# Faurea Harv. 1847 Beechwoods

The Beechwoods are also known as African Beech Trees. The name is derived from the wood which resembles the European Beech.

Anything specific to go in here?

# Faurea delevovii De Wild. **Delevoy's Beechwood**

**Other Common Names:** None known. **Other Scientific Names:** *None*.

4 Records

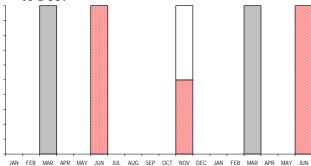
**Population** (4 records): 50% Frequent, **50%** Rare

**Dispersion** (2 records): 100% variable. **Flowering** (4 records with: Jan 0, Feb 0, Mar 1,

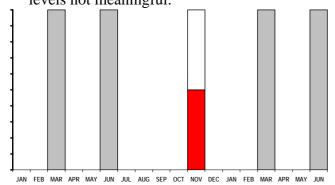
Apr 0, May 0, Jun 1, Jul 0, Aug 0, Sep 0, Oct 0, Nov 2, Dec 0): Buds from Jun and Nov; Flowering, Peak Flowering and Over not recorded; Fruit from Mar; Nothing from Nov. Peak levels not meaningful.

Historically recorded as flowering from Aug

to Feb.



**Growth** (4 records with: Jan 0, Feb 0, Mar 1 Apr 0, May 0, Jun 1, Jul 0, Aug 0, Sep 0, Oct 0, Nov 2, Dec 0): Much from Nov; Rare from Mar and Jun; None from Nov. Peak levels not meaningful.



**Seedlings** (1 record): All without any seedlings present.

**Fire Survival** (1 record): 100% resprouted from

aerial trunks.

**Age to first flowering:** No data.

**Height** (4 records): 75% 2-5 m tall, 25% taller

than 5 m.

**Pollinators**: No data.

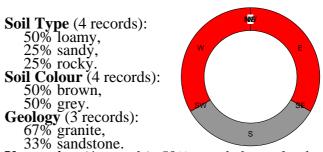
**Detailed Pollinators:** No additional data.



**Distance to Ocean** (4 records): 100% inland - further than 2 km from coast.

Altitude (4 records): 1200 -1500 m; 1300 <sub>lq</sub> - 1320 <sub>med</sub> - $1320_{uq}$ m.

Landform (4 records): 620 50% shallow soil, 420 25% riverine, 25% deep soil. 220 Slope (4 records): 50% steep incline, 25% valley bottom, 0 0.2 25% platform. Aspect (3 records): 33% East, 33% South, 33% West.



Altitude (m)

0.2 0.4 0.6

2120

1920

1720

1520

1320

1120

920

Vegetation (4 records): 50% wooded grassland, 50% forest.

### **Conservation Status and Threat:**

Red Data List Status: Least Concern. Occurrence and Occupancy not computed. Nature Reserves (4 records): 25% in nature reserves.

**Habitat destruction** (4 records): 50% naturally linear habitats, 50% extensive natural

**Alien Invasive Species** (4 records): 75% none, 25% other aliens.

Alien Density (4 records): 75% alien-free, 25% sparse.

### **Cultivation & Utilization:**

Picking (2 records): 100% no sign of picking. Cultivation Status: No noted cultivation.

#### **Atlassers Notes:**

**Confusing Species:** Add. Records of identification queries = 2

Variation and Taxonomy: Add.

**Distribution:** Add. INCLUDEPICTURE

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MERGEFORMAT \d

# Faurea galpinii Phill. **Forest Beechwood**

Bosboekenhout

Other Common Names: Bush Beechwood, Rooiboekenhout, Magulugulu (?), Monengenenge (N-Sotho), Sicalaba (Swazi). Other Scientific Names: None.

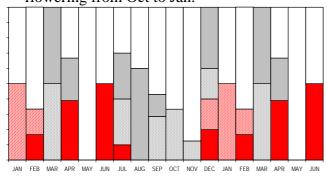
82 Records

Population (81 records): 2% Common, 69% Frequent, 28% Rare.

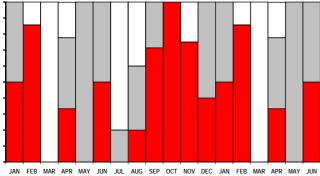
**Dispersion** (74 records): 47% clumped, 42% variable, 5% evenly distributed,

5% widespread.

