

Botanical Report 2018

Wallowa Falls Hydroelectric Project Special Status Plant Surveys



Prepared by:
Bio-Resources, Inc.
306 NE 1st Street
Enterprise, OR 97828
January 2019

BIO-RESOURCES, INC



Introduction

The Wallowa Falls Hydroelectric Project (Project) is located on the East Fork Wallowa River approximately 11 miles outside of the City of Joseph in Northeastern Oregon. The Project impoundment/forebay lies over 1,600 meters above mean sea level. The Project operates as run-of-river; therefore there is no measurable storage. Water is instead diverted from the forebay into a flow line and penstock to the generating turbine in the Project powerhouse. Water exits the turbine and flows into an approximately 300 meter long tailrace channel that discharges into the West Fork Wallowa River. This channel has an average wetted-width of 3.1 meters and an average depth of 0.3 meter. The bypassed portion of the East Fork Wallowa River within and near the Project boundary is approximately 2,800 meters long from the Project diversion dam to its confluence with the West Fork Wallowa River. Gradient in this reach is high, with the upper 1,600 meters (i.e. the area between the falls and the dam) averaging approximately 19 percent and the lower 1,200 meters (i.e. the area between the falls and the confluence with West Fork Wallowa River) averaging 8.5 percent. Geomorphology within the Project area is typical of mountain valleys. It is constrained by steep topography, mountain peaks and the valley floor and lower slopes largely forested with areas of exposed ridges, rocky outcrops, and talus slopes. The Project is adjacent to the Eagle Cap Wilderness boundary, which is known to support several rare, threatened, and endangered, and/or special status plant species.

The FERC Project Boundary, to be examined by this work, is approximately 26 acres and includes project operations, facilities, and portions of the access road and campground. The bypassed portion of the East Fork Wallowa River, within and near the Project Boundary, is approximately 1.75 miles long from the Project diversion dam to its confluence with the West Fork Wallowa River.

Special Status Plant Survey-

Botrychium montanum, Botrychium minganense, Cypripedium fasciculatum

Consultation with Wallowa-Whitman National Forest (WWNF) forest botanist, Jerry Hustafa, concluded an early and late season Special Status Plant Species Survey of the Project area was justified. All species included on the Region 6 Regional Forester Sensitive Species and Strategic Species List (see Table 1) were considered during each survey. However at the request of Mr. Hustafa, additional effort was directed towards higher probability species. An early to mid-June survey targeted *Cypripedium fasciculatum* and a late July survey was conducted to target *Botrychium* species.

Early Season Survey

An intuitive control botanical survey of the entire project area was conducted on June 12, 2018 in accordance with the Special Status Species Policy https://www.fs.fed.us/r6/sfpnw/issssp/agency-policy/. High intensity, 100% coverage, surveys were conducted in areas considered potential for future construction activities, especially 100 meters from north bank of the North Tailrace Channel and south bank of the South Tailrace Channel and all areas in between. A follow up survey was conducted on June 20th to collect additional information on a plant located on June 12th. With the exception of the single observations described below, no sensitive species were located during this survey.

No Clustered Lady's-slippers (*Cypripedium fasciculatum*) were located by survey efforts. However, Mountain Lady's-slipper (*Cypripedium montanum*) a closely related species, not considered sensitive, was found blooming in the project area at the lower end of the Wallowa Falls Maintenance Road (Figure 1). Clustered Lady's-slipper is a highly visible species, especially when in bloom. The Bio-Resources, Inc. field botanist, Kendrick Moholt, conducting surveys has considerable experience with this species from work in other parts of Oregon. It can be assumed with a high level of confidence that Clustered Lady's-slipper is not present in the project area and would not be impacted by any proposed construction activities.



Figure 1. Mountain Lady's-slipper (*Cypripedium montanum*) found blooming within the project area.

On the June 12th survey, a single *Botrychium minganense* plant was located next to the Wallowa Falls Maintenance Road (Figures 2 and 4). Search of the surrounding area and additional searches on June 20th and July 22nd found no additional individuals. At the time of initial detection, the sporophore (fertile frond) of this plant was missing, presumably removed by herbivory (Figure 3). This observation documents a previously unknown population of *Botrychium minganense* and was recorded using an R-6 TES Plant Element Occurrence Field Form (Appendix 1). This population of *Botrychium minganense* is located on property managed by the Wallowa-Whitman National Forest (Figure 4). However, the plant was only 100 feet from of the boundary between PacifiCorp and Federal Land and future investigations may find additional individuals on PacifiCorp property. Mitigation measures to ensure the protection of this population are included in the Construction Plan to Protect Special Status Plant Species (Appendix 2).



Figure 2. Botrychium minganense found in project area.



Figure 3. Botrychium minganense plant showing signs of sporophore herbivory.



Figure 4. Botrychium minganense and associated species in the Project area.

