

Lignocellulolytic Agaricomycetes from the Brazilian Cerrado biome

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Abstract — A checklist of the Agaricomycetes from the Brazilian Cerrado region is provided. It presents data on the distribution of 95 species, 23 families and 11 orders (Agaricales, Atheliales, Auriculariales, Boletales, Corticiales, Gloeophyllales, Hymenochaetales, Polyporales, Russulales, Sebacinales, and Thelephorales). Twenty-six taxa previously recorded from the studied region are excluded from the final list. The full checklist is available at www.mycotaxon.com/resources/weblists.html.

Key words: Basidiomycetes, diversity, macrofungi

Introduction

Agaricomycetes comprises almost 21,000 species spread in 17 orders of *Basidiomycota* (Kirk et al. 2008) and includes wood-decomposing, parasitic, and ectomycorrhizal fungi (Hibbett 2006).

The biome Cerrado is considered as one of the 25 biodiversity hotspots in the world (Myers et al. 2000), with around 55% of it estimated to be lost with deforestation, mostly for agricultural purposes (Machado et al. 2004). It presently covers around 2,000,000 km² through eight of the 26 Brazilian States plus the Federal District (Fig. 1); 70% of the Cerrado is covered by savannahs of different densities and the rest mostly by an herbaceous layer composed by grasses (Rodrigues 2005, Franco 2005). The rainy season is from October to April, with short dry periods in January and February; the annual precipitation varies from 1,200 to 2,000 mm, and the mean temperature is around 22°C (Braga-Júnior & Domingues 2008).

Several studies about fungi have been recently carried out in this biome (Inácio & Dianese 2006, Dornelo-Silva et al. 2007, Hernández-Gutiérrez & Dianese 2008, 2009, Jungbluth et al. 2008, Pereira-Carvalho et al. 2009), but few about Agaricomycetes (Baseia & Milanez 2001a,b, 2002a,b, 2003, Baseia 2005, Baseia et al. 2007).

During the last Latin-American Mycology Congress (VI CLAM, 2008), a group of Latin-American researchers on the diversity of the aphyllophoraceous fungi was created and was committed to publish checklists of this fungal group for areas or countries in Latin America. Following this commitment, they are now providing new checklists (Baltazar & Gibertoni 2009, Drechsler-Santos et al. 2009, Gomes-Silva & Gibertoni

2009), and also contributing to the knowledge about the diversity of *Agaricomycetes* in endangered biomes in Brazil.

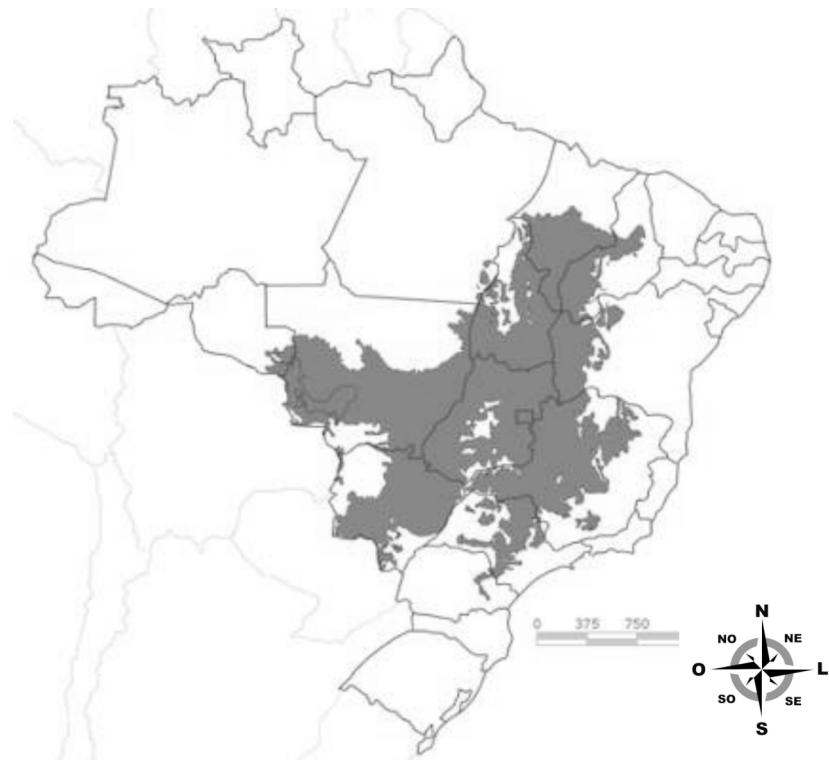


Figure 1. Cerrado biome in shadowed area (modified from: www.colegiosaofrancisco.com.br)

