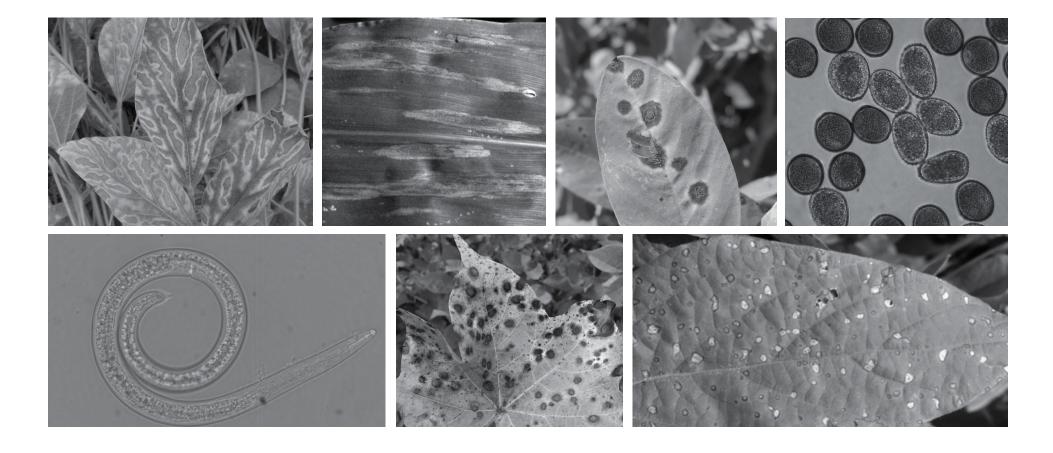
# **2023** Arkansas Plant Disease Control Products Guide



# TABLE OF CONTENTS

| Page   |  | Page    |
|--|--|---------|
| Authors3   | Fungicide Efficacy for Control of Soybean Diseases | 25-26   |
|  | Soybean - Nematodes                                | 27      |
| Disclaimer4  | •  |         |
|  | Edamame - Foliar Diseases                          |         |
| Poison Control Center and                          | Edamame - Nematodes                                |         |
| Pesticide Spill Phone Numbers4                     |  |         |
| ·  | Wheat - Seedling Treatments                        | 29      |
| Table of Conversions5                              |  |         |
|  | Wheat - Disease Thresholds                         |         |
| Managing Fungicide Resistance6                     | Fungicide Efficacy for Control of Wheat Diseases   | 32-33   |
| Corn (Field) - Foliar Diseases                     | Conifer Diseases - Commercial Production           | 34-41   |
| Fungicide Efficacy for Control of Corn Diseases8-9 |  |         |
| Corn (Field) - Aflatoxin10                         | Small Fruit Diseases - Commercial Production       | 42-59   |
| Corn (Field) - Nematodes10                         | Small Fruit Diseases - Home Garden                 | 60      |
| Cotton - Foliar Diseases11                         | Fruit Tree Diseases - Commercial Production        | 61-76   |
| Cotton - Nematodes11                               | Fruit Tree Diseases - Home Garden                  | 77-78   |
| Cotton - Seedling Diseases12                       |  |         |
|  | Ornamental Diseases - Commercial Production        | 79-113  |
| Grain Sorghum - Seedling Diseases13                | Ornamental Diseases - Home Garden                  | 114-116 |
| Grain Sorghum - Foliar Diseases13                  |  |         |
| -  | Pecan Diseases - Commercial Production             | 117-120 |
| Peanut - Seedling Diseases14                       |  |         |
| Peanut - Foliar Diseases 15-16                     | Tomato Diseases - Commercial Production            | 121-124 |
| Peanut - Soilborne Diseases 16-18                  | Tomato Diseases - Home Garden                      | 125-126 |
| Peanut - Nematodes, Peanut - Aflatoxin18           |  |         |
|  | Turf Diseases - Commercial                         | 127-132 |
| Rice - Seedling Diseases19                         | Turf Diseases - Home Lawns                         | 133-138 |
| Rice Diseases - Fungicides20                       |  |         |
| -<br>-   | Vegetable Diseases - Commercial Production         | 139-154 |
| Soybean - Seedling Diseases21                      | Vegetable Nematodes - Commercial Production        |         |
| Soybean - Foliar Diseases22-24                     | Vegetable Diseases - Home Garden                   |         |

# **MP154, Arkansas Plant Disease Control Products Guide – 2023**

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# DISCLAIMER

The listing of any product in this publication does not imply endorsement of that product or discrimination against any other product by the University of Arkansas System Division of Agriculture.

The information in this publication was current as of October 1, 2023, and applies only to Arkansas. It may not be appropriate for other states or locations.

Every effort was made to ensure accuracy, but the user of any crop protection product must read and follow the most current label on the product – *The Label is the Law.* For further assistance, contact your local office of the University of Arkansas System Division of Agriculture, Cooperative Extension Service.

# WARNING

Many crop protection products may be poisonous, especially in concentrated form. The United States Environmental Protection Agency has established a Poison Control System throughout the United States. Each Center can determine the toxic compounds in commercial products, respond to calls from physicians or individuals and provide supportive or antidotal treatment.

### THE POISON CONTROL CENTER FOR ARKANSAS IS:

Arkansas Poison & Drug Information Center
College of Pharmacy, University of Arkansas for Medical Sciences
4301 W. Markham, Mail Slot 522-2
Little Rock, AR 72205

<u>POISON CONTROL HOTLINE – TOLL-FREE PHONE NUMBER</u>

1-800-376-4766

PESTICIDE SPILLS - OFFICE OF EMERGENCY SERVICES

1-800-322-4012

# **TABLE OF CONVERSIONS**

| TO CONVERT         | ТО                        | MULTIPLY BY  |
|--------------------|---------------------------|--------------|
| oz dry wt/100 gals | Tbs/galtsp/gal            |              |
| lb dry wt/100 gals | Tbs/gal                   | 1.00         |
| fl oz/100 gals     | Tbs/gal                   |              |
| pints/100 gals     | Tbs/gal tsp/gal fl oz/gal | 0.96         |
| quarts/100 gals    | Tbs/galtsp/galfl oz/gal   | 1.92         |
| fl oz              | Tbs tsp                   | 2.00<br>6.00 |

|   | Dry Measure   |   |
|---|---|---|
| 28.35 grams = 1 ounce   | 16 oz = 1 lb = 453.6 grams  | 1 gal water = 8.34 lbs  |
|   | Liquid Measure  |   |
| 80 drops = 1 tsp<br>8 fl oz = 16 Tbs = 1 cup = 237 ml<br>4 quarts = 256 Tbs = 1 gal = 3,785 ml                      | 3 tsp = 1 Tbs = 14.8 ml<br>2 cups = 32 Tbs = 1 pint = 473 ml<br>128 fl oz = 1 gal = 3,785 ml                        | 2 Tbs = 1 fl oz = 29.6 ml<br>2 pints = 64 Tbs = 1 qt = 946 ml                               |
|   | Land Measure  |   |
| 16.5 ft = 5.5 yds = 1 rod<br>4,256 sq ft = 16 sq rds = 1 sq chain<br>208.71 ft x 208.71 ft = 1 sq acre              | 66 ft = 4 rods = 1 chain<br>1 acre = 160 sq rds = 43,560 sq ft  | 1 sq rd = 30.25 sq yds = 272.25 sq ft<br>1 acre = 10 sq chains = 43,560 sq ft               |
|   | Row Feet in 1 Acre at Various Row Spacings  |   |
| 6" rows = 87,120 ft<br>10" rows = 52,272 ft<br>19" rows = 27,512 ft<br>36" rows = 14,520 ft<br>42" rows = 12,446 ft | 7" rows = 74,674 ft<br>12" rows = 43,560 ft<br>24" rows = 21,780 ft<br>38" rows = 13,756 ft<br>48" rows = 10,890 ft | 8" rows = 65,340 ft<br>18" rows = 29,040 ft<br>30" rows = 17,424 ft<br>40" rows = 13,068 ft |
|   | Crop Standard Weights   |   |
| Corn = 56 lbs/bu<br>Grain Sorghum = 56 lbs/bu   | Oats = 32 lbs/bu<br>Soybean = 60 lbs/bu   | Rice = 45 lbs/bu<br>Wheat = 60 lbs/bu   |

# MANAGING FUNGICIDE RESISTANCE

**Fungicide resistance** is the loss of efficacy of a particular type of fungicide against a target pathogen. Fungicide resistance is often recognized when the expectations of disease control are not met when the labeled rate of a fungicide is applied.

All fungicide products have a specific mode of action (MOA), which is the way in which the fungicide affects (kills) pathogens. All fungicides are classified by MOA, and each MOA is assigned a group code called a FRAC number that will appear somewhere on the product label. FRAC stands for the *Fungicide Resistance Action Committee*, which is a technical group of specialists that provides fungicide resistance management guidelines to prolong the effectiveness of "at risk" fungicides and to limit crop losses due to fungicide-resistant pathogens. See <a href="https://www.frac.info">www.frac.info</a> for the most up-to-date information on fungicide resistance and FRAC codes.

The following are some basic guidelines that should be considered in developing a fungicide program to avoid inadvertently selecting fungicide-resistant pathogens.

# **Fungicide Resistance Management Guidelines**

- 1. Obtain an accurate disease diagnosis. This allows fungicide selection to be made correctly to minimize the chance of applying an ineffective fungicide.
- 2. DO NOT apply fungicides in the absence of disease.
- 3. Avoid the exclusive use of a fungicide product with a single MOA or FRAC Code.
- 4. Rotate different MOA or FRAC Code fungicide applications if more than one application is needed within a season.
- 5. Use the manufacturer's recommended rates as indicated on the label.
- 6. Utilize integrated disease management strategies (including host plant resistance, crop rotation, crop residue management, removal of diseased tissue on perennial crops, etc.).

# **CORN (FIELD) - FOLIAR DISEASES**

**Travis Faske and Terry Spurlock** 

NOTE: Fungicides should not be applied prior to 100% tassel and should not be applied later than 14 days after brown silk. We do not recommend the use of fungicides on field corn in Arkansas except under extraordinary circumstances. Preventative use will likely not result in an economic return on current hybrids grown in the state in most years. In rare cases where they might be needed – such as years favorable to southern rust, late-planted corn, or corn following corn in the same field – the following foliar fungicides are registered for use in Arkansas.

| Disease                    | Fungicide                                 | Active Ingredient              | FRAC<br>Code | Rate/Acre        | Days to<br>Harvest | Comments   |
|----------------------------|---|--------------------------------|--------------|------------------|--------------------|--|
| Southern rust and northern | Topguard 1.04 SC                          | flutriafol                     | 3            | 7 - 14 fl oz     | 7                  |  |
| corn leaf blight           | Tilt, Propimax 3.6 EC                     | propiconazole                  | 3            | 4 fl oz          | 30                 |  |
| -                          | Proline 480 SC                            | prothioconazole                | 3            | 5.7 fl oz        | 14                 |  |
|                            | tebuconazole<br>(multiple generics 3.6 F) | tebuconazole                   | 3            | 4 - 6 fl oz      | 36                 |  |
|                            | Domark 230 ME                             | tetraconazole                  | 3            | 4 - 6 fl oz      | R3                 |  |
|                            | Andiamo 230 ME                            | tetraconazole                  | 3            | 4 - 6 fl oz      | R3                 |  |
|                            | Quadris 2.08 SC (multiple generics)       | azoxystrobin                   | 11           | 6 - 15.5 fl oz   | 7                  |  |
|                            | Evito 480 SC,<br>Aftershock 480 SC        | fluoxastrobin                  | 11           | 2 - 5.7 fl oz    | 30                 |  |
|                            | Aproach 2.08 SC                           | picoxystrobin                  | 11           | 3 - 12 fl oz     | 7                  |  |
|                            | Headline 2.09 SC                          | pyraclostrobin                 | 11           | 6 - 12 fl oz     | 7                  | Rust and gray leaf spot: 6 - 9 fl oz; corn leaf blights: 9 - 12 fl oz. |
|                            | Prosaro 421 SC                            | prothioconazole + tebuconazole | 3 + 3        | 6.5 fl oz        | 36                 |  |
|                            | Luccento 4.17 SC                          | flutriafol + bixafen           | 3 + 7        | 3 - 5.5 fl oz    | 30                 | In university trials 5 oz/A was the most effective rate.               |
|                            | Topguard EQ 4.29 SC                       | azoxystrobin +<br>flutriafol   | 11 + 3       | 5 - 7 fl oz      | 7                  |  |
|                            | Quilt Xcel 2.2 SE,<br>Cover XL 2.2 SE     | azoxystrobin + propiconazole   | 11 + 3       | 10.5 - 14 fl oz  | 30                 | 10.5 fl oz has done well in university trials.                         |
|                            | Helmstar Plus 3.0 SC                      | azoxystrobin + tebuconazole    | 11 + 3       | 7.2 - 10.8 fl oz | 36                 |  |
|                            | Affiance 1.5 SC                           | azoxystrobin + tetraconazole   | 11 + 3       | 10 - 17 fl oz    | 7                  |  |
|                            | Brixen 1.85 SC                            | azoxystrobin + tetraconazole   | 11 + 3       | 13 - 19 fl oz    | R3                 |  |
|                            | Fortix 3.22 SC,<br>Preemptor 3.22 SC      | fluoxastrobin +<br>flutriafol  | 11 + 3       | 4 - 6 fl oz      | 30                 |  |
|                            | Zolera FX 3.34 SC                         | fluoxastrobin + tetraconazole  | 11 + 3       | 4.4 - 6.8 fl oz  | 30                 |  |
| (continued)                | Aproach Prima 2.34 SC                     | picoxystrobin + cyproconazole  | 11 + 3       | 3.4 - 6.8 fl oz  | 21                 | In university trials 6.8 oz/A was the most effective rate.             |

## CORN (FIELD) - FOLIAR DISEASES - continued

| Disease                            | Fungicide               | Active Ingredient   | FRAC<br>Code | Rate/Acre       | Days to<br>Harvest | Comments   |
|------------------------------------|-------------------------|---|--------------|-----------------|--------------------|--|
| Southern rust (cont.) and northern | Veltyma 3.34 SC         | pyraclostrobin + mefentrifluconazole                      | 11 + 3       | 7 - 10 fl oz    | 21                 |  |
| corn leaf blight                   | Dexter Max 0.75 DG      | mancozeb +<br>azoxystrobin                                | 11 + 3       | 1.6 lbs         | 40                 |  |
|                                    | Stratego 2.08 SC        | trifloxystrobin + propiconazole                           | 11 + 3       | 12 fl oz        | 30                 |  |
|                                    | Stratego YLD 4.18 SC    | trifloxystrobin + prothioconazole                         | 11 + 3       | 4 - 5 fl oz     | 14                 |  |
|                                    | Delaro 325 SC           | trifoloxystrobin + prothioconazole                        | 11 + 3       | 8-12 fl oz      | 14                 |  |
|                                    | Headline AMP 1.68 SC    | pyraclostrobin + metconazole                              | 11 + 3       | 10 - 14.4 fl oz | 20                 |  |
|                                    | Priaxor 4.17 SC         | pyraclostrobin + fluxapyroxad                             | 11 + 7       | 4 - 8 fl oz     | 21                 | Rusts: 6 - 8 fl oz; corn leaf blights and gray leaf spot: 4 fl oz. |
|                                    | Delaro Complete 3.83 SC | trifoloxystrobin + prothioconazole, fluopyram             | 11 + 3 + 7   | 8-12 fl oz      | 35                 |  |
|                                    | Revytek 3.33 SC         | fluxapyroxad +<br>pyraclostrobin +<br>mefentrifluconazole | 7 + 11 + 3   | 8 - 15 fl oz    | 21                 |  |
|                                    | Trivapro 2.21 SE        | benzovindiflupyr +<br>azoxystrobin +<br>propiconazole     | 7 + 11 + 3   | 13.7 fl oz      | 30                 |  |

# Management of Corn Diseases – Fungicide Efficacy for Control of Corn Diseases (January 2021)

The Corn Disease Working Group (CDWG) has developed the following information. Efficacy ratings for each fungicide listed in the table were determined by field testing the materials over multiple years and locations by members of the committee. Efficacy ratings are based upon level of disease control achieved by product and are not necessarily reflective of yield increases obtained from product application. Efficacy depends upon proper application timing, rate and application method to achieve optimum effectiveness of the fungicide as determined by labeled instructions and overall level of disease in the field at the time of application. Differences in efficacy among fungicide products were determined by direct comparisons among products in field tests and are based on a *single application* of the labeled rate as listed in the table. The table includes systemic fungicides available that have been tested over multiple years and locations. This table is not intended to be a list of all labeled products<sup>1</sup>. Efficacy categories: NR = Not Recommended; P = Poor; F = Fair; G = Good; VG = Very Good; E = Excellent; NL = Not Labeled for use against this disease; U = Unknown efficacy or insufficient data to rank product efficacy.

NOTE: This guideline was a composite of several field trials from multiple states across the U.S. corn belt and may not always reflect fungicide efficacy observed in Arkansas.

|                                 | Fungicide(s)          |                                      |                | Anthracnose |         | Gray      | Northern    | Southern          | Harvest                  |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------|--------------------------------------|----------------|-------------|---------|-----------|-------------|-------------------|--------------------------|
| Class                           | Active Ingredient (%) | Product/Trade Name                   | Rate/A (fl oz) | Leaf Blight | Eyespot | Leaf Spot | Leaf Blight | Rust <sup>A</sup> | Restriction <sup>2</sup> |
| Qol<br>Strobilurins<br>Group 11 | Azoxystrobin 22.9%    | Quadris 2.08 SC<br>Multiple Generics | 6 - 15.5       | VG          | VG      | E         | G           | VG                | 7 days                   |
| obiii<br>rou                    | Pyraclostrobin 23.6%  | Headline 2.09 EC/SC                  | 6 - 12         | VG          | Е       | E         | VG          | VG                | 7 days                   |
| St.                             | Picoxystrobin         | Aproach 2.08 SC                      | 3 - 12         | VG          | VG      | F-VG      | VG          | G                 | 7 days                   |
|                                 | Propiconazole 41.8%   | Tilt 3.6 EC<br>Multiple Generics     | 2 - 4          | NL          | E       | G         | G           | F                 | 30 days                  |
| All<br>oles<br>p 3              | Prothioconazole 41.0% | Proline 480 SC                       | 5.7            | U           | Е       | U         | VG          | G                 | 14 days                  |
| DMI<br>Triazoles<br>Group 3     | Tebuconazole 38.7%    | Folicur 3.6 F<br>Multiple Generics   | 4 - 6          | NL          | NL      | U         | VG          | F                 | 36 days                  |
|                                 | Tetraconazole 20.5%   | Domark 230 ME<br>Multiple Generics   | 4 - 6          | U           | U       | E         | VG          | G                 | R3 (milk)                |

# Management of Corn Diseases – Fungicide Efficacy for Control of Corn Diseases (January 2022) (continued)

|  | Fungicide(s)  |   | Anthracnose                       |    | Gray    | Northern  | Southern    | Harvest           |                          |
|--|---|---|-----------------------------------|----|---------|-----------|-------------|-------------------|--------------------------|
| Class                                      | Active Ingredient (%)   | Product/Trade Name                      | Product/Trade Name Rate/A (fl oz) |    | Eyespot | Leaf Spot | Leaf Blight | Rust <sup>A</sup> | Restriction <sup>2</sup> |
|  | Azoxystrobin 13.5%<br>Propiconazole 11.7%                                 | Quilt Xcel 2.2 SE<br>Aframe Plus 2.2 SE | 10.5 - 14                         | VG | VG-E    | E         | VG          | VG                | 30 days                  |
|  | Benzovindiflupyr 10.27%<br>Azoxystrobin 13.5%<br>Propiconazole 11.7%      | Trivapro 2.21 SE                        | 13.7                              | U  | U       | E         | VG          | E                 | 30 days                  |
|  | Cyproconazole 7.17%<br>Picoxystrobin 17.94%                               | Aproach Prima 2.34 SC                   | 3.4 - 6.8                         | U  | U       | E         | VG          | G                 | 30 days                  |
|  | Flutriafol 19.3%<br>Fluoxastrobin 14.84%                                  | Fortix 3.22 SC<br>Preemptor 3.22 SC     | 4 - 6                             | U  | U       | E         | VG          | G-VG              | R4 (dough)               |
|  | Flutriafol 26.47%<br>Bixafen 15.55%                                       | Lucento 4.17 SC                         | 3 - 5.5                           | U  | U       | VG-E      | VG          | G                 | R4                       |
| _  | Prothioconazole 16.0%<br>Trifloxystrobin 13.7%                            | Delaro 325 SC                           | 8 - 12                            | VG | U       | Е         | VG          | G-VG              | 14 days                  |
| Mixed Modes of Action<br>Group 11 + 3 or 7 | Trifoloxystrobin 13.1% + prothioconazole 13.9%, fluopyram 10.9%           | Delaro Complete 3.83 SC                 | 8 - 12                            | U  | U       | E         | U           | G-VG              | 35 days                  |
| Modes o                                    | Pydiflumetofen 7.0%<br>Azoxystrobin 9.3%<br>Propiconazole 11.6%           | Miravis Neo 2.5 SE                      | 13.7                              | U  | U       | E         | VG-E        | G                 | 30 days                  |
| lixed I<br>Grou                            | Pyraclostrobin 13.6%<br>Metconazole 5.1%                                  | Headline AMP 1.68 SC                    | 10 - 14.4                         | U  | E       | E         | VG          | G                 | 20 days                  |
| 2  | Pyraclostrobin 28.58%<br>Fluxapyroxad 14.33%                              | Priaxor 4.17 SC                         | 4 - 8                             | U  | U       | Е         | VG-E        | G                 | 21 days                  |
|  | Trifloxystrobin 32.3%<br>Prothioconazole 10.8%                            | Stratego YLD 4.18 SC                    | 4 - 5                             | VG | E       | Е         | VG          | G                 | 14 days                  |
|  | Tetraconazole 7.48%<br>Azoxystrobin 9.35%                                 | Affiance 1.5 SC                         | 10 - 14                           | U  | U       | U         | G-VG        | G                 | 7 days                   |
|  | Flutriafol 18.63%<br>Azoxystrobin 25.30%                                  | TopGuard EQ                             | 5 - 7                             | U  | U       | VG        | G           | VG                | 45 days                  |
|  | Mefentrifluconazole 17.56%<br>Pyraclostrobin 17.56%                       | Veltyma 3.34 SC                         | 7 - 10                            | U  | U       | VG-E      | VG-E        | G-VG              | 21 days                  |
|  | Mefentrifluconazole 11.61%<br>Pyraclostrobin 15.49%<br>Fluxapyroxad 7.74% | Revytek 3.33 SC                         | 8 - 15                            | U  | U       | VG-E      | VG-E        | G-VG              | 21 days                  |

<sup>1</sup> Fungicide application timing is extremely important and needs to be made near the onset of the tar spot symptoms. Efficacy ratings based on limited site locations from 2018 and 2019.

This information is provided only as a guide. It is the applicator's legal responsibility to read and follow all current label directions. Reference in this publication to any specific commercial product is for general information only, and does not constitute an endorsement or recommendation by the CDWG. Individuals using such products assume responsibility for their use in accordance with current directions of the manufacturer. Members or participants in the CDWG assume no liability resulting from the use of these products.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Harvest restrictions are listed for field corn harvested for grain. Restrictions may vary for other types of corn (sweet, seed or popcorn, etc.), and corn for other uses such as forage or fodder.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> A 2ee label is available for several fungicides for control of tar spot, however efficacy data are limited. Check 2ee labels carefully, as not all products have 2ee labels in all states.

# **CORN (FIELD) – AFLATOXIN**

### **Travis Faske**

| Contamination | Product   | Rate/A     | Comment   |
|---------------|---|------------|---|
| Aflatoxin     | Afla-Guard (atoxigenic strain of<br>Aspergillus flavus) | 10 - 20 lb | To suppress aflatoxin contamination in low to moderate risk fields, apply at V10 to VT. |

# **CORN (FIELD) – NEMATODES**

### **Travis Faske**

| Nematode <sup>1</sup>                          | Nematicide <sup>2</sup>  | Formulation       | Active<br>Ingredient   | FRAC<br>Code           | Rate/<br>Acre         | Comments   |
|--|--|-------------------|--|------------------------|-----------------------|--|
| Root-knot, Lesion and<br>Stubby-root Nematodes | Counter 20 G Lock'n Load                                       | 20% granules      | terbufos   |                        | 6.5 lb                | Apply in seed furrow at planting according to the label. Do not exceed 6.5 lb/acre total.  |
| (+ early season insects)                       | Telone II 9.85 L <sup>3</sup>                                  | Liquid            | 1,3-dichloropropene  |                        | 3 - 6 gal             | Inject 12 inches below planting depth and seal immediately with appropriate bedding equipment. Wait 7 - 14 days before planting.         |
|  | Propulse 3.34 SC <sup>4</sup>                                  | Liquid, in-furrow | fluopyram +<br>prothioconazole   | 7 + 3                  | 8 fl oz/A             | Do not tank mix with fertilizers or micronutrients.<br>Conduct a "jar-test" before using with any tank mix.                              |
|  | Velum 4.16 SC <sup>4</sup>                                     | Liquid, in-furrow | fluopyram  | 7                      | 6.5 to 6.8<br>fl oz/A |  |
|  | Avicta Complete<br>Corn 500/1250 with<br>Vibrance <sup>4</sup> | Seed treatment    | abamectin + thiamethoxam + azoxystrobin + mefenoxam + fludioxonil + sedaxane | <br>11<br>4<br>12<br>7 | See<br>label.         | Available through commercial seed companies and dealer distributors.   |
|  | Poncho/Votivo 5.01 FS <sup>4</sup>                             | Seed treatment    | clothianidin +<br><i>Bacillus firmus</i><br>I-1582                           |                        |                       | Available through commercial seed companies and dealer distributors.   |
|  | BioST Nematicide 100 <sup>4</sup>                              | Seed treatment    | <i>Burkholderia</i> spp<br>A396  |                        | 7 fl oz/cwt           |  |
|  | Trunemco corn/soy <sup>4</sup>                                 | Seed treatment    | Bacillus amylolique-<br>faciens strain MBI<br>600 + cis-Jasmone              |                        | 0.30 fl oz/cwt        | 0.057 mg ai/seed   |
|  | Luminalza <sup>4</sup>   | Seed treatment    | Bacillus amylolique-<br>faciens PTA-4838                                     |                        |                       | Available through Commercial seed companies and seed distributors. Corn nematode suppression has been inconsistent in university trials. |

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Certain other nematodes are considered economic problems on corn in other parts of the U.S. These include the root-knot lesion, stubby-root, ring, dagger, spiral, stunt and sting nematodes. There is no data from Arkansas to indicate the severity of these nematodes under our conditions, but at high populations a nematicide might be justified. Fields with long-term corn history that have lower than expected yields or yields that decline over time should be tested for nematodes by submitting a soil sample to the Nematode Diagnostic Laboratory located at the Southwest Research and Extension Center near Hope. Contact your local county Extension agent for guidelines on when and how to collect the sample. A small fee is charged for this service.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>RESTRICTED USE PESTICIDES – These are dangerous pesticides – use caution in handling and read and follow current label directions. There has been no recent research in Arkansas that demonstrates any economic return for the use of these products on corn. These products can cause crop injury if certain herbicides are applied afterwards – carefully read pesticide interaction information on the label before applying these or any pesticides.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>Use where nematode pressure is low to moderate.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>Use where nematode pressure is severe.

# **COTTON - FOLIAR DISEASES**

### **Travis Faske**

| Disease                                 | Fungicide  | Active Ingredient   | FRAC<br>Code                             | Rate/Acre                                       | Days to<br>Harvest   | Comments  |
|---|--|---|--|---|--|---|
| Target Spot<br>(Corynespora cassiicola) | bloom or by the 3rd week a severe target spot, disease | Spot Diseases: Research results fror fter bloom. Two applications appear to severity is great enough to result in discrease in severity of disease. Until we a non-sprayed check. | be the most effe<br>efoliation levels of | ctive. Yield responses<br>f 30% to 50% by the 2 | more often occur with the more often occur with the more of the mo | with fields with a history of August, and irrigation or |
|   | Headline 2.09 SC                                       | pyraclostrobin  | 11                                       | 6 - 12 fl oz                                    | 30   |   |
|   | Quadris 2.08 SC  | azoxystrobin  | 11                                       | 6 - 9 fl oz                                     | 45   |   |
|   | Miravis Top 1.67 SC                                    | difenoconazole + pydiflumetofen   | 3 + 7                                    | 13.6 fl oz                                      | 45   |   |
|   | Topguard EQ 4.29 SC                                    | azoxystrobin + flutriafol   | 11 + 3                                   | 5 - 7 fl oz                                     | 45   |   |
|   | Priaxor 4.17 SC  | pyraclostrobin + fluxapyroxad   | 11 + 7                                   | 4 - 8 fl oz                                     | 30   |   |
|   | Elatus 45 WG   | azoxystrobin + benzovindiflupyr   | 11 + 7                                   | 6 - 7.3 fl oz                                   | 45   |   |
|   | Amistar Top 1.67 SC                                    | azoxystrobin + difenconazole  | 11 + 3                                   | 8 - 11.6 fl oz                                  | 45   |   |
|   | Revytek 3.33 SC  | mefentrifluconazole + fluxapyroxad + pyraclostrobin   | 3 + 7 + 11                               | 8 – 15 fl oz                                    | 21   |   |

# **COTTON - NEMATODES**

### **Travis Faske**

| Nematode      | Nematicide                                     | Formulation    | Active Ingredient  | Rate/Acre   | Comments   |
|---------------|--|----------------|--|---|--|
| Root-knot and | Avicta 500 FS <sup>1</sup>                     | Seed treatment | abamectin  | 0.15 mg ai/seed   | Available through commercial seed companies and dealer distributors.   |
| Reniform      | Avicta Elite Cotton <sup>1</sup> +<br>Vibrance | Seed treatment | azoxystrobin + fludioxonil + mefenoxam<br>thiamethoxam + abamectin<br>imidacloprid<br>sedaxane | 0.03 mg ai/seed<br>0.53 mg ai/seed<br>0.375 mg ai/seed<br>0.0096 mg ai/seed | Available through commercial seed companies and dealer distributors. Rate based on 5,500 seed/lb.                                |
|               | Aeris 5 FS <sup>1</sup>                        | Seed treatment | thiodicarb + imidacloprid  | 0.75 mg ai/seed   | Available through commercial seed companies and dealer distributors.   |
|               | Poncho/Votivo 5 FS1                            | Seed treatment | clothianidin + Bacillus firmus I-1582  | 0.424 mg ai/seed  | Commercial seed treatment equipment only.  |
|               | BioST Nematicide 100 <sup>1</sup>              | Seed treatment | Burkholderia spp. A396   | 7 fl oz/cwt   |  |
|               | Copeo 600 FS <sup>1</sup>                      | Seed treatment | fluopyram  | 0.2 - 0.3 mg ai/seed  | Available through commercial seed company (BASF). 5.07 to 7.61 fl oz/cwt.  |
|               | Velum 4.16 SC <sup>1</sup>                     | Liquid         | fluopyram  | 5 - 6.8 fl oz/A   | Apply as in-furrow spray with 5 - 6 gal/ac waster at planting  |
|               | Telone II 9.85 L <sup>2</sup>                  | Liquid         | 1,3-dichloropropene  | 3 - 6 gal   | Inject 12 inches below planting depth and seal immediately with appropriate bedding equipment. Wait 7 - 14 days before planting. |
|               | AgLogic 15GG <sup>1</sup>                      | Granule        | aldicarb   | 3.5 - 7 lb/A  | Apply granules in the seed furrow and immediately cover seed and granules with 1 inch or more of soil.                           |

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Use where nematode pressure is low to moderate. <sup>2</sup>Use where nematode pressure is severe.

RESTRICTED USE PESTICIDES – For sale and use only by licensed/certified applicators or persons under their direct supervision. These are dangerous pesticides – use caution in handling and read and follow current label directions. If nematodes are suspected to be causing problems, a diagnostic soil sample should be taken to your county agent for submission to the Cooperative Extension Service Nematode Diagnostic Laboratory. A small fee is required.

## **COTTON - SEEDLING DISEASES**

## **Terry Spurlock**

- Chemical Control of Seedling Diseases of Cotton in Arkansas:
  1. All cotton seed planted in Arkansas should be treated commercially.
  - 2. Under conditions that favor seedling diseases, additional stand protection may be received from the use of in-furrow fungicides when planting treated seed (treated seed + in-furrow combination).
  - 3. The following products are commonly used in Arkansas cotton production to control seedling diseases.

| Disease  | Product   | Active Ingredient   | FRAC Code       | Rate/cwt  |
|--|---|---|-----------------|---|
| Commercial Seed Treatments or Di                   | stributor-Applied Seed Treatments                       | <b>S</b>  |                 |   |
| Pythium and Rhizoctonia diseases; fungal seed rots | Vortex 3.77 FS +<br>Spera 240 FS +<br>Allegiance 2.6 FL | ipconazole +<br>myclobutanil +<br>metalaxyl   | 3<br>3<br>4     | 0.08 fl oz +<br>1.8 fl oz +<br>0.75 fl oz                                   |
|  | Systhane 40 WSP +<br>Maxim 4 FS + Apron XL 3 SC         | myclobutanil + fludioxonil + mefenoxam  | 3<br>12<br>4    | 1.25 oz +<br>0.08 fl oz +<br>0.32 fl oz                                     |
|  | Vibrance CST 1.65 FC                                    | azoxystrobin + fludioxonil + mefenoxam<br>+ sedaxane  | 11 + 12 + 4 + 7 | 3.06 - 4.08 fl oz/cwt<br>0.040 - 0.053 mg ai/seed<br>based on 45000 seed/lb |
|  | Avicta Elite Cotton Plus<br>Vibrance CST                | s azoxystrobin + fludioxonil + mefenoxam<br>+ sedaxane + thiamethoxam<br>+ imidacloprid + abamectin |                 | 0.03 + 0.0096 + 0.34 + 0.375 + 0.15 mg ai/seed                              |
|  | Seed Shield Cotton 0.5 FS                               | Seed Shield Cotton 0.5 FS azoxystrobin + fludioxonil + mefenoxam + difenoconazole                   |                 | 4 oz/cwt<br>based on 5000 seeds/lb  |
| Pythium diseases only                              | Vyantis 3.3 FC  | picarbutrozox   | U17             | 0.0384 - 0.384 fl. oz/cwt   |
| In-Furrow Applications                             |   |   |                 |   |
|  | Vibrance 4.3 FS<br>Vibrance CST 1.65 FC                 | sedaxane  | 7               | 0.3 fl oz   |
| Pythium and Rhizoctonia diseases; fungal seed rots | Reason 500 SC<br>Uniform 3.72 SC                        | fenamidone<br>azoxystrobin + mefenoxam  | 11<br>11 + 4    | 0.45 fl oz per 1,000 row ft<br>0.32 - 0.48 fl oz per 1,000 row ft           |
|  | Headline 2.09 SC  | pyraclostrobin  | 11              | 0.3 - 0.8 fl oz per 1,000 row ft  |
|  | Quadris 2.08 SC   | azoxystrobin  | 11              | 0.4 - 0.7 fl oz per 1,000 row ft  |
|  | Priaxor 4.17 SC   | pyraclostrobin + fluxapyroxad   | 11 + 7          | 0.1 - 0.6 fl oz per 1,000 row ft  |
| Fusarium diseases                                  | Velum 4.16 SC   | fluopyram   | 7               | 5.0 – 6.84 fl oz per acre   |

# **GRAIN SORGHUM - SEEDLING DISEASES**

## **Terry Spurlock**

| Disease  | Product         | Active Ingredient | FRAC Code | Rate/cwt                  | Comments                           |
|--|-----------------|-------------------|-----------|---------------------------|------------------------------------|
| Commercial and Distributor-Applied See             | d Treatments    |                   |           |                           |                                    |
| Pythium and Rhizoctonia diseases; fungal seed rots | Apron XL 3 SC   | mefenoxam         | 4         | 0.32 - 1.64 fl oz         | Pythium diseases.                  |
|  | Vibrance 4.3 FS | sedaxane          | 7         | 1.16 - 2.32 g<br>ai/seed  | Rhizoctonia diseases.              |
|  | Maxim 4 FS      | fludioxonil       | 12        | 0.08 - 0.16 fl oz         | Rhizoctonia and Fusarium diseases. |
| Pythium diseases only                              | Vyantis 3.3 FC  | picarbutrozox     | U17       | 0.0384 - 0.384 fl. oz/cwt |                                    |

# **GRAIN SORGHUM - FOLIAR DISEASES**

## **Terry Spurlock**

| Disease   | Fungicide          | Active Ingredient               | FRAC<br>Code* | Rate/Acre       | Days to<br>Harvest  | Comments   |
|---|--------------------|---------------------------------|---------------|-----------------|---|--|
| Anthracnose, target spot and other foliar fungal diseases | Quadris 2.08 SC    | azoxystrobin                    | 11            | 6 - 15.5 fl oz  | 14  | University trials have shown the best timing to be boot to early heading, and up to 50% flowering. |
|   | Aproach 2.08 SC    | picoxystrobin                   | 11            | 6 - 12 fl oz    | Do not apply after flowering.   |  |
|   | Headline 2.09 SC   | pyraclostrobin                  | 11            | 6 - 12 fl oz    | Apply no later<br>than 25%<br>flowering.  |  |
|   | Quilt Xcel 2.2 SE  | azoxystrobin +<br>propiconazole | 11 + 3        | 10.5 - 14 fl oz | 21 (grain)  | Same timing as Quadris; use highest rates for severe disease pressure situations as above.         |
|   | Topguard EQ 4.5 FL | azoxystrobin +<br>flutriafol    | 11 + 3        | 5 - 7 fl oz     | Do not apply<br>within 30 days<br>of harvest for<br>stover, forage<br>or grain. | Do not apply more than two applications per year.  |
|   | Priaxor 4.17 SC    | pyraclostrobin + fluxapyroxad   | 11 + 7        | 4 - 8 fl oz     | 21  | Do not apply more than 8 fl oz per season.   |

<sup>\*</sup>FRAC Code – Fungicides with the same FRAC Code have the same mode of action. See <a href="http://www.frac.info/">http://www.frac.info/</a> for an explanation of the FRAC Codes. Rotation of fungicides with different FRAC Codes could minimize the development of fungicide resistant strains.

# **PEANUT SEEDLING DISEASES**

### **Travis Faske**

| Disease   | Fungicide                          | Active Ingredient                            | FRAC Code   | Rate/cwt Seed   | Comments   |
|---|------------------------------------|--|-------------|---|--|
| Seed Treatments   |                                    |  |             |   |  |
| Rhizoctonia solani and Pythium spp.                                       | Dynasty PD                         | azoxystrobin +<br>mefenoxam +<br>fludioxonil | 11 + 4 + 12 | 3 - 4 oz  |  |
|   | Maxim 4 FS                         | fludioxonil                                  | 12          | 0.08 oz   |  |
|   | Rancona V PD                       | ipconazole +<br>carboxin +<br>metalaxyl      | 3 + 7 + 4   | 4 oz  |  |
|   | Vibrance                           | sedaxane                                     | 7           | 0.013 - 0.0265 mg ai/seed   | For control of Rhizoctionia seedling diseases.             |
| Pythium   | Apron XL                           | mefenoxam                                    | 4           | 0.32 oz   |  |
| Aspergillus crown rot   | Trebuset                           | Pydiflumetofen                               | 7           | 0.31-0.61 fl oz/cwt<br>(0.05 – 0.106 mg ai/seed)                              | For suppression of Aspergillus crown rot.                  |
| In-Furrow or Band Applications  |                                    |  |             |   |  |
| Aspergillus crown rot (Aspergillus niger) Pythium spp. Rhizoctonia solani | Abound 2.08 SC (multiple generics) | azoxystrobin                                 | 11          | 0.4 - 0.8 fl oz/ 1,000 row ft<br>or 5.5 - 11 fl oz/A on 38 in.<br>row spacing | Apply in-furrow at planting.                               |
| Rhizoctonia solani and Pythium spp.                                       | Uniform                            | azoxystrobin +<br>mefenoxam                  | 11 + 4      | 0.34 oz/row ft  | At planting.   |
| Southern Blight (Sclerotium rolfsii)                                      | Proline                            | prothioconazole                              | 3           | 5.7 oz/A  | Apply 4- to 6-inch band over the row at or near emergence. |

### **PEANUT FOLIAR DISEASES**

### **Travis Faske**

| Disease    | Fungicide | Active<br>Ingredient | FRAC<br>Code | Rate/Acre | Days to<br>Harvest | Comments |
|------------|-----------|----------------------|--------------|-----------|--------------------|----------|
| Leaf Spots |           |                      |              |           |                    |          |

### **Chemical Control of Leaf Spot Diseases:**

- 1. In any given field, circular-shaped spots can be found on peanut leaves; however, these spots may not be caused by the leaf spot pathogens. Sporulation (fuzzy tufts of fungal structures) can be seen with the aid of a hand lens on the upper leaf surfaces for ELS and lower leaf surface for LLS.
- 2. Fungicides on peanut are applied to prevent leaf spot disease development, which typically begins 60 days after planting, when conditions favor disease development. Fungicide programs consist of repeated applications at 14 21 day intervals depending on disease development and weather conditions.
- 3. Apply fungicides with sufficient water volume (15 to 20 GPA) to adequately cover foliage.
- 4. Do not make consecutive applications of the same mode of action (i.e., same FRAC code number) except for those applications that contain chlorothalonil in a cropping season. It is recommended to tank mix fungicides with a single mode of action with chlorothalonil.

| Early leaf spot<br>(Cercospora<br>arachidicola) | Cercobin                               | thiophanate-methyl  | 1  | 10.9 fl oz     | 14 | Very good activity on leaf spot diseases. ALWAYS mix with chlorothalonil. |
|---|--|---------------------|----|----------------|----|---|
| and   | Topsin, T-Methyl 70 W                  | thiophanate-methyl  | 1  | 8 oz           | 14 |   |
| Late leaf spot                                  | Topsin, T-Methyl 4.5 FL                | thiophanate-methyl  | 1  | 10 fl oz       | 14 |   |
| (Cercosporidium<br>personatum)                  | Thiophanate Methyl 85 WDG              | thiophanate-methyl  | 1  | 6.4 oz         | 14 |   |
|   | Alto 100 SL                            | cyproconazole       | 3  | 5.5 fl oz      | 30 | Good activity on leaf spots.  |
|   | Topguard 1.04 SC                       | flutriafol          | 3  | 7 - 14 fl oz   | 14 |   |
|   | Provysol 3.34 SC                       | mefentrifluconazole | 3  | 7 fl oz        | 14 |   |
|   | Tebuconazole 3.6 F (multiple generics) | tebuconazole        | 3  | 7.2 fl oz      | 14 | Good activity on leaf spots.  |
|   | Domark 230 ME                          | tetraconazole       | 3  | 5.25-6.9 fl oz | 14 | Good activity on leaf spots.  |
|   | Fontelis 1.67 SC                       | penthiopyrad        | 7  | 12 - 24 fl oz  | 14 | Good activity on leaf spots.  |
|   | Miravis 1.67 SC                        | pydiflumetofen      | 7  | 3.4 fl oz      | 14 | Excellent activity against leaf spot diseases.                            |
|   | Abound 2.08 SC (multiple generics)     | azoxystrobin        | 11 | 6 - 18.5 fl oz | 14 |   |
|   | Evito 480 SC (multiple generics)       | fluoxastrobin       | 11 | 5.7 fl oz      | 14 |   |
| (continued)                                     | Headline 2.09 SC                       | pyraclostrobin      | 11 | 6 - 15 fl oz   | 14 | Very good activity on leaf spots.   |

### PEANUT FOLIAR DISEASES - continued

| Disease   | Fungicide                                       | Active<br>Ingredient                                   | FRAC<br>Code | Rate/Acre        | Days to<br>Harvest | Comments  |
|---|---|--|--------------|------------------|--------------------|---|
| Leaf Spots (cont.)                                      |   |  |              |                  |                    |   |
| Early leaf spot (cont.)<br>(Cercospora<br>arachidicola) | Bravo Weather Stik, Chlorothalonil,<br>Echo 6 F | chlorothalonil   | M5           | 1 - 1.5 pt       | 14                 | Very good activity on leaf spots when applied prior to disease development. Use high rate when applied alone or low rate in tank mix. |
| and   | Bravo Ultrex, Chlorothalonil 82.5 DF            | chlorothalonil   | M5           | 0.9 - 1.36 lb    | 14                 |   |
| Late leaf spot  | Acropolis 2.38 F                                | thiophanate-methyl + tetraconazole                     | 1 + 3        | 23 fl oz         | 14                 |   |
| (Cercosporidium   | Provost 433 SC                                  | prothioconazole + tebuconazole                         | 3 + 3        | 7 - 8 fl oz      | 14                 | Very good activity on leaf spot diseases.   |
| personatum)   | Provost Silver 3.52 SC                          | prothioconazole + tebuconazole                         | 3 + 3        | 11 - 13 fl oz    | 14                 |   |
|   | Lucento 4.17 SC                                 | bixafen + flutriafol                                   | 7 + 3        | 5.5 fl oz        | 14                 |   |
|   | Umbra 3.37 SC                                   | flutolanil + flutriafol                                | 7 + 3        | 25 – 38 fl oz    | 40                 |   |
|   | Topguard EQ 4.0 SC                              | azoxystrobin + flutriafol                              | 11 + 3       | 5 - 7 fl oz      | 14                 |   |
|   | Brixen  | azoxystrobin + tetraconazole                           | 11 + 3       | 16 - 21 fl oz/ac | 14                 |   |
|   | Dexter Max                                      | azoxystrobin + mancozeb                                | 11 + M3      | 2.1 lb           | 14                 |   |
|   | Evito T 4 F                                     | fluoxastrobin + tebuconazole                           | 11 + 3       | 6 - 9 fl oz      | 14                 |   |
|   | Absolute Maxx 4.36 F                            | trifloxystrobin + tebuconazole                         | 11 + 3       | 3.5 fl oz        | 14                 |   |
|   | Elatus 45 WG                                    | azoxystrobin + benzovindiflupyr                        | 11 + 7       | 7.3 - 9.5 fl oz  | 30                 |   |
|   | Priaxor 4.17 SC                                 | pyraclostrobin + fluxapyroxad                          | 11 + 7       | 4 - 8 fl oz      | 14                 |   |
|   | Revytek 3.33 SC                                 | pyraclostrobin + fluxapyroxad<br>+ mefentrifluconazole | 11 + 7 + 3   | 8 - 15 fl oz     | 14                 |   |
|   | Muscle ADV 3.84 SC                              | chlorothalonil + tebuconazole                          | M5 + 3       | 2 pt             | 14                 |   |
|   | Echo 6 F – Eminent 125 SL Co-Pack               | chlorothalonil + tetraconazole                         | M5 + 3       | 1.45 pt          | 14                 |   |
|   | Mazinga ADV 3.23 SC                             | chlorothalonil + tetraconazole                         | M5 + 3       | 2 pt             | 14                 |   |
|   | Arius ADV 6.65 SC                               | chlorothalonil + azoxystrobin                          | M5 + 11      | 21 - 30 fl oz    | 14                 |   |

# **PEANUT SOILBORNE DISEASES**

Travis Faske

### **Chemical Control of Soilborne Peanut Diseases:**

- 1. Southern blight is the most common soilborne disease of peanut in Arkansas, which is most active when weather conditions are hot and humid.
- 2. Fungicides on peanut are applied to prevent soilborne disease development, which typically begins 60 days after planting, when conditions favor disease development. Fungicide programs consist of repeated applications at 14 21 day intervals depending on disease development and weather conditions.
- 3. Apply fungicides with sufficient water volume (15 to 20 GPA) to penetrate canopy or before rainfall. Applications at night when leaves are folded have been shown to improve fungicide penetration into the lower canopy.
- 4. Do not make consecutive applications of the same mode of action (i.e., FRAC group number) except for those applications that contain chlorothalonil.

| Southern blight      | tebuconazole 3.6 F (multiple generics) | tebuconazole | 3 | 7.2 fl oz      | 14 | Very good activity on southern blight.                             |
|----------------------|--|--------------|---|----------------|----|--|
| (Sclerotium rolfsii) | Convoy 3.8 F                           | flutolanil   | 7 | 16 - 32 fl oz  | 40 | Excellent activity on southern blight.                             |
|                      | Fontelis 1.67 SC                       | penthiopyrad | 7 | 12 - 24 fl oz  | 14 | Excellent activity on southern blight.                             |
| (continued)          | Excalia 2.84 SC                        | inpyrfluxam  | 7 | 2 to 4 fl oz/A | 40 | Trademark name is INDIFLIN. Very good activity on southern blight. |

# **PEANUT SOILBORNE DISEASES – continued**

| Disease                 | Fungicide                              | Active<br>Ingredient                                   | FRAC<br>Code | Rate/Acre       | Days to<br>Harvest | Comments  |
|-------------------------|--|--|--------------|-----------------|--------------------|---|
| Peanut Soilborne Disc   | eases (cont.)                          |  |              |                 |                    |   |
| Southern blight (cont.) | Abound 2.08 SC (multiple generics)     | azoxystrobin   | 11           | 12 - 24.5 fl oz | 14                 | Good activity on southern blight.   |
| (Sclerotium rolfsii)    | Headline 2.09 SC                       | pyraclostrobin   | 11           | 6 - 15 fl oz    | 14                 | Combine with triazole or flutolanil for effective southern blight control.      |
|                         | Provost 433 SC                         | prothioconazole + tebuconazole                         | 3 + 3        | 7 - 8 fl oz     | 14                 | Prothioconazole has very good activity on southern blight.                      |
|                         | Umbra 3.37 SC                          | flutolanil + flutriafol                                | 7 + 3        | 25 – 38 fl oz   | 40                 |   |
|                         | Elatus 45 WG                           | azoxystrobin + benzovindiflupyr                        | 11 + 7       | 7.3 - 9.5 fl oz | 30                 |   |
|                         | Evito T 4 F                            | fluoxastrobin + tebuconazole                           | 11 + 3       | 9 - 11 fl oz    | 14                 |   |
|                         | Priaxor 4.17 SC                        | pyraclostrobin + fluxapyroxad                          | 11 + 7       | 8 fl oz         | 14                 | Good activity on southern blight.   |
|                         | Revytek 3.33 SC                        | pyraclostrobin + fluxapyroxad<br>+ mefentrifluconazole | 11 + 7 + 3   | 8 - 15 fl oz    | 14                 |   |
|                         | Muscle ADV 3.84 SC                     | chlorothalonil + tebuconazole                          | M5 + 3       | 2 pt            | 14                 | Very good activity on southern blight.  |
|                         | Arius ADV 6.65 SC                      | chlorothalonil + azoxystrobin                          | M5 + 11      | 30 fl oz        | 14                 |   |
| Limb rot                | Tebuconazole 3.6 F (multiple generics) | tebuconazole   | 3            | 7.2 fl oz       | 14                 | Good activity on Rhizoctonia limb rot.  |
| (Rhizoctonia solani)    | Convoy 3.8 F                           | flutolanil   | 7            | 1 - 2 pt        | 40                 | Very good activity on Rhizoctonia limb rot.                                     |
|                         | Fontelis 1.67 SC                       | penthiopyrad   | 7            | 12 - 24 fl oz   | 14                 | Very good activity on Rhizoctonia limb rot.                                     |
|                         | Excalia 2.84 SC                        | inpyrfluxam  | 7            | 2 to 4 fl oz/A  | 40                 | Trademark name is INDIFLIN. Very good activity on Rhizoctonia limb rot.         |
|                         | Abound 2.08 SC (multiple generics)     | azoxystrobin   | 11           | 12 - 24.5 fl oz | 14                 | Excellent activity on Rhizoctonia limb rot.                                     |
|                         | Headline 2.09 SC                       | pyraclostrobin   | 11           | 9 - 15 fl oz    | 14                 | Combine with triazole or flutolanil for effective Rhizoctonia limb rot control. |
|                         | Provost 433 SC                         | prothioconazole + tebuconazole                         | 3 + 3        | 7 - 8 fl oz     | 14                 |   |
|                         | Evito T 4 F                            | fluoxastrobin + tebuconazole                           | 11 + 3       | 9 - 11 fl oz    | 14                 |   |
|                         | Elatus 45 WG                           | azoxystrobin + benzovindiflupyr                        | 11 + 7       | 7.3 - 9.5 fl oz | 30                 |   |
|                         | Muscle ADV 3.84 SC                     | chlorothalonil + tebuconazole                          | M5 + 3       | 2 pt            | 14                 |   |
|                         | Arius ADV 6.65 SC                      | chlorothalonil + azoxystrobin                          | M5 + 11      | 30 fl oz        | 14                 |   |

### PEANUT SOILBORNE DISEASES - continued

| Disease                                  | Fungicide                            | Active<br>Ingredient | FRAC<br>Code | Rate/Acre       | Days to<br>Harvest | Comments  |
|--|--------------------------------------|----------------------|--------------|-----------------|--------------------|---|
| Peanut Soilborne Di                      | seases (cont.)                       |                      |              |                 |                    |   |
| Sclerotinia blight                       | Rovral 4F                            | iprodione            | 2            | 2 pt            | 10                 | 40 gal/ac minimum.  |
| (Sclerotinia minor)<br>(S. sclerotiorum) | Endura 70 WG                         | boscalid             | 7            | 8 - 10 oz       | 14                 |   |
| (  | Omege 500F or Orbus 4F, Omavo 4.17 F | fluazinam            | 29           | 1 - 1.5 pt      | 30                 | Fields with a history of Sclerotinia<br>blight should be treated beginning<br>60 to 70 days after planting or when<br>conditions favor disease. |
| Pod Rots                                 |                                      |                      |              |                 |                    |   |
| Pytium spp.  Rhizoctonia solani          | Ridomil Gold SL                      | mefenoxam            | 4            | 4 - 8 fl oz     | See<br>label.      | Pythium rot only. Apply at pegging or early pod set (45 to 60 DAP) followed by irrigation.  |
|  | Metastar 2 E                         | metalaxyl            | 4            | 2 - 4 pt        |                    | Pythium rot only.   |
|  | Ridomil Gold 2.5 G                   | mefenoxam            | 4            | 11.8 lb         | See<br>label.      | Pythium rot only. Apply in 12-inch band at pegging or early pod set (45 to 60 DAP).   |
|  | Abound 2.08 SC (multiple generics)   | azoxystrobin         | 11           | 18 - 24.5 fl oz | 14                 | Suppress Rhizoctonia pod rots. Apply 60 to 70 DAP. Do not make more than 2 sequential applications of FRAC group 11 fungicides.                 |

## **PEANUT - AFLATOXIN**

### **Travis Faske**

| Contamination                                    | Biological<br>Product | Active<br>Ingredient              | Rate/A | Comments   |
|--|-----------------------|-----------------------------------|--------|--|
| Aflatoxin Contamination by<br>Aspergillus flavus | Afla-Guard            | Atoxigenic strain of<br>A. flavus | 20 lb  | Apply by ground 40 - 80 days after planting or canopy closure. |

Note: Aflatoxin can be an issue in dry land production such as outside pivot irrigation.

# **PEANUT NEMATODES**

### **Travis Faske**

| Disease   | Nematicide  | Active Ingredient   | Rate Per Acre | Comments  |
|-----------|-------------|---------------------|---------------|---|
| Nematodes | Velum Total | fluopyram           | 18 fl oz      | Apply as in-furrow spray with 5 - 6 gal/ac water at planting.           |
|           | Telone II   | 1,3-dichloropropene | 4 - 6 gal     | Inject 12 inches below the soil surface. Allow 2 weeks before planting. |

Nematodes are not currently a serious threat to peanut production in Arkansas; therefore, we do not routinely recommend nematicides, even though certain products are labeled for this use. The peanut root-knot nematode is extremely rare in the state and reniform nematode does not reproduce on peanut. It is possible, however, that other nematode species such as the lesion nematode or the ring nematode may reach economic levels in some fields. If nematodes are suspected, soil samples should be collected in the fall (September-October) and sent to the Nematode Diagnostic Laboratory for analysis before the next crop is planted.

# **RICE - SEEDLING DISEASES**

## Yeshi Wamishe

| Disease                        | Fungicide                      | Active Ingredient  | FRAC<br>Code       | Rate/cwt<br>Seed                         | Comments  |
|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|--|--------------------|--|---|
| Pythium diseases               | Allegiance FL                  | metalaxyl  | 4                  | 0.75 - 1.5 fl oz                         | Apply with commercial seed-treating equipment.  |
|                                | Apron XL                       | mefenoxam  | 4                  | 0.32 - 0.64 fl oz                        | Apply with commercial seed-treating equipment. Use higher rates for early planting or other severe disease situations.  |
| Rhizoctonia seedling diseases, | RTU-Vitavax-Thiram             | carboxin + thiram  | 7 + M3             | 6.8 fl oz                                | Apply with commercial seed-treating equipment or use as a pour-on hopper-box treatment.   |
| general seed rots              | Vitavax 200                    | carboxin + thiram  | 7 + M3             | 4 fl oz                                  | Apply with commercial seed-treating equipment.  |
|                                | Maxim 4 FS                     | fludioxonil  | 12                 | 0.02 - 0.08 fl oz                        | Apply with commercial seed-treating equipment. Use higher rates for severe disease situations.  |
|                                | Vibrance*                      | sedaxane   | 7                  | 0.12 fl oz                               |   |
|                                | Vibrance RST                   | azoxystrobin +<br>fludioxonil +<br>mefenoxam +<br>sedaxane     | 11<br>12<br>4<br>7 | 1.7 fl oz                                |   |
| Pythium,<br>Rhizoctonia,       | Vitavax 200 +<br>Allegiance FL | carboxin + thiram + metalaxyl                                  | 7 + M3 + 4         | 4 fl oz + 0.375 fl oz                    | Apply with commercial seed-treating equipment.  |
| general seed rots              | Apron XL +<br>Maxim 4 FS       | mefenoxam +<br>fludioxonil                                     | 4 + 12             | 0.32 - 0.64 fl oz +<br>0.02 - 0.08 fl oz | Apply with commercial seed-treating equipment. Use higher rates for early planting or severe disease situations.  |
|                                | Dynasty                        | azoxystrobin   | 11                 | 0.153 - 1.53 fl oz                       | Commercial seed treaters only. Usually sold with Apron XL and Maxim on rice to improve seedling disease control. To reduce seedborne blast, data suggests rates of Dynasty above 0.75 fl oz per cwt. The use of a seed treatment fungicide to minimize seedborne blast does not mean complete control of the disease later in the season and the field should still be scouted for blast disease and managed with deeper flood and foliar fungicides. CruiserMaxx Rice may be used for a wider range of ai's. |
|                                | Trilex 2000 1.15 FC            | trifloxystrobin +<br>metalaxyl                                 | 11 + 4             | 1 - 2 oz                                 | See label.  |
|                                | EverGol Energy 1.47 FS         | prothioconazole +<br>penflufen +<br>metalaxyl                  | 3 + 7 + 4          | 1 oz                                     | Commercial seed treatment only.   |
|                                | CruiserMaxx Rice               | thiamethoxam +<br>azoxystrobin +<br>fludioxonil +<br>mefenoxam | + 11 + 12 + 4      | 7 fl oz                                  |   |

<sup>\*</sup>Rate for Vibrance is at 0.0002-0.002 mg ai/seed (based on 21,000 rice seeds/lb) for control of Rhizoctonia seedling diseases.

