitidad T144 TJB EF421098 AF261315 EF421016 Entoloma sericconitidum F0022arella albostrigosa DLL9661 HQ876555 HQ876553 HQ876513 HQ876513 HQ876513 HQ876513 HQ876514 HQ876559 HQ876513 HQ876514 HQ876515 HQ876414 HQ876550 HQ876515 HQ876516 HQ876416 HQ876516 HQ876501 HQ876516 HQ876501 HQ876516 HQ876494 HQ876516 HQ	L. umbraphila	DLL9793	JQ756409	JQ756424	JQ756440
N. ef. conferenda [Entoloma conferendum] 6 GQ289310 GQ289170 GQ289241 N. hebes [Entoloma hebes] 46 GQ289310 GQ289170 GQ289241 N. sericea DLL9527 KR233882 KR233851 KR233913 N. strictior var. isabellina 710 TJB GU384648 GU384641 GU384641 [E. strictius var. isabellinus] BG28915 KR869913 KC816996 Paraecclila sericeonitidum] EF421098 AF261315 EF421016 Pouzarella albostrigosa DLL9641 HQ876557 HQ876533 HQ876513 P alissae DLL9663 HQ876558 HQ876536 HQ876514 P alissae DLL10490 KT074357 KT074357 KT074361 P arinosa DLL9784 HQ876558 HQ876536 HQ876514 P farinosa DLL9784 HQ876559 HQ876528 HQ876592 P farinosa DLL9900 HQ876537 HQ876515 HQ876494 P fusca DLL9623 HQ8765549 HQ876522 HQ876505 P lageniformis	*	11CA007	KR869914	KR869942	KC816995
N. hebes [Entoloma hebes] 46	Nolanea cetrata	DLL9531	KF738927	KF738942	KF771346
N. hebes [Entoloma hebes] 46	N. cf. conferenda [Entoloma conferendum]	6	GQ289300	GQ289160	GQ289231
N. strictior var. isabellina Estricitius var. isabellinus IICA052 KR869915 KR869943 KC816996 Ranellus stipticus IICA052 KR869915 KR869915 KR976513 Rescriptional sericeonitidum IICA052 Rescriptional sericeonitidum IICA054 HQ876555 HQ876535 HQ876514 Rescriptional sericeonitidum IICA056 HQ876555 HQ876535 HQ876516 Rescriptional araneosum I4 GQ289293 GQ289153 GQ289125	N. hebes [Entoloma hebes]	46	GQ289310	GQ289170	GQ289241
Raticitius var. isabellinus Panellus stipticus 11CA052 KR869915 KR869943 KC816996 Paraeccilia sericeonitida T144 TJB EF421098 AF261315 EF421016 EItoloma sericeonitidum Pouzarella albostrigosa DLL9641 HQ876557 HQ876535 HQ876513 DLL9663 HQ876558 HQ876554 HQ876514 P. alissae DLL10490 KT074359 KT074357 KT074361 R. araneosa [Entoloma araneosum] 14 GQ289293 GQ289153 GQ289225 P. debilis DLL9784 HQ876550 HQ876528 HQ876694 HQ876515 HQ8766949 HQ876536 HQ876694 HQ876536 HQ876694 HQ876536 HQ876694 HQ876536 HQ876694 HQ876536 HQ876694 HQ876536 HQ876549 HQ876549 HQ876549 HQ876505 HQ876507 HQ876507 HQ876507 HQ876507 HQ876507 HQ876507 HQ876508 HQ876508 HQ876508 HQ876509 HQ876509 HQ876550 HQ876509 HQ	N. sericea	DLL9527	KR233882	KR233851	KR233913
Paraeccilia sericeonitidum Pouzarella albostrigosa DLL9641 HQ876557 HQ876515 HQ876516 DLL9663 HQ876558 HQ876516 HQ876516 P. alissae DLL10490 KT074359 KT074357 KT074361 P. araneosa [Entoloma araneosum] 14 GQ289293 GQ289153 GQ289152 P. debilis DLL9784 HQ876550 HQ876528 HQ876506 P. farinosa DLL9900 HQ876537 HQ876516 HQ876494 HQ876506 HQ876528 HQ876506 P. farinosa DLL9934 HQ876538 HQ876516 HQ876495 HQ876506 HQ876507 HQ876507 HQ876507 HQ876507 HQ876507 HQ876507 HQ876507 HQ876508 HQ876509 HQ876509		7710 TJB	GU384594	GU384618	GU384641
Entoloma sericeonitidum Pouzarella albostrigosa	Panellus stipticus	11CA052	KR869915	KR869943	KC816996
DLL9663 HQ876558 HQ876514		7144 TJB	EF421098	AF261315	EF421016
P. alissae DLL10490 KT074359 KT074357 KT074361 P. araneosa [Entoloma araneosum] 14 GQ289293 GQ289153 GQ289225 P. debilis DLL9784 HQ876550 HQ876528 HQ876506 P. farinosa DLL9900 HQ876537 HQ876515 HQ876494 P. fusca DLL9623 HQ876538 HQ876516 HQ876505 P. lasca DLL9895 HQ876549 HQ876522 HQ876501 P. lasia DLL9895 HQ876551 HQ876523 HQ876507 P. lasia DLL9662 HQ876551 HQ876530 HQ876508 DLL9729 HQ876553 HQ876531 HQ876509 DLL9807 HQ876555 HQ876533 HQ876511 DL19807 HQ876555 HQ876533 HQ876511 P. farinosa DLL9807 HQ876537 HQ876515 HQ876511 P. farinosa DLL9807 HQ876533 HQ876511 HQ876512 HQ876512 HQ876511 HQ876512 HQ876512 HQ876512 HQ876512 HQ8765	Pouzarella albostrigosa	DLL9641	HQ876557	HQ876535	HQ876513
