

[10.1071/BT21049](https://doi.org/10.1071/BT21049)

Australian Journal of Botany

Supplementary Material

Functional evaluation of height–diameter relationships and tree development in an Australian subtropical rainforest

Steven R. Howell^{A,B}, Guo-Zhang Michael Song^{A,C}, Kuo-Jung Chao^D, and David Doley^{A,E,}*

^ADepartment of Botany, The University of Queensland, Brisbane, Qld 4072, Australia.

^BPresent address: School of Earth and Environmental Sciences, The University of Queensland, Brisbane, Qld 4072, Australia.

^CPresent address: Department of Soil and Water Conservation, National Chung Hsing University, 145 Xingda Road, South District, Taichung City 402, Taiwan.

^DInternational Master Program of Agriculture, National Chung Hsing University, 145 Xingda Road, South District, Taichung City 402, Taiwan.

^EPresent address: Centre for Mined Land Rehabilitation, Sustainable Minerals Institute, The University of Queensland, Brisbane, Qld 4072, Australia.

*Correspondence to: David Doley Centre for Mined Land Rehabilitation, The University of Queensland, Brisbane, Qld 4072, Australia Email: d.doley@uq.edu.au

Supplementary Figures

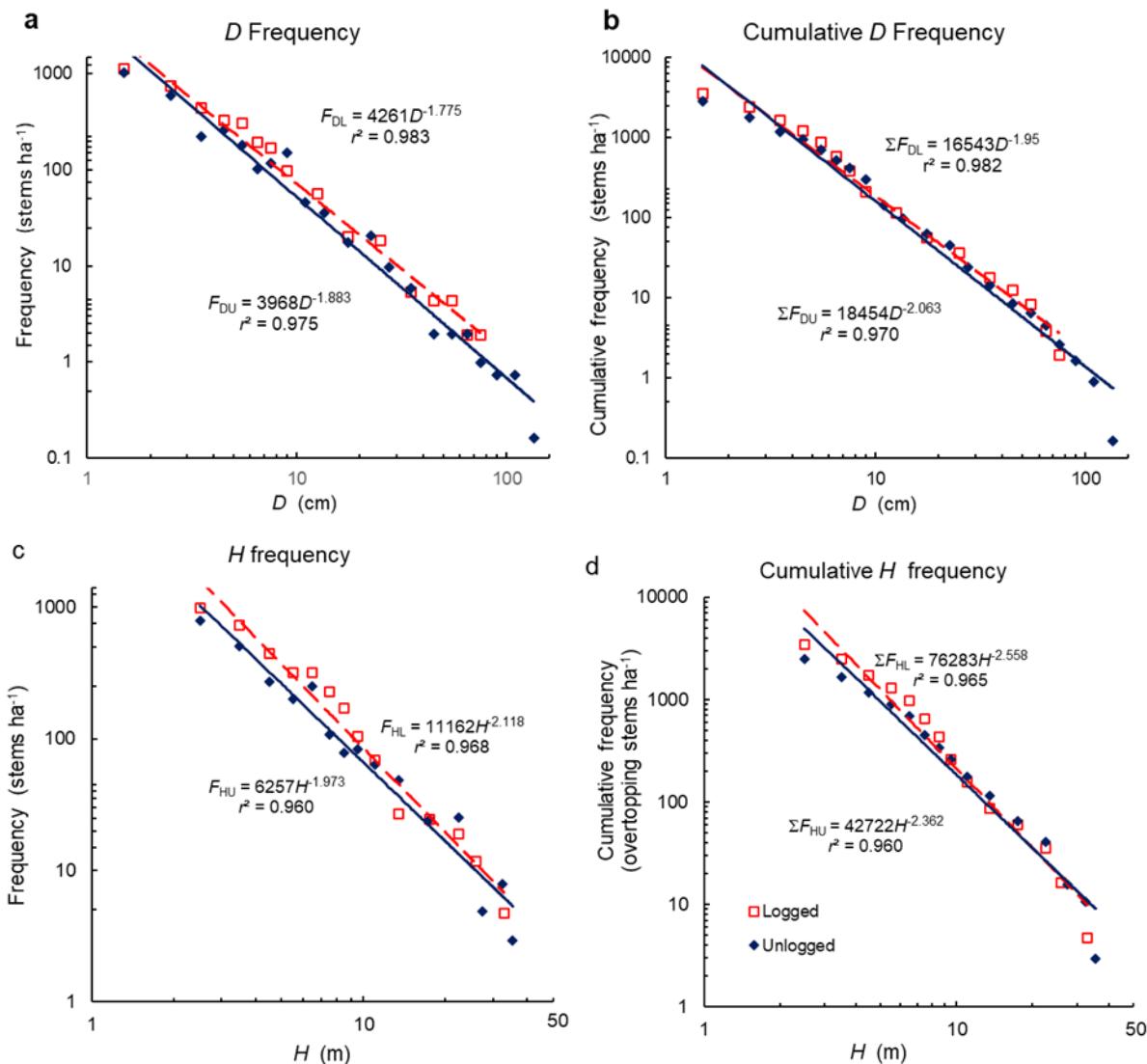


Fig. S1. Frequency distributions of diameter at breast height (D) for (a) 1-cm D -class means, (b) cumulative frequency (total number of larger stems), and distributions of total tree height (H) for (c) 1-m H -class means, (d) cumulative frequency (total number of taller trees), for unlogged (F_{DU}) and logged (F_{DL}) rainforest plots 41 years after initial disturbance.