Material and methods

This study was based on bibliographic research (Sampaio 1916, with data of material collected in the State of Mato Grosso - unfortunately without indication of voucher specimens, Fidalgo et al. 1965, Bononi 1984, Gugliotta 1997, Baseia & Milanez 2001ab, 2002a-b, 2003, Baseia 2005, Baseia et al. 2007, in the State of São Paulo). Nomenclature and classification systems follow those of Kirk et al. (2008), Index Fungorum (www.indexfungorum.org), Centraalbureau voor Schimmelcultures (www.cbs.knaw.nl), and CORTBASE (<http://andromeda.botinst.gu.se/cortbase.html>).

Results and discussion

The 95 species of *Agaricomycetes* reported from the Brazilian Cerrado represent 23 families and 11 orders (*Agaricales*, *Atheliales*, *Auriculariales*,

Boletales, *Corticiales*, *Gloeophyllales*, *Hymenochaetales*, *Polyporales*, *Russulales*, *Sebacinales*, and *Thelephorales*). *Polyporales* is represented by 53(57.7%) species and six families. The higher diversity of *Polyporales* agrees with results of other basidiomycete inventories in different Brazilian regions and biomes (Baltazar & Gibertoni 2009, Drechsler-Santos et al. 2009, Gomes-Silva & Gibertoni 2009), which was expected for one of the largest groups in *Agaricomycetes*. In this study *Polyporaceae* Fr. ex Corda has the highest number of species (34, or 35.7% of the total), followed by *Hymenochaetaceae* Imazeki & Toki (14). Twenty-six species were excluded due to their temperate to boreal or restricted distribution or undefined nomenclature (Index Fungorum, Centraalbureau voor Schimmelcultures, and Cortbase), and their exsiccata should be revised. Up to now, the 95 species of this checklist represent our current knowledge about the diversity of *Agaricomycetes* in the Brazilian Cerrado biome. Further investigations, however, will certainly increase the number of fungal records and expand the reported species ranges throughout this endangered area.

Checklist for the *Agaricomycetes* species from Brazilian Cerrado region:

AGARICALES

***Agaricaceae* Chevall.**

Crucibulum laeve (Huds.) Kambly

Ref.: Baseia & Milanez (2001a): SP307295, SP307296, SP307297.

Nidularia pulvinata (Schwein.) Fr.

Ref.: Baseia & Milanez (2001b): SP307301, SP307302.

Tulostoma exasperatum Mont.

Ref.: Baseia & Milanez (2002b): SP307521, SP307522, SP307592.

***Cyphellaceae* Lotsy**

Chondrostereum coprosmae (G. Cunn.) Stalpers

Ref.: Bononi (1984), as *Corticium coprosmae* Cunn.: SP142153.

***Fistulinaceae* Lotsy**

Porodisculus pendulus (Schwein. ex Fries) Murrill

Ref.: Sampaio (1916) as *Polyporus pocula* (Schwein.) B. et C..

***Mycenaceae* Roze**

Panellus pusillus (Pers. ex. Lév.) Burds. & O.K. Mill.

Ref.: Bononi et al. (1984), as *Favolus rhipidium* (Berk.) Sacc.: SP156847.

Schizophyllaceae Quél.

Schizophyllum commune Fr.

Ref.: Sampaio (1916), as *S. alneum* L., Fidalgo et al. (1965): SP61101, SP90936; Bononi (1984): SP60936, SP102417, SP112702, SP112685, SP142129, SP142130, SP142160, SP142199, SP156807, SP142122, SP156978, SP157033.