Flowering (71 records with: Jan 2, Feb 6, Mar 2, Apr 18, May 3, Jun 2, Jul 10, Aug 5, Sep 7, Oct 3, Nov 8, Dec 5): Buds from Dec to Jan; Flowering from Apr, Jun and Dec; Peak Flowering not noted; Over from Mar, Jul, Sep to Oct and Dec; Fruit from Mar, to Apr Sep to Oct and Dec; Fruit from Mar to Apr and Jul to Aug 60, and Dec; Nothing from Jan to Feb and Apr to Nov. Peak levels at 60% in Dec. Historically recorded as flowering from Oct to Jan.



Growth (72 records with: Jan 2, Feb 7, Mar 2, Apr 18, May 3, Jun 2, Jul 10, Aug 5, Sep 7, Oct 3, Nov 8, Dec 5): Much from Aug to Feb and Apr and Jun; Rare from Dec to Jan and Apr to Sep; None from Mar to Apr and Jul to Aug and Nov 25. Peak levels at 100% in May to Jun and Aug to Jan.



**Seedlings** (23 records): Absent in 91%: fewer seedlings than prefire adults in 1 cases.

Seedlings found in Apr 1.

Fire Survival (33 records): 76% escaped fires in fire-safe areas, 21% resprouted from aerial trunks, 3% resprouted from underground boles.

**Age to first flowering:** First flowers recorded at 1 years, data insufficient for other computations.

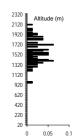


Height (79 records): 4% 0.2-1 m tall, 11% 1-2 m tall, 62% 2-5 m tall, 23% taller than 5 m. Pollinators: No data. Detailed Pollinators: No additional data.

**Habitat:** 

**Distance to Ocean** (79 records): 100% inland - further than 2 km from coast.

**Altitude** (79 records): 840 - 2020 m;  $1280_{lq}$  -  $1420_{med}$  -  $1520_{uq}$ m.



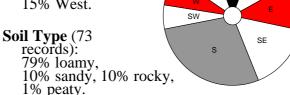
NE

**Landform** (74 records): 41% deep soil, 31% shallow soil.

20% riverine, 8% rocky outcrops.

Slope (75 records): 51% steep incline,
35% gentle incline, 8% hill top, 3% cliff,
3% valley bottom, 1% platform.

Aspect (71 records): 37% South, 25% East, 23% North, 15% West.



NW

10% sandy, 10% rocky, 1% peaty.

Soil Colour (72 records): 79% brown, 13% grey, 4% black, 4% red.

Geology (35 records): 63% sandstone, 20% shale, 9% dolerite, 3% conglomerate, 3% granite, 3% other.

Vegetation (74 records): 42% forest, 24% wooded grassland, 14% thicket

24% wooded grassland, 14% thicket, 9% grassland, 7% woodland, 4% shrubland.

**Conservation Status and Threat: Red Data List Status:** Least Concern. Occurrence (total): 12 109 km² with 33% conserved and 6% lost; Occupancy: 158 km<sup>2</sup> with 24% conserved and 27% lost. Fragmentation index: 1%.

Nature Reserves (79 records): 48% in nature reserves

Habitat destruction (74 records): 55% extensive natural habitat, 28% naturally linear habitats, 9% islands, 7% naturally fragmented habitats.

Alien Invasive Species (67 records): 52% none, 31% *Pinus*, 12% Fabaceae (chiefly alien *Acacia*), 3% other aliens, 1% Myrtaceae.

Alien Density (67 records): 52% alien-free, 39% sparse, 4% abundant, 4% dense.

Cultivation & Utilization:
Picking (54 records): 96% no sign of picking,
2% lightly picked, 2% severely picked.
Cultivation Status: No noted cultivation.

Atlassers Notes:
Flowers: scent of melted sugary butter - hot freshly baked cookies (APE94021607);
Had galls (NGFY0040501);
Ringbarked for muti purposes - large strips have been removed with a few trees dead (LOT96052801).

Confusing Species: Misidentified with F. macnaughtonii. Records of identification queries = 7 Records of corrected identification queries = 6.