# **RICE - FUNGICIDES**

### Yeshi Wamishe

| Disease  | Fungicide              | Active Ingredient                | FRAC<br>Code    | Rate/Acre        | Comments <sup>1</sup>   |
|--|------------------------|----------------------------------|-----------------|------------------|---|
| positive stops in  | moderately susceptible |                                  | differentiation |                  | 35% positive stops in susceptible to very susceptible varieties or more than 50% g. Maximum benefit from a single fungicide application will be achieved when made  |
| Sheath Blight  | Quadris 2.08 SC        | azoxystrobin                     | 11              | 8.5 - 12.5 fl oz | Lower rates may not provide adequate control under some conditions. Do not apply near fishponds or apple orchards. Read and follow label application directions carefully. Use higher rates or two applications for severe sheath blight conditions on highly susceptible varieties – SEE LABEL FOR RESTRICTIONS.                     |
|  | Stratego               | trifloxystrobin + propiconazole  | 11 + 3          | 16 - 19 fl oz    |   |
|  | Quilt Xcel 2.2 EC      | azoxystrobin + propiconazole     | 11 + 3          | 14 - 27 fl oz    | Tested rates for Quilt Xcel were 17.5 fl oz (contains about 10 fl oz Quadris and 5 fl oz Tilt) and 21 fl oz (contains 12 fl oz Quadris and 6 fl oz Tilt) in Arkansas.   |
|  | Amistar Top            | azoxystrobin +<br>difenoconazole | 11 + 3          | 10 - 15 fl oz    | SEE LABEL FOR RESTRICTIONS AND DIRECTIONS.  |
|  | GEM                    | trifloxystrobin                  | 11              | 3.8 - 4.7 fl oz  | SEE LABEL FOR RESTRICTIONS AND DIRECTIONS.  |
|  | Sercadis               | fluxapyroxad                     | 7               | 4.5 - 6.8 fl oz  | SEE LABEL FOR RESTRICTIONS AND DIRECTIONS.  |
|  | Elegia                 | flutolanil                       | 7               | 32 fl oz         | SEE LABEL FOR RESTRICTIONS AND DIRECTIONS.  |
| Kernel Smut<br>and<br>False Smut                                     | Tilt 3.6 EC            | propiconazole                    | 3               | 6 fl oz          | Apply at early to late boot but before heading begins as a preventive treatment for kernel smut and/or to suppress false smut. Propiconazole fungicides can be tank-mixed with certain sheath blight fungicides or follow them as needed. Fields most likely to benefit will be those planted to a susceptible variety and fertilized |
|  | Propimax               | propiconazole                    | 3               | 6 fl oz          | heavily with nitrogen. SEE LABEL FOR RESTRICTIONS AND DIRECTIONS.   |
|  | Stratego               | trifloxystrobin + propiconazole  | 11 + 3          | 19 fl oz         |   |
|  | Amistar Top            | azoxystrobin +<br>difenoconazole | 11 + 3          | 10 - 15 fl oz    |   |
|  | Quilt Xcel 2.2 EC      | azoxystrobin + propiconazole     | 11 + 3          | 15.75 - 27 fl oz |   |
| Panicle or<br>Neck Blast <sup>2</sup><br>(susceptible<br>varieties – | Quadris 2.08 SC        | azoxystrobin                     | 11              | 12.5 fl oz       | Keep permanent flood depth of at least 4 inches to suppress early leaf blast and neck blast. Fungicides for neck blast work best if applied twice, the 1st at late boot and the 2nd when panicles of the main tillers are 50% - 75% heading but when the neck is still in boot. SEE LABELS FOR RESTRICTIONS AND DIRECTIONS.           |
| see notes and comments)  | GEM                    | trifloxystrobin                  | 11              | 3.1 - 4.7 fl oz  |   |
| ,  | Stratego               | trifloxystrobin + propiconazole  | 11 + 3          | 19 fl oz         |   |
|  | Amistar Top            | azoxystrobin +<br>difenoconazole | 11 + 3          | 10 - 15 fl oz    | 15 fl oz/A is the only rate labelled for blast control and PHI is 28 days.  |
|  | Quilt Xcel 2.2 EC      | azoxystrobin + propiconazole     | 11 + 3          | 21 - 27 fl oz    |   |

NOTE ON FUNGICIDES AND OTHER RICE DISEASES: We do not currently recommend fungicides for control of other rice diseases in Arkansas. Current fungicides used in rice are not recommended for bacterial panicle blight. Please consult the latest fungicide label for information on control of other rice diseases if deemed necessary.

# **SOYBEAN - SEEDLING DISEASES**

**Terry Spurlock** 

| Disease   | Fungicide   | Active Ingredient   | FRAC Code               | Rate/cwt Seed   | Comments   |
|---|---|---|-------------------------|---|--|
| Geed Rots<br>Damping-Off Complex                  | Trilex 2000 1.15 FC                                     | trifloxystrobin +<br>metalaxyl                                    | 11<br>4                 | 1 fl oz   |  |
| Seedling Diseases)<br>Pythium, Rhizoctonia, etc.) | CruiserMaxx<br>Vibrance 2.49 FS                         | thiamethoxam +<br>mefenoxam +<br>fludioxonil +<br>sedaxane        | <br>4<br>12<br>7        | 3.22 fl oz  | Commercial seed treatment only.  |
|   | CruiserMaxx APX   | thiamethoxam + mefanoxam + sedaxane + fludioxonil + picarbutrazox | <br>4<br>7<br>12<br>U17 | 4.18 oz/CWT or<br>1.95 oz/140000 seed                     | Commercial seed treatment only.  |
|   | Maxim 4 FS or<br>Allegiance 1.63 LS or<br>Apron XL 3 SC | fludioxonil +<br>metalaxyl +<br>mefenoxam                         | 12<br>4<br>4            | 0.08 - 0.16 fl oz<br>1.2 - 2.4 fl oz<br>0.16 - 0.64 fl oz | For on-farm or commercial use with slurry or mist treaters.  |
|   | Vitavax M 11.4 F +<br>Allegiance 1.63 LS                | carboxin +<br>thiram +<br>molybdenum +<br>metalaxyl               | 7<br>M3<br><br>4        | 9 - 12 fl oz<br>1.2 - 2.4 fl oz                           | For on-farm or commercial use with slurry or mist treaters or as a planter-box treatment.  |
|   | ApronMaxx RFC 0.52 FS                                   | mefenoxam +<br>fludioxonil  | 4<br>12                 | 1.5 fl oz   |  |
|   | ApronMaxx RTA +<br>Moly 0.16 FC                         | mefenoxam +<br>fludioxonil +<br>molybdenum                        | 4<br>12<br>             | 5 fl oz   |  |
|   | EverGol Energy 1.47 FS                                  | prothioconazole +<br>penflufen +<br>metalaxyl                     | 3<br>7<br>4             | 1 oz  | Commercial seed treatment only.  |
|   | Stamina 1.67 FC   | pyraclostrobin  | 11                      | 0.4 fl oz   | For use by commercial seed treaters only.  |
|   | Vibrance 4.3 FS   | sedaxane  | 7                       | 0.08 - 0.16 fl oz   | Specific for Rhizoctonia pathogens.  |
|   | Vibrance Trio 1.66 FC                                   | fludioxonil +<br>sedaxane +<br>mefenoxam                          | 12<br>7<br>4            | 1.55 fl oz/cwt  |  |
|   | Vyantis 3.3 FC  | picarbutrox   | U17                     | 0.039 - 0.195 fl. oz/A<br>(0.0015 - 0.0075 mg<br>ai/seed  | For control of diseases caused by <i>Pythium</i> and <i>Phytophthora</i> spp.  |
| Soilborne Diseases                                |   |   |                         |   |  |
| hough Sudden Death Syndrom                        | ne is a soilborne disease that is                       | best management with ho   | ost plant resistance    | e. Some seed applied fungi                                | cides can provide some suppression of seedling infection   |
|   | ILEVO 600 FS  | fluopyram   | 7                       | 0.15 - 0.25 mg ai/seed                                    | Suppression of seedling infection of sudden death syndrome. Commercial seed treatment only. Do not feed as forage or hay to livestock. |
|   | Saltro 4.17 FC  | pydiflumetofen  | 7                       | 0.075 mg ai/seed  | Do not feed as forage or hay to livestock.  Rate is 0.714 fl oz/140,000 seed or 1.52 fl oz/cwt.  |

NOTE: Metalaxyl and mefenoxam have activity against Pythium and Phytophthora fungi while all others listed are more active against Rhizoctonia, Fusarium and various true fungi. A combination of the two chemistries provides broadest spectrum control. If an inoculant is to be used, it should be applied after fungicide seed treatments have dried and/or right before planting. Seed treatments often have not resulted in improved stands or yields in University trials unless less-than-optimum planting conditions are prevalent (early planting, heavy clay soils, cool, wet conditions, etc.).

## **SOYBEAN - FOLIAR DISEASES**

**Travis Faske and Terry Spurlock** 

| Disease       | Fungicide                           | Active Ingredient                                      | FRAC<br>Code | Rate/Acre       | Days to<br>Harvest | Comments                                      |
|---------------|-------------------------------------|--|--------------|-----------------|--------------------|---|
| Aerial Blight | Quadris 2.08 SC (multiple generics) | azoxystrobin   | 11           | 6 - 15.5 fl oz  | 14                 | Apply at first sign of                        |
|               | Headline 2.09 SC*                   | pyraclostrobin   | 11           | 6 - 12 fl oz    | 21                 | disease for maximum control. Applications     |
|               | Froghorn 4.30 SC                    | tebuconazole + thiophanate-methyl                      | 3 + 1        | 20 fl oz        | 21                 | after significant disease                     |
|               | Miravis Top 1.67 SC                 | difenoconazole + pydiflumetofen                        | 3 + 7        | 13.7 fl oz      | 14                 | development will result in poor control.      |
|               | Quadris Top SBX 3.76 SC             | azoxystrobin + difenoconazole                          | 11 + 3       | 7 fl oz         | 30                 | · ·   |
|               | Topquard EQ 4.29 SC                 | azoxystrobin + flutriafol                              | 11 + 3       | 5 - 8 fl oz     | 21                 | Use the high rates under conditions favorable |
|               | Quilt Xcel 2.2 SE, Cover XL 2.2 SE  | azoxystrobin + propiconazole                           | 11 + 3       | 10.5 - 14 fl oz | See label          | for severe disease devel-                     |
|               | Helmstar Plus 3.0 SC                | azoxystrobin + tebuconazole                            | 11 + 3       | 7.2 fl oz       | 21                 | opment, dense plant                           |
|               | Affiance 1.5 SC*                    | azoxystrobin + tetraconazole 11 + 3                    | 11 + 3       | 14 fl oz        | 14                 | canopies or when highly susceptible varieties |
|               | Zolera FX 3.34 SC                   | fluoxastrobin + tetraconazole                          | 11 + 3       | 4.4 - 6.8 fl oz | 30                 | are planted.                                  |
|               | Aproach Prima 2.34 SC*              | picoxystrobin + cyproconazole                          | 11 + 3       | 5 - 6.8 fl oz   | 30                 |   |
|               | Stratego YLD 4.18 SC*               | trifloxystrobin + prothioconazole                      | 11 + 3       | 4 - 4.6 fl oz   | 21                 |   |
|               | Veltyma 3.34 SC                     | mefentrifluconazole + pyraclostrobin                   | 3 + 11       | 7 - 10 fl oz    | 21                 |   |
|               | Priaxor 4.17 SC*                    | pyraclostrobin + fluxapyroxad                          | 11 + 7       | 4 - 8 fl oz     | 21                 |   |
|               | Revytek 3.33 SC                     | fluxapyroxad + pyraclostrobin<br>+ mefentrifluconazole | 7 + 11 + 3   | 8 - 15 fl oz    | 21                 |   |
|               | Trivapro 2.21 SE                    | benzovindiflupyr + azoxystrobin + propiconazole        | 7 + 11 + 3   | 13.7 fl oz      | 14                 |   |

### Frogeye Leaf Spot:

Apply in presence of disease for maximum control on susceptible varieties. Applications between R3 and R4 growth stages have been effective when conditions favor disease on susceptible variety. A strobilurin fungicide (FRAC Code 11) alone will not adequately control strains for frogeye leaf spot that are resistant to this class of fungicide. Some DMI fungicides (FRAC code 3) can cause phytotoxicity, which is similar in appearance to sudden death syndrome. Typically this appear 14 days after application.

General Seed Quality: An application between R2 and late R5 has been used by seed producers for general seed quality protection.

| General Seed Quality:                   | An application between R2 and late i       | R5 has been used by seed producers for general | seea qua | ality protection. |           |
|---|--|--|----------|-------------------|-----------|
| Anthracnose,                            | Cercobin 4.11 SC                           | thiophanate-methyl                             | 1        | 10.9 - 21.8 fl oz | 21        |
| Frogeye leaf spot, Pod and stem blight, | Thiophanate-Methyl 85 WDG                  | thiophanate-methyl                             | 1        | 0.4 - 0.8 lb      | 21        |
| Cercospora leaf blight,                 | Topsin 4.5 FL                              | thiophanate-methyl                             | 1        | 10 - 20 fl oz     | 21        |
| and general seed guality diseases       | Topsin 70 WDG                              | thiophanate-methyl                             | 1        | 0.5 - 1 lb        | 21        |
| quality diseases                        | Alto 100 SL                                | cyproconazole                                  | 3        | 4 - 5.5 fl oz     | 30        |
|   | Topguard 1.04 SC                           | flutriafol                                     | 3        | 7 - 14 fl oz      | 21        |
|   | Tilt, Bumper, or multiple generics 41.8 EC | propiconazole                                  | 3        | 4 - 6 fl oz       | See label |
|   | Proline 480 SC                             | prothioconazole                                | 3        | 2.5 - 3 fl oz     | 21        |
| (continued)                             | Domark 230 ME                              | tetraconazole                                  | 3        | 4 - 5 fl oz       | See label |

# **SOYBEAN - FOLIAR DISEASES (continued)**

| Disease  | Fungicide                           | Active Ingredient                                      | FRAC<br>Code | Rate/Acre       | Days to<br>Harvest | Comments  |
|--|-------------------------------------|--|--------------|-----------------|--------------------|---|
| Anthracnose, (cont.) Frogeye leaf spot, Pod and stem blight, | Adiamo 230 ME                       | tetraconazole  | 3            | 4 - 5 fl oz     | R5                 | Apply as a curative application when disease incident does not exceed 5% of the plants. |
| Cercospora leaf blight,                                      | Quadris 2.08 SC (multiple generics) | azoxystrobin   | 11           | 6 - 15.5 fl oz  | 14                 | ·   |
| and general seed   | Evito 480 SC, Aftershock 480 SC     | fluoxastrobin  | 11           | 2 - 5.7 fl oz   | 30                 |   |
| quality diseases   | Aproach 2.08 SC                     | picoxystrobin  | 11           | 6 - 12 fl oz    | 14                 |   |
|  | Headline 2.09 SC                    | pyraclostrobin   | 11           | 6 - 12 fl oz    | 21                 |   |
|  | GEM 500 SC                          | trifloxystrobin  | 11           | 3 - 3.5 fl oz   | 21                 |   |
|  | Topsin XTR 4.3 F                    | thiophanate-methyl + tebuconazole                      | 1 + 3        | 20 fl oz        | 21                 |   |
|  | Froghorn 4.3 SC                     | thiophanate-methyl + tebuconazole                      | 1 + 3        | 20 fl oz        | 21                 |   |
|  | Acropolis 2.38 F                    | thiophanate-methyl + tetraconazole                     | 1 + 3        | 20 - 23 fl oz   | R5                 |   |
|  | Lucento 4.17 SC                     | flutriafol + bixafen                                   | 3 + 7        | 3 - 5.5 fl oz   | 21                 | In university trials 5 oz/A was the most effective rate                                 |
|  | Miravis Top 1.62 SC                 | difenconazole + pydiflumetofen                         | 3 + 7        | 13.7 fl oz      | 14                 |   |
|  | Quadris Top SBX 3.76 SC             | azoxystrobin + difenoconazole                          | 11 + 3       | 7 fl oz         | 14                 |   |
|  | Topguard EQ 4.29 SC                 | azoxystrobin + flutriafol                              | 11 + 3       | 5 - 8 fl oz     | 21                 |   |
|  | Custodia 2.67 SC                    | azoxystrobin + tebuconazole                            | 11 + 3       | 8.6 fl oz       | 21                 |   |
|  | Helmstar Plus 3.0 SC                | azoxystrobin + tebuconazole                            | 11 + 3       | 7.2 fl oz       | 21                 |   |
|  | Quilt Xcel 2.2 SE, Cover XL 2.2 SE  | azoxystrobin + propiconazole                           | 11 + 3       | 10.5 - 14 fl oz | See label          |   |
|  | Affiance 1.5 SC                     | azoxystrobin + tetraconazole                           | 11 + 3       | 10 - 14 fl oz   | 14                 |   |
|  | Brixen 1.85 SC                      | azoxystrobin + tetraconazole                           | 11 + 3       | 13 - 16 fl oz   | 14                 |   |
|  | Fortix 3.22 SC, Preemptor 3.22 SC   | fluoxastrobin + flutriafol                             | 11 + 3       | 5 - 6 fl oz     | 30                 |   |
|  | Evito T 4.0 SC                      | fluoxastrobin + tebuconazole                           | 11 + 3       | 4 - 6 fl oz     | 30                 |   |
|  | Zolera FX 3.34 SC                   | fluoxastrobin + tetraconazole                          | 11 + 3       | 4.4 - 6.8 oz    | 30                 |   |
|  | Aproach Prima 2.34 SC               | picoxystrobin + cyproconazole                          | 11 + 3       | 5 - 6.8 fl oz   | 30                 |   |
|  | Veltyma 3.34 SC                     | pyraclostrobin + mefentrifluconazole                   | 11 + 3       | 7 - 10 fl oz    | 21                 |   |
|  | Stratego 2.08 SC                    | trifloxystrobin + propiconazole                        | 11 + 3       | 10 fl oz        | 21                 |   |
|  | Stratego YLD 4.18 SC                | trifloxystrobin + prothioconazole                      | 11 + 3       | 4 - 4.6 fl oz   | 21                 |   |
|  | Priaxor 4.17 SC                     | pyraclostrobin + fluxapyroxad                          | 11 + 7       | 4 - 8 fl oz     | 21                 |   |
|  | Trivapro 2.21 SE                    | benzovindiflupyr + azoxystrobin<br>+ propiconazole     | 7 + 11 + 3   | 13.7 fl oz      | 14                 |   |
|  | Revytek 3.33 SC                     | fluxapyroxad + pyraclostrobin<br>+ mefentrifluconazole | 7 + 11 + 3   | 8 - 15 fl oz    | 21                 |   |
|  | Mazinga ADV 3.23 SC                 | tetraconazole + chlorothalonil                         | M5 + 3       | 2 pt            | R5                 |   |
|  | Arius ADV 6.65 SC                   | chlorothalonil + azoxystrobin                          | M5 + 11      | 20 - 25 fl oz   | 42                 |   |

# **SOYBEAN - FOLIAR DISEASES (continued)**

| Disease | Fungicide  | Active Ingredient                                      | FRAC<br>Code  | Rate/Acre      | Days to<br>Harvest | Comments                                      |
|---------|--|--|---------------|----------------|--------------------|---|
|         | Alto 100 SL  | cyproconazole  | 3             | 4 - 5.5 fl oz  | 30                 | When soybean rust is                          |
|         | Topguard 1.04 SC   | flutriafol   | 3             | 7 - 14 fl oz   | 21                 | present and conditions favor disease develop- |
|         | Tilt, Bumper, or multiple generics 41.8 EC               | propiconazole  | 3 4 - 6 fl oz |                | See label          | ment, use high rates combined with additiona  |
|         | Proline 480 SC   | prothioconazole  | 3             | 2.5 - 3 fl oz  | 21                 | triazole for improved rus control.            |
|         | tebuconazole<br>(multiple generics 3.6 F)                | tebuconazole   | 3             | 3 - 4 fl oz    | 21                 |   |
|         | Domark 230 ME  | tetraconazole  | 3             | 4 - 5 fl oz    | See label          |   |
|         | Adiamo 230 ME  | tetraconazole  | 3             | 4 - 5 fl oz    | R5                 |   |
|         | Quadris 2.08 SC  | azoxystrobin   | 11            | 6 - 15.5 fl oz | 14                 |   |
|         | Headline 2.09 SC   | pyraclostrobin   | 11            | 6 - 12 fl oz   | 21                 |   |
|         | Topsin XTR 4.3 F   | thiophanate-methyl + tebuconazole                      | 1 + 3         | 20 fl oz       | 21                 |   |
|         | Froghorn 4.3 SC  | thiophanate-methyl + tebuconazole                      | 1 + 3         | 20 fl oz       | 21                 |   |
|         | Trivapro 2.21 SE   | benzovindiflupyr + azoxystrobin + propiconazole        | 7 + 11 + 3    | 13.7 fl oz     | 14                 |   |
|         | Revytek 3.33 SC  | fluxapyroxad + pyraclostrobin<br>+ mefentrifluconazole | 7 + 11 + 3    | 8 - 15 fl oz   | 21                 |   |
|         | Acropolis 2.38 F   | thiophanate-methyl + tetraconazole                     | 1 + 3         | 20 - 23 fl oz  | R5                 |   |
|         | Topquard EQ 4.29 SC                                      | azoxystrobin + flutriafol                              | 11 + 3        | 5 - 7 fl oz    | 21                 |   |
|         | Quilt Xcel 2.2 SE, Cover XL 2.2 SE<br>Aframe Plus 2.2 SE | azoxystrobin + propiconazole                           | 11 + 3        | 14 - 21 fl oz  | See label          |   |
|         | Helmstar Plus 3.0 SC                                     | azoxystrobin + tebuconazole                            | 11 + 3        | 7.2 fl oz      | 21                 |   |
|         | Affiance 1.5 SC  | azoxystrobin + tetraconazole                           | 11 + 3        | 10 - 14 fl oz  | 14                 |   |
|         | Brixen 1.85 SC   | azoxystrobin + tetraconazole                           | 11 + 3        | 13 - 16 fl oz  | 14                 |   |
|         | Aproach Prima 2.34 SC                                    | picoxystrobin + cyproconazole                          | 11 + 3        | 5 - 6.8 fl oz  | 30                 |   |
|         | Veltyma 3.34 SC  | pyraclostrobin + mefentrifluconazole                   | 11 + 3        | 7 - 10 fl oz   | 21                 |   |
|         | Stratego 2.08 SC   | trifloxystrobin + propiconazole                        | 11 + 3        | 10 fl oz       | 21                 |   |
|         | Stratego YLD 4.18 SC                                     | trifloxystrobin + prothioconazole                      | 11 + 3        | 4 - 4.6 fl oz  | 21                 |   |
|         | Priaxor 4.17 SC  | pyraclostrobin + fluxapyroxad                          | 11 + 7        | 4 - 8 fl oz    | 21                 |   |
|         | Mazinga ADV 3.23 SC                                      | tetraconazole + chlorothalonil                         | M5 + 3        | 2 pt           | R5                 |   |
|         | Arius ADV 6.65 SC  | chlorothalonil + azoxystrobin                          | M5 + 11       | 20 - 25 fl oz  | 42                 |   |

<sup>\*</sup>Use for control of aerial blight is based on other states' data.

# Management of Soybean Diseases – Fungicide Efficacy for Control of Foliar Soybean Diseases (January 2022)

The North Central Regional Committee on Soybean Diseases (NCERA-137) has developed the following information on foliar fungicide efficacy for control of major foliar soybean diseases in the United States. Efficacy ratings for each fungicide listed in the table were determined by field-testing the materials over multiple years and locations by the members of the committee. Efficacy ratings are based upon level of disease control achieved by product and are not necessarily reflective of yield increases obtained from product application. Efficacy depends upon proper application timing, rate and application method to achieve optimum effectiveness of the fungicide as determined by labeled instructions and overall level of disease in the field at the time of application. Differences in efficacy among fungicide products were determined by direct comparisons among products in field tests and are based on a single application of the labeled rate as listed in the table, unless otherwise noted. This table includes systemic fungicides available that have been tested over multiple years and locations. The table is not intended to be a list of all labeled products<sup>1</sup>. Efficacy categories: NR = Not Recommended; P = Poor; F = Fair; G = Good; VG = Very Good; E = Excellent; NL = Not Labeled for use against this disease; U = Unknown efficacy or insufficient data to rank product efficacy.

NOTE: This guideline was a composite of several field trials from multiple states across the U.S. soybean belt and may not always reflect fungicide efficacy observed in Arkansas.

|                                 | Fungi                    | icide(s)                                      |                   | A! - 1                  |                  |               |   |                                   | Phomopsis/                            |                 |                |                                      |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------|---|-------------------|-------------------------|------------------|---------------|---|-----------------------------------|---------------------------------------|-----------------|----------------|--------------------------------------|
| Class                           | Active<br>Ingredient (%) | Product/<br>Trade Name                        | Rate/A<br>(fl oz) | Aerial<br>Web<br>Blight | Anthrac-<br>nose | Brown<br>Spot | Cercospora<br>Leaf<br>Blight <sup>2</sup> | Frogeye<br>Leaf Spot <sup>3</sup> | Diaporthe<br>(Pod and<br>Stem Blight) | Soybean<br>Rust | Target<br>Spot | Harvest<br>Restriction <sup>4</sup>  |
|                                 | Azoxystrobin 22.9%       | Quadris 2.08 SC                               | 6 - 15.5          | VG                      | VG               | F-G           | Р   | Р                                 | U                                     | G-VG            | P-F            | 14 days                              |
| Qol<br>Strobilurins<br>Group 11 | Fluoxastrobin 40.3%      | Aftershock 480 SC<br>Evito 480 SC             | 2 - 5.7           | VG                      | G                | F-G           | Р   | Р                                 | U                                     | U               | U              | R5<br>(beginning<br>seed)<br>30 days |
| Stre                            | Picoxystrobin            | Aproach 2.08 SC                               | 6 - 12            | VG                      | G                | F-G           | Р   | Р                                 | U                                     | G               | U              | 14 days                              |
|                                 | Pyraclostrobin 23.6%     | Headline 2.09 EC/SC                           | 6 - 12            | VG                      | VG               | F-G           | Р   | Р                                 | U                                     | VG              | P-F            | 21 days                              |
|                                 | Cyproconazole 8.9%       | Alto 100 SL                                   | 2.75 - 5.5        | U                       | U                | VG            | F   | F                                 | U                                     | VG              | U              | 30 days                              |
|                                 | Flutriafol 11.8%         | Topguard 1.04 SC                              | 7 - 14            | U                       | VG               | VG            | P-F                                       | G-VG                              | U                                     | VG-E            | Р              | 21 days                              |
| DMI<br>Triazoles<br>Group 3     | Propiconazole 41.8%      | Tilt 3.6 EC<br>Multiple Generics <sup>5</sup> | 4 - 6             | Р                       | VG               | G             | NL  | F                                 | NL                                    | VG              | U              | R6                                   |
| Tria                            | Prothioconazole 41.0%    | Proline 480 SC                                | 5 - 5.7           | NL                      | NL               | NL            | NL  | G-VG                              | NL                                    | VG              | U              | 21 days                              |
|                                 | Tetraconazole 20.5%      | Domark 230 ME<br>Multiple Generics            | 4 - 5             | NL                      | VG               | VG            | P-F                                       | F-G                               | U                                     | VG-E            | Р              | R5<br>(beginning<br>seed)            |
| MBC<br>Thiophanates<br>Group 1  | Thiophanate-methyl       | Topsin-M 70 WP<br>Multiple Generics           | 10 - 20           | U                       | U                | U             | F   | VG                                | U                                     | G               | U              | 21 days                              |
| ides<br>7                       | Boscalid 70%             | Endura 0.7 DF                                 | 3.5 - 11          | U                       | NL               | VG            | U   | Р                                 | NL                                    | NL              | U              | 21 days                              |
| SDHI<br>Carboximides<br>Group 7 | Inpyrfluxam 31.25%       | Excalia 2.84 SC                               | 2.0               | E                       | NL               | NL            | NL  | NL                                | NL                                    | U               | NL             | R5                                   |

### Management of Soybean Diseases - Fungicide Efficacy for Control of Foliar Soybean Diseases (January 2022) - (continued)

|  | Fun   | gicide(s)  |                          | Aerial        |                  |               | Cercospora                  |                                   | Phomopsis/<br>Diaporthe  |                 |                |                                     |
|--|---|--|--------------------------|---------------|------------------|---------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------------|--------------------------|-----------------|----------------|-------------------------------------|
| Class                                      | Active<br>Ingredient (%)  | Product/<br>Trade Name                             | Rate/A<br>(fl oz)        | Web<br>Blight | Anthrac-<br>nose | Brown<br>Spot | Leaf<br>Blight <sup>2</sup> | Frogeye<br>Leaf Spot <sup>3</sup> | (Pod and<br>Stem Blight) | Soybean<br>Rust | Target<br>Spot | Harvest<br>Restriction <sup>4</sup> |
|  | Azoxystrobin 25.3%<br>Flutriafol 16.83%                                   | Topguard EQ 4.29 SC                                | 5 - 8                    | VG            | U                | U             | U                           | G-VG                              | U                        | E               | Р              | 21 days                             |
|  | Azoxystrobin 18.2%<br>Difenoconazole 11.4%                                | Quadris Top 2.72 SC                                | 8 - 14                   | U             | U                | U             | U                           | VG                                | F-G                      | VG              | Р              | 14 days                             |
|  | Azoxystrobin 19.8%<br>Difenoconazole 19.8%                                | Quadris Top SBX<br>3.76 SC                         | 7 - 7.5                  | VG            | U                | U             | U                           | VG                                | F-G                      | VG              | F-G            | 14 days                             |
|  | Azoxystrobin 7.0%<br>Propiconazole 11.7%                                  | Avaris 1.66 SC<br>Quilt 1.66 SC<br>HM-0812 1.66 SC | 14 - 20.5                | U             | U                | G             | U                           | F                                 | U                        | VG              | Р              | 21 days                             |
|  | Azoxystrobin 13.5%<br>Propiconazole 11.7%                                 | Quilt Xcel 2.2 SE                                  | 10.5 - 21                | Е             | VG               | G             | F                           | F                                 | U                        | VG              | Р              | R6                                  |
| uo   | Benzovindiflupyr 10.27%<br>Azoxystrobin 13.5%<br>Propiconazole 11.7%      | Trivapro 2.21 EC                                   | 13.7                     | Е             | U                | VG            | U                           | G-VG                              | U                        | U               | U              | 14 days                             |
| Acti                                       | Cyproconazole 7.17% Picoxystrobin 17.94%                                  | Aproach Prima 2.34 SC                              | 5 - 6.8                  | VG            | U                | U             | U                           | F-G                               | U                        | VG              | Р              | 14 days                             |
| es of<br>1 + 3                             | Flutriafol 26.47%<br>Bixafen 15.5%  | Lucento 4.17 SC                                    | 3 - 5.5                  | VG            | U                | VG            | U                           | VG                                | U                        | U               | F-G            | 21 days                             |
| Mixed Modes of Action<br>Group 11 + 3 or 7 | Flutriafol 19.3%<br>Fluoxastrobin 14.84%                                  | Fortix 3.22 SC<br>Preemptor 3.22 SC                | 4 - 6                    | U             | U                | U             | U                           | G                                 | Р                        | U               | U              | R5 (beginning seed)                 |
| Aixed<br>Gro                               | Prothioconazole 16.0%<br>Trifloxystrobin 13.7%                            | Delaro 325 SC                                      | 8-11                     | VG            | U                | VG            | U                           | G-VG                              | U                        | U               | NC             | 21 days                             |
| ~ ~  | Prothioconazole 16.0%<br>Trifloxystrobin 13.7%<br>Fluopyram 10.9%         | Delaro Complete 3.83 SC                            | 8-11                     | U             | U                | VG            | U                           | U                                 | U                        | U               | NL             | 21 days                             |
|  | Pydiflumetofen 6.9%<br>Difenoconazole 11.5%                               | Miravis Top 1.67 SC                                | 13.7                     | VG            | U                | VG            | F-G                         | VG                                | G                        | VG-E            | F-G            | 14 days                             |
|  | Pyraclostrobin 28.58%<br>Fluxapyroxad 14.33%                              | Priaxor 4.17 SC                                    | 4 - 8                    | Е             | VG               | Е             | F                           | P-F                               | U                        | VG-E            | F-G            | 21 days                             |
|  | Pyraclostrobin 28.58%<br>Fluxapyroxad 14.33%<br>Tetraconazole 20.50%      | Priaxor D<br>4.17 SC<br>1.9 SC                     | 4<br>(each<br>component) | VG            | U                | U             | U                           | F-G                               | G                        | VG-E            | F-G            | 21 days<br>R5 (beginning<br>seed)   |
|  | Trifloxystrobin 32.3% Prothioconazole 10.8%                               | Stratego YLD 4.18 SC                               | 4 - 4.65                 | VG            | VG               | VG            | F                           | F-G                               | U                        | VG              | Р              | 21 days                             |
|  | Tetraconazole 7.48%<br>Azoxystrobin 9.35%                                 | Affiance 1.5 SC                                    | 10 - 14                  | U             | VG               | VG            | F                           | F-G                               | U                        | U               | U              | R5<br>14 days                       |
|  | Tetraconazole 17.76%<br>Fluoxastrobin 17.76%                              | Zolera FX 3.34%                                    | 4.4 - 6.8                | U             | U                | U             | U                           | F-G                               | U                        | U               | U              | R5<br>30 days                       |
|  | Thiophanate-methyl 21.3%<br>Tetraconazole 4.2%                            | Acropolis 2.38 F                                   | 20 - 23                  | NL            | U                | U             | U                           | VG                                | U                        | VG-E            | U              | R5                                  |
|  | Mefentrifluconazole 11.61%<br>Pyraclostrobin 15.49%<br>Fluxapyroxad 7.74% | Revytek 3.3 SC <sup>12</sup>                       | 8 - 15                   | VG            | U                | VG            | F-VG                        | VG                                | U                        | G-VG            | F-VG           | 21 days                             |

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Multiple fungicides are labeled for soybean rust only, powdery mildew and alternaria leaf spot, including tebuconazole (multiple products) and Laredo (myclobutanil). Contact fungicides such as chlorothalonil may also be labeled for use.

Many products have specific use restrictions about the amount of active ingredient that can be applied within a period of time or the amount of sequential applications that can occur. Please read and follow all specific use restrictions prior to fungicide use. This information is provided only as a guide. It is the responsibility of the pesticide applicator by law to read and follow all current label directions. Reference to products in this publication is not intended to be an endorsement to the exclusion of others that may be similar. Persons using such products assume responsibility for their use in accordance with current directions of the manufacturer. Members or participants in the NCERA-137 group assume no liability resulting from the use of these products.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Cercospora leaf blight efficacy relies on accurate application timing, and standard R3 application timings may not provide adequate disease control. Fungicide efficacy may improve with earlier or later applications. Fungicides with a solo or mixed Qol or MBC mode of action may not be effective in areas where Qol or MBC resistance has been detected in the fungal population that causes Cercospora leaf blight.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> In areas where Qol-fungicide resistant isolates of the frogeye leaf spot pathogen are <u>not</u> present, Qol fungicides may be more effective than indicated in this table.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Harvest restrictions are listed for soybean harvested for grain. Restrictions may vary for other types of soybean (edamame, etc.) and soybean for other uses such as forage or fodder.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Multiple generic products containing this mode of action may also be labeled in some states.

## **SOYBEAN - NEMATODES**

### **Travis Faske**

| Nematode   | Nematicide                        | Formulation          | Active Ingredient  | Rate/Acre                                       | Comments  |
|--|-----------------------------------|----------------------|--|---|---|
| Soybean Cyst,<br>Root-Knot,<br>Reniform, and<br>Lesion | Telone II 9.85 L <sup>2</sup>     | Liquid               | 1,3-dichloropropene  | 3 - 6 gal                                       | Inject 12 inches below planting depth and seal immediately with appropriate bedding equipment. Wait 7 - 14 days before planting.                            |
|  | Avicta 500 FS <sup>1</sup>        | Seed treatment       | abamectin  | 0.15 mg ai/<br>seed                             | For use by commercial seed treaters only. Use in conjuction with moderately resistant cultivars. Available as Avictia Complete Beans 500.                   |
|  | ILEVO 600 FS <sup>1</sup>         | Seed treatment       | fluopyram  | 0.075 - 0.25 mg<br>ai/seed                      | Available through commercial seed companies and dealer distributors. Some suppression of SDS.   |
|  | Saltro 4.17 FC <sup>1</sup>       | Seed treatment       | pydiflumetofen   | 1.52 fl oz/cwt                                  | Suppression of soybean nematodes, has been limited in university trials. Some suppression of SDS nematicides. 0.714 fl oz/140,000 seed (0.075 mg ai/ seed). |
|  | Poncho/Votivo 5.0 FS¹             | Seed treatment       | clothianidin +<br>Bacillus firmus I-1582   | 0.13 mg<br>ai/seed                              | Commercial seed treatment equipment only.   |
|  | Clariva pn <sup>1</sup>           | Seed treatment       | Pasturia nishizawae  | 1.6 fl oz/cwt                                   | Biological control specific to soybean cyst nematodes.<br>Available as Clariva Elite Beans.   |
|  | BioST Nematicide 100 <sup>1</sup> | Seed treatment       | Burkholderia spp. A396   | 3 fl oz/cwt                                     |   |
|  | Trunemco corn/soy <sup>1</sup>    | Seed treatment       | Bacillus amyloliquefaciens<br>strain MBI 600 + cis-Jasmone                       | 0.15 fl oz/cwt                                  | 0.033 mg ai/seed  |
|  | Aveo EZ Nematicide <sup>1</sup>   | Seed treatment       | Bacillus amyloliquefaciens<br>strain PTA 4838                                    | 0.1 fl oz/<br>140,000 seeds                     | Suppresion of soybean nematodes has been limited in university trials.  |
| Complete seed  | treatment formulations that in    | clude seed-applied n | ematicides   |   |   |
|  | Avictia Complete Beans 500        | Seed treatment       | abamectin + thiamethoxam<br>+ mefenoxam + fludioxinil                            | 6.2 fl oz/cwt<br>(@ 3000<br>seeds/lb)           | Abamectin is the nematicide in this trade name formulation.   |
|  | Clariva Elite Beans               | Seed treatment       | thiamethoxam + mefenox-<br>am + fludioxinil + sedaxane<br>+ Pasteuria nishizawae | 5.6 fl oz/cwt or<br>2.6 fl oz/<br>140,000 seeds | P. nishizawae is the biological nematicide for SCN only in this trade name formulation.   |

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Use were nematode pressure is low to moderate.

RESTRICTED USE PESTICIDES – For sale and use only by licensed/certified applicators or persons under their direct supervision. These are dangerous pesticides – use caution in handling and read and follow current label directions. If nematodes are suspected to be causing problems, a diagnostic soil sample should be taken to your county agent for submission to the Cooperative Extension Service Nematode Diagnostic Laboratory. A small fee is required.

**NOTE:** The economic value of using nematicides on Arkansas soybeans is sometimes questionable. The value of soybeans in today's market must be considered. Planting resistant varieties or using crop rotation offers more economical control.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Use where nematode pressure is severe.

# **EDAMAME – SEEDLING DISEASES**

# **Terry Spurlock**

| Disease                             | Fungicide            | Active Ingredient | FRAC Code | Rate/cwt Seed     | Comments                       |
|-------------------------------------|----------------------|-------------------|-----------|-------------------|--------------------------------|
| Seed Treatment                      |                      |                   |           |                   |                                |
| Pythium and<br>Rhizoctonia diseases | Maxim 4 FS           | fludioxonil       | 12        | 0.08 - 0.16 fl oz | For commercial seed treatment. |
| (seed rots, damping-off)            | Apron XL 3 SC        | mefenoxam         | 4         | 0.32 fl oz        |                                |
| In-Furrow Application               |                      |                   |           |                   |                                |
| Phytophthora diseases               | Ridomil Gold SL 4 SC | mefenoxam         | 4         | 0.08 - 0.28 fl oz |                                |
| Rhizoctonia and                     | Uniform 3.72 SC      | azoxystrobin +    | 11        | 0.34 fl oz        |                                |
| Phytophthora diseases               |                      | mefenoxam         | 4         |                   |                                |

# **EDAMAME – FOLIAR DISEASES**

# **Travis Faske and Terry Spurlock**

| Disease   | Fungicide        | Active Ingredient   | FRAC<br>Code | Rate/Acre      | Days to<br>Harvest | Comments   |
|---|------------------|---|--------------|----------------|--------------------|--|
| Aerial Blight   | Quadris 2.08 SC  | azoxystrobin  | 11           | 6 - 15.5 fl oz | 0                  |  |
| Anthracnose,<br>Asian Soybean Rust,<br>Cercospora Leaf Spot | Quadris 2.08 SC  | azoxystrobin  | 11           | 6 - 15.5 fl oz | 0                  | Do not make more than 2 sequential applications of FRAC 11 fungicide.  |
|   | Headline 2.09 SC | pyraclostrobin  | 11           | 6 - 9 oz       | 7                  | Begin applications prior to disease development, then at 7 - 14 day intervals. See label restrictions.                                   |
|   | Fontelis 1.67 SC | penthiopyrad  | 7            | 14 - 30 fl oz  | 0                  | Do not exceed 72 fl oz/acre per year. See label.   |
|   | Priaxor 4.17 SC  | fluxapyroxad + pyraclostrobin                             | 7<br>11      | 4 - 8 fl oz    | 7                  | 7 - 14 day intervals. See label restrictions.  |
|   | Revytek 3.33 SC  | pyraclostrobin +<br>fluxapyroxad +<br>mefentrifluconazole | 11<br>7<br>3 | 8 - 15 fl oz   | 21                 | Maximum of 2 applications per season 14 day interval. Do not apply more than 10 fl oz per application.                                   |
|   | Veltyma 3.34 SC  | pyraclostrobin +<br>mefentrifluconazole                   | 11<br>3      | 7 - 10 fl oz   | 21                 | Maximum of 2 applications per season 14 day interval. Do not apply more than 10 fl oz per application.                                   |
| Ascochyta Blight,<br>Alternaria Leaf and<br>Pod Spot        | Endura 0.7 DF    | boscalid  | 7            | 8 - 11 oz      | 7                  | Maximum of 2 applications per season. 5 - 14 day intervals. Begin application prior to disease development or at beginning of flowering. |

# **EDAMAME - NEMATODES**

### **Travis Faske**

| Nematode                                    | Nematicide                      | Formulation       | Active Ingredient   | Rate/Acre         | Comments   |
|---|---------------------------------|-------------------|---|-------------------|--|
| Root-Knot,<br>Reniform, and<br>Soybean Cyst | Telone II 9.85 L                | liquid            | 1,3-dichloropropene   | 3 gal             | Inject 12 inches below planting depth and seal immediately with appropriate bedding equipment. Wait 7 - 14 days before planting. |
| Nematode                                    | Avicta Complete<br>Beans 500 FC | seed<br>treatment | abamectin +<br>thiamethoxam +<br>fludioxonil +<br>mefenoxam | 6.2 fl oz/<br>cwt | Use where nematode pressure is low to moderate.  |

## WHEAT - SEED TREATMENTS

### **Terry Spurlock**

| Disease   | Fungicide                                  | Active Ingredient                                       | FRAC<br>Code*   | Rate/cwt Seed              | Comments  |
|---|--|---|-----------------|----------------------------|---|
| Loose Smut,<br>Stagonospora Blotch<br>(glume blotch),<br>and other seedling | Charter 0.21 FS                            | triticonazole   | 3               | 3.1 fl oz                  | On-farm or commercial seed treaters.<br>See label for details.  |
|   | Vibrance 4.3 FS                            | sedaxane  | 7               | 1.16 - 2.32 g ai           | Also labeled for oats and triticale.  |
| diseases  | Maxim 4 FS 4 FC                            | fludioxonil   | 12              | 1.16 – 2.32 g ai           | See label.  |
|   | Mertect 340 F 4.1 SC                       | thiabendazole   | 1               | 0.17 oz                    | See label.  |
|   | Raxil MD 11.6 S                            | tebuconazole + metalaxyl<br>+ prothioconazole           | 3 + 4 + 3       | 5 – 7.5 fl oz              | On-farm or commercial seed treaters. Dilute 1:1 with water before application to seed. Already contains dye. Do not graze for 38 days after seeding. Also controls loose smut of oats.                      |
|   | Dividend Extreme 0.96 FC                   | difenoconazole + mefenoxam                              | 3 + 4           | 2 - 4 fl oz                | Also labeled for triticale.   |
|   | Charter F2 0.19 FS                         | triticonazole + metalaxyl                               | 3 + 4           | 5.4 fl oz                  | See label.  |
|   | Rancona Crest 1.37 FS                      | ipconazole + metalaxyl + imidacloprid                   | 3 + 4           | 5 fl oz                    | Do not graze or feed livestock on treated areas for 45 days after planting.   |
|   | Rancona V RTU FS<br>1.26 FS                | ipconazole + carboxin +<br>metalaxyl                    | 3 + 7 + 4       | 4.6 fl oz                  | Do not graze or feed livestock on treated areas for 42 days after planting.   |
|   | Vibrance Extreme<br>0.81 FC                | difenoconazole + sedaxane + mefenoxam                   | 3 + 7 + 4       | 2.8 - 5.6 fl oz            | Also labeled for oats and triticale.  |
|   | Trebuset                                   | pydiflumetofen  | 7               | 0.31 fl oz/100 lb<br>seed  | For control of seed rot and seedling blight cause by Fusarium spp., early season tan spot and early season powdery mildew.  |
|   | CruiserMaxx<br>Vibrance Cereals<br>0.72 FS | difenoconazole + sedaxane +<br>mefenoxam + thiamethoxam | 3 + 7 + 4 + N/A | 5 oz                       | Multiple seed and seedling diseases (see label). Also labeled for oats and triticale. Contains Cruiser 5 FS at 0.25 oz/cwt. Add additional 0.75 oz/cwt Cruiser 5 FS for aphid control and BYDV suppression. |
|   | EverGol Energy<br>1.47 FS                  | prothioconazole + penflufen + metalaxyl                 | 3 + 7 + 4       | 1 oz                       | Commercial seed treatment only.   |
|   | Gaucho XT 1.29 F                           | tebuconazole + metalaxyl + imidacloprid                 | 3 + 4 + N/A     | 3.4 fl oz                  | See label.  |
|   | Vyantis 3.3 FC                             | picarbutrazox   | U17             | 0.05 - 0.10 fl. oz/<br>cwt | For control of diseases caused by Pythium spp. only.  |

<sup>\*</sup>FRAC Code – Fungicides with the same FRAC Code have the same mode of action. See <a href="http://www.frac.info/">http://www.frac.info/</a> for an explanation of the FRAC Codes. Rotation of fungicides with different FRAC Codes could minimize the development of fungicide resistant strains.

**NOTE:** Wheat seed producers in Arkansas should always plant seed treated with one of the listed products to prevent a buildup of loose smut and Stagonospora glume blotch in the seed supply. Growers who plant saved seed should have it treated with one of the above, especially if the seed came from a field with these diseases or if either of the diseases was at epidemic levels in nearby fields during the spring.

# WHEAT - FOLIAR FUNGICIDES

# **Terry Spurlock**

| Disease  | Fungicide   | Active Ingredient                 | FRAC<br>Code* | Rate/Acre       | Comments   |
|--|---|-----------------------------------|---------------|-----------------|--|
| Leaf Rust<br>Stagonospora (Glume)<br>Blotch <sup>1</sup>           | Alto100 SL  | cyproconazole                     | 3             | 3 - 5.5 fl oz   | See label.   |
|  | Caramba 90 EC                                       | metconazole                       | 3             | 10 - 14 fl oz   | No more than 2 applications/season. See label.   |
| Septoria Leaf Blotch<br>Powdery Mildew<br>Stripe Rust <sup>2</sup> | Bumper 41.8 EC,<br>Propimax 3.6 EC,<br>Tilt 1.04 SC | propiconazole                     | 3             | 4 fl oz         | Do not apply after Feekes GS 10.5 (full heading). Do not apply more than 8 fl oz per acre per crop per season.                                     |
|  | tebuconazole (various trade names 3.6 F)            | tebuconazole                      | 3             | 4 fl oz         | Maximum of 4 fl oz/acre per year.  |
|  | Quadris 2.08 F**                                    | azoxystrobin                      | 11            | 6 floz          | Do not apply after Feekes GS 10.54 (flowering over). Apply prior to disease development.   |
|  | Aftershock 480 SC                                   | fluoxastrobin                     | 11            | 2.5 - 4 fl oz   | 10 - 14 day intervals. See label.  |
|  | Evito 480 SC  | fluoxastrobin                     | 11            | 2.5 - 4 fl oz   | 10 - 14 day intervals. See label.  |
|  | Headline 2.09 SC*                                   | pyraclostrobin                    | 11            | 6 - 9 fl oz     | Do not apply after Feekes GS 10.5. See label. Headline is also labeled for control of black point of wheat.  |
|  | Quilt Xcel 2.2 SE                                   | azoxystrobin + propiconazole      | 11 + 3        | 10.5 - 14 fl oz | Do not apply after Feekes GS 10.54. Tank mixes with certain herbicides and fertilizers may result in crop injury – see label for all restrictions. |
|  | Delaro 325 SC                                       | trifloxystrobin + prothioconazole | 11 + 3        | 8 fl oz         | 35 day PHI. Do not apply after Feekes 10.5.  |
|  | Aproach Prima 2.34 SC                               | picoxystrobin + cyproconazole     | 11 + 3        | 3.4 - 6.8 fl oz | Do not apply more than 6.8 fl oz per acre per crop. Minimum time to harvest is 45 days for grain.  |
|  | Stratego 2.08 SC                                    | trifloxystrobin + propiconazole   | 11 + 3        | 10 fl oz        | Do not apply after Feekes GS 10.5.   |
|  | Stratego YLD 4.18 SC                                | trifloxystrobin + prothioconazole | 11 + 3        | 4 fl oz         | See label for restrictions.  |
|  | Absolute Maxx 5.36 SC                               | trifloxystrobin + tebuconazole    | 11 + 3        | 5 fl oz         | Do not apply more than 5 fl oz per season.<br>Do not use adjuvants.  |
|  | Topguard EQ 4.29 SC                                 | azoxystrobin + flutriafol         | 11 + 3        | 4 - 7 fl oz     | Do not apply after Feekes 10.5.4.  |
| (continued)  | Priaxor 4.17 SC                                     | pyraclostrobin + fluxapyroxad     | 11 + 7        | 4 - 8 fl oz     | Do not apply after Feekes GS 10.5.<br>Apply no more than 16 oz/acre per year.  |

### WHEAT - FOLIAR FUNGICIDES - continued

| Disease   | Fungicide                                | Active Ingredient                              | FRAC<br>Code* | Rate/Acre         | Comments  |
|---|--|--|---------------|-------------------|---|
| Leaf Rust <i>(cont.)</i><br>(Stagonospora (Glume) | Prosaro 421 SC                           | prothioconazole + tebuconazole                 | 3 + 3         | 6.5 - 8.2 fl oz   | Apply from early flowering to 3 days after flowering for optimal head blight suppression. 30 day PHI.   |
| Blotch <sup>1</sup> Septoria Leaf Blotch          | Prosaro Pro 400 SC                       | prothioconazole + tebuconazole + fluopyram     | 3 + 3 + 7     | 10.3 – 13.6 fl oz | Optimum time to apply is Feekes 10.5.1. 30 day PHI.   |
| Powdery Mildew<br>Stripe Rust <sup>2</sup>        | Trivapro 1.75 EC                         | benzovindiflupyr + azoxystrobin +propiconazole | 7 + 3 + 11    | 9.4 - 13.7 fl oz  | Not after Feekes GS 10.5.4. Apply no more than 27.4 oz/acre per year.   |
|   | Miravis Ace 2.3 SE                       | pydiflumetofen + propiconazole                 | 7 + 3         | 13.7 fl oz        |   |
|   | Lucento 4.17 SC                          | bixafen + flutriafol                           | 7 + 3         | 3 - 5.5 fl oz     |   |
| Fusarium Head Blight (Scab) (suppression          | Caramba 90 EC                            | metconazole                                    | 3             | 13.5 - 17 fl oz   | Apply at early flowering for optimal head blight suppression. See label.  |
| only) and control of                              | Sphaerex 2.5 EC                          | metconazole + prothioconazole                  | 3+3           | 7.3 fl oz         | 30 day PHI  |
| other diseases listed above                       | tebuconazole (various trade names 3.6 F) | tebuconazole                                   | 3             | 4 fl oz           | Maximum of 4 fl oz/acre per year.<br>Least effective option for Scab.   |
|   | Prosaro 421 SC                           | prothioconazole +<br>tebuconazole              | 3 + 3         | 6.5 - 8.2 fl oz   | Apply from early flowering to 3 days after flowering for optimal head blight suppression. 30 day PHI.   |
|   | Miravis Ace 2.3 SE                       | pydiflumetofen + propiconazole                 | 7 + 3         | 13.7 fl oz        | Apply between Feekes 10.3 and Feekes 10.5.4 for control of late season rusts. PHI for forage and hay is 7 days. Do not apply after Feekes 10.5.4. |

<sup>\*</sup>FRAC Code – Fungicides with the same FRAC Code have the same mode of action. See <a href="http://www.frac.info/">http://www.frac.info/</a> for an explanation of the FRAC Codes. Rotation of fungicides with different FRAC Codes could minimize the development of fungicide resistant strains.

## WHEAT DISEASE THRESHOLDS

### **Terry Spurlock**

The following threshold system is a general guide for whether or not there is adequate disease pressure to justify fungicide use. The relative susceptibility of the variety, favorable weather conditions during the spring and location in Arkansas should also be considered. For current row crop information, sign up for the Arkansas Row Crop Updates at <a href="https://www.arkansas-crops.com/">www.arkansas-crops.com/</a> or visit your local Cooperative Extension Service office.

| Feekes Growth Stage | Disease   | Indicator Leaf   | Treatment Threshold   |  |
|---------------------|---|--|---|--|
| GS 8                | Leaf Rust Septoria tritici leaf blotch Powdery Mildew Stagonospora blotch Tan Spot Stripe Rust                | Flag-3 and above<br>Flag-3 and above<br>Flag-2 and above<br>Flag-2 and above<br>Flag-2 and above<br>Any leaf | 1 pustule/leaf 25% of leaves infected 5 pustules/leaf 10% of leaves infected 25% of leaves infected 1 pustule/20 leaves |  |
| GS 9 - GS 10.5      | Leaf Rust<br>Septoria tritici leaf blotch<br>Powdery Mildew<br>Stagonospora blotch<br>Tan Spot<br>Stripe Rust | Flag-2 and above<br>Flag-2 and above<br>Flag-1 and above<br>Flag-2 and above<br>Flag-2 and above<br>Any leaf | 1 pustule/leaf 25% of leaves infected 5 pustules/leaf 10% of leaves infected 25% of leaves infected 1 pustule/20 leaves |  |

<sup>\*\*</sup>Only effective as a preventative treatment for stripe rust.

Stagonospora (glume) blotch is more effectively controlled by seed treatment fungicides because it is primarily seedborne under Arkansas conditions and foliar symptoms are difficult to scout for in the spring. See Wheat Seed Treatment Table for details.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>All fields with active hot spots of stripe rust should be sprayed immediately if found prior to Feekes GS 10.5.

# Management of Small Grain Diseases – Fungicide Efficacy for Control of Wheat Disease (Revised May 2022)

The North Central Regional Committee on Management of Small Grain Diseases (NCERA-184) has developed the following information on fungicide efficacy for control of certain foliar diseases of wheat for use by the grain production industry in the U.S. Efficacy ratings for each fungicide listed in the table were determined by field testing the materials over multiple years and locations by the members of the committee. Efficacy is based on proper application timing to achieve optimum effectiveness of the fungicide as determined by labeled instructions and overall level of disease in the field at the time of application. Differences in efficacy among fungicide products were determined by direct comparisons among products in field tests and are based on a single application of the labeled rate as listed in the table. The table includes the most widely marketed products and is not intended to be a list of all labeled products.

### Efficacy of fungicides for wheat disease control based on appropriate application timing

|             | Fungicide(s)                            |                            |                   |                   |                                      | Cambania                   |             |                |              |              |              |                        |
|-------------|---|----------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|--------------------------------------|----------------------------|-------------|----------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|------------------------|
| Class       | Active<br>Ingredient                    | Product                    | Rate/A<br>(fl oz) | Powdery<br>Mildew | Stagonospora<br>Leaf/Glume<br>Blotch | Septoria<br>Leaf<br>Blotch | Tan<br>Spot | Stripe<br>Rust | Leaf<br>Rust | Stem<br>Rust | Head<br>Scab | Harvest<br>Restriction |
| lurin       | Picoxystrobin 22.5%                     | Aproach 2.08 SC            | 6 - 12            | G <sup>1</sup>    | VG                                   | VG <sup>2</sup>            | VG          | E <sup>3</sup> | VG           | VG           | NL           | Feekes 10.5            |
| Strobilurin | Pyraclostrobin 23.6%                    | Headline 2.09 SC           | 6 - 9             | G                 | VG <sup>2</sup>                      | VG <sup>2</sup>            | E           | E3             | Е            | G            | NL           | Feekes 10.5            |
|             | Metconazole 8.6%                        | Caramba 0.75 SL            | 10 - 17           | VG                | VG                                   |                            | VG          | E              | E            | E            | G            | 30 days                |
|             | Tebuconazole 38.7%                      | Folicur 3.6 F <sup>4</sup> | 4                 | NL                | NL                                   | NL                         | NL          | E              | Е            | Е            | F            | 30 days                |
| Triazole    | Prothioconazole 41%                     | Proline 480 SC             | 5 - 5.7           |                   | VG                                   | VG                         | VG          | VG             | VG           | VG           | G            | 30 days                |
|             | Prothioconazole 19%<br>Tebuconazole 19% | Prosaro 421 SC             | 6.5 - 8.2         | G                 | VG                                   | VG                         | VG          | E              | E            | E            | G            | 30 days                |
|             | Propiconazole 41.8%                     | Tilt 3.6 EC <sup>4</sup>   | 4                 | VG                | VG                                   | VG                         | VG          | VG             | VG           | VG           | Р            | Feekes 10.5.4          |

### Management of Small Grain Diseases - Fungicide Efficacy for Control of Wheat Disease (Revised May 2022) - continued

|                        | Fungicide(s)   |                                | Fungicide(s) Stagonospo |                   |                      | Septoria       |             |                |              |              |                |                            |
|------------------------|--|--------------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------|----------------------|----------------|-------------|----------------|--------------|--------------|----------------|----------------------------|
| Class                  | Active<br>Ingredient   | Product                        | Rate/A<br>(fl oz)       | Powdery<br>Mildew | Leaf/Glume<br>Blotch | Leaf<br>Blotch | Tan<br>Spot | Stripe<br>Rust | Leaf<br>Rust | Stem<br>Rust | Head<br>Scab   | Harvest<br>Restriction     |
|                        | Tebuconazole 22.6%<br>Trifloxystrobin 22.6%                        | Absolute Maxx<br>5.36 SC       | 5                       | G                 | VG                   | VG             | VG          | VG             | E            | VG           | NL             | 35 days                    |
|                        | Cyproconazole 7.17%<br>Picoxystrobin 17.94%                        | Aproach Prima<br>2.34 SC       | 3.4 - 6.8               | VG                | VG                   | VG             | VG          | E              | VG           |              | NR             | 45 days                    |
|                        | Prothioconazole 16.0%<br>Trifloxystrobin 13.7%                     | Delaro 325 SC                  | 8                       | G                 | VG                   | VG             | VG          | VG             | VG           | VG           | NL             | Feekes 10.5<br>35 days     |
| <b>J</b> 5             | Pydiflumetofen 13.7%<br>Propiconazole 11.4%                        | Miravis Ace 2.3 SE             | 13.7                    | VG                | VG                   | VG             | VG          | VG             | VG           | VG           | G <sup>7</sup> | Feekes 10.5.4              |
| of Action <sup>5</sup> | Fluapyroxad 2.8%<br>Pyraclostrobin 18.7%<br>Propiconazole 11.7%    | Nexicor 2.96 EC                | 7 - 13                  | VG                | VG                   | E              | E           | E              | E            | VG           | NL             | Feekes 10.5                |
| Modes                  | Fluoxastrobin 14.8%<br>Flutriafol 19.3%                            | Preemptor 3.22 SC              | 4 - 6                   |                   |                      | VG             | VG          | Е              | VG           |              | NL             | Feekes 10.5<br>and 40 days |
| Mixed N                | Fluxapyroxad 14.3%<br>Pyraclostrobin 28.6%                         | Priaxor 4.17 SC                | 4 - 8                   | G                 | VG                   | VG             | Е           | VG             | VG           | G            | NL             | Feekes 10.5                |
| Δ                      | Propiconazole 11.7%<br>Azoxystrobin 13.5%                          | Quilt Xcel 2.2 SE <sup>4</sup> | 10.5 - 14               | VG                | VG                   | VG             | VG          | Е              | Е            | VG           | NL             | Feekes 10.5.4              |
|                        | Prothioconazole 10.8%<br>Trifloxystrobin 32.3%                     | Stratego YLD<br>4.18 SC        | 4                       | G                 | VG                   | VG             | VG          | VG             | VG           | VG           | NL             | Feekes 10.5<br>35 days     |
|                        | Benzovindiflupyr 2.9%<br>Propiconazole 11.9%<br>Azoxystrobin 10.5% | Trivapro 2.21 SE               | 9.4 - 13.7              | VG                | VG                   | VG             | VG          | E              | E            | VG           | NL             | Feekes 10.5.4<br>14 days   |
|                        | Metconazole 7.4%<br>Pyraclostrobin 12%                             | TwinLine 1.75 EC               | 7 - 9                   | G                 | VG                   | VG             | Е           | Е              | E            | VG           | NL             | Feekes 10.5                |
|                        | Flutriafol 18.63%<br>Azoxystrobin 25.30%                           | Topguard EQ<br>4.29 SC         | 4 - 7                   | VG                | NL                   | VG             | VG          | Е              | E            | VG           | NL             | Feekes 10.5.4<br>30 days   |

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Efficacy categories: NL = Not Labeled; NR = Not Recommended; P = Poor; F = Fair; G = Good; VG = Very Good; E = Excellent; --- = Insufficient data to make statement about efficacy of this product.