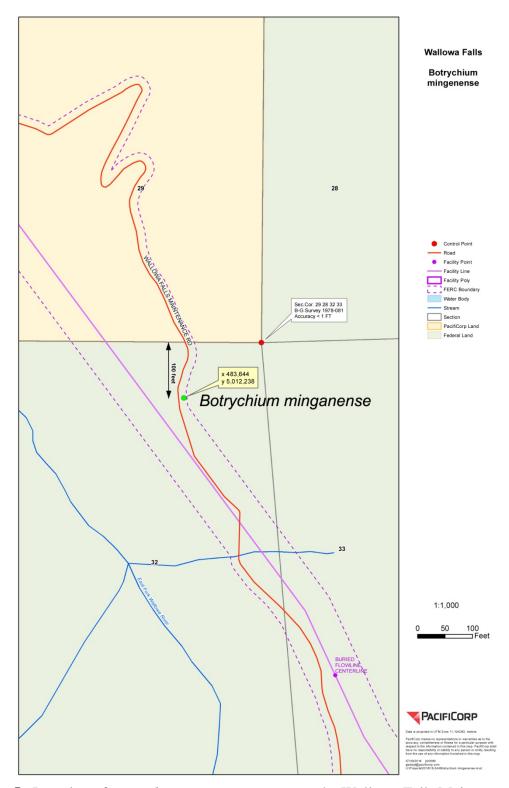


Figure 5. Location of *Botrychium minganense* next to the Wallowa Falls Maintenance Road.

Late Season Survey

A second intuitive control botanical survey of the entire project area was conducted on July 22, 2018 in accordance with the Special Status Species Policy https://www.fs.fed.us/r6/sfpnw/issssp/agency-policy/. High intensity, 100% coverage, surveys were conducted in areas considered potential for future construction activities, especially 100 meters from north bank of the North Tailrace Channel and south bank of the South Tailrace Channel and all areas in between. High intensity surveys were also conducted in an area considered high probability for *Botrychium montanum* and in the area around the *Botrychium minganense* plant located on June 12th.

Several data sources have identified *Botrychium* species within the Project area, and in particular near the Project forebay. The ORBIC database has a 1991 record of *Botrychium montanum*, a federal species of concern, in the Project area (ORBIC 2010; ORBIC 2012). In 1992, this plant was identified again during a botanical survey that was conducted as part of the Wallowa Falls Dam Reparation Project (PacifiCorp 1993). *Botrychium* species were relocated, but were unable to be distinguished to species. The United States Forest Service (USFS) provided Geographic Information Systems (GIS) data, received in an email, from Mike Gerdis to Russ Howison on August 2, 2010 which identified both *Botrychium minganense* and *Botrychium montanum* located near the forebay on August 4, 1991. Comments received from USFS on the PAD on June 23, 2011, identified *Botrychium montanum* as being present in the Project vicinity, at or near the forebay, as well as further up in the drainage (USFS 2011b). A survey of the Project area conducted during the 2012 and 2017 growing seasons failed to relocate any *Botrychium* species (Bio-Resources 2012, 2017).

An intensive survey for *Botrychium montanum* in the area of potential habitat was conducted on July 22, 2018. In addition to this target search, additional survey was conducted on the entire project area for potential sensitive species (Table 1) with special attention given to the area near the *Botrychium minganense* plant that was first located on June 12, 2018.

The survey of the forebay area located no *Botrychium montanum* plants. This finding was documented using an R-6 TES Plant Element Occurrence Field Form (See Appendix 1). No plants were located during a survey in 2012 and 2017 (Bio-Resources. 2012, 2017). At this time, it may be likely that the population of *Botrychium montanum* has been extirpated from the project area. However, it seems prudent to continue to avoid the highest probability areas for the plant. It is our recommendation that construction activities and material storage be minimized or avoided in the area east of the forebay cabin as outlined in the Construction Plan to Protect Special Status Plant Species (Appendix 2).

The late season survey of the Project area relocated the *Botrychium minganense* found on June 12th but did not identify any additional individuals. No other species of concern (Table 1) were located.

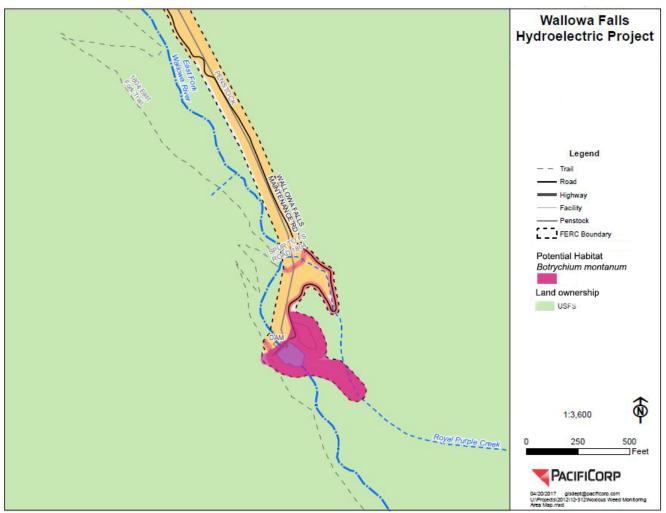


Figure 6. Potential habitat for Botrychium montanum on the Wallowa Falls Hydroelectric Project.