Variation and Taxonomy: None known.

Distribution: Add. **INCLUDEPICTURE** "C:\\temp\\atlas\\FAGALP\_m.jpg" \\* MERGEFORMAT \d

# Faurea macnaughtonii Phill. **Terblanz Beechwood**

**Terblans** 

Other Common Names: Egossa Beechwood, Bosboekenhout, Egossaboekenhout, Rooiboekenhout, iSafo (Xhosa), isiSefo

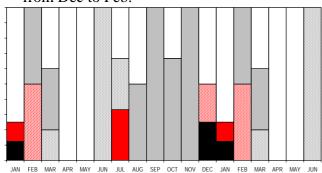
Other Scientific Names: natalensis Phill.

40 Records

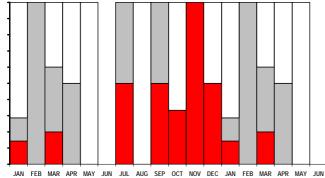
**Population** (32 records): 0% Common,

25% Frequent, 75% Rare. **Dispersion** (22 records): 64% clumped, 27% variable, 5% evenly distributed, 5% widespread.

Flowering (34 records with: Jan 8, Feb 2, Mar 5, Apr 2, May 1, Jun 1, Jul 3, Aug 2, Sep 2, Oct 3, Nov 1, Dec 4): Buds from Feb and Dec; Flowering from Jul; Peak Flowering from Dec; Over from Mar and Jun to Jul; Fruit from Feb to Mar and Aug to Nov; Nothing from Dec to Jan and Mar to May and Jul to Aug and Oct. Peak levels at 100% in Jun. Historically recorded as flowering from Dec to Feb.



Growth (30 records with: Jan 7, Feb 2, Mar 5, Apr 2, May 1, Jun 0, Jul 2, Aug 1, Sep 2, Oct 3, Nov 1, Dec 4): Much from Mar and Jul and Sep to Dec; Rare from Feb to Apr and Jul and Sep; None from Dec to Jan and Mar to May and Aug and Oct. Peak levels at 100% in Nov.



**Seedlings** (14 records): All without any seedlings present.

Fire Survival (6 records): 100% escaped fires in fire-safe areas.

**Age to first flowering:** Not relevant as no fire data.

**Height** (38 records): 5% 0.2-1 m tall, 11% 1-2 m tall, 13% 2-5 m tall, 71% taller than 5 m. **Pollinators**: No data.

Altitude (m)

0 0.05 0.1 0.15

2120

1920

1720 1520 1320

420

**Detailed Pollinators:** No additional data.

**Distance to Ocean** (31 records): 97% inland - further than 2 km from coast.

**Altitude** (31 records): 20 - 1520 m; 260 <sub>lq</sub> - 420 <sub>med</sub> - 440 <sub>uq</sub>m.

**Landform** (30 records): 60% deep soil, 23% shallow soil,

17% riverine. **Slope** (29 records): 41% steep incline, 41% gentle incline,

14% platform, 3% valley bottom.

Aspect (25 records): 40% South, 26% East, 24% West,

SW 10% North. SE Soil Type (29 records):
62% loamy, 21% sandy,
10% clayey, 3% peaty, 3% rocky.
Soil Colour (29 records): 59% brown,
24% grey, 10% black, 3% orange, 3% red.
Geology (20 records): 60% sandstone,
30% shale, 5% conglomerate, 5% other.
Vegetation (30 records): 77% forest,
10% shrubland, 7% grassland, 3% wooded grassland, 3% agricultural lands.

**Conservation Status and Threat:** 

Red Data List Status: Least Concern.
Occurrence (total): 292 700 km2 with 3%
conserved and 16% lost; Occupancy: 69 km2
with 33% conserved and 25% lost. Fragmentation index: 0%.

Nature Reserves (31 records): 61% in nature reserves - well conserved.

Habitat destruction (25 records): 60% extensive natural habitat, 24% islands, 12% naturally linear habitats, 4% road verges.

Alien Invasive Species (24 records): 79% none, 8% Fabaceae (chiefly alien *Acacia*), 8% *Pinus*, 4% Myrtaceae. **Alien Density** (24 records): 79% alien-free, 17% sparse, 4% abundant.