This information is provided only as a guide. It is the responsibility of the pesticide applicator by law to read and follow all current label directions. No endorsement is intended for products listed nor is criticism meant for products not listed. Members or participants in the NCERA-184 committee assume no liability resulting from the use of these products.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Product efficacy may be reduced in areas with fungal populations that are resistant to strobilurin fungicides.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Efficacy may be significantly reduced if solo strobilurin products are applied after stripe rust infection has occurred.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Multiple generic products containing the same active ingredients also may be labeled in some states. Products including tebuconazole include: Embrace, Monsoon, Muscle 3.6 F, Onset, Orius 3.6 F, Tebustar 3.6 F, Tebustar

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Products with mixed modes of action generally combine triazole and strobilurin active ingredients. Nexicor, Priaxor and Trivapro include carboxamide active ingredients.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Based on application timing at the beginning of anthesis (Feekes 10.5.1).

# **CONIFER DISEASES (Commercial)**

## **Sherrie Smith**

| Disease                                   | Product  | Active Ingredient                  | FRAC<br>Code | Rate                            | Re-entry<br>Interval         | Comments  |
|---|--|------------------------------------|--------------|---------------------------------|------------------------------|---|
| Phytophthora<br>Pythium                   | Heritage<br>(not labeled for<br>pythium except turf) | azoxystrobin                       | 11           | 1 - 4 oz/100 gal                | 4 hours                      | See label for specific rates. Do not allow drift to apples or crabapples.   |
|   | Mural  | azoxystrobin +<br>benzovindiflupyr | 11 + 7       | 3 - 7 oz/100 gal                | 12 hours                     | Rate depends on whether used as soil drench or foliar spray. See label.   |
|   | Adorn  | fluopicolide                       | 43           | 1 - 4 fl oz/100 gal             | 12 hours                     | Adorn must be tank-mixed with another labeled fungicide for resistance management.  |
|   | Subdue MAXX  | mefenoxam                          | 4            | 1 - 2 fl oz/100 gal             | 48 hours                     | Drench rate.  |
|   | Segovis<br>(not labeled for<br>pythium)              | oxanthiapiprolin                   | U15          | 0.6 - 2.4 fl oz/<br>100 gal     | 4 hours                      | Make no more than 2 consecutive applications before switching to another non-U15 group fungicide.   |
| Phomopsis blight (Phomopsis juniperovora) | Heritage   | azoxystrobin                       | 11           | 1 - 4 oz/100 gal                | 4 hours                      | Apply every 7 - 28 days.  |
|   | Mural  | azoxystrobin +<br>benzovindiflupyr | 11 + 7       | 4 - 7 oz/100 gal                | 12 hours                     | Apply every 7 - 21 days.  |
|   | Kocide 2000  | copper hydroxide                   | M1           | 1.5 - 3 lb/A                    | 24 - 48 hours<br>(see label) | Begin applications in the spring at the initiation of new growth.   |
|   | Kocide 3000  | copper hydroxide                   | M1           | 0.75 - 1.75 lb/A                | 24 - 48 hours<br>(see label) | Begin applications in the spring at the initiation of new growth.   |
|   | Protect DF   | mancozeb                           | МЗ           | 1 - 2 lb/100 gal                | 24 hours                     | For needlecasts, make one application in spring when new shoot growth is 1/2 - 2 inches in length. See label for additional applications. |
|   | Mancozeb 4 FL  | mancozeb                           | М3           | 1.2 qt/100 gal                  | 24 hours                     |   |
| (continued)                               | Junction   | mancozeb +<br>copper hydroxide     | M3 + 1       | 1.5 lb/100 gal<br>(1/2 tbs/gal) | 24 hours                     | Do not apply Junction in a spray solution having less than 6.5 pH as phytotoxicity may occur.   |

# **CONIFER DISEASES (Commercial) – continued**

| Disease  | Product           | Active Ingredient              | FRAC<br>Code | Rate                            | Re-entry<br>Interval         | Comments  |
|--|-------------------|--------------------------------|--------------|---------------------------------|------------------------------|---|
| Phomopsis blight (cont.)<br>(Phomopsis juniperovora) | ProPensity 1.3 ME | propiconazole                  | 3            | 2 - 24 fl oz/100 gal            | 24 hours                     | Apply every 14 - 21 days.   |
|  | 3336 EG           | thiophanate-methyl             | 1            | 12 - 24 oz/100 gal              | 12 hours                     | For needlecasts, make one application in spring when new shoot growth is 1/2 - 2 inches in length. See label for additional applications. |
|  | 3336 WP           | thiophanate-methyl             | 1            | 12 - 24 oz/100 gal              | 12 hours                     | For needlecasts, make one application in spring when new shoot growth is 1/2 - 2 inches in length. See label for additional applications. |
|  | 3336 F            | thiophanate-methyl             | 1            | 12 - 24 fl oz/100 gal           | 12 hours                     | Begin treatment in the fall at first sign of disease.   |
| Kabatina blight<br>( <i>Kabatina juniperi</i> )      | Protect DF        | mancozeb                       | M3           | 1 - 2 lb/100 gal                | 24 hours                     | Begin treatment in the fall at first sign of disease.   |
|  | 3336 F            | thiophanate-methyl             | 1            | 12 - 24 fl oz/100 gal           | 12 hours                     | Begin treatment in the fall at first sign of disease.   |
|  | 3336 WP           | thiophanate-methyl             | 1            | 12 - 24 oz/100 gal              | 12 hours                     | Begin treatment in the fall at first sign of disease.   |
|  | 3336 EG           | thiophanate-methyl             | 1            | 12 - 24 oz/100 gal              | 12 hours                     | Begin treatment in the fall at first sign of disease.   |
| Cercospora needle blight                             | Kocide 2000       | copper hydroxide               | M1           | 1.5 - 3 lb/A                    | 24 - 48 hours<br>(see label) | Begin applications in the spring at the initiation of new growth and repeat at 7 - 30 day intervals if needed.                            |
|  | Kocide 3000       | copper hydroxide               | M1           | 0.75 - 1.75 lb/A                | 24 - 48 hours<br>(see label) | Begin applications in the spring at the initiation of new growth and repeat at 7 - 30 day intervals if needed.                            |
|  | Mancozeb 4 FL     | mancozeb                       | МЗ           | 1.2 qt/100 gal                  | 24 hours                     |   |
|  | Junction          | mancozeb +<br>copper hydroxide | M3 + M1      | 1.5 lb/100 gal<br>(1/2 tbs/gal) | 24 hours                     | Do not apply Junction in a spray solution having less than 6.5 pH as phytotoxicity may occur.   |
|  | Eagle 20 EW       | myclobutanil                   | 3            | 8 fl oz/100 gal                 | 24 hours                     | See label for rates per disease.  |

# **CONIFER DISEASES (Commercial) – continued**

| Disease                      | Product        | Active Ingredient                  | FRAC<br>Code | Rate                  | Re-entry<br>Interval  | Comments  |
|------------------------------|----------------|------------------------------------|--------------|-----------------------|---|---|
| Botrytis seedling blight     | Daconil Ultrix | chlorothalonil                     | M5           | 1.25 - 5 lb/acre      | 12 hours<br>(for next 6.5 days<br>see label for<br>special precautions) | For needlecasts, make one application in spring when new shoot growth is 1/2 - 2 inches in length. See label for additional applications. |
|                              | Pegasus HPX    | chlorothalonil                     | M5           | 1.5 - 5.5 pt/acre     | 12 hours<br>(for next 6.5 days<br>see label for<br>special precautions) | See label for application rates per disease and repeat applications.  |
|                              | Pegasus DFX    | chlorothalonil                     | M5           | 1.36 - 5 lb/acre      | 12 hours<br>(for next 6.5 days<br>see label for<br>special precautions) |   |
| Phoma                        | Daconil Ultrix | chlorothalonil                     | M5           | 1.25 - 5 lb/acre      | 12 hours<br>(for next 6.5 days<br>see label for<br>special precautions) | For needlecasts, make one application in spring when new shoot growth is 1/2 - 2 inches in length. See label for additional applications. |
|                              | Pegasus HPX    | chlorothalonil                     | M5           | 1.5 - 5.5 pt/acre     | 12 hours<br>(for next 6.5 days<br>see label for<br>special precautions) | See label for application rates per disease and repeat applications.  |
|                              | Pegasus DFX    | chlorothalonil                     | M5           | 1.36 - 5 lb/acre      | 12 hours<br>(for next 6.5 days<br>see label for<br>special precautions) |   |
|                              | 3336 F         | thiophanate-methyl                 | 1            | 12 - 24 fl oz/100 gal | 12 hours  |   |
|                              | 3336 WP        | thiophanate-methyl                 | 1            | 12 - 24 fl oz/100 gal | 12 hours  |   |
|                              | 3336 EG        | thiophanate-methyl                 | 1            | 6 - 24 fl oz/100 gal  | 12 hours  |   |
| Tip blight (Sirococcus spp.) | Heritage       | azoxystrobin                       | 11           | 1 - 4 oz/100 gal      | 4 hours   | Apply every 7 - 28 days.  |
| (Ollococcus Spp.)            | Mural          | azoxystrobin +<br>benzovindiflupyr | 11 + 7       | 4 - 7 oz/100 gal      | 12 hours  | Apply every 7 - 21 days.  |
| (continued)                  | Daconil Ultrix | chlorothalonil                     | M5           | 1.25 - 5 lb/acre      | 12 hours<br>(for next 6.5 days<br>see label for<br>special precautions) | For needlecasts, make one application in spring when new shoot growth is 1/2 - 2 inches in length. See label for additional applications. |

| Disease                              | Product           | Active Ingredient                 | FRAC<br>Code | Rate                            | Re-entry<br>Interval  | Comments  |
|--------------------------------------|-------------------|-----------------------------------|--------------|---------------------------------|---|---|
| Tip blight (cont.) (Sirococcus spp.) | Pegasus HPX       | chlorothalonil                    | M5           | 1.5 - 5.5 pt/acre               | 12 hours<br>(for next 6.5 days<br>see label for<br>special precautions) | See label for application rates per disease and repeat applications.                          |
|                                      | Pegasus DFX       | chlorothalonil                    | M5           | 1.36 - 5 lb/acre                | 12 hours<br>(for next 6.5 days<br>see label for<br>special precautions) |   |
|                                      | ProPensity 1.3 ME | propiconazole                     | 3            | 2 - 24 fl oz/100 gal            | 24 hours  | Apply every 14 - 21 days.   |
|                                      | Banner MAXX II    | propiconazole                     | 3            | 2 - 8 fl oz/100 gal             | 12 hours  |   |
|                                      | Banner MAXX       | propiconazole                     | 3            | 5 - 8 fl oz/100 gal             | 24 hours  |   |
|                                      | Concert           | propiconazole +<br>chlorothalonil | 3 + M5       | 0.06 - 69 fl oz/100 gal         | 12 hours  | Rate depends on disease. See label.   |
|                                      | Concert II        | propiconazole +<br>chlorothalonil | 3 + M5       | 9 - 69 fl oz/100 gal            | 12 hours  | Rate depends on disease. See label.   |
|                                      | Bayleton FLO      | triadimefon                       | 3            | 2 - 8 fl oz/100 gal             | 12 hours  |   |
|                                      | Bayleton 50       | triadimefon                       | 3            | 1 - 16 fl oz/100 gal            | 12 hours  |   |
| Monochaetia canker                   | Mancozeb 4 FL     | mancozeb                          | M3           | 1.2 qt/100 gal                  | 24 hours  |   |
|                                      | Junction          | mancozeb +<br>copper hydroxide    | M3 + M1      | 1.5 lb/100 gal<br>(1/2 tbs/gal) | 24 hours  | Do not apply Junction in a spray solution having less than 6.5 pH as phytotoxicity may occur. |
| Pestalotia                           | Protect DF        | mancozeb                          | МЗ           | 1 - 2 lb/100 gal                | 24 hours  | See label for additional applications.  |
| Dothistroma needle blight            | Mancozeb 4 FL     | mancozeb                          | M3           | 1.2 qt/100 gal                  | 24 hours  |   |
|                                      | Junction          | mancozeb +<br>copper hydroxide    | M3 + M1      | 1.5 lb/100 gal<br>(1/2 tbs/gal) | 24 hours  | Do not apply Junction in a spray solution having less than 6.5 pH as phytotoxicity may occur. |

| Disease                | Product        | Active Ingredient | FRAC<br>Code | Rate              | Re-entry<br>Interval  | Comments  |
|------------------------|----------------|-------------------|--------------|-------------------|---|---|
| Rhizosphaeria          | Daconil Ultrex | chlorothalonil    | M5           | 1.25 - 5 lb/acre  | 12 hours<br>(for next 6.5 days<br>see label for<br>special precautions) | For needlecasts, make one application in spring when new shoot growth is 1/2 - 2 inches in length. See label for additional applications. |
| Rhizosphaeria          | Pegasus HPX    | chlorothalonil    | M5           | 1.5 - 5.5 pt/acre | 12 hours<br>(for next 6.5 days<br>see label for<br>special precautions) | For needlecasts, make one application in spring when new shoot growth is 1/2 - 2 inches in length. See label for additional applications. |
| Scleroderris canker    | Heritage       | azoxystrobin      | 11           | 1 - 4 oz/100 gal  | 4 hours   | Apply every 7 - 28 days.  |
| Sirococcus             |                |                   |              |                   |   |   |
| Diplodia tip blight    |                |                   |              |                   |   |   |
| Phomopsis              |                |                   |              |                   |   |   |
| Rusts                  |                |                   |              |                   |   |   |
| Lophodermium           | Mural          | azoxystrobin +    | 11 + 7       | 4 - 7 oz/100 gal  | 12 hours  | Apply every 7 - 21 days.  |
| Sirococcus             |                | benzovindiflupyr  |              |                   |   |   |
| Swiss needlecast       |                |                   |              |                   |   |   |
| Phomopsis              |                |                   |              |                   |   |   |
| Rusts                  |                |                   |              |                   |   |   |
| Swiss needlecast       | Daconil Ultrex | chlorothalonil    | M5           | 1.25 - 5 lb/acre  | 12 hours  | For needlecasts, make one application   |
| Sirococcus             |                |                   |              |                   | (for next 6.5 days see label for  | in spring when new shoot growth is 1/2 - 2 inches in length. See label for  |
| Interior needle blight |                |                   |              |                   | special precautions)  | additional applications.  |
| Scleroderris canker    |                |                   |              |                   |   |   |
| Rhizosphaeria          |                |                   |              |                   |   |   |
| Scirrhia               |                |                   |              |                   |   |   |
| Cyclaneusma            |                |                   |              |                   |   |   |
| Lophodermium           |                |                   |              |                   |   |   |
| Phomopsis              |                |                   |              |                   |   |   |
| Rhabdocline            |                |                   |              |                   |   |   |
| Rusts                  |                |                   |              |                   |   |   |

| Disease             | Product     | Active Ingredient | FRAC<br>Code | Rate              | Re-entry<br>Interval             | Comments   |
|---------------------|-------------|-------------------|--------------|-------------------|----------------------------------|--|
| Swiss needlecast    | Pegasus HPX | chlorothalonil    | M5           | 1.5 - 5.5 pt/acre | 12 hours                         | For needlecasts, make one application                                      |
| Scleroderris canker |             |                   |              |                   | (for next 6.5 days see label for | in spring when new shoot growth is 1/2 - 2 inches in length. See label for |
| Rhizosphaeria       |             |                   |              |                   | special precautions)             | additional applications.   |
| Sirococcus          |             |                   |              |                   |                                  |  |
| Scirrhia            |             |                   |              |                   |                                  |  |
| Cyclaneusma         |             |                   |              |                   |                                  |  |
| Lophodermium        |             |                   |              |                   |                                  |  |
| Rhabdocline         |             |                   |              |                   |                                  |  |
| Rusts               |             |                   |              |                   |                                  |  |
| Anthracnose         | Kocide 2000 | copper hydroxide  | M1           | 1.5 - 3 lb/A      | 24 - 48 hours                    | Begin applications in the spring at the                                    |
| Cercospora          |             |                   |              |                   | (see label)                      | initiation of new growth and repeat at 7 - 30 day intervals if needed.     |
| Phomopsis           |             |                   |              |                   |                                  | , ce day intervale il fleeded.   |
| Needlecasts         |             |                   |              |                   |                                  |  |
| Anthracnose         | Kocide 3000 | copper hydroxide  | M1           | 0.75 - 1.75 lb/A  | 24 - 48 hours                    | Begin applications in the spring at the                                    |
| Cercospora          |             |                   |              |                   | (see label)                      | initiation of new growth and repeat at 7 - 30 day intervals if needed.     |
| Phomopsis           |             |                   |              |                   |                                  | 7 Co day intorvalo il ficodod.   |
| Needlecasts         |             |                   |              |                   |                                  |  |
| Naemacyclus         | Protect DF  | mancozeb          | M3           | 1.5 - 5.5 pt/acre | 24 hours                         | For needlecasts, make one application                                      |
| Ismiella            |             |                   |              |                   |                                  | in spring when new shoot growth is 1/2 - 2 inches in length. See label for |
| Diplodia            |             |                   |              |                   |                                  | additional applications.   |
| Pestalotia          |             |                   |              |                   |                                  |  |
| Phomopsis           |             |                   |              |                   |                                  |  |
| Sphaeropsis         |             |                   |              |                   |                                  |  |
| Rusts               |             |                   |              |                   |                                  |  |

| Disease             | Product           | Active Ingredient | FRAC<br>Code | Rate                    | Re-entry<br>Interval | Comments                                     |
|---------------------|-------------------|-------------------|--------------|-------------------------|----------------------|--|
| Dothistroma         | Mancozeb 4 FL     | mancozeb          | МЗ           | 1 - 2 lb/100 gal        | 24 hours             |  |
| Lophodermium        |                   |                   |              |                         |                      |  |
| Monochaetia canker  |                   |                   |              |                         |                      |  |
| Phomopsis           |                   |                   |              |                         |                      |  |
| Scirrhia brown spot |                   |                   |              |                         |                      |  |
| Rusts               |                   |                   |              |                         |                      |  |
| Lophodermium        | Koverall          | mancozeb          | M3           | 1 - 2 lb/100 gal        |                      | Begin applications in early summer before    |
| Pine gall rust      |                   |                   |              |                         |                      | disease starts.                              |
| Scirrhia brown spot |                   |                   |              |                         |                      |  |
| Swiss needlecast    |                   |                   |              |                         |                      |  |
| Cercospora          | Eagle 20 EW       | myclobutanil      | 3            | 8 fl oz/100 gal         | 24 hours             | Apply as full coverage to the point of drip. |
| Rusts               |                   |                   |              |                         |                      |  |
| Phomopsis           | ProPensity 1.3 ME | propiconazole     | 3            | 2 - 24 fl oz/100 gal    | 24 hours             | Apply ProPensity every 14 - 21 days.         |
| Sirococcus          |                   |                   |              |                         |                      |  |
| Sphaeropsis         |                   |                   |              |                         |                      |  |
| Rusts               |                   |                   |              |                         |                      |  |
| Sirroccus           | Banner MAXX       | propiconazole     | 3            | 2 - 8 fl oz/100 gal     | 24 hours             |  |
| Sphaeropsis         |                   |                   |              |                         |                      |  |
| Rusts               |                   |                   |              |                         |                      |  |
| Sirroccus           | Banner MAXX II    | propiconazole     | 3            | 5 - 8 fl oz/100 gal     | 12 hours             |  |
| Sphaeropsis         |                   |                   |              |                         |                      |  |
| Rusts               |                   |                   |              |                         |                      |  |
| Sirroccus           | Concert           | propiconazole +   | 3 + M5       | 0.06 - 69 fl oz/100 gal | 12 hours             | Rate depends on disease. See label.          |
| Sphaeropsis         |                   | chlorothalonil    |              |                         |                      |  |
| Rusts               |                   |                   |              |                         |                      |  |

| Disease      | Product      | Active Ingredient                   | FRAC<br>Code | Rate                  | Re-entry<br>Interval | Comments  |
|--------------|--------------|-------------------------------------|--------------|-----------------------|----------------------|---|
| Sirroccus    | Concert II   | propiconazole + chlo-<br>rothalonil | 3 + M5       | 9 - 69 fl oz/100 gal  | 12 hours             | Rate depends on disease. See label.   |
| Sphaeropsis  |              | rotriaioriii                        |              |                       |                      |   |
| Rusts        |              |                                     |              |                       |                      |   |
| Diplodia     | 3336 F       | thiophanate-methyl                  | 1            | 12 - 24 fl oz/100 gal | 12 hours             | For needlecasts, make one application of  |
| Phomopsis    |              |                                     |              |                       |                      | thiophanate-methyl in spring when new shoot growth is 1/2 - 2 inches in length. See label |
| Sphaeropsis  |              |                                     |              |                       |                      | for additional applications.  |
| Rusts        |              |                                     |              |                       |                      |   |
| Diplodia     | 3336 WP      | thiophanate-methyl                  | 1            | 12 - 24 fl oz/100 gal | 12 hours             | Rate depends on disease. See label.   |
| Phomopsis    |              |                                     |              |                       |                      |   |
| Sphaeropsis  |              |                                     |              |                       |                      |   |
| Rusts        |              |                                     |              |                       |                      |   |
| Diplodia     | 3336 EG      | thiophanate-methyl                  | 1            | 6 - 24 fl oz/100 gal  | 12 hours             | Rate depends on disease. See label.   |
| Phomopsis    |              |                                     |              |                       |                      |   |
| Sphaeropsis  |              |                                     |              |                       |                      |   |
| Rusts        |              |                                     |              |                       |                      |   |
| Lophodermium | Bayleton FLO | triadimefon                         | 3            | 2 - 8 fl oz/100 gal   | 12 hours             | Rate depends on disease. See label.   |
| Sirrococcus  |              |                                     |              |                       |                      |   |
| Rusts        |              |                                     |              |                       |                      |   |
| Lophodermium | Bayleton 50  | triadimefon                         | 3            | 1 - 16 fl oz/100 gal  | 12 hours             | For rusts, begin when needles break through   |
| Sirrococcus  | •            |                                     |              | _                     |                      | the fascicle sheath. Make applications at   |
| Rusts        |              |                                     |              |                       |                      | 14 - 21 day intervals.  |

# **SMALL FRUIT DISEASES (Commercial)**

#### **Sherrie Smith and Aaron Cato**

| Growth Stage          | Disease   | Product                           | Active<br>Ingredient             | FRAC<br>Code | Rate/Acre                                       | Re-entry<br>Interval  | Days to<br>Harvest | Comments  |
|-----------------------|---|-----------------------------------|----------------------------------|--------------|---|---|--------------------|---|
| GRAPES                |   |                                   |                                  |              |   |   |                    |   |
| Dormant               | Anthracnose<br>Black rot<br>Eutypa<br>Phomopsis               | Nu-Cop 50 DF                      | cupric hydroxide                 | M1           | 2 lb  | 24 hours  | Dormant            | Begin applications late dormancy before bud break.  |
|                       |   | Liquid lime-sulfur (hard to find) | calcium polysulfides             | M2           | Rate depends on product name. See label.        | 48 hours  | Dormant<br>only    | Apply in late winter before buds swell.   |
|                       | Powdery mildew  | Sulforix                          | calcium polysulfides             | M2           | 1 - 2 gallon per<br>acre in sufficient<br>water | 48 hours  | Dormant            | Early sprays are critical for control of black rot if the disease has been a historical problem.                          |
|                       | Phytophthora root rot   | Ridomil Gold SL                   | mefenoxam                        | 4            | 3.6 pt or<br>0.25 pt/1,000<br>row ft            | 48 hours  | 60                 | Apply in spring before plants begin to grow. Two more applications may be made when conditions are favorable for disease. |
| Bud Break to<br>Bloom | Angular leaf scorch<br>Black rot<br>Downy mildew<br>Phomopsis | Abound FL                         | azoxystrobin                     | 11           | 10 - 15.4 fl oz                                 | 4 hours   | 14                 | Early sprays are critical for control of black rot if the disease has been a historical problem.                          |
|                       |   | Quadris Top                       | azoxystrobin +<br>difenoconazole | 11 + 3       | 12 - 14 oz                                      | 12 hours  | 14                 |   |
|                       |   | Pristine                          | boscalid +<br>pyraclostrobin     | 7 + 11       | 8 - 12.5 oz                                     | 12 hours<br>(5 days for<br>cane tying,<br>turning or<br>girdling) | 14                 | DO NOT APPLY PRISTINE TO<br>CONCORD, WORDEN, FREDONIA<br>AND RELATED VARIETIES AS LEAF<br>INJURY MAY RESULT – SEE LABEL.  |
|                       |   | Captan 50 WP                      | captan                           | M4           | 2 - 4 lb  | 48 hours  | 0                  |   |
|                       |   | Sovran 50 WG                      | kresoxim-methyl                  | 11           | 3.2 - 6.4 oz                                    | 12 hours  | 14                 |   |
|                       |   | Manzate Pro-Stick                 | mancozeb                         | М3           | 1.5 - 4 lb                                      | 24 hours  | 66                 |   |
| (continued)           |   | Revus                             | mandipropamid                    | 40           | 8 fl oz   | 4 hours   | 14                 |   |

| Growth Stage                  | Disease  | Product        | Active<br>Ingredient                                      | FRAC<br>Code | Rate/Acre           | Re-entry<br>Interval  | Days to<br>Harvest | Comments  |
|-------------------------------|--|----------------|---|--------------|---------------------|---|--------------------|---|
| GRAPES (cont.                 | )  |                |   |              |                     |   |                    |   |
| Bud Break to<br>Bloom (cont.) |  | Revus Top      | mandipropamid +<br>difenoconazole                         | 40 + 3       | 7 fl oz             | 12 hours  | 14                 |   |
|                               | Black rot<br>Downy mildew<br>Bunch rot<br>Powdery mildew<br>Phomopsis                              | Topguard EQ    | azoxystrobin +<br>flutriafol                              | 11 + 3       | 5 - 6 fl oz         | 12 hours<br>(5 days for<br>cane tying,<br>turning or<br>girdling) | 14                 | For powdery mildew, begin applications at 6- to 10-inch shoots.   |
|                               | Alternaria Rot Angular Leaf Spot Anthracnose Black Rot Bunch Rot Powdery Mildew Septoria Leaf Spot | Inspire Super  | difenoconazole +<br>cyprodinil                            | 3+9          | 16 - 20 fl oz       | 12 hours  | 14                 | PRECAUTION: On V. labrusca, V. labrusca hybrids and other non-viniferea hybrids such as Concord and Thomcord where sensitivity is not known, the use of Inspire Super by itself or in tank mixtures with materials that may increase uptake (adjuvants, foliar fertilizers) may result in leaf burning or other phytotoxic effects. |
|                               | Black Rot<br>Powdery Mildew  | Rhyme          | flutriafol  | 3            | 4-5 fl oz           | 12 hours  | 14                 | Begin application at 10-inch shoots.<br>Repeat 14-21 day intervals.   |
|                               | Phytophthora root rot<br>Pythium<br>Fusarium<br>Rhizoctonia<br>Powdery mildew<br>Downy mildew      | Fosphite       | mono- and<br>di-potassium salts<br>of phosphorous<br>acid | 33           | 1 - 3 qt/100 gallon | 4 hours   | 0                  | Foliar, or aerial, or root dip, or irrigation or trunk injection. See label for rates and complete instructions.  |
|                               | Bunch rot<br>Dead arm<br>Downy mildew  | Flint 50 WG    | trifloxystrobin   | 11           | 1.5 - 4 oz          | 12 hours  | 14                 | DO NOT APPLY FLINT OR ADAMENT<br>TO CONCORD OR RELATED<br>VARIETIES AS INJURY MAY RESULT.   |
|                               |  | Ziram Granuflo | ziram   | M3           | 3 - 4 lb            | 48 hours  | 21                 |   |
|                               |  | Aliette WDG    | aluminum tris   | 33           | 3 - 5 lb            | 12 hours  | 15                 |   |
|                               |  | Reason 500 SC  | fenamidone  | 11           | 2.7 fl oz           | 12 hours  | 30                 |   |
| (continued)                   |  | Gavel 75 DF    | mancozeb +<br>zoxamide                                    | M3<br>22     | 2 - 2.5 lb          | 48 hours  | 66                 | Apply Gavel in sufficient water to provide thorough coverage starting when new shoots are 1/2 to 1 1/2 inches long. Repeat when shoots are 3 to 5 inches long, when shoots are 8 to 10 inches long, and then at 7 - 10 day intervals.   |

| Growth Stage                  | Disease  | Product       | Active<br>Ingredient             | FRAC<br>Code | Rate/Acre       | Re-entry<br>Interval  | Days to<br>Harvest | Comments  |
|-------------------------------|--|---------------|----------------------------------|--------------|-----------------|---|--------------------|---|
| GRAPES (cont.                 | )  |               |                                  |              |                 |   |                    |   |
| Bud Break to<br>Bloom (cont.) | Bunch rot<br>Dead arm<br>Downy mildew <i>(cont.)</i> | Topsin M WSB  | thiophanate-<br>methyl           | 1            | 0.75 - 1.5 lb   | 48 hours  | 7                  |   |
|                               |  | Presidio      | fluopicolide                     | 43           | 3 - 4 fl oz     | 12 hours  | 21                 |   |
|                               | Powdery mildew                                       | Abound FL     | azoxystrobin                     | 11           | 10 - 15.4 fl oz | 4 hours   | 14                 |   |
|                               |  | Quadris Top   | azoxystrobin +<br>difenoconazole | 11 + 3       | 12 - 14 oz      | 12 hours  | 14                 | Apply at bud break and at 10 - 21 day intervals for powdery mildew. Do not make more than 2 sequential applications before changing to a fungicide with a different mode of action. |
|                               |  | Pristine      | boscalid +<br>pyraclostrobin     | 7 + 11       | 8 - 12.5 oz     | 12 hours<br>(5 days for<br>cane tying,<br>turning or<br>girdling) | 14                 | DO NOT APPLY PRISTINE TO<br>CONCORD, WORDEN, FREDONIA<br>AND RELATED VARIETIES AS LEAF<br>INJURY MAY RESULT – SEE LABEL.  |
|                               |  | Inspire Super | difenoconazole +<br>cyprodinil   | 3 + 9        | 16 - 20 fl oz   | 12 hours  | 14                 | For powdery mildew, begin Inspire Super at bud break and apply on a 10 - 21 day interval.   |
|                               |  | Sovran 50 WG  | kresoxim-methyl                  | 11           | 3.2 - 4.8 oz    | 12 hours  | 14                 | Apply prior to disease on a 14 day interval. Rotate with other chemistry.   |
|                               |  | Quintec       | quinoxyfen                       | 13           | 4 oz            | 12 hours  | 21                 | Apply when conditions are favorable for disease but before disease develops. Apply on a 14 day interval. ( <b>Do not apply to Concord grapes as injury may result.</b> )            |
| (continued)                   |  | AmTide        | tebuconazole                     | 3            | 3 - 4 fl oz     | 12 hours  | 14                 |   |

| Growth Stage                  | Disease                | Product        | Active<br>Ingredient           | FRAC<br>Code | Rate/Acre     | Re-entry<br>Interval  | Days to<br>Harvest | Comments  |
|-------------------------------|------------------------|----------------|--------------------------------|--------------|---------------|---|--------------------|---|
| GRAPES (cont.)                | )                      |                |                                |              |               |   |                    |   |
| Bud Break to<br>Bloom (cont.) | Powdery mildew (cont.) | Flint          | trifloxystrobin                | 11           | 1.5 - 4 oz    | 12 hours  | 14                 | DO NOT APPLY FLINT OR ADAMENT<br>TO CONCORD OR RELATED<br>VARIETIES AS INJURY MAY RESULT.   |
|                               |                        | Procure 480 SC | triflumizole                   | 3            | 4 - 8 fl oz   | 12 hours  | 7                  |   |
| Bloom                         | Same as Bud Break      |                |                                |              |               |   |                    |   |
|                               | Botrytis bunch rot*    | Quadris Top    | azoxystrobin + difenoconazole  | 11 + 3       | 12 - 14 oz    | 12 hours  | 14                 | Suppression only.   |
|                               |                        | Topguard EQ    | azoxystrobin +<br>flutriafol   | 11 + 3       | 8 fl oz       | 12 hours<br>(5 days for<br>cane tying,<br>turning or<br>girdling) | 14                 | Do not apply more than 6 times a season.  |
|                               |                        | Pristine       | boscalid +<br>pyraclostrobin   | 7 + 11       | 8 - 12.5 oz   | 12 hours<br>(5 days for<br>cane tying,<br>turning or<br>girdling) | 14                 | DO NOT APPLY PRISTINE TO<br>CONCORD, WORDEN, FREDONIA<br>AND RELATED VARIETIES AS LEAF<br>INJURY MAY RESULT – SEE LABEL.  |
|                               |                        | Vangard 75 WG  | cyprodinil                     | 9            | 10 oz         | 12 hours  | 7                  | Begin Vangard at early bloom. Continue through berry touch, veraison and pre-harvest on a 7 day interval.   |
|                               |                        | Botran 75 W    | dicloran                       | 14           | 2 lb          | 14 days   | 14                 | Cane turning and girdling are prohibited for 30 days after using Botran 75 W.   |
|                               |                        | Inspire Super  | difenoconazole +<br>cyprodinil | 3 + 9        | 16 - 20 fl oz | 12 hours  | 14                 | PRECAUTION: On V. labrusca, V. labrusca hybrids and other non-viniferea hybrids such as Concord and Thomcord where sensitivity is not known, the use of Inspire Super by itself or in tank mixtures with materials that may increase uptake (adjuvants, foliar fertilizers) may result in leaf burning or other phytotoxic effects. |
| (continued)                   |                        | Elevate 50 WG  | fenhexamid                     | 17           | 1 lb          | 12 hours  | 0                  | Do not make more than 2 consecutive applications.   |

| Growth Stage  | Disease  | Product                  | Active<br>Ingredient              | FRAC<br>Code | Rate/Acre           | Re-entry<br>Interval  | Days to<br>Harvest | Comments   |
|---------------|--|--------------------------|-----------------------------------|--------------|---------------------|---|--------------------|--|
| GRAPES (cont. | )  |                          |                                   |              |                     |   |                    |  |
| Bloom (cont.) | Botrytis bunch rot* (cont.)                                  | Rovral 4 FL              | iprodione                         | 2            | 1 - 2 pt            | 24 hours  | 7                  | Begin at early bloom. Continue through berry touch, veraison and pre-harvest.  |
|               |  | Scala                    | pyrimethanil                      | 9            | 18 fl oz            | 12 hours  | 7                  |  |
| Shatter       | Black rot<br>Downy mildew<br>Powdery mildew                  | Abound FL                | azoxystrobin                      | 11           | 10 - 15.4 fl oz     | 4 hours   | 14                 | Apply Abound prior to disease on a 7 - 14 day interval. No more than 2 sequential applications before alternating with a fungicide with a different FRAC code. |
|               | Angular leaf spot<br>Anthracnose<br>Black rot<br>Leaf blight | Aprovia                  | azoxystrobin +<br>difenoconazole  | 11<br>3      | 8.6 - 10.5<br>fl oz | 12 hours  | 21                 | For Phomopsis diseases, apply at bud break, before shoots are 0.5 inches in length, and then again when shoots are 5 - 6 inches in length.                     |
|               | Phomopsis<br>Powdery mildew<br>Rotbrenner<br>Septoria        | Quadris Top              | azoxystrobin +<br>difenoconazole  | 11 + 3       | 12 - 14 oz          | 12 hours  | 14                 | Avoid drift of Quadris Top to apples.  |
|               |  | Pristine                 | boscalid +<br>pyraclostrobin      | 7 + 11       | 8 - 12.5 oz         | 12 hours<br>(5 days for<br>cane tying,<br>turning or<br>girdling) | 14                 | DO NOT APPLY PRISTINE TO<br>CONCORD, WORDEN, FREDONIA<br>AND RELATED VARIETIES AS LEAF<br>INJURY MAY RESULT – SEE LABEL.                                       |
|               |  | Captan 50 WP             | captan                            | M4           | 2 - 4 lb            | 72 hours  | 0                  |  |
|               |  | Sovran 50 WG             | kresoxim-methyl                   | 11           | 3.2 - 5.6 oz        | 12 hours  | 14                 |  |
|               |  | Dithane DF<br>Rainshield | mancozeb                          | МЗ           | 1.5 - 2.5 lb        | 24 hours  | 66                 |  |
|               |  | Revus                    | mandipropamid                     | 40           | 7 oz                | 4 hours   | 14                 |  |
|               |  | Revus Top                | mandipropamid +<br>difenoconazole | 40           |                     | 12 hours  | 14                 |  |
| (continued)   |  | Scala                    | pyrimethanil                      | 9            | 18 fl oz            | 12 hours  | 7                  |  |

| Growth Stage               | Disease  | Product           | Active<br>Ingredient                                      | FRAC<br>Code | Rate/Acre               | Re-entry<br>Interval  | Days to<br>Harvest | Comments  |
|----------------------------|--|-------------------|---|--------------|-------------------------|---|--------------------|---|
| <b>GRAPES</b> (cont.       | .)   |                   |   |              |                         |   |                    |   |
| Shatter (cont.)            | Angular leaf spot<br>Anthracnose   | Flint 50 WG       | trifloxystrobin   | 11           | 1.5 - 4 oz              | 12 hours  | 14                 |   |
|                            | Black rot Leaf blight Phomopsis Powdery mildew Rotbrenner Septoria (cont.)   | Procure 480 SC    | triflumizole  | 3            | 4 - 8 fl oz             | 12 hours  | 14                 |   |
|                            |  | Ziram Granuflo    | ziram   | M3           | 3 - 4 lb                | 48 hours  | 21                 |   |
|                            | Black rot<br>Downy mildew<br>Bunch rot<br>Powdery mildew<br>Phomopsis  | Topguard EQ       | azoxystrobin +<br>flutriafol                              | 11           | 5 - 6 fl oz             | 12 hours<br>(5 days for<br>cane tying,<br>turning or<br>girdling) | 14                 |   |
|                            | Alternaria rot<br>Angular leaf spot<br>Anthracnose<br>Black rot<br>Bunch rot<br>Powdery mildew<br>Septoria leaf spot | Inspire Super     | difenoconazole +<br>cyprodinil                            | 3 + 9        | 16 - 20 fl oz           | 12 hours  | 14                 | PRECAUTION: On V. labrusca, V. labrusca hybrids and other non-viniferea hybrids such as Concord and Thomcord where sensitivity is not known, the use of Inspire Super by itself or in tank mixtures with materials that may increase uptake (adjuvants, foliar fertilizers) may result in leaf burning or other phytotoxic effects. |
|                            | Phytophthora root rot<br>Pythium<br>Fusarium<br>Rhizoctonia<br>Powdery mildew<br>Downy mildew                        | Fosphite          | mono- and<br>di-potassium salts<br>of phosphorous<br>acid | 33           | 1 - 3 qt/<br>100 gallon | 4 hours   | 0                  | Foliar, or aerial, or root dip, or irrigation or trunk injection. See label for rates and complete instructions.  |
| First Cover to<br>Veraison | Black rot<br>Downy mildew<br>Powdery mildew  | Same as Shatter   |   |              |                         |   |                    |   |
| Veraison to<br>Harvest     | Botrytis bunch rot*  | See Bloom section |   |              |                         |   |                    |   |
| 11417001                   | Powdery mildew   | Abound FL         | azoxystrobin  | 11           | 10 - 15.4 fl oz         | 4 hours   | 14                 |   |
|                            |  | Topguard EQ       | azoxystrobin +<br>flutriafol                              | 11 + 3       | 5 - 8 fl oz             | 12 hours<br>(5 days for<br>cane tying,<br>turning or<br>girdling) | 14                 | Do not apply more than 6 times per season.  |
| (continued)                |  |                   |   |              |                         | 9"4""9)   |                    |   |

| Growth Stage                          | Disease                | Product        | Active<br>Ingredient             | FRAC<br>Code | Rate/Acre       | Re-entry<br>Interval  | Days to<br>Harvest | Comments  |  |
|---------------------------------------|------------------------|----------------|----------------------------------|--------------|-----------------|---|--------------------|---|--|
| GRAPES (cont.)                        |                        |                |                                  |              |                 |   |                    |   |  |
| Veraison to<br>Harvest <i>(cont.)</i> | Powdery mildew (cont.) | Quadris Top    | azoxystrobin +<br>difenoconazole | 11 + 3       | 12 - 14 oz      | 12 hours  | 14                 |   |  |
|                                       |                        | Pristine       | boscalid +<br>pyraclostrobin     | 7 + 11       | 8 - 12.5 oz     | 12 hours<br>(5 days for<br>cane tying,<br>turning or<br>girdling) | 14                 | DO NOT APPLY PRISTINE TO<br>CONCORD, WORDEN, FREDONIA<br>AND RELATED VARIETIES AS LEAF<br>INJURY MAY RESULT – SEE LABEL.  |  |
|                                       |                        | Sovran 50 WG   | kresoxim-methyl                  | 11           | 3.2 - 4.8 oz    | 12 hours  | 14                 |   |  |
|                                       |                        | Quintec        | quinoxyfen                       | 13           | 4 oz            | 12 hours  | 21                 | Apply when conditions are favorable for disease but before disease develops. Apply on a 14 day interval. (Do not apply to Concord grapes as injury may result.) |  |
|                                       |                        | AmTide         | tebuconazole                     | 3            | 3 - 4 fl oz     | 12 hours  | 14                 |   |  |
|                                       |                        | Flint 50 WG    | trifloxystrobin                  | 11           | 1.5 - 4 oz      | 12 hours  | 14                 |   |  |
|                                       |                        | Procure 480 SC | triflumizole                     | 3            | 4 - 8 fl oz     | 12 hours  | 7                  |   |  |
|                                       | Downy mildew           | Abound         | azoxystrobin                     | 11           | 11 - 15.4 fl oz | 4 hours   | 14                 |   |  |
|                                       |                        | Pristine       | boscalid +<br>pyraclostrobin     | 7 + 11       | 8 - 12.5 oz     | 12 hours<br>(5 days for<br>cane tying,<br>turning or<br>girdling) | 14                 | DO NOT APPLY PRISTINE TO<br>CONCORD, WORDEN, FREDONIA<br>AND RELATED VARIETIES AS LEAF<br>INJURY MAY RESULT – SEE LABEL.  |  |
|                                       |                        | Captan 50 WP   | captan                           | M4           | 2 - 4 lb        | 48 hours  | 0                  |   |  |
| (continued)                           |                        | Topguard EQ    | azoxystrobin +<br>flutriafol     | 11 + 3       | 5 - 6 fl oz     | 12 hours<br>(5 days for<br>cane tying,<br>turning or<br>girdling) | 14                 |   |  |

| Growth Stage                      | Disease  | Product       | Active<br>Ingredient                                   | FRAC<br>Code | Rate/Acre               | Re-entry<br>Interval | Days to<br>Harvest | Comments  |
|-----------------------------------|--|---------------|--|--------------|-------------------------|----------------------|--------------------|---|
| GRAPES (con                       | t.)  |               |  |              |                         |                      |                    |   |
| Veraison to<br>Harvest<br>(cont.) | Downy mildew (cont.)   | Alude         | mono- and<br>di-potassium salts of<br>phosphorous acid | 33           | 2.5 - 5 pt/A            | 4 hours              | 0                  | Due to varietal sensitivity, test for sensitivity prior to use.   |
|                                   |  | Adament 50 WG | tebuconazole +<br>trifloxystrobin                      | 3 + 11       | 3 - 7.2 oz              | 12 hours             | 14                 | DO NOT APPLY ADAMENT TO<br>CONCORD OR RELATED<br>VARIETIES AS INJURY MAY<br>RESULT.   |
|                                   | Alternaria rot Angular leaf spot Anthracnose Black rot Bunch rot Powdery mildew Septoria leaf spot | Inspire Super | difenoconazole +<br>cyprodinil                         | 3+9          | 16 - 20 fl oz           | 12 hours             | 14                 | PRECAUTION: On V. labrusca, V. labrusca hybrids and other non-viniferea hybrids such as Concord and Thomcord where sensitivity is not known, the use of Inspire Super by itself or in tank mixtures with materials that may increase uptake (adjuvants, foliar fertilizers) may result in leaf burning or other phytotoxic effects. |
|                                   | Phytophthora root rot<br>Pythium<br>Fusarium<br>Rhizoctonia<br>Powdery mildew<br>Downy mildew      | Fosphite      | mono- and<br>di-potassium salts of<br>phosphorous acid | 33           | 1 - 3 qt/<br>100 gallon | 4 hours              | 0                  | Foliar, or aerial, or root dip, or irrigation or trunk injection. See label for rates and complete instructions.  |

| Growth Stage | Disease  | Product                             | Active<br>Ingredient           | FRAC<br>Code | Rate/Acre                                   | Re-entry<br>Interval | Days to<br>Harvest | Comments  |
|--------------|--|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------|---|----------------------|--------------------|---|
| BLUEBERRY    |  |                                     |                                |              |   |                      |                    |   |
| Dormant      | Bacterial blight<br>Phomopsis blight<br>Mummy berry  | Lime-sulfur spray<br>(hard to find) | calcium polysulfides           | M2           | Rate depends on product name.<br>See label. | 48 hours             | Dormant<br>only    | Apply at delayed dormant when leaf buds start to break.   |
|              |  | Kocide 3000                         | copper hydroxide               | M1           | 1 - 2.5 lb                                  | 48 hours             |                    | Dormant application.<br>Begin at bud swell.   |
|              | Phomopsis blight<br>Mummy berry  | Sulforix                            | calcium polysulfides           | M2           | See label.                                  | 48 hours             |                    |   |
|              | Phytophthora root rot  | Orondis Gold 200                    | oxathiapiprolin                | 49           | 4.8 – 9.6 fl. oz/A                          | 4 hours              | 0                  | Apply as a soil drench, or soil directed spray, or through irrigation water for control of Phytophthora root rot.   |
|              |  | Ridomil Gold SL                     | mefenoxam                      | 4            | 3.6 pt or 0.25<br>pt/1,000 row ft           | 48 hours             | 0                  | Ridomil Gold SL will not revitalize plants with moderate to severe root rot symptoms.   |
| Green Tip    | Alternaria fruit rot<br>Anthracnose<br>Botryosphaeria canker<br>Mummy berry<br>Mummy berry (shoot blight)<br>Powdery mildew<br>Septoria      | Abound FL                           | azoxystrobin                   | 11           | 6 - 15.5 fl oz                              | 4 hours              | 0                  | Abound applications should begin prior to disease development.  |
|              | Botrytis gray mold*<br>Mummy berry   | Captan 50 WP                        | captan                         | M4           | 5 lb  | 48 hours             | 0                  | Begin Captan applications at<br>bud swell and continue on a<br>7 - 10 day interval for botrytis<br>and mummy berry.   |
|              | Alternaria leaf spot<br>and fruit rot<br>Anthracnose<br>Botrytis gray mold*<br>Mummy berry<br>Phomopsis<br>Powdery mildew                    | Pristine                            | boscalid +<br>pyraclostrobin   | 7 + 11       | 18 - 23 oz                                  | 12 hours             | 0                  | No more than 4 applications of Pristine per season.   |
|              | Alternaria leaf spot<br>Anthracnose leaf spot<br>Leaf rust<br>Monilinia blight<br>Mummy berry blight<br>Powdery mildew<br>Septoria leaf spot | Inspire Super                       | difenoconazole +<br>cyprodinil | 3+9          | 16 - 20 fl oz                               | 12 hours             | 14                 | Begin applications prior to disease onset when conditions are conducive for disease. For Monilinia and mummy berry, apply at or near flower bud swell and again at leaf bud swelling. For other diseases, apply during early bloom. |

| Growth Stage         | Disease  | Product           | Active<br>Ingredient                                   | FRAC<br>Code | Rate/Acre               | Re-entry<br>Interval | Days to<br>Harvest | Comments   |
|----------------------|--|-------------------|--|--------------|-------------------------|----------------------|--------------------|--|
| <b>BLUEBERRY</b>     | (cont.)  |                   |  |              |                         |                      |                    |  |
| Green Tip<br>(cont.) | Alternaria leaf spot<br>and fruit rot<br>Botrytis<br>Monilinia<br>Mummy berry<br>Powdery mildew<br>Septoria                            | Luna Tranquility  | fluopyram +<br>pyrimethanil                            | 7<br>9       | 16 to 27 fl oz          | 12 hours             | 1 day              | When disease pressure is severe, use the higher rates and/or shorter intervals.                                      |
|                      | Phytophthora root rot<br>Pythium<br>Fusarium<br>Rhizoctonia<br>Powdery mildew<br>Downy mildew  | Fosphite          | mono- and<br>di-potassium salts of<br>phosphorous acid | 33           | 1 - 3 qt/<br>100 gallon | 4 hours              | 0                  | Foliar, or aerial, or root dip, or irrigation or trunk injection. See label for rates and complete instructions.     |
|                      | Phytophthora root rot  | Orondis Gold 200  | oxathiapiprolin  | 49           | 4.8-9.6 fl oz/A         | 4 hours              | 1 day              | Apply as a soil drench, or soil directed spray, or through irrigation water (micro-sprinkler, or drip).              |
|                      | Mummy berry<br>Powdery mildew<br>Rust<br>Septoria leaf and stem blight   | Tilt              | propiconazole  | 3            | 6 fl oz                 | 24 hours             | 30                 | Begin Tilt applications at green tip on a 7 - 10 day interval.   |
| Early Bloom          | Mummy berry<br>Stem canker<br>Stem blight  | Same as Green Tip |  |              |                         |                      |                    |  |
|                      | Phytophthora root rot<br>Anthracnose fruit rot<br>Alternaria fruit rot<br>(suppression only)<br>Phomopsis canker<br>(suppression only) | Aliette WDG       | aluminum tris  | 33           | 5 lb                    | 12 hours             | 12                 | Begin foliar sprays in the spring at approximately the pink bud stage and continue on a 14 - 21 day interval.        |
|                      | Alternaria fruit rot,<br>Anthracnose fruit rot,<br>Botrytis fruit rot,<br>Mummy berry, Phomopsis                                       | Miravis Prime     | pydiflumetofen +<br>fludioxanil                        | 7 + 12       | 9-13.4 fl oz/A          | 12 hours             | 0                  | Do not make more than 2 applications at the maximum application rate per year (26.8 fl oz/A).                        |
| (continued)          | Alternaria leaf spot and fruit rot Anthracnose Botrytis gray mold*   | Pristine          | boscalid +<br>pyraclostrobin                           | 7 + 11       | 18.5 - 23 oz            | 12 hours             | 0                  | Begin applications prior to disease and continue on a 7 - 10 day interval. <b>Do not use Pristine in a tank mix.</b> |

| Growth Stage           | Disease  | Product        | Active<br>Ingredient                                      | FRAC<br>Code | Rate/Acre               | Re-entry<br>Interval | Days to<br>Harvest | Comments  |
|------------------------|--|----------------|---|--------------|-------------------------|----------------------|--------------------|---|
| BLUEBERRY (d           | cont.)   |                |   |              |                         |                      |                    |   |
| Early Bloom<br>(cont.) | Alternaria leaf spot and<br>fruit rot<br>Anthracnose<br>Botrytis gray mold*<br>Mummy berry   | Switch 62.5 WG | cyprodinil +<br>fludioxonil                               | 9 + 12       | 11 - 14 oz              | 12 hours             | 0                  | Rotate Switch with another fungicide with a different FRAC code.  |
|                        | Alternaria leaf spot<br>Anthracnose leaf spot<br>Leaf rust<br>Monilinia blight<br>Mummy berry blight<br>Powdery mildew<br>Septoria leaf spot | Inspire Super  | difenoconazole +<br>cyprodinil                            | 3 + 9        | 16 - 20 fl oz           | 12 hours             | 14                 | Begin applications prior to disease onset when conditions are conducive for disease. For Monilinia and mummy berry, apply at or near flower bud swell and again at leaf bud swelling. For other diseases, apply during early bloom. |
|                        | Botrytis gray mold*  | Elevate 50 WG  | fenhexamid  | 17           | 1.5 lb                  | 12 hours             | 0                  | Begin applications of Elevate at 10% bloom. Continue through harvest. Make applications every 7 days.   |
|                        | Phytophthora root rot  | Alude          | mono- and<br>di-potassium salts<br>of phosphorous<br>acid | 33           | 2.5 - 5 pt/A            | 4 hours              | 0                  | Begin foliar sprays in the spring at approximately the pink bud stage and continue on a 14 - 21 day interval.   |
| (continued)            | Phytophthora root rot<br>Pythium<br>Fusarium<br>Rhizoctonia<br>Powdery mildew<br>Downy mildew  | Fosphite       | mono- and<br>di-potassium salts<br>of phosphorous<br>acid | 33           | 1 - 3 qt/<br>100 gallon | 4 hours              | 0                  | Foliar, or aerial, or root dip, or irrigation or trunk injection. See label for rates and complete instructions.  |

| Growth Stage                         | Disease  | Product                           | Active<br>Ingredient         | FRAC<br>Code | Rate/Acre      | Re-entry<br>Interval | Days to<br>Harvest | Comments   |
|--------------------------------------|--|-----------------------------------|------------------------------|--------------|----------------|----------------------|--------------------|--|
| BLUEBERRY (co                        | ont.)  |                                   |                              |              |                |                      |                    |  |
| Early Bloom (cont.)                  |  |                                   |                              |              |                |                      |                    |  |
| Full Bloom to<br>Early Petal Fall    | Same as Early Bloom  |                                   |                              |              |                |                      |                    |  |
| First and<br>Second Cover            | Same as Full Bloom to<br>Early Petal Fall                                |                                   |                              |              |                |                      |                    |  |
| Third and<br>Additional Covers       | Same as First and<br>Second Cover  |                                   |                              |              |                |                      |                    |  |
| After Harvest                        | Same as Third and<br>Additional Covers                                   |                                   |                              |              |                |                      |                    |  |
| BLACKBERRY,                          | RASPBERRY, LOGANBE   | RRY                               |                              |              |                |                      |                    |  |
| Delayed<br>Dormant                   | Anthracnose Cane and leaf rusts Cane blight                              | Liquid lime-sulfur (hard to find) | calcium<br>polysulfides      | M2           | 6 - 12 gal     | 48 hours             | Dormant<br>only    | Dormant application. Begin at bud swell.   |
|                                      | Powdery mildew<br>Spur blight  | Sulforix                          | calcium<br>polysulfides      | M2           | See label.     | 48 hours             |                    |  |
|                                      | Crown gall   | None registered in<br>Arkansas    |                              |              |                |                      |                    |  |
|                                      | Phytophthora root rot  | Ridomil Gold SL                   | mefanoxam                    | 4            | 3.6 pt/A       | 12 hours             | 45                 | Apply as a soil-directed band over<br>the row or via drip irrigation. Apply<br>in the spring before plants begin<br>to grow.   |
|                                      |  | Orandis Gold 200                  | oxathiapiprolin              | 49           | 4.8 - 9.6 pt/A | 4 hours              | 1                  | Apply as a soil-directed band over<br>the row or via drip irrigation. Apply<br>in the spring before plants begin<br>to grow.   |
| First Bloom<br>through<br>Petal Fall | Phytophthora root rot  | Aliette WDG                       | aluminum tris                | 33           | 5 lb           | 12 hours             | 12                 | Begin applications of Aliette in the spring after bud break. Apply on a 45 - 60 day schedule.  |
|                                      | Anthracnose<br>Botryosphaeria canker<br>(Abound only for                 | Abound FL                         | azoxystrobin                 | 11           | 6 - 15.5 fl oz | 4 hours              | 0                  | Abound applications should begin prior to disease development.   |
|                                      | Botryosphaeria) Colletotrichum rot Powdery mildew                        | Pristine                          | boscalid +<br>pyraclostrobin | 7 + 11       | 18.5 - 23 oz   | 12 hours             | 0                  | Begin applications prior to disease and continue on a 7 - 10 day interval. Do not use Pristine in a tank mix.  |
| (continued)                          | Rosette (double<br>blossom)<br>Rust<br>Septoria leaf spot<br>Spur blight | Cabrio EG                         | pyraclostrobin               | 11           | 14 oz          | 12 hours             | 0                  | Begin application of Cabrio at first sign of disease and continue on a 7 - 14 day interval. No more than 2 sequential applications before switching to a fungicide with a different FRAC code. |

| Growth Stage                                 | Disease  | Product             | Active<br>Ingredient                                      | FRAC<br>Code | Rate/Acre               | Re-entry<br>Interval | Days to<br>Harvest | Comments  |
|--|--|---------------------|---|--------------|-------------------------|----------------------|--------------------|---|
| BLACKBERRY,                                  | RASPBERRY, LOGAN   | NBERRY (cont.)      |   |              |                         |                      |                    |   |
| First Bloom<br>through<br>Petal Fall (cont.) | Alternaria leaf spot<br>Anthracnose leaf spot<br>Leaf rust<br>Powdery mildew<br>Septoria leaf spot | Inspire Super       | difenoconazole +<br>cyprodinil                            | 3 + 9        | 16 - 20 fl oz           | 12 hours             | 14                 | Begin applications prior to disease onset when conditions are conducive for disease.  |
|  | Anthracnose<br>Botrytis gray mold*   | Switch 62.5 WG      | cyprodinil +<br>fludioxonil                               | 9 + 12       | 11 - 14 oz              | 12 hours             | 0                  | Rotate Switch with another fungicide with a different FRAC code.  |
|  | Botrytis gray mold*  | Elevate 50 WG       | fenhexamid  | 17           | 1.5 lb                  | 12 hours             | 0                  | Begin applying Elevate or Rovral at 10% bloom and continue every 7 - 14 days until harvest.   |
|  |  | Rovral 4 FL         | iprodione   | 2            | 1 - 2 pt                | 24 hours             | 0                  |   |
|  | Anthracnose<br>Botrytis*<br>Spur blight  | Captan 80 WDG       | captan  | M4           | 2.5 lb                  | 48 hours             | 3                  | Apply Captan when blossoms are in bud (young canes are 8 to 10 inches long). Make a second application two weeks later. Apply a fall spray after old canes are removed. |
|  | Phytophthora root rot<br>Pythium, Fusarium<br>Rhizoctonia<br>Powdery mildew<br>Downy mildew        | Fosphite            | mono- and<br>di-potassium salts<br>of phosphorous<br>acid | 33           | 1 - 3 qt/<br>100 gallon | 4 hours              | 0                  | Foliar, or aerial, or root dip, or irrigation or trunk injection. See label for rates and complete instructions.  |
| Post Bloom<br>through<br>Harvest             | Anthracnose<br>Botrytis fruit rot*   | Same as First Bloom |   |              |                         |                      |                    |   |
| . 10.14001                                   | Rust   | Pristine            | boscalid +<br>pyraclostrobin                              | 7 + 11       | 18.5 - 23 oz            | 12 hours             | 14                 | Follow label directions. May not control systemically infected plants but helps prevent spread of the fungus to new   |
|  |  | Cabrio              | pyraclostrobin  | 11           | 14 oz                   | 12 hours             | 0                  | plants in the spring. See label.  |

| Growth Stage                | Disease   | Product         | Active<br>Ingredient                                      | FRAC<br>Code | Rate/Acre               | Re-entry<br>Interval  | Days to<br>Harvest        | Comments   |
|-----------------------------|---|-----------------|---|--------------|-------------------------|---|---------------------------|--|
| STRAWBERRY                  |   |                 |   |              |                         |   |                           |  |
| Pre-Bloom<br>(early spring) | Leather rot<br>Red stele  | Aliette WDG     | aluminum tris   | 33           | 2.5 - 5 lb              | 12 hours  | Same<br>day<br>(12 hours) | Begin applications of Aliette in the spring<br>after bud break. Apply on a 45 - 60 day<br>schedule. See label for rate/dip instruc-<br>tions on new plants.  |
|                             |   | Alude           | mono- and<br>di-potassium salts<br>of phosphorous<br>acid | 33           | 2.5 - 5 pt/<br>100 gal  | 4 hours   | 0                         | Begin applications two to three weeks after planting. See label for root dip instructions.   |
|                             |   | Ridomil Gold SL | mefenoxam   | 4            | 1 pt                    | 48 hours  | 0                         | For new plantings apply Ridomil Gold SL up to 3 times per crop. Make first application after planting. Make second application 30 days before harvest or at fruit set. Make third application during harvest. See label for established plantings. |
|                             | Powdery Mildew<br>Charcoal Rot  | Rhyme           | flutriafol  | 3            | 5-7 fl. oz              | 12 hours  | 0                         | For powdery mildew apply preventively. For charcoal rot apply at transplant.   |
|                             | Phytophthora root rot<br>Pythium, Fusarium<br>Rhizoctonia<br>Powdery mildew               | Fosphite        | mono- and<br>di-potassium salts<br>of phosphorous<br>acid | 33           | 1 - 3 qt/<br>100 gallon | 4 hours   | 0                         | Foliar, or aerial, or root dip, or irrigation or trunk injection. See label for rates and complete instructions.   |
|                             | Anthracnose Botrytis gray mold* (suppression only) Leather rot Powdery mildew             | Abound FL       | azoxystrobin  | 11           | 6 - 15.5 fl oz          | 4 hours   | 0                         | Abound applications should begin prior to disease development on a 7 - 10 day schedule. For leather rot, apply on a 7 day schedule from late bloom through harvest.  |
|                             |   | Topguard EQ     | azoxystrobin +<br>flutriafol                              | 11 + 3       | 5 - 6 fl oz             | 12 hours<br>(5 days for<br>cane tying,<br>turning or<br>girdling) | 0                         | Do not apply more than 4 applications per year.  |
|                             | Anthracnose<br>Botrytis gray mold*<br>Powdery mildew<br>Strawberry leaf spot<br>Leaf rust | Quadris Top     | azoxystrobin +<br>difenoconazole                          | 11 + 3       | 12 - 14 oz              | 12 hours  | 0                         |  |
|                             |   | Pristine        | boscalid +<br>pyraclostrobin                              | 7 + 11       | 18.5 - 23 oz            | 12 hours  | 0                         | Begin Pristine applications no later than 10% bloom and continue on a 7 - 14 day schedule. See label.  |
| (continued)                 | Botrytis gray mold*   | Captan 50 WP    | captan  | M4           | 3 - 6 lb                | 24 hours  | 0                         | Apply on a 7 - 14 day schedule depending on weather and continue through harvest. See label.   |