ATHELIALES

Atheliaceae Jülich

Amphinema byssoides (Pers.) J. Erikss.

Ref.: Bononi (1984), as *Coniophora byssoides* (Pers.) Fr.: SP142158.

Byssoporia terrestris (DC.) M.J. Larsen & Zak

Ref.: Bononi (1984), as *Poria terrestris* (DC. ex Fr.) Sacc.: SP156782.

AURICULARIALES

Auriculariaceae Fr.

Auricularia auricula-judae (Bull.) Quél.

Ref.: Sampaio (1916), as *A. auricula-judae* (L.) Schröt.

Auricularia fuscosuccinea (Mont.) Henn.

Ref.: Bononi (1984), as *A. fuscosuccinea* (Mont.) Farl.: SP142158.

Auricularia polytricha (Mont.) Sacc.

Ref.: Bononi (1984): SP142174.

BOLETALES

Coniophoraceae Ulbr.

Coniophora arida (Fr.) P. Karst.

Ref.: Bononi (1984): SP156810.

Coniophora olivacea (Fr.) P. Karst.

Ref.: Bononi (1984), as *C. atrocinerea* Karst.: SP156771.

CORTICIALES

***Corticiciaceae* Herter**

Hyphoderma amoenum (Burt) Donk

Ref.: Bononi (1984), as *Corticium pilosum* Burt: SP142120.

GLOEOPHYLLALES

***Gloeophyllaceae* Jülich**

Gloeophyllum striatum (Sw.) Murrill

Ref.: Sampaio (1916), as *Lenzites striata* Sw., Fidalgo et al. (1965):
SP61097, SP61107, SP61110.

HYMENOCHAETALES

***Hymenochaetaceae* Imazeki & Tori**

Coltricia hamata (Romell) Ryvarden

Ref.: Sampaio (1916), as *Pelloporus hamatus* Romell

Cyclomyces iodinus (Mont.) Pat.

Ref.: Sampaio (1916), as *Chaetoporus iodinus* Mont.

Hymenochaete berkeleyana (Mont.) Cooke

Ref.: Bononi (1984): SP156802.

Hymenochaete cacao (Berk.) Berk. & M.A. Curtis

Ref.: Bononi (1984): SP142193.

Hymenochaete damicornis (Link) Lév.

Ref.: Fidalgo et al. (1965), as *H. damaecornis* (Link ex. Fr.) Lév.:
SP61152, SP61158, SP61162.

Hymenochaete tenuis Peck

Ref.: Fidalgo et al. (1965), as *H. multisetae* Burt: SP61170, SP61141.

Hymenochaete unicolor Berk. & M.A. Curtis

Ref.: Bononi (1984): SP142094, SP156781.

Inonotus luteoumbrinus (Romell) Ryvarden

Ref.: Sampaio (1916), as *Phaeoporus luteoumbrinus* Romell

Phellinus gilvus (Schwein.) Pat.

Ref.: Sampaio (1916), as *Chaetoporus gilvus* Schwein., as *C. lichenoides* Mont., as *C. scruposus* Fr., as *Polyporus aggregiens* Berk., as *P. gilvus* Schwein., and as *Polystictus lichenoides* Mont., Fidalgo et al. (1965):
SP61098, SP61149, SP61091, SP61140, SP60934, SP61142; Bononi

(1984): SP142135, SP142139, SP142147, SP142178, SP142180, SP142151, SP156806, SP156779, SP142204, SP156811, SP141218, SP156752, SP156931-SP156037, SP156979.

***Phellinus punctatus* (Fr.) Pilát**

Ref.: Bononi (1984): SP142134, SP142142, SP142149, SP156775, SP156786, SP142113, SP156809.

***Phellinus robustus* (P. Karst.) Bourdot & Galzin**

Ref.: Bononi (1984), as *P. robustus* f. *resupinatus* Bourd. & Galz.: SP142170.

***Phylloporia pectinata* (Klotzsch) Ryvarden**

Ref.: Sampaio (1916), as *Fomes pectinatus* Klotzsch, and as *Phaeoporus ferrugineus* Romell

***Phylloporia ribis* (Schumach.) Ryvarden**

Ref.: Fidalgo et al. (1965), as *Phellinus ribis* (Schum. ex. Fr.) Quél.: SP61088, SP61159.