Table 1. Region 6 Regional Forester Sensitive Species and Strategic Species List

NRCS PLANTS Code	Scientific Name	Common Name
ANMI8	Anastrophyllum minutum	Liverwort
ANJU	Anthelia julacea	Liverwort
BALY	Barbilophozia lycopodioides	Liverwort
ENBR2	Encalypta brevipes	Moss
ENFA2	Entosthodon fascicularis	Moss
HAFL9	Harpanthus flotovianus	Liverwort
JUPO3	Jungermannia polaris	Liverwort
LOGI3	Lophozia gillmanii	Liverwort
PEQU7	Peltolepis quadrata	Liverwort
PRQU2	Preissia quadrata	Liverwort
PSTR5	Pseudocalliergon trifarium	Moss
PTPU2	Ptilidium pulcherrimum	Liverwort
SCCI5	Schistidium cinclidodonteum	Moss
TEGE	Tetraphis geniculata	Moss
TOMU70	Tortula mucronifolia	Moss
ACWA	Achnatherum wallowaense	Wallowa ricegrass
ACROT	Acomastylis rossii ssp. turbinatum	Slender-stemmed avens
ALGEG	Allium geyeri var. geyeri	Geyer's onion
ASVI10	Asplenium viride	Green spleenwort
вона3	Boechera hastatula	Hells canyon rockcress
BOAS2	Botrychium ascendens	Upward-lobed moonwort
BOCA5	Botrychium campestre	Prairie moonwort
BOCR	Botrychium crenulatum	Crenulate moonwort
BOHE5	Botrychium hesperium	Western moonwort
BOLI7	Botrychium lineare	Slender moonwort
BOLU	Botrychium lunaria	Moonwort
ВОМО	Botrychium montanum	Mountain grape-fern
BOPA9	Botrychium paradoxum	Twin-spiked moonwart
BOPE4	Botrychium pedunculosum	Stalked moonwort
BUAM2	Bupleurum americanum	Bupleurum
CAMAM	Calochortus macrocarpus var. maculosus	Green-band mariposa-lily
CAAT8	Carex atrosquama	Blackened sedge
CACA12	Carex capillaris	Hairlike sedge
CACA13	Carex capitata	Capitate sedge
CACO81	Carex cordillerana	Cordilleran sedge
CADI4	Carex diandra	Lesser panicled sedge
CAGY2	Carex gynocrates	Yellow bog sedge
CAID	Carex idahoa	Idaho sedge

CALAA	Carex lasiocarpa var. americana	Slender sedge
CAME9	Carex media	Intermediate sedge
CAMI16	Carex micropoda	Pyrenaean sedge
CANA2	Carex nardina	Spikenard sedge
CAPE5	Carex pelocarpa	New sedge
CARE4	Carex retrorsa	Retrorse sedge
CASA10	Carex saxatilis	Russet sedge
CASU7	Carex subnigricans	Dark alpine sedge
CAVE5	Carex vernacula	Native sedge
CAFLR	Castilleja flava var. rustica	Rural paintbrush
CAFR8	Castilleja fraterna	Fraternal paintbrush
CARU8	Castilleja rubida	Purple alpine paintbrush
CAVI9	Castilleja viscidula	Sticky paintbrush
CHFE	Cheilanthes feei	Fee's lip-fern
COTE13	Comastoma tenellum	Slender gentian
CRSI2	Cryptantha simulans	Pine woods cryptantha
CRST2	Cryptogramma stelleri	Steller's rockbrake
CYLUL	Cyperus lupulinus ssp. lupulinus	Great Plains flatsedge
CYFA	Cypripedium fasciculatum	Clustered lady's-slipper
ELBR5	Elatine brachysperma	Short seeded waterwort
ELBO	Eleocharis bolanderi	Bolander's spikerush
ERDA3	Erigeron davisii	Engelmann's daisy
ERDI3	Erigeron disparipilus	White cushion erigeron
		Membrane-leaved
ERHY6	Erythranthe hymenophylla	monkeyflower
GEPR3	Gentiana prostrata	Moss gentian
HECU3	Heliotropium curassavicum	Salt heliotrope
JUTRA2	Juncus triglumis var. albescens	Three-flowered rush
KOMY	Kobresia myosuroides	Bellard's kobresia
KOSI2	Kobresia simpliciuscula	Simple kobresia
LIAR6	Lipocarpha aristulata	Aristulate lipocarpha
LIBO4	Listera borealis	Northern twayblade
LOER2	Lomatium erythrocarpum	Red-fruited lomatium
LOGR2	Lomatium greenmanii	Greenman's desert parsley
LOPA8	Lomatium pastoralis	Meadow lomatium
LYCO3	Lycopodium complanatum	Ground cedar
MUMI2	Muhlenbergia minutissima	Annual dropseed
OPPU3	Ophioglossum pusillum	Adder's-tongue
PEBR5	Pellaea bridgesii	Bridges' cliff-brake
PEDEV2	Penstemon deustus var. variabilis	Variable hot-rock penstemon
PHMI7	Phacelia minutissima	Dwarf phacelia
PHMU3	Phlox multiflora	Many-flowered phlox
PIAL	Pinus albicaulis	Whitebark pine
PIFL2	Pinus flexilis	Limber pine
PLOB	Platanthera obtusata	Small northern bog-orchid
l	I .	