| Growth Stage                           | Disease   | Product          | Active<br>Ingredient            | FRAC<br>Code | Rate/Acre   | Re-entry<br>Interval | Days to<br>Harvest | Comments  |
|--|---|------------------|---------------------------------|--------------|---|----------------------|--------------------|---|
| STRAWBERRY                             | (cont.)   |                  |                                 |              |   |                      |                    |   |
| Pre-Bloom<br>(early spring)<br>(cont.) | Anthracnose Botrytis gray mold* Cercospora Powdery mildew Leaf rust   | Inspire Super    | difenoconazole +<br>cyprodinil  | 3 + 9        | 16 - 20 fl oz   | 12 hours             | 0                  | Begin applications prior to disease onset when conditions are conducive for disease.  |
|  | Anthracnose<br>Botrytis gray mold*  | CaptEvate 68 WDG | captan +<br>fenhexamid          | M4 + 17      | 3.5 - 5.25 lb   | 24 hours             | 0                  | For anthracnose begin CaptEvate at flower bud emergence. For Botrytis gray mold begin at early bloom on a 7 - 10 day schedule.  |
|  | Anthracnose<br>Botrytis gray mold*<br>Powdery mildew  | Switch 62.5 WG   | cyprodinil +<br>fludioxonil     | 9 + 12       | 11 - 14 oz<br>(see label for<br>anthracnose<br>crown rot) | 12 hours             | 0                  |   |
|  | Anthracnose, Botrytis<br>gray mold, and<br>Powdery mildew   | Miravis Prime    | pydiflumetofen +<br>fludioxanil | 7 + 12       | 9-13.4 fl. oz/A   | 12 hours             | 0                  | Do not make more than 2 applications at the maximum application rate per year (26.8 fl oz/A).   |
|  | Anthracnose<br>Botrytis gray mold*<br>Powdery mildew<br>Strawberry leaf spot<br>Leaf rust                                   | Inspire Super    | difenoconazole +<br>cyprodinil  | 3 + 9        | 16 - 20 fl oz   | 12 hours             | 0                  | Apply Inspire Super at 7 - 14 day intervals. No more than two consecutive applications before switching to a product with a different mode of action.                           |
|  | Botrytis fruit rot*   | Elevate 50 WG    | fenhexamid                      | 17           | 1.5 lb  | 12 hours             | 0                  |   |
|  | Botrytis<br>Powdery mildew  | Luna Tranquility | fluopyram +<br>pyrimethanil     | 7<br>9       | 16 to 27 fl oz  | 12 hours             | 1 day              | Continue as needed on a 7 - 14 day interval.  |
|  | Anthracnose Botrytis gray mold* Powdery mildew Phomopsis leaf blight/ fruit rot Rhizopus fruit rot Mycosphaerella leaf spot | Luna Sensation   | fluopyram +<br>trifloxystrobin  | 7 + 11       | 4 - 7.6 fl oz   | 12 hours             | 0                  | Apply at the critical timings for disease control. Continue as needed on a 7 - 14 day interval. When disease pressure is severe, use the higher rates and/or shorter intervals. |
|  | Anthracnose Botrytis crown rot* Botrytis gray mold* Stem end rot Phomopsis soft rot Strawberry leaf spot                    | Rovral 4 FL      | iprodione                       | 2            | 1.5 - 2 pt  | 24 hours             | See<br>label.      | Do not make more than one application of Rovral per season. Do not apply after first fruiting flower.   |
| (continued)                            | Botrytis gray mold*<br>Powdery mildew   | Fontelis         | penthiopyrad                    | 7            | 16 - 24 fl oz   | 12 hours             | 0                  | Begin applications of Fontelis prior to disease development and continue on a 7 - 14 day interval.  |

| Growth Stage                           | Disease  | Product         | Active<br>Ingredient         | FRAC<br>Code | Rate/Acre    | Re-entry<br>Interval  | Days to<br>Harvest        | Comments   |
|--|--|-----------------|------------------------------|--------------|--------------|---|---------------------------|--|
| STRAWBERRY                             | (cont.)  |                 |                              |              |              |   |                           |  |
| Pre-Bloom<br>(early spring)<br>(cont.) | Anthracnose<br>Powdery mildew<br>Strawberry leaf spot<br>Leaf rust                                 | Tilt            | propiconazole                | 3            | 4 fl oz      | 12 hours  | 0                         | Begin applications of Tilt when disease levels are no more than 5%.  |
|  | Anthracnose<br>Botrytis gray mold*<br>(suppression only)<br>Powdery mildew<br>Strawberry leaf spot | Cabrio EG       | pyraclostrobin               | 11           | 12 oz        | 12 hours  | 0                         | Begin applications of Cabrio prior to bloom and continue at 7 - 14 day intervals.  |
|  | Botrytis gray mold*  | Scala SC        | pyrimethanil                 | 9            | 18 fl oz     | 12 hours  | 1                         | Make applications of Scala before disease appears on a 7 - 14 day interval.  |
|  | Botrytis gray mold*  | Thiram Granuflo | thiram                       | МЗ           | 3.4 - 4.4 lb | 24 hours  | 3                         | Broadcast 3 - 5 lb of Thiram at 10 intervals. Good coverage of buds, blossoms and developing fruit required for control.   |
|  | Anthracnose<br>Powdery mildew<br>Phomopsis soft rot  | Flint           | trifloxystrobin              | 11           | 2 - 3.2 oz   | 12 hours  | 7                         | Begin Flint applications and continue as needed preventively on a 7 - 14 day interval.   |
| Early Bloom<br>through Bloom           | Leather rot<br>Red stele   | Aliette WDG     | aluminum tris                | 33           | 2.5 - 5 lb   | 12 hours  | Same<br>day<br>(12 hours) | Begin applications of Aliette in the spring after bud break. Apply on a 45 - 60 day schedule.  |
|  |  | Ridomil Gold SL | mefenoxam                    | 4            | 1 pt         | 48 hours  | 0                         | For new plantings apply Ridomil Gold SL up to 3 times per crop. Make first application after planting. Make second application 30 days before harvest or at fruit set. Make third application during harvest. See label for established plantings. |
| (continued)                            | Anthracnose Botrytis gray mold* (suppression only) Leather rot Powdery mildew                      | Topguard EQ     | azoxystrobin +<br>flutriafol | 11 + 3       | 5 - 6 fl oz  | 12 hours<br>(5 days for<br>cane tying,<br>turning or<br>girdling) | 0                         | Do not apply more than 4 applications per year.  |

| Growth Stage                            | Disease   | Product                | Active<br>Ingredient                                      | FRAC<br>Code  | Rate/Acre               | Re-entry<br>Interval | Days to<br>Harvest  | Comments  |
|---|---|------------------------|---|---------------|-------------------------|----------------------|---|---|
| STRAWBERRY                              | (cont.)   |                        |   |               |                         |                      |   |   |
| Early Bloom<br>through Bloom<br>(cont.) | Anthracnose Botrytis gray mold* Powdery mildew Phomopsis leaf blight/ fruit rot Rhizopus fruit rot Mycosphaerella leaf spot | Luna Sensation         | fluopyram +<br>trifloxystrobin                            | 7 + 11        | 4 - 7.6 fl oz           | 12 hours             | 0   | Apply at the critical timings for disease control. Continue as needed on a 7 - 14 day interval. When disease pressure is severe, use the higher rates and/or shorter intervals. |
|   | Phytophthora root rot<br>Pythium<br>Fusarium<br>Rhizoctonia<br>Powdery mildew   | Fosphite               | mono- and<br>di-potassium salts<br>of phosphorous<br>acid | 33            | 1 - 3 qt/<br>100 gallon | 4 hours              | 0   | Foliar, or aerial, or root dip, or irrigation or trunk injection. See label for rates and complete instructions.  |
|   | Botrytis gray mold*<br>Leaf scorch<br>Powdery mildew  | Topsin M 70 WDG        | thiophanate-methyl  | 1             | 0.75 - 1 lb             | 12 hours             | 1   | Begin applications of Topsin M at early bloom and continue on a 7 - 10 day interval. See label for crown rot.   |
|   |   | Topsin M 70 WP         | thiophanate-methyl  | 1             | 0.75 - 1 lb             | 12 hours             | 1   |   |
|   | Anthracnose Botrytis crown rot* Botrytis gray mold* Stem end rot Phomopsis soft rot Strawberry leaf spot                    | Same as Pre-Bloom      |   |               |                         |                      | Check<br>labels for<br>PHI (post-<br>harvest<br>interval)                               |   |
| At Harvest                              | Botrytis fruit rot*   | Quadris Top            | azoxystrobin +<br>difenoconazole                          | 11 + 3        | 12 - 14 oz              | 12 hours             | 0   |   |
|   |   | Pristine               | boscalid +<br>pyraclostrobin                              | 7 + 11        | 18.5 - 23 oz            | 12 hours             | 0   | Begin Pristine applications no later than 10% bloom and continue on a 7 - 14 day schedule. See label.   |
|   |   | Captan 50 WP           | captan  | M4            | 3 - 6 lb                | 24 hours             | 0   | Apply Captan on a 7 - 14 day schedule depending on weather and continue through harvest. See label.   |
|   | CaptEvate 68 WDG  | captan +<br>fenhexamid | M4 + 17   | 3.5 - 5.25 lb | 24 hours                | 0                    | For Botrytis gray mold, begin CaptEvate 68 WDG at early bloom on a 7 - 10 day schedule. |   |
| (continued)                             |   | Inspire Super          | difenoconazole +<br>cyprodinil                            | 3 + 9         | 16 - 20 fl oz           | 12 hours             | 0   | Apply Inspire Super at 7 - 14 day intervals. No more than 2 consecutive applications before switching to a product with a different mode of action.                             |

| Growth Stage                         | Disease                     | Product                        | Active<br>Ingredient   | FRAC<br>Code  | Rate/Acre   | Re-entry<br>Interval | Days to<br>Harvest  | Comments |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------------------|------------------------|---------------|-------------|----------------------|---|----------|
| STRAWBERRY                           | (cont.)                     |                                |                        |               |             |                      |   |          |
| At Harvest (cont.)                   | Elevate 50 WG               | fenhexamid                     | 17                     | 1.5 lb        | 12 hours    | 0                    | Begin applying Elevate at 10% bloom and continue every 7 - 14 days until harvest.   |          |
|                                      | Luna Sensation              | fluopyram +<br>trifloxystrobin | 7 + 11                 | 6 - 7.6 fl oz | 12 hours    | 0                    | Apply at the critical timings for disease control. Continue as needed on a 7 - 14 day interval. When disease pressure is severe, use the higher rates and/or shorter intervals. |          |
|                                      | Fontelis                    | penthiopyrad                   | 7                      | 16 - 24 fl oz | 12 hours    | 0                    | Begin applications of Fontelis prior to disease development and continue on a 7 - 14 day interval.  |          |
|                                      |                             | Scala SC                       | pyrimethanil           | 9             | 18 fl oz    | 12 hours             | 1   |          |
|                                      |                             | Topsin M 70 WDG                | thiophanate-<br>methyl | 1             | 0.75 - 1 lb | 12 hours             | 1   |          |
|                                      |                             | Topsin M 70 WP                 | thiophanate-<br>methyl | 1             | 0.75 - 1 lb | 12 hours             | 1   |          |
| Post-Harvest<br>and New<br>Plantings | See Pre-Bloom<br>to Harvest |                                |                        |               |             |                      |   |          |

<sup>(1)</sup> Limit the number of times fungicides of the same class are applied in one year. (2) Tank-mix a broad-spectrum fungicide such as captan or Thiram with Topsin-M (a benzimidazole fungicide) as Topsin-M does not have Botrytis activity due to resistance but is helpful for several early-season foliar diseases if present. (3) Resistance profiles vary from farm to farm and fungicides may have to be varied.

# SMALL FRUIT DISEASES (Home Garden) Sherrie Smith

| Disease  | Product   | Active Ingredient             | FRAC Code        | Rate  | Comments   |
|--|---|-------------------------------|------------------|---|--|
| ungal leaf and fruit<br>iseases on grapes,<br>lackberry, raspberry | Bayer Advanced Natria<br>Disease Control**  | Bacillus subtilis             | 44               | RTU*  | Spray to runoff. See label.  |
| nd strawberry  | Hi-Yield Captan 50 WP   | captan                        | M4               | 1-8 tbs/gal                                     | See label for exact rate per crop.   |
|  | Bonide Fruit Tree Spray (strawberries and grapes only)                            | captan + malathion + carbaryl | M4 + insecticide | 1 1/2 -<br>2 1/2 tbs/gal                        | See label for complete instructions.   |
|  | Hi-Yield Vegetable, Flower,<br>Fruit and Ornamental Fungicide<br>(blueberry only) | chlorothalonil                | M5               | 9 tsp per<br>application,<br>27 tsp<br>per year | Begin applications at bud break (green tip). Repeat applications until early bloom at 10 day intervals. DO NOT apply after early bloom, otherwise phytotoxicity may occur to the developing fruit. |
|  | Monterey Fruit Tree, Vegetable and Ornamental Fungicide (blueberry only)          | chlorothalonil                | M5               | 3 3/4 tsp/gal<br>for 200 sq ft                  | Begin applications at bud break (green tip). Repeat applications until early bloom at 10 day intervals. Do not apply after early bloom, otherwise phytotoxicity may occur to the developing fruit. |
|  | Bonide Liquid Copper<br>Fungicide Concentrate**                                   | copper salts                  | M1               | 2 - 4 tsp/gal                                   | See label.   |
|  | Bonide Mancozeb Flowable with Zinc (grapes only)                                  | mancozeb                      | M3               | 3 - 4 tsp/gal                                   | Begin at 1/2 inch new growth, continue at 7 - 10 days until bloom. See label.  |
|  | Immunox Multipurpose Fungicide for Gardens Spray Concentrate                      | myclobutanil + insecticide    | 3                | 1 1/4 fl oz/gal                                 | Labeled for blackberry, raspberry, strawberry grape.   |
|  | Shultz Garden Safe Fungicide 3 in 1**   | neem                          | NC***            | 1 fl oz/gal                                     | Spray all plant surfaces.  |
|  | Natural Guard Copper Soap<br>Liquid Fungicide                                     | octanoate potassium           | M1               | 0.5 - 2 fl oz/gal                               | Apply at the start of flowering and continue ev 7 - 10 days until harvest.   |
|  | GreenCure**   | potassium bicarbonate         | NC***            | 1 - 2 tbs/gal                                   | Not labeled for blueberry.   |
|  | Kaligreen**   | potassium bicarbonate         | NC***            | 2.5 - 3 lb/A                                    | Begin application at the first sign of disease.  |
|  | MilStop**   | potassium bicarbonate         | NC***            | 2 - 5 lb/A                                      | Begin application at the first sign of disease.  |
|  | Safer Garden Fungicide for Flowers,<br>Fruit and Vegetables Concentrate           | sulfur                        | M2               | See label.                                      | Labeled for grapes and strawberries.  Do not use on strawberries that will be cannet   |
|  | Bonide Sulfur Plant Fungicide   | sulfur                        | M2               | 1 fl oz/gal                                     | 7 - 14 days. Complete coverage important. Ralso available. Organic uses.   |
|  | Bonide Citrus, Fruit and Nut<br>Orchard Spray Concentrate                         | sulfur + pyrethrins           | M2               | 2.5 - 5 fl oz/gal                               | For best control apply as a protective spray ein the season before the diseases are noticed Respray every 7 - 10 days or after rain. May bused up to day before harvest.                           |

# FRUIT TREE DISEASES (Commercial) Sherrie Smith and Aaron Cato

| Growth Stage                     | Disease  | Product          | Active<br>Ingredient                                     | FRAC<br>Code | Rate/Acre                              | Re-entry<br>Interval | Days to<br>Harvest     | Comments   |
|----------------------------------|--|------------------|--|--------------|--|----------------------|------------------------|--|
| APPLE                            |  |                  |  |              |  |                      |                        |  |
| Dormant to Fire bl<br>Silver Tip | Fire blight  | Bordeaux mixture | basic copper<br>sulfate<br>lime sulfur<br>(hard to find) | M1           |  | 12 hours             | Dormant<br>only        | Dissolve 8 lbs copper sulfate in 50 gals water; add 8 lbs spray lime with agitation and more water; add 1 gal miscible superior oil last but prior to complete fill; add water with agitation to 100 gals; spray with constant agitation. Do not mix with other pesticides or spray when drying conditions are slow or after 1/4 inch green as severe injury may result. |
|                                  |  | Kocide 2000      | copper hydroxide   | M1           | 6 - 12 lb                              | 48 hours             | Not after green tip    |  |
|                                  |  | Kocide 3000      | copper hydroxide   | M1           | 3.5 - 7 lb                             | 48 hours             | Not after<br>green tip | sion. NOTE: Moderate to severe crop  |
|                                  | Phytophthora crown, root and collar rots   | Aliette WDG      | aluminum tris  | 33           | 2.5 - 5 lb                             | 12 hours             | 14                     | Apply Aliette at a 30 - 60 day interval when conditions favor disease development. See label.  |
|                                  |  | Ridomil Gold SL  | mefenoxam  | 4            | 2 qt/A or<br>1.5 fl oz/<br>1,000 sq ft | 48 hours             | 1                      | New plants: Dip the entire root<br>system in Ridomil Gold solution for<br>30 - 60 minutes prior to planting in the<br>field. Established plantings: see label.   |
| Green Tip                        | Alternaria Blotch and Spot Bitter rot Black rot Brooks Fruit spot Cedar Apple rust Flyspeck Sooty blotch Powdery mildew Quince rust Scab White rot | Aprovia          | benzovinidiflupyr  | 7            | 5.5 - 7 fl oz                          | 12 hours             | 30                     | Scab – Protective Spray Schedule: Apply every 7 - 10 days starting at 1/4 to 1/2 inch green tip or when environmental conditions become conducive for scab. Continue through petal fall until the threat of primary scab is complete.  |
| (continued)                      | William 10t  |                  |  |              |  |                      |                        |  |

| Growth Stage      | Disease  | Product          | Active<br>Ingredient         | FRAC<br>Code | Rate/Acre                 | Re-entry<br>Interval | Days to<br>Harvest | Comments   |
|-------------------|--|------------------|------------------------------|--------------|---------------------------|----------------------|--------------------|--|
| APPLE (cont.)     |  |                  |                              |              |                           |                      |                    |  |
| Green Tip (cont.) | Alternaria blotch Brooks fruit spot Cedar apple rust (suppression) Flyspeck Frogeye leaf spot Powdery mildew Scab Sooty blotch White rot | Pristine         | boscalid +<br>pyraclostrobin | 7 + 11       | 14.5 - 18.5 oz            | 12 hours             | 0                  | Begin applications of Pristine prior to disease development and continue on a 7 - 14 day interval. See label.  |
|                   | Botrytis Blossom end rot Flyspeck Fruit rots Scab Sooty blotch   | Captan 50 WP     | captan                       | M4           | 4 - 8 lb                  | 24 hours             | 1                  | Apply at 7 - 10 day intervals as needed to maintain control in pre-bloom, bloom, petal fall and first cover. Apply at 10 - 14 day intervals for second and later covers. |
|                   | Powdery Mildew Quince Rust Cedar apple rust Brooks fruit spot Flyspeck Scab Sooty blotch White rot Bitter rot Black rot                  | Vangard WG       | cyprodinil                   | 9            | 4 - 6 oz                  | 12 hours             | 0                  | For pome fruits EXCEPT PEAR, begin applications of Vangard at green tip and continue on a 7 - 10 day schedule.   |
|                   |  | Rhyme            | flutriafoll                  | 3            | 4-6.5 fl oz.<br>see label |                      |                    | Make applications at green tip and continue through other sprays   |
| (continued)       | Powdery mildew<br>Scab   | Luna Tranquility | fluopyram +<br>pyrimethanil  | 7<br>9       | 11.2 - 16 fl oz           | 12 hours             | 72 days            | When disease pressure is severe, use the higher rates and/or shorter intervals.  |

| Growth Stage         | Disease   | Product                    | Active<br>Ingredient                                    | FRAC<br>Code | Rate/Acre   | Re-entry<br>Interval | Days to<br>Harvest | Comments   |
|----------------------|---|----------------------------|---|--------------|---|----------------------|--------------------|--|
| APPLE (cont.)        |   |                            |   |              |   |                      |                    |  |
| Green Tip<br>(cont.) | Alternaria rot Bitter rot Black rot Botrytis gray mold Brooks fruit spot Cedar apple rust Flyspeck Powdery mildew Scab Sooty blotch Quince rust White rot | Luna Sensation             | fluopyram +<br>trifloxystrobin                          | 7 + 11       | 4 - 5.8 fl oz   | 12 hours             | 14                 | Do not make more than 4 applications per year.   |
|                      | Alternaria blotch Brooks fruit spot Cedar apple rust (suppression) Flyspeck Frogeye leaf spot Powdery mildew Scab Sooty mold White rot                    | Sovran 50 WG               | kresoxin-methyl   | 11           | 3.2 - 6.4 oz  | 12 hours             | 30                 | Begin Sovran at 1/2 inch green and repeat at 7 - 10 day intervals depending on the rate of shoot growth and level of disease pressure.   |
|                      | Fabraea leaf spot<br>Rusts<br>Scab  | Dithane F-45<br>Rainshield | mancozeb  | М3           | 4.8 qt  | 24 hours             | 77                 | Begin applications of Dithane at 1/2 inch green tip and continue on a 7 - 10 day schedule through bloom.   |
|                      | Phytophthora<br>Pythium<br>Fusarium<br>Rhizoctonia<br>Powdery mildew  | Fosphite                   | mono- and di-<br>potassium salts of<br>phosphorous acid | 33           | 1 - 4 qt/<br>100 gal<br>See label for<br>trunk injec-<br>tions. | 4 hours              | 0                  | Foliar, or aerial, or root dip, or irrigation or trunk injection. See label for rates and complete instructions.   |
|                      | Cedar apple rust<br>Quince rust<br>Powdery mildew<br>Scab   | Eagle 20 EW                | myclobutanil  | 3            | 4 - 6 oz/<br>100 gallons  | 24 hours             | 14                 | Begin applications of Eagle at green tip. For rust, begin applications at pink stage and continue through second cover. For powdery mildew, begin applications at tight cluster and continue through second cover spray. |
|                      | Alternaria blotch<br>Cedar apple rust<br>Quince rust<br>Powdery mildew<br>Scab  | Fontelis                   | penthiopyrad  | 7            | 14 - 20 fl oz   | 12 hours             | 28                 | Begin applications of Fontelis prior to disease and continue on a 7 - 21 day interval depending on targeted disease. See label.  |
| (continued)          | Scab  | Scala SC                   | pyrimethanil  | 9            | 7 - 10 oz   | 12 hours             | 72                 | Begin applications of Scala at green tip<br>and continue on a 7 day or longer<br>interval. See label.  |

| Growth Stage      | Disease  | Product                  | Active<br>Ingredient                     | FRAC<br>Code | Rate/Acre    | Re-entry<br>Interval | Days to<br>Harvest | Comments  |
|-------------------|--|--------------------------|--|--------------|--------------|----------------------|--------------------|---|
| APPLE (cont.)     |  |                          |  |              |              |                      |                    |   |
| Green Tip (cont.) | Flyspeck<br>Fruit rots<br>Scab   | Topsin M 70 WDG          | thiophanate-methyl<br>thiophanate-methyl | 1            | 1 - 1.5 lb   | 24 hours             | 1                  | Apply Topsin M at 5 - 10 day intervals from green tip through petal fall; continue at 7 - 14 day intervals in   |
|                   | Sooty blotch   | Topsin M 70 WP           |  | 1            | 1 - 1.5 lb   | 24 hours             | 1                  | cover sprays.   |
|                   | Cedar apple rust Bitter rot Flyspeck Powdery mildew Quince rust Scab Sooty blotch White rot                | Flint 50 WG              | trifloxystrobin                          | 11           | 2 - 2.5 oz   | 12 hours             | 14                 | Begin applications of Flint at green tip and continue as needed on a 7 - 10 day schedule.   |
| 1/2" Green Tip    | Alternaria blotch Brooks fruit spot Cedar apple rust Flyspeck Powdery mildew Quince rust Scab Sooty blotch | Inspire Super            | difenoconazole +<br>cyprodinil           | 3+9          | 12 fl oz     | 12 hours             | 14                 | Apply every 7 - 10 days starting at 1/4 - 1/2 inch green tip or when environmental conditions become conducive for scab. Continue through petal fall until the threat of primary scab is complete.  |
|                   | Cedar apple rust<br>Powdery mildew<br>Scab   | Procure 480 SC           | triflumizole                             | 3            | 8 - 16 fl oz | 12 hours             | 14                 | Begin spraying Procure at first sign of mildew. Continue applications at 7 - 14 day intervals as needed through the terminal growth period. For scab, spray at 7 - 10 day intervals from 1/2" green tip stage through second cover or until primary scab sporulation is complete. |
|                   | Cedar apple rust<br>Powdery mildew<br>Quince rust  | Ziram                    | ziram                                    | МЗ           | 6 - 8 lb     | 48 hours             | 14                 | Apply Ziram from pre-bloom through cover sprays as needed.  |
|                   | Scab   | Same as Green Tip        |  |              |              |                      |                    |   |
| Tight Cluster     | Powdery mildew<br>Scab   | Same as Green Tip        |  |              |              |                      |                    | Some materials listed in green tip are not labeled for powdery mildew. See label for most effective material(s).  |
| Pink              | Powdery mildew<br>Rusts<br>Scab  | Same as<br>Tight Cluster |  |              |              |                      |                    | Critical time for control of these diseases. Some of the materials listed are not labeled for powdery mildew. Follow label information.   |

| Growth Stage  | Disease  | Product                 | Active<br>Ingredient                                    | FRAC<br>Code | Rate/Acre            | Re-entry<br>Interval | Days to<br>Harvest    | Comments  |
|---|--|-------------------------|---|--------------|----------------------|----------------------|-----------------------|---|
| APPLE (cont.)                                       |  |                         |   |              |                      |                      |                       |   |
| Bloom   | Fire blight                                    | Fosphite                | mono- and di-<br>potassium salts of<br>phosphorous acid | 33           | 1 - 3 qt/<br>100 gal | 4 hours              | 0                     | Foliar. See label for rates and complete instructions.  |
|   |  | Agri-Mycin 17           | streptomycin<br>sulfate                                 | 25           | 12 - 48 oz           | 12 hours             | 50                    | Apply at first sign of blossoms and repeat on a 5 day schedule through petal fall on susceptible varieties. Warm, wet weather during bloom favors the disease.                            |
|   |  | Firewall                | streptomycin<br>sulfate                                 | 25           | 8 - 16 oz            | 12 hours             | 50                    | Spray trees every 3 - 4 days during blossom time. Apply sprays after petal fall every 10 - 14 days to control twig blight. (This could mean an additional 6 - 8 sprays after petal fall.) |
|   | Powdery mildew<br>Rusts<br>Scab                | Same as Pink            |   |              |                      |                      |                       |   |
| Petal Fall  | Fire blight<br>Powdery mildew<br>Rusts<br>Scab | Same as Bloom           | See label.  |              |                      |                      |                       |   |
| First and<br>Second Cover<br>Sprays                 | Fruit rots<br>Powdery mildew<br>Rusts<br>Scab  | Same as Bloom           |   |              |                      |                      | See label<br>for PHI. |   |
| Third Cover   | Flyspeck<br>Fruit rots<br>Scab<br>Sooty blotch | Same as Second<br>Cover |   |              |                      |                      | See label<br>for PHI. |   |
| Summer Cover<br>Sprays<br>(10 - 14 day<br>schedule) | Flyspeck<br>Fruit rots<br>Scab<br>Sooty blotch | Same as Third Cover     |   |              |                      |                      | See label<br>for PHI. |   |

| Growth Stage | Disease   | Product          | Active<br>Ingredient           | FRAC<br>Code | Rate/Acre                 | Re-entry<br>Interval | Days to<br>Harvest | Comments   |
|--------------|---|------------------|--------------------------------|--------------|---------------------------|----------------------|--------------------|--|
| PEAR         |   |                  |                                |              |                           |                      |                    |  |
| Pre-Bloom    | Alternaria blotch and<br>spot<br>Rut<br>Powdery mildew<br>Scab<br>White rot   | Aprovia          | benzovinidiflupyr              | 7            | 5.5 - 7 fl oz             | 12 hours             | 30                 | For resistance management, do not apply more than 2 consecutive applications before switching to a non-Group 7 fungicide.  |
|              | Alternaria Bitter rot Black rot Blue mold Brooks spot Powdery mildew Rust (suppression only) Scab Sooty blotch White rot        | Pristine         | boscalid +<br>pyraclostrobin   | 7 + 11       | 14.5 - 18.5 oz            | 12 hours             | 0                  | Begin applications of Pristine prior to disease development and continue on a 7 - 14 day interval. See label.  |
|              | Alternaria blotch<br>Brooks fruit spot<br>Cedar apple rust<br>Flyspeck<br>Powdery mildew<br>Quince rust<br>Scab<br>Sooty blotch | Inspire Super    | difenoconazole +<br>cyprodinil | 3 + 9        | 12 fl oz                  | 12 hours             | 14                 | Apply every 7 - 10 days starting at 1/4 - 1/2 inch green tip or when environmental conditions become conducive for scab. Continue through petal fall until the threat of primary scab is complete. |
|              | Powdery Mildew Quince Rust Cedar apple rust Brooks fruit spot Flyspeck Scab Sooty blotch White rot Bitter rot Black rot         | Rhyme            | Flutriafol                     | 3            | 4-6.5 fl oz.<br>see label |                      |                    | Make applications at green tip and continue through other sprays   |
| (continued)  | Powdery mildew<br>Scab  | Luna Tranquility | fluopyram +<br>pyrimethanil    | 7<br>9       | 11.2 - 16 fl oz           | 12 hours             | 72 days            | When disease pressure is severe, use the higher rates and/or shorter intervals.  |

| Growth Stage   | Disease   | Product        | Active<br>Ingredient                                    | FRAC<br>Code | Rate/Acre            | Re-entry<br>Interval | Days to<br>Harvest | Comments   |
|--|---|----------------|---|--------------|----------------------|----------------------|--------------------|--|
| PEAR (cont.)   |   |                |   |              |                      |                      |                    |  |
| Make applications at green tip and continue through other sprays | Alternaria rot Bitter rot Black rot Botrytis gray mold Brooks fruit spot Cedar apple rust Flyspeck Powdery mildew Scab Sooty blotch Quince rust White rot | Luna Sensation | fluopyram +<br>trifloxystrobin                          | 7 + 11       | 4 - 5.8 fl oz        | 12 hours             | 14                 | Do not make more than 4 applications of Luna Sensation per year. Do not use tank mixes with horticultural oils in Pear due to potential for crop injury. |
|  | Powdery mildew<br>Rust<br>Scab  | Sovran 5 WG    | kresoxim-methyl   | 11           | 3.2 - 6.4 oz         | 12 hours             | 30                 | Begin Sovran at 1/2 inch green and repeat at 7 - 10 day intervals depending on the rate of shoot growth and level of disease pressure.                   |
|  | Phytophthora<br>Pythium<br>Fusarium<br>Rhizoctonia<br>Powdery mildew  | Fosphite       | mono- and di-<br>potassium salts of<br>phosphorous acid | 33           | 1 - 3 qt/<br>100 gal | 4 hours              | 0                  | Foliar. See label for rates and complete instructions.   |
|  | Scab  | Scala SC       | pyrimethanil  | 9            | 7 - 10 fl oz         | 12 hours             | 72                 | Begin applications of Scala at green tip<br>and continue on a 7 day or longer<br>interval. See label.  |
|  | Flyspeck<br>Powdery mildew<br>Rust<br>Scab<br>Sooty blotch  | Adament 50 WG  | tebuconazole +<br>trifloxystrobin                       | 3 + 11       | 4 - 5 oz             | 12 hours             | 14                 | Begin applications of Adament at green tip and continue as needed on a 7 - 10 day spray schedule.  |
|  | Powdery mildew<br>Scab  | Flint 50 WG    | trifloxystrobin   | 11           | 2 - 2.5 oz           | 12 hours             | 14                 | Begin applications of Flint at green tip<br>and continue as needed on a 7 - 10 day<br>schedule.  |
|  | Bitter rot Fabraea leaf spot Flyspeck Quince rust Scab Sooty blotch   | Ziram          | ziram   | M3           | 6 - 8 lb             | 48 hours             | 14                 | Apply Ziram from pre-bloom through cover sprays as needed.   |
| Bloom (continued)  | Alternaria blotch and<br>spot<br>Rut<br>Powdery mildew<br>Scab<br>White rot   | Aprovia        | benzovinidiflupyr                                       | 7            | 5.5 - 7 fl oz        | 12 hours             | 30                 | For resistance management, do not apply more than two consecutive applications before switching to a non-Group 7 fungicide.                              |

| Growth Stage  | Disease  | Product                    | Active<br>Ingredient                                    | FRAC<br>Code | Rate/Acre            | Re-entry<br>Interval | Days to<br>Harvest | Comments  |
|---------------|--|----------------------------|---|--------------|----------------------|----------------------|--------------------|---|
| PEAR (cont.)  |  |                            |   |              |                      |                      |                    |   |
| Bloom (cont.) | Fire blight  | Kocide 2000                | copper hydroxide  | M1           | 6 - 12 lb            | 48 hours             | 21                 | Apply Kocide every 5 days throughout  |
|               |  | Kocide 3000                | copper hydroxide  | M1           | 3.5 - 7 lb           | 48 hours             | 21                 | bloom. Russetting and fruit damage may occur in copper-sensitive varieties before the ground freezes.   |
|               | Fire blight (cont.)  | Fosphite                   | mono- and di-<br>potassium salts of<br>phosphorous acid | 33           | 1 - 3 qt/<br>100 gal | 4 hours              | 0                  | Foliar. See label for rates and complete instructions.  |
|               |  | Mycoshield                 | oxytetracycline calcium                                 | 41           | 1 lb/100 gal         | 12 hours             | 60                 | Begin applications of Mycoshield at 10% bloom and continue on at 4 - 6 day intervals. Use of Mycoshield may cause phytotoxicity to fruit and/or foliage of sensitive varieties, especially Asian varieties.                                       |
|               |  | Firewall                   | streptomycin<br>sulfate                                 | 25           | 8 - 16 oz            | 12 hours             | 50                 | Spray trees at 20% - 30% bloom with Firewall. Spray trees every 3 - 4 days during blossom time. Apply sprays after petal fall every 10 - 14 days to control twig blight. (This could mean an additional 6 - 8 applications after blossom sprays.) |
|               | Fabraea leaf spot<br>Scab<br>Sooty blotch                            | Ferbam Granuflo            | ferbam  | МЗ           | 4 - 6 lb             | 24 hours             | 7                  | Make applications of Ferbam at pink, calyx, first and second cover sprays, and 1 pound in summer sprays. Do not apply in late-season cover sprays where unsightly residues may affect the fresh fruit finish of light-skinned pear varieties.     |
|               |  | Dithane F-45<br>Rainshield | mancozeb  | МЗ           | 4.8 qt               | 24 hours             | 77                 | Do not apply Dithane after bloom.<br>Do not graze livestock on treated areas.   |
|               | Phytophthora<br>Pythium<br>Fusarium<br>Rhizoctonia<br>Powdery mildew | Fosphite                   | mono- and di-<br>potassium salts of<br>phosphorous acid | 33           | 1 - 3 qt/<br>100 gal | 4 hours              | 0                  | Foliar. See label for rates and complete instructions.  |
|               | Alternaria leaf spot<br>Powdery mildew<br>Quince rust<br>Scab        | Fontelis                   | penthiopyrad  | 7            | 14 - 20 fl oz        | 12 hours             | 28                 | Begin applications of Fontelis prior to disease and continue on a 7 - 21 day interval depending on targeted disease. See label.   |
|               | Powdery mildew<br>Scab   | Procure 480 SC             | triflumizole  | 3            | 8 - 16 fl oz         | 12 hours             | 14                 | Begin spraying Procure at the pink or white stage. Continue applications at 7 - 14 day intervals.   |

| Growth Stage              | Disease  | Product                              | Active<br>Ingredient             | FRAC<br>Code | Rate/Acre                              | Re-entry<br>Interval | Days to<br>Harvest                                      | Comments   |
|---------------------------|--|--------------------------------------|----------------------------------|--------------|--|----------------------|---|--|
| PEAR (cont.)              |  |                                      |                                  |              |  |                      |   |  |
| Petal fall                | Alternaria leaf spot<br>Fire blight<br>Flyspeck<br>Powdery mildew<br>Quince rust<br>Scab | Same as Bloom                        |                                  |              |  |                      |   |  |
| First and<br>Second Cover | Powdery mildew<br>Quince rust<br>Scab  | Same as<br>Petal Fall                |                                  |              |  |                      |   |  |
| Summer<br>Cover           |  | Same as<br>First and<br>Second Cover |                                  |              |  |                      | See labels<br>for PHI<br>restric-<br>tions.             |  |
| PEACH and NEO             | CTARINE  |                                      |                                  |              |  |                      |   |  |
| Dormant                   | Phytophthora collar and root rot   | Aliette WDG                          | aluminum tris                    | 33           | 5 lb                                   | 24 hours             | 365   | Apply Aliette when conditions favor disease development.   |
|                           |  | Ridomil Gold SL                      | mefenoxam                        | 4            | 2 qt/A or<br>1.5 fl oz/<br>1,000 sq ft | 48 hours             | 0   | Apply Ridomil under the tree canopy to cover the root zone two weeks after planting (new plantings) and in the spring before growth begins (established plantings).                  |
| (continued)               | Peach leaf curl<br>Shot hole   | Bravo Ultrex<br>Bravo WeatherStik    | chlorothalonil<br>chlorothalonil | M5<br>M5     | 2.8 - 3.8 lb<br>3 1/8 -<br>4 1/8 pt    | 12 hours<br>12 hours | Dormant<br>(Do not<br>apply<br>after<br>shuck<br>split) | Make one application of Bravo in late autumn to early winter before hard freezing occurs. Make one or two additional applications in mid-late winter before bud swell in the spring. |

| Growth Stage    | Disease  | Product                    | Active<br>Ingredient   | FRAC<br>Code | Rate/Acre               | Re-entry<br>Interval | Days to<br>Harvest | Comments   |
|-----------------|--|----------------------------|--|--------------|-------------------------|----------------------|--------------------|--|
| PEACH and NE    | CTARINE (cont.)  |                            |  |              |                         |                      |                    |  |
| Dormant (cont.) | Bacterial blast<br>Bacterial canker<br>Bacterial spot                    | Kocide 2000<br>Kocide 3000 | copper hydroxide copper hydroxide                              | M1<br>M1     | 6 - 12 lb<br>3.5 - 7 lb | 48 hours<br>48 hours | 21<br>21           | Make first application of Kocide before fall rains and a second at late dormant.   |
|                 | Coryneum blight<br>Leaf curl   | Bordeaux Mixture           | copper sulfate lime<br>sulfur<br>(lime sulfur hard to<br>find) | M2           | See label               | 12 hours             | Dormant<br>only    | Dissolve 8 lbs copper sulfate in 50 gals water; add 8 lbs spray lime with agitation and more water; add 1 gal miscible superior oil last but prior to complete fill; add water with agitation to 100 gals; spray with constant agitation. Do not mix with other pesticides or spray when drying conditions are slow or after 1/4 inch green as severe injury may result. |
|                 | Peach leaf curl  | Ziram                      | ziram  | МЗ           | 8 - 10 lb               | 48 hours             | 30                 | Make dormant applications of Ziram after leaf drop and/or prior to bud swell.  |
| Pink            | Alternaria spot Anthracnose Brown rot Powdery mildew Rust Scab Shot hole | Abound FL                  | azoxystrobin   | 11           | 11 - 15.5 fl oz         | 4 hours              | 0                  | Begin applications of Abound at early bloom. See label.  |
|                 | Alternaria spot Anthracnose Brown rot Powdery mildew Rust Scab Shot hole | Quadris Top                | azoxystrobin +<br>difenoconazole                               | 11 + 3       | 12 - 14 fl oz           | 12 hours             | 0                  | Begin applications of Quadris Top at early bloom. See label.   |
| (continued)     | Alternaria spot Anthracnose Brown rot Powdery mildew Rust Scab Shot hole | Topguard EQ                | azoxystrobin +<br>flutriafol                                   | 11 + 3       | 6 - 7 fl oz             | 12 hours             | 7                  | For brown rot, begin applications at 1% - 5% bloom, followed by an application at 50% - 100% bloom.  |

| Growth Stage | Disease   | Product        | Active<br>Ingredient           | FRAC<br>Code | Rate/Acre      | Re-entry<br>Interval | Days to<br>Harvest                      | Comments  |
|--------------|---|----------------|--------------------------------|--------------|----------------|----------------------|---|---|
| PEACH and NE | CTARINE (cont.)   |                |                                |              |                |                      |   |   |
| Pink (cont.) | Alternaria spot Anthracnose Brown rot Powdery mildew Rust Scab Shot hole (cont.)  | Pristine       | boscalid +<br>pyraclostrobin   | 7 + 11       | 10.5 - 14.5 oz | 12 hours             | 0                                       | Begin applications of Pristine prior to disease development and continue on a 7 - 14 day interval. See label.   |
|              | Brown rot<br>Scab   | Captan 50 WP   | captan                         | M4           | 4 - 8 lb       | 24 hours             | 1                                       | Apply Captan at full pink, bloom, petal fall, shuck stages, and in cover and pre-harvest sprays.  |
|              | Alternaria spot and fruit rot Anthracnose Brown rot Blossom blight and fruit rot Leaf rust Powdery mildew Scab Shot hole  | Inspire Super  | difenoconazole +<br>cyprodinil | 3 + 9        | 16 - 20 fl oz  | 12 hours             | 2                                       | For brown rot, blossom blight, begin applications at early bloom and make a second application at full bloom. For brown rot on fruit, apply as needed a maximum of two sprays during the pre-harvest period up to the day of harvest (minimum of a 7 day retreatment interval). |
|              | Blossom blight<br>Brown rot<br>Scab   | Indar 2 F      | fenbuconazole                  | 3            | 6 fl oz        | 12 hours             | 1                                       | Begin applications of Indar at early red bud stage before infection occurs. See label.  |
|              | Anthracnose Brown rot Blossom blight Cherry leaf spot Fruit rot Gray mold Green fruit rot Jacket rot Peach leaf curl Powdery mildew Ripe fruit rot Rusty spot Scab Rust | Luna Sensation | fluopyram +<br>trifloxystrobin | 7 + 11       | 5 - 7.6 fl oz  | 12 hours             | 14                                      | Do not make more than 4 applications of Luna Sensation per year.  |
| (continued)  | Blossom blight<br>Brown rot<br>Scab   | Rovral 4 FL    | iprodione                      | 2            | 1 - 2 pt       | 24 hours             | Do not<br>apply<br>after petal<br>fall. | Do not make more than 2 applications of Rovral per season.  |

| Growth Stage | Disease   | Product       | Active<br>Ingredient                                    | FRAC<br>Code | Rate/Acre               | Re-entry<br>Interval | Days to<br>Harvest | Comments   |
|--------------|---|---------------|---|--------------|-------------------------|----------------------|--------------------|--|
| PEACH and NE | CTARINE (cont.)   |               |   |              |                         |                      |                    |  |
| Pink (cont.) | Phytophthora<br>Pythium<br>Fusarium<br>Rhizoctonia<br>Powdery mildew                          | Fosphite      | mono- and di-<br>potassium salts of<br>phosphorous acid | 33           | 1 - 3 qt/<br>100 gal    | 4 hours              | 0                  | Foliar. See label for rates and complete instructions.   |
|              | Blossom blight<br>Brown rot<br>Powdery mildew<br>Rust<br>Shot hole                            | Eagle 20 EW   | myclobutanil  | 3            | 2 - 3 fl oz/<br>100 gal | 24 hours             | 0                  | Do not apply more than 100 fl oz per acre per season.  |
|              | Alternaria spot<br>Blossom blight<br>Brown rot<br>Powdery mildew<br>Rust<br>Scab<br>Shot hole | Fontelis      | penthiopyrad  | 7            | 14 - 20 fl oz           | 24 hours             | 0                  | Begin applications of Fontelis prior to disease and continue on a 7 - 14 day interval. See label.  |
|              | Brown rot   | PropiMax EC   | propiconazole   | 3            | 4 fl oz                 | 12 hours             | 10                 | Apply PropiMax at early bloom, at 75% - 100% bloom, and at petal fall. See label.  |
|              | Brown rot<br>Powdery mildew<br>Rust   | Tilt          | propiconazole   | 3            | 4 fl oz                 | 24 hours             | 0                  | Begin applications of Tilt at early bloom.   |
|              | Blossom blight<br>Brown rot<br>Jacket rot<br>Shot hole  | Scala SC      | pyrimethanil  | 9            | 9 - 18 fl oz            | 12 hours             | 2                  | Begin applications of Scala at pink, red or white bud. See label.  |
|              | Blossom blight<br>Brown rot<br>Powdery mildew<br>Rust<br>Scab<br>Shot hole                    | Gem 500 SC    | trifloxystrobin   | 11           | 1.9 - 3.8 fl oz         | 12 hours             | 1                  | Begin applications of Gem at bud stage. If conditions are favorable for disease, apply again at full bloom and at petal fall or on a 14 - 21 day spray schedule. |
| (continued)  | Alternaria spot Anthracnose Brown rot Jacket rot Powdery mildew Rust Scab Shot hole           | Adament 50 WG | trifloxystrobin +<br>tebuconazole                       | 11 + 3       | 4 - 8 fl oz             | 12 hours             | 1                  | Begin applications of Adament when conditions are favorable for disease but before infection. Apply on a 7 - 14 day spray schedule.                              |

#### FRUIT TREE DISEASES (Commercial) – continued

| Growth Stage  | Disease  | Product               | Active<br>Ingredient    | FRAC<br>Code | Rate/Acre                            | Re-entry<br>Interval | Days to<br>Harvest | Comments  |
|---|--|-----------------------|-------------------------|--------------|--------------------------------------|----------------------|--------------------|---|
| PEACH and NE  | CTARINE (cont.)  |                       |                         |              |                                      |                      |                    |   |
| Pink (cont.)  | Blossom blight<br>Brown rot<br>Shot hole                                 | Ziram Granuflo        | ziram                   | M3           | 4.5 - 8 lb                           | 48 hours             | 14                 | Apply at pre-bloom through cover sprays as needed.  |
| Full Bloom  | Alternaria spot Anthracnose Brown rot Powdery mildew Rust Scab Shot hole | Same as Pink          |                         |              |                                      |                      |                    |   |
|   | Bacterial spot   | Mycoshield            | oxytetracycline sulfate | 41           | 0.75 - 1.5 lb                        | 12 hours             | 21                 | Apply on a weekly schedule beginning at petal fall (< 5% shuck split) through first cover. See label for subsequent cover sprays.                                   |
| Shuck Split   | Alternaria spot Anthracnose Brown rot Powdery mildew Rust Scab Shot hole | Same as<br>Full Bloom |                         |              |                                      |                      |                    |   |
|   | Powdery mildew<br>Rusty Spot<br>Brown Rot<br>Coryneum shothole           | Rhyme                 | flutriafol              | 3            | 7 fl oz                              | 12 hours             | 7                  | Start applications at petal fall. See label for compete directions.   |
| Bacterial spot<br>Additional<br>Covers and<br>Pre-Harvest | Same as<br>Shuck split   |                       |                         |              |                                      |                      |                    |   |
| PLUM  |  |                       |                         |              |                                      |                      |                    |   |
| Dormant   | Phytophthora collar and root rot   | Aliette               | aluminum tris           | 33           | 5 lb                                 | 12 hours             | 365                | Apply Aliette when conditions favor disease development.  |
| (continued)   |  | Ridomil Gold SL       | mefenoxam               | 4            | 2 qt or<br>1.5 fl oz/<br>1,000 sq ft | 48 hours             | 0                  | Apply Ridomil under the tree canopy to cover the root zone two weeks after planting (new plantings) and in the spring before growth begins (established plantings). |

#### FRUIT TREE DISEASES (Commercial) – continued

| Growth Stage    | Disease   | Product                    | Active<br>Ingredient                 | FRAC<br>Code | Rate/Acre               | Re-entry<br>Interval | Days to<br>Harvest | Comments   |
|-----------------|---|----------------------------|--------------------------------------|--------------|-------------------------|----------------------|--------------------|--|
| PLUM (cont.)    |   |                            |                                      |              |                         |                      |                    |  |
| Dormant (cont.) | Bacterial canker<br>Bacterial spot<br>Black knot<br>Shot hole   | Kocide 2000<br>Kocide 3000 | copper hydroxide<br>copper hydroxide | M1<br>M1     | 6 - 12 lb<br>3.5 - 7 lb | 48 hours<br>48 hours | 21<br>21           | Make first application of Kocide before fall rains and a second at late dormant.   |
| Pre-Bloom       | Alternaria spot<br>Anthracnose  | Topguard EQ                | azoxystrobin +<br>flutriafol         | 11 + 3       | 6 - 8 fl oz             | 12 hours             | 7                  | For scab, start applications at petal fall.  |
|                 | Brown rot Powdery mildew Rust Scab Shot hole  | Pristine                   | boscalid +<br>pyraclostrobin         | 7 + 11       | 14.5 - 18.5 oz          | 12 hours             | 0                  | Begin applications of Pristine prior to disease development and continue on a 7 - 14 day interval. See label.  |
|                 | Brown rot<br>Scab   | Captan 50 WP               | captan                               | M4           | 4 - 8 lb                | 24 hours             | 1                  | Apply Captan at full pink, bloom, petal fall, shuck stages, and in cover and pre-harvest sprays.   |
|                 | Alternaria spot and<br>fruit rot<br>Anthracnose<br>Brown rot<br>Blossom blight and<br>fruit rot<br>Leaf rust<br>Powdery mildew<br>Scab<br>Shot hole                     | Inspire Super              | difenoconazole +<br>cyprodinil       | 3 + 9        | 16 - 20 fl oz           | 12 hours             | 2                  | For brown rot, blossom blight, begin applications at early bloom and make a second application at full bloom. For brown rot on fruit, apply as needed a maximum of two sprays during the preharvest period up to the day of harvest (minimum of a 7 day retreatment interval). |
|                 | Blossom blight<br>Brown rot<br>Scab   | Indar 2 F                  | fenbuconazole                        | 3            | 6 fl oz                 | 12 hours             | 1                  | Begin applications of Indar at early red bud stage before infection occurs. See label.   |
| (continued)     | Anthracnose Brown rot Blossom blight Cherry leaf spot Fruit rot Gray mold Green fruit rot Jacket rot Peach leaf curl Powdery mildew Ripe fruit rot Rusty spot Scab Rust | Luna Sensation             | fluopyram +<br>trifloxystrobin       | 7 + 11       | 5 - 7.6 fl oz           | 12 hours             | 14                 | Do not make more than 4 applications of Luna Sensation per year.   |

#### FRUIT TREE DISEASES (Commercial) – continued

| Growth Stage         | Disease   | Product         | Active<br>Ingredient                                    | FRAC<br>Code | Rate/Acre               | Re-entry<br>Interval | Days to<br>Harvest                   | Comments  |
|----------------------|---|-----------------|---|--------------|-------------------------|----------------------|--------------------------------------|---|
| PLUM (cont.)         |   |                 |   |              |                         |                      |                                      |   |
| Pre-Bloom<br>(cont.) | Blossom blight<br>Jacket rot<br>Scab<br>Shot hole   | Rovral 4 FL     | iprodione   | 2            | 1 - 2 pt                | 24 hours             | Do not<br>apply after<br>petal fall. | Do not make more than 2 applications of Rovral per season.  |
|                      | Blossom blight<br>Brown rot<br>Powdery mildew<br>Rust<br>Shot hole                            | Eagle 20 EW     | myclobutanil  | 3            | 2 - 3 fl oz/<br>100 gal | 24 hours             | 0                                    | Begin applications of Eagle at green tip<br>before infection occurs. If conditions are<br>favorable for disease development, reap-<br>ply at full bloom and petal fall. |
|                      | Phytophthora<br>Pythium<br>Fusarium<br>Rhizoctonia<br>Powdery mildew                          | Fosphite        | mono- and di-<br>potassium salts of<br>phosphorous acid | 33           | 1 - 3 qt/<br>100 gal    | 4 hours              | 0                                    | Foliar, or aerial, or root dip, or irrigation or trunk injection. See label for rates and complete instructions. Do not apply during dormancy.                          |
|                      | Alternaria spot<br>Blossom blight<br>Brown rot<br>Powdery mildew<br>Rust<br>Scab<br>Shot hole | Fontelis        | penthiopyrad  | 7            | 14 - 20 fl oz           | 24 hours             | 0                                    | Begin applications of Fontelis prior to disease and continue on a 7 - 14 day interval. See label.   |
|                      | Blossom blight<br>Brown rot<br>Jacket rot<br>Shot hole  | Scala SC        | pyrimethanil  | 9            | 9 - 18 fl oz            | 12 hours             | 2                                    | Begin applications of Scala at pink, red or white bud. See label.   |
|                      | Black knot  | Topsin M 70 WDG | thiophanate-methyl                                      | 1            | 1 - 1.5 lb              | 24 hours             | 1                                    | Apply Topsin M at pre-bloom, petal fall, and at first, second, and third covers.  |
|                      |   | Topsin M 70 WP  | thiophanate-methyl                                      | 1            | 1 - 1.5 lb              | 24 hours             | 1                                    | Spray at 10 - 14 day intervals.   |
|                      | Blossom blight Brown rot Powdery mildew Rust Scab Shot hole                                   | Gem 500 SC      | trifloxystrobin   | 11           | 1.9 - 3.8 fl oz         | 12 hours             | 1                                    | Begin applications of Gem at bud stage. If conditions are favorable for disease, apply again at full bloom and at petal fall, or on a 14 - 21 day spray schedule.       |
| (continued)          |   |                 |   |              |                         |                      |                                      |   |

#### FRUIT TREE DISEASES (Commercial) - continued

| Growth Stage                     | Disease  | Product              | Active<br>Ingredient              | FRAC<br>Code | Rate/Acre       | Re-entry<br>Interval | Days to<br>Harvest    | Comments  |
|----------------------------------|--|----------------------|-----------------------------------|--------------|-----------------|----------------------|-----------------------|---|
| PLUM (cont.)                     |  |                      |                                   |              |                 |                      |                       |   |
| Pre-Bloom<br>(cont.)             | Alternaria spot Anthracnose Brown rot Jacket rot Powdery mildew Rust Scab Shot hole        | Adament 50 WG        | trifloxystrobin +<br>tebuconazole | 11 + 3       | 4 - 8 fl oz     | 12 hours             | 1                     | Begin applications of Adament when conditions are favorable for disease but before infection. Apply on a 7 - 14 day spray schedule. |
| Full Bloom                       | Alternaria spot<br>Anthracnose<br>Brown rot<br>Powdery mildew                              | Abound FL            | azoxystrobin                      | 11           | 11 - 15.5 fl oz | 4 hours              | 0                     | Begin applications of Abound at early bloom. See label.   |
|                                  | Rust<br>Scab<br>Shot hole  | Topguard EQ          | azoxystrobin +<br>flutriafol      | 11 + 3       | 6 - 8 fl oz     | 12 hours             | 7                     | For powdery mildew, begin applications at petal fall.   |
|                                  | Brown rot  | PropiMax EC          | propiconazole                     | 3            | 4 fl oz         | 12 hours             | 10                    | Apply PropiMax at early bloom, at 75% - 100% bloom, and at petal fall. See label.   |
|                                  | Brown rot<br>Powdery mildew<br>Rust  | Tilt                 | propiconazole                     | 3            | 4 fl oz         | 12 hours             | 0                     | Begin applications of Tilt at beginning of bloom.   |
|                                  | Alternaria spot<br>Anthracnose<br>Brown rot<br>Powdery mildew<br>Rust<br>Scab<br>Shot hole | Same as<br>Pre-Bloom |                                   |              |                 |                      |                       |   |
|                                  | Phytophthora<br>Pythium<br>Fusarium<br>Rhizoctonia<br>Powdery mildew                       | Same as<br>Pre-Bloom |                                   |              |                 |                      |                       |   |
| Petal fall                       | Powdery mildew<br>Rusty Spot<br>Brown Rot<br>Coryneum shothole                             | Rhyme                | flutriafol                        | 3            | 7 fl oz         | 12 hours             | 7                     | Start applications at petal fall. See label for compete directions  |
| Petal Fall                       | Same as Full Bloom   |                      |                                   |              |                 |                      |                       |   |
| Additional Covers and PreHarvest | Same as petal fall   |                      |                                   |              |                 |                      | See label<br>for PHI. |   |

<sup>\*</sup>FRAC Code – Fungicides with the same FRAC Code have the same mode of action. See <a href="http://www.frac.info/">http://www.frac.info/</a> for an explanation of the FRAC Codes. Rotation of fungicides with different FRAC Codes could minimize the development of fungicide-resistant strains.