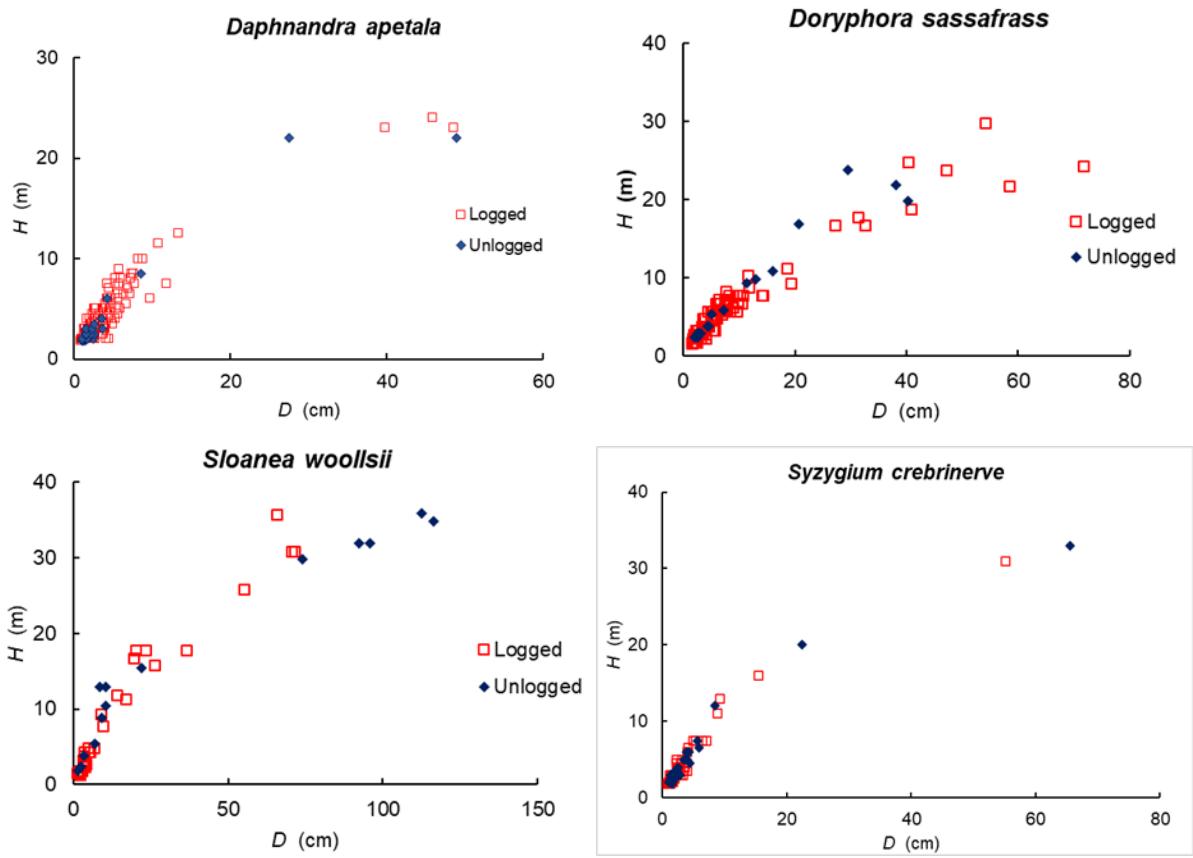


Fig. S2. Height (H) and diameter breast height (D) relationships in unlogged and logged plots for *Daphnandra apetala*, *Doryphora sassafras*, *Sloanea woollsii* and *Syzygium crebrinerve*. Note different D and H scales for each species.

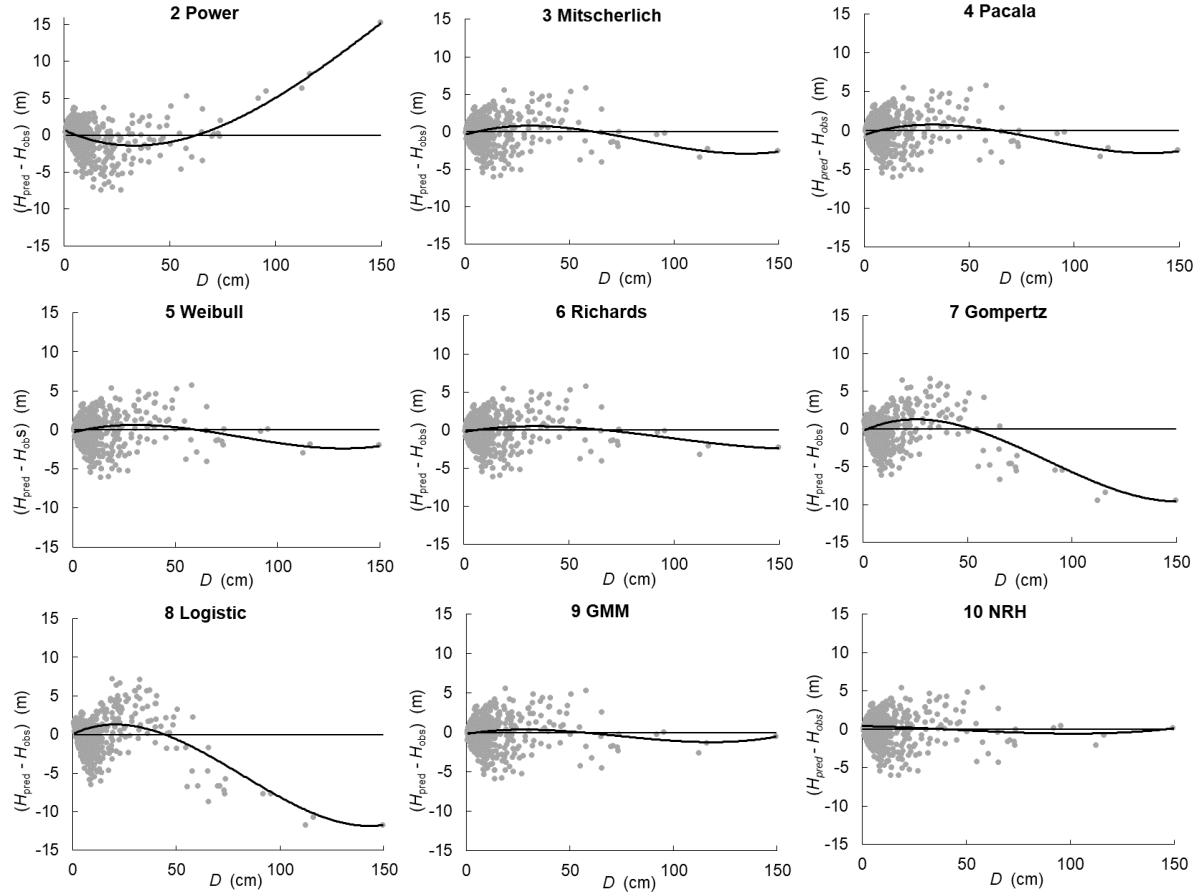
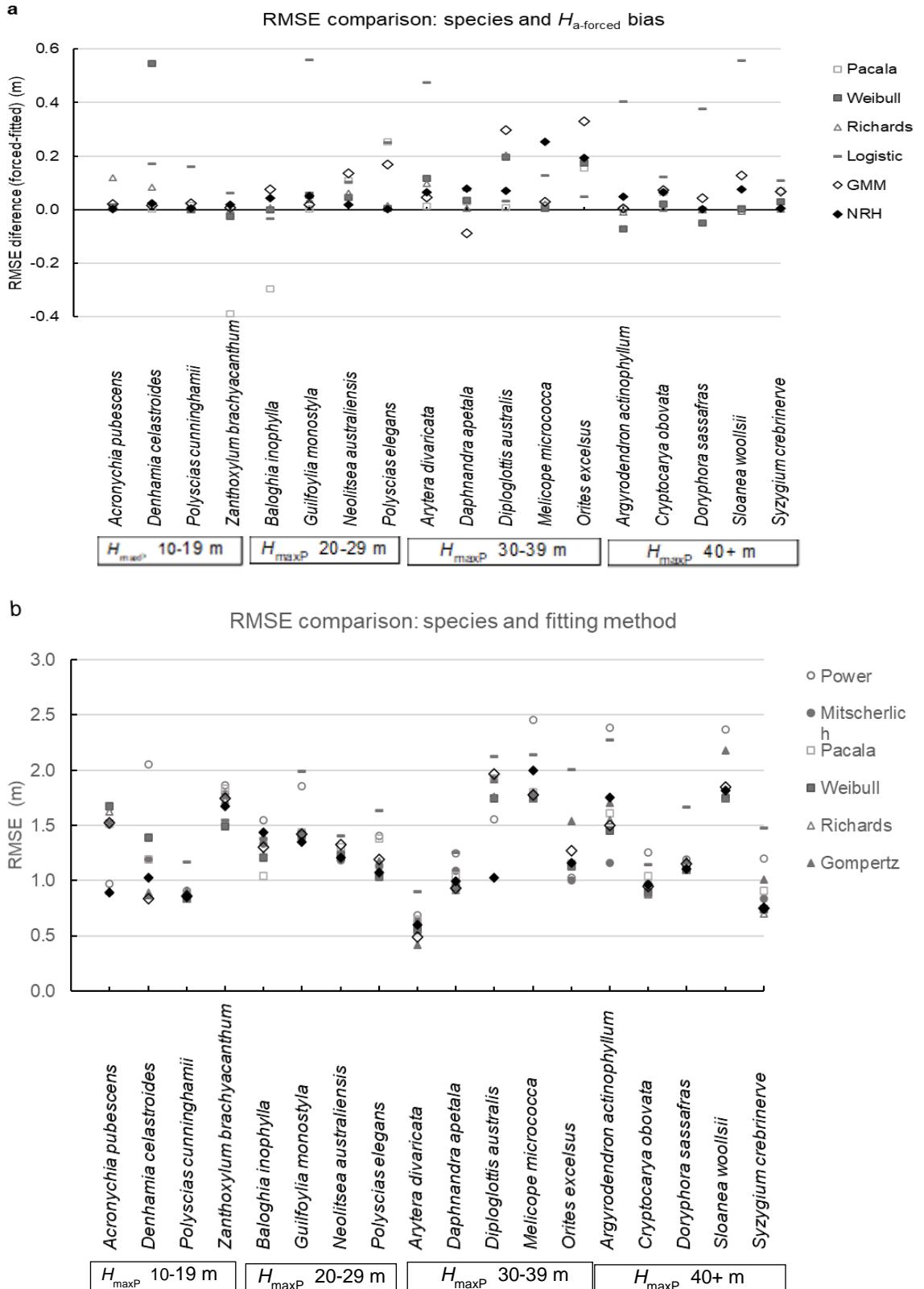