PLOR3	Pleuropogon oregonus	Oregon semaphoregrass
PODI	Potamogeton diversifolius	Rafinesque's pondweed
PYDE	Pyrola dentata	Toothleaf pyrola
PYSC4	Pyrrocoma scaberula	Rough pyrrocoma
ROCO3	Rorippa columbiae	Columbia cress
RORA	Rotala ramosior	Lowland toothcup
RUBA	Rubus bartonianus	Bartonberry
SAFA	Salix farriae	Farr's willow
SAWO	Salix wolfii	Wolf's willow
SAADO2	Saxifraga adscendens ssp. oregone	ensis Wedge-leaf saxifrage
SUVI	Suksdorfia violacea	Violet suksdorfia
THAL	Thalictrum alpinum	Alpine meadowrue
THEU	Thelypodium eucosmum	Arrow-leaf thelypody
TOMO	Townsendia montana	Mountain townsendia
TOPA2	Townsendia parryi	Parry's townsendia
TRDO	Trifolium douglasii	Douglas' clover
TRPA28	Triglochin palustris	Slender bog arrowgrass
TRLAA2	Trollius laxus ssp. albiflorus	American globeflower
UTMI	Utricularia minor	Lesser bladderwort

References

Bio-Resources. 2012. Final Report Wallowa Falls Hydroelectric Project Special Status Plant Study and Noxious Weed Study. August 2012.

Bio-Resources. 2017. Botanical Report 2017 Wallowa Falls Hydroelectric Project Special Status Plant and Noxious Weed Management.

Oregon Biodiversity Information Center. 2010. June 29, 2010. Oregon Biodiversity Information Center data system for rare, threatened and endangered plant and animal records within one mile of the Wallowa Falls Dam Project in T 03S R 45E Sections 29, 32, and 33,WM. Unpublished report for Kendel Emmerson, PacifiCorp Energy.

Oregon Biodiversity Information Center. 2012. May 25, 2012. Oregon Biodiversity Information Center data system for rare, threatened and endangered plant and animal records within two mile of the Wallowa Falls Dam Project in T 03S R 45E Sections 28, 29, 32, and 33,WM. Unpublished report for Bio-Resources, Inc.

PacifiCorp. 1993. Biological Evaluation Plant Species Wallowa Falls Dam Reparation Project. Prepared by Campbell-Craven Environmental Consultants. April 15, 1993.

BIO-RESOURCES, INC



Appendix 1 **Sensitive Plant Forms**

TES Plant Element Occurrence Field Form

USDA FOREST SERVICE 2005

General Information

1) FS SITE ID: ® EO14340)	2) DATE: ® 07-22-2018	3) SITE NAME:	
4) NRCS PLANT CODE: ®	ВОМО			
5) SCIENTIFIC NAME: ® BO	otrychium montanum			
6) RECORD SOURCE: ® RV	/-Revisit 7) Survey ID: ®*		8) Survey Name: W	/allowa Falls Hydro. Proj.
9) EXAMINER(S)- LAST: ®	Moholt	FIRST:	Kendrick	MIDDLE INITIAL:
LAST:		FIRST:		MIDDLE INITIAL:
10) OWNERSHIP: ® United	d States Forest Service			
11) E.O. # 16		12) NE	W OCCURRENCE - YES:	OR No: X
13) STATE: ®* Oregon	14) County: ®* V	Vallowa		
15) REGION: ®* 6	16) Forest: ®* Wallowa-Whitma	n 17) Dis TF	RICT: ®* Eagle Cap Ran	ger District
18) Entire extent mappe	d: Yes: No :X Uncertain:	19) Area (Est) : NA	20) Area	UOM: ®* NA
21) Canopy Cover Metho	od ®* (circle one): Cover Percent	: DAUBEN: X NRMCOV:		

Element Occurrence Data

22) EO Canopy Cover: %C	ov: 65% or Cover Class Code:	23) Lifeform: FB
24) Number of subpopulation	ons: 1 XX) Plants Found: Yes	or No NO
25) Plant Count: Ø	26)Count Type: Genets/Ramets/Undetermined NA	27) Count: Actual or Estimate NA
28) Revisit needed - No	29) Revisit Date:	
30) Revisit Justification:		
31) Phenology by %	32) Population Comments: (e.g., distribution, vigor, density, phe	nology, dispersal)
(Sum to 100%):		
Vegetative	Site appears to have a greater shrub cover and tree canopy cover	r since first discovered 26 years ago.
Flower/Bud	33) Evidence of disease, competition, predation, collection, tr	rampling, or
Fruit/Dispersed	herbivory: Yesor No	. •
Seedlings/	<i>,</i> — —	
	34) Evidence Comments: NA	
35) Pollinator observed – Y	es or No: X 36) Pollinator type(s):	
37) Pollinator comments: N	IA .	

Site Morphometry

38) Percent Slope: 3% 39) Slope position: FS

40) Aspect: azimuth: or cardinal: WSW

41) Elev.: Ave: Min: 1768 Max: 1768 42) Elev UOM: ®* meter

Soil Characteristics and Light Conditions

43) Substrate on which EO occurs: S

44) Parent Material: RESI 45) Soil Moisture: D 46) Soil Texture: SL

48) Light Exposure: PSH 47) Soil Type: rocky, sandy loam

FS SITE ID: EO 14340

Site Classifications

Record taxonomic units of the given type(s) if published classifications exist for the area.