**Cultivation & Utilization:** 

Picking (13 records): 100% no sign of picking. Cultivation Status: Plantings - 6 records (15%), Augmentations - I records (3%).

**Atlassers Notes:** 

Masses of young trees and seedlings - parent tree cannot be found (OUTY0011503);
Mostly young trees about 2m on n of road 1 very large forest tree s of road (OUTY0011508);

Only 2 juveniles found (LOT99061801); 4 juveniles and 3 adult trees (LOT99062303); Although I saw only one tree the forester informed me that they were frequent in the forest (RHEY2072201);

Confusing Species: None in the Proteaceae. Easily confused with several other tree species, especially since flowers usually invisible in canopy. Young plants unmistakable.

Records of identification queries = 7.

Variation and Taxonomy: Leaves were thought to be smaller to the north, but additional data shewed these to be overlapping.

**Distribution:** Add. **INCLUDEPICTURE** "C:\\temp\\atlas\\FAMACN\_m.jpg" \\* MERGEFORMAT \d

# Faurea rochetiana (A.Rich.)Pic.Serm.

#### **Broad-leaf Beechwood**

Breeblaarboekenhout

Other Common Names: Large-leaf Beechwood, Pussycat Tail, kapfutsa, Mogwapi (N-Sotho), mugarahungwe, mugarohorwe, munhanganza, mutsatsati (central Shona), muzhenje, Segwapi (N-Sotho), Sicalaba (Swazi), umdwadwa (siNdébele)

Other Scientific Names: CHECK UP None.

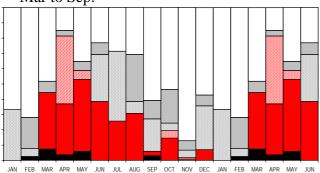
600 Records

**Population** (591 records): 17% Common,

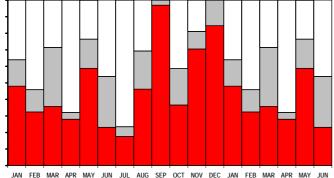
60% Frequent, 23% Rare. **Dispersion** (479 records): 68% variable, 17% clumped, 13% widespread, 1% evenly distributed

GISTIDUIGU.

Flowering (509 records with: Jan 24, Feb 39, Mar 27, Apr 27, May 17, Jun 13, Jul 35, Aug 13, Sep 33, Oct 41, Nov 226, Dec 14): Buds from Apr; Flowering from Mar to Aug and Oct; Peak Flowering from not prominent; Over from Dec to Jan and Jun to 46 and Sep; Fruit from Feb and Aug to Oct; Nothing from May to Mar. Peak levels at 81% in Apr. Historically recorded as flowering from Mar to Sep.



**Growth** (506 records with: Jan 25, Feb 37, Mar 28, Apr 25, May 17, Jun 13, Jul 34, Aug 13, Sep 33, Oct 41, Nov 227, Dec 13): Much from Aug to Jun; Rare from Jan, Mar, Jun, Aug and Oct; None from Oct to Aug. Peak levels at 100% in Sep and Dec.



Seedlings (155 records): Absent in 77%: fewer seedlings than prefire adults in 17 cases, and more in 1 case. Seedlings found in Jan (2), Mar (2), Apr, Jun (2), Jul (3), Sep (2) and Oct (6).

**Fire Survival** (197 records): 49% resprouted from aerial trunks, 41% escaped fires in firesafe areas, 10% resprouted from underground boles.

Age to first flowering: First flowers recorded at 1 years, 50% estimated at 2 years, and 100% not recorded.



Height (546 records): 5% 0.2-1 m tall, 18% 1-2 m tall, 68% 2-5 m tall, 8% taller than 5 m. Pollinators (11 records): 55% flies, 36% bees or wasps, 9% butterflies or moths. **Detailed Pollinators** (1 record): Honey Bee.

Altitude (m)

1920

1720 1520 1320

1120

920 620 420

**Distance to Ocean** (596 records): 100% inland - further than 2

km from coast. **Altitude** (596 records): 360 -2120 m; 960 lq - 1200 med -1380 uam.