***Phylloporia spathulata* (Hook.) Ryvarden**

Ref.: Fidalgo et al. (1965), as *Coltricia spathulata* (Hook. in Kunth) Murr.: SP61160.

Schizophoraceae Jülich

***Hypodontia crustosa* (Pers.) J. Erikss.**

Ref.: Bononi (1984), as *Odontia crustosa* (Pers. ex. Fr.) Quél.: SP142172.

***Hypodontia sambuci* (Pers.) J. Erikss.**

Ref.: Bononi (1984), as *Peniophora irregularis* Burt: SP156784.

***Hypodontia spathulata* (Schrad.) Parmasto**

Ref.: Bononi (1984): SP142232.

POLYPORALES

Fomitopsidaceae Jülich

***Fomitella supina* (Sw.) Murrill**

Ref.: Fidalgo et al. (1965), as *Fomes subolivaceus* (Berk. & Curt.) Cke.: SP61174.

***Fomitopsis cupreorosea* (Berk.) J. Carranza & Gilb.**

Ref.: Sampaio (1916), as *Polyporus roseofuscus* Romell

Ganodermataceae Donk

Amauroderma calcigenum (Berk.) Torrend

Ref.: Sampaio (1916), as *Leucoporus partitus* Berk.

Amauroderma omphalodes (Berk.) Torrend

Ref.: Sampaio (1916), as *Fomes omphalodes* Berk.

Ganoderma resinaceum Boud.

Ref.: Bononi (1984): SP142173.

Meripilaceae Jülich

Hydnopolyporus fimbriatus (Fr.) D.A. Reid

Ref.: Sampaio (1916), as *Polyporus fimbriatus* Fr., Bononi (1984), as *Stromatoscypha fimbriata* (Pers. ex Fr.) Donk: SP156846.

Hydnopolyporus palmatus (Hook.) O. Fidalgo

Ref.: Fidalgo et al. (1965): SP60930.

Rigidoporus microporus (Sw.) Overeem

Ref.: Gugliotta (1997), as *R. microporus* (Fr.) Overeem: SP250904, SP250887, SP250888, SP250885.

Rigidoporus vincutus (Berk.) Ryvarden

Ref.: Bononi (1984), as *Poria albostygia* (Berk. & Curt.) Lloyd: SP142207.

Meruliaceae P. Karst.

Bulbillomyces farinosus (Bres.) Jülich

Ref.: Bononi (1984), as *Peniophora candida* (Pers.) Lyman: SP142210.

Gloeoporus thelephoroides (Hook.) G. Cunn.

Ref.: Sampaio (1916), as *G. conchoides* Mont.

Irpex lacteus (Fr.) Fr.

Ref.: Fidalgo et al. (1965), as *Polyporus tulipiferus* (Schw.) Overth.: SP60937; Bononi (1984): SP142195, SP156976.

Junghuhnia undigera (Berk. & M.A. Curtis) Ryvarden

Ref.: Gugliotta (1997): SP251099, SP251097.

Steccherinum hydneum (Rick) Maas Geest

Ref.: Bononi (1984): SP142239.

Steccherinum rawakense (Pers.) Banker

Ref.: Sampaio (1916), as *Hydnus rawakense* Pers.

Steccherinum reniforme (Berk. & M.A. Curtis) Banker
Ref.: Bononi (1984): SP156850.

Phanerochaetaceae Jülich

Byssomerulius corium (Pers.) Parmasto
Ref.: Fidalgo et al. (1965), as *Merulius confluens* Schw.: SP61104;
Bononi (1984), as *Merulius sordidus* Berk. & Curt.: SP142128.

Ceriporia xylostromatoides (Berk.) Ryvarden
Ref.: Bononi (1984), as *Poria xylostromatoides* (Berk.) Cooke:
SP142240.

Phlebiopsis flavidoolba (Cooke) Hjortstam
Ref.: Bononi (1984), as *Peniophora vernicosa* Ellis & Everh.:
SP142136.