P. araneosa [Entoloma araneosum] 14 GQ289293 GQ289153 GQ289255 P. debilis DLL9784 HQ876550 HQ876528 HQ876506 P. farinosa DLL9900 HQ876537 HQ876515 HQ876494 HQ876536 HQ876549 HQ876549 HQ876549 HQ876549 HQ876505 P. fusca DLL9623 HQ876549 HQ876527 HQ876505 P. lageniformis DLL9895 HQ876545 HQ876523 HQ876507 HQ876506 HQ876525 HQ876507 HQ876507 HQ876552 HQ876507 HQ876508 HQ876508 HQ876552 HQ876530 HQ876508 HQ876550 HQ876550 HQ876550 HQ876550 HQ876550 HQ876550 HQ876550 HQ876550 HQ876551 HQ876508 HQ876511 HQ876560 HQ876550 HQ876551 HQ876511 HQ876512 HQ876514 HQ876494 HQ876538 HQ876516 HQ876495 HQ876538 HQ876516 HQ876495 HQ876538 HQ876516 HQ876495 HQ876530 HQ876516 HQ876495 HQ876549 HQ876549 HQ876549 HQ876549 HQ876549 HQ876549 HQ876549 HQ876549 HQ876549 HQ876518 HQ876499 HQ876540 HQ876518 HQ876499 HQ876540 HQ876514 HQ876499 HQ876549 HQ876		DLL9663	HQ876558	HQ876536	HQ876514
P. debilis DLL9784 HQ876550 HQ876528 HQ876494 P. farinosa DLL9900 HQ876537 HQ876515 HQ876494 DLL9934 HQ876538 HQ876516 HQ876495 P. fusca DLL9623 HQ876549 HQ876527 HQ876505 P. lageniformis DLL9895 HQ876545 HQ876523 HQ876501 P. lasia DLL9662 HQ876551 HQ876529 HQ876508 P. lasia DLL9670 HQ876552 HQ876530 HQ876508 DLL9729 HQ876553 HQ876531 HQ876509 DLL9807 HQ876555 HQ876533 HQ876511 HQ87653 HQ876534 HQ876511 HQ876556 HQ876534 HQ876512 P. farinosa DLL9900 HQ876537 HQ876515 HQ876494 P. farinosa DLL9934 HQ876538 HQ876516 HQ876495 P. paniae DLL9794 HQ876539 HQ876517 HQ876496 P. parvula DLL9808 HQ876540 HQ876518 HQ876590	P. alissae	DLL10490	KT074359	KT074357	KT074361
P. farinosa DLL9900 HQ876537 HQ876515 HQ876494 DLL9934 HQ876538 HQ876516 HQ876495 P. fusca DLL9623 HQ876549 HQ876527 HQ876505 P. lageniformis DLL9895 HQ876545 HQ876523 HQ876501 P. lasia DLL9662 HQ876551 HQ876529 HQ876507 DLL9670 HQ876552 HQ876530 HQ876508 DLL9729 HQ876555 HQ876531 HQ876509 DLL9807 HQ876555 HQ876531 HQ876509 DLL9811 HQ876555 HQ876534 HQ876511 P. farinosa DLL9900 HQ876537 HQ876515 HQ876494 P. farinosa DLL9934 HQ876538 HQ876516 HQ876499 P. nodospora 5716 TJB KT074358 KT074356 KT074360 P. pamiae DLL994 HQ876539 HQ876517 HQ876496 P. parvula DLL9808 HQ876540 HQ876518 HQ87699 P. paivula DLL9848 HQ876	P. araneosa [Entoloma araneosum]	14	GQ289293	GQ289153	GQ289225
P. fusca DLL9934 HQ876538 HQ876516 HQ876505 P. lugeniformis DLL9623 HQ876549 HQ876527 HQ876505 P. lugeniformis DLL9895 HQ876545 HQ876523 HQ876501 P. lusia DLL9662 HQ876551 HQ876529 HQ876508 DLL9670 HQ876552 HQ876530 HQ876508 DLL9729 HQ876553 HQ876531 HQ876509 DLL9807 HQ876555 HQ876533 HQ876511 DLL9807 HQ876555 HQ876533 HQ876512 P. farinosa DLL9900 HQ876537 HQ876515 HQ876512 P. farinosa DLL9900 HQ876537 HQ876515 HQ876494 P. farinosa DLL9900 HQ876537 HQ876515 HQ876494 P. farinosa DLL9904 HQ876538 HQ876516 HQ876495 P. pamiae DLL9904 HQ876539 HQ876517 HQ876496 P. parvula DLL9808 HQ876541 HQ876518 HQ876499 P. pilocystidiata	P. debilis	DLL9784	HQ876550	HQ876528	HQ876506
P. fusca DLL9623 HQ876549 HQ876527 HQ876501 P. lageniformis DLL9895 HQ876545 HQ876523 HQ876501 P. lasia DLL9662 HQ876551 HQ876529 HQ876507 DL19670 HQ876552 HQ876530 HQ876508 DLL9729 HQ876553 HQ876531 HQ876509 DLL9807 HQ876555 HQ876533 HQ876511 DL19811 HQ876556 HQ876534 HQ876512 P. farinosa DLL9900 HQ876537 HQ876515 HQ876494 DL19934 HQ876538 HQ876516 HQ876499 P. nodospora 5716 TJB KT074358 KT074356 KT074360 P. pamiae DL19794 HQ876539 HQ876517 HQ876496 P. parvula DLL9808 HQ876540 HQ876518 HQ876499 P. pilocystidiata DLL9814 HQ876546 HQ876524 — P. pilocystidiata DLL9809 HQ876547 HQ876525 HQ876503 P. setiformis DLL9809	P. farinosa	DLL9900	HQ876537	HQ876515	HQ876494
P. lageniformis DLL9895 HQ876545 HQ876523 HQ876507 P. lasia DLL9662 HQ876551 HQ876529 HQ876507 DLL9670 HQ876552 HQ876530 HQ876508 DLL9729 HQ876552 HQ876530 HQ876509 DLL9807 HQ876555 HQ876531 HQ876509 DLL9811 HQ876555 HQ876533 HQ876511 P. farinosa DLL9900 HQ876537 HQ876515 HQ876512 P. farinosa DLL9900 HQ876538 HQ876515 HQ876494 P. nodospora 5716 TJB KT074358 KT074356 KT074360 P. pamiae DLL9794 HQ876539 HQ876517 HQ876496 P. pamiae DLL9808 HQ876540 HQ876518 HQ876499 P. parvula DLL9808 HQ876541 HQ876518 HQ876498 P. parvula DLL9809 HQ876542 HQ876524 — P. pilocystidiata DLL9809 HQ876547 HQ876525 HQ876503 Rhodocybe roseiavellanea <td></td> <td>DLL9934</td> <td>HQ876538</td> <td>HQ876516</td> <td>HQ876495</td>		DLL9934	HQ876538	HQ876516	HQ876495