**Landform** (552 records): 61% deep soil, 27% shallow soil, 10% rocky outcrops, 2% riverine, 0.4% swamp. **Slope** (549 records): 47% steep incline,

44% gentle incline, 4% platform, 4% hill top, 0.5% valley bottom, 0.4% cliff.

Aspect (513 records):
27% West, 26% North, 24% East, 23% South.

Soil Type (539 records): 72% loamy, 13% sandy, 10% clayey, 3% gravelly,

2% rocky.

Soil Colour (541 records): 63% brown,
20% red, 7% grey, 7% orange, 1% black,
1% yellow, 0.2% white.

Geology (342 records): 63% granite, 13% shale,
13% sandstone, 8% dolerite, 1% basalt,
0.9% other, 0.6% conglomerate,
0.3% silcrete or ferricrete. 0.3% silcrete or ferricrete

Vegetation (547 records): 48% wooded grassland, 24% grassland, 21% woodland, 4% shrubland, 1% thicket, 0.9% plantations, 0.5% forest, 0.2% agricultural lands.

Conservation Status and Threat:
Red Data List Status: Least Concern.
Occurrence (total): 421 400 km² with 6%
conserved and 39% lost; Occupancy:
1 119 km² with 8% conserved and 23% lost. Fragmentation index: 0%.

Nature Reserves (596 records): 23% in nature reserves.

Habitat destruction (536 records):
75% extensive natural habitat, 10% islands,
7% road verges, 4% naturally linear habitats,
3% naturally fragmented habitats,
1% corridors, 0.4% patches.

Alien Invasive Species (527 records):
53% none, 20% *Pinus*, 13% Fabaceae
(chiefly alien *Acacia*), 8% Myrtaceae,

6% other aliens

Alien Density (526 records): 53% alien-free, 31% sparse, 10% abundant, 5% dense, 0.2% impenetrable.

Cultivation & Utilization:
Picking (300 records): 99% no sign of picking,
0.3% lightly picked, 0.3% severely picked.
Cultivation Status: No noted cultivation.

**Atlassers Notes:** 

In its stunted form (often less than 1 m tall) is very characteristic of serpentine patches on Songoimveld (MSA95030302);

Some pink to red flowered and some green to white flowered (RHEY0061605);

Have not grown at all - they are static: which is surprising as good rain fell late in the season and ran off quickly (IBG93051001);

Probably too much competition with grasses for seedlings - never seen any anywhere to date (IBG93052802);

Been chopped for wood - other trees not touched - due to relatively soft wood? (RHEY0092403); Some cutting of trees and bark removal observed (KPB92120301); Large tree ringbanded for muti

(AGR98111020); Huge tree with bark stripping - suspected for muti (GYC98021306); Trunks used as fence posts (AGR98111217);

Flowerswith fantastic buttered corncob scent - no pollinators seen (mid morning - 30 minutes) (AGRY4071508);

**Confusing Species:** None noted. Records of identification queries = 7

**Variation and Taxonomy:** No variation noted, other than stunted forms on serpentine soils.

**Distribution:** Add. **INCLUDEPICTURE** 

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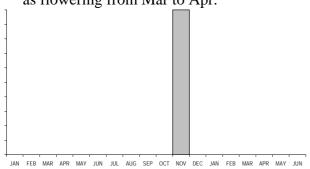
## Faurea rubriflora Baker Manica Beechwood

**Other Common Names:** None known. **Other Scientific Names:** *None*.

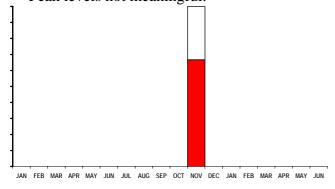
3 Records Population (3 records): 0% Common,

0% Frequent, 100% Rare. **Dispersion** (3 records): 67% variable,

33% clumped. Flowering (3 records with: Jan 0, Feb 0, Mar 0, Apr 0, May 0, Jun 0, Jul 0, Aug 0, Sep 0, Oct 0, Nov 3, Dec 0): Fruit from Nov; Peak levels not meaningful. Historically recorded as flowering from Mar to Apr.



Growth (3 records with: Jan 0, Feb 0, Mar 0, Apr 0, May 0, Jun 0, Jul 0, Aug 0, Sep 0, Oct 0, Nov 3, Dec 0): Much and None from Nov. Peak levels not meaningful.