# FRUIT TREE DISEASES (Home Garden)

#### **Sherrie Smith**

| Disease   | Product   | Active Ingredient                             | FRAC Code | Rate   | Comments   |
|---|---|---|-----------|--|--|
| Fire Blight<br>(Apples, Pears)  | Serenade**  | Bacillus subtilis                             | 44        | 2 - 4 fl oz/gal  | Spray plants to runoff, covering both top and bottom surface of foliage to ensure thorough coverage.   |
|   | Agri-Mycin 17   | streptomycin sulfate                          | 25        | See label.   | Do not spray after fruit forms.  |
|   | Ferti-lome Fire Blight Spray                                  | streptomycin sulfate                          | 25        | 1 tbs in 2 1/2 gal of<br>water (equivalent to<br>100 ppm or 4 oz per<br>50 gal of water)   | Make first spray at the start of blossoming period. Continue spray applications every 3 to 4 days during bloom time. Apply additional sprays every 5 to 7 days after blossom period when weather conditions favor spread of Fire Blight. Do not apply when fruit is visible. |
|   | Firewall 50 WP  | streptomycin sulfate                          | 25        | 8 - 16 oz (0.34 lb -<br>0.67 lb ai) per acre<br>per application  | Do not apply within 50 days of harvest.  |
| Scab, Powdery Mildew,<br>Rust, Sooty Blotch,<br>Flyspeck<br>(Apples, Pears) | Serenade**  | Bacillus subtilis                             | 44        | 2 - 4 fl oz/gal  | For best results, treat prior to foliar disease development or at the first sign of foliar disease infection.  |
| (Applees, Fedrey  | Bayer Advanced Natria<br>Disease Control                      | Bacillus subtilis                             | 44        | RTU*   | For best results, treat prior to foliar disease development or at the first sign of foliar disease infection.  |
|   | Bonide Fruit Tree and<br>Plant Guard Concentrate              | boscalid +<br>pyraclostrobin +<br>insecticide | 7 + 11    | 1 PT (16 fl oz) covers<br>up to 12,000 sq ft,<br>1 QT (32 fl oz) covers<br>up to 24,000 sq ft,<br>1 GAL covers up to 96,000<br>sq ft. RTU* also available. | See label for mixing instructions and days to harvest.   |
|   | Bonide Fruit Tree Spray                                       | captan + insecticide                          | M4        | 1 1/2 - 2 1/2 tbs/gal  | See label for complete instructions and days to harvest.   |
|   | Hi-Yield Captan 50 WP   | captan  | M4        | 1 1/2 tbs/gal  | See label.   |
|   | Gordons Liquid<br>Fruit Tree Spray                            | captan + insecticide                          | M4        | 1 1/2 - 2 1/2 tbs/gal  | For peach do not exceed 3 applications per year. Do not apply within 21 days of harvest.   |
| (continued)   | Monterey Fruit Tree,<br>Vegetable and Ornamental<br>Fungicide | chlorothalonil                                | M5        | 3 3/4 tsp/gal<br>for 200 sq ft   | For peach leaf curl, apply at leaf fall in late autumn. When conditions favor high disease levels, apply once or twice more in mid to late winter before budswell. See label for other diseases.   |

#### FRUIT TREE DISEASES (Home Garden) – continued

| Disease   | Product  | Active Ingredient     | FRAC Code | Rate  | Comments  |
|---|--|-----------------------|-----------|---|---|
| Scab, Powdery Mildew,<br>Rust, Sooty Blotch,<br>Flyspeck (Apples, Pears)<br>(cont.) | Hi-Yield Vegetable, Flower,<br>Fruit and Ornamental<br>Fungicide                   | chlorothalonil        | M5        | 10 tsp per<br>application,<br>50 tsp per year | Stone fruits only.  |
|   | Spectracide Immunox<br>Multi-purpose Fungicide<br>for Gardens<br>Spray Concentrate | myclobutanil          | 3         | 1/2 - 2/3 fl oz/gal                           | Reapply every 7 - 10 days so long as disease symptoms persist. See label for days to harvest.   |
|   | Bonide Infuse Systemic Fungicide   | propiconazole         | 3         | 1/2 - 1 tbs/gal                               | Apply only to non-bearing trees.  |
|   | GreenCure**  | potassium bicarbonate | NC***     | 1 - 2 tbs/gal                                 | For best protection, repeat at one to two week intervals until conditions are no longer favorable for disease development. Shorten the interval during rainy weather or during periods of high relative humidity. |
|   | Kaligreen**  | potassium bicarbonate | NC***     | 2.5 - 3 lb/A                                  | Begin application at the first sign of disease.   |
|   | Milstop**  | potassium bicarbonate | NC***     | 2 - 5 lb/A                                    | Begin application at the first sign of disease.   |
|   | Safer Garden Fungicide for Flowers, Fruit and Vegetables Concentrate               | sulfur                | M2        | See label.                                    | Labeled for apples and pears.   |
|   | Bonide Citrus, Fruit<br>and Nut Orchard<br>Spray Concentrate                       | sulfur + pyrethrins   | M2        | 2.5 - 5 fl oz/gal                             | For best control apply as a protective spray early in the season before the diseases are noticed. Re-spray every 7 - 10 days or after rain. May be used up to day before harvest.                                 |
|   | Bonide Sulfur Plant<br>Fungicide   | sulfur                | M2        | 1 fl oz/gal                                   | 7 - 14 days. Complete coverage important.<br>RTU* also available. Organic uses.   |

<sup>\*</sup> RTU – Ready to use.

\*\* Approved for use in organic crops.

\*\*\* NC – Resistance not known.

# **ORNAMENTAL DISEASES (Commercial)**

#### Sherrie Smith and Keiddy Urrea

| Disease  | Product      | Active Ingredient              | FRAC<br>Code* | Rate                            | Re-entry<br>Interval | Comments  |
|--|--------------|--------------------------------|---------------|---------------------------------|----------------------|---|
| Bacterial blight<br>(Xanthomonas campestris)<br>Fire blight                | Aliette      | aluminum tris                  | 33            | See label.                      | 12 hours             | See label.  |
| Bacterial leaf, twig blight<br>Bacterial leaf spot<br>Pseudomonas syringae | Junction     | mancozeb +<br>copper hydroxide | M3 + M1       | 1.5 lb/100 gal<br>(1/2 tbs/gal) | 24 hours             | Use in a spray solution with greater than 6.5 pH (phytotoxicity).   |
|  | Junction WSP | mancozeb +<br>copper hydroxide | M3 + M1       | 2.5 lb/100 gal                  | 48 hours             |   |
|  | Alude        | salts of phosphorus acid       | 33            | See label.                      | 4 hours              | Rate depends on application (soil drench or foliar spray). See label.   |
| Downy mildew   | Aliette WDG  | aluminum tris                  | 33            | See label.                      | 12 hours             | Rate depends on application (soil drench or foliar spray). See label.   |
|  | Heritage     | azoxystrobin                   | 11            | 1 - 4 oz/100 gal                | 4 hours              | See label for specific rates per container size. May cause phytotoxixity on apples or crabapples. Do not allow drift to apples or crabapples. |
|  | Segway       | cyazofamid                     | 21            | 2.1 - 3.5 fl oz/100 gal         | 12 hours             |   |
|  | Stature SC   | dimethomorph                   | 40            | 6.12 - 12.25 fl oz/<br>100 gal  | 12 hours             | Do not make more than 8 applications per season for greenhouse-grown ornamentals.   |
|  | Micora       | mandipropamid                  | 40            | 4 - 8 fl oz/100 gal             | 4 hours              | See fungicide management strategies.  |
|  | Fenstop      | fenamidone                     | 11            | 7 - 14 fl oz/100 gal            | 12 hours             | See label for rates for drench applications.  |
|  | Adorn        | fluopicolide                   | 43            | 1 - 4 fl oz/100 gal             | 12 hours             | See fungicide management strategies.  |
|  | Subdue MAXX  | mefenoxam                      | 4             | See label.                      | 48 hours             | See label for drench and foliar rates.  |
|  | Segovis      | oxanthiapiprolin               | U15           | 0.6 - 3.2fl oz/100 gal          | 4 hours              | See fungicide management strategies.  |
| (continued)  | Affirm WDG   | polyoxin D zinc salts          | 19            | 0.25 - 0.5 oz ai/acre           | 4 hours              | See fungicide management strategies.  |

<sup>\*</sup>FRAC Code – Fungicides with the same FRAC Code have the same mode of action. See <a href="http://www.frac.info/">http://www.frac.info/</a> for an explanation of the FRAC Codes. Rotation of fungicides with different FRAC Codes could minimize the development of fungicide resistant strains.

| Disease                 | Product          | Active Ingredient                   | FRAC<br>Code* | Rate                           | Re-entry<br>Interval | Comments   |
|-------------------------|------------------|-------------------------------------|---------------|--------------------------------|----------------------|--|
| Downy mildew (cont.)    | Insignia SC      | pyraclostrobin                      | 11            | 3 - 6.1 fl oz/100 gal          | 12 hours             | Use preventatively.  |
|                         | Insignia         | pyraclostrobin                      | 11            | 4 - 8 fl oz/100 gal            | 12 hours             | Use preventatively.  |
|                         | Alude            | salts of phosphorus acid            | 33            | See label.                     | 4 hours              | Rate depends on whether used as soil drench or foliar spray. See label.  |
|                         | Compass          | trifloxystrobin                     | 11            | 1 - 4 oz/100 gal               | 12 hours             |  |
| Phytophthora<br>Pythium | Aliette          | aluminum tris                       | 33            | See label.                     | 12 hours             | Rate depends on application type (whether used as soil drench or foliar spray). See label.   |
|                         | Heritage         | azoxystrobin                        | 11            | 1 - 4 oz/100 gal               | 4 hours              | See label for specific rates per container size.<br>Do not allow drift to apples or crabapples.<br>Not labeled for Pythium except in turf. |
|                         | Mural            | azoxystrobin +<br>benzovindiflupyr  | 11 + 7        | 2 - 7 oz/100 gal               | 12 hours             | Rate depends on whether used as soil drench or foliar spray. See label.  |
|                         | Segway           | cyazofamid                          | 21            | 1.5 - 6 fl oz/100 gal          | 12 hours             | Group 21 fungicide. Crown rots and damping off. 14 - 28 day interval.  |
|                         | Stature SC       | dimethomorph                        | 40            | 6.12 - 12.25 fl oz/<br>100 gal | 12 hours             | DO NOT make more than 8 applications of per crop per season for greenhouse-grown ornamentals. No labeled for Pythium.                      |
|                         | Banrot 40 WP/8 G | etridiazole +<br>thiophanate-methyl | 14 + 1        | 3 - 12 oz/100 gal              | 12 hours             | For use in commercial greenhouses only.<br>See label for specific rates per container or<br>seedbed.                                       |
|                         | Fenstop          | fenamidone                          | 11            | 7 - 14 fl oz/100 gal           | 12 hours             | See label for rates for drench applications.   |
|                         | Hurricane        | fludioxonil +<br>mefenoxam          | 12 + 4        | See label.                     | 48 hours             | Do not apply more than 2 pt of drench mixture per sq foot of application.  |
|                         | Hurricane WDG    | fludioxonil +<br>mefenoxam          | 12 + 4        | 0.75 - 1.5 oz/100 gal          | 48 hours             | See label for rate based on application method.  |
|                         | Adorn            | fluopicolide                        | 43            | 1 - 4 fl oz/100 gal            | 12 hours             | See fungicide management strategies.   |
|                         | Subdue MAXX      | mefenoxam                           | 4             | See label.                     | 48 hours             |  |
| (continued)             | Micora           | mandipropamid                       | 40            | 4 - 8 fl oz/100 gal            | 4 hours              | Apply Micora as a foliar and stem spray on a 7 - 14 day interval. Not labeled for pythium.   |

| Disease                                  | Product                        | Active Ingredient                   | FRAC<br>Code* | Rate                                     | Re-entry<br>Interval | Comments   |
|--|--------------------------------|-------------------------------------|---------------|--|----------------------|--|
| Phytophthora <i>(cont.)</i><br>Pythium   | Segovis                        | oxanthiapiprolin                    | U15           | 0.6 - 3.2 fl oz/100 gal                  | 4 hours              | Make no more than two consecutive applications before switching to another non U15 group fungicide. Not labeled for Pythium.                                     |
|  | Insignia SC Intrinsic          | pyraclostrobin                      | 11            | 6.1 - 12.2 fl oz/100 gal                 | 12 hours             | Use preventatively.  |
|  | Insignia                       | pyraclostrobin                      | 11            | 8 - 16 fl oz/100 gal                     | 12 hours             |  |
|  | Alude                          | salts of phosphorus acid            | 33            | See label.                               | 4 hours              | See label for soil drench and foliar rates.  |
|  | Compass                        | trifloxystrobin                     | 11            | 1 - 4 oz/100 gal                         | 12 hours             | Start applications when conditions are favorable for disease development. Not labeled for Pythium. See label for rates per specific application method and crop. |
|  | Strike Plus 50 WDG             | trifloxystrobin +<br>triadimefon    | 11 + 3        | 3 - 9 oz/100 gal                         | 12 hours             | Apply as a full coverage spray to the point of drip. Repeat at 14 - 28 day intervals.  |
| Black root rot (Thielaviopsis spp.)      | Banrot 40 WP/8 G               | etridiazole +<br>thiophanate-methyl | 14 + 1        | 3 - 12 oz/100 gal                        | 12 hours             | For use in commercial greenhouses only.<br>Rate depends on crop. See label.  |
|  | Medallion and<br>Medallion WDG | fludioxonil                         | 12            | See label                                | 12 hours             | See label for instructions on drench and mixing with growing media.  |
|  | Affirm WDG                     | polyoxin D zinc salts               | 19            | 0.5 lb/acre                              | 4 hours              | Do not apply more than three applications per season.  |
|  | Compass                        | trifloxystrobin                     | 11            | 1 - 4 oz/100 gal                         | 12 hours             | Use preventatively.  |
|  | Terraguard SC                  | triflumizole                        | 3             | 2 - 8 fl oz/100 gal<br>(1/4 - 1 tsp/gal) | 12 hours             | Applications should be made preventatively.  |
| Rhizoctonia aerial blights and root rots | Heritage                       | azoxystrobin                        | 11            | 0.2 - 16 oz/100 gal                      | 4 hours              | See label for specific rates per container size. May cause phytotoxixity on apples or crabapples.  |
|  | Daconil Ultrex                 | chlorothalonil                      | M5            | 1.4 lb/100 gal                           | 12 hours             | Begin application at first evidence of disease activity. See label for specific precautions regarding REI.   |
| (continued)                              |                                |                                     |               |  |                      |  |

| Disease  | Product                           | Active Ingredient                   | FRAC<br>Code* | Rate                                     | Re-entry<br>Interval | Comments  |
|--|-----------------------------------|-------------------------------------|---------------|--|----------------------|---|
| Rhizoctonia aerial blights and root rots (cont.) | Pegasus 6L                        | chlorothalonil                      | M5            | 1 3/8 pt/100 gal                         | 12 hours             | Fruits and other structures which may be borne on treated plants must not be eaten. See label for specific precautions regarding REI. |
|  | Pegasus DFX                       | chlorothalonil                      | M5            | 1.25 lb/100 gal                          | 12 hours             | Fruits and other structures which may be borne on treated plants must not be eaten. See label for specific precautions regarding REI. |
|  | Banrot 40 WP/8G                   | etridiazole +<br>thiophanate-methyl | 14 + 1        | 3 - 12 oz/100 gal                        | 12 hours             | For use in commercial greenhouses only. Rate depends on crop. See label.  |
|  | Palladium                         | cyprodinil +<br>fludioxonil         | 9 + 12        | 2 - 4 oz/100 gal                         | 12 hours             | For stem diseases, ensure full coverage of all stems and inner areas of plant to the soil/media level.                                |
|  | Medallion                         | fludioxonil                         | 12            | 1 - 4 oz/100 gal<br>(foliar spray)       | 12 hours             | For indoor drench applications use up to 30 oz Medallion per 1,000 sq ft.   |
|  | Hurricane                         | fludioxonil +<br>mefenoxam          | 12 + 4        | See label.                               | 48 hours             | Do not apply more than 2 pt of drench mixture per sq foot of application.   |
|  | Prostar 70 WP                     | flutolanil                          | 7             | 3 - 12 oz/100 gal                        | 12 hours             | Observe for phytotoxicity prior to each application and 2 weeks after final application.  |
|  | 26 GT                             | iprodione                           | 2             | 1 - 13 fl oz                             | 12 hours             | Rate depends on application method. See label. Do not use as a drench on impatiens or pothos.   |
|  | 26019 N/G                         | iprodione                           | 2             | 1 - 2.5 lb/100 gal                       | 12 hours             |   |
|  | 26019 FLO                         | iprodione                           | 2             | 1 - 2.5 qt/100 gal                       | 12 hours             |   |
|  | 3336 EG and<br>3336 WP and 3336 F | thiophanate-methyl                  | 1             | 8 - 24 oz/100 gal                        | 12 hours             | Rate depends on method of application.<br>See label.  |
|  | TwoSome                           | thiophanate-methyl + iprodione      | 1 + 2         | See label                                | 12 hours             | May be used as a foliar, root dip, or soil drench application. See label for rates.   |
|  | 26/36                             | thiophanate-methyl + iprodione      | 1 + 2         | 17 - 34 fl oz/100 gal                    | 12 hours             |   |
|  | Compass                           | trifloxystrobin                     | 11            | 1 - 4 oz/100 gal                         | 12 hours             | Use preventatively.   |
|  | Terraguard SC                     | triflumizole                        | 3             | 2 - 8 fl oz/100 gal<br>(1/4 - 1 tsp/gal) | 12 hours             | For optimum disease control, applications should be made prior to or at the first sign of disease.                                    |

| Disease                              | Product          | Active Ingredient                   | FRAC<br>Code* | Rate                               | Re-entry<br>Interval | Comments  |
|--------------------------------------|------------------|-------------------------------------|---------------|------------------------------------|----------------------|---|
| Soilborne Fusarium                   | Heritage         | azoxystrobin                        | 11            | 1 - 4 oz/100 gal                   | 4 hours              | See label for specific rates per container size.<br>May cause phytotoxixity on apples or<br>crabapples. |
|                                      | Palladium        | cyprodinil +<br>fludioxonil         | 9 + 12        | 2 - 4 oz/100 gal                   | 12 hours             | For stem diseases, ensure full coverage of all stems and inner areas of plant to the soil/media level.  |
|                                      | Banrot 40 WP/8 G | etridiazole +<br>thiophanate-methyl | 14 + 1        | 3 - 12 oz/100 gal                  | 12 hours             | For use in commercial greenhouses only.<br>Rate depends on crop. See label.                             |
| Southern blight (Sclerotium rolfsii) | Palladium        | cyprodinil +<br>fludioxonil         | 9 + 12        | 2 - 4 oz/100 gal                   | 12 hours             | For stem diseases, ensure full coverage of all stems and inner areas of plant to the soil/media level.  |
|                                      | Medallion        | fludioxonil                         | 12            | 1 - 4 oz/100 gal<br>(foliar spray) | 12 hours             | For indoor drench applications use up to 30 oz Medallion per 1,000 sq ft.                               |
|                                      | Medallion WDG    | fludioxonil                         | 12            | 1 - 4 oz/100 gal                   | 12 hours             | See label for specific instructions on growing media mix and medium drench.                             |
|                                      | Torque           | tebuconazole                        | 3             | 4 - 10 fl oz/100 gal               | 12 hours             | Apply every 14 days for a total of three applications beginning at the first sign of disease.           |

| Disease   | Product                             | Active Ingredient                 | FRAC<br>Code* | Rate                               | Re-entry<br>Interval | Comments   |
|---|-------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|---------------|------------------------------------|----------------------|--|
| Actinopelte leaf spot (now <i>Tubakia</i> spp.) | Daconil Ultrex                      | chlorothalonil                    | M5            | 1.4 lbs/100 gal                    | 12 hours             | Begin application at first evidence of disease activity. See label for specific precautions regarding REI.               |
|   | Pegasus 6L                          | chlorothalonil                    | M5            | 1 - 7 pt/100 gal                   | 12 hours             |  |
|   | Pegasus DFX                         | chlorothalonil                    | M5            | 1.25 lb/100 gal                    | 12 hours             | See label for specific precautions regarding REI.  |
|   | Concert II                          | chlorothalonil +<br>propiconazole | M5 + 3        | 22 - 35 fl oz/100 gal              | 12 hours             | Do not use Concert II in greenhouses. Apply every 21 days. See label for specific precautions regarding REI.             |
|   | Mancozeb DG                         | mancozeb                          | М3            | 1.5 lb/100 gal                     | 24 hours             | Begin spraying when plants are well leafed out, or at the first sign of disease at 7 - 10 day intervals.                 |
|   | Banner Maxx II and ProPensity 1.3ME | propiconazole                     | 3             | 16 fl oz/100 gal                   | 24 hours             | Rate depends on crop and disease. See label.   |
| Algal Leaf Spot (Cephaleuros virescens)         | Junction                            | mancozeb + copper<br>hydroxide    | M3 + M1       | 1.5 lb/100 gal                     | 24 hours             | Do not apply Junction in a spray solution having less than 6.5 pH as phytotoxicity may occur.                            |
|   | Junction WSP                        | mancozeb + copper<br>hydroxide    | M3 + M1       | 2.5 lb/100 gal                     | 48 hours             | See label for complete instruction on rates as some crops require a smaller rate than listed here.                       |
| Alternaria leaf blight (See individual labels)  | Heritage                            | azoxystobin                       | 11            | 4 oz/100 gal                       | 4 hours              | See label for specific rates. May cause phytotoxixity on apples or crabapples.   |
|   | Daconil Ultrex                      | chlorothalonil                    | M5            | 1.4 lbs/100 gal                    | 12 hours             | Begin application at first evidence of disease activity. See label for specific precautions regarding REI.               |
|   | Pegasus 6L                          | chlorothalonil                    | M5            | 1 3/8 pt/100 gal                   | 12 hours             | See label for specific precautions regarding REI.  |
|   | Pegasus DFX                         | chlorothalonil                    | M5            | 1.25 lb/100 gal                    | 12 hours             | See label for specific precautions regarding REI.  |
|   | Concert II                          | chlorothalonil +<br>propiconazole | M5 + 3        | 22 - 35 fl oz/100 gal              | 12                   | Do not use in greenhouses. Apply every 21 days.  |
|   | Palladium                           | cyprodinil + fludioxonil          | 9 + 12        | 2 - 4 oz/100 gal                   | 12 hours             | Foliar applications or excessive run-off of<br>Palladium may cause stunting or chlorosis to<br>geranium at higher rates. |
|   | Medallion and Medallion WDG         | fludioxonil                       | 12            | 1 - 4 oz/100 gal<br>(foliar spray) | 12 hours             |  |
|   | 26019 FLO                           | iprodione                         | 2             | 1 - 2.5 qt/100 gal                 | 12 hours             |  |
|   | 26 GT and 26019 N/G                 | iprodione                         | 2             | 1 - 2.5 qt/100 gal                 | 12 hours             | Do not use as a drench on impatiens or pothos. Rate depends on application method. See label.                            |
| (continued)                                     | Mancozeb DG and<br>Protect DF       | mancozeb                          | M3            | 1 - 2 lb/100 gal                   | 24 hours             | Begin spraying when plants are well leafed out, or at the first sign of disease at 7 - 10 day intervals.                 |

| Disease  | Product               | Active Ingredient              | FRAC<br>Code* | Rate                     | Re-entry<br>Interval | Comments   |
|--|-----------------------|--------------------------------|---------------|--------------------------|----------------------|--|
| Alternaria leaf blight (See individual labels) (cont.) | Junction              | mancozeb + copper<br>hydroxide | M3 + M1       | 1.5 lb/100 gal           | 24 hours             | Do not apply Junction in a spray solution having less than 6.5 pH as phytotoxicity may occur.              |
|  | Junction WSP          | mancozeb + copper<br>hydroxide | M3 + M1       | 2.5 lb/100 gal           | 48 hours             | See label for complete instruction on rates as some crops require a smaller rate than listed here.         |
|  | Affirm WDG            | polyoxin D zinc salts          | 19            | 0.5 lb/acre              | 4 hours              | Do not apply more than 3 applications per season.  |
|  | MilStop               | potassium bicarbonate          | NC            | 2.5lb /100 gal           | 1 hour               | Do not use on pansy at early stages of growth. See label for field rates.                                  |
|  | Banner Maxx II        | propiconazole                  | 3             | 5 - 8 fl oz/100 gal      | 24 hours             | Rate depends on crop See label.  |
|  | Insignia SC Intrensic | pyraclostrobin                 | 11            | 1.5 - 12.2 fl oz/100 gal | 12 hours             | Use preventatively.  |
|  | 26/36                 | thiophanate-methyl + iprodione | 1 + 2         | 33 - 84 fl oz/100 gal    | 12 hours             | Do not use as a drench on impatiens, petunias, or pothos.  |
|  | TwoSome               | thiophanate-methyl + iprodione | 1 + 2         | See label                | 12 hours             | May be used as a foliar, root dip, or soil drench application. See label for rates.                        |
|  | Compass               | trifloxystrobin                | 11            | 1 - 4 oz/100 gal         | 12 hours             | Use preventatively.  |
| Anthracnose<br>(See individual labels)                 | Heritage              | azoxystobin                    | 11            | 4 oz/100 gal             | 4 hours              | See label for specific rates. May cause phytotoxixity on apples or crabapples.                             |
|  | Daconil Ultrex        | chlorothalonil                 | M5            | 1.4 lbs/100 gal          | 12 hours             | Begin application at first evidence of disease activity. See label for specific precautions regarding REI. |
|  | Pegasus 6L            | chlorothalonil                 | M5            | 1 3/8 pt/100 gal         | 12 hours             | See label for specific precautions regarding REI.  |
| (continued)  | Pegasus DFX           | chlorothalonil                 | M5            | 1.25 lb/100 gal          | 12 hours             | See label for specific precautions regarding REI.  |

| Disease   | Product                             | Active Ingredient                 | FRAC<br>Code* | Rate                                    | Re-entry<br>Interval | Comments   |
|---|-------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|---------------|---|----------------------|--|
| Anthracnose<br>(See individual labels)<br>(cont.) | Concert II                          | chlorothalonil +<br>propiconazole | M5 + 3        | 22 - 35 fl oz/100 gal                   | 12 hours             | Do not use Concert II in greenhouses.<br>Apply every 21 days.  |
| (cont.)   | Palladium                           | cyprodinil + fludioxonil          | 9 + 12        | 2 - 4 oz/100 gal                        | 12 hours             | Foliar applications or excessive run-off of Palladium may cause stunting or chlorosis to geranium at higher rates.   |
|   | Mancozeb DG and<br>Protect DF       | mancozeb                          | М3            | 1 - 2 lb/100 gal                        | 24 hours             | Begin spraying when plants are well leafed out, or at the first sign of disease at 7 - 10 day intervals. To improve performance, add 2 - 4 oz. of an effective spreader-sticker, such as Cleary's Clearyspray, per 100 gallons of spray. |
|   | Junction                            | mancozeb + copper<br>hydroxide    | M3 + M1       | 1.5 lb/100 gal or<br>1/2 tablespoon/gal | 24 hours             | Do not apply Junction in a spray solution having less than 6.5 pH as phytotoxicity may occur.  |
|   | Junction WSP                        | mancozeb + copper<br>hydroxide    | M3 + M1       | 2.5 lb/100 gal                          | 48 hours             | See label for complete instruction on rates as some crops require a smaller rate than listed here.   |
|   | Affirm WDG                          | polyoxin D zinc salts             | 19            | 0.5 oz ai/acre                          | 4 hours              | Do not apply more than 3 applications of Affirm per season.  |
|   | MilStop                             | potassium bicarbonate             | NC            | 2.5 lb/100 gal                          | 1 hour               | Do not use on pansy at early stages of growth.  Start applications of Milstop at the first sign of disease.  |
|   | Banner Maxx II and ProPensity 1.3ME | propiconazole                     | 3             | 2 - 4 fl oz/100 gal                     | 24 hours             | Rate depends on crop and disease. See label.   |
|   |                                     |                                   |               |   |                      | For general landscape use apply 6 - 8 fl oz/100 gal every 21 days before the onset of disease.   |
|   | Insignia SC Intrensic               | pyraclostrobin                    | 11            | 6.1 - 12.2 fl oz/100 gal                | 12 hours             | Use preventatively.  |
|   | Pageant                             | pyraclostrobin +<br>boscalid      | 7 + 11        | 2 - 4 oz/100 gal                        | 12 hours             | Use preventatively. Begin applications when conditions are favorable for fungal infection, prior to disease symptom development.   |
|   | Torque                              | tebuconazole                      | 3             | 4 - 10 fl oz/100 gal                    | 12 hours             | Apply every 14 days for a total of three applications beginning at the first sign of disease.  |
|   | 3336 EG                             | thiophanate-methyl                | 1             | 8 - 24 oz/100 gal                       | 12 hours             | Apply as buds break or at first sign of disease.<br>Repeat at 7 - 14 day intervals as needed<br>during disease period.   |
| (continued)                                       | 3336 F                              | thiophanate-methyl                | 1             | 12 - 16 fl oz/100 gal                   | 12 hours             | Do not apply to home orchards/fruit trees after fruit set.   |

| Disease   | Product                         | Active Ingredient                | FRAC<br>Code* | Rate                 | Re-entry<br>Interval | Comments   |
|---|---------------------------------|----------------------------------|---------------|----------------------|----------------------|--|
| Anthracnose<br>(See individual labels)<br>(cont.) | TwoSome                         | thiophanate-methyl + iprodione   | 1 + 2         | See label            | 12 hours             | May be used as a foliar, root dip, or soil drench application. See label for rates.                      |
| , ,   | Bayleton 50 and<br>Bayleton FLO | triadimefon                      | 3             | 5.5 oz/275 - 550 gal | 12 hours             | Do not use on edible portions of plants.   |
|   | Compass O 50WDG                 | trifloxystrobin                  | 11            | 1 - 4 oz/100 gal     | 12 hours             | Use preventatively, phenylpyrroles, or phenylamides.   |
|   | Strike Plus 50 WDG              | trifloxystrobin +<br>triadimefon | 11 + 3        | 4.8 - 9 oz/100 gal   | 12 hours             | Apply as a full coverage spray to the point of drip. Repeat at 14 - 28 day intervals.                    |
| Aschochyta blights                                | Daconil Ultrex                  | chlorothalonil                   | M5            | 1.4 lbs/100 gal      | 12 hours             | Begin application at first evidence of disease activity.   |
|   |                                 |                                  |               |                      |                      | See label for specific precautions regarding REI.  |
|   | Mancozeb DG<br>Protect DF       | mancozeb                         | МЗ            | 1 - 2 lb/100 gal     | 24 hours             | Begin spraying when plants are well leafed out, or at the first sign of disease at 7 - 10 day intervals. |
|   | MilStop                         | potassium bicarbonate            | NC            | 2.5 lb/100 gal       | 1 hour               | Do not use on pansy at early stages of growth.   |
| Azalea Cercospora leaf spot                       | Junction                        | mancozeb + copper<br>hydroxide   | M3 + M1       | 1.5 lb/100 gal       | 24 hours             | Do not apply Junction in a spray solution having less than 6.5 pH as phytotoxicity may occur.            |
|   | Junction WSP                    | mancozeb + copper<br>hydroxide   | M3 + M1       | 2.5 lb/100 gal       | 48 hours             | See label for complete instruction on rates as some crops require a smaller rate than listed here.       |
| Banana Sigatoka                                   | Junction                        | mancozeb + copper<br>hydroxide   | M3 + M1       | 1.5 lb/100 gal       | 24 hours             | Do not apply Junction in a spray solution having less than 6.5 pH as phytotoxicity may occur.            |
|   | Junction WSP                    | mancozeb + copper<br>hydroxide   | M3 + M1       | 2.5 lb/100 gal       | 48 hours             | See label for complete instruction on rates as some crops require a smaller rate than listed here.       |

| Disease                       | Product                                | Active Ingredient                 | FRAC<br>Code* | Rate                                 | Re-entry<br>Interval | Comments   |
|-------------------------------|--|-----------------------------------|---------------|--------------------------------------|----------------------|--|
| Black Knot                    | Junction                               | mancozeb + copper<br>hydroxide    | M3 + M1       | 1.5 lb/100 gal                       | 24 hours             | Do not apply Junction in a spray solution having less than 6.5 pH as phytotoxicity may occur.              |
|                               | Junction WSP                           | mancozeb + copper<br>hydroxide    | M3 + M1       | 2.5 lb/100 gal                       | 48 hours             | See label for complete instruction on rates as some crops require a smaller rate than listed here.         |
| Black spot (Diplocarpon spp.) | Heritage                               | azoxystobin                       | 11            | 4 oz/100 gal                         | 4 hours              | See label for specific rates. May cause phytotoxicity on apples or crabapples.                             |
|                               | Daconil Ultrex                         | chlorothalonil                    | M5            | 1.4 lbs/100 gal                      | 12 hours             | Begin application at first evidence of disease activity. See label for specific precautions regarding REI. |
|                               | Pegasus 6L                             | chlorothalonil                    | M5            | 1 3/8 pt/100 gal                     | 12 hours             | See label for specific precautions regarding REI.  |
|                               | Pegasus DFX                            | chlorothalonil                    | M5            | 1.25 lb/100 gal                      | 12 hours             | See label for specific precautions regarding REI.  |
|                               | Concert II                             | chlorothalonil +<br>propiconazole | M5 + 3        | 22 - 35 fl oz/100 gal                | 12 hours             | Do not use Concert II in greenhouses.<br>Apply every 21 days.  |
|                               | Mancozeb DG<br>Protect DF              | mancozeb                          | M3            | 1 - 2 lb/100 gal                     | 24 hours             |  |
|                               | Junction                               | mancozeb + copper<br>hydroxide    | M3 + M1       | 1.5 lb/100 gal or 1/2 tablespoon/gal | 24 hours             | Do not apply Junction in a spray solution having less than 6.5 pH as phytotoxicity may occur.              |
|                               | Junction WSP                           | mancozeb + copper<br>hydroxide    | M3 + M1       | 2.5 lb/100 gal                       | 48 hours             | See label for complete instruction on rates as some crops require a smaller rate than listed here.         |
|                               | MilStop                                | potassium bicarbonate             | NC            | 2.5 lb/100 gal                       | 1 hour               | Do not use on pansy at early stages of growth.   |
|                               | Banner Maxx II and<br>ProPensity 1.3ME | propiconazole                     | 3             | 5 - 8 fl oz/100 gal                  | 24 hours             | Rate depends on crop and disease. See label.   |
|                               | Insignia SC Intrensic                  | pyraclostrobin                    | 11            | 6.1 - 12.2 fl oz/100 gal             | 12 hours             | Use preventatively.  |
|                               | Torque                                 | tebuconazole                      | 3             | 4 - 10 fl oz/100 gal                 | 12 hours             | Apply every 14 days for a total of three applications beginning at the first sign of disease.              |
|                               | 3336 EG and 3336 WP                    | thiophanate-methyl                | 1             | 8 - 16 oz/100 gal                    | 12 hours             |  |
| (continued)                   | 3336 F                                 | thiophanate-methyl                | 1             | 12 - 24 oz/100 gal                   | 12 hours             |  |

| Disease                                 | Product               | Active Ingredient                 | FRAC<br>Code* | Rate                     | Re-entry<br>Interval | Comments   |
|---|-----------------------|-----------------------------------|---------------|--------------------------|----------------------|--|
| Black spot (Diplocarpon spp.) (cont.)   | TwoSome               | thiophanate-methyl + iprodione    | 1 + 2         | See label                | 12 hours             | May be used as a foliar, root dip, or soil drench application. See label for rates.  |
|   | Compass               | trifloxystrobin                   | 11            | 0.5 - 4 oz/100 gal       | 12 hours             | Use preventatively.  |
|   | Strike Plus 50 WDG    | trifloxystrobin +<br>triadimefon  | 11 + 3        | 3 - 9 oz/100 gal         | 12 hours             | Apply as a full coverage spray to the point of drip. Repeat at 14 - 28 day intervals.  |
| Blossom blight ( <i>Monilinia</i> spp.) | 26019 N/G             | iprodione                         | 2             | 1 - 2.5 lb/100 gal       |                      | Rate depends on application method.<br>See label.  |
|   | Insignia SC Intrensic | pyraclostrobin                    | 11            | 6.1 - 12.2 fl oz/100 gal | 12 hours             | Use preventatively.  |
|   | Pageant               | pyraclostrobin + boscalid         | 7 + 11        | 4 - 18 oz/100 gal        | 12 hours             | Use preventatively. Begin applications when conditions are favorable for fungal infection, prior to disease symptom development. |
|   | 26/36                 | thiophanate-methyl + iprodione    | 1 + 2         | 17 - 34 fl oz/100 gal    | 12 hours             | Do not use as a drench on impatiens, petunias, or pothos.  |
|   | Compass               | trifloxystrobin                   | 11            | 1 - 4 oz/100 gal         | 12 hours             | Use preventatively.  |
| Botryosphaeria dieback                  | Protect DF            | mancozeb                          | МЗ            | 2 - 4 lb/100 gal         | 24 hours             | To improve performance, add 2 - 4 oz. of an effective spreader-sticker, such as Cleary's Clearyspray, per 100 gallons of spray.  |
| Botrytis (Botrytis spp.)                | Heritage              | azoxystobin                       | 11            | 4 oz/100 gal             | 4 hours              |  |
|   | Daconil Ultrex        | chlorothalonil                    | M5            | 1.4 lbs/100 gal          | 12 hours             | Begin application at first evidence of disease activity. See label for specific precautions regarding REI.                       |
|   | Pegasus 6L            | chlorothalonil                    | M5            | 1 3/8 pt/100 gal         | 12 hours             | See label for specific precautions regarding REI.  |
|   | Pegasus DFX           | chlorothalonil                    | M5            | 1.25 lb/100 gal          | 12 hours             | See label for specific precautions regarding REI.  |
|   | Concert II            | chlorothalonil +<br>propiconazole | M5 + 3        | 22 - 35 fl oz/100 gal    | 12 hours             | Do not use Concert II in greenhouses. Apply every 21 days.   |
| (continued)                             | Palladium             | cyprodinil + fludioxonil          | 9 + 12        | 2 - 4 oz/100 gal         | 12 hours             | Foliar applications or excessive run-off of Palladium may cause stunting or chlorosis to geranium at higher rates.               |

| Disease                                  | Product                        | Active Ingredient              | FRAC<br>Code* | Rate                                    | Re-entry<br>Interval | Comments   |
|--|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|---------------|---|----------------------|--|
| Botrytis ( <i>Botrytis</i> spp.) (cont.) | Medallion and<br>Medallion WDG | fludioxonil                    | 12            | 2 - 4 oz/100 gal<br>(foliar spray)      | 12 hours             | See Medallion labels for specific instructions on growing media mix and medium drench.                   |
|  | 26019 FLO                      | iprodione                      | 2             | 1 - 2.5 qt/100 gal                      | 12 hours             |  |
|  | 26 GT                          | iprodione                      | 2             | 2.5 qt/100 gal                          | 12 hours             | Do not use as a drench on impatiens or pothos.   |
|  | 26019 N/G                      | iprodione                      | 2             | 1 - 2.5 lb/100 gal                      | 12 hours             | Rate depends on application method. See label.   |
|  | Mancozeb DG<br>and Protect DF  | mancozeb                       | М3            | 1 - 2 lb/100 gal                        | 24 hours             | Begin spraying when plants are well leafed out, or at the first sign of disease at 7 - 10 day intervals. |
|  | Junction                       | mancozeb + copper<br>hydroxide | M3 + M1       | 1.5 lb/100 gal or<br>1/2 tablespoon/gal | 24 hours             | Do not apply Junction in a spray solution having less than 6.5 pH as phytotoxicity may occur.            |
|  | Junction WSP                   | mancozeb + copper<br>hydroxide | M3 + M1       | 2.5 lb/100 gal                          | 48 hours             | See label for complete instruction on rates as some crops require a smaller rate than listed here.       |
|  | Affirm WDG                     | polyoxin D zinc salts          | 19            | 0.5 lb/100 gal                          | 4 hours              | Do not apply more than 3 applications of Affirm per season.  |
|  | MilStop                        | potassium bicarbonate          | NC            | 2.5 lb/100 gal                          | 1 hour               | Do not use on pansy at early stages of growth.   |
|  |                                |                                |               |   |                      | Start applications of Milstop at the first sign of disease.  |
|  | Pageant TR                     | pyraclostrobin +<br>boscalid   | 7 + 11        | 1 - 2 cans/sq ft                        | 12 hours             | Apply when foliage is dry and temperature is between 60 - 80°F.  |
|  | 26/36                          | thiophanate-methyl + iprodione | 1 + 2         | 17 - 34 fl oz/100 gal                   | 12 hours             | Do not use as a drench on impatiens, petunias, or pothos.  |
| (continued)                              | TwoSome                        | thiophanate-methyl + iprodione | 1 + 2         | See label                               | 12 hours             | May be used as a foliar, root dip, or soil drench application. See label for rates.                      |

| Disease   | Product                     | Active Ingredient              | FRAC<br>Code* | Rate                                     | Re-entry<br>Interval | Comments   |
|---|-----------------------------|--------------------------------|---------------|--|----------------------|--|
| Botrytis (Botrytis spp.) (cont.)                                    | Compass                     | trifloxystrobin                | 11            | 1 - 4 oz/100 gal                         | 12 hours             | Use preventatively.  |
| (com,   | Terraguard SC               | triflumizole                   | 3             | 2 - 8 fl oz/100 gal<br>(1/4 - 1 tsp/gal) | 12 hours             | For optimum disease control, applications should be made prior to, or at the first sign of disease.        |
| Brown rot/blight (Monilinia,<br>Sclerotinia, Whetzellinia)          | 3336EG and<br>3336WP and    | thiophanate-methyl             | 1             | 12 - 16 oz/100 gal                       | 12 hours             |  |
|   | 3338 F                      | thiophanate-methyl             | 1             | 8 - 16 fl oz/ 100 gal                    | 12 hours             |  |
| Buckeye leaf blotch   | Junction                    | mancozeb + copper<br>hydroxide | M3 + M1       | 1.5 lb/100 gal or<br>1/2 tablespoon/gal  | 24 hours             | Do not apply Junction in a spray solution having less than 6.5 pH as phytotoxicity may occur.              |
|   | Junction WSP                | mancozeb + copper<br>hydroxide | M3 + M1       | 2.5 lb/100 gal                           | 48 hours             | See label for complete instruction on rates as some crops require a smaller rate than listed here.         |
| Bulb rot/mold<br>( <i>Fusarium</i> spp.<br><i>Penicillium</i> spp.) | Insignia SC Intrensic       | pyraclostrobin                 | 11            | 6.1 - 12.2 fl oz/100 gal                 | 12 hours             | Use preventatively.  |
| Carnation rust  | Mancozeb DG                 | mancozeb                       | M3            | 1 - 2 lb/100 gal                         | 24 hours             | Begin spraying when plants are well leafed out, or at the first sign of disease at 7 - 10 day intervals.   |
| Cephalosporium leaf spot  | Daconil Ultrex              | chlorothalonil                 | M5            | 1.4 lbs/100 gal                          | 12 hours             | Begin application at first evidence of disease activity. See label for specific precautions regarding REI. |
|   | Pegasus 6L                  | chlorothalonil                 | M5            | 1 3/8 pt/100 gal                         | 12 hours             | See label for specific precautions regarding REI.  |
|   | Pegasus DFX                 | chlorothalonil                 | M5            | 1.25 lb/100 gal                          | 12 hours             | See label for specific precautions regarding REI.  |
|   | Mancozeb DG and Protect DF  | mancozeb                       | M3            | 1 - 2 lb/100 gal                         | 24 hours             | Begin spraying when plants are well leafed out, or at the first sign of disease at 7 - 10 day intervals.   |
|   | Bayleton 50<br>Bayleton FLO | triadimefon                    | 3             | 5.5 oz/275 - 550 gal                     | 12 hours             | Do not use on edible portions of plants.   |
| Cercospora leaf spot (Cercospora spp.)                              | Heritage                    | azoxystobin                    | 11            | 4 oz/100 gal                             | 4 hours              | See label for specific rates. May cause phytotoxixity on apples or crabapples.                             |
|   | Daconil Ultrex              | chlorothalonil                 | M5            | 1.4 lbs/100 gal                          | 12 hours             | Begin application at first evidence of disease activity. See label for specific precautions regarding REI. |
| (continued)   | Pegasus 6L                  | chlorothalonil                 | M5            | 1 3/8 pt/100 gal                         | 12 hours             | See label for specific precautions regarding REI.  |

| Disease   | Product                       | Active Ingredient                 | FRAC<br>Code* | Rate                                    | Re-entry<br>Interval | Comments  |
|---|-------------------------------|-----------------------------------|---------------|---|----------------------|---|
| Cercospora leaf spot<br>(Cercospora spp.) (cont.) | Pegasus DFX                   | chlorothalonil                    | M5            | 1.25 lb/100 gal                         | 12 hours             | See label for specific precautions regarding REI.   |
|   | Concert II                    | chlorothalonil +<br>propiconazole | M5 + 3        | 26 - 35 fl oz/100 gal                   | 12 hours             | Do not use Concert II in greenhouses.<br>Apply every 21 days.   |
|   | Palladium                     | cyprodinil + fludioxonil          | 9 + 12        | 2 - 4 oz/100 gal                        | 12 hours             | Foliar applications or excessive run-off of Palladium may cause stunting or chlorosis to geranium at higher rates.        |
|   | Medallion                     | fludioxonil                       | 12            | 1 - 4 oz/100 gal<br>(foliar spray)      | 12 hours             | See Medallion labels for specific instructions on growing media mix and medium drench.                                    |
|   | Medallion WDG                 | fludioxonil                       | 12            | 1 - 4 oz/100 gal                        | 12 hours             | See Medallion labels for specific instructions on growing media mix and medium drench.                                    |
|   | Mancozeb DG and<br>Protect DF | mancozeb                          | M3            | 1 - 2 lb/100 gal                        | 24 hours             | Begin spraying when plants are well leafed out, or at the first sign of disease at 7 - 10 day intervals.                  |
|   | Junction                      | mancozeb + copper<br>hydroxide    | M3 + M1       | 1.5 lb/100 gal or<br>1/2 tablespoon/gal | 24 hours             | Do not apply Junction in a spray solution having less than 6.5 pH as phytotoxicity may occur.                             |
|   | Junction WSP                  | mancozeb + copper<br>hydroxide    | M3 + M1       | 2.5 lb/100 gal                          | 48 hours             | See label for complete instruction on rates as some crops require a smaller rate than listed here.                        |
|   | Eagle 20EW                    | myclobutanil                      | 3             | 6 - 12 oz/fl oz/<br>50 - 100 gal        | 24 hours             | See label for complete instructions regarding rates. Apply at 10 - 14 day application schedule unless directed otherwise. |
|   | MilStop                       | potassium bicarbonate             | NC            | 2.5 lb/100 gal                          | 1 hour               | Do not use on pansy at early stages of growth.  Start applications of Milstop at the first sign of disease.               |
|   | Banner Maxx                   | propiconazole                     | 3             | 2 - 24 fl oz/100 gal                    | 24 hours             | Rate depends on crop and disease. See label.  |
|   | ProPensity 1.3ME              | propiconazole                     | 3             | 2 - 24 fl oz/100 gal                    | 24 hours             | For general landscape use apply 6 - 8 fl oz/100 gal every 21 days before the onset of disease.                            |
|   | Insignia SC Intrensic         | pyraclostrobin                    | 11            | 6.1 - 12.2fl oz/<br>100 gal             | 12 hours             | Use preventatively.   |
|   | Pageant TR                    | pyraclostrobin +<br>boscalid      | 7 + 11        | 1 - 2 cans/sq ft                        | 12 hours             | Apply when foliage is dry and temperature is between 60 - 80°F.   |
| (continued)                                       | TwoSome                       | thiophanate-methyl + iprodione    | 1 + 2         | See label                               | 12 hours             | May be used as a foliar, root dip, or soil drench application. See label for rates.                                       |

| Disease  | Product               | Active Ingredient                 | FRAC<br>Code* | Rate                                    | Re-entry<br>Interval | Comments   |
|--|-----------------------|-----------------------------------|---------------|---|----------------------|--|
| Cercospora leaf spot (Cercospora spp.) (cont.) | Junction              | mancozeb + copper<br>hydroxide    | M3 + M1       | 1.5 lb/100 gal or<br>1/2 tablespoon/gal | 24 hours             | Do not apply Junction in a spray solution having less than 6.5 pH as phytotoxicity may occur.  |
|  | Junction WSP          | mancozeb + copper<br>hydroxide    | M3 + M1       | 2.5 lb/100 gal                          | 48 hours             | See label for complete instruction on rates as some crops require a smaller rate than listed here.   |
|  | Eagle 20EW            | myclobutanil                      | 3             | 6 - 12 oz/fl oz/<br>50 - 100 gal        | 24 hours             | See label for complete instructions regarding rates. Apply at 10 - 14 day application schedule unless directed otherwise.  |
|  | MilStop               | potassium bicarbonate             | NC            | 2.5 lb/100 gal                          | 1 hour               | Do not use on pansy at early stages of growth.  Start applications of Milstop at the first sign of disease.  |
|  | Banner Maxx           | propiconazole                     | 3             | 2 - 24 fl oz/100 gal                    | 24 hours             | Rate depends on crop and disease. See label.   |
|  | ProPensity 1.3ME      | propiconazole                     | 3             | 2 - 24 fl oz/100 gal                    | 24 hours             | For general landscape use apply 6 - 8 fl oz/100 gal every 21 days before the onset of disease.   |
|  | Insignia SC Intrensic | pyraclostrobin                    | 11            | 6.1 - 12.2 fl oz/<br>100 gal            | 12 hours             | Use preventatively.  |
|  | Pageant TR            | pyraclostrobin +<br>boscalid      | 7 + 11        | 1 - 2 cans/sq ft                        | 12 hours             | Apply when foliage is dry and temperature is between 60 - 80°F.  |
|  | TwoSome               | thiophanate-methyl +<br>iprodione | 1 + 2         | See label                               | 12 hours             | May be used as a foliar, root dip, or soil drench application. See label for rates.  |
|  | Bayleton 50           | triadimefon                       | 3             | 5.5 oz/275 - 550 gal                    | 12 hours             | Do not use on edible portions of plants.   |
|  | Bayleton FLO          | triadimefon                       | 6             | 5.5 oz/275 - 550 gal                    | 12 hours             | Except as noted for specific diseases, mix 5.5 fl oz of BAYLETON FLO Turf and Ornamental Fungicide in 275 to 550 gal of water and apply as a full coverage foliage spray to the point of drip as needed. |
| Cercosporidium leaf spot                       | Daconil Ultrex        | chlorothalonil                    | M5            | 1.4 lbs/100 gal                         | 12 hours             | Begin application at first evidence of disease activity. See label for specific precautions regarding REI.   |
|  | Pegasus 6L            | chlorothalonil                    | M5            | 1 3/8 pt/100 gal                        | 12 hours             | See label for specific precautions regarding REI.  |
|  | Pegasus DFX           | chlorothalonil                    | M5            | 1.25 lb/100 gal                         | 12 hours             | See label for specific precautions regarding REI.  |

| Disease                                    | Product               | Active Ingredient                 | FRAC<br>Code* | Rate                                    | Re-entry<br>Interval | Comments   |
|--|-----------------------|-----------------------------------|---------------|---|----------------------|--|
| Chrysanthemum septoria leaf spot           | Junction              | mancozeb + copper<br>hydroxide    | M3 + M1       | 1.5 lb/100 gal or<br>1/2 tablespoon/gal | 24 hours             | Do not apply Junction in a spray solution having less than 6.5 pH as phytotoxicity may occur.              |
|  | Junction WSP          | mancozeb + copper<br>hydroxide    | M3 + M1       | 2.5 lb/100 gal                          | 48 hours             | See label for complete instruction on rates as some crops require a smaller rate than listed here.         |
| Cladosporium leaf spot (Cladosporium spp.) | Heritage              | azoxystobin                       | 11            | 4 oz/100 gal                            | 4 hours              | See label for specific rates. May cause phytotoxixity on apples or crabapples.                             |
|  | Concert II            | chlorothalonil +<br>propiconazole | M5 + 3        | 22 - 35 fl oz/100 gal                   | 12 hours             | Do not use Concert II in greenhouses.<br>Apply every 21 days.  |
|  | Banner Maxx           | propiconazole                     | 3             | 8 - 12 fl oz/100 gal                    | 24 hours             | Rate depends on crop and disease. See label.   |
|  | ProPensity 1.3ME      | propiconazole                     | 3             | 8 - 12 fl oz/100 gal                    | 24 hours             | For general landscape use, apply 6 - 8 fl oz/100 gal every 21 days before the onset of disease.            |
|  | Insignia SC Intrensic | pyraclostrobin                    | 11            | 6.1 - 12.2 fl oz/100 gal                | 12 hours             | Use preventatively.  |
| Coccomyces hiemales                        | Banner Maxx II        | propiconazole                     | 3             | 2 - 4 fl oz/100 gal                     | 24 hours             | Rate depends on crop and disease. See label.   |
|  | ProPensity 1.3ME      | propiconazole                     | 3             | 2 - 4 fl oz/100 gal                     | 24 hours             | For general landscape use, apply 6 - 8 fl oz/100 gal every 21 days before the onset of disease.            |
|  | Concert II            | chlorothalonil +<br>propiconazole | M5 + 3        | 9 - 17 fl z/100 gal                     | 12 hours             | Do not use Concert II in greenhouses.<br>Apply every 21 days.  |
| Corynespora stem/leaf spots                | Daconil Ultrex        | chlorothalonil                    | M5            | 1.4 lbs/100 gal                         | 12 hours             | Begin application at first evidence of disease activity. See label for specific precautions regarding REI. |
|  | Pegasus 6L            | chlorothalonil                    | M5            | 1 3/8 pt/100 gal                        | 12 hours             | See label for specific precautions regarding REI.  |
|  | Pegasus DFX           | chlorothalonil                    | M5            | 1.25 lb/100 gal                         | 12 hours             | See label for specific precautions regarding REI.  |
|  | Concert II            | chlorothalonil +<br>propiconazole | M5 + 3        | 22 - 35 fl oz/100 gal                   | 12 hours             | Do not use Concert II in greenhouses.<br>Apply every 21 days.  |
|  | MilStop               | potassium bicarbonate             | NC            | 2.5 lb/100 gal                          | 1 hour               | Do not use on pansy at early stages of growth.   |
|  | TwoSome               | thiophanate-methyl + iprodione    | 1 + 2         | See label                               | 12 hours             | May be used as a foliar, root dip, or soil drench application. See label for rates.                        |
| Coryneum blight (shothole)                 | Daconil Ultrex        | chlorothalonil                    | M5            | 1.4 lbs/100 gal                         | 12 hours             | Begin application at first evidence of disease activity. See label for specific precautions regarding REI. |

| Disease  | Product               | Active Ingredient              | FRAC<br>Code* | Rate                                    | Re-entry<br>Interval | Comments   |
|--|-----------------------|--------------------------------|---------------|---|----------------------|--|
| Cotoneaster scab   | Junction              | mancozeb + copper<br>hydroxide | M3 + M1       | 1.5 lb/100 gal or<br>1/2 tablespoon/gal | 24 hours             | Do not apply Junction in a spray solution having less than 6.5 pH as phytotoxicity may occur.                                    |
|  | Junction WSP          | mancozeb + copper<br>hydroxide | M3 + M1       | 2.5 lb/100 gal                          | 48 hours             | See label for complete instruction on rates as some crops require a smaller rate than listed here.                               |
| Cristularia spp.   | Banner Maxx II        | propiconazole                  | 3             | 8 - 12 fl oz/100 gal                    | 24 hours             | Rate depends on crop and disease. See label.   |
|  | ProPensity 1.3ME      | propiconazole                  | 3             | 8 - 12 fl oz/100 gal                    | 24 hours             | For general landscape use, apply 6 - 8 fl oz/100 gal every 21 days before the onset of disease.                                  |
| Crown/basal rot (Cylindrocladium spp., Fusarium spp., Rhizoctonia solani, Sclerotinia spp.)      | Pageant               | pyraclostrobin +<br>boscalid   | 7 + 11        | 12 - 18 oz/100 gal                      | 12 hours             | Use preventatively. Begin applications when conditions are favorable for fungal infection, prior to disease symptom development. |
| Crown/basal rot<br>(Fusarium spp.,<br>Phytophthora spp.,<br>Pythium spp.,<br>Rhizoctonia solani) | Insignia SC Intrensic | pyraclostrobin                 | 11            | 6.1 - 12.2 fl oz/100<br>gal             | 12 hours             | Use preventatively.  |
| Curvularia leaf spot   | Daconil Ultrex        | chlorothalonil                 | M5            | 1.4 lbs/100 gal                         | 12 hours             | Begin application at first evidence of disease activity. See label for specific precautions regarding REI.                       |
|  | Pegasus 6L            | chlorothalonil                 | M5            | 1 3/8 pt/100 gal                        | 12 hours             | See label for specific precautions regarding REI.  |
|  | Pegasus DFX           | chlorothalonil                 | M5            | 1.25 lb/100 gal                         | 12 hours             | See label for specific precautions regarding REI.  |
|  | Mancozeb DG           | mancozeb                       | М3            | 1 - 2 lb/100 gal                        | 24 hours             | Begin spraying when plants are well leafed out, or at the first sign of disease at 7 - 10 day intervals.                         |
|  | Affirm WDG            | polyoxin D zinc salts          | 19            | 0.25 - 0.5 lb/acre                      | 4 hours              | Do not apply more than 3 applications of Affirm per season.  |
| Cylindrocladium<br>blight and wilt<br>(Cylindrocladium scoparium)                                | 26 GT                 | iprodione                      | 2             | 1qt/100 gal                             | 12 hours             | Do not use as a drench on impatiens or pothos.   |
| (continued)  |                       |                                |               |   |                      |  |

| Disease   | Product                        | Active Ingredient              | FRAC<br>Code* | Rate                                     | Re-entry<br>Interval | Comments   |
|---|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|---------------|--|----------------------|--|
| Cylindrocladium blight and wilt (Cylindrocladium scoparium) | 26019 FLO                      | iprodione                      | 2             | 1qt/100 gal                              | 12 hours             | Rate depends on application method.<br>See label.  |
| (cont.)   | 26019 N/G                      | iprodione                      | 2             | See label.                               | 12 hours             | Rate depends on application method.<br>See label.  |
|   | 26/36                          | thiophanate-methyl + iprodione | 1 + 2         | 33 - 84 fl oz/100 gal                    | 12 hours             | Do not use as a drench on impatiens, petunias, or pothos.  |
| Cylindrocladium leaf blight                                 | Heritage                       | azoxystobin                    | 11            | 4 oz/100 gal                             | 4 hours              | See label for specific rates. May cause phytotoxixity on apples or crabapples.                                     |
|   | Daconil Ultrex                 | chlorothalonil                 | M5            | 1.4 lbs/100 gal                          | 12 hours             | Begin application at first evidence of disease activity. See label for specific precautions regarding REI.         |
|   | Palladium                      | cyprodinil + fludioxonil       | 9 + 12        | 2 - 4 oz/100 gal                         | 12 hours             | Foliar applications or excessive run-off of Palladium may cause stunting or chlorosis to geranium at higher rates. |
|   | Medallion and<br>Medallion WDG | fludioxonil                    | 12            | 2 - 4 oz/100 gal<br>(foliar spray)       | 12 hours             | See Medallion labels for specific instructions on growing media mix and medium drench.                             |
|   | Mancozeb DG and<br>Protect DF  | mancozeb                       | МЗ            | 1 - 2 lb/100 gal                         | 24 hours             | Begin spraying when plants are well leafed out, or at the first sign of disease at 7 - 10 day intervals.           |
|   | Pageant TR                     | pyraclostrobin +<br>boscalid   | 7 + 11        | 1 - 2 cans/sq ft                         | 12 hours             | Apply when foliage is dry and temperature is between 60 - 80°F.  |
|   | TwoSome                        | thiophanate-methyl + iprodione | 1 + 2         | See label                                | 12 hours             | Mix 17 to 34 fl. oz. of this product with 100 gallons of water.  |
|   | Compass                        | trifloxystrobin                | 11            | 1 - 4 oz/100 gal                         | 12 hours             | Use preventatively.  |
| (continued)   | Terraguard SC                  | triflumizole                   | 3             | 2 - 8 fl oz/100 gal<br>(1/4 - 1 tsp/gal) | 12 hours             | For optimum disease control, applications should be made prior to, or at the first sign of disease.                |

| Disease                                     | Product                       | Active Ingredient              | FRAC<br>Code* | Rate                                     | Re-entry<br>Interval | Comments  |
|---|-------------------------------|--------------------------------|---------------|--|----------------------|---|
| Cylindrocladium leaf blight (cont.)         | Terraguard SC                 | triflumizole                   | 3             | 2 - 8 fl oz/100 gal<br>(1/4 - 1 tsp/gal) | 12 hours             | For optimum disease control, applications should be made prior to, or at the first sign of disease.                             |
| Dactylaria leaf spot                        | Daconil Ultrex                | chlorothalonil                 | M5            | 1.4 lbs/100 gal                          | 12 hours             | Begin application at first evidence of disease activity. See label for specific precautions regarding REI.                      |
|   | Pegasus 6L                    | chlorothalonil                 | M5            | 1 3/8 pt/100 gal                         | 12 hours             | See label for specific precautions regarding REI.   |
|   | Pegasus DFX                   | chlorothalonil                 | M5            | 1.25 lb/100 gal                          | 12 hours             | See label for specific precautions regarding REI.   |
|   | Mancozeb DG and<br>Protect DF | mancozeb                       | М3            | 1 - 2 lb/100 gal                         | 24 hours             | Begin spraying when plants are well leafed out, or at the first sign of disease at 7 - 10 day intervals.                        |
| Daffodil leaf scorch (Stagnospora curtissi) | 26019                         | iprodione                      | 2             | 1 - 6.5 lb/acre                          | 12 hours             | Rate depends on application method.<br>See label.   |
| Didymellina leaf spot                       | Daconil Ultrex                | chlorothalonil                 | M5            | 1.4 lbs/100 gal                          | 12 hours             | Begin application at first evidence of disease activity. See label for specific precautions regarding REI.                      |
|   | Pegasus 6L                    | chlorothalonil                 | M5            | 1 3/8 pt/100 gal                         | 12 hours             | See label for specific precautions regarding REI.   |
|   | Pegasus DFX                   | chlorothalonil                 | M5            | 1.25 lb/100 gal                          | 12 hours             | See label for specific precautions regarding REI.   |
|   | Protect DF                    | mancozeb                       | М3            | 1 - 2 lb/100 gal                         | 24 hours             | To improve performance, add 2 - 4 oz. of an effective spreader-sticker, such as Cleary's Clearyspray, per 100 gallons of spray. |
|   | MilStop                       | potassium bicarbonate          | NC            | 2.5 lb/100 gal                           | 1 hour               | Do not use on pansy at early stages of growth.  |
|   | Insignia SC Intrensic         | pyraclostrobin                 | 11            | 6.1 - 12.2 fl oz/100 gal                 | 12 hours             | Use preventatively.   |
| (continued)                                 | TwoSome                       | thiophanate-methyl + iprodione | 1 + 2         | See label                                | 12 hours             | May be used as a foliar, root dip, or soil drench application. See label for rates.   |