P. lasia DLL9662 HQ876551 HQ876529 HQ876508 DLL9670 HQ876552 HQ876530 HQ876508 DLL9729 HQ876553 HQ876531 HQ876509 DLL9807 HQ876555 HQ876531 HQ876501 DLL9811 HQ876555 HQ876533 HQ876512 P. farinosa DLL9900 HQ876537 HQ876515 HQ876494 DLL9934 HQ876538 HQ876516 HQ876495 P. nodospora 5716 TJB KT074358 KT074356 KT074360 P. pamiae DLL9794 HQ876539 HQ876517 HQ876496 P. parvula DLL9808 HQ876540 HQ876518 HQ876499 P. parvula DLL9804 HQ876541 HQ876519 HQ876498 P. setiformis DLL9809 HQ876546 HQ876524 — P. setiformis DLL9809 HQ876547 HQ876525 HQ876503 Rhodocybe roseiavellanea 8130 TJB KR869901 KR869930 KC816982 R. spongiosa MCA2129	P. fusca	DLL9623	HQ876549	HQ876527	HQ876505
DLL9670	P. lageniformis	DLL9895	HQ876545	HQ876523	HQ876501
DLL9729	P. lasia	DLL9662	HQ876551	HQ876529	HQ876507
DLL9807 HQ876555 HQ876533 HQ876512 P. farinosa DLL9900 HQ876556 HQ876534 HQ876512 P. farinosa DLL9900 HQ876537 HQ876515 HQ876494 DLL9934 HQ876538 HQ876516 HQ876495 P. nodospora 5716 TJB KT074358 KT074356 KT074360 P. pamiae DLL9794 HQ876539 HQ876517 HQ876496 DLL9808 HQ876540 HQ876518 HQ876496 DLL9834 HQ876541 HQ876519 HQ876498 P. parvula DLL9901 HQ876546 HQ876519 HQ876498 P. pilocystidiata DLL9848 HQ876542 HQ876524 P. pilocystidiata DLL9809 HQ876547 HQ876525 HQ876503 P. setiformis DLL9809 HQ876548 HQ876526 HQ876503 Rhodocybe roseiavellanea 8130 TJB KR869901 KR869930 KC816982 R. spongiosa MCA2129 GU384604 GU384628 GU384657 Rhodophana nitellina 7861 TJB KR869900 KR869929 KC816959 Tricholoma flavovirens 11CA038 KJ021691 KJ021704 KC816997 Trichopilus porphyrophaeus 113 GQ289322 GQ289182 GQ289253		DLL9670	HQ876552	HQ876530	HQ876508
DLL9811 HQ876556 HQ876534 HQ876515 P. farinosa DLL9900 HQ876537 HQ876515 HQ876494 DLL9934 HQ876538 HQ876516 HQ876495 P. nodospora 5716 TJB KT074358 KT074356 KT074360 P. pamiae DLL9794 HQ876539 HQ876517 HQ876496 DLL9808 HQ876540 HQ876518 HQ876497 DLL9834 HQ876541 HQ876519 HQ876498 P. parvula DLL9901 HQ876546 HQ876519 HQ876498 P. pilocystidiata DLL9901 HQ876546 HQ876524 — P. pilocystidiata DLL9848 HQ876542 HQ876524 HQ876503 P. setiformis DLL9809 HQ876547 HQ876525 HQ876503 P. setiformis DLL9810 HQ876548 HQ876526 HQ876504 Rhodocybe roseiavellanea 8130 TJB KR869901 KR869930 KC816982 R. spongiosa MCA2129 GU384604 GU384628 GU384657 Rhodophana nitellina 7861 TJB KR869900 KR869929 KC816959 Tricholoma flavovirens 11CA038 KJ021691 KJ021704 KC816997 Trichopilus porphyrophaeus 113 GQ289322 GQ289182 GQ289253			-	-	-
P. farinosa DLL9900 HQ876537 HQ876515 HQ876494 P. nodospora 5716 TJB KT074358 KT074356 KT074360 P. pamiae DLL9794 HQ876539 HQ876517 HQ876496 DLL9808 HQ876540 HQ876518 HQ876497 DLL9834 HQ876541 HQ876519 HQ876498 P. parvula DLL9901 HQ876546 HQ876524 — P. pilocystidiata DLL9848 HQ876542 HQ876520 HQ876499 P. setiformis DLL9809 HQ876547 HQ876525 HQ876503 P. setiformis DLL9810 HQ876548 HQ876526 HQ876504 Rhodocybe roseiavellanea 8130 TJB KR869901 KR869930 KC816982 R. spongiosa MCA2129 GU384604 GU384628 GU384657 Rhodophana nitellina 7861 TJB KR869900 KR869929 KC816959 Tricholoma flavovirens 11CA038 KJ021691 KJ021704 KC816995 Trichopilus porphyrophaeus 113 GQ289322			-	-	-
DLL9934 HQ876538 HQ876516 HQ876495 P. nodospora 5716 TJB KT074358 KT074356 KT074360 P. pamiae DLL9794 HQ876539 HQ876517 HQ876496 DLL9808 HQ876540 HQ876518 HQ876497 DLL9834 HQ876541 HQ876519 HQ876498 P. parvula DLL9901 HQ876546 HQ876524 — P. pilocystidiata DLL9848 HQ876542 HQ876524 P. setiformis DLL9809 HQ876547 HQ876525 HQ876503 DLL9810 HQ876548 HQ876526 HQ876504 Rhodocybe roseiavellanea 8130 TJB KR869901 KR869930 KC816982 R. spongiosa MCA2129 GU384604 GU384628 GU384657 Rhodophana nitellina 7861 TJB KR869900 KR869929 KC816959 Tricholoma flavovirens 11CA038 KJ021691 KJ021704 KC816997 Trichopilus porphyrophaeus 113 GQ289322 GQ289182 GQ289253					