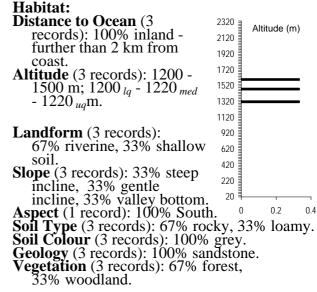
**Seedlings** (2 records): All without any seedlings present.

**Fire Survival** (1 record): 100% resprouted from aerial trunks.

Age to first flowering: No data.

**Height** (3 records): 33% 2-5 m tall, 67% taller than 5 m.

Pollinators: No data.
Detailed Pollinators: No additional data.



Conservation Status and Threat: Red Data List Status: Least Concern. Occurrence and Occupancy not computed. Nature Reserves (3 records): 100% in nature reserves - well conserved. **Habitat destruction** (3 records): 100% naturally linear habitats. Alien Invasive Species (3 records): 100% none.

**Cultivation & Utilization: Picking** (3 records): 100% no sign of picking. **Cultivation Status:** No noted cultivation.

Alien Density (3 records): 100% alien-free.

**Atlassers Notes:** None.

**Confusing Species:** None. Records of identification queries = 2.

Variation and Taxonomy: None noted.

**Distribution:** Add. **INCLUDEPICTURE** "C:\\temp\\atlas\\FARUBR\_m.jpg" \\* MERGEFORMAT \d

## Faurea saligna Harv. Transvaal Beechwood

Transvaalboekenhout

Other Common Names: African Beech, African Beechwood, Bushveld Beechwood, Red Beechwood, Transvaal-Buche, Beukenhout, Bosveldboekenhout, Geelboekenhout, Rooiboekenhout, Waboom, Witboekenhout, isiQalaba (Swazi), isiSefo (Zulu), kapfutsa, Mofufu (Setswana), Mohlako (N-Sotho), Mongena (N-Sotho), Monyena (Setswana), mugarahorwe, munyanganza, muTango (Venda), mutsatsati (Central Shona), muzhenie, Nyamidzumba (central Shona), muzhenje, N'wamidzumba (Tsonga), Sicalaba (Swazi), Siqalaba (Swazi), umCalathole (Zulu), umdwadwa (siNdebele)

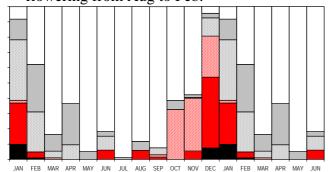
Other Scientific Names: None.

1224 Records

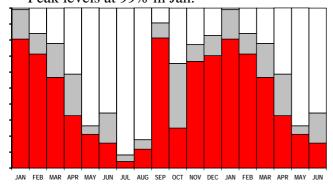
**Population** (1182 records): 23% Common,

65% Frequent, 13% Rare. **Dispersion** (1095 records): 69% variable, 2% clumped, 8% widespread, 1% evenly distributed.

Flowering (988 records with: Jan 111, Feb 103, Mar 92, Apr 52, May 39, Jun 33, Jul 85, Aug 17, Sep 65, Oct 52, Nov 272, Dec 67): Buds from Oct to Dec; Flowering from Dec to Jan; Peak Flowering from not prominent; Over from Jan to Feb; Fruit from Feb and Apr; Nothing from Feb to Nov. Peak levels at 93% in Dec. Historically recorded as flowering from Aug to Feb.



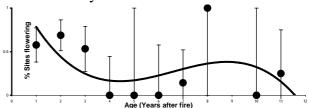
**Growth** (971 records with: Jan 103, Feb 101, Mar 90, Apr 58, May 38, Jun 32, Jul 73, Aug 17, Sep 64, Oct 52, Nov 279, Dec 64): Much from Sep to May; Rare from Mar to Apr and Oct; None from Mar to Aug and Oct to Nov. Peak levels at 99% in Jan.