Polyporaceae Fr. ex Corda

Coriolopsis byrsina (Mont.) Ryvarden
Ref.: Sampaio (1916), as *Polyporus byrsinus* Mont.

Coriolopsis caperata (Berk.) Murrill
Ref.: Sampaio (1916), as *Polyporus caperatus* Berk., Gugliotta (1997),
as *Datronia caperata* (Berk.) Ryv.: SP250899, SP250900.

Coriolopsis floccosa (Jungh.) Ryvarden
Ref.: Bononi et al. (1984), as *Trametes rigida* Berk. & Mont.: SP142119;
Gugliotta (1997), as *C. rigida* (Berk. & Mont.) Murr.: SP250914,
SP250924, SP250913, SP250922, SP250923, SP251087, SP251088.

Coriolopsis gallica (Fr.) Ryvarden
Ref.: Bononi et al. (1984), as *Trametes hispida* Bagl.: SP156751.

Coriolopsis polyzona (Pers.) Ryvarden
Ref.: Sampaio (1916), as *Polyporus occidentalis* Kl., and as *Polystictus occidentalis* Klotzsch, Bononi et al. (1984), as *Coriolus occidentalis* (Klotz.) Cunn.: SP142124.

Epithelopsis fulva (G. Cunn.) Jülich
Ref.: Bononi et al. (1984), as *Epithele fulva* Cunn.: SP142138.

Favolus tenuiculus P. Beauv.
Ref.: Gugliotta (1997), as *Polyporus tenuiculus* (Beauv.) Fr.: SP250897,
SP250898.

Fomes fasciatus (Sw.) Cooke
Ref.: Gugliotta (1997): SP250906, SP250907, SP250917.

Hapalopilus phlebiiformis (Berk. ex. Cooke) Ryvarden

Ref.: Fidalgo et al. (1965), as *Poria phlebiaeformis* Berk.: SP61143, SP61168.

Hexagonia hydnoides (Sw.) M. Fidalgo

Ref.: Sampaio (1916), as *Trametes fibrosa* Fr., and as *T. hydnoides* Sw., Fidalgo et al. (1965), as *Pogonomyces hydnoides* (Sw. ex. Fr.) Murr.: SP61093, SP61100, SP61108, SP61109, SP61138; Bononi (1984): SP142171, SP142175, SP156902, SP152939; Gugliotta (1997): SP250901, SP250916, SP251090-SP251093.

Hexagonia variegata Berk.

Ref.: Bononi (1984), as *H. papyracea* Berk.: SP156853; Gugliotta (1997), as *H. papyracea* Berk.: SP251096.

Hjortstamia papyrina (Mont.) Boidin

Ref.: Fidalgo et al. (1965), as *Stereum papyrinum* Mont.: SP61154.

Lentinus crinitus (L.) Fr.

Ref.: Fidalgo et al. (1965): SP61096, SP61164, SP61137, SP46437, SP61178; Bononi (1984): SP46437, SP156938.

Lenzites elegans (Spreng.) Pat.

Ref.: Sampaio (1916), as *L. repanda* (Pers.) Fries, and as *Trametes ambigua* Berk., Fidalgo et al. (1965), as cfr. *Daedalea elegans* Spreng. ex Fr.: SP61105, SP61095.

Lenzites stereoides (Fr.) Ryvarden

Ref.: Sampaio (1916), as *Dadedalea stereoides* Fr.

Melanoporella carbonacea (Berk. & M.A. Curtis) Murrill

Ref.: Bononi (1984), as *Poria carbonacea* (Berk. & Curt.) Cooke: SP142177, SP156772.

Melanoporia nigra (Berk.) Murrill

Ref.: Bononi (1984), as *Poria nigra* (Berk.) Cooke: SP142159, SP142196, 142197, SP142214.

Microporellus obovatus (Jungh.) Ryvarden

Ref.: Fidalgo et al. (1965), as *Polyporus mutabilis* Berk. & Curt.: SP43843.

Nigrofomes melanoporus (Mont.) Murrill

Ref.: Fidalgo et al. (1965), as *Fomes melanoporus* (Mont.) Cke.: SP61169.