Fig. S3. Error in estimated height ($H_{\text{pred}} - H_{\text{obs}}$) of individual trees using selected H_a -fitted allometric equations (cf. Table 1) using Excel Solver fitting routines. In each graph, points above and below the horizontal line represent, respectively, overestimates and underestimates by the equations; the thick curve represents the size class mean trend.

Fig S4. (Below). Comparisons of residual mean square error (RMSE) values calculated for H/D relationships for 18 subtropical rainforest species, grouped in four structural classes as determined by Equations described in Table 1, with (a) increase in RMSE in H_a -forced as compared with H_a -fitted equations and (b) RMSE for H_a -forced equations.



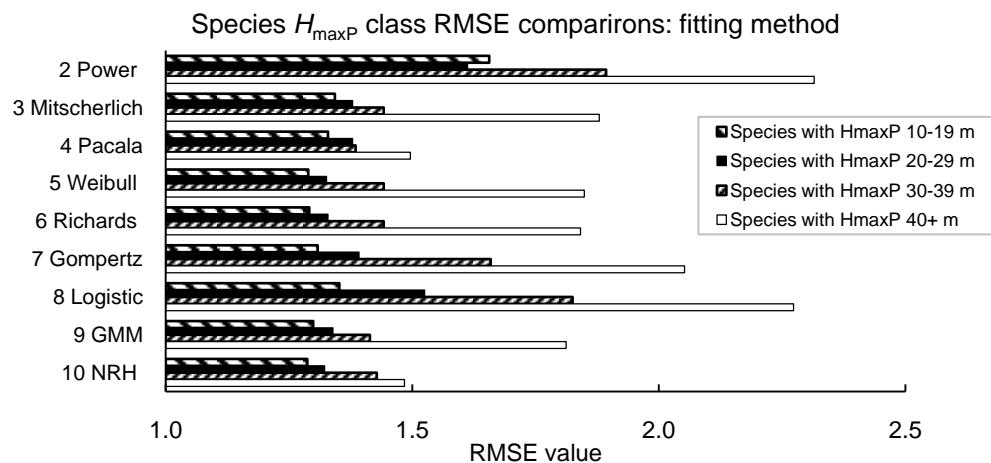


Fig S5. Comparison of residual mean square error (RMSE) values calculated by $H_{a\text{-fitted}}$ equations, defined in Table 1, for selected H/D relationships applied to subtropical rainforest species belonging to four species maximum height (published $H_{\max P}$) classes.

Supplementary Tables

Table S1. Adult tree structural category and selected characteristics of 18 species in a subtropical rainforest.

Symbols: n , number of stems; ^A, For study site trees: maximum local tree height (H_{maxL}) and maximum local diameter at breast height (D_{maxL}); ^B, H_{maxP} , D_{maxP} from published sources: (Francis 1970; Boland *et al.* 2006; Floyd 2008); ^C, ρ , dry wood basic density from Cause *et al.* (1989); n.a., not available. ^D, For convenience, *Argyrodendron actinophyllum* ssp. *actinophyllum* is referred to in text and tables as *Argyrodendron actinophyllum*.