P. nodospora 5716 TJB KT074358 KT074356 KT074360 P. pamiae DLL9794 HQ876539 HQ876517 HQ876496 DLL9808 HQ876540 HQ876518 HQ876497 DLL9834 HQ876540 HQ876518 HQ876497 P. parvula DLL9834 HQ876541 HQ876519 HQ876498 P. pilocystidiata DLL9901 HQ876546 HQ876524 — P. setiformis DLL9809 HQ876547 HQ876525 HQ876503 P. setiformis DLL9810 HQ876548 HQ876526 HQ876504 Rhodocybe roseiavellanea 8130 TJB KR869901 KR869930 KC816982 R. spongiosa MCA2129 GU384604 GU384628 GU384657 Rhodophana nitellina 7861 TJB KR869900 KR869929 KC816959 Tricholoma flavovirens 11CA038 KJ021691 KJ021704 KC816997 Trichopilus porphyrophaeus 113 GQ289322 GQ289182 GQ289253	P. farinosa		-	-	-
P. pamiae			-	-	-
DLL9808	*	•			
DLL9834 HQ876541 HQ876519 HQ876498 P. parvula DLL9901 HQ876546 HQ876524 — P. pilocystidiata DLL9848 HQ876542 HQ876520 HQ876499 P. setiformis DLL9809 HQ876547 HQ876525 HQ876503 DLL9810 HQ876548 HQ876526 HQ876504 Rhodocybe roseiavellanea 8130 TJB KR869901 KR869930 KC816982 R. spongiosa MCA2129 GU384604 GU384628 GU384657 Rhodophana nitellina 7861 TJB KR869900 KR869929 KC816959 Tricholoma flavovirens 11CA038 KJ021691 KJ021704 KC816997 Trichopilus porphyrophaeus 113 GQ289322 GQ289182 GQ289253	P. pamiae		-	-	-
P. parvula DLL9901 HQ876546 HQ876524 — P. pilocystidiata DLL9848 HQ876542 HQ876520 HQ876499 P. setiformis DLL9809 HQ876547 HQ876525 HQ876503 DLL9810 HQ876548 HQ876526 HQ876504 Rhodocybe roseiavellanea 8130 TJB KR869901 KR869930 KC816982 R. spongiosa MCA2129 GU384604 GU384628 GU384657 Rhodophana nitellina 7861 TJB KR869900 KR869929 KC816959 Tricholoma flavovirens 11CA038 KJ021691 KJ021704 KC816997 Trichopilus porphyrophaeus 113 GQ289322 GQ289182 GQ289253			-	-	-
P. pilocystidiata DLL9848 HQ876542 HQ876520 HQ87699 P. setiformis DLL9809 HQ876547 HQ876525 HQ876503 DLL9810 HQ876548 HQ876526 HQ876504 Rhodocybe roseiavellanea 8130 TJB KR869901 KR869930 KC816982 R. spongiosa MCA2129 GU384604 GU384628 GU384657 Rhodophana nitellina 7861 TJB KR869900 KR869929 KC816959 Tricholoma flavovirens 11CA038 KJ021691 KJ021704 KC816997 Trichopilus porphyrophaeus 113 GQ289322 GQ289182 GQ289253	D *1-		-		HQ8/6498
P. setiformis DLL9809 HQ876547 HQ876525 HQ876503 DLL9810 HQ876548 HQ876526 HQ876504 Rhodocybe roseiavellanea 8130 TJB KR869901 KR869930 KC816982 R. spongiosa MCA2129 GU384604 GU384628 GU384657 Rhodophana nitellina 7861 TJB KR869900 KR869929 KC816959 Tricholoma flavovirens 11CA038 KJ021691 KJ021704 KC816997 Trichopilus porphyrophaeus 113 GQ289322 GQ289182 GQ289253	*		-	-	— HO076400
DLL9810 HQ876548 HQ876526 HQ876504 Rhodocybe roseiavellanea 8130 TJB KR869901 KR869930 KC816982 R. spongiosa MCA2129 GU384604 GU384628 GU384657 Rhodophana nitellina 7861 TJB KR869900 KR869929 KC816959 Tricholoma flavovirens 11CA038 KJ021691 KJ021704 KC816997 Trichopilus porphyrophaeus 113 GQ289322 GQ289182 GQ289253	* '		-	-	
Rhodocybe roseiavellanea 8130 TJB KR869901 KR869930 KC816982 R. spongiosa MCA2129 GU384604 GU384628 GU384657 Rhodophana nitellina 7861 TJB KR869900 KR869929 KC816959 Tricholoma flavovirens 11CA038 KJ021691 KJ021704 KC816997 Trichopilus porphyrophaeus 113 GQ289322 GQ289182 GQ289253	P. Settjormis		-	-	
R. spongiosa MCA2129 GU384604 GU384628 GU384657 Rhodophana nitellina 7861 TJB KR869900 KR869929 KC816959 Tricholoma flavovirens 11CA038 KJ021691 KJ021704 KC816997 Trichopilus porphyrophaeus 113 GQ289322 GQ289182 GQ289253	Phodocyha rosajavallanaa		-	-	-
Rhodophana nitellina 7861 TJB KR869900 KR869929 KC816959 Tricholoma flavovirens 11CA038 KJ021691 KJ021704 KC816997 Trichopilus porphyrophaeus 113 GQ289322 GQ289182 GQ289253	,				
Tricholoma flavovirens 11CA038 KJ021691 KJ021704 KC816997 Trichopilus porphyrophaeus 113 GQ289322 GQ289182 GQ289253					
Trichopilus porphyrophaeus 113 GQ289322 GQ289182 GQ289253	•				
	Trichopilus porphyrophaeus		•	•	