Nigroporus vinosus (Berk.) Murrill

Ref.: Sampaio (1916), as *Polyporus vinosus* Berk.

- Pachykytospora papyraceae* (Schwein.) Ryvarden
Ref.: Bononi (1984), as *Poria papyracea* (Schwein.) Cooke: SP156794.
- Perenniporia medulla-panis* (Jacq.) Donk
Ref.: Fidalgo et al. (1965), as *Fomes unitus* (Pers.) Lowe: SP61103.
- Polyporus dictyopus* Mont.
Ref.: Fidalgo et al. (1965), as *P. infernalis* Berk.: SP61087.
- Polyporus lentinoides* (Henn.) Lloyd
Ref.: Fidalgo et al. (1965): SP60935.
- Polyporus tricholoma* Mont.
Ref.: Sampaio (1916).
- Pycnoporus sanguineus* (L.) Murrill
Ref.: Sampaio (1916), as *Polyporus sanguineus* L., Fidalgo et al. (1965): SP61145, SP61150, SP61163, SP61086, SP61090, SP60931, SP60938, SP45717; Bononi et al. (1984): SP142131, SP142190, SP142181, SP142182, SP142145, SP142148, SP142150, SP156808, SP156800, SP156773, SP142206, SP142121, SP142123, SP142216, SP142220, SP156738, SP156940, SP156973, SP157031, SP157037, SP157038; Gugliotta (1997): SP250903, SP250915, SP251094, SP251095.
- Trametes incerta* (Curr.) Cooke
Ref.: Sampaio (1916), as *Lenzites distantifolia* Romell, Fidalgo et al. (1965), as *Phaeodaealea sprucei* (Berk.) K. Fid.: SP58113.
- Trametes modesta* (Kunze ex Fr.) Ryvarden
Ref.: Sampaio (1916), as *Polyporus modestus* Kze., as *Polystictus albocervinus* Berk.
- Trametes villosa* (Sw.) Kreisel
Ref.: Fidalgo et al. (1965), as *T. pinsita* (Fr.) O. & K. Fid.: SP61092, SP61165, SP61139, SP61106, SP60929, SP54870; Gugliotta (1997), as *T. villosa* (Fr.) Kreisel: SP250905, SP250902.
- Trichaptum byssogenum* (Jungh.) Ryvarden
Ref.: Sampaio (1916), as *Polyporus versatilis* Berk., and as *Polystictus versatilis* Berk.
- Trichaptum perrottetii* (Lév.) Ryvarden
Ref.: Sampaio (1916), as *Polyporus trichomallus* Berk. & Mont., and as *Polystictus trichomallus* Berk. & Mont., Fidalgo et al. (1965), as *Polyporus trichomallus* Berk. & Mont.: SP61176, SP61148; Bononi (1984), as *Trichaptum trichomallum* (Berk. Mont.) Murrill: SP112252, SP156789.
- Trichaptum sector* (Ehrenb.) Kreisel

Ref.: Fidalgo et al. (1965), as *Polyporus sector* Ehrenb. ex Fr.: SP35464; Bononi (1984), as *Polyporus sector* Ehrenb. ex Fr.: SP156851.

Tyromyces duracinus (Pat.) Murrill

Ref.: Gugliotta (1997): SP250918.

Tyromyces leucomallus (Berk. & M.A. Curtis) Murrill

Ref.: Bononi (1984), as *T. leucomallus* (Peck) Murr.: SP156801.

RUSSULALES

Lachnocladiaceae D.A. Reid

Scytinostroma portentosum (Berk. & M.A. Curtis) Donk

Ref.: Bononi (1984): SP142146.

Peniophoraceae Lotsy

Gloeocystidiopsis salmonea (Burt) Boidin, Lanq. & Gilles

Ref.: Bononi et al. (1984), as *Corticium salmonicum* Burt.: SP142137.

Stereaceae Pilát

Gloeodontia discolor (Berk. & M.A. Curtis) Boidin

Ref.: Bononi (1984): SP142144, SP156742.

Stereum ostrea (Blume & T. Nees) Fr.