Structural category	Species	Family	n	$H_{\text{maxL}}^{\text{A}}$ (m)	$D_{\text{maxL}}^{\text{A}}$ (cm)	$H_{\text{maxP}}^{\text{B}}$ (m)	$D_{\text{maxP}}^{\text{B}}$ (cm)	ρ^{C} (kg m ⁻³)
Understorey	<i>Acronychia pubescens</i> (F.M.Bailey) C.T.White	Rutaceae	55	10	12	15	18-30	640
	<i>Denhamia celastroides</i> (F.Muell.) Jessup	Celastraceae	18	17	30	15	50	n.a.
	<i>Polyosma cunninghamii</i> (F.Muell.) Harms	Polyosmaceae	67	15	22	15	25	720
	<i>Zanthoxylum brachyacanthum</i> F.Muell.	Rutaceae	63	16	25	15-18	20-35	825
Subdominant	<i>Baloghia inophylla</i> (G.Forst.) P.S.Green	Euphorbiaceae	47	20	30	20-24	30-50	720
	<i>Guilfoylia monostylis</i> (Benth.) F.Muell.	Surianaceae	18	25	55	20-25	30-65	930
	<i>Neolitsea australiensis</i> Kosterm.	Lauraceae	49	22	25	15-25	25	675
	<i>Polyscias elegans</i> (C.Moore & F.Muell.) Harms	Araliaceae	21	23	45	25-30	75	400
Codominant	<i>Arytera divaricata</i> F.Muell.	Sapindaceae	69	12	10	35	30	735
	<i>Daphnandra apetala</i> Schodde	Atherospermataceae	158	24	50	30	20-50	655
	<i>Diploglottis australis</i> (R.Br.) Hiern	Ebenaceae	20	31	60	30-35	75	800
	<i>Melicope micrococca</i> (F.Muell.) T.G.Hartley	Rutaceae	50	26	65	30-35	90	610
	<i>Orites excelsus</i> R.Br.	Proteaceae	25	32	70	30-35	75	575
Emergent	<i>Argyrodendron actinophyllum</i> ssp. <i>actinophyllum</i> (F.M.Bailey) Edlin ^D	Malvaceae	84	32	100	35-50	110-170	800
	<i>Cryptocarya obovata</i> R.Br.	Lauraceae	22	30	60	40	90	640
	<i>Doryphora sassafras</i> Endl.	Atherospermataceae	114	30	70	30-50	120	595
	<i>Sloanea woollsii</i> F.Muell.	Elaeocarpaceae	50	36	120	40-55	120-250	610
	<i>Syzygium crebrinerve</i> (C.T.White) L.A.S.Johnson	Myrtaceae	92	33	65	40-45	90	705

Table S2. Parameters of tree height/diameter relationships determined by R and Excel nonlinear regression routines

Abbreviations: n, sample size; Fitting: sources for statistical software: R *modelr* package (Wickham 2020); Microsoft Excel Solver; H_a , a , b and k values all obtained by fitting equations; SE, standard error of estimate; H_{D150} , estimated H for the largest tree ($D = 149.6$ cm, $H = 36$ m); H_{maxC} , calculated maximum tree height for the dataset ($H_a + 1.3$ m); R^2 , regression coefficient of determination; RMSE, root mean square error; AIC, Akaike's information criterion; Bias, mean bias of equation; ‘-’ indicates a parameter not estimated by the relevant procedure.

Equation	<i>n</i>	Fitting	<i>H</i> _a	SE _{<i>H</i>_a}	<i>H</i> _{D150}	<i>H</i> _{maxC}	<i>a</i>	SE _{<i>a</i>}	<i>b</i>	SE _{<i>b</i>}	<i>R</i> ²	RMSE	AIC	Bias
(1) Linear (<i>H</i> <8 m)	869	R	-	-	-	-	0.760	0.008	-	-	0.917	0.946	2372.7	-0.048
		Excel	-	-	-	-	0.760	-	-	-	0.733	0.946	-	-0.048
(2) Power	1122	R	-	-	51.0	-	1.578	0.033	0.688	0.006	0.907	1.759	4456.8	0.288
		Excel	-	-	51.5	-	1.563	-	0.692	-	0.903	1.756	-	0.279
(3) Mitscherlich	1122	R	32.59	0.51	33.4	33.9	0.029	0.010	-	-	0.937	1.430	3992.9	0.059
		Excel	32.61	-	33.4	33.9	0.029	-	-	-	0.937	1.426	-	0.081
(4) Pacala	1122	R	32.59	0.51	33.5	33.9	0.938	0.010	-	-	0.937	1.430	3992.9	0.058
		Excel	32.59	-	33.4	33.9	0.936	-	-	-	0.937	1.424	-	0.057
(5) Weibull	1122	R	33.32	0.79	34.0	34.6	0.029	0.001	0.983	0.014	0.937	1.429	3993.4	0.077
		Excel	33.37	-	34.0	34.2	0.029	-	0.989	-	0.937	1.422	-	0.082
(6) Richards	1122	R	32.86	0.69	33.7	34.2	0.028	0.001	0.990	0.018	0.937	1.430	3994.7	0.067
		Excel	32.90	-	33.7	34.2	0.028	-	0.989	-	0.937	1.422	-	0.067
(7) Gompertz	1122	R	25.23	0.32	26.5	26.5	0.089	0.002	2.906	0.037	0.908	1.725	4416.1	0.114
		Excel	25.27	-	26.6	26.6	0.088	-	2.902	-	0.908	1.719	-	0.113
(8) Logistic	1122	R	22.94	0.29	24.2	24.2	0.167	0.004	11.47	0.38	0.883	1.955	4696.5	0.173
		Excel	22.98	-	24.1	24.1	0.167	-	11.43	-	0.882	1.949	-	0.172
Equation	<i>n</i> ^A	Fitting	<i>H</i> _a	SE _{<i>H</i>_a}	<i>H</i> _{D150}	<i>H</i> _{maxC}	<i>a</i>	SE _{<i>a</i>}	<i>b</i>	SE _{<i>b</i>}	<i>R</i> ²	RMSE	AIC	
(9) GMM	1122	R	41.42	1.30	35.5	42.7	48.43 ^(k)	1.36	1.083	0.019	0.939	1.407	3957.8	0.044
		Excel	41.42	-	35.4	42.7	48.43 ^(k)	-	1.083	-	0.939	1.399	-	0.044
(10) NRH	1122	R	43.27	2.14	36.2	44.6	0.968	0.019	0.240	0.114	0.938	1.416	3973.3	0.101
		Excel	43.36	-	36.2	44.6	0.968	-	0.236	-	0.938	1.409	-	0.100

Table S3. Parameters of equations, defined in Table 1 and fitted by Microsoft Excel Solver, describing tree H/D relationships for selected subtropical rainforest species

Abbreviations: $H_{\max P}$, maximum height; n , number of stems; NRH, non-rectangular hyperbola; a , slope coefficient; k , half-saturation rate for Generalised Michaelis-Menten function (Equation 9); b , curvature coefficient; R^2 , coefficient of determination; RMSE, root mean square error. H_a values in Roman face obtained by fitting equation, $H_{\max L}$ values in italics applied to equation (forced) from field data. For NRH H_a -fitted functions (10A), values of b in bold type are constraints applied to achieve a solution.