| Disease                         | Product          | Active Ingredient                 | FRAC<br>Code* | Rate                                      | Re-entry<br>Interval | Comments  |
|---------------------------------|------------------|-----------------------------------|---------------|---|----------------------|---|
| Didymellina leaf spot (cont.)   | Bayleton 50      | triadimefon                       | 3             | 5.5 oz/275 - 550 gal                      | 12 hours             | Do not use on edible portions of plants.  |
|                                 | Bayleton 50      | triadimefon                       | 3             | 5.5 oz/275 - 550 gal                      | 12 hours             | Do not use on edible portions of plants.  |
|                                 | Bayleton FLO     | triadimefon                       | 6             | 5.5 oz/275 - 550 gal                      | 12 hours             |   |
| Diplodia tip blight             | TwoSome          | thiophanate-methyl + iprodione    | 1 + 2         | See label                                 | 12 hours             | May be used as a foliar, root dip, or soil drench application. See label for rates.   |
| Discosia leaf spot/petal blight | Mancozeb DG      | mancozeb                          | M3            | 1 - 2 lb/100 gal                          | 24 hours             | Begin spraying when plants are well leafed out, or at the first sign of disease at 7 - 10 day intervals.                        |
| Discula spp. (Anthracnose)      | Concert II       | chlorothalonil +<br>propiconazole | M5 + 3        | 9 - 17 fl oz/100 gal                      | 12 hours             | Do not use Concert II in greenhouses. Apply every 21 days.  |
|                                 | Banner Maxx II   | propiconazole                     | 3             | 2 - 4 fl oz/100 gal                       | 24 hours             | Rate depends on crop and disease. See label.  |
|                                 | ProPensity 1.3ME | propiconazole                     | 3             | 2 - 4 fl oz/100 gal                       | 24 hours             | For general landscape use apply 6 - 8 fl oz/100 gal every 21 days before the onset of disease.                                  |
| Dogwood anthracnose             | Junction         | mancozeb + copper<br>hydroxide    | M3 + M1       | 1.5 lb/100 gal or<br>(1/2 tablespoon/gal) | 24 hours             | Do not apply Junction in a spray solution having less than 6.5 pH as phytotoxicity may occur.                                   |
|                                 | Junction WSP     | mancozeb + copper<br>hydroxide    | M3 + M1       | 2.5 lb/100 gal                            | 48 hours             | See label for complete instruction on rates as some crops require a smaller rate than listed here.                              |
| Drechslera leaf spot            | Daconil Ultrex   | chlorothalonil                    | M5            | 1.4 lbs/100 gal                           | 12 hours             | Begin application at first evidence of disease activity. See label for specific precautions regarding REI.                      |
|                                 | Pegasus 6L       | chlorothalonil                    | M5            | 1 3/8 pt/100 gal                          | 12 hours             | Rate depends on crop and disease. See label.  |
|                                 | Pegasus DFX      | chlorothalonil                    | M5            | 1.25 lb/100 gal                           | 12 hours             | Rate depends on crop and disease. See label.  |
|                                 | Protect DF       | mancozeb                          | МЗ            | 1 - 2 lb/100 gal                          | 24 hours             | To improve performance, add 2 - 4 oz. of an effective spreader-sticker, such as Cleary's Clearyspray, per 100 gallons of spray. |
| Drechslera spp. (Ink spot)      | 26019 N/G        | iprodione                         | 2             | See label.                                | 12 hours             | Rate depends on crop and disease. See label.  |
|                                 | MilStop          | potassium bicarbonate             | NC            | 2.5 lb/100 gal                            | 1 hour               | Do not use on pansy at early stages of growth.  |

| Disease                                | Product                   | Active Ingredient              | FRAC<br>Code* | Rate                                    | Re-entry<br>Interval | Comments  |
|--|---------------------------|--------------------------------|---------------|---|----------------------|---|
| Elm black leaf spot                    | Mancozeb DG               | mancozeb                       | МЗ            | 1 - 2 lb/100 gal                        | 24 hours             | Begin spraying when plants are well leafed out, or at the first sign of disease at 7 - 10 day intervals.                  |
|  | Junction                  | mancozeb + copper<br>hydroxide | M3 + M1       | 1.5 lb/100 gal                          | 24 hours             | Do not apply Junction in a spray solution having less than 6.5 pH as phytotoxicity may occur.                             |
|  | Junction WSP              | mancozeb + copper<br>hydroxide | M3 + M1       | 2.5 lb/100 gal                          | 48 hours             | See label for complete instruction on rates as some crops require a smaller rate than listed here.                        |
| Entomosporium leaf spot                | Heritage                  | azoxystobin                    | 11            | 4 oz/100 gal                            | 4 hours              | See label for specific rates. May cause phytotoxixity on apples or crabapples.  |
|  | Mancozeb DG<br>Protect DF | mancozeb                       | М3            | 1 - 2 lb/100 gal                        | 24 hours             | Begin spraying when plants are well leafed out, or at the first sign of disease at 7 - 10 day intervals.                  |
|  | Junction                  | mancozeb + copper<br>hydroxide | M3 + M1       | 1.5 lb/100 gal or<br>1/2 tablespoon/gal | 24 hours             | Do not apply Junction in a spray solution having less than 6.5 pH as phytotoxicity may occur.                             |
|  | Junction WSP              | mancozeb + copper<br>hydroxide | M3 + M1       | 2.5 lb/100 gal                          | 48 hours             |   |
|  | Eagle 20EW                | myclobutanil                   | 3             | 8 fl oz/50 - 100 gal                    | 24 hours             | See label for complete instructions regarding rates. Apply at 10 - 14 day application schedule unless directed otherwise. |
|  | MilStop                   | potassium bicarbonate          | NC            | 2.5 lb/100 gal                          | 1 hour               | Do not use on pansy at early stages of growth.  |
|  | Insignia SC Intrensic     | pyraclostrobin                 | 11            | 6.1 - 12.2 fl oz/100<br>gal             | 12 hours             | Use preventatively.   |
|  | TwoSome                   | thiophanate-methyl + iprodione | 1 + 2         | See label                               | 12 hours             | May be used as a foliar, root dip, or soil drench application. See label for rates.                                       |
|  | Bayleton 50               | triadimefon                    | 3             | 5.5 oz/275 - 550 gal                    | 12 hours             | Do not use on edible portions of plants.  |
|  | Bayleton FLO              | triadimefon                    | 6             | 5.5 oz/275 - 550 gal                    | 12 hours             |   |
| Entomosporium leaf spot (Fabraea spp.) | Daconil Ultrex            | chlorothalonil                 | M5            | 1.4 lbs/100 gal                         | 12 hours             | Begin application at first evidence of disease activity. See label for specific precautions regarding REI.                |
| (continued)                            |                           |                                |               |   |                      |   |

| Disease   | Product            | Active Ingredient                 | FRAC<br>Code* | Rate                  | Re-entry<br>Interval | Comments  |
|---|--------------------|-----------------------------------|---------------|-----------------------|----------------------|---|
| Entomosporium leaf spot (Fabraea spp.) (cont.)  | Pegasus 6L         | chlorothalonil                    | M5            | 1 3/8 pt/100 gal      | 12 hours             | See label for specific precautions regarding REI.   |
|   | Pegasus DFX        | chlorothalonil                    | M5            | 1.25 lb/100 gal       | 12 hours             | See label for specific precautions regarding REI.   |
|   | Concert II         | chlorothalonil +<br>propiconazole | M5 + 3        | 22 - 35 fl oz/100 gal | 12 hours             | Do not use Concert II in greenhouses.<br>Apply every 21 days.   |
|   | Banner Maxx II     | propiconazole                     | 3             | 5 - 8 fl oz/100 gal   | 24 hours             | Rate depends on crop and disease. See label.  |
|   | ProPensity 1.3ME   | propiconazole                     | 3             | 5 - 8 fl oz/100 gal   | 24 hours             | For general landscape use apply 6 - 8 fl oz/100 gal every 21 days before the onset of disease.                                  |
| Exerohilum                                      | Protect DF         | mancozeb                          | M3            | 1 - 2 lb/100 gal      | 24 hours             | To improve performance, add 2 - 4 oz. of an effective spreader-sticker, such as Cleary's Clearyspray, per 100 gallons of spray. |
| Exobasidium blights/flower blights              | Protect DF         | mancozeb                          | M3            | 1 - 2 lb/100 gal      | 24 hours             | To improve performance, add 2 - 4 oz. of an effective spreader-sticker, such as Cleary's Clearyspray, per 100 gallons of spray. |
|   | Bayleton 50        | triadimefon                       | 3             | 5.5 oz/275 - 550 gal  | 12 hours             | Do not use on edible portions of plants.  |
|   | Bayleton FLO       | triadimefon                       | 6             | 5.5 oz/275 - 550 gal  | 12 hours             |   |
|   | Strike Plus 50 WDG | trifloxystrobin +<br>triadimefon  | 11 + 3        | 2.4 oz/100 gal        | 12 hours             | Apply as a full coverage spray to the point of drip. Repeat at 14 - 28 day intervals.   |
| Flower blight (Ovulinia spp., Sclerotinia spp.) | Bayleton 50        | triadimefon                       | 3             | 5.5 oz/275 - 550 gal  | 12 hours             |   |
|   | Bayleton FLO       | triadimefon                       | 6             | 5.5 oz/275 - 550 gal  | 12 hours             |   |
| Fusarium blight/stem rot (Fusarium spp.)        | Palladium          | cyprodinil + fludioxonil          | 9 + 12        | 2 - 4 oz/100 gal      | 12 hours             | Foliar applications or excessive run-off of<br>Palladium may cause stunting or chlorosis to<br>geranium at higher rates.        |
| Fusarium corm rot (Fusarium oxysporum)          | 26019 FLO          | iprodione                         | 2             | 2 qt/100 gal          | 12 hours             | Rate depends on crop and disease. See label.  |
| (continued)                                     | 26019 N/G          | iprodione                         | 2             | See label.            | 12 hours             | Rate depends on crop and disease. See label.  |

| Disease  | Product                    | Active Ingredient              | FRAC<br>Code* | Rate                              | Re-entry<br>Interval | Comments   |
|--|----------------------------|--------------------------------|---------------|-----------------------------------|----------------------|--|
| Fusarium corm rot (Fusarium oxysporum) (cont.) | 26/36                      | thiophanate-methyl + iprodione | 1 + 2         | 13.5 fl oz/100 gal<br>drench rate | 12 hours             | Do not use as a drench on impatiens, petunias, or pothos.  |
| (com.)   | 26 GT                      | iprodione                      | 2             | 2 qt/100 gal                      | 12 hours             | Do not use as a drench on impatiens or pothos.   |
| Fusarium leaf spot (Fusarium spp.)             | Daconil Ultrex             | chlorothalonil                 | M5            | 1.4 lbs/100 gal                   | 12 hours             | Begin application at first evidence of disease activity. See label for specific precautions regarding REI. |
|  | 26019 FLO                  | iprodione                      | 2             | 1 - 2 gt/100 gal lb/acre          | 12 hours             | Rate depends on application method. See label.   |
|  | 26 GT                      | iprodione                      | 2             | 1 - 3 fl oz                       | 12 hours             |  |
|  | 26019 N/G                  | iprodione                      | 2             | See label.                        | 12 hours             | Rate depends on application method. See label.   |
|  | Mancozeb DG and Protect DF | mancozeb                       | МЗ            | 1 - 2 lb/100 gal                  | 24 hours             | Begin spraying when plants are well leafed out, or at the first sign of disease at 7 - 10 day intervals.   |
|  | MilStop                    | potassium bicarbonate          | NC            | 2.5 lb/100 gal                    | 1 hour               | Do not use on pansy at early stages of growth.   |
|  | 26/36                      | thiophanate-methyl + iprodione | 1 + 2         | 17 - 34 fl oz/100 gal             | 12 hours             | Do not use as a drench on impatiens, petunias, or pothos.  |
|  | TwoSome                    | thiophanate-methyl + iprodione | 1 + 2         | See label                         | 12 hours             | May be used as a foliar, root dip, or soil drench application. See label for rates.                        |
|  | Pegasus 6L                 | chlorothalonil                 | M5            | 1 3/8 pt/100 gal                  | 12 hours             | See label for specific precautions regarding REI.  |
| Fusarium leaf spot (Gibberella spp.)           | Pegasus DFX                | chlorothalonil                 | M5            | 1.25 lb/100 gal                   | 12 hours             | Rate depends on application method. See label.   |
| Gloeosporium black leaf spot                   | Daconil Ultrex             | chlorothalonil                 | M5            | 1.4 lbs/100 gal                   | 12 hours             | Begin application at first evidence of disease activity. See label for specific precautions regarding REI. |
|  | Pegasus 6L                 | chlorothalonil                 | M5            | 1 3/8 pt/100 gal                  | 12 hours             | Rate depends on application method. See label.   |
|  | Pegasus DFX                | chlorothalonil                 | M5            | 1.25 lb/100 gal                   | 12 hours             | Rate depends on application method. See label.   |
|  | Mancozeb DG                | mancozeb                       | М3            | 1 - 2 lb/100 gal                  | 24 hours             | Begin spraying when plants are well leafed out, or at the first sign of disease at 7 - 10 day intervals.   |

| Disease   | Product          | Active Ingredient              | FRAC<br>Code* | Rate                          | Re-entry<br>Interval | Comments  |
|---|------------------|--------------------------------|---------------|-------------------------------|----------------------|---|
| Gnomonia leptostyla<br>(Anthracnose)                                    | Concert II       | chlorothalonil + propiconazole | M5 + 3        | 22 - 35 fl oz/100 gal         | 12 hours             | Do not use Concert II in greenhouses.<br>Apply every 21 days.   |
|   | Banner Maxx II   | propiconazole                  | 3             | 8 - 12 fl oz/100 gal          | 24 hours             | Rate depends on application method. See label.  |
|   | ProPensity 1.3ME | propiconazole                  | 3             | 2 - 24 fl oz/100 gal          | 33 hours             | For general landscape use apply 6 - 8 fl oz/100 gal every 21 days before the onset of disease.                                  |
| Guignardia leaf blotch  | Mancozeb DG      | mancozeb                       | М3            | 1 - 2 lb/100 gal              | 24 hours             | Begin spraying when plants are well leafed out, or at the first sign of disease at 7 - 10 day intervals.                        |
| Helminthosporium leaf spot<br>(Helminthosporium spp./<br>Bipolaris spp. | Daconil Ultrex   | chlorothalonil                 | M5            | 1.4 lbs/100 gal               | 12 hours             | Begin application at first evidence of disease activity. See label for specific precautions regarding REI.                      |
|   | 26019 FLO        | iprodione                      | 2             | 1 - 2.5 qt/100 gal<br>lb/acre | 12 hours             | Rate depends on application method. See label.  |
|   | 26 GT            | iprodione                      | 2             | 1 - 2.5 qt/100 gal<br>lb/acre | 12 hours             | Do not use as a drench on impatiens or pothos.  |
|   | 26019 N/G        | iprodione                      | 2             | See label.                    | 12 hours             | Rate depends on application method. See label.  |
|   | Protect DF       | mancozeb                       | M3            | 1 - 2 lb/100 gal              | 24 hours             | To improve performance, add 2 - 4 oz. of an effective spreader-sticker, such as Cleary's Clearyspray, per 100 gallons of spray. |
|   | MilStop          | potassium bicarbonate          | NC            | 2.5 lb/100 gal                | 1 hour               | Do not use on pansy at early stages of growth.  |
|   |                  |                                |               |                               |                      | Start applications of Milstop at the first sign of disease.   |
|   | 26/36            | thiophanate-methyl + iprodione | 1 + 2         | 33 - 84 fl oz/100 gal         | 12 hours             | Do not use as a drench on impatiens, petunias, or pothos.   |
|   | TwoSome          | thiophanate-methyl + iprodione | 1 + 2         | See label                     | 12 hours             | May be used as a foliar, root dip, or soil drench application. See label for rates.   |
| Herpobasidium leaf blight (continued)                                   | Mancozeb DG      | mancozeb                       | М3            | 1 - 2 lb/100 gal              | 24 hours             | Begin spraying when plants are well leafed out, or at the first sign of disease at 7 - 10 day intervals.                        |

| Disease                           | Product          | Active Ingredient                 | FRAC<br>Code* | Rate                                    | Re-entry<br>Interval | Comments  |
|-----------------------------------|------------------|-----------------------------------|---------------|---|----------------------|---|
| Herpobasidium leaf blight (cont.) | Junction         | mancozeb + copper<br>hydroxide    | M3 + M1       | 1.5 lb/100 gal or<br>1/2 tablespoon/gal | 24 hours             | Do not apply Junction in a spray solution having less than 6.5 pH as phytotoxicity may occur.                                   |
|                                   | Junction WSP     | mancozeb + copper<br>hydroxide    | M3 + M1       | 2.5 lb/100 gal                          | 48 hours             | See label for complete instruction on rates as some crops require a smaller rate than listed here.                              |
| Heterosporium echinulatum         | Banner Maxx II   | propiconazole                     | 3             | 5 - 8 fl oz/100 gal                     | 24 hours             | Rate depends on crop and disease. See label.  |
|                                   | ProPensity 1.3ME | propiconazole                     | 3             | 5 - 8 fl oz/100 gal                     | 24 hours             | For general landscape use apply 6 - 8 fl oz/100 gal every 21 days before the onset of disease.                                  |
|                                   | Concert II       | chlorothalonil +<br>propiconazole | M5 + 3        | 22 - 35 fl oz/100 gal                   | 12 hours             | Do not use Concert II in greenhouses.<br>Apply every 21 days.   |
| Holly purple spot                 | Mancozeb DG      | mancozeb                          | МЗ            | 1 - 2 lb/100 gal                        | 24 hours             | Begin spraying when plants are well leafed out, or at the first sign of disease at 7 - 10 day intervals.                        |
| Kabatina dieback/leaf spots       | Protect DF       | mancozeb                          | M3            | 1 - 2 lb/100 gal                        | 24 hours             | To improve performance, add 2 - 4 oz. of an effective spreader-sticker, such as Cleary's Clearyspray, per 100 gallons of spray. |
| Larkspur rust                     | Mancozeb DG      | mancozeb                          | M3            | 1 - 2 lb/100 gal                        | 24 hours             | Begin spraying when plants are well leafed out, or at the first sign of disease at 7 - 10 day intervals.                        |
| Leaf blister/plum pockets         | Junction         | mancozeb + copper<br>hydroxide    | M3 + M1       | 1.5 lb/100 gal or<br>1/2 tablespoon/gal | 24 hours             | Do not apply Junction in a spray solution having less than 6.5 pH as phytotoxicity may occur.                                   |
|                                   |                  |                                   |               |   |                      | See label for full instructions as leaf discoloration may occur on some species.  |
|                                   | Junction WSP     | mancozeb + copper<br>hydroxide    | M3 + M1       | 2.5 lb/100 gal                          | 48 hours             | See label for complete instruction on rates as some crops require a smaller rate than listed here.                              |
| Leptosphaeria spp.                | Mancozeb DG      | mancozeb                          | M3            | 1 - 2 lb/100 gal                        | 24 hours             | Begin spraying when plants are well leafed out, or at the first sign of disease at 7 - 10 day intervals.                        |
|                                   | Protect DF       | mancozeb                          | M3            | 1 - 2 lb/100 gal                        | 24 hours             | To improve performance, add 2 - 4 oz. of an effective spreader-sticker, such as Cleary's Clearyspray, per 100 gallons of spray. |

| Disease                  | Product               | Active Ingredient              | FRAC<br>Code* | Rate                     | Re-entry<br>Interval | Comments  |
|--------------------------|-----------------------|--------------------------------|---------------|--------------------------|----------------------|---|
| Lilac bacteria blight    | Junction              | mancozeb + copper<br>hydroxide | M3 + M1       | 1.5 lb/100 gal           | 24 hours             | Do not apply Junction in a spray solution having less than 6.5 pH as phytotoxicity may occur.                                   |
|                          | Junction WSP          | mancozeb + copper<br>hydroxide | M3 + M1       | 2.5 lb/100 gal           | 48 hours             | See label for complete instruction on rates as some crops require a smaller rate than listed here.                              |
| Marssonina leaf spot     | Heritage              | azoxystobin                    | 11            | 4 oz/100 gal             | 4 hours              | See label for specific rates. May cause phytotoxixity on apples or crabapples.  |
|                          | Daconil Ultrex        | chlorothalonil                 | M5            | 1.4 lbs/100 gal          | 12 hours             | Begin application at first evidence of disease activity. See label for specific precautions regarding REI.                      |
|                          | Pegasus 6L            | chlorothalonil                 | M5            | 1 3/8 pt/100 gal         | 12 hours             | See label for specific precautions regarding REI.   |
|                          | Pegasus DFX           | chlorothalonil                 | M5            | 1.25 lb/100 gal          | 12 hours             | See label for specific precautions regarding REI.   |
|                          | Protect DF            | mancozeb                       | М3            | 1 - 2 lb/100 gal         | 24 hours             | To improve performance, add 2 - 4 oz. of an effective spreader-sticker, such as Cleary's Clearyspray, per 100 gallons of spray. |
| Monilinia blossom blight | Daconil Ultrex        | chlorothalonil                 | M5            | 1.4 lbs/100 gal          | 12 hours             | See label for specific precautions regarding REI.   |
|                          | Pegasus 6L            | chlorothalonil                 | M5            | 1 3/8 pt/100 gal         | 12 hours             | See label for specific precautions regarding REI.   |
|                          | Pegasus DFX           | chlorothalonil                 | M5            | 1.25 lb/100 gal          | 12 hours             | See label for specific precautions regarding REI.   |
|                          | Concert II            | chlorothalonil + propiconazole | M5 + 3        | 9 - 17 fl oz/100 gal     | 12 hours             | Do not use Concert II in greenhouses. Apply every 21 days.  |
|                          | Banner Maxx II        | propiconazole                  | 3             | 2 - 24 fl oz/100 gal     | 24 hours             | Rate depends on crop and disease. See label.  |
|                          | ProPensity 1.3ME      | propiconazole                  | 3             | 2 - 24 fl oz/100 gal     | 24 hours             | For general landscape use apply 6 - 8 fl oz/100 gal every 21 days before the onset of disease.                                  |
| Mycosphaerella leaf spot | Mancozeb DG           | mancozeb                       | M3            | 1 - 2 lb/100 gal         | 24 hours             | Begin spraying when plants are well leafed out, or at the first sign of disease at 7 - 10 day intervals.                        |
|                          | Protect DF            | mancozeb                       | М3            | 1 - 2 lb/100 gal         | 24 hours             | To improve performance, add 2 - 4 oz. of an effective spreader-sticker, such as Cleary's Clearyspray, per 100 gallons of spray. |
|                          | Banner Maxx II        | propiconazole                  | 3             | 8 - 24 fl oz/100 gal     | 24 hours             | Rate depends on Mycosphaerella spp.   |
|                          | ProPensity 1.3ME      | propiconazole                  | 3             | 8 - 24 fl oz/100 gal     | 24 hours             | Rate depends on Mycosphaerella spp.   |
|                          | Insignia SC Intrensic | pyraclostrobin                 | 11            | 6.1 - 12.2 fl oz/100 gal | 12 hours             | Use preventatively.   |

| Disease   | Product               | Active Ingredient                 | FRAC<br>Code* | Rate                                    | Re-entry<br>Interval | Comments  |
|---|-----------------------|-----------------------------------|---------------|---|----------------------|---|
| Mycosphaerella ray blight                       | Pegasus 6L            | chlorothalonil                    | M5            | 1 3/8 pt/100 gal                        | 12 hours             | See label for specific precautions regarding REI.   |
|   | Pegasus DFX           | chlorothalonil                    | M5            | 1.25 lb/100 gal                         | 12 hours             | See label for specific precautions regarding REI.   |
|   | Daconil Ultrex        | chlorothalonil                    | M5            | 1.4 lbs/100 gal                         | 12 hours             | See label for specific precautions regarding REI.   |
| Myrothecium leaf spot/blight (Myrothecium spp.) | Heritage              | azoxystobin                       | 11            | 4 oz/100 gal                            | 4 hours              | See label for specific rates. May cause phytotoxixity on apples or crabapples.  |
|   | Daconil Ultrex        | chlorothalonil                    | M5            | 1.4 lbs/100 gal                         | 12 hours             | See label for specific precautions regarding REI.   |
|   | Pegasus 6L            | chlorothalonil                    | M5            | 1 3/8 pt/100 gal                        | 12 hours             | See label for specific precautions regarding REI.   |
|   | Pegasus DFX           | chlorothalonil                    | M5            | 1.25 lb/100 gal                         | 12 hours             | See label for specific precautions regarding REI.   |
|   | Palladium             | cyprodinil + fludioxonil          | 9 + 12        | 2 - 4 oz/100 gal                        | 12 hours             | Foliar applications or excessive run-off of Palladium may cause stunting or chlorosis to geranium at higher rates.              |
|   | Medallion             | fludioxonil                       | 12            | 1 - 4 oz/100 gal<br>(foliar spray)      | 12 hours             | See Medallion labels for specific instructions on growing media mix and medium drench.  |
|   | Medallion WDG         | fludioxonil                       | 12            | 1 - 4 oz/100 gal                        | 12 hours             | on growing media mix and mediam drenon.   |
|   | Mancozeb DG           | mancozeb                          | М3            | 1 - 2 lb/100 gal                        | 24 hours             | Begin spraying when plants are well leafed out, or at the first sign of disease at 7 - 10 day intervals.                        |
|   | Insignia SC Intrensic | pyraclostrobin                    | 11            | 6.1 - 12.2 fl oz/100 gal                | 12 hours             | Use preventatively.   |
|   | Compass               | trifloxystrobin                   | 11            | 1 - 2 oz/100 gal                        | 12 hours             | Use preventatively.   |
| Narcissus botrytis blight (fire)                | Mancozeb DG           | mancozeb                          | M3            | 1 - 2 lb/100 gal                        | 24 hours             | Begin spraying when plants are well leafed out, or at the first sign of disease at 7 - 10 day intervals.                        |
| Nematostoma leaf blight                         | Daconil Ultrex        | chlorothalonil                    | M5            | 1.4 lbs/100 gal                         | 12 hours             | Begin application at first evidence of disease activity. See label for specific precautions regarding REI.                      |
| Ovulinia blight (Ovulinia spp.)                 | Concert II            | chlorothalonil +<br>propiconazole | M5 + 3        | 22 - 35 fl oz/100 gal                   | 12 hours             | Do not use Concert II in greenhouses. Apply every 21 days.  |
|   | Protect DF            | mancozeb                          | М3            | 1 - 2 lb/100 gal                        | 24 hours             | To improve performance, add 2 - 4 oz. of an effective spreader-sticker, such as Cleary's Clearyspray, per 100 gallons of spray. |
| (continued)                                     | Junction              | mancozeb + copper<br>hydroxide    | M3 + M1       | 1.5 lb/100 gal or<br>1/2 tablespoon/gal | 24 hours             | Do not apply Junction in a spray solution having less than 6.5 pH as phytotoxicity may occur.                                   |

| Disease                                 | Product                             | Active Ingredient              | FRAC<br>Code* | Rate                                     | Re-entry<br>Interval | Comments  |
|---|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------|---------------|--|----------------------|---|
| Ovulinia blight (Ovulinia spp.) (cont.) | Junction WSP                        | mancozeb + copper<br>hydroxide | M3 + M1       | 2.5 lb/100 gal                           | 48 hours             | See label for complete instruction on rates as some crops require a smaller rate than listed here.                              |
|   | Eagle 20EW                          | myclobutanil                   | 3             | 8 fl oz/100 gal                          | 24 hours             | See label for complete instructions regarding rates. Apply at 10 - 14 day application schedule unless directed otherwise.       |
|   | MilStop                             | potassium bicarbonate          | NC            | 2.5 lb/100 gal                           | 1 hour               | Do not use on pansy at early stages of growth.  |
|   | Banner Maxx II and ProPensity 1.3ME | propiconazole                  | 3             | 5 - 8 fl oz/100 gal                      | 24 hours             | Rate depends on crop and disease. See label.  |
|   | 3336 EG                             | thiophanate-methyl             | 1             | 12 - 16 oz/100 gal                       | 12 hours             |   |
|   | 3336 F                              | thiophanate-methyl             | 1             | 8 - 16 fl oz/100 gal                     | 12 hours             |   |
|   | TwoSome                             | thiophanate-methyl + iprodione | 1 + 2         | See label                                | 12 hours             | May be used as a foliar, root dip, or soil drench application. See label for rates.   |
| Pestalotia                              | Protect DF                          | mancozeb                       | M3            | 1 - 2 lb/100 gal                         | 24 hours             | To improve performance, add 2 - 4 oz. of an effective spreader-sticker, such as Cleary's Clearyspray, per 100 gallons of spray. |
| Petiole rot<br>(Myrothecium roridum)    | Terraguard SC                       | triflumizole                   | 3             | 2 - 8 fl oz/100 gal<br>(1/4 - 1 tsp/gal) | 12 hours             | For optimum disease control, applications should be made prior to, or at the first sign of disease.                             |
| Phoma basal rot<br>(Phoma exigua)       | Palladium                           | cyprodinil + fludioxonil       | 9 + 12        | 2 - 4 oz/100 gal                         | 12 hours             | Foliar applications or excessive run-off of Palladium may cause stunting or chlorosis to geranium at higher rates.              |
| Phomopsis blight                        | Palladium                           | cyprodinil + fludioxonil       | 9 + 12        | 2 - 4 oz/100 gal                         | 12 hours             |   |
|   | Mancozeb DG                         | mancozeb                       | МЗ            | 1 - 2 lb/100 gal                         | 24 hours             |   |
|   | MilStop                             | potassium bicarbonate          | NC            | 2.5 lb/100 gal                           | 1 hour               | Do not use on pansy at early stages of growth.  |
|   | TwoSome                             | thiophanate-methyl + iprodione | 1 + 2         | See label                                | 12 hours             | May be used as a foliar, root dip, or soil drench application. See label for rates.   |
| Phyllosticta leaf spot                  | Daconil Ultrex                      | chlorothalonil                 | M5            | 1.4 lbs/100 gal                          | 12 hours             | Begin application at first evidence of disease activity. See label for specific precautions regarding REI.                      |
|   | Pegasus 6L                          | chlorothalonil                 | M5            | 1 3/8 pt/100 gal                         | 12 hours             | See label for specific precautions regarding REI.   |
| (continued)                             | Pegasus DFX                         | chlorothalonil                 | M5            | 1.25 lb/100 gal                          | 12 hours             | See label for specific precautions regarding REI.   |

| Disease                        | Product                                | Active Ingredient                 | FRAC<br>Code* | Rate                     | Re-entry<br>Interval | Comments   |
|--------------------------------|--|-----------------------------------|---------------|--------------------------|----------------------|--|
| Phyllosticta leaf spot (cont.) | Mancozeb DG                            | mancozeb                          | М3            | 1 - 2 lb/100 gal         | 24 hours             | Begin spraying when plants are well leafed out, or at the first sign of disease at 7 - 10 day intervals.                         |
|                                | Protect DF                             | mancozeb                          | M3            | 1 - 2 lb/100 gal         | 24 hours             | To improve performance, add 2 - 4 oz. of an effective spreader-sticker, such as Cleary's Clearyspray, per 100 gallons of spray.  |
|                                | Insignia SC Intrensic                  | pyraclostrobin                    | 11            | 6.1 - 12.2 fl oz/100 gal | 12 hours             | Use preventatively.  |
| Powdery mildew                 | Heritage                               | azoxystobin                       | 11            | 4 oz/100 gal             | 4 hours              | See label for specific rates. May cause phytotoxixity on apples or crabapples.   |
|                                | Concert II                             | chlorothalonil +<br>propiconazole | M5 + 3        | 22 - 35 fl oz/100 gal    | 12 hours             | Do not use Concert II in greenhouses.<br>Apply every 21 days.  |
|                                | Palladium                              | cyprodinil + fludioxonil          | 9 + 12        | 4 - 6 oz/100 gal         | 12 hours             | Foliar applications or excessive run-off of Palladium may cause stunting or chlorosis to geranium at higher rates.               |
|                                | Junction                               | mancozeb + copper<br>hydroxide    | M3 + M1       | 1.5 lb/100 gal           | 24 hours             | Do not apply Junction in a spray solution having less than 6.5 pH as phytotoxicity may occur.                                    |
|                                | Junction WSP                           | mancozeb + copper<br>hydroxide    | M3 + M1       | 2.5 lb/100 gal           | 48 hours             | See label for complete instruction on rates as some crops require a smaller rate than listed here.                               |
|                                | Eagle 20EW                             | myclobutanil                      | 3             | 1.2 fl oz//50 - 100 gal  | 24 hours             | See label for complete instructions regarding rates. Apply at 10 - 14 day application schedule unless directed otherwise.        |
|                                | Affirm WDG                             | polyoxin D zinc salts             | 19            | 0.25 - 0.5 lb/acre       | 4 hours              | Do not apply more than 3 applications of Affirm per season.  |
|                                | Kaligreen                              | potassium bicarbonate             | NC            | 1 - 3 lbs/100 gal        | 4 hours              | Use the higher rate when disease pressure is severe.   |
|                                | Milstop                                | potassium bicarbonate             | NC            | See label.               | 1 hour               | Do not use on pansy at early stages of growth.   |
|                                | Banner Maxx II and<br>ProPensity 1.3ME | propiconazole                     | 3             | 5 - 12 fl oz/100 gal     | 24 hours             | Rate depends on crop and disease. See label.   |
|                                | Insignia SC Intrensic                  | pyraclostrobin                    | 11            | 6.1 - 12.2 fl oz/100 gal | 12 hours             | Use preventatively.  |
| (continued)                    | Pageant                                | pyraclostrobin + boscalid         | 7 + 11        | 4 - 18 oz/100 gal        | 12 hours             | Use preventatively. Begin applications when conditions are favorable for fungal infection, prior to disease symptom development. |

| Disease                                       | Product                      | Active Ingredient                 | FRAC<br>Code* | Rate                                     | Re-entry<br>Interval | Comments  |
|---|------------------------------|-----------------------------------|---------------|--|----------------------|---|
| Powdery mildew (cont.)                        | Torque                       | tebuconazole                      | 3             | 4 - 10 fl oz/100 gal                     | 12 hours             | Apply every 14 days for a total of three applications beginning at the first sign of disease.                       |
|   | 3336 EG and<br>3336 WP       | thiophanate-methyl                | 1             | 12 - 24 oz/100 gal                       | 12 hours             |   |
|   | 3336 F                       | thiophanate-methyl                | 1             | 12 - 24 oz/100 gal                       | 12 hours             |   |
|   | TwoSome                      | thiophanate-methyl + iprodione    | 1 + 2         | See label                                | 12 hours             | May be used as a foliar, root dip, or soil drench application. See label for rates.                                 |
|   | Bayleton 50 and Bayleton FLO | triadimefon                       | 3             | 5.5 oz/275 - 550 gal                     | 12 hours             | Do not use on edible portions of plants.  |
|   | Compass                      | trifloxystrobin                   | 11            | 1.6 - 4 oz/100 gal                       | 12 hours             | Use preventatively.   |
|   | Strike Plus 50 WDG           | trifloxystrobin +<br>triadimefon  | 11 + 3        | 1.2 - 2.4 oz/100 gal                     | 12 hours             | Apply as a full coverage spray to the point of drip. Repeat at 14 - 28 day intervals.                               |
|   | Terraguard SC                | triflumizole                      | 3             | 2 - 8 fl oz/100 gal<br>(1/4 - 1 tsp/gal) | 12 hours             | For optimum disease control, applications should be made prior to, or at the first sign of disease.                 |
| Pyracantha fireblight                         | Junction                     | mancozeb + copper<br>hydroxide    | M3 + M1       | 1.5 lb/100 gal or<br>1/2 tablespoon/gal  | 24 hours             | Do not apply Junction in a spray solution having less than 6.5 pH as phytotoxicity may occur.                       |
|   | Junction WSP                 | mancozeb + copper<br>hydroxide    | M3 + M1       | 2.5 lb/100 gal                           | 48 hours             |   |
| Ramularia leaf spot                           | Daconil Ultrex               | chlorothalonil                    | M5            | 1.4 lbs/100 gal                          | 12 hours             | Begin application at first evidence of disease activity. See label for specific precautions regarding REI.          |
|   | Pegasus 6L                   | chlorothalonil                    | M5            | 1 3/8 pt/100 gal                         | 12 hours             | See label for specific precautions regarding REI.   |
|   | Pegasus DFX                  | chlorothalonil                    | M5            | 1.25 lb/100 gal                          | 12 hours             | See label for specific precautions regarding REI.   |
|   | Mancozeb DG<br>Protect DF    | mancozeb                          | М3            | 1 - 2 lb/100 gal                         | 24 hours             | Begin spraying when plants are well leafed out, or at the first sign of disease at 7 - 10 day intervals. See label. |
|   | MilStop                      | potassium bicarbonate             | NC            | 2.5 lb/100 gal                           | 1 hour               | Do not use on pansy at early stages of growth.  |
|   | Insignia SC Intrensic        | pyraclostrobin                    | 11            | 3 - 6.1 fl oz/100 gal                    | 12 hours             | Use preventatively.   |
|   | TwoSome                      | thiophanate-methyl + iprodione    | 1 + 2         | See label                                | 12 hours             | May be used as a foliar, root dip, or soil drench application. See label for rates.                                 |
| Ray blight Didymella (Cercospora) (continued) | Concert II                   | chlorothalonil +<br>propiconazole | M5 + 3        | 22 - 35 fl oz/100 gal                    | 12 hours             | Do not use Concert II in greenhouses. Apply every 21 days.  |

| Disease                                  | Product                             | Active Ingredient                 | FRAC<br>Code* | Rate                  | Re-entry<br>Interval | Comments   |
|--|-------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|---------------|-----------------------|----------------------|--|
| Ray blight Didymella (Ascochyta) (cont.) | 26019 N/G                           | iprodione                         | 2             | 1 - 2.5 lb/100 gal    | 12 hours             |  |
|  | MilStop                             | potassium bicarbonate             | NC            | 2.5 lb/100 gal        | 1 hour               | Do not use on pansy at early stages of growth.   |
|  | Banner Maxx II                      | propiconazole                     | 3             | 8 - 12 fl oz/100 gal  | 24 hours             | Rate depends on crop and disease. See label.   |
|  | ProPensity 1.3ME                    | propiconazole                     | 3             | 8 - 12 fl oz/100 gal  | 24 hours             | For general landscape use apply 6 - 8 fl oz/100 gal every 21 days before the onset of disease.                                   |
|  | 26/36                               | thiophanate-methyl + iprodione    | 1 + 2         | 33 - 84 fl oz/100 gal | 12 hours             | Do not use as a drench on impatiens, petunias, or pothos.  |
|  | TwoSome                             | thiophanate-methyl + iprodione    | 1 + 2         | See label             | 12 hours             | May be used as a foliar, root dip, or soil drench application. See label for rates.  |
| Rhabdocline                              | Protect DF                          | mancozeb                          | M3            | 1 - 2 lb/100 gal      | 24 hours             | To improve performance, add 2 - 4 oz. of an effective spreader-sticker, such as Cleary's Clearyspray, per 100 gallons of spray.  |
| Rust (see specific labels)               | Concert II                          | chlorothalonil +<br>propiconazole | M5 + 3        | 9 - 69 fl oz/100 gal  | 12 hours             | Do not use Concert II in greenhouses. Apply every 21 days.   |
|  | Prostar 70 WP                       | flutolanil                        | 7             | 3 - 6 oz/100 gal      | 12 hours             | Observe for phytotoxicity prior to each application of Prostar and 2 weeks after final application.                              |
|  | Mancozeb DG<br>Protect DF           | mancozeb                          | M3            | 1 - 2 lb/100 gal      | 24 hours             | Begin spraying when plants are well leafed out, or at the first sign of disease at 7 - 10 day intervals.                         |
|  | Eagle 20EW                          | myclobutanil                      | 3             | 8 fl oz/100 gal       | 24 hours             | See label for complete instructions regarding rates.   |
|  | Banner Maxx II and ProPensity 1.3ME | propiconazole                     | 3             | 2 - 16 fl oz/100 gal  | 24 hours             | Rate depends on the rust species. See label.   |
|  | Insignia SC Intrensic               | pyraclostrobin                    | 11            | 3 - 6.1 fl oz/100 gal | 12 hours             | Use preventatively.  |
|  | Pageant                             | pyraclostrobin + boscalid         | 7 + 11        | 6 - 12 oz/100 gal     | 12 hours             | Use preventatively. Begin applications when conditions are favorable for fungal infection, prior to disease symptom development. |
|  | Torque                              | tebuconazole                      | 3             | 4 - 10 fl oz/100 gal  | 12 hours             | Apply every 14 days for a total of three applications beginning at the first sign of disease.                                    |
|  | 3336 EG<br>3336 WP                  | thiophanate-methyl                | 1             | 12 - 16 oz/100 gal    | 12 hours             |  |
| (continued)                              | 3336 F                              | thiophanate-methyl                | 1             | 12 - 16 oz/100 gal    | 12 hours             |  |

| Disease                            | Product                             | Active Ingredient                | FRAC<br>Code* | Rate                                     | Re-entry<br>Interval | Comments   |
|------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|----------------------------------|---------------|--|----------------------|--|
| Rust (see specific labels) (cont.) | Eagle 20EW                          | myclobutanil                     | 3             | 8 fl oz/100 gal                          | 24 hours             | See label for complete instructions regarding rates.   |
|                                    | Banner Maxx II and ProPensity 1.3ME | propiconazole                    | 3             | 2 - 16 fl oz/100 gal                     | 24 hours             | Rate depends on the rust species. See label.   |
|                                    | Insignia SC Intrensic               | pyraclostrobin                   | 11            | 3 - 6.1 fl oz/100 gal                    | 12 hours             | Use preventatively.  |
|                                    | Pageant                             | pyraclostrobin + boscalid        | 7 + 11        | 6 - 12 oz/100 gal                        | 12 hours             | Use preventatively. Begin applications when conditions are favorable for fungal infection, prior to disease symptom development. |
|                                    | Torque                              | tebuconazole                     | 3             | 4 - 10 fl oz/100 gal                     | 12 hours             | Apply every 14 days for a total of three applications beginning at the first sign of disease.                                    |
|                                    | 3336 EG<br>3336 WP                  | thiophanate-methyl               | 1             | 12 - 16 oz/100 gal                       | 12 hours             |  |
|                                    | 3336 F                              | thiophanate-methyl               | 1             | 12 - 16 oz/100 gal                       | 12 hours             |  |
|                                    | Bayleton 50                         | triadimefon                      | 3             | 5.5 oz/275 - 550 gal                     | 12 hours             | Do not use on edible portions of plants.   |
|                                    | Bayleton FLO                        | triadimefon                      | 6             | 5.5 oz/275 - 550 gal                     | 12 hours             |  |
|                                    | Compass                             | trifloxystrobin                  | 11            | 2 - 4 oz/100 gal                         | 12 hours             | Use preventatively.  |
|                                    | Strike Plus 50 WDG                  | trifloxystrobin +<br>triadimefon | 11 + 3        | 1.2 - 2.4 oz/100 gal                     | 12 hours             | Apply as a full coverage spray to the point of drip.Repeat at 14 - 28 day intervals.   |
|                                    | Terraguard SC                       | triflumizole                     | 3             | 2 - 8 fl oz/100 gal<br>(1/4 - 1 tsp/gal) | 12 hours             | For optimum disease control, applications should be made prior to, or at the first sign of disease.                              |
| Scab (See specific labels)         | Heritage                            | azoxystobin                      | 11            | 4 oz/100 gal                             | 4 hours              | See label for specific rates. May cause phytotoxixity on apples or crabapples.   |
|                                    | Pegasus 6L                          | chlorothalonil                   | M5            | 1 3/8 pt/100 gal                         | 12 hours             | See label for specific precautions regarding REI.  |
|                                    | Pegasus DFX                         | chlorothalonil                   | M5            | 1.25 lb/100 gal                          | 12 hours             | See label for specific precautions regarding REI.  |
|                                    | Mancozeb DG                         | mancozeb                         | M3            | 1 - 2 lb/100 gal                         | 24 hours             | Begin spraying when plants are well leafed out, or at the first sign of disease at 7 - 10 day intervals.                         |
|                                    | Protect DF                          | mancozeb                         | М3            | 1 - 2 lb/100 gal                         | 24 hours             | To improve performance, add 2 - 4 oz. of an effective spreader-sticker, such as Cleary's Clearyspray, per 100 gallons of spray.  |
| (continued)                        | Junction                            | mancozeb + copper<br>hydroxide   | M3 + M1       | 1.5 lb/100 gal or<br>1/2 tablespoon/gal  | 24 hours             | Do not apply Junction in a spray solution having less than 6.5 pH as phytotoxicity may occur.                                    |

| Disease  | Product                                   | Active Ingredient              | FRAC<br>Code* | Rate                                     | Re-entry<br>Interval | Comments   |
|--|---|--------------------------------|---------------|--|----------------------|--|
| Scab (See specific labels) (cont.)             | Junction WSP                              | mancozeb + copper<br>hydroxide | M3 + M1       | 2.5 lb/100 gal                           | 48 hours             | See label for complete instruction on rates as some crops require a smaller rate than listed here.                               |
|  | Affirm WDG                                | polyoxin D zinc salts          | 19            | 0.5 oz ai/acre                           | 4 hours              | Do not apply more than 3 applications of Affirm per season.  |
|  | MilStop                                   | potassium bicarbonate          | NC            | 2.5 lb/100 gal                           | 1 hour               | Do not use on pansy at early stages of growth.   |
|  | Banner Maxx II<br>and ProPensity<br>1.3ME | propiconazole                  | 3             | 2 - 4 fl oz/100 gal                      | 24 hours             | Rate depends on crop and disease. See label.   |
|  | Insignia SC Intrensic                     | pyraclostrobin                 | 11            | 3 - 6.1 fl oz/100 gal                    | 12 hours             | Use preventatively.  |
|  | Pageant                                   | pyraclostrobin + boscalid      | 7 + 11        | 6 - 12 oz/100 gal                        | 12 hours             | Use preventatively. Begin applications when conditions are favorable for fungal infection, prior to disease symptom development. |
|  | Torque                                    | tebuconazole                   | 3             | 4 - 10 fl oz/100 gal                     | 12 hours             | Apply every 14 days for a total of three applications beginning at the first sign of disease.                                    |
|  | TwoSome                                   | thiophanate-methyl + iprodione | 1 + 2         | See label                                | 12 hours             | Mix 17 to 34 fl. oz. of this product with 100 gallons of water.  |
|  | Compass                                   | trifloxystrobin                | 11            | 2 - 4 oz/100 gal                         | 12 hours             | Use preventatively.  |
|  | Terraguard SC                             | triflumizole                   | 3             | 4 - 8 fl oz/100 gal<br>(1/4 - 1 tsp/gal) | 12 hours             | For optimum disease control, applications should be made prior to, or at the first sign of disease.                              |
| Sclerotinia blight/stem rot (Sclerotinia spp.) | Palladium                                 | cyprodinil + fludioxonil       | 9 + 12        | 2 - 4 oz/100 gal                         | 12 hours             | Foliar applications or excessive run-off of Palladium may cause stunting or chlorosis to geranium at higher rates.               |
|  | TwoSome                                   | thiophanate-methyl + iprodione | 1 + 2         | See label                                | 12 hours             | May be used as a foliar, root dip, or soil drench application. See label for rates.  |
| Septoria leaf spot (continued)                 | Daconil Ultrex                            | chlorothalonil                 | M5            | 1.4 lbs/100 gal                          |                      | Begin application at first evidence of disease activity. See label for specific precautions regarding REI.                       |

| Disease                     | Product                                | Active Ingredient                 | FRAC<br>Code* | Rate                                    | Re-entry<br>Interval | Comments  |
|-----------------------------|--|-----------------------------------|---------------|---|----------------------|---|
| Septoria leaf spot (cont.)  | Pegasus 6L                             | chlorothalonil                    | M5            | 1 3/8 pt/100 gal                        | 12 hours             | See label for specific precautions regarding REI.   |
|                             | Pegasus DFX                            | chlorothalonil                    | M5            | 1.25 lb/100 gal                         | 12 hours             | See label for specific precautions regarding REI.   |
|                             | Concert II                             | chlorothalonil +<br>propiconazole | M5 + 3        | 22 - 35 fl oz/100 gal                   | 12 hours             | Do not use Concert II in greenhouses.<br>Apply every 21 days.   |
|                             | Palladium                              | cyprodinil + fludioxonil          | 9 + 12        | 2 - 4 oz/100 gal                        | 12 hours             |   |
|                             | Mancozeb DG                            | mancozeb                          | М3            | 1 - 2 lb/100 gal                        | 24 hours             | Begin spraying when plants are well I eafed out, or at the first sign of disease at 7 - 10 day intervals.                       |
|                             | Protect DF                             | mancozeb                          | M3            | 1 - 2 lb/100 gal                        | 24 hours             | To improve performance, add 2 - 4 oz. of an effective spreader-sticker, such as Cleary's Clearyspray, per 100 gallons of spray. |
|                             | Junction                               | mancozeb + copper<br>hydroxide    | M3 + M1       | 1.5 lb/100 gal or<br>1/2 tablespoon/gal | 24 hours             | Do not apply Junction in a spray solution having less than 6.5 pH as phytotoxicity may occur.                                   |
|                             | Junction WSP                           | mancozeb + copper<br>hydroxide    | M3 + M1       | 2.5 lb/100 gal                          | 48 hours             | See label for complete instruction on rates as some crops require a smaller rate than listed here.                              |
|                             | MilStop                                | potassium bicarbonate             | NC            | 2.5 lb/100 gal                          | 1 hour               | Do not use on pansy at early stages of growth.  |
|                             | Banner Maxx II and ProPensity 1.3ME    | propiconazole                     | 3             | 8 - 12 fl oz/100 gal                    | 24 hours             | Rate depends on crop and disease. See label.  |
|                             | Insignia SC Intrensic                  | pyraclostrobin                    | 11            | 3 - 6.1 fl oz/100 gal                   | 12 hours             | Use preventatively.   |
|                             | TwoSome                                | thiophanate-methyl + iprodione    | 1 + 2         | See label                               | 12 hours             |   |
| Sphaeropsis leaf spot       | Daconil Ultrex                         | chlorothalonil                    | M5            | 1.4 lbs/100 gal                         | 12 hours             | Begin application at first evidence of disease activity. See label for specific precautions regarding REI.                      |
|                             | Pegasus 6L                             | chlorothalonil                    | M5            | 1 3/8 pt/100 gal                        | 12 hours             | See label for specific precautions regarding REI.   |
|                             | Pegasus DFX                            | chlorothalonil                    | M5            | 1.25 lb/100 gal                         | 12 hours             | See label for specific precautions regarding REI.   |
|                             | Mancozeb DG                            | mancozeb                          | M3            | 1 - 2 lb/100 gal                        | 24 hours             | Begin spraying when plants are well leafed out, or at the first sign of disease at 7 - 10 day intervals.                        |
| Spilocaea pyracantha (Scab) | Banner Maxx II and<br>ProPensity 1.3ME | propiconazole                     | 3             | 5 - 8 fl oz/100 gal                     | 24 hours             | See label for specific precautions regarding REI.   |
|                             | Concert II                             | chlorothalonil +<br>propiconazole | M5 + 3        | 26 - 35 fl oz/100 gal                   | 12 hours             | Do not use Concert II in greenhouses.<br>Apply every 21 days.   |

| Disease  | Product        | Active Ingredient              | FRAC<br>Code* | Rate                                    | Re-entry<br>Interval | Comments   |
|--|----------------|--------------------------------|---------------|---|----------------------|--|
| Stagonospora leaf scorch   | Daconil Ultrex | chlorothalonil                 | M5            | 1.4 lbs/100 gal                         | 12 hours             | Begin application at first evidence of disease activity. See label for specific precautions regarding REI.         |
|  | Pegasus 6L     | chlorothalonil                 | M5            | 1 3/8 pt/100 gal                        | 12 hours             | See label for specific precautions regarding REI.  |
|  | Pegasus DFX    | chlorothalonil                 | M5            | 1.25 lb/100 gal                         | 12 hours             | See label for specific precautions regarding REI.  |
|  | Palladium      | cyprodinil + fludioxonil       | 9 + 12        | 4 - 6 oz/100 gal                        | 12 hours             | Foliar applications or excessive run-off of Palladium may cause stunting or chlorosis to geranium at higher rates. |
| Stigmina shothole  | Pegasus 6L     | chlorothalonil                 | M5            | 1 3/8 pt/100 gal                        | 12 hours             | See label for specific precautions regarding REI.  |
|  | Pegasus DFX    | chlorothalonil                 | M5            | 1.25 lb/100 gal                         | 12 hours             | See label for specific precautions regarding REI.  |
| Taphrina leaf blister  | Mancozeb DG    | mancozeb                       | М3            | 1 - 2 lb/100 gal                        | 24 hours             | Begin spraying when plants are well leafed out, or at the first sign of disease at 7-10 day intervals.             |
| Tulip Fire<br>( <i>Botrytis tulipae</i> )                                | 26019 N/G      | iprodione                      | 2             | 1 - 2.5 lb/100 gal                      | 12 hours             | Rate depends on application method. See label.   |
| (Bollyllo lanpac)  | Mancozeb DG    | mancozeb                       | МЗ            | 1.5 lb/100 gal                          | 24 hours             | Begin spraying when plants are well leafed out, or at the first sign of disease at 7-10 day intervals.             |
| Viburnum downy mildew  | Junction       | mancozeb + copper<br>hydroxide | M3 + M1       | 1.5 lb/100 gal or<br>1/2 tablespoon/gal | 24 hours             | Do not apply Junction in a spray solution having less than 6.5 pH as phytotoxicity may occur.                      |
|  | Junction WSP   | mancozeb + copper<br>hydroxide | M3 + M1       | 2.5 lb/100 gal                          | 48 hours             | See label for complete instruction on rates as some crops require a smaller rate than listed here.                 |
| Volutella leaf blight/canker   | Daconil Ultrex | chlorothalonil                 | M5            | 1.4 lbs/100 gal                         | 12 hours             | Begin application at first evidence of disease activity. See label for specific precautions regarding REI.         |
|  | Pegasus 6L     | chlorothalonil                 | M5            | 1 3/8 pt/100 gal                        | 12 hours             | See label for specific precautions regarding REI.  |
|  | Pegasus DFX    | chlorothalonil                 | M5            | 1.25 lb/100 gal                         | 12 hours             | See label for specific precautions regarding REI.  |
|  | Protect DF     | mancozeb                       | МЗ            | 1 - 2 lb/100 gal                        | 24 hours             |  |
| Willow Tar Spot, leaf blight,<br>Scab, Black Canker,<br>Spot Anthracnose | Junction       | mancozeb + copper<br>hydroxide | M3 + M1       | 1.5 lb/100 gal or<br>1/2 tablespoon/gal | 24 hours             | Do not apply Junction in a spray solution having less than 6.5 pH as phytotoxicity may occur.                      |
| •  | Junction WSP   | mancozeb + copper<br>hydroxide | M3 + M1       | 2.5 lb/100 gal                          | 48 hours             | See label for complete instruction on rates as some crops require a smaller rate than listed here.                 |

# **ORNAMENTAL DISEASES (Home Garden)**

### **Sherrie Smith**

| Disease                             | Product  | Active Ingredient | FRAC<br>Code | Rate                         | Comments  |
|-------------------------------------|--|-------------------|--------------|------------------------------|---|
| Bacterial leaf spots/<br>blights    | Serenade Garden Disease<br>Control**                       | Bacillus subtilis | 44           | RTU*                         | Approved for organic use.   |
|                                     | Serenade Garden Disease<br>Control Concentrate**           | Bacillus subtilis | 44           | 4 - 8 tbs/gal                | Approved for organic use.   |
|                                     | Bayer Advanced Natria Disease<br>Control**                 | Bacillus subtilis | 44           | RTU*                         | Approved for organic use.   |
|                                     | Bonide Copper Dust**                                       | copper hydroxide  | M1           | 2 1/4 - 6 oz/gal             | Use at the first sign of disease.   |
|                                     | Bonide Liquid Copper Fungicide Concentrate**               | copper sulfate    | M1           | 0.5 - 2 oz/gal               | Also available RTU*   |
|                                     | Natural Guard Copper Soap RTU*                             | copper soap       | M1           | RTU*                         | Apply at first sign of disease.   |
|                                     | Ortho Disease B Gon Copper*                                | copper octanoate  | M1           | RTU*                         | One quart will treat 10 square feet.  |
| Black spot                          | Ortho Garden Disease Control                               | chlorothalonil    | M5           | 1 tbs                        |   |
| Fungal leaf spots<br>Powdery mildew | Bonide Fung-onil RTU*                                      | chlorothalonil    | M5           | RTU*                         | Apply at 7 - 14 days. Apply to runoff.  |
| Rusts                               | Bonide Fung-onil Concentrate                               | chlorothalonil    | M5           | 2 - 2.75 tsp/gal             | Apply at 7 - 14 days. Apply to runoff.  |
|                                     | Garden Tech Daconil Concentrate                            | chlorothalonil    | M5           | 1.5 tsp - 1 tbs              | Bud break. 7 - 14 days.   |
|                                     | Garden Tech Daconil Concentrate RTU*                       | chlorothalonil    | M5           | RTU*                         | Apply to runoff.  |
|                                     | Hi-Yield Vegetable, Flower, Fruit and Ornamental Fungicide | chlorothalonil    | M5           | 6 tsp/gal                    | Apply to runoff.  |
|                                     | Monterey Fruit Tree, Vegetable and Ornamental Fungicide    | chlorothalonil    | M5           | 2.5 tsp/gal for<br>200 sq ft | Apply at first sign of disease.   |
|                                     | Ferti-lome Broad Spectrum Lawn and Garden Fungicide        | chlorothalonil    | M5           | 4 - 14 tsp/gal               | Rate depends upon crop.   |
|                                     | Ferti-lome Broad Spectrum Lawn and Garden Fungicide RTU*   | chlorothalonil    | M5           | RTU*                         | Spray to the point of runoff.   |
| (continued)                         | Bonide Mancozeb FL with Zinc<br>Concentrate                | mancozeb          | МЗ           | 2 - 5 tsp/gal                | Begin spraying when plants are well leafed out or at first sign of disease, in a full coverage spray at 7 - 10 day intervals throughout the season. |

### ORNAMENTAL DISEASES (Home Garden) - continued

| Disease   | Product  | Active Ingredient                 | FRAC<br>Code | Rate   | Comments  |
|---|--|-----------------------------------|--------------|--|---|
| Black spot<br>Fungal leaf spots<br>Powdery mildew<br>Rusts <i>(cont.)</i> | Ferti-lome F-Stop Lawn and Garden<br>Fungicide RTU*                                  | myclobutanil                      | 3            | RTU*   | Apply to the point when spray begins to run off<br>the leaves. Treat once every 2 weeks through-<br>out the season or until conditions for favorable<br>disease development (warm, moist weather)<br>are no longer present. |
|   | Ferti-lome F-Stop Lawn and Garden Fungicide  | myclobutanil                      | 3            | 3 tbs/gal  |   |
|   | Spectracide Immunox Plus Insect and Disease Control for Gardens RTU*                 | myclobutanil + permethrin         | 3            | RTU*   | Begin early in the season. Start treating when insects first appear or conditions favoring disease start to develop.  |
|   | Spectracide Immunox Multi-Purpose<br>Fungicide Spray Concentrate<br>for Gardens      | myclobutanil                      | 3            | 1 tbs/gal  | Apply to the point when spray just begins to run off the leaves. Apply once every two weeks.  |
|   | Neem (various brands)  | neem oil                          | NC***        | RTU*   |   |
|   | GreenCure**  | potassium bicarbonate             | NC***        | 1 - 2 tbs/gal  | Approved for organic use.   |
|   | Kaligreen**  | potassium bicarbonate             | NC***        | 2.5 - 3 lb/A   | Approved for organic use.   |
|   | MilStop**  | potassium bicarbonate             | NC***        | 2.5 - 3 lb/A   | Approved for organic use.   |
|   | Actinovate Biological Lawn and Garden Fungicide**                                    | Streptomyces lydicus              | NC***        | 1 - 2 tsp/2 gal  | One cup of solution usually treats about one 6-inch pot or its equivalent.  |
|   | Ferti-lome Dusting Sulfur**  | sulfur                            | M2           | 4 tbs/gal (or use as<br>a dusting powder<br>directly out of the can) | DO NOT RE-ENTER TREATED AREAS FOR AT LEAST 24 HOURS AFTER APPLICATION IS MADE.  |
|   | Bonide Sulfur Plant Fungicide**  | sulfur                            | M2           | 2 - 2 1/4 tbs/gal  | Begin when diseases appear and repeat at 5 - 10 day intervals and after rains.  |
|   | BioAdvanced Science-Based Solutions<br>All-In-One Rose & Flower Spray<br>Concentrate | tebuconazole +<br>tau-fluvalinate | 3            | 5 1/4 tbs/gal  | Apply the product to growing plants during early morning or late evening, when bees are not present.  |
|   | Bayer Advanced Garden – Disease<br>Control for Roses, Flowers, Shrubs                | tebuconazole                      | 3            | 1 qt makes 42 gal of<br>spray (or 1.52 tbs/gal)                      | Apply every 7 - 14 days during the growing season, starting when leaves first appear.   |
| (continued)   | Bayer Advanced All-In-One Rose and Flower Care                                       | tebuconazole + imidacloprid       | 3            | See label.   | Soil drench. Protects against diseases for up to 6 weeks.   |

# ORNAMENTAL DISEASES (Home Garden) – continued

| Disease   | Product  | Active Ingredient    | FRAC<br>Code | Rate             | Comments  |
|---|--|----------------------|--------------|------------------|---|
| Black spot<br>Fungal leaf spots<br>Powdery mildew<br>Rusts <i>(cont.)</i> | Bonide Infuse Systemic for<br>Turf and Ornamentals | thiophanate-methyl   | 1            | 3 lb/1,000 sq ft | See label for warnings and crop restrictions.   |
|   | Ortho Rose and Flower<br>Disease Control           | triticonazole        | 3            | 2 fl oz/gal      | Apply as soon as disease problems are noticed. Wait 2 - 4 weeks to re-apply if disease problems reappear. Each gallon is intended to treat 100 sq ft of garden area.  |
| Fire Blight   | Ferti-lome Fire Blight Spray                       | streptomycin sulfate | 25           | 1 tbs/2 1/2 gal  | Begin at blooming period, then every 3 - 4 days during bloom. Spray timing and coverage important for fire blight control. Professional spray equipment and applications may be necessary for larger trees. |
| Viruses   | No chemical treatments                             |                      |              |                  |   |

<sup>\*</sup> RTU – Ready to use.