Ref.: Fidalgo et al. (1965), as *Stereum australe* Lloyd: SP60928, SP61172.

SEBACINALES

Sebacinaceae K. Wells & Oberw.

Exidiopsis calcea (Pers.) K. Wells

Ref.: Bononi (1984), as *Corticium calceum* Fr.: SP142152.

THELEPHORALES

Thelephoraceae Chevall

Thelephora dentosa Berk. & M.A. Curtis

Ref.: Bononi (1984): SP142176; as *T. perplexa* Burt: SP142165.

Tomentella ferruginea (Pers.) Pat.

Ref.: Bononi (1984): SP142194, SP142201.

Tomentella galzinii Bourdot

Ref.: Bononi (1984): SP142212.

Tomentella subclavigera Litsch

Ref.: Bononi (1984): SP141263.

Insertae sedis:

Resinicium granulare (Burt) Sheng H. Wu (*Agaricomycetes*)

Ref.: Bononi (1984), as *Corticium granulare* Burt: SP142198.

Oxyporus pellicula (Jungh.) Ryvarden (*Agaricomycetes*)

Ref.: Gugliotta (1997): SP250908.

Excluded taxa of the checklist of *Agaricomycetes* recorded in Cerrado:

Calostoma cinnabarinum Corda (*Calostomataceae*)

Note: Baseia et al. (2007) referred this taxon as SP307573, which corresponds to *Bovista plumbea* in Baseia (2005). *Calostoma cinnabarinum* was not found in SP (A. Gugliotta, pers. com.)

Antrodia sinuosa (Fr.) P. Karst. (*Fomitopsidaceae*)

Ref.: Sampaio (1916), as *Poria sinuosa* Fries.

Notes: this is a temperate to boreal species, usually found on gymnosperms. The exsiccatum should be revised.

Auricularia tremellosa (Fr.) P. Henn.

Ref.: Sampaio (1916).

Notes: the taxon was not found in Index Fungorum and Centraalbureau voor Schimmelcultures, and the exsiccatum should be revised.

Chaetoporus melleofulvus Romell (*Meruliaceae*)

Ref.: Sampaio (1916).

Notes: the nomenclature is undefined (Index Fungorum and Centraalbureau voor Schimmelcultures), and the exsiccatum should be revised.

Ganoderma applanatum (Pers.) Pat. (*Ganodermataceae*)

Ref.: Bononi (1984), as *G. applanatum* (Pers. ex S.F. Gray) Pat.: SP156854, SP157030, SP157032.

Notes: according to Moncalvo & Ryvarden (1997), this species has a northern distribution, and the exsiccata should be revised.

Ganoderma fulvellum Bres. (*Ganodermataceae*)

Ref.: Sampaio (1916).

Notes: the nomenclature is undefined (Index Fungorum), and the exsiccatum should be revised.

Ganoderma lucidum (Curtis) P. Karst. (*Ganodermataceae*)

Ref.: Sampaio (1916), as *Fomes lucidus* (Leys) Fries.

Notes: according to Moncalvo & Ryvarden (1997) this species might be restricted to Europe, and the exsiccatum should be revised.

Ganoderma variabile (Berk.) Pat. (*Ganodermataceae*)

Ref.: Sampaio (1916), as *G. variabile* Berk.

Notes: the nomenclature is undefined (Index Fungorum and Centraalbureau voor Schimmelcultures), and the exsiccatum should be revised. However, Moncalvo & Ryvarden (1997) consider this species as *Amauroderma camerarium* (Berk.) J.S. Furtado.

Guepinia fissa Berk. (*Dacrymycetaceae*)

Ref.: Sampaio (1916).

Notes: the nomenclature is undefined (Index Fungorum) and the exsiccatum should be revised.

Hexagonia scutigera (Fr.) Sacc. (*Polyporaceae*)

Ref.: Sampaio (1916), as *H. scutigera* Fr., Fidalgo et al. (1965), as *H. scutigera* (Fr.) Fr.: SP61175.

Notes: the nomenclature is undefined (Index Fungorum and Centraalbureau voor Schimmelcultures), and the exsiccatum should be revised.