CLASSIFICATION TYPE CLASS CODE

CLASSIFICATION SHORT NAME

CLASSIFICATION SET

- 49) Existing Veg
- 50) Potential Veg
- 51) Ecotype

Habitat Quality and Management Comments

52) Habitat Description: Mesic oening in Picea engelmannii and Abies grandis

53) Dominant Process: 70

54) Community Quality (L, M, H): M

55) Landscape Integrity (L, M, H): M

56) Process Comment: Firewood stacked nearby

57) Disturbance/Threats (present or imminent): Trampling

58) Disturbance/Threats Comment: Area SE of cabin should be avoided

59) Non-Native Comment: Minimal threat from non-natives

60) Current Land Use Comment: Potential storage area for cabin

Canopy Cover

Record % canopy cover by actual percent, or by cover class (as indicated in General Information Block).					
Lifeform Canopy Cover	61) % Cov or Code	Ground Cover	62) % Cov <i>or</i> Code		
Tree	65	Bare	15		
Shrub	5	Gravel			
Forb	10	Rock			
Graminoid	5	Bedrock			
Non-vascular		Moss			
Lichen		Litter/Duff			
Algae		Basal Veg			
		Water			
		Road surface			
		Lichen			

FS SITE ID: EO 14340

Associated Species

List species directly associated with the EO species on this site. Record the NRCS Plant Code, scientific name or both. If desired, indicate lifeform, dominant species, % cover for each species and flag non-native species.

- 63) Completeness of Species List: ®* C, R, or S C
- 64) Species List Comment: small area recorded

65) NRCS	66) Scientific Name	67) Life	68) Dom.	69) % Cov or	70) Non-
Plant Code PIEN	Picea engelmannii	Form TR	(Y/N) Y	50	native No
ABGR	Abies grandis	TR	Ν	15	No
RILA	Ribes lacustre	SH	Υ	5	No
CARO5	Carex rossii	GR	Υ	5	No
FRVI	Fragaria virginiana	FB		10	No
ARCO9	Arnica cordifolia	FB		10	No
TAOF	Taraxacum officinale	FB		Т	Yes
PYSE	Pyrola secunda	FB		5	No
HIAL2	Hieracium albiflorum	FB		Т	No
THOC	Thalictrum occidentalis	FB		Т	No
EPAN	Epilobium angustifolium	FB		Т	No
ANRA	Antennaria racemosa	FB		Т	No

EO Specimen Documentation None

71) Reference for ID:

72) Primary Collector – Last Name: First Name: M.I.

Other Collectors – Last Name: First Name: M.I.

75) Verification:

76) Specimen Repository: ®*

FS SITE ID: EO 14340

Image Information

77) Image ID 78) Image Description
Site SE of cabin

Location Information

(State, County, Region, Forest, District will be auto-populated by the database application when the spatial feature is entered)

QQQ Sec:

QQQQ Sec:

79) USGS Quad Number: 45117-C2-TF-024 **80) USGS Quad Name:** Joseph, Oregon

QQ Sec:

81) Forest Quad Number: 82) Forest Quad Name:

83) Legal Description: Required where public land survey is available.

Q Sec: SW

Meridian: Township and Range: 3S 45E

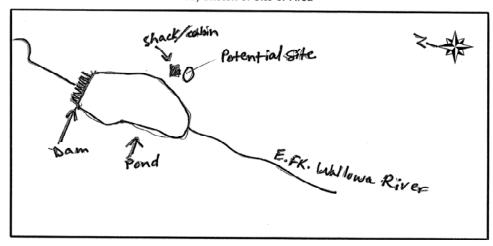
84) Latitude and Longitude (either in degrees, minutes, seconds or in decimal degrees)						
04) Latitude and Longitude (citile) in degrees, in	nates, seconds or in	decimal degrees/				
Geodetic Datum:						
Latitude. Degrees N	Minutes	Seconds .				
Longitude: DegreesW	Minutes	Seconds .				
GPS Datum:						
GPS Lat. Dec. Degrees:	GPS Lo	ong. Dec. Degrees:				
ŭ						
05) 1174						
85) UTM						
UTM Datum: NAD27	UTM Zone:		ļ			
Facting: 004004	Nauthiau	E044022				
Easting: <u>084221</u>	Northing: _	5011023				
86) GPS Equipment Used (Manufacturer and Mod	lel):					
Garmin Oregon 550t						
87) Metes and Bounds						
	·		,			

Section: 33

FS SITE ID: EO 14340

88) Directions to Site

From the main USFS trailhead at the end of Hwy. 82, walk the Wallowa Falls maintenance road \sim 1.2 miles to the dam. The site is located southeast of the shack by the dam.



90) General EO Comments

TES Plant Element Occurrence Field Form

USDA FOREST SERVICE 2005

® = required field, ®* = conditionally required field

General Information

•			2) DATE: 14 an 22 July 2018®	DATE: 14 and 20 June; ! July 2018®		3) SITE NAME:	
4) NRCS PLANT CODE: BON	/II®						
5) SCIENTIFIC NAME: ® Bot	rychium n	ninganense					
6) RECORD SOURCE: ®		7) SURVEY ID: ®*			8) Surve	y Name:Bl	RI/PacifiCorp 2018
9) EXAMINER(S)- LAST: Moh	olt®			FIRST:Ke	FIRST:Kendrick		MIDDLE INITIAL:
LAST:				FIRST:			MIDDLE INITIAL:
10) OWNERSHIP: USFS (WW	/NF)®						
11) E.O. #			12) NEW OCCURRENCE - YES: YES				
13) STATE: Oregon®* 14) COUNTY:Wallowa ®*			a ®*				
15) REGION: R6®* 16) FOREST: Wallowa-Whitman®*			17) DISTRICT: Wallowa RD®*				
18) Entire extent mapped: Yes:YES No: Uncertain: 19) Are			19) Area	(Est):<0.1 ac	cres	20) Area	UOM: ®*
21) Canopy Cover Method ®* (circle one): Cover Percent							