$H_{\max P}$ (m)	Species	(1) Linear <8 m			(2A) Power <8 m				(2B) Power all data				
		n	a	R^2	a	b	R^2	RMSE	n	a	b	R^2	RMSE
10-19	<i>Acronychia pubescens</i>	26	0.85	0.641	0.774	0.633	0.660	1.024	55	1.198	0.797	0.765	0.971
	<i>Denhamia celastroides</i>	12	0.832	0.816	0.906	0.859	0.832	0.572	18	1.943	0.565	0.832	2.054
	<i>Polyosma cunninghamii</i>	38	0.848	0.850	0.875	0.98	0.85	0.728	67	1.135	0.794	0.787	0.906
	<i>Zanthoxylum brachyacanthum</i>	12	0.897	0.852	1.084	0.884	0.85	0.747	63	1.452	0.788	0.757	1.864
20-29	<i>Baloghia inophylla</i>	31	0.738	0.790	0.657	1.05	0.788	0.799	45	0.814	0.953	0.927	1.545
	<i>Guilfoylia monostylis</i>	6	0.812	0.934	0.955	0.88	0.793	0.87	18	1.650	0.675	0.937	1.855
	<i>Neolitsea australiensis</i>	24	0.854	0.717	0.904	0.579	0.911	0.434	49	1.075	0.866	0.915	1.186
	<i>Polyscias elegans</i>	10	0.843	0.849	0.973	0.857	0.888	0.832	21	1.283	0.783	0.958	1.407
30-39	<i>Arytera divaricata</i>	17	1.039	0.917	0.813	1.179	0.933	0.476	69	1.124	0.879	0.893	0.690
	<i>Daphnandra apetala</i>	110	0.818	0.677	0.682	1.135	0.729	0.904	156	1.121	0.789	0.786	1.248
	<i>Diploglottis australis</i>	9	1.344	0.917	1.176	1.088	0.866	0.556	20	2.285	0.623	0.958	1.558
	<i>Melicope micrococca</i>	12	0.798	0.672	0.749	0.789	0.904	0.709	49	1.764	0.678	0.636	2.453
	<i>Orites excelsus</i>	16	0.772	0.833	0.520	1.276	0.868	0.561	25	1.118	0.774	0.984	1.028
40+	<i>Argyrodendron actinophyllum</i>	61	0.814	0.666	1.128	0.799	0.695	0.863	82	1.839	0.686	0.842	2.385
	<i>Cryptocarya obovata</i>	16	0.844	0.725	0.719	1.125	0.838	0.921	22	1.437	0.736	0.954	1.257
	<i>Doryphora sassafras</i>	74	0.737	0.784	0.674	1.082	0.778	0.738	114	1.096	0.777	0.278	1.189
	<i>Sloanea woollsii</i>	26	0.658	0.785	0.753	0.888	0.699	0.576	50	1.919	0.627	0.915	2.371
	<i>Syzygium crebrinerve</i>	81	0.914	0.828	1.073	0.903	0.828	0.655	92	1.322	0.779	0.944	1.202

Table S3 contd.

$H_{\max P}$ (m)	Species	n	(3) Mitscherlich				(4A) Pacala H_a fitted			
			$H_{a\text{-fitted}}$	a	R^2	RMSE	$H_{a\text{-fitted}}$	a	R^2	RMSE
10-19	<i>Acronychia pubescens</i>	55	12.6	0.080	0.515	1.511	12.6	1.003	0.515	1.511
	<i>Denhamia celastroides</i>	18	16.7	0.077	0.943	1.193	16.7	1.282	0.943	1.193
	<i>Polyosma cunninghamii</i>	67	17.7	0.055	0.929	0.845	17.7	0.964	0.924	0.845
	<i>Zanthoxylum brachyacanthum</i>	63	21.9	0.054	0.777	1.785	18.5	1.580	0.655	2.220
20-29	<i>Baloghia inophylla</i>	45	49.0	0.018	0.948	1.335	49.0	0.860	0.948	1.335
	<i>Guilfoylia monostylis</i>	18	25.3	0.039	0.962	1.439	25.3	0.977	0.962	1.439
	<i>Neolitsea austrioliensis</i>	49	39.0	0.023	0.914	1.194	39.0	0.908	0.914	1.194
	<i>Polyscias elegans</i>	21	30.7	0.032	0.973	1.128	30.7	0.969	0.973	1.128
30-39	<i>Arytera divaricata</i>	69	15.2	0.077	0.917	0.631	15.1	1.161	0.917	0.631
	<i>Daphnandra apetala</i>	156	29.1	0.032	0.923	1.089	28.5	0.946	0.935	1.013
	<i>Diploglottis australis</i>	20	29.8	0.04	0.936	1.917	29.8	1.181	0.936	1.916
	<i>Melicope micrococca</i>	49	28.2	0.035	0.903	1.786	28.2	0.9790	0.903	1.786
	<i>Orites excelsus</i>	25	40.9	0.017	0.985	0.999	40.9	0.710	0.985	0.999
40+	<i>Argyrodendron actinophyllum</i>	82	32.9	0.034	0.934	1.161	32.9	1.104	0.934	1.611
	<i>Cryptocarya obovata</i>	22	33.5	0.031	0.972	0.973	33.5	1.030	0.972	0.974
	<i>Doryphora sassafras</i>	114	29.6	0.026	0.949	1.101	29.6	0.784	0.949	1.101
	<i>Sloanea woollsii</i>	50	35.2	0.026	0.988	1.744	35.2	0.911	0.988	1.744
	<i>Syzygium crebrinerve</i>	92	37.9	0.028	0.973	0.840	37.9	1.079	0.973	0.840

Table S3. contd.

$H_{\max P}$ (m)	Species	n	(4B) Pacala $H_{\max L}$ forced				(5A) Weibull H_a fitted				
			$H_{\max L}$	a	R^2	RMSE	$H_{a\text{-fitted}}$	a	b	R^2	RMSE
10-19	<i>Acronychia pubescens</i>	55	10	1.087	0.512	1.516	850	0.001	0.83	0.478	1.661
	<i>Denhamia celastroides</i>	18	17	1.272	0.943	1.195	15.6	0.038	1.459	0.972	0.846
	<i>Polyosma cunninghamii</i>	67	15	1.025	0.926	0.861	15.1	0.057	1.083	0.819	0.84
	<i>Zanthoxylum brachyacanthum</i>	63	16	1.341	0.766	1.830	14.5	0.037	1.467	0.839	1.519
20-29	<i>Baloghia inophylla</i>	45	20	1.145	0.969	1.039	19.8	0.023	1.385	0.956	1.212
	<i>Guilfoylia monostylis</i>	18	25	0.986	0.962	1.440	22.1	0.028	1.199	0.966	1.356
	<i>Neolitsea australiensis</i>	49	22	1.045	0.897	1.304	1198	0.001	0.869	0.915	1.186
	<i>Polyscias elegans</i>	21	23	1.130	0.959	1.383	23.8	0.027	1.211	0.978	1.031
30-39	<i>Arytera divaricata</i>	69	12	1.238	0.914	0.644	7.8	0.088	1.623	0.957	0.44
	<i>Daphnandra apetala</i>	156	25	0.988	0.931	1.042	22.4	0.026	1.302	0.948	0.902
	<i>Diploglottis australis</i>	20	31	1.146	0.936	1.924	102	0.021	0.674	0.958	1.55
	<i>Melicope micrococca</i>	49	26	1.013	0.901	1.803	24.7	0.027	1.167	0.816	1.744
	<i>Orites excelsus</i>	25	32	0.816	0.980	1.154	56.7	0.016	0.896	0.986	0.952
40+	<i>Argyrodendron actinophyllum</i>	82	32	1.115	0.933	1.614	28.9	0.025	1.178	0.700	1.527
	<i>Cryptocarya obovata</i>	22	30	1.081	0.969	1.039	28.4	0.023	1.256	0.978	0.869
	<i>Doryphora sassafras</i>	114	30	0.781	0.949	1.101	53.4	0.017	0.905	0.944	1.152
	<i>Sloanea woollsii</i>	50	36	0.982	0.988	1.750	35.4	0.026	0.995	0.954	1.744
	<i>Syzygium crebrinerve</i>	92	33	1.140	0.968	0.911	31.8	0.025	1.192	0.981	0.71

Table S3 contd.