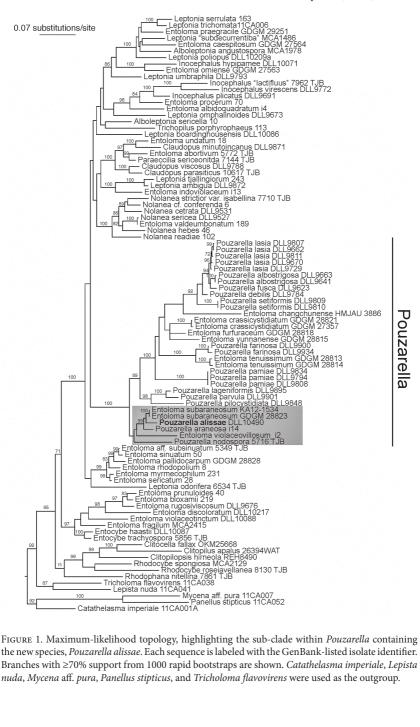


FIGURE 1. Maximum-likelihood topology, highlighting the sub-clade within Pouzarella containing the new species, Pouzarella alissae. Each sequence is labeled with the GenBank-listed isolate identifier. Branches with ≥70% support from 1000 rapid bootstraps are shown. Catathelasma imperiale, Lepista nuda, Mycena aff. pura, Panellus stipticus, and Tricholoma flavovirens were used as the outgroup.

After exclusion of the RPB2 introns and mtSSU hypervariable regions and manual optimization, alignment lengths were 592 bp (mtSSU), 1498 bp (LSU), and 1078 bp (RPB2). A Maximum Likelihood (ML) analysis based on a concatenated dataset with 1000 replicates and specifying a GTRGAMMA model using RAXML-HPC2 v. 8.1.11 (Stamatakis 2014) was carried out with a partitioned dataset for each RPB2 codon (three partitions) and separate partitions for mtSSU and LSU. One thousand bootstrap (BS) replicates were generated for assessment of branch supports.

Phylogeny

Monophyly of *Pouzarella* is well supported (BS = 100, Fig. 1), and *Pouzarella alissae* clusters with other representatives of *P. sect. Versatiles* (*P. araneosa* and *Entoloma subaraneosum*) with significant support (BS = 99, Fig. 1). These three species share similar features including a fibrillose pileus and stipe and thin-walled hymenial cystidia. Additionally, all three species have dark brown basidiomata, evanescent silvery-white coverings on stipe and pileus, appressed fibrillose pileipelli that become subglabrous, intracellular pigments in the pileus suprapellis, hyphae with encrusted pigments in the pileus subpellis and trama, and lageniform to rostrate-ventricose leptocystidioid cheilocystidia. They cluster within a larger clade with other members of *Pouzarella* sect. *Pouzarella* (*P. nodospora* (G.F. Atk.) Mazzer and *Entoloma violaceovillosum* Manim. & Noordel.), but without support (Fig. 1). Whether this lack of support for the morphologically based infrageneric classification is due to a lack of adequate taxon sampling or gene resolution will require further research.