Element Occurrence Data

22) EO Canopy Cover: %	Cov:50 or Cover Class Code:		23) Lifeform:	
24) Number of subpopul	ations: 1	XX) Plants Found: Yes		
25) Plant Count:	26)Count Type: Genets/		27) Count: Actual	
28) Revisit needed - No	29) Revisi	t Date:		
30) Revisit Justification:				
31) Phenology by % (Sum to 100%): Vegetative	32) Population Comments: (e.g., distribution, vigor, density, phenology, dispersal)			
Flower/Bud <u>100</u> Fruit/Dispersed Seedlings/ Juvenile	33) Evidence of disease, competition, predation, collection, trampling, or herbivory: Yes_Xor No 34) Evidence Comments: Predation- Sporophore missing			
35) Pollinator observed –No 36) Pollinator type(s):				
37) Pollinator comments: NA				

Site Morphometry

38) Percent Slope: 5%	ı		39) Slope position: southwest
40) Aspect: azimuth:	220	or cardinal:	
41) Elev.: Ave:	Min:	5125Max:5125	42) Elev UOM: ®*

Soil Characteristics and Light Conditions

43) Substrate on which EO occurs: Duff layer

44) Parent Material: granit	45) Soil Moisture: wet	46) Soil Texture: fine
47) Soil Type: Clay Ioam		48) Light Exposure: medium

FS SITE ID:

Site Classifications

Record taxonomic units of the given type(s) if published classifications exist for the area.						
CLASSIFICATION TYPE	ION TYPE CLASS CODE CLASSIFICATION SHORT NAME CLASSIFICATION SET					
49) Existing Veg						
50) Potential Veg						
51) Ecotype						

Habitat Quality and Management Comments

52) Habitat Description: On trail edge with twinflower, ocean spray, mixed conifer				
53) Dominant Process:				
54) Community Quality (L, M, H):	55) Landscape Integrity (L, M, H):			
56) Process Comment:				
57) Disturbance/Threats (present or imminent): present				
58) Disturbance/Threats Comment: Trail maintenance				
59) Non-Native Comment: little to no non-native				
60) Current Land Use Comment: next to trail				

Canopy Cover

Record % canopy cover by actual percent, or by cover class (as indicated in General Information Block).					
Lifeform Canopy Cover	61) % Cov or Code	Ground Cover	62) % Cov <i>or</i> Code		
Tree	50	Bare			
Shrub	10	Gravel			
Forb	20	Rock			
Graminoid	-	Bedrock			
Non-vascular	5	Moss	5		
Lichen		Litter/Duff	20		
Algae		Basal Veg			
		Water			
		Road surface			
		Lichen			

FS SITE ID:

Associated Species

List species directly associated with the EO species on this site. Record the NRCS Plant Code, scientific name or both. If desired, indicate lifeform, dominant species, % cover for each species and flag non-native species.

- 63) Completeness of Species List: ®* C, R, OR S
- 64) Species List Comment:

65)	66)	67)	68)	69)	70)
NRCS Plant Code	Scientific Name	Life Form	Dom. (Y/N)	% Cov or Class	Non- native
	Linnaea borealis		У	5	
	Fragaria virginiana				
	Adenocaulon bicolor				
	Chimaphila umbellata				
	Goodyera oblongifolia				
	Thalictrum occidentale				
	Holodiscus discolor		у	10	
	Abies concolor				
	Picea engelmannii				
	Pinus ponderosa				
	Acer glabrum				

EO Specimen Documentation NONE

71) Reference for ID:NA				
72) Primary Collector – Last Name:	First Name:		M.I.	
Other Collectors - Last Name:	First Name:		M.I.	
73) Collection #: ®*	74) ID Confirmed: ®* Y:	or N:	or Questionable:	
75) Verification:	•			

76) Specimen Repository: ®*

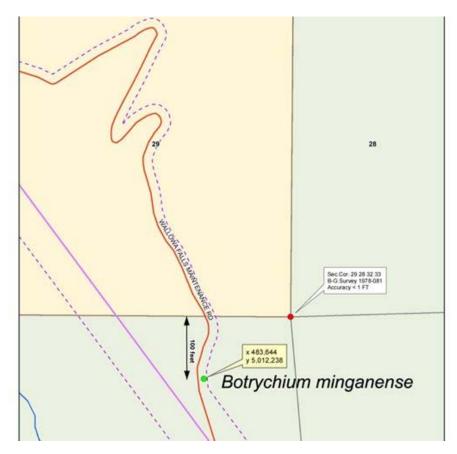
Image Information

77) Image ID	78) Image Description			
		Location Info	ormation	
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79) USGS Quad Numb	er:	80)) USGS Quad Name:	
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88) Directions to Site

From the southern end or Powerhouse Road walk the Wallowa Falls Maintenance Road to the main falls (~1.0 mile) and continue ~0.2 mile (just 100 feet past the section line between sec. 29 and 32). The plant is located on the east side of the trail.