\*\* Approved for organic use.

\*\*\* NC – Resistance unknown.

### **DISEASES of COMMERCIAL PECANS**

#### **Sherrie Smith and Aaron Cato**

| Growth Stage | Disease  | Product       | Active<br>Ingredient             | FRAC<br>Code | Rate/Acre      | Re-entry<br>Interval | Days to<br>Harvest | Comments  |
|--------------|--|---------------|----------------------------------|--------------|----------------|----------------------|--------------------|---|
| Bud Break    | Anthracnose<br>Scab  | Abound FL     | azoxystrobin                     | 11           | 6 - 12 fl oz   | 4 hours              | 45                 | Apply Abound when buds are bursting and first leaves are beginning to show.   |
|              | Downy spot<br>Liver spot<br>Powdery mildew<br>Scab<br>Vein spot<br>Zonate leaf spot                              | Amistar Top   | azoxystrobin +<br>difenoconazole | 11<br>3      | 8 - 14 fl oz   | 12 hours             | 45                 | Apply Amistar Top on a 14- to 21-day schedule, making no more than two sequential applications before alternating to another fungicide with a non-Qol (Group 11) mode of action.  |
|              | Downy leaf spot<br>Liver spot<br>Powdery mildew<br>Scab<br>Vein spot<br>Zonate leaf spot                         | Quadris Top   | azoxystrobin +<br>difenoconazole | 11 + 3       | 8 - 14 fl oz   | 12 hours             | 45                 | Apply Quadris Top on a 14 - 21 day schedule. Do not make more than 2 sequential applications.   |
|              | Anthracnose<br>Downy leaf spot<br>Powdery mildew<br>Scab<br>Zonate leaf spot                                     | Topguard EQ   | azoxystrobin +<br>flutriafol     | 11 + 3       | 5 - 8 fl oz    | 12 hours             | 45                 | Apply Topguard EQ at bud break for scab.  |
|              | Anthracnose<br>Downy leaf spot<br>Powdery mildew<br>Scab<br>Zonate leaf spot                                     | Quilt Xcel    | azoxystrobin +<br>propiconazole  | 11 + 3       | 14 - 21 fl oz  | 12 hours             | 45                 | Do not apply Quilt Xcel after shuck split.  |
|              | Scab   | Pristine      | boscalid +<br>pyraclostrobin     | 7 + 11       | 10.5 - 14.5 oz | 12 hours             | 14                 | Make no more than 4 applications of Pristine per season.  |
|              | Downy Spot<br>Scab<br>Powdery Mildew   | Inspire Super | difenoconazole +<br>cyprodinil   | 3 + 9        | 12 fl oz       | 12 hours             | 14                 | Apply Inspire Super on a 14 - 21 day schedule, making no more than two sequential applications before alternating to another fungicide with a different mode of action.   |
| (continued)  | Downy leaf spot<br>Gnomonia leaf spot<br>Leaf blotch<br>Powdery mildew<br>Scab<br>Vein spot                      | Enable 2 F    | fenbuconazole                    | 3            | 8 fl oz        | 12 hours             | 28                 | Apply Enable 2 F when buds are bursting and first leaves are beginning to show. Do not apply after shuck split.   |
|              | Scab Powdery mildew Alternaria Anthracnose Shothole Eastern filbert blight Brown rot Downy spot Zonate leaf spot | Rhyme         | flutriafol                       | 3            | 3.5-7 fl oz    | 12 hours             | 14                 | For Pecan Scab control, start application at bud break. For all other disease apply preventatively or when conditions are favorable for disease development. Repeat as necessary if conditions are favorable for disease development. |

#### **DISEASES of COMMERCIAL PECANS – continued**

| Growth Stage         | Disease   | Product   | Active<br>Ingredient                                      | FRAC<br>Code | Rate/Acre   | Re-entry<br>Interval | Days to<br>Harvest                       | Comments  |
|----------------------|---|---|---|--------------|---|----------------------|--|---|
| Bud Break<br>(cont.) | Anthracnose<br>Powdery mildew<br>Scab   | Luna Sensation                                  | fluopyram +<br>trifloxystrobin                            | 7 + 11       | 4 - 7.6 fl oz   | 12 hours             | 14                                       | Do not apply Luna Sensation after shuck split or within 30 days of harvest.   |
|                      | Anthracnose<br>Scab   | Merivon   | fluxapyroxad +<br>pyraclostrobin                          | 7 + 11       | 5 - 6.5 oz  | 12 hours             | 14                                       | Begin applications of Merivon prior to onset of disease development and continue on a 7 - 21 day interval for the control of scab. Use the shorter interval and/or the higher rate when disease pressure is high. |
|                      | Scab  | Sovran  | kresoxim-methyl   | 11           | 2.4 - 4.8 oz  | 12 hours             | 45                                       | Apply Sovran when buds are bursting and first leaves begin to show. See label.  |
|                      | Scab  | Quash   | metconazole   | 3            | 2.5 - 3.5 oz  | 12 hours             | 25                                       | Begin applications of Quash when leaves reach one-half mature size.   |
|                      | Phytophthora<br>Pythium<br>Fusarium<br>Rhizoctonia<br>Powdery mildew  | Fosphite  | mono- and<br>di-potassium salts<br>of phosphorous<br>acid | 33           | 1 - 3 qt/gal<br>(see label for<br>trunk injection<br>rates)                         | 4 hours              | 0  | Foliar, or aerial, or root dip, or irrigation or trunk injection. See label for rates and complete instructions. Do not apply during dormancy.  |
|                      | Phytophthora<br>Scab  | Alude   | mono- and<br>di-potassium salts<br>of phosphorous<br>acid | 33           | 2.5 - 5 pts/A   | 4 hours              | See<br>label.                            | Apply with first irrigation in spring for Phytophthora. Repeat at 3 - 5 month intervals. For scab begin at bud break as preventative.   |
|                      | Downy leaf spot<br>Leaf spot<br>Liver spot<br>Scab<br>Vein spot<br>Zonate leaf spot   | PropiMax EC                                     | propiconazole   | 3            | 6 - 8 fl oz   | 12 hours             | Do not<br>apply after<br>shuck<br>split. | Apply PropiMax on a 14-day schedule during bud break and re-pollination sprays. See label.  |
|                      | Downy leaf spot<br>Leaf spot<br>Liver spot<br>Powdery mildew<br>Scab<br>Vein spot<br>Zonate leaf spot   | Tilt  | propiconazole   | 3            | 4 - 8 fl oz   | 12 hours             | Do not<br>apply after<br>shuck<br>split. | Apply Tilt on a 14-day schedule during bud break pre-pollination.   |
|                      | Anthracnose<br>Scab   | Stratego  | propiconazole +<br>trifloxystrobin                        | 3 + 11       | 10 oz   | 12 hours             | 30                                       | Do not apply more than 2 sequential applications of Stratego before alternating with a fungicide with a different FRAC code.  |
| (continued)          | Brown leaf spot Downy leaf spot Fungal leaf scorch Leaf blotch Leaf spot Liver spot Powdery mildew Scab Sooty mold Vein spot Zonate leaf spot | Orbit 45 WP AGPAK/<br>Super Tin*<br>80 WP AGPAK | propiconazole +<br>triphenyltin                           | 3 + 30       | 5 acres/<br>20 oz Orbit 45<br>WP AGPAK +<br>18.75 oz<br>Super Tin<br>80 WP<br>AGPAK | 48 hours             | 30                                       | Apply Orbit and Super Tin AGPAKS when new leaves are unfolding. See label for restrictions.   |

### **DISEASES of COMMERCIAL PECANS – continued**

| Growth Stage      | Disease   | Product  | Active<br>Ingredient               | FRAC<br>Code | Rate/Acre                               | Re-entry<br>Interval | Days to<br>Harvest                       | Comments   |
|-------------------|---|--|------------------------------------|--------------|---|----------------------|--|--|
| Bud Break (cont.) | Downy leaf spot<br>Liver spot<br>Powdery mildew<br>Scab<br>Vein spot<br>Zonate Leaf Spot                  | Miravis Top                                    | pydiflumetofen +<br>difenoconazole | 3 + 7        | 6.8-9 fl oz./A                          | 12 hours             | 45                                       | Do not apply after shuck split.  |
|                   | Scab  | Headline SC                                    | pyraclostrobin                     | 11           | 6 - 7 oz                                | 12 hours             | 14                                       | Begin applications of Headline SC prior to disease development and continue on a 14-day interval.  |
|                   | Anthracnose<br>Scab   | Adament 50 WG                                  | tebuconazole +<br>trifloxystrobin  | 3 + 11       | 3 - 8 oz                                | 12 hours             | 60                                       | Begin applications of Adament when conditions are favorable for disease but before infection. Apply on a 7 - 14 day spray schedule.  |
|                   | Brown leaf spot Downy leaf spot Liver spot Powdery mildew Scab Stem end blight Vein spot Zonate leaf spot | Topsin M 70 WDG                                | thiophanate-methyl                 | 1            | 1 lb                                    | 12 hours             | Do not<br>apply after<br>shuck<br>split. | Begin applications of Topsin when first leaves are showing and repeat at 3 - 4 week intervals until shuck split.   |
|                   | Brown leaf spot Downy leaf spot Liver spot Powdery mildew Scab Stem end blight Vein spot Zonate leaf spot | Topsin M 70 WP                                 | thiophanate-methyl                 | 1            | 1 lb                                    | 12 hours             | Do not<br>apply after<br>shuck<br>split. | Begin applications of Topsin when first leaves are showing and repeat at 3 - 4 week intervals until shuck split.   |
|                   | Brown spot Downy spot Fungal leaf scorch Powdery mildew Scab Zonate leaf spot                             | Bonide Infuse<br>Systemic Disease<br>Control** | thiophanate-methyl                 | 1            | 2 tbsp<br>(1 fl oz) per<br>gal of water | See label.           |  | Non-bearing fruit and nut trees are those trees that will not produce fruit for a least one year after application of this product.  Apply product to the point just when it begins to run off the leaves. |

### **DISEASES of COMMERCIAL PECANS – continued**

| Growth Stage                       | Disease   | Product          | Active<br>Ingredient     | FRAC<br>Code | Rate/Acre  | Re-entry<br>Interval | Days to<br>Harvest | Comments  |
|------------------------------------|---|------------------|--------------------------|--------------|------------|----------------------|--------------------|---|
|                                    | Brown leaf spot Downy leaf spot Leaf blotch Liver spot Powdery mildew Scab Sooty mold | Super Tin 80 WP* | triphenylin<br>hydroxide | 30           | 5 - 7.5 oz | 48 hours             | 30                 | Begin applications of Super Tin at pre-pollination before leaves begin unfolding.   |
| Second<br>Pre-Pollination<br>Spray | Same as<br>Bud Break  |                  |                          |              |            |                      |                    | Apply 14 days after pre-bud sprays. Follow labels.  |
| First Cover<br>Spray               | Same as<br>Bud Break  |                  |                          |              |            |                      |                    | Apply 14 days after pre-pollination spray or when young nuts first appear.  |
| Second Cover<br>Spray              | Same as<br>First Cover  |                  |                          |              |            |                      |                    | Apply 3 weeks after first cover spray.  |
| Third Cover<br>Spray               | Same as<br>Second Cover   |                  |                          |              |            |                      |                    | Apply 2 - 3 weeks after second cover spray.   |
| Fourth Cover<br>Spray              | Same as<br>Third Cover  |                  |                          |              |            |                      |                    | Apply 2 - 3 weeks after third cover spray.  |
| Fifth Cover<br>Spray               | Same as<br>Fourth Cover   |                  |                          |              |            |                      |                    | Apply 2 - 3 weeks after fourth cover spray.   |
| Sixth Cover<br>Spray               | Same as<br>Fifth Cover  |                  |                          |              |            |                      |                    | Apply 2 - 3 weeks after fifth cover spray. A seventh spray may be needed if rainy weather persists in late August, but fungicides should not be applied after shucks begin to open. |

<sup>\*</sup>Super Tin is a restricted use pesticide – see label for warnings.

<sup>\*\*</sup>Labeled for homeowner use.

# **TOMATO DISEASES (Commercial Production)**

### **Terry Spurlock and Aaron Cato**

| Disease   | Product  | Active<br>Ingredient         | FRAC<br>Code | Rate/Acre                                | Re-entry<br>Interval       | Comments  |  |  |  |
|---|--|------------------------------|--------------|--|----------------------------|---|--|--|--|
| TRANSPLANT PRODUCTIO  | TRANSPLANT PRODUCTION  |                              |              |  |                            |   |  |  |  |
| Bacterial Speck and Bacterial Spot  (Seed Disinfection for transplant production) | Bleach   | 5.25% sodium<br>hypochlorite |              | 1 part bleach +<br>4 parts water         |                            | Wash tomato seed in bleach solution for 45 minutes with constant agitation. Air dry disinfected seed on a clean bench immediately.                        |  |  |  |
| Transplant Protection   | Agrimycin 17   | streptomycin sulfate         | 25           | 1 lb in 100 gal water                    |                            | Spray transplants every 10 days from first leaf until transplanted. For use only in transplant production beds.   |  |  |  |
| Early Blight, Gray Mold and Late Blight (transplants)                             | Bravo Ultrex 82.5 WDG<br>Bravo WeatherStik 6 F<br>Bravo 500 4.17 F | chlorothalonil               | M5           | 1.3 - 1.8 lb<br>1 3/8 - 2 pt<br>2 - 3 pt | 2 days<br>2 days<br>2 days | Starting at emergence, spray transplants every week until transplanted. Good coverage is essential.   |  |  |  |
|   | Scala SC   | pyrimethanil                 | 9            | 7 fl oz                                  | 12 hours                   | See label for restrictions and warnings.  |  |  |  |
|   | Dithane DF (Rainshield NT) Manzate 75 DF Penncozeb 75 DF           | mancozeb                     | M3           | 1.5 - 2 lb<br>1.5 - 2 lb<br>0.75 - 2 lb  | 1 day<br>1 day<br>1 day    | Starting at emergence, spray transplants every week until transplanted. Good coverage is essential. Latron surfactant is recommended to improve coverage. |  |  |  |
|   | OR plus<br>Serenade MAX  | Bacillus subtilis            | 44           | 1 - 2 lb                                 | 0 day                      | Do not use without a tank mix partner of one of the previously listed products.   |  |  |  |

### **TOMATO DISEASES (Commercial Production) – continued**

| Disease   | Product  | Active<br>Ingredient                 | FRAC<br>Code      | Rate/Acre  | Re-entry<br>Interval    | Pre-Harvest<br>Interval | Comments  |
|---|--|--------------------------------------|-------------------|--|-------------------------|-------------------------|---|
| FIELD PRODUCTIO                                     | N  |                                      |                   |  |                         |                         |   |
| Early Blight Late Blight                            | Quadris 2.08   | azoxystrobin                         | 11                | 5 - 6.2 fl oz  | 4 hr                    | 0                       | Apply at first sign of disease and repeat every 7 - 21 days. Do not make more than one  |
| Septoria Leaf Spot                                  | Quadris Opti   | azoxystrobin +<br>chlorothalonil     | 11<br>M5          | 1.6 pt   | 12 hr                   | 0                       | application of strobilurins before rotating to a fungicide with a different mode of action. No more than 5 applications per acre per year. See label for incompatible spray mixtures. |
|   | Aprovia Top  | difenoconazole +<br>benzovindiflupyr | 3 + 7             | 10.5 – 13.5<br>fl. oz/A                                    | 12 hours                | 0                       | Apply by ground or by chemigation.<br>Chemigation with excessive water may<br>lead to a decrease in efficacy.   |
|   | Orondis Opti   | oxathiapiprolin+<br>chlorothalanil   | U15 + M5          | 1.75 – 2.5<br>fl. oz/A                                     | 12 hours                | 0                       | Do not follow soil applications of other oxathiapiprolin-containing products with foliar applications of Orondis Opti.  |
|   | Cabrio 20 EG   | pyraclostrobin                       | 11                | 8 - 12 oz  | 12 hr                   | 0                       | Use 8 - 16 oz for late blight. Maximum amount per season is 96 oz. See label for other information.   |
|   | Flint 50 WG  | trifloxystrobin                      | 11                | 2 - 4 oz   | 12 hr                   | 3                       | Apply at first sign of disease and repeat every 7 - 10 days. Use the higher rate for late blight. Suppression only for Septoria. See label for other precautions and restrictions.    |
|   | Bravo Ultrex 82.5 WDG<br>Bravo WeatherStik 6 F<br>Bravo 500 4.17 F   | chlorothalonil                       | M5                | 1.3 - 1.8 lb<br>1 3/8 - 2 pt<br>2 - 3 pt                   | 12 hr<br>12 hr<br>12 hr | 0<br>0<br>0             | Apply at 7 - 10 day interval after first appearance of disease. Do not mix chlorothalonil with Copper-Count N, Foil, DIPEL, Triton, AG98 or Latron surfactants.                       |
|   | Gavel 75 DF  | mancozeb +<br>zoxamide               | M3<br>22          | 1.5 - 2 lb   | 2 days                  | 5                       | See label for restrictions and warnings.  |
|   | <b>OR plus</b><br>Serenade MAX                                       | Bacillus subtilis                    | 44                | 1 - 3 lb   | 4 hr                    | 0                       | Do not use without a tank mix partner of one of the previously listed products.   |
|   | Tanos 50 WG  | famoxadone + cymoxanil               | 11<br>27          | 6 - 8 oz   |                         | 3                       |   |
| Early Blight<br>Late Blight<br>Septoria Leaf Spot   | mancozeb <b>OR</b> chlorothalonil <b>OR</b> azoxystrobin <b>plus</b> |                                      | M3 or M5<br>or 11 | See above  | See above               | See above               | See above   |
| and Bacterial Speck Bacterial Spot Bacterial Canker | Kocide 2000<br>Kocide 4.5 LF<br>Nu-Cop 3 L<br>Champion WP            | copper hydroxide                     | M1                | 1.5 - 3 lb<br>1 1/3 - 2 1/3 pt<br>1 1/3 - 2 1/3 pt<br>2 lb | 2 day                   | 0                       | Spray on a 7 - 10 day schedule as above.  |
|   | OR BasiCop WP Champ 4.6 F Tenn-Cop 5 E                               | fixed copper                         | M1                | 2 - 4 lb<br>1 1/3 - 2 1/3 pt<br>3 pt                       | 1 day                   | 0                       |   |
|   | Cuprofix Ultra 40 Disperss   | copper sulfate                       | M1                | 0.75 - 3 lb  | 12 hr                   | 0                       |   |

### **TOMATO DISEASES (Commercial Production) – continued**

| Disease                              | Product                  | Active<br>Ingredient                 | FRAC<br>Code | Rate/Acre               | Re-entry<br>Interval | Pre-Harvest<br>Interval | Comments  |
|--------------------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------------------|--------------|-------------------------|----------------------|-------------------------|---|
| FIELD PRODUCTION                     | ON (cont.)               |                                      |              |                         |                      |                         |   |
| Anthracnose<br>Early Blight          | Quadris Top              | azoxystrobin +<br>difenoconazole     | 11 + 3       | 8 fl oz                 | 12 hr                | 0                       |   |
| Septoria Leaf Spot<br>Powdery Mildew | Aftershock, Evito 480 SC | fluoxastrobin                        | 11           | 2 - 5.7 fl oz           | 12 hr                | 3                       |   |
| 1 owdery window                      | Priaxor                  | fluxapyroxad +<br>pyraclostrobin     | 7 + 11       | 4 - 8 fl oz             | 12 hr                | 7                       | Use 6 - 8 fl oz for powdery mildew control.   |
|                                      | Switch                   | cyprodanil + fludioxonil             | 9 + 12       | 11 - 14 fl. oz/A        | 12 hr                | 0                       | Only controls Early Blight, Gray Mold, and Powdery Mildew. Do not apply more than 56 oz/A of Switch 62.5WG per year.  |
|                                      | Inspire Super            | difenoconazole + cyprodinil          | 3 + 9        | 16 - 20 fl oz           | 12 hr                | 0                       |   |
|                                      | Aprovia Top              | difenoconazole +<br>benzovindiflupyr | 3 + 7        | 10.5 – 13.5<br>fl. oz/A | 12 hr                | 0                       | Apply by ground or by chemigation. Chemigation with excessive water may lead to a decrease in efficacy.   |
|                                      | Fontelis                 | penthiopyrad                         | 7            | 16 - 24 fl oz           | 12 hr                | 0                       |   |
| Late Blight only                     | Quadris 2.08             | azoxystrobin                         | 11           | 5 - 6.2 fl oz           | 4 hr                 | 0                       | Spray on a 5 - 7 day interval.  |
|                                      | Quadris Opti             | azoxystrobin + chlorothalonil        | 11<br>M5     | 1.6 pt                  | 4 hr                 | 0                       | See above.  |
|                                      | Cabrio 20 EG             | pyraclostrobin                       | 11           | 8 - 16 oz               | 12 hr                | 0                       | Do not make more than one application before alternating to a non-strobilurin fungicide.  |
|                                      | Orondis Ultra            | oxathiapiprolin +<br>mandipropamid   | U15 + M5     | 5.5 – 8.0 fl.<br>oz/A   | 4 hr                 | 1                       | Use the higher rates when disease is present, for longer application intervals, or for susceptible varieties. Also controls Phytophthora Blight and Downey Mildew. See Label for specific application instructions. |
| Late Blight and                      | Quadris 2.08             | azoxystrobin                         | 11           | 5 - 6.2 fl oz           | 4 hr                 | 0                       | Apply prior to disease development and repeat every 5 - 7 days. Do not make   |
| Buckeye Rot                          | Quadris Opti             | azoxystrobin +<br>chlorothalonil     | 11<br>M5     | 1.6 pt                  | 4 hr                 | 0                       | more than one application of strobilurins before rotating to a fungicide with a different mode of action. No more than 5 applications per acre per year. See label for incompatible spray mixtures.                 |
|                                      | Orondis Opti             | oxathiapiprolin+<br>chlorothalanil   | U15 + M5     | 1.75 – 2.5<br>fl. oz/A  | 12 hrs               | 0                       | Do not follow soil applications of other oxathiapiprolin-containing products with foliar applications of Orondis Opti.  |
|                                      | Gavel 75 DF              | mancozeb +<br>zoxamide               | M3<br>22     | 1.5 - 2 lb              | 2 days               | 5                       | See label for restrictions and warnings.  |
|                                      | Ridomil Gold MZ          | mefenoxam                            | 4            | 2.5 lb                  | 48 hr                | 14                      | Apply every 14 days if conditions favor late blight or buckeye rot (cool, wet weather). No more than 3 applications per crop.   |

### **TOMATO DISEASES (Commercial Production) – continued**

| Disease                            | Product  | Active<br>Ingredient                            | FRAC<br>Code              | Rate/Acre                      | Re-entry<br>Interval | Comments    | Comments  |
|------------------------------------|--|---|---------------------------|--------------------------------|----------------------|-------------|---|
| FIELD PRODUCT                      | TION (cont.)   |   |                           |                                |                      |             |   |
|                                    | Ridomil Gold-Copper                                  | mefenoxam +<br>copper                           | 4<br>M1                   | 2 lb                           | 48 hr                | 14          | Apply every 14 days if conditions favor late blight or buckeye rot (cool, wet weather). No more than 3 applications per crop. |
|                                    | Gavel 75 DF<br>Quadris 2.08 F<br>Quadris Opti 5.5 SC | mancozeb + zoxamide azoxystrobin azoxystrobin + | M3 + 22<br>11<br>11<br>M5 | 1.5 - 2 lb<br>6.2 oz<br>1.6 pt |                      | 5<br>0<br>0 |   |
|                                    | Presidio 4 SC  | chlorothalonil<br>fluopicolide                  | 43                        | 3 - 4 oz                       |                      | 2           |   |
| Late Blight<br>and<br>Early Blight | Previcur Flex  | propamocarb<br>hydrochloride                    | 28                        | 0.7 - 1.5 pt                   | 12 hr                | 5           | See label for restrictions and warnings.  |
| ,                                  | Reason 500 SC  | fenamidone                                      | 11                        | 5.5 - 8.2 fl oz                | 12 hr                | 14          | See label for restrictions and warnings.  |
| Southern Blight                    | Blocker  | PCNB  | 14                        | 1.2 - 1.8 gal                  | 12 hr                |             | In-furrow or transplant application only.   |

# TOMATO DISEASES (Home Garden) Sherrie Smith

| Disease   | Product  | Active<br>Ingredient | FRAC<br>Code | Rate/Acre                                       | Re-entry<br>Interval | Comments  |
|---|--|----------------------|--------------|---|----------------------|---|
| Bacterial Leaf and Fruit Spots                                  | Bio Advanced Natria<br>Disease Control**                   | Bacillus subtilis    | 44           | RTU*  | 0                    | For best results, treat prior to foliar disease development or at the first sign of foliar disease infection.   |
|   | Bonide Copper Dust**                                       | copper hydroxide     | M1           | 2 1/4 - 6 oz/gal                                | 0                    | Begin to apply in plant bed as soon as plants are established. Repeat at 4 - 14 day intervals throughout growing season.                                  |
|   | Bonide Liquid Copper Fungicide Concentrate**               | copper sulfate       | M1           | 0.5 - 2 oz/gal                                  | 0                    | Also available RTU.*  |
|   | Natural Guard Copper Soap RTU*                             | copper soap          | M1           | RTU*  | Label                | Apply at first evidence of disease.   |
| Fungal Leaf and<br>Fruit Spots<br>including<br>Early Blight and | Serenade**   | Bacillus subtilis    | 44           | 2 - 4 fl oz/gal                                 | 0                    | Spray plants to runoff, covering both top and bottom surface of foliage to ensure thorough coverage.  |
| Septoria Leaf Spot  | Natria Disease Control**                                   | Bacillus subtilis    | 44           | RTU*  | 0                    | Approved for organic use.   |
|   | Ortho Garden Disease<br>Control (Daconil)                  | chlorothalonil       | M5           | 1 tbs/gal                                       | 0                    | Apply every 7 - 14 days when diseases are threatening.  |
|   | Ferti-lome Liquid Fungicide                                | chlorothalonil       | M5           | 2 tbs/gal                                       | 0                    | Apply at first evidence of disease, then 7 - 10 days.   |
|   | Hi-Yield Vegetable, Flower, Fruit and Ornamental Fungicide | chlorothalonil       | M5           | 6 tsp per<br>application,<br>42 tsp per<br>year | 0                    | Begin applications when dew or rain occur and disease threatens. Use the highest rate and shortest interval specified when disease conditions are severe. |
|   | Bonide Fung-onil Multipurpose Fungicide Concentrate        | chlorothalonil       | M5           | 1 - 1 1/2 tbs/gal                               | 0                    | Apply at first evidence of disease.   |
|   | Bonide Fung-onil RTU                                       | chlorothalonil       | M5           | RTU*  | 0                    | Begin when conditions favor disease.  |
|   | Garden Tech Daconil Fungicide<br>Concentrate               | chlorothalonil       | M5           | See label.                                      | 0                    | Apply at first evidence of disease.   |
|   | Monterey Fruit Tree, Vegetable and Ornamental Fungicide    | chlorothalonil       | M5           | 2 1/2 tsp/gal for<br>200 sq ft                  | 0                    | Begin applications when dew or rain occur and disease threatens. Use the highest rate and shortest interval specified when disease conditions are severe. |
| (continued)   | Bonide Liquid Copper Fungicide Concentrate**               | copper salts         | M1           | RTU*  | 1                    | Approved for organic use.   |

### TOMATO DISEASES (Home Garden) – continued

| Disease                                       | Product   | Active<br>Ingredient             | FRAC<br>Code       | Rate/Acre                                       | Re-entry<br>Interval | Comments  |
|---|---|----------------------------------|--------------------|---|----------------------|---|
| Fungal Leaf (cont.) and Fruit Spots including | Bonide Copper Dust**  | copper sulfate                   | M1 + M2            | 2 1/4 - 6 oz/gal                                | 1                    | Begin to apply in plant bed as soon as plants are established. Repeat at 4 - 14 day intervals throughout growing season.  |
| Early Blight and<br>Septoria Leaf Spot        | Bonide Mancozeb Flowable w/Zinc   | mancozeb                         | M3                 | 2 - 5 tbs/gal                                   | 5                    | Apply at first evidence of disease.   |
|   | Neem (various brands)   | neem oil                         | NC***              | RTU* and in concentrate, see individual labels. | 0                    | Use with care on plants with tender tissue. Check for leaf burn in small scale trials prior to use.   |
|   | Kaligreen**   | potassium bicarbonate            | NC***              | 2 1/2 - 3 lb/A                                  | 1                    | Begin applications at first sign of disease.  |
|   | GreenCure **  | potassium bicarbonate            | NC***              | 1 - 2 tbs/gal                                   | 1                    | Begin applications at first sign of disease.  |
|   | GreenCure EZ**  | potassium bicarbonate            | NC***              | RTU*  | 1                    |   |
|   | MilStop**   | potassium bicarbonate            | NC***              | 2 - 5 lb/A                                      | 1                    | Begin applications at first sign of disease.  |
|   | Actinovate® Lawn and Garden**<br>(foliar and Pythium, Phytophthora,<br>Rhizoctonia, Fusarium root rots) | Streptomyces lydicus<br>WYEC 108 |                    | 1/2 - 2 tsp/<br>2 gal                           | 0                    | May be used as a foliar spray or root drench. See label.  |
|   | Natria Fruit and Vegetable<br>Ready to Use  | sulfur + pyrethrins              | M2                 | RTU*  | 1                    | For best control apply as a protective spray early in the season before the diseases are noticed. Re-spray every 7 - 10 days or after rain.                           |
|   | Bonide Tomato and Vegetable Concentrate   | sulfur + pyrethrins              | M2                 | 5 oz/gal  | 1                    | Thoroughly spray all areas of the plant, especially new shoots and the underside of leaves.   |
| Blossom<br>End Rot                            | Stop-Rot  | calcium chloride                 | Micro-<br>nutrient |   | 0                    | Apply calcium chloride solution to plants and fruit as soon as symptoms are noticed. Spray in early morning every 7 days for 4 weeks. Thorough coverage is important. |
|   | End Rot Control   | calcium chloride                 | Micro-<br>nutrient |   | 0                    | Apply calcium chloride solution to plants and fruit as soon as symptoms are noticed. Spray in early morning every 7 days for 4 weeks. Thorough coverage is important. |

<sup>\*</sup> RTU – Ready to use.

\*\* Approved for use in organic crops.

\*\*\* NC – Resistance not known.

# **TURF DISEASES (Commercial)**

**Wendell Hutchens and Terry Spurlock** 

| Disease     | Product                 | Active Ingredient                      | FRAC Code | Rate/1,000 sq ft | Comments  |
|-------------|-------------------------|--|-----------|------------------|---|
| Brown Patch | Heritage 50 WG          | azoxystrobin                           | 11        | 0.2 - 0.4 oz     | Apply in 2 - 4 gals water/1,000 sq ft every 14 - 28 days as a preventative during warm, humid weather favorable for the disease. Use the higher rate and shorter interval if disease is evident and conditions are very favorable.    |
|             | Insignia 20 WG          | pyraclostrobin                         | 11        | 0.5 - 0.9 oz     |   |
|             | Compass 50 WG           | trifloxystrobin                        | 11        | 0.15 - 0.25 oz   | 14 day interval at first sign of disease.   |
|             | Renown 5.16 SCII        | chlorothalonil + azoxystrobin          | M5 + 11   | 2.5 - 4.5 oz     | Apply at a 14 - 21 day interval. Commercial use only.   |
|             | Endorse 2.5 WP          | polyoxin D                             | 19        | 4 oz             | Apply in a minimum of 0.5 gal/1,000 sq ft. Repeat on a 7 - 14 day interval as needed.   |
|             | Medallion 50 WP         | fludioxonil                            | 12        | 0.25 - 0.5 oz    | Begin applications before disease development and repeat on 7 - 14 day intervals. May be used with Banner Maxx for extended control of various leaf spots.  |
|             | Daconil WeatherStik 6 F | chlorothalonil                         | M5        | 3 - 7 fl oz      | Apply in 2 - 5 gals water/1,000 sq ft at 7 - 10 day intervals as a preventative (before disease is noticed). Use high rate on 7 day schedule once disease is evident. See label for fairway rates. Commercial use only.               |
|             | Daconil Ultrex 82.5 SDG | chlorothalonil                         | M5        | 1.8 - 3.25 oz    | Protectant qualities. Commercial use only.  |
|             | Chipco 26019 50 W       | iprodione                              | 2         | 1.5 - 2 oz       | Apply in 2 - 5 gal water/1,000 sq ft at 14 - 21 day intervals as a preventative. See label for restrictions. Iprodione is for commercial use only.  |
|             | Eagle 40 WSP            | myclobutanil                           | 3         | 0.6 - 1.2 oz     |   |
|             | Fore Rainshield 80 WP   | mancozeb                               | M3        | 4 - 8 oz         | Apply in 3 - 5 gals water/1,000 sq ft every 7 - 14 days as a preventative. A non-ionic surfactant should be used. Use 7 day interval if disease is severe.  |
|             | Banner MAXX 1.3 EC      | propiconazole                          | 3         | 1 - 2 fl oz      | Apply in 2 - 5 gals water/1,000 sq ft at 7 - 21 day intervals as a preventative. Can be tank-mixed with certain contact fungicides – see label for details. <b>Do not exceed 2 fl oz rate on bermudagrass and St. Augustinegrass.</b> |
|             | Concert II 4.3 SE       | propiconazole + chlorothalonil         | 3 + M5    | 3 - 5.5 oz       | Begin applications in May or June before disease is present. Commercial use only.   |
| (continued) | Spectro 90 WDG          | chlorothalonil +<br>thiophanate-methyl | M5 + 1    | 3 - 8 oz         | Best applied when conditions favor disease. Repeat as needed at 14 - 21 days as indicated on label. Commercial use only.  |

| Disease             | Product                 | Active Ingredient                        | FRAC Code | Rate/1,000 sq ft | Comments   |
|---------------------|-------------------------|--|-----------|------------------|--|
| Brown Patch (cont.) | Cleary's 3336 F 4 F     | thiophanate-methyl                       | 1         | 2 - 4 oz         | Apply in 3 - 5 gals water/1,000 sq ft every 7 - 14 days at first sign of disease.  |
|                     | 26/36 Fungicide 3.8 F   | iprodione + thiophanate-methyl           | 2 + 1     | 2 - 4 oz         | Iprodione is for commercial use only.  |
|                     | Secure 0.88 EC          | fluzinam                                 | 29        | 0.5 oz           | Commercial use only.   |
|                     | Prostar 70 WP           | flutolanil                               | 7         | 2 - 3 oz         | Apply in 2 - 5 gals water at first sign of disease with a non-ionic surfactant. Repeat as needed   |
|                     | Bayleton 50 WSP         | triadimefon                              | 3         | 0.5 - 1 oz       | every 14 - 21 days.  |
|                     | Tartan 9.85 L           | trifloxystrobin + triadimefon            | 11 + 3    | 1 - 2 oz         | Begin applications prior to or in early stages of disease onset. 14 - 28 day interval.   |
|                     | Rhapsody 68 WG          | Bacillus subtilis                        | 44        | 2 - 10 oz        | Apply in 2 gal/1,000 sq ft. Apply when conditions are conducive for disease. May be used in organic production.  |
| Dollar Spot         | Daconil WeatherStik 6 F | chlorothalonil                           | M5        | 3 - 7 fl oz      | Apply in 2 - 5 gals water/1,000 sq ft at 7 - 10 day intervals as a preventative (before disease is noticed). Use high rate on 7 day schedule once disease is evident. See label for fairway rates. Commercial use only.        |
|                     | Daconil Action 6.11 F   | chlorothalonil +<br>acibenzolar-S-methyl | M5 + P1   | 1 - 3.5 fl oz    | See label restrictions. Commercial use only.   |
|                     | Chipco 26019 50 W       | iprodione                                | 2         | 1.5 - 2 oz       | Apply in 2 - 5 gals water/1,000 sq ft at 14 - 21 day intervals as a preventative. See labels for restrictions.   |
|                     | Eagle 40 WSP            | myclobutanil                             | 3         | 0.6 - 1.2 oz     | Iprodione is Commercial use only.  |
|                     | Fore Rainshield 80 WP   | mancozeb                                 | M3        | 4 - 8 oz         | Apply in 3 - 5 gals water/1,000 sq ft every 7 - 14 days as a preventative. A non-ionic surfactant should be used. Use 7 day interval if disease is severe.   |
|                     | Banner MAXX 1.3 EC      | propiconazole                            | 3         | 1 - 2 fl oz      | Apply in 2 - 5 gals water/1,000 sq ft at 7 - 21 day intervals as a preventative. Can be tank-mixed with certain contact fungicides — see label for details. Do not exceed 2 fl oz rate on bermudagrass or St. Augustine grass. |
|                     | Spectro 90 WDG          | chlorothalonil +<br>thiophanate-methyl   | M5 + 1    | 3 - 8 oz         | Best applied when conditions favor disease. Repeat as needed at 14 - 21 days as indicated on label. Commercial use only.   |
|                     | Cleary's 3336 F 4 F     | thiophanate-methyl                       | 1         | 2 - 4 oz         | Apply in 3 - 5 gals water/1,000 sq ft every 7 - 14 days at first sign of disease.  |
| (continued)         | Insignia 20 WG          | pyraclostrobin                           | 11        | 0.9 oz           | Suppression only. 14 - 28 day intervals.   |

| Disease                    | Product          | Active Ingredient              | FRAC Code | Rate/1,000 sq ft | Comments  |
|----------------------------|------------------|--------------------------------|-----------|------------------|---|
| Dollar Spot (cont.)        | Tartan 9.85 L    | trifloxystrobin + triadimefon  | 11 + 3    | 1 - 2 oz         | Begin applications prior to or in early stages of disease onset. Apply at a 14 - 28 day intervals.                  |
|                            | Emerald 70 WDG   | boscalid                       | 7         | 0.13 - 0.18 oz   | Begin applications prior to or in early stages of disease onset. Apply at a14 - 28 day intervals.                   |
|                            | Trinity 2.21 SE  | triticonazole                  | 3         | 0.5 - 2 oz       | See label. Apply in 1 - 5 gals/1,000 sq ft.   |
|                            | Rhapsody 68 WG   | Bacillus subtilis              | 44        | 2 - 10 oz        | 2 gal/1,000 sq ft. Begin when conditions are conducive for disease. May be used for organic production.             |
|                            | Junction 61.1 DF | mancozeb + copper hydroxide    | M3 + M1   | 2 - 4 oz         | Begin at disease onset, then at 5 day intervals. See label.   |
|                            | Secure 0.88 EC   | fluzinam                       | 29        | 0.5 oz           | Commercial use only.  |
| Rhizoctonia<br>Large Patch | Heritage 50 WG   | azoxystrobin                   | 11        | 0.4 oz           | Apply in 2 - 5 gals water/1,000 sq ft between<br>September 10 and October 10 and again between                      |
| (zoysia and<br>bermuda)    | Prostar 70 WP    | flutolanil                     | 7         | 3 oz             | March 15 and April 15. In very severe instances, an additional application may be made about 4 weeks after          |
| bonnaday                   | Eagle 40 WSP     | myclobutanil                   | 3         | 1.2 oz           | the first fall application.   |
|                            | Trinity 2.21 SE  | triticonazole                  | 3         | 0.5 - 2 oz       |   |
|                            | Bayleton 50 WSP  | triadimefon                    | 3         | 1 oz             |   |
| Fairy Ring (suppression)   | Prostar 70 WP    | flutolanil                     | 7         | 2.2 - 4.5 oz     | Apply in 3 - 5 gals water/1,000 sq ft at first sign of disease and repeat in 28 days if necessary. Apply as soon as |
| (64)                       | Heritage 50 WG   | azoxystrobin                   | 11        | 0.4 oz           | possible after initial symptoms. Reapply after 28 days if needed.   |
|                            | Insignia 20 WG   | pyraclostrobin                 | 11        | 0.9 oz           | noodo.  |
|                            | Headway 1.39 EC  | azoxystrobin + propiconazole   | 11 + 3    | 3 oz             | Apply at 4 gals/1,000 sq ft at first disease evidence.  |
|                            | Tourney 1.15 WDG | metconazole                    | 3         | 0.37 oz          | Apply at 4 gals/1,000 sq ft. Reapply at 21 days.  |
|                            | Affirm 11 WDG    | polyoxin D zinc salt           | 19        | 1 oz             | Use 2 - 3 applications at 7 day intervals with a wetting agent.   |
|                            | Pillar G 0.81 G  | pyraclostrobin + triticonazole | 3 + 11    | 3 lbs            | Use at 14 - 28 day intervals with a wetting agent.  |
|                            | Torque 50 WDG    | tebuconazole                   | 3         | 0.6 oz           | 66 - 132 GPA water volume. See label directions.  |

| Disease   | Product                                    | Active Ingredient              | FRAC Code | Rate/1,000 sq ft | Comments  |
|---|--|--------------------------------|-----------|------------------|---|
| Pythium Blight<br>(also Pythium Root<br>and Crown Rots) | Heritage 50 WG                             | azoxystrobin                   | 11        | 0.4 oz           | Apply in 2 - 4 gals water/1,000 sq ft every 10 - 14 days as a preventative. Use the 10 day interval during prolonged hot, wet weather. Do not make more than 2 sequential applications.                                 |
|   | Terrazole 35 WP                            | etridiazole                    | 14        | 2 - 4.5 oz       | Apply to established turf in 5 gals water/1,000 sq ft every 5 - 10 days as a preventative. Water in immediately.  |
|   | fosetyl-Al (various<br>trade names 80 WDG) | fosetyl-Al                     | 33        | 4 - 8 oz         | Apply in 5 gals water/1,000 sq ft every 5 - 10 days at the first sign of disease and when conditions favor the disease. See label for tank-mixing suggestions.  |
|   | Fore Rainshield 80 W                       | mancozeb                       | МЗ        | 8 oz             | Apply in 1 - 5 gals water/1,000 sq ft every 14 - 21 days as a preventative when hot, wet conditions persist. Use high rate and 14 day interval when disease is present. Allow foliage to dry before watering or mowing. |
|   | Subdue MAXX 40 WP                          | mefenoxam                      | 4         | 0.5 - 1 fl oz    | Apply to established turf every 10 - 21 days in 3 - 5 gals water/1,000 sq ft as a preventative during hot, wet weather. See label for tank mix information.   |
|   | Banol 66.5 L                               | propamocarb                    | 28        | 1.33 - 4 fl oz   | Apply in 2 - 5 gals water/1,000 sq ft every 7 - 21 days as a preventative during hot, wet weather.  |
|   | Alude 6.27 SC                              | salts of phosphorus acid       | 33        | 5 - 10 oz        | Apply at 14 - 21 day intervals.   |
|   | Junction 61.1 DF                           | mancozeb +<br>copper hydroxide | M3 + M1   | 2 - 4 oz         | Begin at disease onset, then at 5 day intervals.  |
|   | Stellar 2.08 SC                            | fluopicolide + propamocarb     | 43 + 28   | 1.2 fl oz        | Apply when conditions favor disease development.  |
| Leaf Rust<br>Gray Leaf Spot                             | Heritage 50 WG                             | azoxystrobin                   | 11        | 0.2 - 0.4 oz     | Apply at first sign of disease and repeat every 2 - 4 weeks until conditions become less favorable.   |
| (St. Augustinegrass, ryegrass,                          | Compass 50 WG                              | trifloxystrobin                | 11        | 0.15 - 0.25 oz   |   |
| tall fescue)  | Banner MAXX 1.3 EC                         | propiconazole                  | 3         | 2 - 4 fl oz      | Apply as above but on a 2 - 3 week schedule.  |
|   | Bayleton 50 WSP                            | triadimefon                    | 3         | 0.5 - 1 oz       | Apply at first sign of disease, then at 14 day intervals.   |
|   | Torque 50 WDG                              | tebuconazole                   | 3         | 0.6 - 1.1 fl oz  | See label.  |
|   | Insignia 20 WG                             | pyraclostrobin                 | 11        | 0.5 - 0.9 oz     | Apply when conditions are favorable for disease.<br>14 - 28 day intervals. See label.   |
|   | Eagle 40 WSP                               | myclobutanil                   | 3         | 1.2 oz           | See label.  |

| Disease                                     | Product               | Active Ingredient | FRAC Code | Rate/1,000 sq ft | Comments   |
|---|-----------------------|-------------------|-----------|------------------|--|
| Leaf Spots                                  | Heritage 50 WG        | azoxystrobin      | 11        | 0.2 - 0.4 oz     | Apply at first sign of disease and repeat every 2 - 4 weeks until conditions become less favorable.                    |
|   | Compass 50 WG         | trifloxystrobin   | 11        | 0.15 - 0.25 oz   |  |
|   | Insignia 20 WG        | pyraclostrobin    | 11        | 0.5 - 0.9 oz     |  |
|   | Fore Rainshield 80 WP | mancozeb          | М3        | 4 oz             | Apply as above but on a 1 - 2 week schedule.   |
|   | Banner MAXX           | propiconazole     | 3         | 2 - 4 fl oz      | Apply as above but on a 2 - 3 week schedule.   |
|   | Chipco 26019 50 WP    | iprodione         | 2         | 2 oz             | Apply as above but on a 2 - 3 week schedule.<br>Commercial use only.   |
|   | Eagle 40 WSP          | myclobutanil      | 3         | 0.6 oz           |  |
| Spring Dead Spot<br>(bermuda only; provides | Heritage 50 WG        | azoxystrobin      | 11        | 0.4 oz           | Make one application in early fall (two if disease history is very severe) in 2 - 4 gals water/1,000 sq ft.            |
| suppression)                                | Eagle 40 WSP          | myclobutanil      | 3         | 1.2 oz           |  |
|   | Disarm 480 SC         | fluoxastrobin     | 11        | 0.36 oz          | Apply 1 - 2 months before dormancy.  Irrigate 0.25 - 0.50 in. after application.                                       |
|   | ProPensity 1.3 ME     | propiconazole     | 3         | 4 oz             | Use 1 - 3 applications beginning Sep/Oct.  |
|   | Torque 50 WDG         | tebuconazole      | 3         | 0.6 oz           | For prevention. Apply in fall and spring.  |
| Summer Patch                                | Heritage 50 WG        | azoxystrobin      | 11        | 0.4 oz           | Apply two applications in the fall and two in early spring at28 day intervals. Apply in 2 - 4 gal water/1,000 sq ft.   |
|   | Compass 50 WG         | trifloxystrobin   | 11        | 0.25 oz          |  |
|   | Eagle 40 WSP          | myclobutanil      | 3         | 0.6 - 1.2 oz     |  |
|   | Insignia 20 WG        | pyraclostrobin    | 11        | 0.5 - 0.9 oz     |  |
| Take-All Patch                              | Heritage 50 WG        | azoxystrobin      | 11        | 0.4 oz           | Apply two applications in the fall and two in early spring at 28 day intervals. Apply in 2 - 4 gals water/1,000 sq ft. |
|   | Eagle 40 WSP          | myclobutanil      | 3         | 1.2 oz           |  |
|   | Insignia 20 WDG       | pyraclostrobin    | 11        | 0.9 oz           |  |
|   | Disarm 480 SC         | fluoxastrobin     | 11        | 0.36 oz          | Apply at 28 day intervals.   |
|   | Torque 50 WDG         | tebuconazole      | 3         | 0.6 oz           | For prevention. Apply in fall and spring.  |

TURF DISEASES (Commercial) – continued

| Disease                      | Product                   | Active Ingredient             | FRAC Code | Rate/1,000 sq ft                          | Comments   |
|------------------------------|---------------------------|-------------------------------|-----------|---|--|
| Yellow Patch<br>(cool season | Heritage 50 WG            | azoxystrobin                  | 11        | 0.2 - 0.4 oz                              | Apply one application in late fall (two at 28 day intervals if severe disease history).  |
| brown patch)                 | Prostar 70 WP             | flutolanil                    | 7         | 1.5 oz                                    | Apply at first sign of disease and repeat as needed.   |
|                              | Daconil 2787 4 F          | chlorothalonil                | M5        | 3 - 11 fl oz                              | Apply at first sign of disease and repeat as needed.  Commercial use only  |
|                              | Daconil 2787 90 WDG       | chlorothalonil                | M5        | 1.75 - 6.5 oz                             | Apply at first sign of disease and repeat as needed. Commercial use only.  |
|                              | Daconil Ultrex 82.5 SDG   | chlorothalonil                | M5        | 1.8 - 7.4 oz                              | Apply at first sign of disease and repeat as needed. Commercial use only.  |
|                              | Fore Rainshield 80 WP     | mancozeb                      | M3        | 4 oz                                      | Apply at first sign of disease and repeat as needed.   |
|                              | Renown 5.16 SC            | chlorothalonil + azoxystrobin | 11 + M5   | 2.5 - 4.5 oz                              | Apply at a 14 - 28 day interval. Commercial use only.  |
| Nematodes                    | MultiGuard Protect 8.6 EC | furfural                      |           | 0.126 - 0.184 gal<br>(5.5 - 8 gal/A)      | Apply up to 6 applications per year at 14 - 28 day intervals. Irrigate immediately after application with 1/4 - 1/2 acre inch water using overhead sprinklers. |
|                              | Indemnify 3.34 SC         | fluopyram                     | 7         | 0.195 - 0.39 fl oz<br>(8.49 - 16.98 oz/A) | Do not apply more than 17.1 fl oz/A per year. Irrigate to depth of the root zone. Minimum time between applications is 14 days.                                |
|                              | Nimitz Pro G 1.5 G        | fluensulfone                  |           | 60 - 120 lbs/A                            | Do not apply more than 240 lbs of product per acre per calendar year.  |

CAUTION: Chlorothalonil, Iprodione, Vinclozolin and PCNB are prohibited on home lawns (turf).

### **HOME LAWN DISEASES**

#### **Sherrie Smith**

| Disease   | Product                                       | Active Ingredient | FRAC<br>Code | Rate   | Comments   |
|---|---|-------------------|--------------|--|--|
| Anthracnose Brown Patch Fairy Ring Fusarium Patch Gray Leaf spot Gray & Pink Snow Mold Leafspot Leaf Rust Melting Out Necrotic Ring Spot Pink Patch Powdery Mildew Pythium Red Thread Rhizoctonia Large Patch Southern & Typhula Blight Spring Dead Spot Stem & Stripe Rust Summer Patch Take-All Patch Yellow Patch Zoysia Patch | Scotts Disease EX Lawn Fungicide              | azoxystrobin      | 11           | 4lb/1000 sq ft   | Product may be reapplied at 14 - 28 day intervals.   |
| Ascochyta leaf blight<br>Cercospora<br>Dollar spot<br>Rust  | Natural Guard Copper Soap<br>Liquid Fungicide | copper octanoate  | M1           | 1.5 - 6 oz/<br>2.5 gal/<br>1,000 sq ft   | See label.   |
| Anthracnose Brown patch/crown rot Copper spot Dollar spot Fusarium blight Fusarium patch (pink snow mold) Gray leaf spot Leaf smut Necrotic ring spot   | Ferti-lome F-Stop Liquid (not granules)       | myclobutanil      | 3            | Dilute 5 1/3 fl oz<br>of product in 1 gal<br>of water to treat<br>250 sq ft of lawn<br>area. | Repeat application once every 2 - 4 weeks or at the first sign of new disease development. |

| Disease  | Product   | Active Ingredient                     | FRAC<br>Code | Rate   | Comments  |
|--|---|---------------------------------------|--------------|--|---|
| (continued) Powdery mildew Red thread Rust Septoria leaf spot Summer patch Zonate leaf spot  | Ferti-lome F-Stop Liquid (not granules)                                   | myclobutanil                          | 3            | Dilute 5 1/3 fl oz<br>of product in 1 gal<br>of water to treat<br>250 sq ft of lawn<br>area. | Repeat application once every 2 - 4 weeks or at the first sign of new disease development.  |
| Alternaria leaf spot Anthracnose Ascochyta blight Brown blight Cercospora leaf spot Dollar spot Downy mildew Helminthosporium leaf spot Powdery mildew Rust Septoria leaf spot | H & I Agritech GreenCure  | potassium bicarbonate                 | N/A          | 1 - 2 tbs/gal  | Start application at first sign of disease.   |
| Anthracnose Brown patch Dichondra rust on  | Ferti-lome Liquid Systemic Fungicide II                                   | propiconazole                         | 3            | 3 - 5 fl oz in 1 gal<br>of water per<br>250 sq ft of lawn                                    | For Brown Patch, apply every 10 days. For Anthracnose, Rust, and Powdery Mildew, apply every 14 days.   |
| lawns Dollar spot Powdery mildew   |   |                                       |              |  | For Dicondra Rust, 5 fl oz in 1 gal of water per 250 sq ft of lawn. Repeat every 21 days, if needed.  |
| Red thread Rust Stripe smut Take-all patch   |   |                                       |              |  | For Take-All Patch, 5 fl oz in 1 gal of water per 250 sq ft of lawn. Apply twice in the fall (September - October) and twice in the spring (April - May). For southern lawns, also make applications twice in the summer (June - August). |
| Brown patch Copper spot Dollar spot Leaf smuts Necrotic ring spot Powdery mildew Septoria leaf spot Red thread Rust Spring dead spot Summer patch                              | Spectracide Immunox Fungus<br>Plus Insect Control for Lawns<br>(granules) | propiconazole +<br>lambda-cyhalothrin | 3            | 4 lb/1,000 sq ft   | See label.  |

| Disease            | Product                              | Active Ingredient  | FRAC<br>Code | Rate                   | Comments                               |
|--------------------|--------------------------------------|--------------------|--------------|------------------------|--|
| Brown patch        | Spectracide Immunox Fungus           | propiconazole +    | 3            | RTU*                   | See label for application instructions |
| Copper spot        | Plus Insect Control for Lawns (RTU*) | lambda-cyhalothrin |              |                        | and cautions.                          |
| Dollar spot        |                                      |                    |              |                        |  |
| Leaf smuts         |                                      |                    |              |                        |  |
| Necrotic ring spot |                                      |                    |              |                        |  |
| Powdery mildew     |                                      |                    |              |                        |  |
| Septoria leaf spot |                                      |                    |              |                        |  |
| Red thread         |                                      |                    |              |                        |  |
| Rust               |                                      |                    |              |                        |  |
| Spring dead spot   |                                      |                    |              |                        |  |
| Summer patch       |                                      |                    |              |                        |  |
| Anthracnose        | Bio Advanced Science-Based Solutions | propiconazole      | 3            | 2 - 3.5 lb/1,000 sq ft | Repeat applications dependent on       |
| Brown patch        | Fungus Control for Lawns (RTU*)      |                    |              | •                      | disease. See label.                    |
| Dollar spot        |                                      |                    |              |                        |  |
| Fusarium patch     |                                      |                    |              |                        |  |
| Powdery mildew     |                                      |                    |              |                        |  |
| Red thread         |                                      |                    |              |                        |  |
| Rusts              |                                      |                    |              |                        |  |
| Stripe smut        |                                      |                    |              |                        |  |
| Summer patch       |                                      |                    |              |                        |  |
| Snow mold          |                                      |                    |              |                        |  |
| Anthracnose        | Bio Advanced Science-Based Solutions | propiconazole      | 3            | RTU*                   | Repeat applications dependent on       |
| Brown patch        | Fungus Control for Lawns (RTU*)      | • •                |              |                        | disease. See label.                    |
| Dollar spot        |                                      |                    |              |                        |  |
| Fusarium patch     |                                      |                    |              |                        |  |
| Powdery mildew     |                                      |                    |              |                        |  |
| Red thread         |                                      |                    |              |                        |  |
| Rusts              |                                      |                    |              |                        |  |
| Stripe smut        |                                      |                    |              |                        |  |
| Summer patch       |                                      |                    |              |                        |  |
| Snow mold          |                                      |                    |              |                        |  |

| Disease                    | Product                        | Active Ingredient  | FRAC<br>Code | Rate               | Comments                           |
|----------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------|--------------|--------------------|------------------------------------|
| Anthracnose                | Scotts Lawn Fungus Control     | thiophanate methyl | 1            | 6.75 lb/2400 sq ft | Do not apply if wind speed exceeds |
| Brown ring patch           |                                |                    |              |                    | 10 mph.                            |
| Fusarium patch             |                                |                    |              |                    |                                    |
| Gray leaf spot             |                                |                    |              |                    |                                    |
| Gray snow mold             |                                |                    |              |                    |                                    |
| Helminthosporium Leaf Spot |                                |                    |              |                    |                                    |
| Large patch                |                                |                    |              |                    |                                    |
| Necrotic ring spot         |                                |                    |              |                    |                                    |
| Pink patch                 |                                |                    |              |                    |                                    |
| Pink snow mold             |                                |                    |              |                    |                                    |
| Red leaf spot              |                                |                    |              |                    |                                    |
| Red thread                 |                                |                    |              |                    |                                    |
| Take-all patch             |                                |                    |              |                    |                                    |
| Yellow spot                |                                |                    |              |                    |                                    |
| Zoysia patch               |                                |                    |              |                    |                                    |
| Ascochyta blight           | Bonide Infuse Systemic Disease | thiophanate-methyl | 1            | 7.5 lb/5,000 sq ft | Apply every 14 days at first sign  |
| Bipolaris                  | Control Lawn and Landscape     |                    |              |                    | of disease.                        |
| Brown patch                |                                |                    |              |                    |                                    |
| Copper spot                |                                |                    |              |                    |                                    |
| Curvularia leaf spot       |                                |                    |              |                    |                                    |
| Dollar spot                |                                |                    |              |                    |                                    |
| Drechslera leaf spot       |                                |                    |              |                    |                                    |
| Exserolium leaf spot       |                                |                    |              |                    |                                    |
| Fusarium patch             |                                |                    |              |                    |                                    |
| Gray leaf spot             |                                |                    |              |                    |                                    |
| Necrotic ringspot          |                                |                    |              |                    |                                    |
| Pink snow mold             |                                |                    |              |                    |                                    |
| Stripe smut                |                                |                    |              |                    |                                    |
| Summer patch               |                                |                    |              |                    |                                    |
| Take-all patch             |                                |                    |              |                    |                                    |
| Zoysia patch               |                                |                    |              |                    |                                    |

| Disease  | Product  | Active Ingredient                     | FRAC<br>Code | Rate  | Comments   |
|--|--|---------------------------------------|--------------|---|--|
| Take-all patch<br>(Gaeumannomyces<br>graminis var. graminis) | Scotts Disease EX Lawn Fungicide                                 | azoxystrobin                          | 11           | 4lb/1000 sq ft  |  |
|  | Spectracide Immunox Fungus<br>Plus Insect Control for Lawns      | propiconazole +<br>lambda-cyhalothrin | 3            | 10 lb/2,500 sq ft   | See label.   |
|  | Bio Advanced Science-Based Solutions<br>Fungus Control for Lawns | propiconazole                         | 3            | 10 lb/5,000 sq ft   | Repeat applications dependent on disease. See label.                                       |
|  | Ferti-lome Liquid Systemic Fungicide II                          | propiconazole                         | 3            | 3 - 5 fl oz in 1 gal<br>of water per 250 sq ft<br>of lawn                                 | Apply twice in the fall (September - October) and twice in the spring (April - May).       |
|  | Ferti-lome Liquid Systemic Fungicide II<br>RTU*                  | propiconazole                         | 3            | RTU*  | Apply twice in the fall (September - October) and twice in the spring (April - May).       |
|  | Scotts Lawn Fungus Control                                       | thiophanate methyl                    | 1            | 6.75 lb/2400 sq ft  | Do not apply if wind speed exceeds 10 mph.   |
| Large patch  | Scotts Disease EX Lawn Fungicide                                 | azoxystrobin                          | 11           | 4lb/1000 sq ft  |  |
| Zoysia patch<br>( <i>Rhizoctonia solani</i> )                | Spectracide Immunox Fungus Plus Insect Control for Lawns         | propiconazole +<br>lambda-cyhalothrin | 3            | 10 lb/2,500 sq ft   | See label.   |
|  | Bonide Infuse Systemic Disease Control<br>Lawn and Landscape     | thiophanate-methyl                    | 1            | 7.5 lb/5,000 sq ft  | Apply every 14 days at first sign of disease.  |
| Brown patch<br>( <i>Rhizoctonia</i> spp.)                    | Scotts Disease EX Lawn Fungicide                                 | azoxystrobin                          | 11           | 4lb/1000 sq ft  |  |
|  | Ferti-lome F-Stop Liquid (not granules)                          | myclobutanil                          | 3            | Dilute 5 1/3 fl oz<br>of product in 1 gal<br>of water to treat<br>250 sq ft of lawn area. | Repeat application once every 2 - 4 weeks or at the first sign of new disease development. |
|  | Ferti-lome Liquid Systemic Fungicide II                          | propiconazole                         | 3            | 3 - 5 fl . oz. in 1 gal. of<br>water per 250 sq.<br>ft. of lawn                           | Repeat treatment every 10 days if necessary.   |
|  | Ferti-lome Liquid Systemic Fungicide II RTU*                     | propiconazole                         | 3            | RTU*  | Repeat treatment every 10 days if necessary.   |
|  | Spectracide Immunox Fungus Plus Insect Control for Lawns         | propiconazole +<br>lambda-cyhalothrin | 3            | 10 lb/2,500 sq ft   | See label.   |
|  | Bio Advanced Science-Based Solutions<br>Fungus Control for Lawns | propiconazole                         | 3            | 10 lb/5,000 sq ft   | Repeat applications dependent on disease. See label.                                       |
|  | Bonide Infuse Systemic Disease Control<br>Lawn and Landscape     | thiophanate-methyl                    | 1            | 7.5 lb/5,000 sq ft  | Apply every 14 days at first sign of disease.  |

| Disease                                      | Product   | Active Ingredient                     | FRAC<br>Code | Rate   | Comments   |
|--|---|---------------------------------------|--------------|--|--|
| Powdery mildew                               | Ferti-lome F-Stop Liquid (not granules)                       | myclobutanil                          | 3            | Dilute 5 1/3 fl oz<br>of product in 1 gal<br>of water to treat<br>250 sq ft of lawn area | Repeat application once every 2 - 4 weeks or at the first sign of new disease development. |
|  | H & I Agritech GreenCure                                      | potassium bicarbonate                 | N/A          | 1 - 2 tbs/gal  | Start application at first sign of disease.  |
|  | Ferti-lome Liquid Systemic Fungicide II                       | propiconazole                         | 3            | 3 - 5 fl oz in 1 gal<br>of water per 250 sq ft<br>of lawn                                | Repeat treatment every 10 days if necessary.   |
|  | Ferti-Iome Liquid Systemic Fungicide II RTU*                  | propiconazole                         | 3            | RTU*   | Repeat treatment every 10 days if necessary.   |
|  | Spectracide Immunox Fungus Plus<br>Insect Control for Lawns   | propiconazole +<br>lambda-cyhalothrin | 3            | 10 lb/2,500 sq ft  | See label.   |
|  | Bio Advanced Science-Based Solutions Fungus Control for Lawns | propiconazole                         | 3            | 10 lb/5,000 sq ft  | Repeat applications dependent on disease. See label.                                       |
| Spring Dead Spot (Leptosphaeria korrae)      | Scotts Disease EX Lawn Fungicide                              | azoxystrobin                          | 11           | 4lb/1000 sq ft   |  |
| Necrotic Ring Spot<br>(Leptosphaeria korrae) | Ferti-lome F-Stop Liquid (not granules)                       | myclobutanil                          | 3            | Dilute 5 1/3 fl oz<br>of product in 1 gal<br>of water to treat<br>250 sq ft of lawn area | Repeat application once every 2 - 4 weeks or at the first sign of new disease development. |
|  | Bonide Infuse Systemic Disease Control<br>Lawn and Landscape  | thiophanate-methyl                    | 1            | 7.5 lb/5,000 sq ft   | Apply in the fall before dormancy and again in the spring.                                 |
|  | Scotts Lawn Fungus Control                                    | thiophanate methyl                    | 3            | 6.75 lb/2400 sq ft   | Do not apply if wind speed exceeds 10 mph.   |
| Downy mildew                                 | H & I Agritech GreenCure                                      | potassium bicarbonate                 | N/A          | 1 - 2 tbs/gal  | Start application at first sign of disease.  |