Taxonomy

Pouzarella alissae Largent & Bergemann, sp. nov.

PLATES 1, 2

Mycobank MB 812300

Differs from *Pouzarella araneosa* by its dark brown pileus, shorter basidiospores, shorter cheilocystidia, and the presence of pleurocystidia.

Type — United States, California, Humboldt County, Prairie Creek Redwoods State Park, Intersection of Big Tree Trail and Prairie Creek Highway, in duff beneath *Acer circinatum* and *Polystichum munitum*, within 20 m of 41°22′33.15″N 124°00′51.66″W, 62 m elev., 22 November 2014, DL Largent 10490 (Holotype, HSC; GenBank KT074359 (mtSSU), KT074357 (LSU), KT074361 (RPB2)).

 ${\tt Etymology}$ — named for Alissa Allen, who first discovered this species.

BASIDIOMATA with the pileus and stipe initially covered with silvery-whitish evanescent layer of fibrils that forms squamules over the pileus surface, small pointed squamules on the pileus margin, and longitudinally arranged appressed fibrils on the stipe. When fresh, the stipe fibrils can be rubbed off revealing a dark brownish fibrillose layer on the stipe surface. In older basidiomata, this layer first disappears from the pileus before eventually disappearing on the



PLATE 1. Pouzarella alissae (HSC DLL10490, holotype): A. basidiomata (Photo by Noah Segal); B. cross section through strigose stipe base; C. longitudinal section through strigose stipe base. Scale bars: A=8 mm; B,C=20 μm .

stipe. In silica gel-dried basidiomata, this layer is absent when sections of the basidiomata are viewed under the compound microscope.

PILEUS 8–30 mm broad, 2–7 mm high, conic to campanulate, becoming convex to broadly convex, then plane, and finally uplifted; initially lacking an umbo or obscurely umbonate, broadly umbonate when mature; opaque (not

translucent and thus not translucent-striate), dull, scurfy or tomentulose on disc, innately fibrillose elsewhere; margin incurved then decurved and eventually plane; color overall dark brownish grey (4-5F2-3) fading to dark brown (5F3-4); flesh ≤1.5 mm above the stipe, pale greyish brown. LAMELLAE 6-12 mm long, 1.25-4 mm deep, initially adnexed and sigmoid and later narrowly to broadly adnate (at times with a small subdecurrent tooth), subdistant to distant, moderately broad, pale greyish-tan when young, maturing dark greyish-brown (5F2) with smoky greyish brown (5–7F5) spots and blotches, when fully mature with a pinkish cast from spores; edge fairly thick, at first concolorous and then developing whitish areas with spore maturation; lamellulae 3-4 between lamellae in two series [one always long (4-8 mm) and one always short (1-2.5 mm)]. STIPE 33-88 mm long, apex 1-2.5 mm diam. and base 1.25-4.5 mm diam., cylindrical, equal when young and enlarged at the base when mature, very finely pruinose at the apex and innately and appressed-fibrillose elsewhere, in very scattered places the fibrils separating and becoming matted in clumps; hairs or setae absent; basal area decidedly strigose up to 7-8 mm from substrate, brownish with reddish tones; basal tomentum also present, whitish (in some basidiomata developing orangish areas). TASTE and ODOR not distinctive. Spore deposit pinkish to dingy salmon-tan.

BASIDIOSPORES with 5-6 distinct angles in side and profile views, heterodiametric in side, profile, dorsal, and ventral views, $9-12 \times 6-8 \mu m$ $(m = 10.2 \pm 0.8 \times 7.2 \pm 0.5 \,\mu\text{m}; E = 1.2 - 1.8; Q = 1.4 \pm 0.1; n/1 = 40)$. Basidia cylindro-clavate, $34-47 \times 8-13 \, \mu \text{m}$ ($m = 41.2 \pm 3.5 \times 9.8 \pm 1.5 \, \mu \text{m}$; E = 3.2-6.0; $Q = 4.3 \pm 0.7$; n/1 = 10), 4-sterigmate; aborted basidia abundant on the lamellar edge and face, wall thickening at first after which the entire contents become reddish brown in 10% NH OH or 3% KOH, cylindro-clavate, $21-39 \times 4-11~\mu m$ $(m = 29.9 \pm 4.2 \times 6.5 \pm 1.6 \,\mu\text{m}; E = 3.1 - 8.3; Q = 4.8 \pm 1.3; n/1 = 20)$. Lamellar EDGE heterogeneous. CHEILOCYSTIDIA (leptocystidia) thin-walled, when present scattered (but often absent on some lamellae), colorless or staining reddish brown in alkali solutions, versiform (cylindro-clavate, clavate, obclavate), $34-62 \times 10.5-16.4 \,\mu m$ or lageniform with a short to medium neck or rostrate-ventricose, $46-656 \times 13-23.5 \mu m$ (including the neck or rostrum), rostrum typically short to medium (rarely longer), $3.1-7.0(-17.5) \times 3.0-3.5$ (-6.0) µm (n/1 = 4)). PLEUROCYSTIDIA colorless, uncommon and very scattered, obclavate, acuminate-ventricose, lageniform, or rostrate-ventricose, $40-42.5 \times 12-17 \,\mu\text{m}$ (including rostrum, which is 6.4–7.0 μ m long and 2.7–7.0 μ m diam.). Lamellar tramal hyphae subparallel, 125–564 imes 9.2–42 μ m (E = 9.2-19.1; n/1 = 10). PILEIPELLIS composed of entangled hyphae, erect and resembling a trichodermium on the disc, semi-erect around the disc, becoming