90) General EO Comments

Appendix 2

Construction Plan to Protect Special Status Plant Species

<u>Wallowa Falls Hydroelectric Project</u> Construction Plan to Protect Special Status Plant Species

The Wallowa Falls Hydroelectric Project (Project) is located on the East Fork Wallowa River approximately 11 miles outside of the City of Joseph in Northeastern Oregon. The FERC regulated boundary of this Project is approximately 26 acres and includes project operations, facilities, and portions of the access road and campground (Figures 7, 8, 9). The Project is adjacent to the Eagle Cap Wilderness boundary, which is known to support several rare, threatened, and endangered, and/or special status plant species. In addition, several data sources have identified *Botrychium* species within the Project area. This plan has been designed in cooperation with the Wallowa-Whitman National Forest to ensure the protection of sensitive botanical resources.

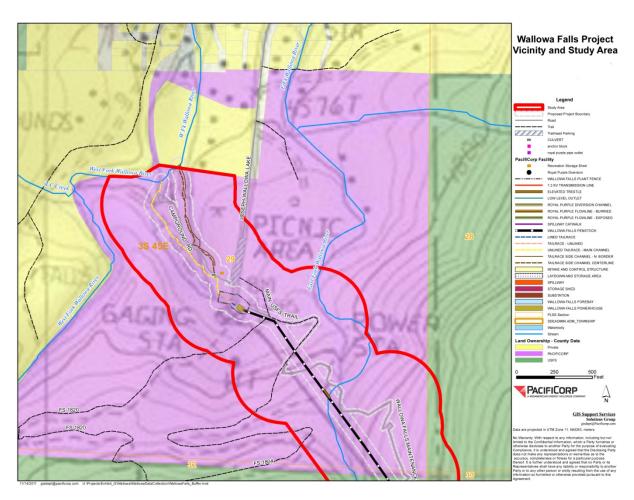


Figure 7. Wallowa-Whitman National Forest Project Area (1 of 3; North)

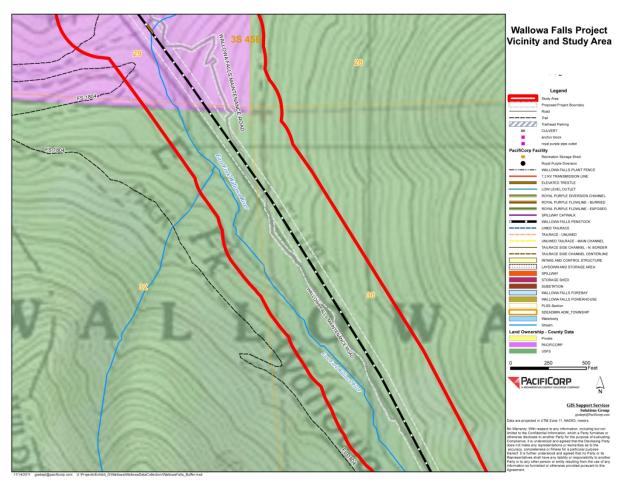


Figure 8. Wallowa-Whitman National Forest Project Area (2 of 3; Middle)

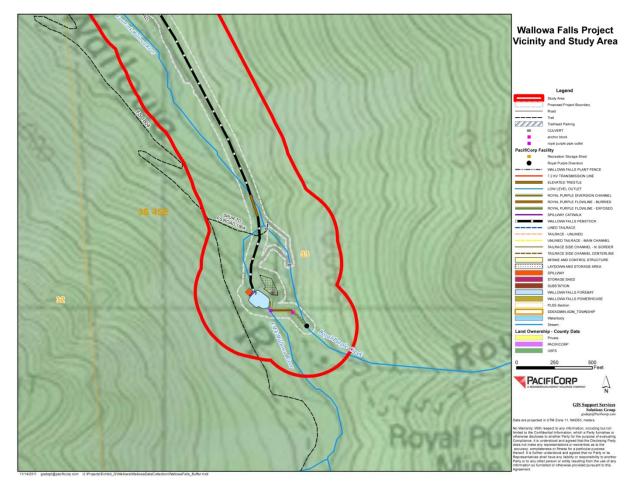


Figure 9. Wallowa-Whitman National Forest Project Area (3 of 3; South)

The area immediately southeast of the forebay cabin in the southern end of the Project area is a historic population for *Botrychium montanum*. Though the population has not been relocated in recent years, the area is considered high probability habitat for this species. Construction activities and material storage should be minimized or avoided in the area east of the forebay cabin (see Figure 10).

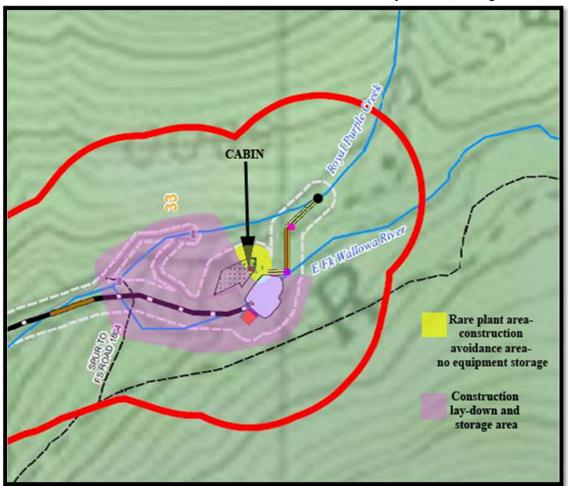


Figure 10. Construction avoidance area for *Botrychium montanum* on the Wallowa Falls Hydroelectric Project.