<sup>\*</sup>RTU - Ready To Use

# **VEGETABLE DISEASES (Commercial Production)**

### **Travis Faske and Aaron Cato**

| Disease  | Product                                   | Active Ingredient               | FRAC<br>Code | Rate                                 | Days to<br>Harvest | Comments   |
|--|---|---------------------------------|--------------|--------------------------------------|--------------------|--|
| ASPARAGUS  |   |                                 |              |                                      |                    |  |
| Rust   | Rally 40 WSP                              | myclobutanil                    | 3            | 5 oz                                 | See label.         | Apply at first evidence of disease.  |
|  | Bravo WeatherStik                         | chlorothalonil                  | M5           | 2 - 4 pt                             | See label.         | Follow label instructions.   |
|  | Sonata                                    | Bacillus pumilus<br>(bacteria)  |              | 2 - 4 qt                             | 0                  | Can be used for organic production. See label.   |
| Stemphylium Purple Spot                          | Flint 50 WG<br>Quadris                    | trifloxystrobin<br>azoxystrobin | 11<br>11     | 3 - 4 oz<br>6 - 15.5 fl oz           | 0<br>100           |  |
| BEANS (Snap and Pole)                            |   |                                 |              |                                      |                    |  |
| Pythium Damping-Off                              | Ridomil Gold SL                           | mefenoxam                       | 4            | 8 - 16 fl oz                         | 2                  | Preplant incorporate in the top 2 inches. Also for this disease on lima and dry beans. |
| Pythium and Rhizoctonia<br>Damping-Off           | Trilex 2000                               | trifloxystrobin +<br>metalaxyl  | 11<br>4      | 1 oz/cwt seed                        |                    |  |
|  | Basicop WP<br>Champ 4.6 F<br>Tenn-Cop 5 E | fixed copper                    | M1           | 2 - 4 lb<br>1 1/3 - 2 1/3 pt<br>3 pt | 1                  | Spray at first sign of disease; repeat on a 10 day schedule as needed.                 |
| White Mold (Sclerotinia)                         | Blocker 4 F                               | PCNB                            | 14           | 4 pt                                 | See label.         | Do not apply after pod formation.  |
|  | Endura                                    | boscalid                        | 7            | 8 - 11 oz                            |                    |  |
| Gray Mold (Botrytis) and<br>Rust                 | Bravo Ultrex                              | chlorothalonil                  | M5           | 2.7 lb                               | 7                  | Apply at first sign of disease on a weekly schedule as needed.                         |
|  | Equus                                     | chlorothalonil                  | M5           | 1.37 - 2 pt                          |                    | Follow label directions.   |
|  | Endura                                    | boscalid                        | 7            | 8 - 11 oz                            | See label.         | Apply at first sign of disease.  |
| Powdery Mildew and<br>Rust                       | Microthiol Special                        | wettable sulfur                 | M2           | 7 lb                                 | 0                  | Apply at first sign of disease and repeat at 14 day intervals as needed.               |
|  | Endura 70 WG                              | boscalid                        | 7            | 8 - 11 oz                            | 7                  | 7 - 10 day interval  |
|  | Headline 2.09 F                           | pyraclostrobin                  | 11           | 6 - 9 fl oz                          | 7                  | 7 - 10 day interval  |
| Gray Mold (Botrytis),<br>Powdery Mildew and Rust | Priaxor                                   | fluxapyroxad + pyraclostrobin   | 7<br>11      | 4 - 8 fl oz                          | 7                  |  |
| Root and Stem Rot (Rhizoctonia solani)           | Blocker 4 F                               | PCNB                            | 14           | 2 - 3 pt                             | 45                 | Apply in-furrow at planting.   |

| Disease  | Product  | Active Ingredient                   | FRAC<br>Code | Rate                        | Days to<br>Harvest | Comments  |
|--|--|-------------------------------------|--------------|-----------------------------|--------------------|---|
| BEANS (Dry)  |  |                                     |              |                             |                    |   |
| Anthracnose,<br>Downy Mildew, Rust                               | Bravo Ultrex<br>Maneb 80 WP                    | chlorothalonil<br>maneb             | M5<br>M3     | 1.25 - 1.8 lb<br>1.5 - 2 lb | 7<br>30            | Apply at early bloom and repeat as needed at 7 - 10 day intervals.  |
| Rust   | tebuconazole<br>(various trade<br>names 3.6 F) | tebuconazole                        | 3            | 4 - 6 fl oz                 | 14                 |   |
| Anthracnose,<br>Ascochyta Blight                                 | Quadris Opti                                   | azoxystrobin + chlorothalonil       | 11<br>M5     | 1.6 - 2.4 pt                |                    | See label for important restrictions and application information.   |
| Anthracnose,   | Vertisan                                       | penthiopyrad                        | 7            | 14 - 20 fl oz               | 21                 |   |
| Ascochyta Blight,<br>Powdery Mildew, Rust                        | Priaxor  | fluxapyroxad + pyraclostrobin       | 7<br>11      | 4 - 8 fl oz                 | 21                 |   |
| BEANS (Dry) and FIELD  | PEAS (Phaseolus and 1                          | /igna spp.)                         |              |                             |                    |   |
| Anthracnose, Ascochyta<br>Blight, Mycosphaerella                 | Headline                                       | pyraclostrobin                      | 11           | 6 - 9 fl oz                 | 30                 | See label for important restrictions and application information.   |
| Blight, Powdery Mildew,<br>Rust                                  | Endura   | boscalid                            | 7            | 8 - 11 oz                   | See label.         | Follow label instructions. Not labeled on peas.   |
| riust  | Topsin M 4.5 F                                 | thiophanate-methyl                  | 1            | 20 - 30 fl oz               | 1                  | See label information.  |
|  | Quilt Xcel                                     | azoxystrobin + propiconazole        | 11<br>3      | 10.5 - 14 fl oz             | 14                 |   |
|  | Aprovia Top 1.62 EC                            | difenconazole +<br>benzovindiflupyr | 3 + 7        | 10.5 - 11 fl oz             | 14                 |   |
|  | Miravis Top                                    | pydiflumetofen +<br>difenaconazole  | 3 + 7        | 13.7 fl. oz/A               | 14                 | See label for more information about use and diseases controlled by this product.   |
|  | Miravis Prime                                  | pydiflumetofen + fludioxonil        | 7 + 12       | 9.2 fl oz                   | 14                 |   |
| Rust, White Mold   | Proline 480 SC                                 | prothioconazole                     | 3            | 5.7 fl oz                   | 7                  |   |
| BRASSICA (Leafy Green  | ns)  |                                     |              |                             |                    |   |
| White Rust ( <i>Albugo</i> )<br>Black Spot ( <i>Alternaria</i> ) | Quadris 2.08                                   | azoxystrobin                        | 11           | 6 - 15.5 fl oz              | 0                  | Apply prior to disease and continue on a 7 - 14 day schedule. Do not make more than 2 consecutive applications of Quadris nor more than 3 total applications per acre per crop year. Do not apply more than 1.44 qts per acre per season. |
| Alternaria   | Fontelis                                       | penthiopyrad                        | 7            | 14 - 30 fl oz               | 3                  |   |
|  | Quadris Top                                    | azoxystrobin +<br>difenoconazole    | 11<br>3      | 12 - 14 fl oz               | 1                  |   |
|  | Inspire Super                                  | difenoconazole + cyprodinil         | 3<br>9       | 16 - 20 fl oz               | 7                  |   |
| Downy Mildew   | Revus  | mandipropamid                       | 40           | 8 fl oz                     |                    | See label information.  |

| Disease              | Product           | Active Ingredient   | FRAC<br>Code | Rate            | Days to<br>Harvest | Comments  |
|----------------------|-------------------|---------------------|--------------|-----------------|--------------------|---|
| CABBAGE, BROCCOLI    | I, COLE CROPS     |                     |              |                 |                    |   |
| Alternaria Leaf Spot | Endura 70 WP      | boscalid            | 7            | 6 - 9 oz        | 0                  | 7 - 14 day schedule.                                |
|                      | Maneb 80 WP       | maneb               | М3           | 1.5 - 2 lb      | 7                  | 7 - 14 day schedule.                                |
|                      | Ridomil Gold      | mefenoxam + chloro- | 4            | 1.5 pt          | 7                  | 7 - 14 day schedule.                                |
|                      | Bravo SC          | thalonil            | M5           |                 |                    |   |
|                      | Cabrio 20 EC      | pyraclostrobin      | 11           | 12 - 16 oz      | 0                  | 7 - 14 day schedule.                                |
|                      | Bravo Weatherstik | chlorothalonil      | M5           | 1.5 - 3 pt      | 7                  | 7 - 14 day schedule.                                |
|                      | Quadris 2.08      | azoxystrobin        | 11           | 6 - 15 fl oz    | 0                  | 7 - 14 day schedule.                                |
|                      | Switch 62.5 WG    | cyprodinil +        | 9            | 11 - 14 oz      | 7                  | 7 - 14 day schedule.                                |
|                      |                   | fludioxonil         | 12           |                 |                    |   |
| Downy Mildew         | Ridomil Gold      | mefenoxam + chloro- | 4            | 1.5 pt          | 7                  | 7 - 10 day interval until disease is under control. |
|                      | Bravo SC          | thalonil            | M5           |                 |                    | Alternate fungicides with different modes of action |
|                      | Cabrio 20 EC      | pyraclostrobin      | 11           | 12 - 16 oz      | 0                  | See label.  |
|                      | Quadris 2.08      | azoxystrobin        | 11           | 6 - 15 oz       | 0                  | See label.  |
|                      | Aliette 80 WG     | fosetyl-Al          | 33           | 2 - 5 lb        | 3                  | See label.  |
|                      | Presidio 4 SC     | fluopicolide        | 43           | 3 - 4 fl oz     | 2                  | See label.  |
|                      | Reason 500 SC     | fenamidone          | 11           | 5.5 - 8.2 fl oz | 2                  | See label.  |
|                      | Revus 2.08 SC     | mandipropamid       | 40           | 8 fl oz         | 1                  | See label.  |
| Pythium Damping-Off  | Ridomil Gold SL   | mefenoxam           | 4            | 0.25 - 0.5 pt   | NA                 | Apply to soil at planting or transplanting.         |
| Rhizoctonia Stem     | Endura 70 WG      | boscalid            | 7            | 6 - 9 oz        | 0                  | Apply at first sign of disease; may be repeated     |
| and Root Rot         |                   |                     |              |                 |                    | 7 - 14 days later.                                  |
| CANTALOUPE - See C   | UCURBITS          |                     |              |                 |                    |   |

| Disease  | Product                                   | Active Ingredient                                     | FRAC<br>Code  | Rate            | Days to<br>Harvest | Comments  |
|--|---|---|---------------|-----------------|--------------------|---|
| CORN (Sweet)                                     |   |   |               |                 |                    |   |
| Anthracnose<br>(Colletotrichum)                  | Tilt, Propimax 3.6 EC (multiple generics) | propiconazole   | 3             | 4 fl oz         | 14                 |   |
| Northern corn leaf blight (Exserohilum turcicum) | Quadris 2.08 SC                           | azoxystrobin  | 11            | 6.2 - 9 fl oz   | 7                  | See Fungicide resistance management guidelines. |
| Southern rust<br>( <i>Puccinia polysora</i> )    | Evito 480 SC                              | fluoxastrobin   | 11            | 2 - 3.8 fl oz   | 7                  | See Fungicide resistance management guidelines. |
|  | Headline 2.09 SC                          | pyraclostrobin  | 11            | 6 - 12 fl oz    | 7                  | See Fungicide resistance management guidelines. |
|  | Bravo Weatherstick (multiple generics)    | chlorothalonil  | M5            | 16 - 24 oz      | 14                 | See label on other chlorothalonil fungicides.   |
|  | Dithane DF<br>(multiple generics)         | mancozeb  | M3            | 32 - 48 oz      | 7                  | See label on other mancozeb fungicides.         |
|  | Quilt Xcel 2.2 SE                         | azoxystrobin +<br>propiconazole                       | 11 + 3        | 10.5 - 14 fl oz | 14                 |   |
|  | Stratego YLD 4.18 SC                      | trifloxystrobin + prothioconazole                     | 11 + 3        | 4 - 5 fl oz     | 0                  |   |
|  | Topguard EQ 4.29 SC                       | azoxystrobin +<br>flutriafol                          | 11 + 3        | 5 – 7 fl oz     | 7                  |   |
|  | Veltyma 3.34 SC                           | pyraclostrobin +<br>mefentrifluconazole               | 11 + 3        | 7 – 10 fl oz    | 21                 |   |
|  | Priaxor 4.17 SC                           | pyraclostrobin +<br>fluxapyroxad                      | 11 + 7        | 4 - 8 fl oz     | 7                  |   |
|  | Elatus 45 WG                              | azoxystrobin +<br>benzovindiflupyr                    | 11 + 7        | 7.3 oz          | 7                  |   |
|  | Trivapro 2.21 SE                          | benzovindiflupyr +<br>azoxystrobin +<br>propiconazole | 7 + 11<br>+ 3 | 13.7 fl oz      | 14                 |   |
| CUCUMBERS - See CUC                              | CURBITS                                   |   |               |                 |                    |   |

| Disease   | Product  | Active Ingredient                    | FRAC<br>Code | Rate              | Days to<br>Harvest | Comments   |  |  |  |
|---|--|--------------------------------------|--------------|-------------------|--------------------|--|--|--|--|
| CUCURBITS: CANTALOU   | CUCURBITS: CANTALOUPE, CUCUMBER, MUSKMELON, PUMPKIN, SUMMER SQUASH, AND WATERMELON |                                      |              |                   |                    |  |  |  |  |
| Angular leaf spot<br>( <i>Pseudomonas syringae</i><br>pv. <i>lachrymans</i> ) | Kocide 2000  | copper hydroxide                     | M1           | 1 - 2.25 lb       |                    | Crop injury may occur at high rates.   |  |  |  |
| Alternaria leaf spot  | Topsin or T-Methyl 70 W  | thiophanate-methyl                   | 1            | 16 oz             | 0                  | Not for <i>Alternaria</i> or <i>Cercospora</i> . See Fungicide resistance management guidelines. |  |  |  |
| Anthracnose (Colletotrichum spp.)   | Topsin or T-Methyl 4.5 F   | thiophanate-methyl                   | 1            | 10 oz             | 1                  | Not for <i>Alternaria</i> or <i>Cercospora</i> . See Fungicide resistance management guidelines. |  |  |  |
| Cercospora leaf spot (Cercospora citrulina)                                   | Quadris 2.08 SC  | azoxystrobin                         | 11           | 11 - 15.5 fl oz   | 1                  | See Fungicide resistance management guidelines.  |  |  |  |
| , ,   | Cabrio 20 EC   | pyraclostrobin                       | 11           | 12 - 16 oz        | 0                  | See Fungicide resistance management guidelines.  |  |  |  |
| Gummy stem blight (Didymella bryoniae)  | Bravo Weatherstick (multiple generics)   | chlorothalonil                       | M5           | 16 - 24 oz        | 3                  | See label on other chlorothalonil fungicides.  |  |  |  |
| Target spot (Corynespora cassiicola)  | Dithane DF (multiple generics)   | mancozeb                             | М3           | 32 - 48 oz        | 5                  |  |  |  |  |
|   | Aprovia Top 1.62 EC  | difenoconazole +<br>benzovindiflupyr | 3 + 7        | 10.5 - 13.5 fl oz | 0                  |  |  |  |  |
|   | Inspire Super 2.82 SC  | difenoconazole + cyprodinil          | 3 + 9        | 16 - 20 fl oz     | 7                  |  |  |  |  |
|   | Luna Experience 3.3 F  | fluopyram +<br>tebuconazole          | 7 + 3        | 6 - 17 fl oz      | 0                  |  |  |  |  |
|   | Luna Sensation 1.67 F  | fluopyram +<br>trifloxystrobin       | 7 + 11       | 7.6 fl oz         | 0                  |  |  |  |  |
|   | Switch 62.5 WG   | cyprodinil + fludioxonil             | 9 + 12       | 11 - 14 oz        | 0                  |  |  |  |  |
|   | Quadris Top 1.67 SC  | azoxystrobin +<br>difenoconazole     | 11 + 3       | 12 - 14 fl oz     | 0                  |  |  |  |  |
|   | Topguard EQ 4.29 SC  | azoxystrobin +<br>flutriafol         | 11 + 3       | 5 – 8 fl oz       | 1                  |  |  |  |  |
|   | Pristine 38 WG   | pyraclostrobin +<br>boscalid         | 11 + 7       | 12.5 - 18.5 oz    | 0                  |  |  |  |  |
|   | Tanos 50 WP  | famoxadone +<br>cymoxanil            | 11 + 27      | 8 oz              | 3                  | Only Alternaria and Anthracnose.   |  |  |  |
|   | Quadris Opti   | azoxystrobin + chlorothalonil        | 11 + M5      | 3.2 pt            | 1                  |  |  |  |  |
|   | Gavel 75 DF  | zoxamide + mancozeb                  | 22 + M3      | 1.5 - 2 lb        | 5                  | Cercospora and Alternaria only.  |  |  |  |
|   | Orondis Opti 3.37 SC   | oxathiapiprolin + chlorothalonil     | 49 + M5      | 1.75 - 2.5 fl oz  | 0                  |  |  |  |  |
|   | Orondis Ultra 2.33 SC  | oxathiapiprolin + mandipropamid      | 49 + 40      | 5.5 - 8 fl oz     | 0                  |  |  |  |  |

| Disease                                  | Product  | Active Ingredient                  | FRAC<br>Code | Rate             | Days to<br>Harvest | Comments  |  |  |  |  |
|--|--|------------------------------------|--------------|------------------|--------------------|---|--|--|--|--|
| <b>CUCURBITS: CANTA</b>                  | CUCURBITS: CANTALOUPE, CUCUMBER, MUSKMELON, PUMPKIN, SUMMER SQUASH, AND WATERMELON (cont.) |                                    |              |                  |                    |   |  |  |  |  |
| Downy Mildew<br>( <i>Pseudopernospra</i> | Reason 500 SC  | fenamidone                         | 11           | 5.5 oz           | 14                 | See Fungicide resistance management guidelines. |  |  |  |  |
| cubensis)                                | Cabrio 20 EC   | pyraclostrobin                     | 11           | 8 - 12 oz        | 0                  | See Fungicide resistance management guidelines. |  |  |  |  |
|  | Flint 50 WG  | trifloxystrobin                    | 11           | 4 oz             | 0                  | See Fungicide resistance management guidelines. |  |  |  |  |
|  | Pristine 38 WG   | pyraclostrobin +<br>boscalid       | 11 + 7       | 12.5 - 18.5 oz   | 0                  |   |  |  |  |  |
|  | Ranman 400 SC  | cyazofamid                         | 21           | 2 - 2.75 fl oz   | 0                  |   |  |  |  |  |
|  | Curzate 60 DF  | cymoxanil                          | 27           | 3.2 - 5 oz       | 3                  |   |  |  |  |  |
|  | Previcur Flex 6 F  | propamocarb                        | 28           | 1.2 pt           | 2                  |   |  |  |  |  |
|  | Omega 500 F  | fluazinam                          | 29           | 0.75 - 1.5 pt    | 30                 |   |  |  |  |  |
|  | Aliette 80 WDG   | fosetyl-AL                         | 33           | 2 - 5 lb         | 1                  |   |  |  |  |  |
|  | Forum 4.18 F   | dimethomorph                       | 40           | 6 fl oz          | 0                  |   |  |  |  |  |
|  | Revus 2.08 SC  | mandipropamid                      | 40           | 8 fl oz          | 1                  |   |  |  |  |  |
|  | Presido 4 F  | fluopicolide                       | 43           | 4 fl oz          | 2                  |   |  |  |  |  |
|  | Dithane DF (multiple generics)   | mancozeb                           | M3           | 32 - 48 oz       | 5                  |   |  |  |  |  |
|  | Tanos 50 WP  | famoxadone +<br>cymoxanil          | 11 + 27      | 8 oz             | 3                  |   |  |  |  |  |
|  | Ridomil Gold Bravo SC<br>3.67  | mefenoxam +<br>chlorothalonil      | 4 + M5       | 2 lb             | 7                  |   |  |  |  |  |
|  | Gavel 75 DF  | zoxamide + mancozeb                | 22 + M3      | 1.5 - 2 lb       | 5                  |   |  |  |  |  |
|  | Orondis Opti 3.37 SC   | oxathiapiprolin + chlorothalonil   | 49 + M5      | 1.75 - 2.5 fl oz | 0                  | Good on downy mildew.                           |  |  |  |  |
|  | Orondis Ultra 2.33 SC  | oxathiapiprolin +<br>mandipropamid | 49 + 40      | 5.5 - 8 fl oz    | 0                  |   |  |  |  |  |

| Disease   | Product                                | Active Ingredient   | FRAC<br>Code | Rate              | Days to<br>Harvest | Comments   |
|---|--|---|--------------|-------------------|--------------------|--|
| CUCURBITS: CANTAL                               | OUPE, CUCUMBER, M                      | USKMELON, PUMPKIN,  | SUMMER S     | QUASH, AND WAT    | TERMELON (         | (cont.)  |
| Powdery Mildew                                  |  |   |              |                   |                    |  |
|   |  | genera, <i>Sphaerotheca</i> and a<br>avoid sequential use of a sing |              |                   |                    | ance to fungicides. Use a tank mix or premix with two lie same season. |
| Powdery Mildew<br>( <i>Sphaerotheca</i> spp. or | Ralley 40 WSP                          | myclobutanil  | 3            | 2.5 - 5 oz        | 1                  |  |
| -<br>rysiphae cicho-<br>acearum)                | Rhyme 2.08 SC                          | flutriafol  | 3            | 5 – 7 fl oz       | 0                  |  |
| ,   | Velum Prime                            | fluopyram   | 7            | 6.5 - 6.8 fl oz   | 0                  |  |
|   | Fontelis 1.67 SC                       | penthiopyrad  | 7            | 12 - 16 fl oz     | 0                  |  |
|   | Quintec 2.08 SC                        | quinoxyfen  | 13           | 4 - 6 oz          | 3                  |  |
|   | Bravo Weatherstick (multiple generics) | chlorothalonil  | M5           | 16 - 24 oz        | 3                  | See label on other chlorothalonil fungicides.                          |
|   | Torino 0.85 SC                         | cyflufenamid  | U06          | 3.4 oz            | 0                  | Resistance is known in some populations.                               |
|   | Gatten                                 | flutianil   | U13          | 6 - 8 fl oz       | 0                  | Cantaloupe, cucumber, and squash only.                                 |
|   | Inspire Super 2.82 SC                  | difenoconazole + cyprodinil   | 3 + 9        | 16 - 20 fl oz     | 7                  |  |
|   | Luna Experience 3.3 F                  | fluopyram +<br>tebuconazole   | 7 + 3        | 6 - 17 fl oz      | 7                  |  |
|   | Switch 62.5 WG                         | cyprodinil + fludioxonil  | 9 + 12       | 11 - 14 oz        | 1                  |  |
|   | Quadris Top 1.67 SC                    | azoxystrobin +<br>difenoconazole                                    | 11 + 3       | 12 - 14 fl oz     | 1                  |  |
|   | Pristine 38 WG                         | pyraclostrobin +<br>boscalid  | 11 + 7       | 12.5 - 18.5 oz    | 0                  |  |
|   | Quadris Opti 1.0 SC                    | azoxystrobin + chlorothalonil                                       | 11 + M5      | 3.2 qt            |                    |  |
|   | Aprovia Top 1.62 EC                    | difenoconazole +<br>benzovindiflupyr                                | 3 + 7        | 10.5 - 13.5 fl oz | 0                  |  |
|   | Orondis Opti 3.37 SC                   | oxathiapiprolin + chlorothalonil                                    | 49 + M5      | 1.75 - 2.5 fl oz  | 0                  |  |

| Disease                           | Product                                | Active Ingredient                    | FRAC<br>Code | Rate/Acre                        | Days to<br>Harvest | Comments  |
|-----------------------------------|--|--------------------------------------|--------------|----------------------------------|--------------------|---|
| EGGPLANT                          |  |                                      |              |                                  |                    |   |
| Anthracnose fruit rot,            | Endura 70 WP                           | boscalid                             | 7            | 2.5 - 3.5 oz                     | 0                  |   |
| Early blight                      | Fontelis 1.67 SC                       | penthiopyrad                         | 7            | 16 - 24 fl oz                    | 0                  |   |
| (Alternaria solani)               | Quadris 2.08 SC                        | azoxystrobin                         | 11           | 6.2 - 15.5 fl oz                 | 0                  | See Fungicide resistance management guidelines.   |
| Gray mold (Botrytis sp.)          | Reason 500 SC                          | fenamidone                           | 11           | 5.5 oz                           | 14                 | See Fungicide resistance management guidelines.   |
|                                   | Evito 480 SC                           | fluoxastrobin                        | 11           | 2 - 5.7 fl oz                    | 3                  | See Fungicide resistance management guidelines.   |
|                                   | Cabrio 20 EC                           | pyraclostrobin                       | 11           | 8 - 12 oz                        | 0                  | See Fungicide resistance management guidelines.   |
|                                   | Bravo Weatherstick (multiple generics) | chlorothalonil                       | M5           | 12 - 16 oz                       | 3                  | See label on other chlorothalonil fungicides.   |
|                                   | Aprovia Top 1.62 EC                    | difenoconazole +<br>benzovindiflupyr | 3 + 7        | 10.5 - 13.5 fl oz                | 14                 |   |
|                                   | Switch 62.5 WG                         | cyprodinil + fludioxonil             | 9 + 12       | 11 - 14 oz                       | 0                  |   |
|                                   | Quadris Top 1.67 SC                    | azoxystrobin +<br>difenoconazole     | 11 + 3       | 8 - 14 fl oz                     | 1                  |   |
|                                   | Priaxor 4.17 SC                        | pyraclostrobin +<br>fluxapyroxad     | 11 + 7       | 4 - 8 fl oz                      | 0                  |   |
| Phytophthora blight and fruit rot | Ranman 400 SC                          | cyazofamid                           | 21           | 2.75 fl oz                       | 0                  |   |
| nuit rot                          | Omega 500 F                            | fluazinam                            | 29           | 0.75 - 1.5 pt                    | 30                 |   |
|                                   | Forum 4.18 F                           | dimethomorph                         | 40           | 6 fl oz                          | 3                  |   |
|                                   | Revus 2.08 SC                          | mandipropamid                        | 40           | 8 fl oz                          | 1                  |   |
|                                   | Tanos 50 WP                            | famoxadone +<br>cymoxanil            | 11 + 27      | 8 - 10 oz                        | 3                  |   |
| OKRA                              |  |                                      |              |                                  |                    |   |
| Anthracnose<br>Downy Mildew       | Quadris 2.08 SC                        | azoxystrobin                         | 11           | 6 - 15.5 fl oz                   | 0                  | Apply prior to disease and on a 7 - 14 day schedule as needed. Do not make more than 2 consecutive applications and do not make more than 4 applications per crop year. Do not apply more than 1.92 qts |
|                                   | Reason 500 SC                          | fenamidone                           | 11           | 5.5 oz                           |                    | per acre per season.  |
| Seedling Disease                  | Quadris 2.08 SC                        | azoxystrobin                         | 11           | 0.4 - 0.8 fl oz/<br>1,000 row ft | N/A                | In-furrow at planting or 7 inch band over the row shortly after emergence.  |

| Disease   | Product           | Active Ingredient                | FRAC<br>Code | Rate           | Days to<br>Harvest | Comments   |
|---|-------------------|----------------------------------|--------------|----------------|--------------------|--|
| ONION, GARLIC, LEE  | K, SHALLOT        |                                  |              |                |                    |  |
| Alternaria Blotch<br>Powdery Mildew                           | Cabrio 20 EG      | pyraclostrobin                   | 11           | 8 - 12 oz      | 7                  | Follow label directions closely.                                       |
| Downy Mildew  | Pristine          | boscalid +<br>pyraclostrobin     | 7<br>11      | 12.5 - 18.5 oz | See label.         | Follow label information for crops and diseases.                       |
|   | Scala SC          | pyrimethanil                     | 9            | 9 - 18 oz      |                    | Use lower rate only in a tank mix with a broad-<br>spectrum fungicide. |
| Downy Mildew  | Revus             | mandipropamid                    | 40           | 8 fl oz        |                    | See label information.   |
| Purple Blotch,<br>Stemphylium, Botrytis                       | Inspire Super     | difenoconazole + cyprodinil      | 3<br>9       | 16 - 20 fl oz  | 7                  |  |
|   | Quadris Top       | azoxystrobin +<br>difenoconazole | 11<br>3      | 12 - 14 fl oz  | 3                  |  |
|   | Fontelis          | penthiopyrad                     | 7            | 16 - 24 fl oz  | 3                  |  |
| PEAS (Southern and  | English)          |                                  |              |                |                    |  |
| Pythium Damping-Off   | Ridomil Gold SL   | mefenoxam                        | 4            | 8 - 16 fl oz   | 2                  | Preplant incorporate in the top 2 inches.                              |
| Downy Mildew<br>Cercospora Leaf Spot<br>Anthracnose, Rust     | Bravo WeatherStik | chlorothalonil                   | M5           | 1 3/8 - 2 pt   | 14                 | Apply at first sign of disease on a 7 - 10 day schedule as needed.     |
|   | Priaxor           | fluxapyroxad +<br>pyraclostrobin | 7<br>11      | 4 - 8 fl oz    | 7                  |  |
| Cercospora Leaf Spot,<br>Anthracnose, Rust                    | Fontelis          | penthiopyrad                     | 7            | 14 - 30 fl oz  | 0                  |  |
| Cercospora Leaf Spot,<br>Anthracnose, Rust,<br>Powdery Mildew | Vertisan          | penthiopyrad                     | 7            | 14 - 20 fl oz  | 21                 |  |

| Disease                                     | Product                                | Active Ingredient                    | FRAC<br>Code | Rate              | Days to<br>Harvest | Comments  |
|---|--|--------------------------------------|--------------|-------------------|--------------------|---|
| PEPPER                                      |  |                                      |              |                   |                    |   |
| Anthracnose fruit rot (Colletotrichum spp.) | Quadris 2.08 SC                        | azoxystrobin                         | 11           | 6 - 15.5 fl oz    | 0                  | See Fungicide resistance management guidelines.     |
|   | Reason 500 SC                          | fenamidone                           | 11           | 5.5 - 8.2 oz      | 14                 | See Fungicide resistance management guidelines.     |
|   | Cabrio 20 EC                           | pyraclostrobin                       | 11           | 8 - 12 oz         | 0                  | See Fungicide resistance management guidelines.     |
|   | Flint 50 WG                            | trifloxystrobin                      | 11           | 3 - 4 oz          | 3                  | See Fungicide resistance management guidelines.     |
|   | Bravo Weatherstick (multiple generics) | chlorothalonil                       | M5           | 16 - 24 oz        | 3                  | See label on other chlorothalonil fungicides.       |
|   | Dithane DF (multiple generics)         | mancozeb                             | M3           | 32 - 48 oz        | 7                  | See label on other mancozeb fungicides.             |
|   | Aprovia Top 1.62 EC                    | difenoconazole +<br>benzovindiflupyr | 3 + 7        | 10.5 - 13.5 fl oz | 0                  |   |
|   | Quadris Top 1.67 SC                    | azoxystrobin +<br>difenoconazole     | 11 + 3       | 8 - 14 fl oz      | 0                  |   |
|   | Tanos 50 WP                            | famoxadone +<br>cymoxanil            | 11 + 27      | 8 - 10 oz         | 3                  |   |
|   | Orondis Opti 3.37 SC                   | oxathiapiprolin + chlorothalonil     | 49 + M5      | 1.75 - 2.5 fl oz  | 0                  |   |
|   | Priaxor 4.17 SC                        | pyraclostrobin + fluxapyroxad        | 11 + 7       | 4 - 8 fl oz       | 0                  |   |
| Bacterial spot (Xanthomonas sp.)            | Tanos 50 WP                            | famoxadone +<br>cymoxanil            | 11 + 27      | 8 - 10 oz         | 3                  | Suppression only. Tank mix with copper or mancozeb. |
|   | Kocide 2000                            | copper hydroxide                     | M1           | 1.5 - 2.25 lb     | 0                  | Several other copper compounds available.           |
|   | Manzate Pro-Stick (multiple generics)  | mancozeb                             | МЗ           | 1.6 - 2.1 lb      | 7                  | See label on other mancozeb fungicides.             |

| Disease  | Product                               | Active Ingredient                    | FRAC<br>Code | Rate              | Days to<br>Harvest | Comments  |
|--|---------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|--------------|-------------------|--------------------|---|
| PEPPER (cont.)   |                                       |                                      |              |                   |                    |   |
| Cercospora leaf blight   | Cabrio 20 EC                          | pyraclostrobin                       | 11           | 8 - 12 oz         | 0                  | See Fungicide resistance management guidelines. |
|  | Manzate Pro-Stick (multiple generics) | mancozeb                             | МЗ           | 1 - 2 lb          | 7                  | See label on other mancozeb fungicides.         |
|  | Quadris Top 1.67 SC                   | azoxystrobin +<br>difenoconazole     | 11 + 3       | 8 - 14 fl oz      | 0                  |   |
|  | Aprovia Top 1.62 EC                   | difenoconazole +<br>benzovindiflupyr | 3 + 7        | 10.5 - 13.5 fl oz | 0                  |   |
|  | Orondis Opti 3.37 SC                  | oxathiapiprolin +<br>chlorothalonil  | 49 + M5      | 1.75 - 2.5 fl oz  | 0                  |   |
| Phytophthora foliar blight and fruit rot ( <i>Phytophthora capsici</i> ) | Reason 500 SC                         | fenamidone                           | 11           | 8.2 oz            | 14                 | See Fungicide resistance management guidelines. |
|  | Ranman 400 SC                         | cyazofamid                           | 21           | 2.75 fl oz        | 0                  |   |
|  | Omega 500 F                           | fluazinam                            | 29           | 0.75 - 1.5 pt     | 30                 |   |
|  | Forum 4.18 F                          | dimethomorph                         | 40           | 6 fl oz           | 0                  |   |
|  | Revus 2.08 SC                         | mandipropamid                        | 40           | 8 fl oz           | 1                  |   |
|  | Manzate Pro-Stick (multiple generics) | mancozeb                             | M3           | 1.6 - 2.1 oz      | 7                  | See label on other mancozeb fungicides.         |
|  | Tanos 50 WP                           | famoxadone +<br>cymoxanil            | 11 + 27      | 8 - 10 oz         | 3                  |   |
|  | Orondis Opti 3.37 SC                  | oxathiapiprolin +<br>chlorothalonil  | 49 + M5      | 1.75 - 2.5 fl oz  | 0                  |   |

| Disease              | Product               | Active Ingredient                    | FRAC<br>Code                | Rate                           | Days to<br>Harvest | Comments  |
|----------------------|-----------------------|--------------------------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------|---|
| PEPPER (cont.)       |                       |                                      |                             |                                |                    |   |
| Powdery Mildew       | Quadris 2.08 SC       | azoxystrobin                         | azoxystrobin 11 6 - 15.5 fl |                                | 0                  | See Fungicide resistance management guidelines. |
|                      | Fontelis 1.67 SC      | penthiopyrad                         | 7                           | 16 - 24 fl oz                  | 0                  |   |
|                      | Flint 50 WG           | trifloxystrobin                      | 11                          | 1.5 - 2 oz                     | 0                  | See Fungicide resistance management guidelines. |
|                      | Quintec 2.08 SC       | quinoxyfen                           | 13                          | 4 - 6 oz                       | 3                  | Leaf spotting can occur.                        |
|                      | Aprovia Top 1.62 EC   | difenoconazole +<br>benzovindiflupyr | 3 + 7                       | 10.5 - 13.5 fl oz              | 0                  |   |
|                      | Switch 62.5 WG        | cyprodinil + fludioxonil             | 9 + 12                      | 8-14 oz                        | 0                  |   |
|                      | Quadris Top 1.67 SC   | azoxystrobin +<br>difenoconazole     | 11 + 3                      | 8 - 14 fl oz                   | 1                  |   |
|                      | Priaxor 4.17 SC       | pyraclostrobin +<br>fluxapyroxad     | 11 + 7                      | 4 - 8 fl oz                    | 0                  |   |
|                      | Orondis Ultra 2.33 SC | oxathiapiprolin + mandipropamid      | 49 + 40                     | 5.5 - 8 fl oz                  | 0                  |   |
|                      | Orondis Opti 3.37 SC  | oxathiapiprolin + chlorothalonil     | 49 + M5                     | 1.75 - 2.5 fl oz               | 0                  |   |
| Southern blight      | Evito 480 SC          | fluoxastrobin                        | 11                          | 2 - 5.7 fl oz                  | 3                  |   |
| (Sclerotium rolfsii) | Cabrio 20 EC          | pyraclostrobin                       | 11                          | 12 - 16 oz                     | 0                  | Suppression only.                               |
|                      | Blocker 4F            | PCNB                                 | 14                          | 4.5 - 7.5 pt/<br>100 gal water |                    | Use ½ pt transplant solution per plant.         |
|                      | Priaxor 4.17 SC       | pyraclostrobin +<br>fluxapyroxad     | 11 + 7                      | 4 - 8 fl oz                    | 7                  | Suppression only.                               |

| Disease                  | Product                                | Active Ingredient                | FRAC<br>Code | Rate            | Days to<br>Harvest | Comments   |
|--------------------------|--|----------------------------------|--------------|-----------------|--------------------|--|
| PEPPER (cont.)           |  |                                  |              |                 |                    |  |
| Target Spot              | Evito 480 SC                           | fluoxastrobin                    | 11           | 2 - 5.7 fl oz   | 3                  |  |
| (Corynespora cassiicola) | Cabrio 20 EC                           | pyraclostrobin                   | 11           | 8 - 12 oz       | 0                  | See Fungicide resistance management guidelines.              |
|                          | Priaxor 4.17 SC                        | pyraclostrobin + fluxapyroxad    | 11 + 7       | 4 - 8 fl oz     | 7                  |  |
| POTATO: IRISH            |  |                                  |              |                 |                    |  |
| Early Blight             | Velum Prime                            | fluopyram                        | 7            | 6.5 - 6.8 fl oz | 7                  |  |
| (Alternaria sp.)         | Scala 5.0 SC                           | pyrimethanil                     | 9            | 7 oz            | 7                  |  |
|                          | Quadris 2.08 SC                        | azoxystrobin                     | 11           | 6 - 15 fl oz    | 14                 | See Fungicide resistance management guidelines.              |
|                          | Reason 500 SC                          | fenamidone                       | 11           | 5.5 - 8.2 oz    | 14                 | See Fungicide resistance management guidelines.              |
|                          | Evito 480 SC                           | fluoxastrobin                    | 11           | 2 - 3.8 fl oz   | 7                  |  |
|                          | Gem 500 SC                             | trifloxystrobin                  | 11           | 2.9 - 3.8       | 7                  |  |
|                          | Headline 2.09 SC                       | pyraclostrobin                   | 11           | 6 - 12 oz       | 3                  | See Fungicide resistance management guidelines.              |
|                          | Previcur Flex 6 F                      | propamocarb                      | 28           | 0.7 - 1.2 pt    | 2                  |  |
|                          | Kocide 2000                            | copper hydroxide                 | M1           | 0.75 - 3 lb     | 0                  | Several other copper.  |
|                          | Bravo Weatherstick (multiple generics) | chlorothalonil                   | M5           | 16 - 24 oz      | 3                  | See label on other chlorothalonil fungicides.                |
|                          | Dithane F-45 (multiple generics)       | mancozeb                         | М3           | 0.4 - 1.6 lb    | 3                  | Not for target spot. See label on other mancozeb fungicides. |
|                          | Quadris Top 1.67 SC                    | azoxystrobin +<br>difenoconazole | 11 + 3       | 8 - 14 fl oz    | 14                 |  |
|                          | Priaxor 4.17 SC                        | pyraclostrobin + fluxapyroxad    | 11 + 7       | 4 - 8 fl oz     | 7                  |  |
|                          | Tanos 50 WP                            | famoxadone + cymoxanil           | 11 + 27      | 8 - 10 oz       | 3                  |  |
|                          | Gavel 75 DF                            | zoxamide +<br>mancozeb           | 22 + M3      | 1.5 - 2 lb      | 5                  |  |

| Disease                              | Product                    | Active Ingredient                | FRAC<br>Code | Rate             | Days to<br>Harvest | Comments  |
|--------------------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------------|--------------|------------------|--------------------|---|
| POTATO: IRISH (cont.)                |                            |                                  |              |                  |                    |   |
| Late blight (Phytophthora infestans) | Reason 500 SC              | fenamidone                       | 11           | 5.5 - 8.2 oz     | 14                 | See Fungicide resistance management guidelines. |
|                                      | Ranman 400 SC              | cyazofamid                       | 21           | 1.4 - 2.75 fl oz | 7                  |   |
|                                      | Curzate 60 DF              | cymoxanil                        | 27           | 3.2 oz           | 14                 |   |
|                                      | Forum 4.18 F               | dimethomorph                     | 40           | 4 - 6 fl oz      | 4                  |   |
|                                      | Ridomil Gold Bravo SC 3.67 | mefenoxam +<br>chlorothalonil    | 4 + M5       | 2.5 pt           | 14                 |   |
|                                      | Quadris Opti 1.0 SC        | azoxystrobin +<br>chlorothalonil | 11 + M5      | 3.2 qt           | 7                  |   |
| Powdery mildew                       | Vertisan                   | penthiopyrad                     | 7            | 10 - 24 fl oz    | 7                  |   |
|                                      | Quadris 2.08 SC            | azoxystrobin                     | 11           | 6 - 15 fl oz     | 14                 | See Fungicide resistance management guidelines. |
|                                      | Headline 2.09 SC           | pyraclostrobin                   | 11           | 6 - 12 fl oz     | 3                  | See Fungicide resistance management guidelines. |
|                                      | Luna Tranquility           | fluopyram +<br>pyrimethanil      | 7 + 9        | 8 - 11.2 fl oz   | 7                  |   |
|                                      | Quadris Top 1.67 SC        | azoxystrobin +<br>difenoconazole | 11 + 3       | 8 - 14 fl oz     | 14                 |   |
|                                      | Priaxor 4.17 SC            | pyraclostrobin +<br>fluxapyroxad | 11 + 7       | 6 - 8 fl oz      | 0                  |   |
|                                      | Quadris Opti 1.0 SC        | azoxystrobin +<br>chlorothalonil | 11 + M5      | 1.6 pt           | 14                 |   |
| PUMPKIN – See CUCURI                 | BITS                       |                                  |              |                  |                    |   |

| Disease   | Product             | Active Ingredient               | FRAC<br>Code | Rate   | Days to<br>Harvest | Comments  |
|---|---------------------|---------------------------------|--------------|--|--------------------|---|
| RADISH  |                     |                                 |              |  |                    |   |
| Alternaria Leaf Spot<br>Cercospora Leaf Spot<br>Powdery Mildew<br>White Rust                | eaf Spot<br>lew     |                                 | 0            | Use 8 - 16 oz for white rust control. See label for other information. |                    |   |
| Alternaria Leaf Spot<br>Cercospora Leaf Spot<br>Powdery Mildew<br>Rust                      | Fontelis            | penthiopyrad                    | 7            | 16 - 30 fl oz  |                    |   |
| Pythium Damping-Off<br>Phytophthora Stem Rot<br>White Rust                                  | Ridomil Gold SL     | mefenoxam                       | 4            | 8 - 16 fl oz   |                    | Apply to the soil at planting or transplanting.   |
| SPINACH   |                     |                                 |              |  |                    |   |
| Pythium Damping-Off<br>White Rust   | Ridomil Gold SL     | mefenoxam                       | 4            | 8 - 16 fl oz   |                    | Apply to the soil at planting or transplanting.   |
| Downy Mildew  | Aliette 50 WDG      | fosetyl-Al                      | 33           | 2 - 5 lb   | 3                  | Apply at first sign of disease and repeat on a 7 - 21 day schedule as needed. Beware of certain tank mixes – see label.                                       |
|   | Ridomil Gold-Copper | mefenoxam +<br>copper hydroxide | 4<br>M1      | 2.5 lb   | 21                 | Spray at first sign of disease. Apply 21 days after Ridomil EC preplant application and on a 14 day schedule afterwards as needed. See label for precautions. |
| Foliar Leaf Spots<br>White Rust   | Quadris 2.08 FL     | azoxystrobin                    | 11           | 6.2 - 15.4 fl oz   | 0                  | Apply at first sign of disease and then on a 7 - 14 day schedule. Follow resistance management guidelines on label.   |
| Downy Mildew<br>Powdery Mildew  | Quadris 2.08 FL     | azoxystrobin                    | 11           | 12.3 - 15.4 fl oz  | 0                  | Apply preventively on a weekly basis. If possible, alternate applications with a fungicide with a different mode of action.                                   |
|   | Topguard EQ 4.29 SC | azoxystrobin +<br>flutriafol    | 11 + 3       | 5 – 8 fl oz  | 7                  |   |
|   | Kocide 2000         | copper hydroxide                | M1           | 1.5 - 2 lb   | 0                  | Apply as needed. Use higher rate for heavier disease situations. Flecking may occur on leaves.  |
| Downy Mildew<br>White Rust  | Reason 500 SC       | fenamidone                      | 11           | 5.5 - 8.2 oz   |                    | See label.  |
| Alternaria Leaf Spot<br>Cercospora<br>Early Blight<br>Late Blight<br>Powdery Mildew<br>Rust | Fontelis            | penthiopyrad                    | 7            | 14 - 30 fl oz  | 3                  |   |

| Disease   | Product             | Active Ingredient                    | FRAC<br>Code | Rate                                 | Days to<br>Harvest | Comments   |
|---|---------------------|--------------------------------------|--------------|--------------------------------------|--------------------|--|
| SQUASH - See CUCUF  | RBITS.)             |                                      |              |                                      |                    |  |
| SWEET POTATO  |                     |                                      |              |                                      |                    |  |
| Black rot<br>( <i>Certocystis fimbriata</i> )                                       | Mertec 340 F        | thiabendazole                        | 3            | 107 fl oz/100 gal                    | ,                  | Drip roots 1 to 2 min before planting.   |
| Damping Off ( <i>Pythium</i> spp.)  | Ridomil Gold 4 SL   | mefenoxam                            | 4            | 1 - 2 pt                             | 7                  | Incorporate into soil.   |
| Foliar diseases<br>(Alternaria) and   | Velum Prime         | fluopyram                            | 7            | 6 - 6.8 fl oz                        | 7                  |  |
| powdery mildew  | Quadris 2.08 SC     | azoxystrobin                         | 11           | 9 - 15.5 fl oz                       | 14                 | See Fungicide resistance management guidelines   |
|   | Reason 500 SC       | fenamidone                           | 11           | 5.5 - 8.2 oz                         | 14                 | See Fungicide resistance management guidelines   |
|   | Scala 5.0 SC        | pyrimethanil                         | 9            | 7 fl oz                              | 7                  |  |
|   | Switch 62.5 WG      | cyprodinil + fludioxonil             | 9 + 12       | 11 - 14 oz                           | 7                  |  |
|   | Quadris Top 1.67 SC | azoxystrobin + difenoconazole        | 11 + 3       | 8 - 14 fl oz                         | 14                 |  |
|   | Aprovia Top 1.EC    | difenoconazole +<br>benzovindiflupyr | 3 + 7        | 10.5 - 13.5 fl oz                    | 14                 |  |
| Soilborne<br>( <i>Rhizoctonia</i> sp.   | Endura 70 WP        | boscalid                             | 7            | 2.5 - 10                             | 10                 |  |
| Sclerotinia sp.)  | Vertisan            | penthiopyrad                         | 7            | 14 - 24 fl oz                        | 7                  |  |
|   | Velum Prime         | fluopyram                            | 7            | 6 - 6.8 fl oz                        | 7                  |  |
|   | Quadris 2.08 SC     | azoxystrobin                         | 11           | 0.4 - 0.8 fl oz/<br>1000 ft of row   | 0                  | See Fungicide resistance management guidelines   |
|   | Evito 480 SC        | fluoxastrobin                        | 11           | 0.16 - 0.24 fl oz/<br>1000 ft of row | 7                  |  |
| Late blight   | Orondis Ultra       | oxathiapiprolin + mandipropamid      | U15 + M5     | 5.5 – 8.0 fl. oz/A                   | 14                 | See label for more information.  |
| Postharvest<br>Rhizopus soft rots   | Botran 75 W         | dicloran                             | 14           | 1 lb/100 gal                         |                    | Dip seed sweet potatoes 10 to 15 seconds in a well agitated Botran suspension. See label for more information. |
| Scurf (Monilochaetes<br>infuscans) and<br>Sclerotial blight<br>(Sclerotium rolfsii) | Botran 75 W         | dicloran                             | 14           | 1 lb/7.5 gal                         |                    | Dip seedling roots for 30 seconds before planting. See label for more information.                             |
| TOMATO – See tomato   | disease section     |                                      |              |                                      |                    |  |
| WATERMELON - See (  | CUCURBITS           |                                      |              |                                      |                    |  |

### **VEGETABLE NEMATODES (Commercial Production)**

#### **Travis Faske**

| Nematode                             | Nematicide  | Formulation | Active Ingredient   | Rate/Acre       | Comments   |
|--------------------------------------|-------------|-------------|---------------------|-----------------|--|
| Root-Knot,<br>Lesion,<br>Stubby Root | Telone II   | Liquid      | 1,3-dichloropropene | See label.      | Inject 12 inches below planting depth and seal immediately with appropriate bedding equipment. Wait 7 - 14 days before planting.                           |
| and<br>Reniform                      | Vydate L    | Liquid      | oxamyl              | See label.      |  |
|                                      | Velum Prime | Liquid      | fluopyram           | 6.5 - 6.8 fl oz | Apply as in-seed-furrow spray at planting directed on or below seed. Can be applied with drip irrigation in some vegetable systems, see label for details. |

<u>RESTRICTED USE PESTICIDES</u> – For sale and use only by licensed/certified applicators or persons under their direct supervision. These are dangerous pesticides – use caution in handling and read and follow current label directions. If nematodes are suspected to be causing problems, a diagnostic soil sample should be taken to the county agent for submission to the Cooperative Extension Service Nematode Diagnostic Laboratory. <u>A small fee is required.</u>

# **VEGETABLE DISEASES (Home Garden)**

**Sherrie Smith** 

| Disease   | Product  | Active Ingredient | FRAC<br>Code | Rate                           | Days to<br>Harvest         | Comments   |
|---|--|-------------------|--------------|--------------------------------|----------------------------|--|
| Bacterial Leaf and<br>Fruit Spots (copper             | Serenade Garden Disease Control**                          | Bacillus subtilis | 44           | RTU*                           | 0 - 14 days<br>(see label) |  |
| mostly effective<br>against bacterial                 | Natria Disease Control**                                   | Bacillus subtilis | 44           | RTU*                           | 0                          | Approved for organic use.  |
| diseases, but labeled<br>also for fungal<br>diseases) | Bonide Copper Dust   | copper hydroxide  | M1           | 2 1/4 - 6 oz/gal               | 0                          | Begin to apply in plant bed as soon as plants are established. Repeat at 4 - 14 day intervals throughout growing season.   |
|   | Bonide Liquid Copper Fungicide Concentrate                 | copper sulfate    | M1           | 0.5 - 2 oz/gal                 | 0                          | Also available RTU.*   |
|   | Natural Guard Copper Soap RTU*                             | copper soap       | M1           | RTU*                           | Label                      | Apply at first evidence of disease.  |
| Fungal leaf spots                                     | Serenade**   | Bacillus subtilis | 44           | 2 - 4 fl oz/gal                | 0                          | Spray plants to runoff, covering both top and bottom surface of foliage to ensure thorough coverage.   |
|   | Serenade Garden Disease Control**                          | Bacillus subtilis | 44           | RTU*                           | 0 - 14 days<br>(see label) |  |
|   | Ortho Garden Disease Control                               | chlorothalonil    | M5           | 1 tbs/gal                      | 0 - 14 days<br>(see label) | Apply in early morning or late evening using 1 gal spray per 250 sq ft of garden (10 x 25 ft). Good coverage is essential. Apply at first sign of disease and every 7 - 14 days as needed. |
|   | Bonide Fung-onil RTU*                                      | chlorothalonil    | M5           | RTU*                           | 0 - 14 days<br>(see label) | Apply at first sign of disease and every 7 - 14 days as needed.  |
|   | Bonide Fung-onil Concentrate                               | chlorothalonil    | M5           | 2 - 2.75 tsp/gal               | 0 - 14 days<br>(see label) | Apply at first sign of disease and every 7 - 14 days as needed.  |
|   | Garden Tech Daconil Concentrate                            | chlorothalonil    | M5           | 1.5 tsp - 1 tbs/gal            | 0 - 14 days                | Apply at first sign of disease and every 7 - 14 days as needed.  |
|   | Ferti-lome Liquid Fungicide                                | chlorothalonil    | M5           | 2 tbs/gal                      | 0                          | Apply at first evidence of disease, then 7 - 14 days as needed.  |
|   | Hi-Yield Vegetable, Flower, Fruit and Ornamental Fungicide | chlorothalonil    | M5           | 6 tsp/gal                      | 0                          | Begin applications when dew or rain occur and disease threatens. Use the highest rate and shortest interval specified when disease conditions are severe.                                  |
| (continued)   | Monterey Fruit Tree, Vegetable and<br>Ornamental Fungicide | chlorothalonil    | M5           | 2 1/2 tsp/gal for<br>200 sq ft | 0                          | Begin applications when dew or rain occur and disease threatens. Use the highest rate and shortest interval specified when disease conditions are severe.                                  |

### **VEGETABLE DISEASES (Home Garden) – continued**

| Disease                   | Product   | Active Ingredient                | FRAC<br>Code | Rate                  | Days to<br>Harvest         | Comments  |
|---------------------------|---|----------------------------------|--------------|-----------------------|----------------------------|---|
| Fungal leaf spots (cont.) | Bonide Mancozeb FL with Zinc Concentrate  | mancozeb                         | М3           | 2 - 5 tsp/gal         | 3 - 14 days<br>(see label) | Use sufficient water for thorough coverage.   |
|                           | Neem (various brands)   | neem oil                         | NC***        | RTU*                  | 0                          | This product is most effective when applied on a 7 - 14 day schedule.   |
|                           | GreenCure**   | potassium bicarbonate            | NC***        | 1 - 2 tbs/gal         | 1                          | Potassium bicarbonate fungicide primarily targets powdery mildew on many vegetables. Labeled for organic use.                               |
|                           | Kaligreen**   | potassium bicarbonate            | NC***        | 2.5 - 3 lb/A          |                            |   |
|                           | MilStop**   | potassium bicarbonate            | NC***        | 2.5 - 3 lb/A          |                            |   |
|                           | Actinovate® Lawn and Garden**<br>(foliar and Pythium, Phytophthora,<br>Rhizoctonia, Fusarium root rots) | Streptomyces lydicus<br>WYEC 108 | NC***        | 1/2 - 2 tsp/<br>2 gal | 0                          | May be used as a foliar spray or root drench. See label.  |
|                           | Natria Fruit and Vegetable Ready to Use   | sulfur + pyrethrins              | M2           | RTU*                  | 1                          | For best control apply as a protective spray early in the season before the diseases are noticed. Re-spray every 7 - 10 days or after rain. |
|                           | Bonide Tomato and Vegetable<br>Concentrate  | sulfur + pyrethrins              | M2           | 5 oz/gal              | 1                          | Thoroughly spray all areas of the plant, especially new shoots and the underside of leaves.   |
|                           | Miracle-Gro Nature's Care<br>3-in-1 Insect, Disease, and<br>Mite Control RTU*                           | sulfur + pyrethrins              | M2           | RTU*                  | 1                          |   |
| Virus Diseases            | No chemical controls  |                                  |              |                       |                            |   |

<sup>\*</sup> RTU – Ready to use.

\*\* Labeled for organic use.

\*\*\* NC – Resistance not known.

## **NOTES**

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