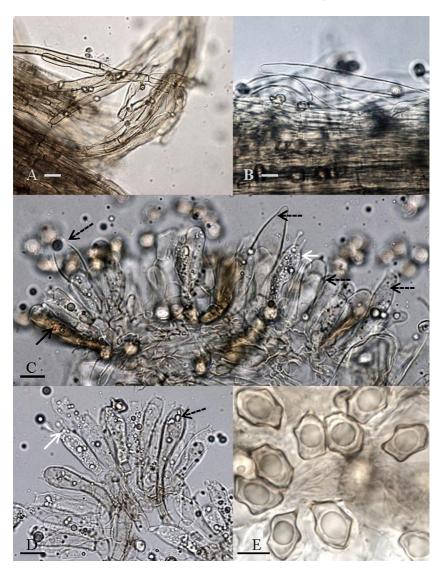


PLATE 2. Pouzarella alissae (HSC DLL10490, holotype): A. pileipellis radial section from disc; B. stipitipellis with caulocystidium (longitudinal section from mid-stipe); C. basidium (white arrow), aborted basidium filled with dark pigment (black solid arrow), and cheilocystidia (dotted arrows); D. basidium (white arrow) vs. aborted basidium (dotted arrow); E. basidiospores. Scale bars: A, B = 12 μ m; C = 15 μ m; D = 10 μ m; E = 7 μ m.

prostrate towards the margin; PILEOCYSTIDIA (terminal cells) on or around the disc cylindro-clavate with a rounded apex 93–184 \times 9–18 µm (m = 131.9 \pm 31.1 \times 12.6 \pm 2.4 µm; E = 8.6–14.3; Q = 10.6 \pm 2.1; n/1 = 11), towards and at the margin/edge longer and tapered, 166-218 × 14-17 μm. PILEAL TRAMAL HYPHAE subparallel and entangled, $49-310 \times 3-30.5 \mu m$ ($m=152.2 \pm 71.6$ \times 13.7 \pm 9.4 μ m; E = 4.9–46.3; Q = 15.9 \pm 12.3; n/1 = 13). Stipitipellis at the apex composed of hymenial elements (= pruinose), below the apex hyphae primarily prostrate, 2-4 cells deep but occasionally out-turned in some areas; caulocystidia (terminal cells) cylindro-clavate and similar in shape to the pileocystidia, $67-136 \times 9-14 \mu m$ (m = $89.4 \pm 24.4 \times 11.2 \pm 1.9 \mu m$; E = 5.8-12.2; $Q = 8.2 \pm 2.5$; n/1 = 6). Stipe tramal hyphae nearly parallel, somewhat entangled, 9-67 μ m diam. (n/1 = 7). OLEIFEROUS HYPHAE rare in the pileal trama. Brilliant granules scattered to somewhat abundant in the basidia. LIPOID GLOBULES absent. PIGMENTS brownish, cytoplasmic and parietal on the apical 1-4 cells in the pileus and stipe suprapelli, encrusted as rings in the pileus and stipe subpelli, and decidedly encrusted on all tramal hyphae. Clamp connections absent.

ECOLOGY & DISTRIBUTION — Solitary, in clumps or loose clusters in wet duff under *Acer circinatum* Pursh and *Polystichum munitum* (Kaulf.) C. Presl in Prairie Creek Redwoods State Park.

COMMENTS — Morphologically, *P. alissae*, *P. araneosa*, *P. celata* Mazzer, *P. versatilis*, and *Entoloma subaraneosum* Xiao L. He & T.H. Li are placed in *Pouzarella* sect. *Versatiles* Mazzer because of their innately fibrillose pileus and stipe, thin-walled hymenial cystidia, and basidiospores that average <13 μm in length. *Pouzarella araneosa* and *E. subaraneosum* can be differentiated from *P. alissae* by their longer spores (9.5–15 μm for *P. araneosa*; 9.5–13 μm for *E. subaraneosum*), longer cheilocystidia (45–100 μm) with much longer necks, and lack of pleurocystidia (He et al. 2013; Mazzer 1976; Noordeloos 1992, 2004).

In North America, *P. celata*, described from Michigan, and *P. versatilis*, described from Europe (Noordeloos 1979, 1992, 2004; as *Entoloma versatile* (Gillet) M.M. Moser) and reported from western North America including California (Mazzer 1976) and Washington (Largent 1994), are similar in size and also produce dark brown colored basidiomata. Both species can be distinguished from *P. alissae* by their abundant and longer cheilocystidia and pleurocystidia and absence of silvery white evanescent fibrils and squamules on the pileus. *Pouzarella celata* also differs by its longer (11–14 µm) basidiospores and glabrous pileus surface that is streaked by innate silky grey fibrils while *P. versatilis* is distinguished by its abundant pleurocystidia, olivaceous green

tints or olivaceous brown pileus color (Noordeloos 2004, Largent 1994), and the metallic luster of the dried pileus (Mazzer 1976).