A population of *Botrychium minganense* is located within the Project area next to the Wallowa Falls Maintenance Road approximately 100 feet south of the PacifiCorp/Federal land boundary (line between T3S R45E section 29 and 31). The following mitigation measures are required to ensure the protection of this population:

- Activity in the area around the population of *Botrychium minganense* will be limited to standard trail maintenance **only** within the existing footprint of the previously disturbed access road.
- The avoidance area around the population of *Botrychium minganense* will be considered a 100 meter radius around the population center at NAD 83 11T E0483644 N5012238 (see Table 11).
- If any additional activity is proposed, the Company is directed to contact the WWNF forest botanist for additional consultation.

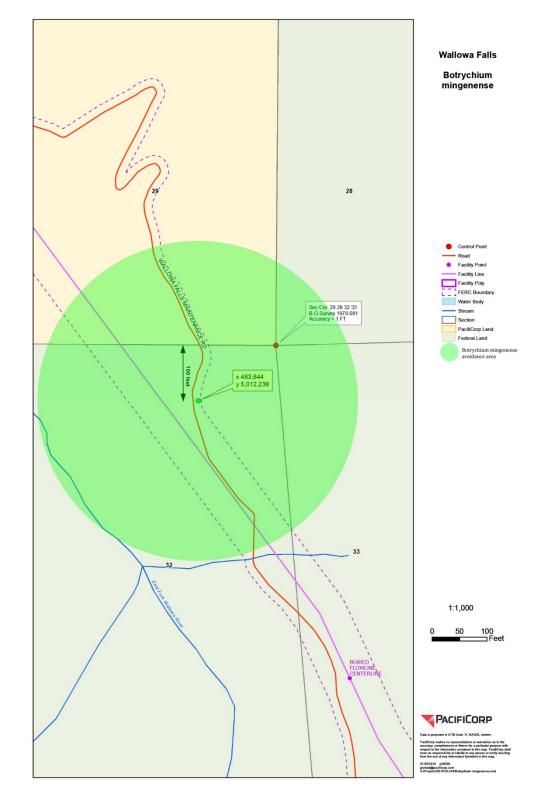


Figure 11. Off trail avoidance area for *Botrychium minganense* on the Wallowa Falls Hydroelectric Project Maintenance Road.

McCune, Kimberly

From:

McCune, Kimberly

Sent:

Thursday, December 13, 2018 12:57 PM

To:

Elizabeth.A.OsierMoats@state.or.us; Jeff.Yanke@state.or.us; Gretchen Sausen

(gretchen_sausen@fws.gov); 'Cuzick, Adrian L -FS'

Cc:

Howison, Russ; Emmerson, Kendel

Subject:

License Article 414 and Appendix B, USFS 4(e) Condition 13; Special Status Plant Species

Report; 30-day review and comment period

Attachments:

Attachment A ProposedTailraceSurveyArea.pdf; WF Botanical Report_2018_FINAL_30day

Review.pdf

Follow Up Flag:

Follow up

Flag Status:

Flagged

Attn: USFWS, USFS and ODFW Representatives

On January 5, 2017, the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission issued a new operating license for the Wallowa Falls Hydroelectric Project, FERC No. 308. Pursuant to Article 414 Special-status Plant Species Survey and Appendix B, USFS 4(e) Condition 13, Special Status Sensitive Species of the license PacifiCorp is submitting the attached Botanical Report 2018 Wallowa Falls Hydroelectric Project Special Status Plant Survey (Report) for 30-day review and comment period.

Article 414. Special-status Plant Species Survey. At least 90 days before the start of any land-disturbing or land-clearing activities associated with construction of the tailrace channel realignment and tailrace barrier, the licensee must file with the Commission the results of a special-status plant species survey of the area to be affected by the construction of the lower 275 feet of realigned tailrace channel near its confluence with the West Fork Wallowa River.......The licensee must allow the agencies a minimum of 30 days to comment and to make recommendations before submitting the filing to the Commission.

The Report was prepared on PacifiCorp's behalf by Kendrick Moholt, a consulting botanist with Bio-Resources, Inc. As described in the Report the 2018 survey area included an intuitive survey for the entire Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (FERC) Project Boundary and a high intensity (100% coverage) survey for the proposed tailrace construction area. This included and area of 100 meters from the north bank of the North Tailrace Channel and south bank of the South Tailrace Channel and all areas in between. **Attachment A** provides a figure of the proposed tailrace construction limits.

The 2018 surveys located special status plant species within the FERC Project Boundary. Appendix 2 of the Report provides a construction plan to protect these plant locations. No special status plant species were located within the proposed tailrace construction area. As a result this will conclude PacifiCorp's survey requirement for Article 414. The FERC boundary will continued to be surveyed in 2019 to meet the Appendix B, USFS 4(e) Condition 13 Special Status Sensitive Species requirements.

If you have any questions concerning these documents, please contact Kendel Emmerson at 503-813-6040.

We ask that you provide your comments to Kendel's attention via email at <u>kendel.emmerson@pacificorp.com</u> on or before 5:00 p.m., Tuesday, January 15, 2019.

Thank you.

Kimberly McCune

Sr. Business Administrator

Attachment A