$H_{\max P}$ (m)	Species	n	(5B) Weibull H_a forced					(6A) Richards H_a fitted				
			$H_{\max L}$	a	b	R^2	RMSE	$H_{a\text{-fitted}}$	a	b	R^2	RMSE
10-19	<i>Acronychia pubescens</i>	55	10	0.088	1.104	0.471	1.672	99.7	0.003	0.787	0.517	1.508
	<i>Denhamia celastroides</i>	18	17	0.039	1.371	0.948	1.393	15.7	0.158	1.813	0.975	0.805
	<i>Polyosma cunninghamii</i>	67	15	0.058	1.085	0.977	0.839	15.2	0.077	1.120	0.930	0.838
	<i>Zanthoxylum brachyacanthum</i>	63	16	0.050	1.216	0.844	1.493	15.2	0.134	1.659	0.791	1.729
20-29	<i>Baloghia inophylla</i>	45	20	0.023	1.376	0.956	1.212	21.9	0.075	1.503	0.955	1.222
	<i>Guilfoylia monostylis</i>	18	25	0.032	1.066	0.964	1.411	22.8	0.058	1.273	0.966	1.368
	<i>Neolitsea australiensis</i>	49	22	0.035	1.141	0.908	1.233	607	0.001	0.869	0.915	1.180
	<i>Polyscias elegans</i>	21	23	0.026	1.243	0.977	1.035	24.6	0.058	1.306	0.978	1.025
30-39	<i>Arytera divaricata</i>	69	12	0.079	1.189	0.935	0.557	8.2	0.349	2.141	0.958	0.453
	<i>Daphnandra apetala</i>	156	25	0.029	1.17	0.944	0.937	23.1	0.073	1.400	0.947	0.910
	<i>Diploglottis australis</i>	20	31	0.054	0.871	0.945	1.746	80.7	0.004	0.650	0.960	1.554
	<i>Melicope micrococca</i>	49	26	0.028	1.123	0.907	1.749	25.2	0.052	1.249	0.913	1.725
40+	<i>Orites excelsus</i>	25	32	0.021	1.053	0.981	1.127	52.7	0.010	0.887	0.986	0.956
	<i>Argyrodendron actinophyllum</i>	82	32	0.028	1.09	0.934	1.456	27.0	0.068	1.415	0.938	1.555
	<i>Cryptocarya obovata</i>	22	30	0.025	1.165	0.977	0.890	29.2	0.056	1.325	0.978	0.874
	<i>Doryphora sassafras</i>	114	30	0.026	0.997	0.949	1.101	29.6	0.027	1.001	0.949	1.101
	<i>Sloanea woollsii</i>	50	36	0.027	0.980	0.984	1.745	35.2	0.026	1.005	0.988	1.755
	<i>Syzygium crebrinerve</i>	92	33	0.046	0.994	0.979	0.740	32.4	0.052	1.273	0.981	0.696

Table S3 contd.

$H_{\max P}$ (m)	Species	n	(6B) Richards $H_{\max L}$ forced					(7) Gompertz				
			$H_{\max L}$	a	b	R^2	RMSE	$H_{a\text{-fitted}}$	a	b	R^2	RMSE
10-19	<i>Acronychia pubescens</i>	55	10	0.121	1.129	0.479	1.629	8.4	0.284	2.636	0.787	0.904
	<i>Denhamia celastroides</i>	18	17	0.132	1.641	0.969	0.890	15.4	0.231	3.673	0.970	0.870
	<i>Polyosma cunninghamii</i>	67	15	0.079	1.132	0.930	0.838	13.7	0.166	2.155	0.918	0.906
	<i>Zanthoxylum brachyacanthum</i>	63	16	0.125	1.593	0.791	1.729	12.4	0.227	3.035	0.779	1.778
20-29	<i>Baloghia inophylla</i>	45	20	0.092	1.659	0.955	1.231	20.1	0.119	3.261	0.940	1.399
	<i>Guilfoylia monostylis</i>	18	25	0.044	1.116	0.964	1.405	21.4	0.095	2.788	0.966	1.373
	<i>Neolitsea australiensis</i>	49	22	0.060	1.200	0.907	1.243	19.6	0.115	2.784	0.905	1.252
	<i>Polyscias elegans</i>	21	23	0.069	1.414	0.977	1.042	21.4	0.119	3.192	0.971	1.180
30-39	<i>Arytera divaricata</i>	69	12	0.149	1.340	0.937	0.550	7.9	0.472	3.795	0.964	0.416
	<i>Daphnandra apetala</i>	156	25	0.066	1.342	0.947	0.914	21.7	0.147	3.516	0.946	0.993
	<i>Diploglottis australis</i>	20	31	0.031	0.825	0.946	1.758	31.0	0.053	2.171	0.936	1.923
	<i>Melicope micrococca</i>	49	26	0.048	1.207	0.908	1.745	23.1	0.101	2.981	0.902	1.800
	<i>Orites excelsus</i>	25	32	0.027	1.062	0.981	1.135	30.3	0.053	2.982	0.964	1.543
40+	<i>Argyrodendron actinophyllum</i>	82	32	0.043	1.169	0.939	1.545	25.5	0.112	3.291	0.931	1.703
	<i>Cryptocarya obovata</i>	22	30	0.051	1.271	0.978	0.879	27.7	0.123	3.560	0.977	0.89
	<i>Doryphora sassafras</i>	114	30	0.026	0.994	0.949	1.101	22.1	0.080	2.772	0.941	1.183
	<i>Sloanea woollsii</i>	50	36	0.024	0.977	0.988	1.748	32.9	0.059	2.525	0.981	2.177
	<i>Syzygium crebrinerve</i>	92	33	0.050	1.251	0.981	0.699	29.6	0.117	3.499	0.961	1.009

Table S3 contd.