Lentinus fasciatus Berk. (*Polyporaceae*)

Ref.: Sampaio (1916), as *L. fuscopurpureus* Kalchbr.

Notes: this is an Australasian species, and the exsiccatum should be revised.

Lentinus villosus Klotzsch (*Polyporaceae*)

Ref.: Sampaio (1916), as *L. villosus* Kl.

Notes: this is an African species, and the exsiccatum should be revised.

Lenzites applanata Fr. (*Polyporaceae*)

Ref.: Sampaio (1916).

Notes: the nomenclature is undefined (Index Fungorum and Centraalbureau voor Schimmelcultures), and the exsiccatum should be revised.

Lycoperdon griseolilacinum Henn. (*Agaricaceae*)

Ref.: Sampaio (1916), as *L. griseo-lilacinum* P. Henn.

Notes: the nomenclature is undefined (Index Fungorum), and the exsiccatum should be revised.

Microporus affinis (Blume & T. Nees) Kuntze

Ref.: Sampaio (1916), as *Polystictus affinis* Nees.

Notes: this is a paleotropical species, and the exsiccatum should be revised.

Mucronoporus hasskarlii Lév.

Ref.: Sampaio (1916).

Notes: the taxon was not found in Index Fungorum and Centraalbureau voor Schimmelcultures, and the exsiccatum should be revised.

Mucronoporus pectinatus Kl.

Ref.: Sampaio (1916).

Notes: the taxon was not found in Index Fungorum and Centraalbureau voor Schimmelcultures, and the exsiccatum should be revised. It is possibly *Phylloporia pectinata* (Klotzsch) Ryvarden.

Mucronoporus zealandicus Cooke

Ref.: Sampaio (1916).

Notes: the taxon was not found in Index Fungorum and Centraalbureau voor Schimmelcultures, and the exsiccatum should be revised. It is possibly *Phellinus wahlbergii* (Fr.) D.A. Reid.

Pelloporus cunningii Berk.

Ref.: Sampaio (1916).

Notes: the taxon was not found in Index Fungorum and Centraalbureau voor Schimmelcultures, and the exsiccatum should be revised.

Peniophora inconspicua (Berk. & M.A. Curtis) Massee (*Peniophoraceae*)

Ref.: Bononi (1984): SP142223.

Notes: the nomenclature is undefined (Index Fungorum, Centraalbureau voor Schimmelcultures and Cortbase), and the exsiccatum should be revised.

Perenniporia ohiensis (Berk.) Ryvarden (*Polyporaceae*)

Ref.: Sampaio (1916), as *Ganoderma ohiensis* Berk.

Notes: this is a North-American species, and the exsiccatum should be revised.

Phaeoporus sulphuratus Fr.

Ref.: Sampaio (1916).

Notes: the taxon was not found in Index Fungorum and Centraalbureau voor Schimmelcultures, and the exsiccatum should be revised.

Phanerochaete hydnoides (Cooke & Mass.) Donk

Ref.: Bononi (1984): SP142247.

Notes: the taxon does not exist (Index Fungorum, Centraalbureau voor Schimmelcultures and Cortbase). It might be *Scopuloides hydnoides* (Cooke & Massee) Hjortstam & Ryvarden, whose basionym is *Peniophora hydnoides* Cooke & Massee (Cortbase), and the exsiccatum should be revised.

Pleurotus meyeri-herrmannii Henn. (*Pleurotaceae*)

Ref.: Sampaio (1916), as *P. meyeri-herrmannii* P. Henn.,

Notes: the nomenclature is undefined (Index Fungorum and Centraalbureau voor Schimmelcultures), and the exsiccatum should be revised.

Pluteus scruposus Henn. (*Pluteaceae*)

Ref.: Sampaio (1916), as *Pluteus scruposus* P. Henn.,

Notes: the nomenclature is undefined (Index Fungorum), and the exsiccatum should be revised.

Pycnoporus cinnabarinus (Jacq.) P. Karst. (*Polyporaceae*)

Ref.: Sampaio (1916), as *Trametes cinnabrina* Jacq.

Notes: this is a temperate species, and the exsiccatum should be revised.

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