Pouzarella araneosa, reported from California under Acer circinatum, consisted of one basidiome with a missing stipe base (Largent 1994). The collection differs from *P. alissae* and *P. araneosa* by the absence of a silvery fibrillose layer, its medium dark brown (5–6F4) pileus, its translucent-striate pileal margin, and its broader and longer cheilocystidia; until more material is obtained, the diagnosis of the collection formerly reported as *P. araneosa* remains doubtful.

Acknowledgments

Materials required to complete this manuscript were supported by the Largent family trust, and we are particularly grateful for the support of Pamela Largent. The DNA sequences generated in this study are based upon work supported by the National Science Foundation under Grant No. DRI 0922922 awarded to Dr. Sarah Bergemann. Comments by the two reviewers, Dr. Timothy J. Baroni and Dr. Joseph F. Ammirati, and by the Nomenclature Editor, Dr. Shaun Pennycook, were also helpful. We wish to thank especially Noah Siegel for allowing us to use his illustration of *P. alissae* in the field and to see his description of the species in his forthcoming book.

Literature cited

- Baroni TJ, Matheny PD. 2011. A re-evaluation of gasteroid and cyphelloid species of Entolomataceae from Eastern North America. Harvard Papers in Botany 16: 293–310. http://dx.doi.org/10.3100/0.25.016.0205
- Baroni TJ, Cantrell SA, Perdomo-Sánchez OP, Lodge DJ. 2008. New species of *Pouzarella (Entolomataceae, Agaricales*) from the Dominican Republic and Jamaica. North American Fungi 3: 241–260. http://dx.doi.org/10.2509/naf2008.003.00716
- Baroni TJ, Albertó E, Niveiro N., Lechner B. 2012. New species and records of *Pouzarella (Agaricomycetes, Entolomataceae)* from northern Argentina. Kurtziana 37(1): 41–63.
- He XL, Li TH, Xi PG, Jiang ZD, Shen YH. 2013. Phylogeny of *Entoloma* s.l. subgenus *Pouzarella* with descriptions of five new species from China. Fungal Diversity 58: 227–243. http://dx.doi.org/10.1007/s13225-012-0212-7
- Horak E. 2008. Agaricales of New Zealand 1: Pluteaceae–Entolomataceae. The fungi of New Zealand, vol. 5. Fungal Diversity Press, Hong Kong
- Karstedt F, Capelari M, Stürmer SL. 2007. A new combination and new records of *Pouzarella (Agaricales, Entolomataceae)* from Brazil. Mycotaxon 102: 147–153.
- Katoh K, Standley DM. 2013. MAFFT Multiple sequence alignment software version 7: improvements in performance and usability. Molecular Biology and Evolution: 30: 772–780. http://dx.doi.org/10.1093/molbev/mst010
- Kornerup A, Wanscher JH. 1978. Methuen handbook of colour, 3rd ed. Richard Clay Ltd: Chichester, Sussex.
- Largent DL. 1994. Entolomatoid fungi of the western United States and Alaska. Mad River Press Inc: Eureka, California.
- Largent DL, Abell-Davis SE, Cummings GA, Ryan KL, Bergemann SE. 2011a. Saxicolous species of *Claudopus (Agaricales, Entolomataceae*) from Australia. Mycotaxon 116: 253–264. http://dx.doi.org/10.5248/116.253

- Largent DL, Bergemann SE, Cummings GA, Ryan KL, Abell-Davis SE, Moore S. 2011b. *Pouzarella (Agaricales, Entolomataceae)* from New South Wales (Barrington Tops National Park) and northeastern Queensland. Mycotaxon 117: 435–483. http://dx.doi.org/10.5248/117.435
- Largent DL, Bergemann SE, Abell-Davis SE, Kluting KL, Cummings GA. 2013a. Three new *Inocephalus* species with cuboid basidiospores from New South Wales and Queensland, Australia. Mycotaxon 123: 301–309. http://dx.doi.org/10.5248/123.301
- Largent DL, Bergemann SE, Abell-Davis SE, Kluting KL, Cummings GA. 2013b. Five *Leptonia* species from central New South Wales and Queensland, Australia. Mycotaxon 125: 11–35. http://dx.doi.org/10.5248/125.11
- Manimohan P, Noordeloos, ME, Dhanya AM. 2006. Studies in the genus *Entoloma (Basidiomycetes, Agaricales)* in Kerala State, India. Persoonia 19(1): 45–93.
- Mazzer SJ. 1976. A monographic study of the genus Pouzarella. Bibliotheca Mycologica 46. 191 p.
- Noordeloos ME. 1979. Entoloma subgenus Pouzaromyces emend. Persoonia 10: 207-243.
- Noordeloos ME. 1992. Entoloma s.l. Fungi Europaei vol. 5. Ed. Candusso: Alassio, Italy.
- Noordeloos ME. 2004. Entoloma s.l. Fungi Europaei vol. 5a. Ed. Candusso: Alassio, Italy.
- Stamatakis A. 2014. RAxML version 8: a tool for phylogenetic analysis and post-analysis of large phylogenies. Bioinformatics 30: 1312–1313. http://dx.doi.org/10.1093/bioinformatics/btu033