$H_{\max P}$ (m)	Species	n	(8A) Logistic H_a fitted					(8B) Logistic $H_{\max L}$ forced				
			$H_{a\text{-fitted}}$	a	b	R^2	RMSE	$H_{\max L}$	a	b	R^2	RMSE
10-19	<i>Acronychia pubescens</i>	55	9.3	0.301	6.035	0.499	1.535	10	0.280	6.234	0.499	1.536
	<i>Denhamia celastroides</i>	18	15.1	0.395	17.57	0.958	1.023	17	0.342	16.69	0.943	1.194
	<i>Polyosma cunninghamii</i>	67	11.5	0.312	9.93	0.899	1.008	15	0.217	9.500	0.864	1.169
	<i>Zanthoxylum brachyacanthum</i>	63	10.9	0.401	10.50	0.845	1.489	16	0.251	9.040	0.832	1.550
20-29	<i>Baloghia inophylla</i>	45	7.9	0.219	14.09	0.939	1.415	20	0.189	13.46	0.934	1.382
	<i>Guilfoylia monostylis</i>	18	20.7	0.147	9.28	0.962	1.434	25	0.102	7.880	0.927	1.993
	<i>Neolitsea australiensis</i>	49	17.0	0.223	9.81	0.897	1.306	22	0.150	9.230	0.88	1.409
	<i>Polyscias elegans</i>	21	20.0	0.217	13.78	0.960	1.382	23	0.156	10.79	0.944	1.632
30-39	<i>Arytera divaricata</i>	69	7.5	0.782	16.29	0.963	0.421	12	0.385	11.07	0.833	0.897
	<i>Daphnandra apetala</i>	156	31.4	0.247	17.29	0.910	1.180	25	0.224	18.84	0.885	1.254
	<i>Diploglottis australis</i>	20	28.9	0.087	6.01	0.924	2.093	31	0.079	6.18	0.921	2.124
	<i>Melicope micrococca</i>	49	21.8	0.171	10.58	0.891	2.015	26	0.131	9.250	0.864	2.143
40+	<i>Orites excelsus</i>	25	28.9	0.087	12.44	0.943	1.954	32	0.078	13.02	0.94	2.004
	<i>Argyrodendron actinophyllum</i>	82	22.5	0.220	12.56	0.917	1.871	32	0.134	10.95	0.858	2.275
	<i>Cryptocarya obovata</i>	22	27.6	0.245	21.14	0.970	1.022	30	0.238	22.59	0.962	1.145
	<i>Doryphora sassafras</i>	114	20.5	0.140	9.99	0.930	1.293	30	0.082	10.72	0.882	1.670
	<i>Sloanea woollsii</i>	50	39.6	0.107	11.41	0.986	1.887	36	0.067	9.570	0.957	3.225
	<i>Syzygium crebrinerve</i>	92	28.6	0.211	19.18	0.877	1.369	33	0.178	20.00	0.856	1.479

Table S3 contd.

$H_{\max P}$ (m)	Species	(9A) Generalised Michaelis-Menten (GMM) H_a fitted						(9B) Generalised Michaelis-Menten (GMM) $H_{\max L}$ forced				
		n	$H_{a\text{-fitted}}$	k	b	R^2	RMSE	$H_{\max L}$	k	b	R^2	RMSE
10-19	<i>Acronychia pubescens</i>	55	82.9	72.30	0.823	0.517	1.508	10	11.27	1.320	0.508	1.528
	<i>Denhamia celastroides</i>	18	19.4	37.25	1.803	0.973	0.818	17	34.90	1.720	0.972	0.833
	<i>Polyosma cunninghamii</i>	67	20.5	24.47	1.156	0.931	0.835	15	21.55	1.358	0.927	0.859
	<i>Zanthoxylum brachyacanthum</i>	63	18.5	36.92	1.580	0.788	1.739	16	44.43	1.805	0.768	1.748
20-29	<i>Baloghia inophylla</i>	45	27.3	65.54	1.461	0.956	1.228	20	87.49	1.851	0.950	1.304
	<i>Guilfoylia monostylis</i>	18	27.3	51.32	1.333	0.964	1.400	25	58.79	1.456	0.963	1.418
	<i>Neolitsea australiensis</i>	49	69.7	64.92	0.867	0.915	1.186	22	40.39	1.422	0.894	1.323
	<i>Polyscias elegans</i>	21	30.4	54.30	1.325	0.978	1.025	23	76.34	1.690	0.970	1.194
30-39	<i>Arytera divaricata</i>	69	9.0	14.36	1.909	0.959	0.447	12	14.90	1.515	0.950	0.492
	<i>Daphnandra apetala</i>	156	29.9	47.07	1.275	0.933	1.021	25	55.03	1.499	0.944	0.934
	<i>Diploglottis australis</i>	20	163.4	76.46	0.684	0.958	1.549	31	24.71	1.122	0.933	1.966
	<i>Melicope micrococca</i>	49	30.2	56.09	1.318	0.908	1.745	26	67.80	1.496	0.904	1.774
	<i>Orites excelsus</i>	25	86.1	97.76	0.920	0.987	0.945	32	69.47	1.252	0.975	1.274
40+	<i>Argyrodendron actinophyllum</i>	82	33.7	57.54	1.365	0.943	1.494	32	60.31	1.422	0.942	1.499
	<i>Cryptocarya obovata</i>	22	34.9	57.15	1.331	0.978	0.877	30	72.13	1.556	0.974	0.951
	<i>Doryphora sassafras</i>	114	44.6	58.10	1.027	0.948	1.107	30	51.57	1.211	0.944	1.151
	<i>Sloanea woollsii</i>	50	43.5	55.94	1.113	0.988	1.720	36	72.92	1.334	0.986	1.849
	<i>Syzygium crebrinerve</i>	92	38.3	54.41	1.310	0.982	0.677	33	56.85	1.456	0.978	0.746

Table S3 contd.