**Seedlings** (254 records): Absent in 84%: fewer seedlings than prefire adults in 16 cases, and more in 4 cases. Seedlings found in Jan, Feb, Mar (2), Apr (4), Jun (5), Jul (2), Sep (2), and Dec (3)

Fire Survival (255 records): 69% resprouted from aerial trunks, 26% escaped fires in firesafe areas, 4% resprouted from underground boles, 0.4% eliminated from the area by

**Age to first flowering:** First flowers recorded at 1 years, 50% estimated at 1 years, and 100% rarely recorded.



Height (1156 records): 3% 0.2-1 m tall, 9% 1-2 m tall, 59% 2-5 m tall, 29% taller than 5 m. Pollinators (17 records): 53% bees or wasps, 24% none observed, 18% beetles, 6% birds. Detailed Pollinators (6 records): Honey Bee (3), Wasp (unspecified) (2), Solitary Bee.

2320 =

2120

1920

1720

1520

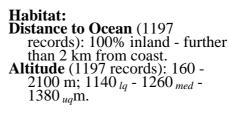
1320 1120

> 920 620

420

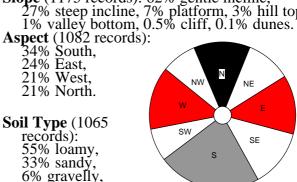
220

Altitude (m)



**Landform** (1164 records): 67% deep soil, 24% shallow soil, 6% riverine, 3% rocky outcrops

Slope (1175 records): 62% gentle incline, 27% steep incline, 7% platform, 3% hill top, 1% valley bottom, 0.5% cliff, 0.1% dunes.



6% gravelly, 4% rocky, 2% clayey. Soil Colour (1056 records): 64% brown, 20% red, 7% grey, 6% orange, 3% yellow, 0.4% black, 0.3% white. Geology (675 records): 49% sandstone,

20% granite, 17% shale, 9% conglomerate, 2% dolerite, 1% basalt, 0.4% other, 0.3% Tertiary sands, 0.1% limestone, 0.1% silcrete or ferricrete.

Vegetation (1178 records): 56% wooded grassland, 29% woodland, 10% grassland, 3% shrubland, 1% thicket, 0.8% forest, 0.2% plantations, 0.1% agricultural lands, 0.1% suburban.

**Conservation Status and Threat:** 

Red Data List Status: Least Concern.
Occurrence (total): 1 355 000 km² with 2% conserved and 37% lost; Occupancy: 2 254 km² with 30% conserved and 12% lost. Fragmentation index: 0%.

Nature Reserves (1197 records): 45% in nature reserves.

**Habitat destruction** (1154 records)

89% extensive natural habitat, 5% islands, 3% naturally linear habitats, 2% road verges, 0.4% corridors, 0.3% naturally fragmented

Alien Invasive Species (1095 records): 77% none, 7% other aliens, 6% Myrtaceae, 5% Fabaceae (chiefly alien *Acacia*), 4% *Pinus*, 0.2% annual alien grasses. **Alien Density** (1089 records): 78% alien-free, 17% sparse, 4% abundant, 1% dense.

**Cultivation & Utilization:** 

Picking (717 records): 99% no sign of picking, 1% severely picked, 0.1% lightly picked.

Cultivation Status: Plantings - 1 records (0.08%).

Witch's Broom Infestation: 1 records (0.08%).

#### **Atlassers Notes:**

An absence of trees of different ages - a few 2m high poorly grown - stunted gnarled (IBG94012301); Dwarf trees - larger trees latter found at lower altitudes – due to frost? (LOT98012601);

Possibly flowering in the past and giving rise to bushes surrounding it no indication that flowering took place this year (ELO95051101);
All plants sterile (GYC98021308);
Trunks sawed off and used for firewood!

(AGR99110213); Collected for firewood (AGR99110217); Rural area most trees cut down for firewood (LOTY0012105); Signs of woodcutting before area become part of reserve in 1986 (MSA93042302); Almost as if the rural settlements have cut all the other trees down and left these two standing Trees are full of seed - do they perhaps leave the well known prolific fruiters?

(LOTY0012301); Lots of Voelent *Viscum* present (RHEY0012309); Witches Broom parasite abundant (JOOY0090302);

**Confusing Species:** Mistaken for *F. galpinii* and *F. rochetiana*. Records of identification queries = 12Records of corrected identification queries = 6.

**Variation and Taxonomy:** No variation noted.

**Distribution:** Add. **INCLUDEPICTURE** "C:\\temp\\atlas\\FASALI\_m.jpg" \\* MERGEFORMAT \d