$H_{\max P}$ (m)	Species	(10A) Nonrectangular hyperbola (NRH) H_a fitted					(10B) Nonrectangular hyperbola (NRH) $H_{\max L}$ forced					
		n	$H_{a\text{-fitted}}$	a	b	R^2	RMSE	$H_{\max L}$	a	b	R^2	RMSE
10-19	<i>Acronychia pubescens</i>	55	13.1	1.042	0.666	0.794	0.887	10	0.993	0.861	0.793	0.89
	<i>Denhamia celastroides</i>	18	16.0	1.026	0.972	0.960	1.000	17	1.062	0.923	0.958	1.024
	<i>Polyosma cunninghamii</i>	67	19.8	0.937	0.583	0.929	0.844	15	0.887	0.838	0.928	0.849
	<i>Zanthoxylum brachyacanthum</i>	63	14.0	0.94	0.995	0.813	1.656	16	0.995	0.950	0.808	1.674
20-29	<i>Baloghia inophylla</i>	45	19.9	0.778	0.975	0.945	1.392	20	0.812	0.950	0.937	1.435
	<i>Guilfoylia monostylis</i>	18	20.9	0.707	0.987	0.969	1.302	25	0.821	0.847	0.966	1.354
	<i>Neolitsea australiensis</i>	49	68.9	0.916	0.001	0.914	1.192	22	0.873	0.862	0.912	1.210
	<i>Polyscias elegans</i>	21	25.6	0.868	0.883	0.976	1.074	23	0.862	0.898	0.976	1.075
30-39	<i>Arytera divaricata</i>	69	7.8	1.046	0.995	0.942	0.596	12	1.000	0.834	0.926	0.596
	<i>Daphnandra apetala</i>	156	21.8	0.854	0.995	0.947	0.914	25	0.863	0.743	0.937	0.992
	<i>Diploglottis australis</i>	20	37.6	1.472	0.336	0.985	0.957	31	1.358	0.747	0.983	1.027
	<i>Melicope micrococca</i>	49	26.0	0.855	0.87	0.908	1.744	26	0.847	0.911	0.893	1.998
40+	<i>Orites excelsus</i>	25	63.9	0.764	0.001	0.986	0.964	32	0.665	0.812	0.980	1.158
	<i>Argyrodendron actinophyllum</i>	82	30.3	1.002	0.891	0.932	1.708	32	1.037	0.764	0.927	1.756
	<i>Cryptocarya obovata</i>	22	27.8	0.927	0.995	0.971	0.898	30	1.005	0.540	0.973	0.963
	<i>Doryphora sassafras</i>	114	31.5	0.756	0.660	0.949	1.101	30	0.745	0.712	0.949	1.102
	<i>Sloanea woollsii</i>	50	42.1	0.939	0.352	0.988	1.740	36	0.833	0.778	0.987	1.815
	<i>Syzygium crebrinerve</i>	92	34.8	1.021	0.867	0.98	0.746	33	1.005	0.835	0.979	0.751

Table S4. Parameters of fitted functions describing tree H/D relationships for all species in a subtropical rainforest selected according to published maximum height classes (cf. Table S1)

^A, $H_{\max P}$ class sample sizes: 10-19 m, 227; 20-29 m, 150; 30-39 m, 359; 40+ m, 386; 30+ m, 745; all, 1122;

^B, H_a values in Roman face obtained by fitting equation, values in italics applied to equation (forced) from field data; ^C, values for Generalised Michaelis-Menten function (Equation 9) are for half-saturation rate;

RMSE, root mean square error; ‘-’ indicates a parameter not estimated by the relevant equation.

Equation	$H_{\max P}$ class ^A	H_a ^B	a ^C	b	R^2	RMSE
(2) Power	$H_{\max P}$ 10-19 m	-	1.635	0.673	0.801	1.656
	$H_{\max P}$ 20-29 m	-	1.289	0.770	0.922	1.612
	$H_{\max P}$ 30-39 m	-	1.629	0.678	0.894	1.893
	$H_{\max P}$ 40+ m	-	1.523	0.698	0.881	2.315
	All data	-	1.563	0.692	0.903	1.756
(3) Mitscherlich	$H_{\max P}$ 10-19 m	18.6	0.059	-	0.869	1.343
	$H_{\max P}$ 20-29 m	28.1	0.034	-	0.943	1.379
	$H_{\max P}$ 30-39 m	32.1	0.030	-	0.938	1.442
	$H_{\max P}$ 40+ m	34.6	0.027	-	0.922	1.879
	All data	32.6	0.029	-	0.937	1.426
(4) Pacala	$H_{\max P}$ 10-19 m	14.8	0.917	-	0.779	1.744
	$H_{\max P}$ 20-29 m	28.1	0.956	-	0.943	1.379
	$H_{\max P}$ 30-39 m	32.1	0.951	-	0.938	1.442
	$H_{\max P}$ 40+ m	34.1	0.949	-	0.937	1.692
	All data	32.6	0.936	-	0.937	1.424
(5) Weibull	$H_{\max P}$ 10-19 m	15.6	0.48	1.231	0.879	1.289
	$H_{\max P}$ 20-29 m	22.8	0.03	1.172	0.947	1.326
	$H_{\max P}$ 30-39 m	32	0.03	1.003	0.939	1.442
	$H_{\max P}$ 40+ m	31.6	0.024	1.106	0.924	1.849
	All data	33.4	0.028	0.989	0.937	1.422
(6) Richards	$H_{\max P}$ 10-19 m	16	0.1	1.337	0.879	1.291
	$H_{\max P}$ 20-29 m	23.6	0.055	1.23	0.947	1.329
	$H_{\max P}$ 30-39 m	31.6	0.031	1.02	0.939	1.442
	$H_{\max P}$ 40+ m	31.7	0.038	1.172	0.925	1.841
	All data	32.9	0.028	0.989	0.917	1.422

Table S4 contd.

Equation	$H_{\max P}$ class ^A	H_a ^B	a ^C	b	R^2	RMSE
(7) Gompertz	$H_{\max P}$ 10-19 m	14.3	0.183	3.001	0.876	1.308
	$H_{\max P}$ 20-29 m	20.5	0.112	2.975	0.942	1.392
	$H_{\max P}$ 30-39 m	24.2	0.098	3.013	0.919	1.659
	$H_{\max P}$ 40+ m	27.5	0.09	3.138	0.907	2.052
	All data	25.3	0.088	2.902	0.908	1.719
(8) Logistic	$H_{\max P}$ 10-19 m	13.3	0.312	10.68	0.867	1.352
	$H_{\max P}$ 20-29 m	19.2	0.189	10.97	0.93	1.525
	$H_{\max P}$ 30-39 m	22.4	0.189	12.81	0.902	1.825
	$H_{\max P}$ 40+ m	25.6	0.168	13.90	0.886	2.273
	All data	23.0	0.167	11.43	0.882	1.949
(9) Generalised Michaelis-Menten (GMM)	$H_{\max P}$ 10-19 m	18.6	28.35	1.393	0.878	1.299
	$H_{\max P}$ 20-29 m	29.6	47.50	1.267	0.946	1.339
	$H_{\max P}$ 30-39 m	38.6	47.48	1.123	0.941	1.414
	$H_{\max P}$ 40+ m	37.2	62.90	1.266	0.927	1.812
	All data	41.4	48.43	1.083	0.939	1.416
(10) Nonrectangular hyperbola (NRH)	$H_{\max P}$ 10-19 m	14.8	0.917	0.961	0.880	1.287
	$H_{\max P}$ 20-29 m	23.1	0.829	0.915	0.947	1.322
	$H_{\max P}$ 30-39 m	38.8	0.958	0.438	0.940	1.428
	$H_{\max P}$ 40+ m	36.8	0.888	0.697	0.923	1.862
	$H_{\max P}$ 30+ m	38.3	0.917	0.578	0.930	1.669
	All data	43.9	0.968	0.236	0.938	1.409